File No.	171147	

Committee Item No.	
Board Item No.	

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee:		Date:	
Board of Sup	pervisors Meeting	Date:	November 28, 2017
Cmte Boar	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest		
	Budget and Legislative Analyst Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Lett MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 – Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Public Correspondence	er and/	
OTHER	(Click text of checked items for	r a dire	ct link to the document)
	Appeal Letter - October 19, 201	7	
	Planning Memo - November 20,		
	Appellant Brief - November 17, Appellant Letter - November 17,		
	Hearing Notice and Clerical Doo		S
H			
HH			
	: Brent Jalipa		November 20, 2017
Prepared by:		Date:	

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SAM FRANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25

Mary Miles (SB #230395)

Attorney at Law

FROM:

for Coalition for Adequate Review

364 Page St., #36

San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 863-2310

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

DATE: October 19, 2017

NOTICE OF APPEAL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Coalition for Adequate Review hereby appeals the attached environmental determination of the San Francisco Planning Department, based on the "approval action" of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("MTA") Board, to the San Francisco Board of Supervisors.

Grounds for this appeal lie in the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") (Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§21000 et seq.) and other applicable statutes and regulations, as generally stated in the attached public comment to the MTA Board for its hearing on September 19, 2017.

Appellant will submit further briefing and comment on or before the scheduled hearing date on this appeal.

Attorney for Coalition for Adequate Review

cc: Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer, San Francisco Planning Department

ATTACHMENTS:

A: San Francisco Planning Department Case No. 2017-001775-ENV: "CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination -SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O"

B: Public Comment submitted to MTA Board, September 19, 2017

C: MTA Board Resolution No. 170919-119, September 19, 2017

EXHIBIT A



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

RECEIVED BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SAMERANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25

CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination By

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address		Block/Lot(s)	i grafijana (Koronia da Koronia)	
SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O)	n/a	
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated	,
2017-0017	775ENV			4/28/2017
✓ Additio	n/	Demolition	New	Project Modification
Alterati		(requires HRER if over 50 years old	d) Construction	(GO TO STEP 7)
Project desc	ription for	Planning Department approval.		And And And Annual Control and A
Jerrold Ave (bet lane on Jerrold	ween Baysho Avenue. In ad	nt paint-only modifications to the existing roadway or re Blvd and Barneveld Ave). The project would incl dition the project would include installation of new he he removal of 10 parking spaces and 2 loading zor	ude modifications to existing igh visibility crosswalks on l	g travel lanes to create a new bicycle Marin/Bayshore and
26.46.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.			(m. quipons y procumento com a ministra principal y prompto y prosperio de consecución de consec	
STEP 1: EX	EMPTION	CLASS		
		BY PROJECT PLANNER		
		applies, an Environmental Evaluation	Amalication is roomin	
		Existing Facilities. Interior and exterior	<u></u>	
lacksquare		rincipally permitted or with a CU.	arciations, additions	, ander 10,000 by. ii., enange
	Class 3 – New Construction. Up to three (3) new single-family residences or six (6) dwelling units			
		lding; commercial/office structures; uti	•	
Class_				
STEP 2: CE		CTS BY PROJECT PLANNER		
	•	below, an Environmental Evaluation A	pplication is require	d.
	Transpor	tation: Does the project create six (6) or	more net new parkin	g spaces or residential units?
\overline{V}	Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety			
	(hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?			
	-	ity: Would the project add new sensitiv		
	facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) within an air pollution hot			
		er to EP _ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determinatio		
		us Materials: Any project site that is loc		-
containing hazardous materials (based on a previous use such as gas station, auto repair				
		or heavy manufacturing, or a site with		
	involve soil disturbance of any amount or a change of use from industrial to			
	commercial/residential? If yes, should the applicant present documentation of a completed Maher Application that has been submitted to the San Francisco Department of Public Health (DPH), this			
	box does not need to be checked, but such documentation must be appended to this form. In all			
		rumstances, this box must be checked an		
		nental Application with a Phase I Envir		
		on with DPH. (refer to EP_ArcMap > M		·

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

			Soil Disturbance/Modification: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater		
]	than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-		
			archeological sensitive area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive Area)		
		_	Noise: Does the project include new noise-sensitive receptors (schools, day care facilities, hospitals,		
_	_		residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) fronting roadways located in the noise mitigation		
			area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Noise Mitigation Area)		
	Г	1	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or on a lot with a		
	<u> </u>		slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography)		
			Slope = or > 20%:: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square		
		,	footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or grading on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? <i>Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a</i>		
		1	previously developed portion of site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex		
			Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or		
			higher level CEQA document required		
	-		Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more,		
		٠	square footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work,		
	_	,	grading –including excavation and fill on a landslide zone – as identified in the San Francisco		
]	General Plan? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of the		
			site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard		
			Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or higher level CEQA document		
			required		
			Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square footage expansion greater than 1000 sq ft, shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or		
		1	grading on a lot in a liquefaction zone? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously		
		-	developed portion of the site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex		
	-		Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required		
		_	Serpentine Rock: Does the project involve any excavation on a property containing serpentine		
	L]	rock? Exceptions: do not check box for stairs, patio, deck, retaining walls, or fence work. (refer to		
			EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Serpentine)		
			are checked above, GO TO STEP 3. <u>If one or more boxes are checked above, an Environmental</u>		
<u>Ev</u>	alua	ition 2	Application is required.		
	\checkmark]	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project does not trigger any of the CEQA impacts listed above.		
Co	mm	ents a	and Planner Signature (optional):		
			vould not include the removal of any existing travel lanes on Jerrold Avenue or nearby streets. The		
proposed project would not include any features that would result in new traffic hazards.					
Autoritoration					
			OPERTY STATUS – HISTORIC RESOURCE IPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER		
			IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Parcel Information Map)		
			tegory A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5.		
			tegory B: Potential Historical Resource (over 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 4.		
ſ	7	Ca	tegory C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 6.		

STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

Cho	ale all that apply to the project			
Cite	ck all that apply to the project.			
빝	1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.			
Ш	3. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.			
	4. Window replacement that meets the Department's <i>Window Replacement Standards</i> . Does not include storefront window alterations.			
	5. Garage work. A new opening that meets the <i>Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts</i> , and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.			
	6. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.			
	7. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-ofway.			
	8. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .			
	9. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.			
Not	e: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.			
	Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5.			
	Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5.			
	Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5.			
	Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6.			
	EP 5: CEQA IMPACTS – ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW BE COMPLETED BY PRESERVATION PLANNER			
Check all that apply to the project.				
	1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4.			
	2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces.			
	3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character.			
	4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.			
	5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.			
	6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.			
	7. Addition(s) , including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the <i>Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation</i> .			

9. Reclassification of property status to Category C. (<i>Requires approval by Senior Preservation</i>			
Planner/Preservation Coordinator)			
a. Per HRER dated: (attach HRER)			
b. Other (specify):			
Note: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST check one box below.			
Further environmental review required. Based on the information provided, the project requ	ires an		
Environmental Evaluation Application to be submitted. GO TO STEP 6. Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the			
Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.	3		
Comments (optional):			
Preservation Planner Signature:	•		
STEP 6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER	100.000 (100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.0		
Further environmental review required. Proposed project does not meet scopes of work in either	r (check		
all that apply): Step 2 – CEQA Impacts			
Step 5 – Advanced Historical Review			
STOP! Must file an Environmental Evaluation Application.			
	No further environmental review is required. The project is categorically exempt under CEQA.		
Planner Name: Christopher Espiritu Signature or Stamp:			
Project Approval Action: Other (SFMTA Board) *If Discretionary Review before the Planning Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the project.	ou=CityPlanning, pher Espiritu,		
Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA G and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code.	uidelines		
In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption detection can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.	rmination		

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STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address (If different tha		n front page)	front page)	
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated	
Exempt I Action	Project Approval	Exempt Project Approval Date	New Approval Required	
Action				
Modified	Project Description:	4		
·				
	14			
		NSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFIC	CATION	
Compare	Compared to the approved project, would the modified project:		Management and the second and the se	
	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;		<u> </u>	
	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;			
	Result in demolition as defined under Planning Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?			
<u>.</u>	, -	ing presented that was not known		
	·	inal determination, that shows the	originally approved project may	
70.1	no longer qualify for the exemption?			
If at leas	t one of the above box	es is checked, further environmer	ntal review is required CATEX FORM	
DETERMINA	ATION OF NO SUBSTANT	IAL MODIFICATION		
	The proposed modification would not result in any of the above changes.			
approval a	nd no additional environme	difications are categorically exempt under ntal review is required. This determination	on shall be posted on the Planning	
Department website and office and mailed to the applicant, City approving entities, and anyone requesting written notice.				
Planner	Name:	Signature or Stamp:		
			i	
			·	

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Attachment A:

SFMTA - Background Materials and Plans

ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION APPLICATION COVER MEMO - PUBLIC PROJECTS ONLY

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

Please attach this memo along v	with all necessary materials to the Environmental Evaluation Application.		
Project Address and/or Title:	Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements		
Project Approval Action: MTA Board of Directors			
Will the approval action be tal	ken at a noticed public hearing? YES* NO		
* If YES is checked, please see b	pelow.		
IF APPROVAL ACTION IS TAKEN LANGUAGE:	AT A NOTICED PUBLIC HEARING, INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING CALENDAR		
Commission approves an action defined in S.F. Administrative C then the CEQA decision prepare time frame specified in S.F. Ad calendar days of the Approval A of the Board of Supervisors at C call (415) 554-5184. If the Departurber environmental review, a http://sf-planning.org/index.aspx to raising only those issues prev to the Board of Supervisors, Planning.org/index.	rail Rights under Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code If the identified by an exemption or negative declaration as the Approval Action (as Code Chapter 31, as amended, Board of Supervisors Ordinance Number 161-13) and in support of that Approval Action is thereafter subject to appeal within the ministrative Code Section 31.16. Typically, an appeal must be filed within 30 Action. For information on filing an appeal under Chapter 31, contact the Clerk ity Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA 94102, or the tity Francisco (CA 94102) and the exemption determination has been prepared and can be obtained on-line as ax?page=3447. Under CEQA, in a later court challenge, a litigant may be limited thously raised at a hearing on the project or in written correspondence delivered anning Commission, Planning Department or other City board, commission of the hearing, or as part of the appeal hearing process on the CEQA decision		
Individual calendar items: This Chapter 31.	proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by S.F. Administrative Code		
THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS AF	RE INCLUDED:		
2 sets of plans (11x17)			
✓ Project description			
Photos of proposed w	ork areas/project site		
✓ Necessary background	d reports (specified in EEA)		



Edwin M. Lee, Mayor

Tom Nolan, *Chainnan* Malcolm Heinicke, *Director* Joél Ramos, *Director*

Cheryl Brinkman, Vice-Chairman Jerry Lee, *Director* Cristina Rubke, *Director*

Edward D. Reiskin, Director of Transportation

Date:

April 28, 2017

To:

Christopher Espiritu, San Francisco Planning Department

From:

Thalia Leng, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Through:

Andrea Contreras, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Re:

Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and

O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements

OVERVIEW

The purpose of this project is to make three key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists. The project also aims to support citywide efforts such as WalkFirst, Vision Zero, and the SFMTA 2012 Bicycle Strategy to improve non-motorized safety and mobility in San Francisco.

BACKGROUND

The area where Cesar Chavez Street, Portero Avenue, and Bayshore Boulevard intersect underneath the Highway 101 interchange is known as the Hairball (Figure 1). Because the Hairball area is complex, the area has been divided into lettered segments in order to be studied (Figure 2). In fall 2015, the SFMTA began a process to develop conceptual designs for safety improvements at three prioritized segments as well as a portion of Jerrold Avenue (between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) that leads directly to one of the three segments. The three segments targeted for improvements by the SFMTA are known as Segments M, N and O and are shown in Figures 2 and 3.

