LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Police, Administrative Codes - Considering Criminal History in Employment and Housing Decisions]

Ordinance amending the Police Code to prohibit employers and housing providers from inquiring about, requiring disclosure of, or basing housing and employment decisions on convictions for decriminalized behavior, including the non-commercial use and cultivation of cannabis; reducing from 20 to 5 the number of employees required for an employer to be covered by the Fair Chance Ordinance (Article 49); authorize the City to impose penalties for the first violation of that Ordinance, increase the penalties for subsequent violations, and authorize the payment of penalties to the victims of those violations; create a private right of action for the victims; and amend the Administrative Code to, among other things, as defined herein, require City contractors and subcontractors to adhere to the above requirements when making decisions regarding employment of persons for work on City contracts and subcontracts.

Existing Law and Amendments to Existing Law

Existing Law	Amendments to Existing Law
Employers, housing providers, contractors,	This measure would prohibit employers,
and subcontractors may inquire about,	housing providers, contractors, and
require disclosure of, and base housing and	subcontractors from inquiring about,
employment decisions on convictions for	requiring disclosure of, or basing housing
decriminalized behavior that are seven years	and employment decisions on convictions for
old or less. Examples of such	decriminalized behavior, including
decriminalized behavior include the non-	convictions for the non-commercial use and
commercial use and cultivation of cannabis.	cultivation of cannabis.
The law applies to employers that employ 20	This measure would apply to employers that
or more persons.	employ 5 or more persons.
For a first violation, no penalties may be	For a first violation, a penalty of no more
assessed.	than \$500 could be assessed.
For a second violation, a penalty of no more	For a second violation, a penalty of no more
than \$50 may be assessed.	than \$1,000 could be assessed.
For subsequent violations, a penalty of no	For subsequent violations, a penalty of no
more than \$100 may be assessed.	more than \$2,000 could be assessed.
If multiple people are impacted by the same	If multiple people are impacted by the same
procedural violation at the same time (e.g. all	procedural violation at the same time, the
applicants for a certain job opening are	violation would be treated as one violation
asked for their conviction history on the initial	for each impacted person.
application), the violation is treated as a	

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single violation rather than multiple violations.	
Penalties must be paid to the City.	Penalties would be paid to the person impacted by the violation.
Only the City Attorney can sue for violations of this law.	This measure would authorize any employee or applicant whose rights have been violated to sue.

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