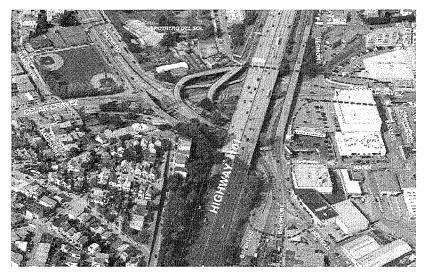


Figure 1: Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue (The Hairball) Project Area

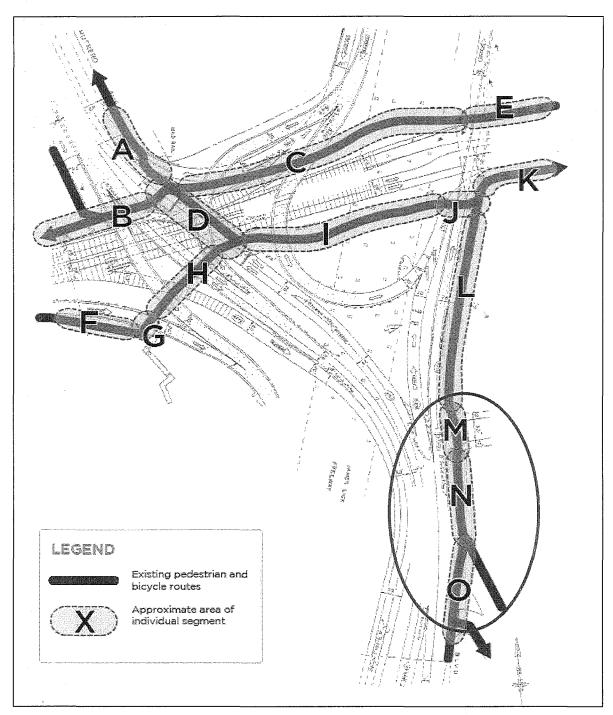
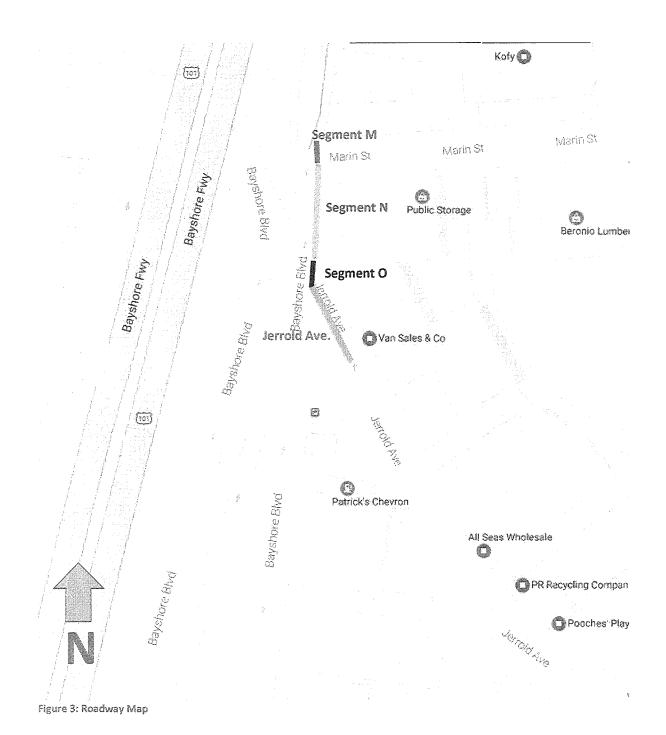


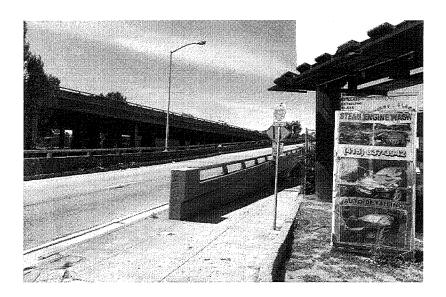
Figure 2: Segment Map



EXISTING CONDITIONS

Segments M, N, and O are located at the southeastern entrance of the Hairball and include portions of north Bayshore Boulevard and the intersections of Bayshore Boulevard with both Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue. Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Avenue, and Marin Street are all city-owned streets and connect to the Caltrans 101 north on-ramp.

Segment M includes the area where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard. Pedestrians and two-way bicycle traffic cross Marin Street at an unsignalized crosswalk (Figure 3). This is a potential issue since motorists turning right from Marin Street onto the Highway 101 northbound on-ramp often travel at high speeds and do not expect two-way bicycle traffic in the crosswalk. Additionally, there is little clear space for pedestrians and bicyclists waiting to cross, and visibility is an issue. The crossing distance where Marin crosses Bayshore Boulevard is 36 feet.



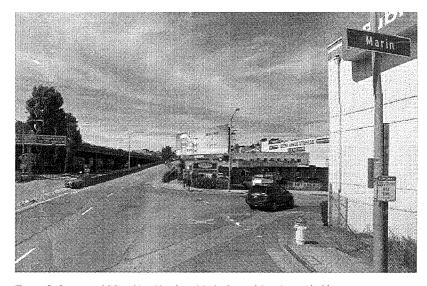


Figure 3: Segment M (Looking North at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Segment N is a shared pedestrian and two-way bicycle path between Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue (Figure 4). Southbound bicyclists currently share the sidewalk with pedestrians while northbound cyclists use the adjacent bike lane. The existing sidewalk on the east side of the street is six feet wide, with approximately three foot wide pinch points at the two utility poles in place in this segment. The sidewalk is obstructed by street light poles, utility poles and a fire hydrant. There is also a six foot wide northbound curbside bicycle lane on northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

Segment O includes a crossing where pedestrians and southbound cyclists cross Jerrold Avenue (Figure 5). The existing crossing includes two crosswalks joined by a pork chop island. The 15-foot northern crossing is not signalized. Since the rightmost lane of westbound Jerrold Avenue meets northbound Bayshore Boulevard at a very shallow angle, vehicles can ignore the yield sign and turn right at high speeds.

Segments M, N, and O are all in close proximity to the 101 highway and other major arterials, placing pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to vehicles moving at high speeds. Segment M, or where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard, pedestrian/cyclist visibility is poor, the crossing is unsignalized and curb ramps are positioned poorly. Segment N, or the shared sidewalk for pedestrians and southbound cyclists that runs adjacent to norhtbound Bayshore Boulevard, is very narrow and obstructed by existing infrastructure. In addition, there are many pedestrians with shopping carts using this sidewalk because of nearby recycling centers. These pedestrians and shopping carts often block the sidewalk or travel in the roadway. Segment O, or the area where Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard intersect, is a long crossing with high vehicle volumes on both Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and an unsignalized right turn lane from Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard. All of these issues create unsafe existing conditions for both pedestrians and cyclists traveling to and from the Hairball.



Figure 4: Segment N (Looking South at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)



Figure 5: Segment O
(Looking South at Jerrold Ave. and Bayshore Bivd.)

Connecting to Segment O, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore is targeted for improvements as part of this project. Jerrold Avenue is 60-feet wide with one vehicle travel lane and one parking lane in the eastbound direction and two vehicle travel lanes and one parking lane in the westbound direction. The two westbound vehicle travel lanes become two right turn lanes from westbound Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

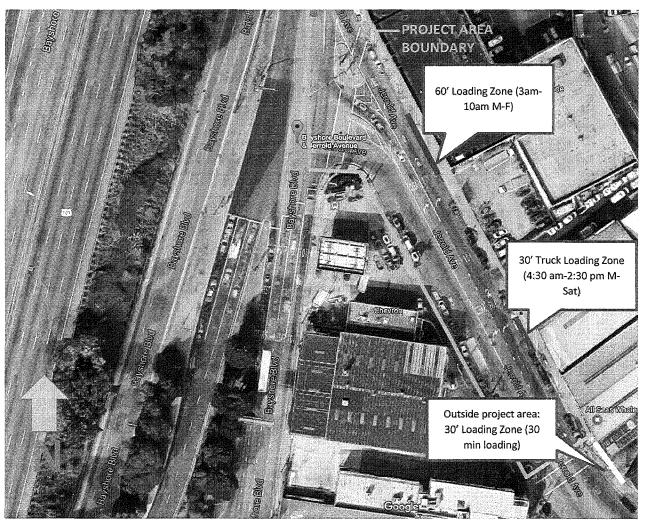


Figure 6: Existing Loading on Jerrold Avenue

There are currently two loading zones on the western side of Jerrold Avenue within the project area, and one loading zone immediately south of the project area (Figure 6). The two loading zones within the project area include one 60-foot 3am-10am loading zone, and one 30-foot 4:30am-2:30pm 6W Truck Loading Zone. Field observations during the peak loading period showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. It is difficult for the larger trucks to maneuver and pull up to the curb.

An existing conditions site plan for all of the areas targeted for improvements (Segments M, N, O and Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) is shown below in Figure 5 (Existing Conditions Site Plan) and included as an attachment to this memorandum.

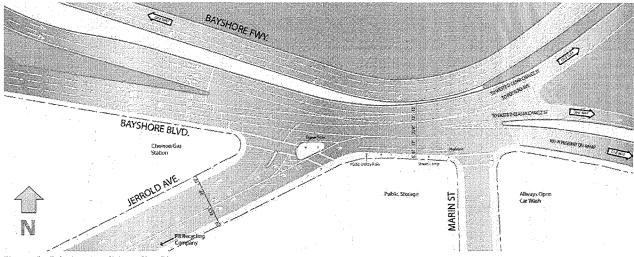


Figure 6: Existing Conditions Site Plan

PROPOSED PROJECT

The goal of this project is to make key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists by making safety improvements such as intersection and shared lane markings, widening existing bike lanes, and installing new bike lanes on Jerrold Avenue.

To address these issue, this project proposes paint-only improvements including the following:

1. Bike Lanes:

- Southbound Bayshore Boulevard bicyclists continue to share sidewalk, but northbound bike path widened from 6 feet to 12 feet (including a 6 foot lane with wide buffers) for shared/flexible uses.
- Install a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.
- o Install a bike lane adjacent to existing parking on eastbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

2. Intersection Treatments:

- Install continental crosswalks and elephant tracks¹ on Marin Street at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.
- o Install continental crosswalks and greenback sharrows on Jerrold Avenue at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.

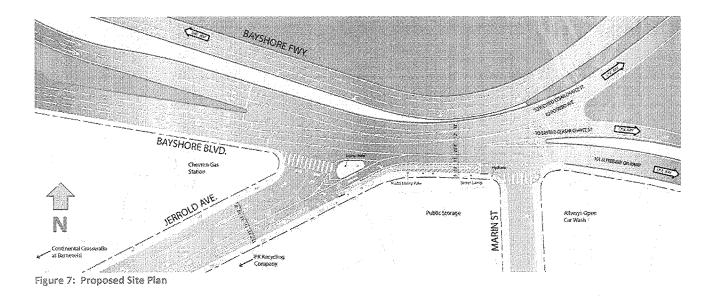
¹ An "elephant track" is a roadway marking consisting of an 8-inch wide by 3-foot dashed line that is typically combined with green shared lane markings and placed adjacent to a pedestrian crosswalk to indicate that cyclists should cross adjacent to the pedestrian crosswalk.

 Install continental crosswalks on Jerrold Avenue and Barneveld Avenue at the intersection of the two streets.

3. Parking and Loading:

- To provide sufficient space for a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue, approximately 10 unmetered parking spaces and the two loading zones will be removed on westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue. Field observations during peak loading times showed no instances of loading taking place within the existing zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most vehicle travel lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. One-on-one outreach with property owners was conducted confirming that loading takes place in the right vehicle travel lane or within property driveways.
- To alleviate the proposed parking loss on the west side of Jerrold and create parking availability for area businesses, the establishment of a tow-away no stopping zone is proposed as part of this project. This zone would be located on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue and prohibit parking between the hours of 10pm to 2am. This would assist with prohibiting vehicles from parking overnight or for extended amounts of time and allow employees of the businesses on Jerrold to park during business hours.

A proposed illustrative site plan of the project area is shown below in Figure 7 (Proposed Site Plan) and is also included as an attachment to this memorandum.



TRANSPORTATION TOPICS

Vehicle Miles Traveled

The proposed bicycling safety improvements, narrowing of traffic lanes, and parking removal constitute an Active Transportation Project and Other Minor Transportation Project in accordance with the Planning

Department's *Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis*, and are therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required.

Bicycles

The proposed project would improve the bike route on Jerrold Avenue, Bayshore Boulevard and the Hairball southeastern entry/shared path by installing a bike lane and adding paint improvements to the intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues. The project would create improved and more visible separation between motorists and bicyclists, thereby reducing the potential for conflicts and increasing safety.

Pedestrian

The proposed project would improve the pedestrian environment at intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues through the use of improved crosswalk and intersection markings. The project would not result in any new potential conflicts between pedestrians and other modes.

Transit

The 9 and 9R Muni bus runs on northbound Bayshore Boulevard within the project area and there is a bus stop on Bayshore Boulevard at Jerrold Avenue. This project would keep the vehicle lanes at current widths except for a portion of the right-most lane of northbound Bayshore Boulevard between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street, which would be narrowed from 17 feet to 11 feet. Muni buses do not travel in this lane as they merge to the left on Bayshore Boulevard to follow their route onto Potrero Avenue after the bus stop at Bayshore Boulevard and Jerrold Avenue. There would be no reduction in transit or mixed-flow travel lanes. Therefore, there would be no transit delay or impacts resulting from the project.

Loading

This project proposes removing one 60-foot loading zone and one 30-foot loading zone on westbound Jerrold Avenue near Bayshore Boulevard. Field observations (conducted on Thursday, February 23, 2017 from 8-9:30am) showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones and two instances of loading occurring in the right most vehicle travel lane directly adjacent the All Seas distribution warehouse (2390 Jerrold Avenue).

This observation as well as one-on-one outreach with property owners revealed that loading in this area typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb.

Emergency Access

None of the proposed improvements or changes to the roadway would affect emergency vehicle access.

Parking

This project proposes removing 10 unregulated/unmetered parking spaces on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

Excavation

The proposed project is a paint-only project and does not involve any excavation.

Construction

The construction scope of this project would be for SFMTA paint crews to remove the existing thermoplastic striping, where necessary, and to paint new thermoplastic and epoxy striping on the roadway. Estimated construction duration is a maximum of 15 days for the full corridor.

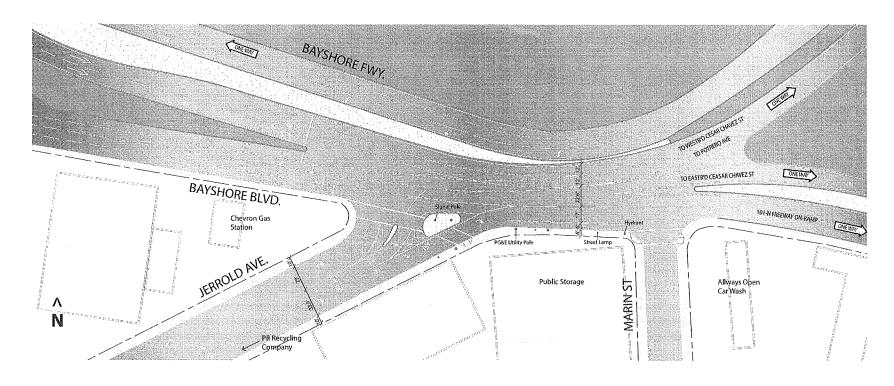
Approval Action

The first approval of the project committing the City to carrying out the proposed project would be the approval of the SFMTA Board of Directors.

ATTACHMENT

Proposed Plans/Drawings/Diagrams

ATTACHMENT 1: EXISTING SITE PLAN



ATTACHMENT 2: PROPOSED SITE PLAN

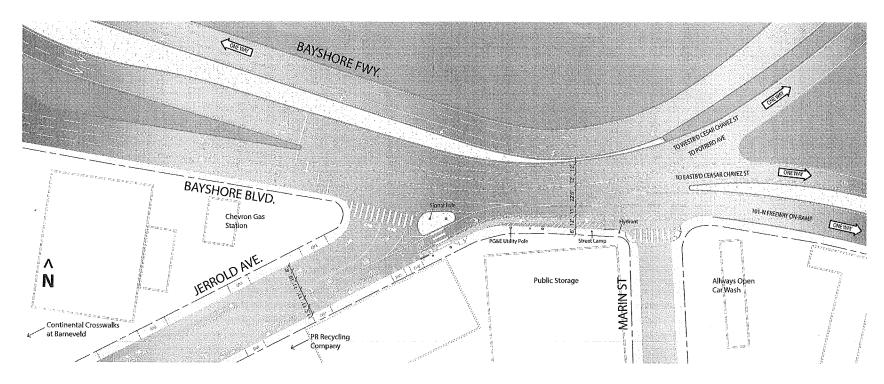


EXHIBIT B

Mary Miles

From:

Mary Miles <page364@earthlink.net>

Sent:

Tuesday, September 19, 2017 10:15 AM

To:

Edward Reiskin (ed.reiskin@sfmta.com); Boomer, Roberta; 'MTABoard@sfmta.com'

Subject:

PUBLIC COMMENT, MTAB AGENDA ITEM 12

Categories:

Red Category

FROM:

Mary Miles (SB #230395) Attorney at Law 364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 863-2310

TO:

Edward Reiskin, Director Roberta Boomer, Secretary, and Members of the Board of Directors San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("MTA") 1 S. Van Ness Ave., 7th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

DATE: September 19, 2017

PUBLIC COMMENT, AGENDA ITEM 12 ["PARKING AND TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS ON JERROLD AVENUE BETWEEN BARNEVELD AVENUE AND BAYSHORE BOULEVARD AND ON THE WEST SIDE OF BARNEVELD AVENUE BETWEEN JERROLD AVENUE AND MCKINNON AVENUE"]

This is public comment on Agenda Item 12 of the September 19, 2017 MTA Board meeting. Please provide a copy of this Comment to all MTA Board Members and place a copy in all applicable MTA files. As noted on the MTA Board Agenda, a determination under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") is subject to appeal to the Board of Supervisors within 30 days.

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts under CEQA, including impacts on transportation, transit, air quality, greenhouse gas (GHG), safety, and parking. Therefore, the claimed "categorical exemption" does not apply. Further, the Hairball Project proposes revisions to City's 2009 EIR on the San Francisco Bicycle Plan and several subsequent addenda to that plan, affecting the Project description, mitigation, and alternatives analyses. The agency may not exempt this or any project from environmental review by segmenting it or by post hoc revisions. Rather, the agency must follow the procedures set forth in CEQA for review of the whole Project.

MTA did not timely provide the public environmental documents, including its claimed Categorical Exemption or any supporting documents on this "new" Project. The public was therefore denied the right and opportunity for meaningful comment and input on it.

Along with the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, a private lobbying organization, MTA created the "Hairball Project" that it now demands should be fixed, after previously insisting on creating bicycle lanes across the heavily used Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard traffic corridors and freeway on- and off-ramps to I-101 and I-289. Those corridors serve major freight and other transportation uses and access to major

freeways. MTA's convoluted design eliminated traffic lanes, turning, and hundreds of parking spaces on those corridors and across freeway ramps in the heavy, industrial traffic stream of the "Hairball Project" area, causing traffic congestion, dangerous lane changes at and near freeway on and off ramps, and parking and loading zone removal in industrial, business, and residential areas, endangering the public safety of thousands of travelers and freight operations to install private bicycle lanes for fewer than 100 bicyclists.

When adopted on June 26, 2009, the Project segment (here called "Segments M, N, and O") was called "Project 5-5: Cesar Chavez Street Bicycle Lanes, I-280 to US 101 Freeways." (See San Francisco Bicycle Plan Draft Environmental Impact Report, November 2008, Post-Judgment Administrative Record [PJR], SF Super. Court Case No. CPF-05-505509, 17:8547, 8693-8696, 8923, 8945-8947; 18:9267-9273, 9333-9335,9447. See also, DEIR Projects 5-4 and 5-6, PJR 17: 8693-8696, 8923, 8942-8949,18:9252-9295, 9329-9354, 9443-9450.) Although the EIR identified significant impacts, the City refused to mitigate them in findings adopted August 4, 2009. City's findings and failure to mitigate those impacts, including in the Hairball Project area, were challenged in litigation and were invalidated along with the Project approval by the First District Court of Appeal, and remain in dispute in further proceedings. (See *Anderson v. City and County of San Francisco*, Case No. A129910, Unpub.Op., Jan. 14, 2013, p.83.) In spite of the pending litigation, City's Planning Department issued an "Addendum to Environmental Impact Report" on the 5-5 segment on February 29, 2012. City also issued several Addenda on the Cesar Chavez and Bayshore Projects that it now claims are part of its Hairball Project.

MTA now coins a new name for the mess it created: "The Hairball," a term defined in Webster as "a compact mass of hair formed in the stomach esp. of a shedding animal (as a cat) that that cleanses its coat by licking." In fact, the dangerous mess on Cesar Chavez was created by and for the MTA and the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition beginning with the 2009 Bicycle Plan. MTA now regurgitates that mess as the "Hairball Intersection Improvement Project," illegally segmenting that Project and its environmental review into at least 15 pieces to avoid describing the whole "Hairball Project."

City's illegal strategy avoids its duty to identify and mitigate the significant direct, indirect and cumulative impacts of the Hairball Project, which requires an environmental impact report under CEQA, since it will now have more impacts of greater severity on traffic, transit, parking, air quality, GHG, and public safety. The Hairball Improvement Project is not categorically exempt and may not lawfully be segmented. City has already admitted that this Project, as originally implemented and as revised, has significant environmental impacts. Moreover, City failed to make legally adequate findings to mitigate the significant impacts of the Bicycle Plan Project, including the "Hairball Project," as held by the First District Court of Appeal. City may not under these circumstances declare the Project or any part of it categorically exempt.

1. FAILURE TO ACCURATELY DESCRIBE THE WHOLE PROJECT, STATE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND IDENTIFY AND MITIGATE THE PROJECT'S SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS VIOLATES CEQA

MTA's "Hairball Project" is not accurately described, and MTA has not provided any CEQA documents before this MTA Board hearing. There is no way to tell from the few documents in the MTA Board's packet what the full Project proposes, its impacts, or what mitigation measures are proposed. The public has received *no* accurate information on this Project. There is no evidence that any City agency has as required conducted a preliminary review or initial study of the Hairball Project.

The only map of the Hairball Project in MTA's materials show that this Project includes a large area of major corridors, including Cesar Chavez Street, Potrero Street, Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Street, Highway 101, and ramps to and from Highways 101 and 280. The staff report only describes "near-term improvements" on Segments "L, M, and O," which propose removing parking and industrial loading zones on Jerrold and Barneveld Avenue, and all overnight parking on Jerrold Avenue, which has nothing to do with creating "comfortable" condition for bicyclists.

The Staff Report claims that Jerrold Avenue "is a challenging location to bicycle due to the high volume of vehicles and specifically large trucks that use this roadway, especially during the morning hours (approximately

700 vehicles on northbound Jerrold during the two hour morning peak period). These vehicle movements conflict with the large number of cyclists who also use this section of Jerrold Avenue during both the morning and evening peak commute hours (approximately 78 cyclists in the two hour morning peak and 70 cyclists in the evening peak period." (Staff Report, p. 3.) There is no supporting evidence for those alleged numbers, since no traffic studies or vehicle counts are provided for the entire Hairball Project area, including the dates, times, and who took the counts, or why 70 cyclists over a two-hour period is considered a "large number." Without that basic information, the existing conditions in the Project area cannot be accurately described.

There is no accurate description of the Hairball Project or any analysis of the cumulative impacts of the entire Project. City may not as proposed piecemeal the Hairball Project into small segments to avoid accurate identification of the cumulative and direct impacts of the whole Project, since that segmentation violates CEQA. The Hairball Project clearly requires an environmental impact report.

2. THE PROJECT IS NOT CATEGORICALLY EXEMPT FROM CEQA

The City did not make publicly available, timely provide, or post a copy of the alleged "categorical exemption" of the proposed Project or any segment of it, precluding meaningful public comment on it. As a legal matter, City cannot lawfully piecemeal exemptions to avoid environmental review under CEQA.

The Hairball Project is not exempt as claimed (Staff Report, p. 7) under 14 Cal. Code Regs. ("Guidelines") §15301, because it will have significant direct and cumulative impacts on the environment, as already admitted in the Bicycle Plan DEIR and Addenda and in City's findings. That admission precludes any categorical exemption.

The Hairball Project does not fit within the section 15301 exemption "minor alteration" of existing facilities, since it changes the existing street configurations. Making overnight parking illegal in the area is another reason this Project does not fit within that exemption. Other plans that are undisclosed for the other segments of the Hairball Project also preclude claiming such an exemption. City's segmented "categorical exemption," including the Exemption here, is illegal piecemealing under CEQA, since they deliberately evade analyzing and mitigating the cumulative impacts of the Hairball Project.

There is no analysis in available documents of the exceptions that may apply under Guidelines §15300.2, including the cumulative impacts exception and the unusual circumstances exception. The Hairball Project will have cumulative impacts under Guidelines §15300.2, since it clearly proposes many "successive project(s) of the same type, in the same place, over time." Further, in this instance, the large traffic volumes and proposed reduction in parking and loading capacity constitute unusual circumstances. (Guidelines, §15300.2(c).)

This Project also has "possible environmental effects" that are "cumulatively considerable," meaning "that the incremental effects of an individual project are significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects," which as noted preclude any exemption from CEQA. (Guidelines §15065(a)(3).) The City's past, present, and planned future incursions onto City's roadways to impede vehicle transportation, remove parking, force turns, and otherwise adversely impact traffic include past extensive transportation impacts due to the Bicycle Plan, "Sustainable Streets," "Vision Zero," and other Projects that, combined with the present Project, have potentially significant cumulative impacts on transportation, air quality, GHG, energy consumption, parking, and public safety that cannot be considered in isolation.

3. CITY'S FAILURE TO ACCURATELY ANALYZE THE PROJECT'S IMPACTS IS NOT EXCUSED BY SECTION 21099 OF CEQA

If City excuses itself from analyzing the Hairball Project's impacts by invoking a document issued by the Planning Department, claiming "The proposed bicycling safety improvement project and reduction in through lanes is considered an Active Transportation Project, in accordance with CEQA Section 21099 - Modernization of Transportation Analysis, and is therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required." Public Resources Code section 21099 does not allow City to excuse itself from analyzing

transportation and other impacts. Further, the statute only states that the state Office of Planning and Research may certify and adopt such Guidelines, which *has not yet happened*. City has no authority to create its own version of CEQA Guidelines based on MTA's anti-car wish list.

4. FAILURE TO PROVIDE PUBLIC NOTICE AND INFORMATION ON THE PROJECT VIOLATES CEQA'S REQUIREMENT OF INFORMED PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN THE DECISIONMAKING PROCESS

There has been no information or outreach to the general public on the Hairball Project by the City. It is clear from the Staff Report that MTA only sought "feedback" from Project proponents, including Supervisor Hillary Ronen, the "San Francisco Bike Coalition," and MTA's own staff. ("Stakeholder Engagement," p. 6.) The public has been completely left out of that alleged "stakeholder engagement."

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts on all users of the affected corridors, not just bicyclists, Ms. Ronen, and MTA staff. Because the Project has significant impacts on freeway access, it is of regional and statewide importance. MTA claims with no supporting evidence that it contacted "merchants along Jerrold Avenue to understand parking loss impacts and to develop a balanced solution." In fact, the Project ignores all of the Project's significant impacts on the vast majority of travelers, residents and businesses in the area. (Staff Memo, p. 6.)

More seriously, the public has been deprived of the opportunity for meaningful input on the Hairball Project, which violates CEQA's basic purpose and mandate.

CONCLUSION

The Hairball Project is not exempt from CEQA. The Hairball Project has potentially significant direct and cumulative impacts on transportation, transit, parking, air quality, GHG, public safety, including emergency vehicle movement, noise, and human impacts that must be identified, analyzed, and mitigated under CEQA. The segmentation of the Hairball Project into more than 15 separate parts is illegal piecemealing. The whole Hairball Project must be accurately described, with its environmental impacts identified in an EIR, and those impacts must be mitigated in legally adequate findings under CEQA before this Project can be approved. Further the failure to make environmental documents and other information on the Hairball Project publicly available violates CEQA's requirements.

For these reasons, the proposed Project is not exempt, and it has potentially significant impacts that must be analyzed and mitigated under CEQA. The MTA Board must therefore reject the proposed approval of the Project at Item 12.

Mary Miles

EXHIBIT C

RECEIVED BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO 2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25 MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 1170919-119

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency is committed to making San Francisco a Transit First city that prioritizes non-private automobile transportation; and,

WHEREAS, the Caltrans project supports the City's Vision Zero Goal of eliminating all traffic fatalities in San Francisco by 2024; and,

WHEREAS, The segment of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard is a designated bicycle route on the San Francisco Bicycle Route Network that provides connections from the Bayview and Hunters Point to the Mission neighborhood and central San Francisco; and,

WHEREAS, Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if the following conditions are met: the alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer, the alternative criteria is adopted by resolution at a public meeting after public comment and proper notice, and the alternative criteria adheres to the guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway proposed as part of the project meets these three requirements; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway has been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation; and,

WHEREAS, The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle facility, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists; and,

WHEREAS, The project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials; and,

WHEREAS, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard can incorporate a protected bicycle lane northbound and a bicycle lane southbound without any impacts to traffic and without significant impacts to parking; and,

WHEREAS, The SFMTA project team contacted key stakeholders and met with businesses along the project corridor and held a public hearing to solicit feedback on areas of concern and answer questions about the project proposals; and, WHEREAS, SFMTA staff propose the following parking and traffic modifications associated with the Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

WHEREAS, The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities; Section 15304 provides an exemption for minor public alterations to land including the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way; and,

WHEREAS, On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-002118ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 and Section 15304; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31; and,

WHEREAS, A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference; and

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors approves the bicycle, parking and traffic modifications listed in items A-D above on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of September 19, 2017.

Repromee
Secretary to the Board of Directors

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

+ RECEIVED
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 26

av BJ

MARY ANN MILES
364 PAGE ST APT 36
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-5624

PAY TO THE ORDER OF January Variation \$ 597.00

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California wells fargo com

HAIRBALL PROSECT
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S AN FRANCISCO

CASE NUMBER: For Staff Use only

APPLICATION FOR

28170CT 19 PM 2: 26

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Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver

APPLICANT ADDRESS:	or Adequate Review
364 Page St., #36	(415) 863-2310
San Francisco, CA 94102	email: page364@earthlink.net
NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION NAME:	
Coalition for Adequate Review	
NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE
	() PLEASE SEE ABOVE
PLEASE SEE ABOVE	EMAIL: UNIVERSE AND
PROJECT ADDRESS:	
Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Ave., Barneveld	
PLANNING CASE NO.: 2017-001775ENV	BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION NO.: DATE OF DECISION (IF ANY): 9/19/17 (MTA)

2. Required Criteria for Granting Waiver

(All must be satisfied; please attach supporting materials)

- The appellant is a member of the stated neighborhood organization and is authorized to file the appeal on behalf of the organization. Authorization may take the form of a letter signed by the President or other officer of the organization.
- The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that is registered with the Planning Department and that appears on the Department's current list of neighborhood organizations.
- The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that has been in existence at least 24 months prior to the submittal of the fee waiver request. Existence may be established by evidence including that relating to the organization's activities at that time such as meeting minutes, resolutions, publications and rosters.
- The appellant is appealing on behalf of a neighborhood organization that is affected by the project and that is the subject of the appeal.

For Department Use Only Application received by Plant	ning Department:		
Ву:		Date:	
Submission Checklist:			
 □ APPELLANT AUTHORIZATION □ CURRENT ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION □ MINIMUM ORGANIZATION AGE □ PROJECT IMPACT ON ORGANIZATION 			
☐ WAIVER APPROVED	☐ WAIVER DENIED		



FOR MORE INFORMATION: Call or visit the San Francisco Planning Department

Central Reception

1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 San Francisco CA 94103-2479

TEL: **415.558.6378** FAX: **415.558.6409**

WEB: http://www.sfplanning.org

Planning Information Center (PIC)

1660 Mission Street, First Floor San Francisco CA 94103-2479

TEL: 415.558.6377

Planning staff are available by phone and at the PIC counter. No appointment is necessary. FROM:

Rob Anderson, Director Coalition for Adequate Review

TO:

San Francisco Planning Department 1650 Mission Street San Francisco, CA 94103

RE: Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver Appeal of "Hairball" Project, Planning Department No. 2017-001775ENV

DATE: October 18, 2017

This will advise that Mary Miles, Attorney at Law, is authorized to represent Coalition for Adequate Review in the Appeal of the "Hairball" Project noted above to the Board of Supervisors.

Coalition for Adequate Review requests a fee waiver for filing this Appeal to the Board of Supervisors, and attaches a copy of the Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver form.

Coalition for Adequate Review has existed for more than 24 months and is on the Planning Department's list of neighborhood organizations. Coalition for Adequate Review uses San Francisco streets, including 13th Street, and is affected by the impacts of the proposed Project that is the subject of this appeal. Additionally, Coalition applied for and received a fee waiver on another appeal to the Board of Supervisors in May, 2017, and believe that waiver remains effective.

Therefore, Coalition for Adequate Review respectfully asks that the Planning Department grant the attached Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver. Thank you.

Rob Anderson

Muller

From: <u>Jalipa, Brent (BOS)</u>
To: <u>page364@earthlink.net</u>

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Rahaim, John (CPC); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson,

<u>Lisa (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Sider, Dan (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher (CPC); Reiskin, Ed (MTA); Martinsen, Janet (MTA); Breen, Kate (MTA); Auyoung, Dillon (MTA); Leng, Thalia (MTA); Contreras, Andrea (MTA); Boomer, Roberta (MTA); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa</u>

(BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Subject: APPEAL RESPONSE: Exemption Determination Appeal - Proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

- Hairball Intersection Improvement Project - Appeal Hearing on November 28, 2017

Date: Monday, November 20, 2017 12:17:40 PM

Attachments: image001.png

Good afternoon,

Please find linked below a memorandum received by the Office of the Clerk of the Board from the Planning Department regarding the Categorical Exemption Determination Appeal for the proposed SFMTA Hairball Intersection Improvement Project.

Planning Appeal Response Memo - November 20, 2017

The hearing for this matter is scheduled for a 3:00 p.m. special order before the Board on November 28, 2017.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our <u>Legislative Research Center</u> by following the link below:

Board of Supervisors File No. 171147

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163 brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click <u>here</u> to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

Disclosures: Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

MEMO

Notice of Electronic Transmittal

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: **415.558.6409**

Planning Information: **415.558.6377**

Planning Department Response to the Appeal of Categorical Exemption for the SFMTA – Hairball Improvement Project (Segments M, N, O)

DATE: November 20, 2017

TO: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

FROM: Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer – (415) 575-9032

Devyani Jain, Acting Deputy Environmental Review Officer - (415) 575-9031

Christopher Espiritu, Environmental Planner (415) 575-9022

RE: BOS File No. 171147 [Planning Case No. 2017-01775ENV]

Appeal of Categorical Exemption for the SFMTA – Hairball Intersection

Improvement Project (Segment M, N, O)

HEARING DATE: November 28, 2017

In compliance with San Francisco's Administrative Code Section 8.12.5 "Electronic Distribution of Multi-Page Documents," the Planning Department has submitted a multi-page response to the Appeal of Categorical Exemption for the SFMTA – Hairball Improvement Project (Segment M, N, O) [BF 171147] in digital format. Hard copies of this response have been provided to the Clerk of the Board for distribution to the appellants and project sponsor by the Clerk of the Board. A hard copy of this response is available from the Clerk of the Board. Additional hard copies may be requested by contacting the Christopher Espiritu of the Planning Department at 415-575-9022 or Christopher.Espiritu@sfgov.org.

МЕМО

Categorical Exemption Appeal

SFMTA – Hairball Intersection Improvement Project

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax:

415.558.6409

Planning Information: **415.558.6377**

DATE: November 20, 2017

TO: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

FROM: Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer – (415) 575-9032

Devyani Jain, Acting Deputy Environmental Review Officer – (415) 575-9051

Debra Dwyer - (415) 575-9031

Christopher Espiritu – (415) 575-9022

RE: Planning Case No. 2017-001775ENV

Appeal of Categorical Exemption for SFMTA - Hairball Intersection

Improvement - Segments M, N, and O

HEARING DATE: November 28, 2017

ATTACHMENTS: A – CEQA CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION

B – SFMTA BOARD RESOLUTION NO 1170919-119

C – APPELLANT LETTER

D – HAIRBALL INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT MAP

E – ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST: CEQA SECTION 21099 – MODERNIZATION OF

TRANSPORTATION ANALYSIS

PROJECT SPONSOR: Thalia Leng, Transportation Planner, San Francisco Municipal Transportation

Agency (SFMTA), (415) 701-4762

APPELLANT: Mary Miles, Attorney for Coalition for Adequate Review

INTRODUCTION

This memorandum and the attached documents are a response to the letter of appeal to the Board of Supervisors (the "Board") regarding the Planning Department's (the "Department") issuance of a Categorical Exemption under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA Determination") for the proposed SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project –Segments M, N, and O (the "Project").

The Department, pursuant to Title 14 of the CEQA Guidelines, issued a Categorical Exemption for the Project on May 26, 2017 finding that the proposed Project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a Class 1 categorical exemption - a minor alteration of existing facilities.

The decision before the Board is whether to uphold the Department's decision to issue a categorical exemption and deny the appeal, or to overturn the Department's decision to issue a categorical exemption and return the project to the Department staff for additional environmental review.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

SFMTA proposes to implement paint-only modifications to the existing roadway on Bayshore Boulevard (between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street) and Jerrold Avenue (between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue). The project would include modifications to existing travel lanes to create a new bicycle lane on Jerrold Avenue. In addition, the project would include installation of new high visibility crosswalks at the intersection of Marin Street/Bayshore Boulevard and Jerrold Avenue/Bayshore Boulevard, the removal of 10 parking spaces and two loading zones along westbound Jerrold Avenue and establishment of parking restrictions.¹

BACKGROUND

On April 28, 2017, Thalia Leng, Transportation Planner with the SFMTA (hereinafter "project sponsor") filed an application with the Department for a determination under CEQA of the proposed Hairball Intersection Improvement Project – Segments M, N, and O, which would establish bicycle lanes on Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and make other improvements for pedestrian safety.

The proposed improvements are in an area known as "The Hairball," where Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard, and Potrero Avenue change from city streets to a complex arrangement of bridges and ramps linking with Highway 101. The intersection is built in three levels, with pedestrian and bicycle circulation generally restricted to the middle and ground levels and motor vehicles operating on all three levels. Please see the map in Attachment D to this response.

On May 26, 2017, the Department determined that the project was categorically exempt under CEQA Class 1 – Existing Facilities, and that no further environmental review was required.

On September 19, 2017, the SFMTA Board of Directors (the "SFMTA board") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting. At that hearing, the SFMTA board approved the project by SFMTA Board Resolution No. 1170919-119.

On October 19, 2017, a timely appeal of the categorical exemption determination was filed by Mary Miles, Attorney for the Coalition for Adequate Review. The one-page appeal letter from Ms. Miles incorporates by reference a public comment submitted to the SFMTA board on September 19, 2017 from Ms. Miles.

Continues on the next page.

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¹ Additional project details are described in the SFMTA memorandum submitted to the Planning Department for environmental review on April 28, 2017. This memorandum is available for review in Attachment A of this document and the Administrative Record for the project (Planning Case number 2017-001775ENV).

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CEQA GUIDELINES

Categorical Exemptions

Section 21084 of the California Public Resources Code requires that the CEQA Guidelines identify a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and are exempt from further environmental review.

In response to that mandate, the State Secretary of Resources found that certain classes of projects, which are listed in CEQA Guidelines Sections 15301 through 15333, do not have a significant impact on the environment, and therefore are categorically exempt from the requirement for the preparation of further environmental review.

CEQA State Guidelines Section 15301 (Existing Facilities), or Class 1, provides an exemption from environmental review for minor alterations to "existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities (this includes road grading for the purposes of public safety)." Class 1 includes traffic channelization measures, minor restriping of streets (e.g., turn lane movements, painted buffers, and parking changes), and other modifications on existing streets.

In determining the significance of environmental effects caused by a project, CEQA State Guidelines Section 15064(f) states that the decision as to whether a project may have one or more significant effects shall be based on substantial evidence in the record of the lead agency. CEQA State Guidelines 15064(f)(5) offers the following guidance: "Argument, speculation, unsubstantiated opinion or narrative, or evidence that is clearly inaccurate or erroneous, or evidence that is not credible, shall not constitute substantial evidence. Substantial evidence shall include facts, reasonable assumption predicated upon facts, and expert opinion supported by facts."

APPELLANT ISSUES AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT RESPONSES

The concerns raised in Ms. Miles' October 19 appeal letter, associated attached September 19, 2017 public comment letter for the SFMTA Board of Director's action on September 19, 2017 are cited below and are followed by the Department's responses.

Concern 1: The Appellant contends that the project is not categorically exempt from CEQA.

Response 1: The project is categorically exempt from CEQA under Class 1 and its scope would not extend beyond the requirements for projects evaluated under categorical exemptions.

The appellant claims that the project does not meet the requirements of the categorical exemption because the project would modify an existing street configuration to create a new bicycle lane. Also, the appellant contends that the project will have significant direct and cumulative impacts that go beyond the limited scope of applicable exemptions under CEQA. However as explained below, the appellant is incorrect because the project is eligible for a categorical exemption under one of the specified classes of projects that are determined to not have a significant effect on the environment. Further, the evaluation of the

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project was consistent with determinations for other projects in San Francisco with similar characteristics. Finally, the project was determined to not involve any unusual circumstances that could result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.

The determination of whether a project is eligible for a categorical exemption is based on a two-step analysis: (1) determining whether the project is within the definition of the categorical exemption, and (2) determining whether there are unusual circumstances at the site or with the proposal that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant environmental effect.

As indicated in the exemption for the project, CEQA Guidelines Section 15301, or Class 1, applies to the project. The Department determined that the scope of the project meets the criteria under Class 1 for minor alterations to existing facilities, including highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, traffic channelization measures, minor restriping of streets (e.g., turn lane movements, painted buffers, and parking changes). The appellant claims that because the project is changing the street configurations to create a new bicycle lane, the project is not a minor alteration, and thus Class 1 would not apply. This claim is a mischaracterization by the appellant regarding the types of projects eligible under a Class 1 exemption.

City public rights of way, including streets and sidewalks, have typically been used for a variety of purposes since their inception. These purposes often vary and may include standing, resting, walking, bicycling, and driving motor vehicles. This is acknowledged in San Francisco's Transit-First Policy, San Francisco Charter, Section 8A.115(a)(3), which states: "Decisions regarding the use of limited public street and sidewalk space shall encourage the use of public rights of way by pedestrians, bicycles, and public transit, and shall strive to reduce traffic and improve public health and safety." Here, the project has resulted in minor restriping of the existing street and other minor changes that maintain the street as serving some of the aforementioned purposes. The project would not involve the removal of any existing travel lanes to accommodate the proposed bicycle lanes and the extent of the proposed construction activities would be minimal, involving paint-only treatments and the installation of soft-hit posts. Therefore, the appellant is incorrect and the Class 1 exemption was properly applied.² The second step of an exemption determination and analysis of whether there are unusual circumstances are discussed in Response 2 below.

Additionally, the appellant contends that the project would have significant traffic, transit, parking, air quality, greenhouse gases (GHG), and public safety impacts, which would necessitate the preparation of an environmental impact report. Given the nature of the project and that no new trips are generated, a substantial diversion of vehicular travel or substantial construction would need to occur in order to result in substantial project-related impacts on these abovementioned topics. Staff determined such an assessment was unnecessary because, as described above, it was determined that the project would not remove existing travel lanes resulting in a substantial diversion of vehicular travel in the project area and

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² CEQA contains a similar exemption in Section 15304 – Minor Alterations to Land. Section 15304(h) exempts "the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way." The Hairball Improvement Project - Segment M, N and O would also fit with the definition for an exemption from CEQA under Section 15304, and there are no unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.

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the project's construction activities were minor. The appellant has not provided substantial evidence to support the claim that there exists a reasonable possibility of any significant impacts related to these topics.

Concern 2: The Appellant contends that the project cannot be exempt under CEQA since the project would have cumulatively considerable effects on the environment and unusual circumstances exist.

Response 2: The project would not result in significant cumulative impacts nor involve any unusual circumstances and a categorical exemption is the appropriate level of evaluation for the project.

As stated above in Response 1, the determination of whether a project is eligible for a categorical exemption is based on a two-step analysis: (1) determining whether the project fits within the definition of the categorical exemption, and (2) determining whether there are unusual circumstances at the site or with the proposal that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant environmental effect.

As discussed above, the project is categorically exempt from CEQA under Class 1, existing facilities. The appellant also contends that the project would have cumulative impacts under CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2, since the project clearly proposes many "successive project(s) of the same type, in the same place, over time." Further, the appellant claims that in this instance, the large traffic volumes and proposed reduction in parking and loading capacity constitute unusual circumstances. The appellant is incorrect.

Cumulative Impacts. CEQA Guidelines section 15300.2(b) states that all exemptions are inapplicable "when the cumulative impact of successive projects of the same type in the same place, over time is significant." The appellant claims that the Hairball Intersection Improvement Project – Segments M, N, and O, combined with other nearby projects, would result in significant cumulative impacts and thus this exception applies. Other streetscape projects in the area include the San Francisco Public Works Hairball Segment F-G Streetscape Project (Case No. 2007.1238E).³ The streetscape project proposed at Segments F-G of the Hairball is located on the south side of Cesar Chavez Street, west of Bayshore Boulevard and the US-101 on-ramp (less than a ¼-mile from the project). As proposed, the Segment F-G project would include: 1) widening of an existing six-foot-wide shared eastbound pedestrian/bicycle path to 10 feet, 2) re-surfacing and widening of an entry ramp to the bicycle/pedestrian path from Potrero Avenue, 3) installing landscaping to provide a buffer between the widened shared path and the roadway, 4) constructing new three-foot-tall retaining walls along the eastern edge of the pathway, 5) re-grading of the pathway to increase vertical clearances under the freeway overpass, and 6) installing a new streetlight along the pathway. All of the proposed elements of the Segment F-G project would occur on Public Works property and there would be no changes to the roadway.

Although nearby, the Segments M, N, and O project, as described in the SFMTA Board Resolution No. 1170919-119, has been separately evaluated from the Segment F-G project. The Segment M, N and O project can be implemented independently from the Segment F-G project (Note-to-File on Case No.

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³ Note-to-File (Abbreviated CEQA Checklist) pursuant to the Better Streets Plan Mitigated Negative Declaration Case File Number 2007.1238E, issued on June 8, 2017. This document is available for review at the Planning Department in Case File No. 2007.1238E.

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2007.1238E). The Segments F-G project would improve safety and bicycle access to the existing shared bicycle and pedestrian path adjacent to Cesar Chavez Street, but would not benefit, depend on, or result from the changes proposed under the Segments M, N, and O project. The proposed Segment F-G project would be located northwest of the Hairball Intersection and its construction is not dependent on the implementation of the Segment M, N, and O project. These two projects have different project sponsors, different funding sources, different timelines, are not interdependent and can be implemented independent of one another. Therefore, the Department determined that Segment M, N, and O project has independent utility and it is not necessary to review the two projects as one project.

The Segment F-G project would not combine with the proposed Hairball Improvement Project – Segments M, N, and O to result in significant cumulative impacts because these projects do not have elements that have the potential to result in combined effects. In particular, neither of these projects would result in the removal of travel lanes. These projects are not anticipated to create potentially hazardous conditions for people walking or bicycling. On the contrary, the projects are anticipated to improve safety conditions compared to existing conditions by facilitating safer bicycle travel into the shared bicycle/pedestrian pathways under the freeway and allowing for safer navigation within the Hairball area.

Further, there are no nearby development projects in the vicinity of these projects that are undergoing environmental review, or have completed environmental review and would be constructed in the future. Construction activities for both above-noted projects in the Hairball area are linear in nature and are limited duration (weeks to 2 months). Therefore, these cumulative projects would not result in combined significant cumulative construction impacts. The appellant has not submitted any evidence to demonstrate that the project would result in or contribute considerably to significant cumulative impacts. Therefore, the project, in combination with past, present and reasonably foreseeable projects, would result in less-than-significant cumulative impacts and this exception does not apply.

As for the other segments of the Hairball, the SFMTA has identified these segments as needing future safety improvements, but has not yet developed any specific proposals for those projects. Therefore, there is no potential for combined effects.

Unusual Circumstances. CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2(c) states that a "categorical exemption shall not be used for an activity where there is a reasonable possibility that the activity will have a significant effect on the environment **due to unusual circumstances**" (**emphasis** added). The appellant claims that due to the large traffic volumes currently operating in the project vicinity, in combination with the parking loss and loading zone removal, the project would have unusual circumstances that would preclude the use of an exemption under CEQA. The appellant is incorrect. The project, as stated previously, would not include the removal of travel lanes and no reduction of roadway capacity would occur. Vehicles currently traveling on northbound Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the intersecting streets of westbound Marin Street and westbound Jerrold Avenue, would continue to be accommodated within the same streets following project implementation. Further, the removal of 10 vehicle parking spaces on Jerrold Avenue would not be considered a substantial parking loss leading to an unusual circumstance. Also, the removal of two existing commercial loading zones on the west side of Jerrold Avenue would not be considered an

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unusual circumstance. Outreach by SFMTA staff in 2017 to the nearby businesses determined the two existing commercial loading zones are underutilized, and loading by the existing business can be conducted elsewhere on site or through other, nearby, loading zones.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2(a) states that a categorical exemption is qualified by consideration of where the project is to be located; that is, a project that is ordinarily insignificant in its impact on the environment may in a particularly sensitive environment be significant. The appellant has not submitted any evidence to demonstrate that the project would result in individual or cumulative impacts under CEQA due to usual circumstances or that there are unusual circumstances involved with the project, as required by CEQA.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2(c) states that a categorical exemption shall not be used for an activity where there is a reasonable possibility that the activity will have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances. Overall, as described throughout this appeal response, the Department has no substantial evidence – and the appellant has provided none - to suggest that there exists a reasonable possibility of any significant direct or cumulative environmental effects as a result of the project, either from usual or unusual circumstances.

Concern 3: The appellant contends that the exemption failed to accurately describe the whole project, state existing conditions, identify and mitigate the project's significant impacts in violation of CEQA.

Response 3: The proposed project is not a revision to any Bicycle Plan project, is accurately described in the exemption, and is exempt from further review under CEQA.

The appellant contends that the exemption failed to accurately describe the whole project, state existing conditions, or identify and mitigate the project's significant impacts in violation of CEQA. In particular, the appellant contends that a categorical exemption under CEQA is not applicable because the proposal includes revisions to projects previously analyzed under the San Francisco Bicycle Plan Update EIR and several subsequent addenda to the Bicycle Plan EIR.4 The appellant is incorrect that the current proposal would revise projects that were proposed and analyzed as part of the 2009 Bicycle Plan Update (Bicycle Plan projects). Three Bicycle Plan projects are located within the project vicinity and were included in the analysis in the Bicycle Plan Update EIR and several addenda to that EIR. These projects are Project 5-4 (Bayshore Boulevard Bicycle Lanes, Cesar Chavez Street to Silver Avenue), Project 5-5 (Cesar Chavez Street Bicycle Lanes, I-280 to U.S. 101), and Project 5-6 (Cesar Chavez Street Bicycle Lanes, Sanchez Street to U.S. 101). Projects 5-5 and 5-4 were implemented in 2012, and Project 5-6 was implemented in 2013. The bicycle facilities implemented as part of those prior Bicycle Plan projects form the existing conditions in the project vicinity and were considered in the exemption determination for the Hairball Intersection Improvement Project - Segments M, N, and O. The current proposal was not identified at the time of the Bicycle Plan update process and proposes improvements on Jerrold Avenue, Bayshore Boulevard, and Marin Street. While the current proposal overlaps with improvements made on Bayshore Boulevard in 2012, this is a new project. The City may, under its discretion, propose projects on the public right of way

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⁴ The Bicycle Plan Final Environmental Impact Report, Case File Number 2007.0347E, certified on June 25, 2009. This document is available for review at the Planning Department in Case File No. 2007.0347E.

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to address safety and improve accessibility for all modes of travel, as is the case here. The City is not segmenting the environmental review of Bicycle Plan projects as the appellant has claimed. The current proposal was developed by the SFMTA after implementation of the Bicycle Plan projects in order to address safety conditions in this project area as they exist currently.

Further, the appellant cites ongoing litigation regarding the Bicycle Plan EIR, and claims that no projects may be analyzed or approved during this time. The Bicycle Plan EIR was upheld by the Court of Appeal, and additional findings related to approval of the Bicycle Plan project were upheld by the trial court. The appellant is incorrect that no projects in the same vicinity as projects included in the Bicycle Plan can be approved by the City.

Finally, the appellant claims that the Department may not exempt the project or any project from environmental review by segmenting the review and that the Department must review the whole project. In making this claim, the appellant refers to other segments within the Hairball area, namely segments A to L. The independent utility of the project for Segments M, N, and O with respect to the proposal for Segments F-G is discussed above. The other segments have been identified as needing safety improvements. The SFMTA is studying these segments. However, there are no specific improvement proposals identified for these segments at this time. Therefore, the proposed project has independent utility from these segments and was not improperly piecemealed.

Concern 4: The City's failure to accurately analyze the project's impacts is not excused by Public Resources Code section 21099.

Response 4: The project and all its components are considered eligible under the Planning Department's Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 - Modernization of Transportation.

The appellant claims that Public Resources Code section 21099 does not excuse the City from analyzing transportation and other impacts of the Project. Also, the appellant claims that since the state Office of Planning and Research has not yet adopted the revisions to the CEQA Guidelines establishing a vehicle miles traveled (VMT) criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects, that the City may not do so. The appellant is incorrect.

Public Resources Code Section 21099(b)(1) requires that the State Office of Planning and Research (OPR) develop revisions to the CEQA Guidelines establishing criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects that "promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks, and a diversity of land uses." Public Resources Code Section 21099(b)(2) states that upon certification of the revised guidelines for determining transportation impacts pursuant to Section 21099(b)(1), automobile delay, as described solely by level of service or similar measures of vehicular capacity or traffic congestion shall not be considered a significant impact on the environment under CEQA.

CEQA encourages public agencies to develop standards and procedures necessary to evaluate their actions and therefore protect environmental quality, including adopting updated thresholds of significance. In circumstances where public agencies decide to develop their own thresholds of

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significance for general use, the CEQA Guidelines provide that thresholds of significance must be formally adopted through a public review process and supported by substantial evidence (CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.7). Through the Planning Commission Resolution 19579, the Department, as a lead agency, removed automobile delay as a metric for assessing transportation impacts on the environment pursuant to CEQA and adopted the use of vehicle miles traveled (VMT) metric.

As described in the Department's Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 - Modernization of Transportation (Attachment E), the Department identified screening criteria to identify types, characteristics, or locations of projects and a list of transportation project types that would not result in significant transportation impacts under the VMT metric. These screening criteria are consistent with CEQA Section 21099 and the screening criteria recommended by OPR. If a project would generate VMT, but meets the screening criteria or falls within a specific type of transportation project, then a detailed VMT analysis would not be required for that project.

The project is a transportation project and is not anticipated to induce growth that would generate new trips, including transit trips, in contrast with a land use development project. The proposed project would not change transit service (e.g., decrease service, such that capacity may increase). As proposed, project components would be categorized under the "Active transportation, rightsizing, and transit project", which include infrastructure projects that improve safety and accessibility for people walking or bicycling. The project also involves the installation of pedestrian safety treatments at intersections including continental crosswalks. Other components of the project would be categorized as "other minor transportation project," which includes the removal of on-street parking spaces and the addition of transportation wayfinding signage.

Overall, the project and its components conform to the abovementioned project types and the project was appropriately evaluated under the Department's screening criteria. While a project-specific checklist was not prepared, the project and all its components, by conformance with the screening criteria, were determined to not result in significant transportation impacts under the VMT metric and no further analysis of VMT was necessary. The City has analyzed the transportation impacts of this project as applicable to determine it fits within the exemption class that was issued.

Concern 5: The city's failure to provide public notice and information on the project violates CEQA's requirement of informed public participation in the decision-making process, as well as open meeting and information requirements.

Response 5: The process by which the project was evaluated complies with applicable sections of CEQA, the CEQA Guidelines, and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code.

The appellant states that there has been no information made available to the general public regarding the project. The appellant claims that SFMTA staff only solicited information from project proponents and contends that SFMTA had no supporting evidence that nearby merchants were contacted regarding the project. The appellant is incorrect. For all exemption determinations, such as the one prepared for the project, Administrative Code Section 31.08(e)(2) requires that when the Environmental Review Officer

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issues a "Certificates of Exemption from Environmental Review" a copy shall be posted in the "offices of the Planning Department and on the Planning Department website," and copies mailed "to the applicant, board(s), commission(s), or Department(s) that will carry out or approve the project." Accordingly, the Department duly posted a paper copy of the exemption at the Planning Information Counter as well as on the Department's website. Additionally, copies of the exemption were filed with Roberta Boomer, Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors.

Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code also requires the Environmental Review Officer to post on the Department's website the following: "(1) a project description in sufficient detail to convey the location, size, nature and other pertinent aspects of the scope of the proposed project as necessary to explain the applicability of the exemption; (2) the type or class of exemption determination applicable to the project; (3) other information, if any, supporting the exemption determination; (4) the Approval Action for the project, as defined in Section 31.04(h); and (5) the date of the exemption determination." (Administrative Code Section 31.08(e)(1)(A)).

Further, Administrative Code section 31(f)(1) required SFMTA to provide notice of public hearing on the Approval Action for the project. For this project, that Approval Action occurred when the SFMTA Board approved the project on September 19, 2017. The SFMTA met this requirement by providing a notice of meeting and calendar prior to the public hearing on the Approval Action for the project. In accordance with SFMTA's Board Accessible Meeting Policy, written reports or background materials for calendar items are available for public inspection and copying at 1 South Van Ness Avenue, 7th Floor, during regular business hours and are available online at www.sfmta.com/board. Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code allows opportunities for appeal up to 30 days after an "Approval Action" occurs. The appellant was informed of the project and its associated public hearing and exemption certificate, as evidenced by the appellant's public comment letter on the project at the September 19th SFMTA board hearing, and the appellant's timely filing of her appeal.

The appellant also contends the SFMTA did not undertake any outreach to the public on this project. This is not a challenge to the environmental review of the project, and thus not properly a subject of this appeal. However, the following is provided for information purposes. Pursuant to SFMTA's Public Outreach Notification Standards, every SFMTA project requires the following: (1) provide briefings to stakeholders as appropriate to the project, (2) distribute regular notifications and updates using the most effective tactics (i.e. blogs, fliers, phone calls), and (3) hold public meetings when applicable for the scope and complexity of the project. SFMTA staff conducted briefings in the fall of 2015 with various stakeholders, ranging from local businesses to elected officials. Key stakeholders with whom outreach was conducted included staff from District 10, District 9, the Bicycle and Pedestrian group of Caltrans District 4, the San Francisco Bike Coalition, and the Calle 24 community group. Specifically, feedback was gathered from these stakeholders through meetings and phone calls with District 9 and 10 staff, two stakeholder walkthroughs of the site, one bike ride through the site, and attendance at a Calle 24 board meeting where board members and members of the Mission neighborhood community were present. In addition, prior to public hearing, SFMTA staff met two times with the individual merchants along Jerrold Avenue to understand parking loss impacts and to develop a balanced solution. Project staff also coordinated with SFMTA Parking division staff to ensure minimal impacts to the community members **BOS Categorical Exemption Appeal Hearing Date: November 28, 2017**

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concerned with parking restrictions that may affect oversize vehicles. The SFMTA communicated the following information when conducting outreach: summary of the project goals and objectives, benefits and tradeoffs of the project, activities and impacts occurring as part of the project, and project planning and implementation timeline. SFMTA staff also provided updates using an assortment of communication channels including: phone calls and website updates.

CONCLUSION

No substantial evidence supporting a fair argument that a significant environmental effect may occur as a result of the project has been presented that would warrant preparation of further environmental review. The Department has found that the proposed project is consistent with the cited exemption. The Appellant has not provided any substantial evidence or expert opinion to refute the conclusions of the Department.

The Department is in receipt of the appellant's opening brief in support of the appeal submitted to the Clerk of the Board on November 17, 2017. This response addresses the substantive CEQA issues related to this project.

For the reasons stated above and in the May 26, 2017 CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination, the CEQA Determination complies with the requirements of CEQA and the Project is appropriately exempt from environmental review pursuant to the cited exemption. The Department therefore recommends that the Board uphold the CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination and deny the appeal of the CEQA Determination.

Appeal Response Attachment A
CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address		Block/Lot(s)			
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated		
Addition/		Demolition	New	Project Modification	
Alteration (requires HRER if over 50 years old) Construction			(GO TO STEP 7)		
Project desc	cription for	Planning Department approval.			
STEP 1: EX	EMPTION	CLASS			
TO BE CO	MPLETED	BY PROJECT PLANNER			
Note: If ne	ither class	applies, an Environmental Evaluation App	nlication is require		
11010111110		11			
	Class 1 – Existing Facilities. Interior and exterior alterations; additions under 10,000 sq. ft.; change of use if principally permitted or with a CU.				
	Class 3 –	New Construction. Up to three (3) new sin	gle-family residenc	es or six (6) dwelling units	
	in one bui	ilding; commercial/office structures; utility	extensions.		
	Class				
STEP 2: CE		CTS BY PROJECT PLANNER			
		below, an Environmental Evaluation App	lication is required	l.	
	Transpor	rtation: Does the project create six (6) or mo	ore net new parking	spaces or residential units?	
	Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety				
	(hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?				
	Air Qual	ity: Would the project add new sensitive re	eceptors (specifically	y, schools, day care	
	facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) within an air pollution hot				
	spot? (refer to EP _ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Air Pollution Hot Spots)				
	Hazardous Materials: Any project site that is located on the Maher map or is suspected of				
	containing hazardous materials (based on a previous use such as gas station, auto repair, dry				
	cleaners, or heavy manufacturing, or a site with underground storage tanks): Would the project				
		oil disturbance of any amount or a change			
		rial/residential? If yes, should the applicant	-	-	
	Application that has been submitted to the San Francisco Department of Public Health (DPH), this				
	box does not need to be checked, but such documentation must be appended to this form. In all				
	other circumstances, this box must be checked and the project applicant must submit an				
	Environmental Application with a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment and/or file a Maher				
	Applicati	ion with DPH. (refer to EP_ArcMap > Mah	er iaver.)		

	Soil Disturbance/Modification: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-archeological sensitive area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive Area)
	Noise: Does the project include new noise-sensitive receptors (schools, day care facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) fronting roadways located in the noise mitigation area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Noise Mitigation Area)
	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography)
	Slope = or > 20%: : Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or grading on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or higher level CEQA document required
	Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, grading –including excavation and fill on a landslide zone – as identified in the San Francisco General Plan? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of the site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or higher level CEQA document required
	Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square footage expansion greater than 1000 sq ft, shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or grading on a lot in a liquefaction zone? <i>Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of the site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work.</i> (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required
	Serpentine Rock: Does the project involve any excavation on a property containing serpentine rock? <i>Exceptions: do not check box for stairs, patio, deck, retaining walls, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Serpentine)</i>
	are checked above, GO TO STEP 3. If one or more boxes are checked above, an Environmental Application is required.
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project does not trigger any of the CEQA impacts listed above.
Comments	and Planner Signature (optional):
TO BE COM	OPERTY STATUS – HISTORIC RESOURCE IPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER
	(IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Parcel Information Map)
	tegory A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5. tegory B: Potential Historical Resource (over 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 4.
	tegory C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 6.

STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

Che	ck all that apply to the project.		
	1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.		
	3. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.		
	4. Window replacement that meets the Department's <i>Window Replacement Standards</i> . Does not include storefront window alterations.		
	5. Garage work. A new opening that meets the <i>Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts</i> , and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.		
	6. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-wa		
	7. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-ofway.		
	8. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .		
	9. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.		
Note	e: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.		
	Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5.		
	Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5.		
	Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5.		
	Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6.		
STEP 5: CEQA IMPACTS – ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW TO BE COMPLETED BY PRESERVATION PLANNER			
Che	ck all that apply to the project.		
	1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4.		
	2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces.		
	3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character.		
	4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.		
	5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.		
	6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.		
	7. Addition(s) , including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the <i>Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation</i> .		

	8. Other work consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties (specify or add comments):	
	9. Reclassification of property status to Category C. (<i>Requires approval by Senior Preservation</i>	
	Planner/Preservation Coordinator)	
	a. Per HRER dated: (attach HRER)	
	b. Other (specify):	
Not	re: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST check one box below.	
	Further environmental review required. Based on the information provided, the project requires an <i>Environmental Evaluation Application</i> to be submitted. GO TO STEP 6.	
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.	
Com	ments (optional):	
Prese	ervation Planner Signature:	
	P 6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER	
	Further environmental review required. Proposed project does not meet scopes of work in either (check	
	all that apply):	
	Step 2 – CEQA Impacts Step 5 – Advanced Historical Review	
<u> </u>	STOP! Must file an Environmental Evaluation Application.	
V	No further environmental review is required. The project is categorically exempt under CEQA.	
	Planner Name: Christopher Espiritu Signature or Stamp: Digitally signed by Christopher Espiritu	
	Project Approval Action: DN: dc=org, dc=sfgov, dc=cityplanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=CityPl	
	Other (SFMTA Board) *If Discretionary Review before the Planning	
	Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the	
	project.	
	Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code.	
	In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination	
	can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.	

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project A	ddress (If different tha	n front page)	Block/Lot(s) (If different than front page)
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated
Case No.		1 erint ivo.	Tians Dated
Exempt I Action	Project Approval	Exempt Project Approval Date	New Approval Required
Modified	Project Description:		
DETERMIN	IATION IF PROJECT CO	NSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFIC	CATION
Compare	ed to the approved proj	ect, would the modified project:	
	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;		l in the Planning Code;
	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;		otice under Planning Code
	Result in demolition as defined under Planning Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?		
	Is any information being presented that was not known and could not have been known at the time of the original determination, that shows the originally approved project may no longer qualify for the exemption?		
If at leas	t one of the above box	es is checked, further environmer	ntal review is required.
DETERMINA	ATION OF NO SUBSTANTI	AL MODIFICATION	
		cation would not result in any of the	ne above changes.
If this box is checked, the proposed modifications are categorically exempt under CEQA, in accordance with prior project approval and no additional environmental review is required. This determination shall be posted on the Planning Department website and office and mailed to the applicant, City approving entities, and anyone requesting written notice.			
Planner Name:		Signature or Stamp:	

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

Attachment A:

SFMTA - Background Materials and Plans

ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION APPLICATION COVER MEMO - PUBLIC PROJECTS ONLY

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

Please attach this memo along with all necessary materials to the Environmental Evaluation Application.

Project	Address and/or Title:
Project	Approval Action:
Will th	e approval action be taken at a noticed public hearing?
* If YES	is checked, please see below.
IF APPRO	OVAL ACTION IS TAKEN AT A NOTICED PUBLIC HEARING, INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING CALENDAR GE:
Commission defined in then the time francalendar of the Bocall (415) further entire to raising to the Bodepartment of the Bode	Calendar: CEQA Appeal Rights under Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code If the sion approves an action identified by an exemption or negative declaration as the Approval Action (as in S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31, as amended, Board of Supervisors Ordinance Number 161-13) CEQA decision prepared in support of that Approval Action is thereafter subject to appeal within the me specified in S.F. Administrative Code Section 31.16. Typically, an appeal must be filed within 30 days of the Approval Action. For information on filing an appeal under Chapter 31, contact the Clerk and of Supervisors at City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA 94102, or 554-5184. If the Department's Environmental Review Officer has deemed a project to be exempt from environmental review, an exemption determination has been prepared and can be obtained on-line a planning.org/index.aspx?page=3447. Under CEQA, in a later court challenge, a litigant may be limited only those issues previously raised at a hearing on the project or in written correspondence delivered and of Supervisors, Planning Commission, Planning Department or other City board, commission or ent at, or prior to, such hearing, or as part of the appeal hearing process on the CEQA decision and calendar items: This proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by S.F. Administrative Code and calendar items: This proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by S.F. Administrative Code and calendar items:
Chapter THE FOI	31. LOWING MATERIALS ARE INCLUDED:
	2 sets of plans (11x17)
	Project description
	Photos of proposed work areas/project site
	Necessary background reports (specified in EEA)



Edwin M. Lee, Mayor

Tom Nolan, *Chairman* Malcolm Heinicke, *Director* Joél Ramos, *Director* Cheryl Brinkman, Vice-Chairman Jerry Lee, *Director* Cristina Rubke, *Director*

Edward D. Reiskin, Director of Transportation

Date: April 28, 2017

To: Christopher Espiritu, San Francisco Planning Department

From: Thalia Leng, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Through: Andrea Contreras, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Re: Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and

O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements

OVERVIEW

The purpose of this project is to make three key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists. The project also aims to support citywide efforts such as WalkFirst, Vision Zero, and the SFMTA 2012 Bicycle Strategy to improve non-motorized safety and mobility in San Francisco.

BACKGROUND

The area where Cesar Chavez Street, Portero Avenue, and Bayshore Boulevard intersect underneath the Highway 101 interchange is known as the Hairball (Figure 1). Because the Hairball area is complex, the area has been divided into lettered segments in order to be studied (Figure 2). In fall 2015, the SFMTA began a process to develop conceptual designs for safety improvements at three prioritized segments as well as a portion of Jerrold Avenue (between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) that leads directly to one of the three segments. The three segments targeted for improvements by the SFMTA are known as Segments M, N and O and are shown in Figures 2 and 3.

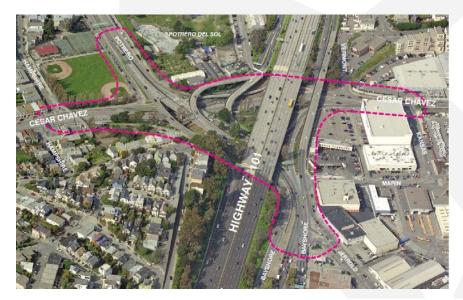


Figure 1: Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue (The Hairball) Project Area

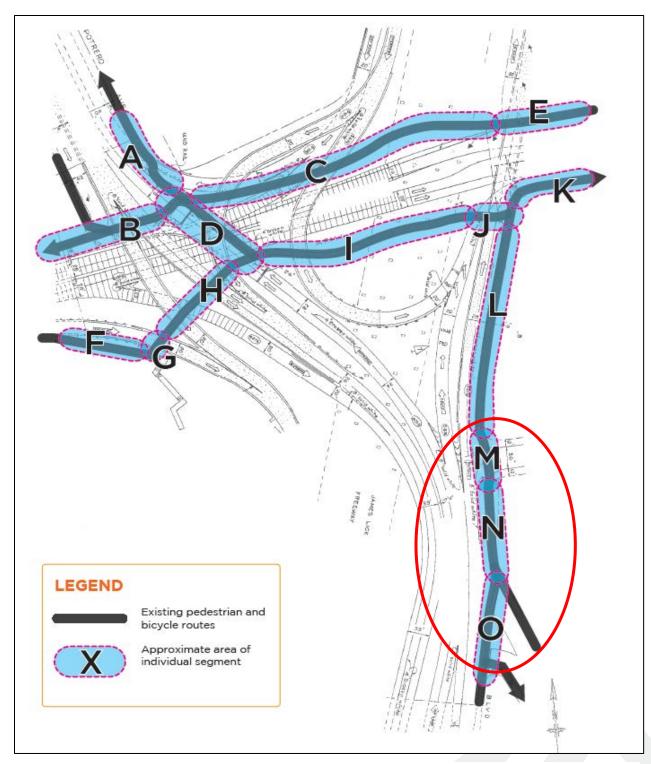


Figure 2: Segment Map

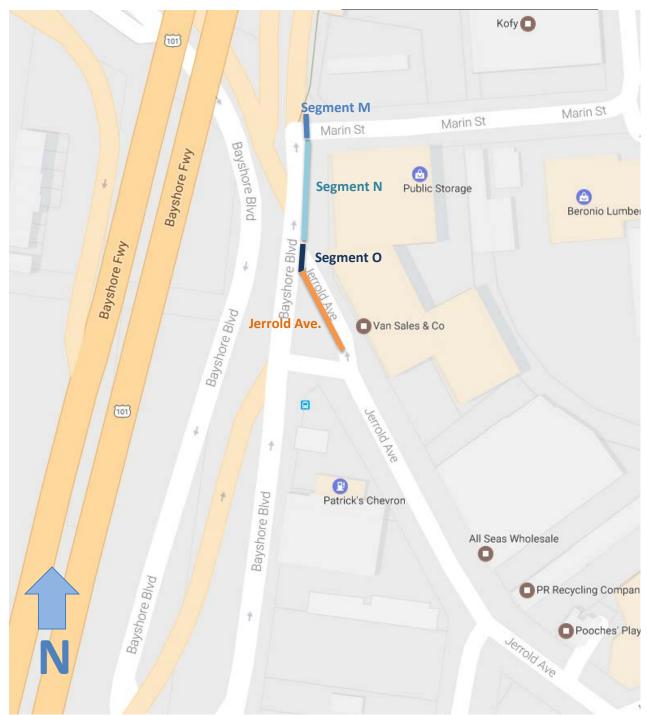


Figure 3: Roadway Map

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Segments M, N, and O are located at the southeastern entrance of the Hairball and include portions of north Bayshore Boulevard and the intersections of Bayshore Boulevard with both Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue. Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Avenue, and Marin Street are all city-owned streets and connect to the Caltrans 101 north on-ramp.

Segment M includes the area where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard. Pedestrians and two-way bicycle traffic cross Marin Street at an unsignalized crosswalk (Figure 3). This is a potential issue since motorists turning right from Marin Street onto the Highway 101 northbound on-ramp often travel at high speeds and do not expect two-way bicycle traffic in the crosswalk. Additionally, there is little clear space for pedestrians and bicyclists waiting to cross, and visibility is an issue. The crossing distance where Marin crosses Bayshore Boulevard is 36 feet.





Figure 3: Segment M (Looking North at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Segment N is a shared pedestrian and two-way bicycle path between Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue (Figure 4). Southbound bicyclists currently share the sidewalk with pedestrians while northbound cyclists use the adjacent bike lane. The existing sidewalk on the east side of the street is six feet wide, with approximately three foot wide pinch points at the two utility poles in place in this segment. The sidewalk is obstructed by street light poles, utility poles and a fire hydrant. There is also a six foot wide northbound curbside bicycle lane on northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

Segment O includes a crossing where pedestrians and southbound cyclists cross Jerrold Avenue (Figure 5). The existing crossing includes two crosswalks joined by a pork chop island. The 15-foot northern crossing is not signalized. Since the rightmost lane of westbound Jerrold Avenue meets northbound Bayshore Boulevard at a very shallow angle, vehicles can ignore the yield sign and turn right at high speeds.

Segments M, N, and O are all in close proximity to the 101 highway and other major arterials, placing pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to vehicles moving at high speeds. Segment M, or where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard, pedestrian/cyclist visibility is poor, the crossing is unsignalized and curb ramps are positioned poorly. Segment N, or the shared sidewalk for pedestrians and southbound cyclists that runs adjacent to norhtbound Bayshore Boulevard, is very narrow and obstructed by existing infrastructure. In addition, there are many pedestrians with shopping carts using this sidewalk because of nearby recycling centers. These pedestrians and shopping carts often block the sidewalk or travel in the roadway. Segment O, or the area where Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard intersect, is a long crossing with high vehicle volumes on both Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and an unsignalized right turn lane from Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard. All of these issues create unsafe existing conditions for both pedestrians and cyclists traveling to and from the Hairball.



Figure 4: Segment N
(Looking South at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)



Figure 5: Segment O
(Looking South at Jerrold Ave. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Connecting to Segment O, **Jerrold Avenue** between Barneveld Street and Bayshore is targeted for improvements as part of this project. Jerrold Avenue is 60-feet wide with one vehicle travel lane and one parking lane in the eastbound direction and two vehicle travel lanes and one parking lane in the westbound direction. The two westbound vehicle travel lanes become two right turn lanes from westbound Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

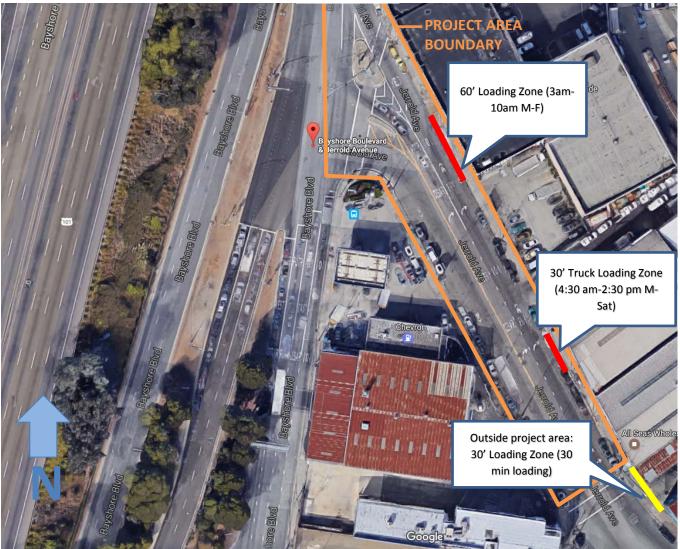


Figure 6: Existing Loading on Jerrold Avenue

There are currently two loading zones on the western side of Jerrold Avenue within the project area, and one loading zone immediately south of the project area (Figure 6). The two loading zones within the project area include one 60-foot 3am-10am loading zone, and one 30-foot 4:30am-2:30pm 6W Truck Loading Zone. Field observations during the peak loading period showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. It is difficult for the larger trucks to maneuver and pull up to the curb.

An existing conditions site plan for all of the areas targeted for improvements (Segments M, N, O and Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) is shown below in Figure 5 (Existing Conditions Site Plan) and included as an attachment to this memorandum.

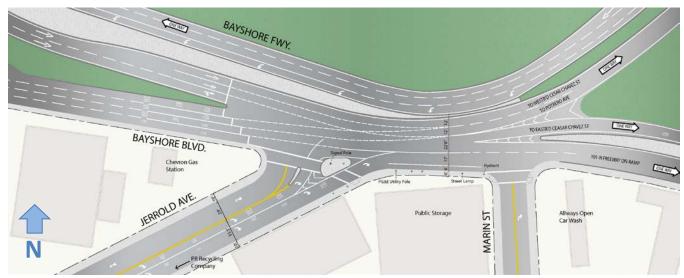


Figure 6: Existing Conditions Site Plan

PROPOSED PROJECT

The goal of this project is to make key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists by making safety improvements such as intersection and shared lane markings, widening existing bike lanes, and installing new bike lanes on Jerrold Avenue.

To address these issue, this project proposes paint-only improvements including the following:

1. Bike Lanes:

- Southbound Bayshore Boulevard bicyclists continue to share sidewalk, but northbound bike path widened from 6 feet to 12 feet (including a 6 foot lane with wide buffers) for shared/flexible uses.
- Install a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.
- o Install a bike lane adjacent to existing parking on eastbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

2. <u>Intersection Treatments:</u>

- Install continental crosswalks and elephant tracks¹ on Marin Street at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.
- o Install continental crosswalks and greenback sharrows on Jerrold Avenue at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.

¹ An "elephant track" is a roadway marking consisting of an 8-inch wide by 3-foot dashed line that is typically combined with green shared lane markings and placed adjacent to a pedestrian crosswalk to indicate that cyclists should cross adjacent to the pedestrian crosswalk.

o Install continental crosswalks on Jerrold Avenue and Barneveld Avenue at the intersection of the two streets.

3. Parking and Loading:

- To provide sufficient space for a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue, approximately 10 unmetered parking spaces and the two loading zones will be removed on westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue. Field observations during peak loading times showed no instances of loading taking place within the existing zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most vehicle travel lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. One-on-one outreach with property owners was conducted confirming that loading takes place in the right vehicle travel lane or within property driveways.
- To alleviate the proposed parking loss on the west side of Jerrold and create parking availability for area businesses, the establishment of a tow-away no stopping zone is proposed as part of this project. This zone would be located on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue and prohibit parking between the hours of 10pm to 2am. This would assist with prohibiting vehicles from parking overnight or for extended amounts of time and allow employees of the businesses on Jerrold to park during business hours.

A proposed illustrative site plan of the project area is shown below in Figure 7 (Proposed Site Plan) and is also included as an attachment to this memorandum.

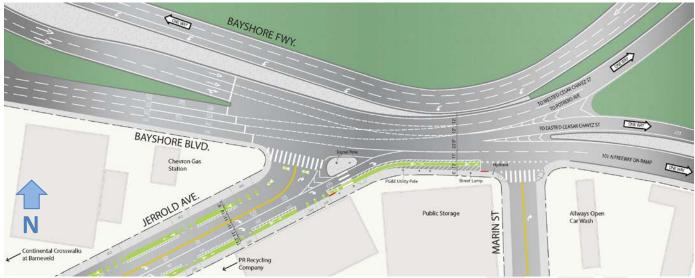


Figure 7: Proposed Site Plan

TRANSPORTATION TOPICS

Vehicle Miles Traveled

The proposed bicycling safety improvements, narrowing of traffic lanes, and parking removal constitute an Active Transportation Project and Other Minor Transportation Project in accordance with the Planning

Department's *Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis*, and are therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required.

Bicycles

The proposed project would improve the bike route on Jerrold Avenue, Bayshore Boulevard and the Hairball southeastern entry/shared path by installing a bike lane and adding paint improvements to the intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues. The project would create improved and more visible separation between motorists and bicyclists, thereby reducing the potential for conflicts and increasing safety.

Pedestrian

The proposed project would improve the pedestrian environment at intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues through the use of improved crosswalk and intersection markings. The project would not result in any new potential conflicts between pedestrians and other modes.

Transit

The 9 and 9R Muni bus runs on northbound Bayshore Boulevard within the project area and there is a bus stop on Bayshore Boulevard at Jerrold Avenue. This project would keep the vehicle lanes at current widths except for a portion of the right-most lane of northbound Bayshore Boulevard between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street, which would be narrowed from 17 feet to 11 feet. Muni buses do not travel in this lane as they merge to the left on Bayshore Boulevard to follow their route onto Potrero Avenue after the bus stop at Bayshore Boulevard and Jerrold Avenue. There would be no reduction in transit or mixed-flow travel lanes. Therefore, there would be no transit delay or impacts resulting from the project.

Loading

This project proposes removing one 60-foot loading zone and one 30-foot loading zone on westbound Jerrold Avenue near Bayshore Boulevard. Field observations (conducted on Thursday, February 23, 2017 from 8-9:30am) showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones and two instances of loading occurring in the right most vehicle travel lane directly adjacent the All Seas distribution warehouse (2390 Jerrold Avenue).

This observation as well as one-on-one outreach with property owners revealed that loading in this area typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb.

Emergency Access

None of the proposed improvements or changes to the roadway would affect emergency vehicle access.

Parking

This project proposes removing 10 unregulated/unmetered parking spaces on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

Excavation

The proposed project is a paint-only project and does not involve any excavation.

Construction

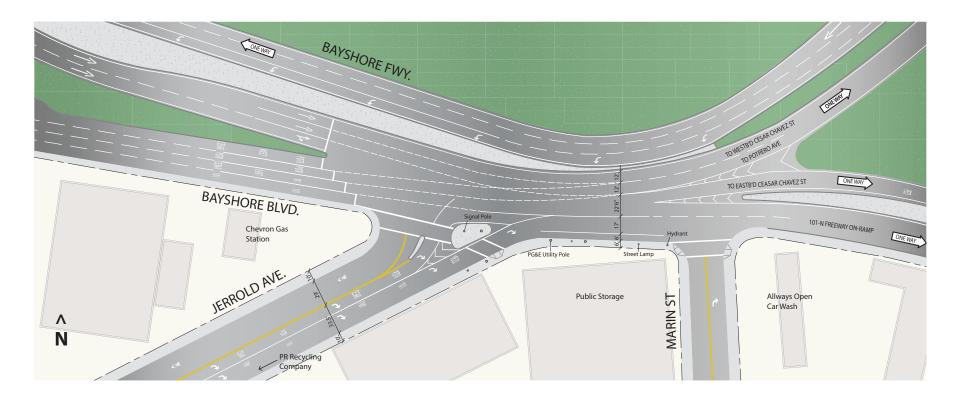
The construction scope of this project would be for SFMTA paint crews to remove the existing thermoplastic striping, where necessary, and to paint new thermoplastic and epoxy striping on the roadway. Estimated construction duration is a maximum of 15 days for the full corridor.

Approval Action

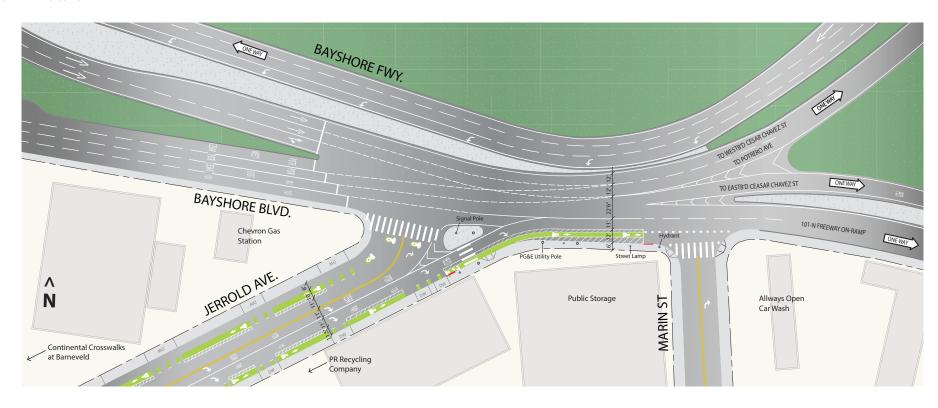
The first approval of the project committing the City to carrying out the proposed project would be the approval of the SFMTA Board of Directors.

ATTACHMENT

Proposed Plans/Drawings/Diagrams



ATTACHMENT 2: PROPOSED SITE PLAN



Anneal R	esponse Attachment B
SFMTA Board of Directors	Resolution No. 1170919-119
SE NO 2017-001775ENV SEMT	TA _ HAIDBALL INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS - SECMENTS M. N. AN

SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 1170919-119

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency is committed to making San Francisco a Transit First city that prioritizes non-private automobile transportation; and,

WHEREAS, the Caltrans project supports the City's Vision Zero Goal of eliminating all traffic fatalities in San Francisco by 2024; and,

WHEREAS, The segment of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard is a designated bicycle route on the San Francisco Bicycle Route Network that provides connections from the Bayview and Hunters Point to the Mission neighborhood and central San Francisco; and,

WHEREAS, Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if the following conditions are met: the alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer, the alternative criteria is adopted by resolution at a public meeting after public comment and proper notice, and the alternative criteria adheres to the guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway proposed as part of the project meets these three requirements; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway has been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation; and,

WHEREAS, The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle facility, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists; and,

WHEREAS, The project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials; and,

WHEREAS, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard can incorporate a protected bicycle lane northbound and a bicycle lane southbound without any impacts to traffic and without significant impacts to parking; and,

WHEREAS, The SFMTA project team contacted key stakeholders and met with businesses along the project corridor and held a public hearing to solicit feedback on areas of concern and answer questions about the project proposals; and, WHEREAS, SFMTA staff propose the following parking and traffic modifications associated with the Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

WHEREAS, The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities; Section 15304 provides an exemption for minor public alterations to land including the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way; and,

WHEREAS, On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-002118ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 and Section 15304; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31; and,

WHEREAS, A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference; and

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors approves the bicycle, parking and traffic modifications listed in items A-D above on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of September 19, 2017.

Secretary to the Board of Directors

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Roomer

Anneal Res	ponse Attachment C	
Appeal Nes	polise Attachment C	
Appeal Letter dated October	19, 2017 from Mary Miles	
Appeal Letter dated October	19, 2017 from Mary Miles	
Appeal Letter dated October	19, 2017 from Mary Miles	
Appeal Letter dated October	19, 2017 from Mary Miles	
Appeal Letter dated October	19, 2017 from Mary Miles	

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SAM FRANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25

FROM:

Mary Miles (SB #230395) Attorney at Law for Coalition for Adequate Review 364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 863-2310

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

DATE: October 19, 2017

NOTICE OF APPEAL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Coalition for Adequate Review hereby appeals the attached environmental determination of the San Francisco Planning Department, based on the "approval action" of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("MTA") Board, to the San Francisco Board of Supervisors.

Grounds for this appeal lie in the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") (Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§21000 et seq.) and other applicable statutes and regulations, as generally stated in the attached public comment to the MTA Board for its hearing on September 19, 2017.

Appellant will submit further briefing and comment on or before the scheduled hearing date on this appeal.

Attorney for Coalition for Adequate Review

cc: Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer, San Francisco Planning Department

ATTACHMENTS:

A: San Francisco Planning Department Case No. 2017-001775-ENV: "CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination -SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O"

B: Public Comment submitted to MTA Board, September 19, 2017

C: MTA Board Resolution No. 170919-119, September 19, 2017

EXHIBIT A



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

RECEIVED BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SAMERANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25

CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination By

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address Block/Lot(s)			o konstiguentalijo konstiguentalijo en sala sala sala sala sala sala sala sal	
SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O		n/a		
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated	
2017-0017	75ENV			4/28/2017
✓ Additio	n/	Demolition	New	Project Modification
Alterati		(requires HRER if over 50 years old)	Construction	(GO TO STEP 7)
Project desc	ription for	Planning Department approval.		
SFMTA proposes to implement paint-only modifications to the existing roadway on Bayshore Boulevard (between Jerrold Ave and Marin St) and Jerrold Ave (between Bayshore Blvd and Barneveld Ave). The project would include modifications to existing travel lanes to create a new bicycle lane on Jerrold Avenue. In addition the project would include installation of new high visibility crosswalks on Marin/Bayshore and Jerrold/Bayshore, as well as the removal of 10 parking spaces and 2 loading zones along westbound Jerrold Avenue.				
STEP 1: EX		CLASS BY PROJECT PLANNER	ombommer comercials in the firmer your fight disclosion disclosion desired devices and statements in an devi	образова достобра от води бълга въексичност от такое се дъобросс (1) б. с. то се состоя в текси от досто
Note: If nei	ther class	applies, an Environmental Evaluation App	olication is require	d.
\overline{V}	Class 1 – 1	Existing Facilities. Interior and exterior alt	erations; additions	under 10,000 sq. ft.; change
		rincipally permitted or with a CU.		
	Class 3 – New Construction. Up to three (3) new single-family residences or six (6) dwelling units			
in one building; commercial/office structures; utility extensions.				
Class_				
STEP 2: CEQA IMPACTS TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER				
		below, an Environmental Evaluation App	lication is required	
	Transpor	tation: Does the project create six (6) or mo	ore net new parking	spaces or residential units?
Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety				
(hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?				
Air Quality: Would the project add new sensitive receptors (specifically, schools, day care				
		hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior		-
spot? (refer to EP _ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Air Pollution Hot Spots)				
Hazardous Materials: Any project site that is located on the Maher map or is suspected of				
		g hazardous materials (based on a previou	-	
cleaners, or heavy manufacturing, or a site with underground storage tanks): Would the project involve soil disturbance of any amount or a change of use from industrial to		- -		
		ial/residential? If yes, should the applicant		
		on that has been submitted to the San Fran	_	-
.:		not need to be checked, but such documen	-	
		rumstances, this box must be checked and t		
		nental Application with a Phase I Environn		
		on with DPH. (refer to EP_ArcMap > Mahe		

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			Soil Disturbance/Modification: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater
]	than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-
			archeological sensitive area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive Area)
		_	Noise: Does the project include new noise-sensitive receptors (schools, day care facilities, hospitals,
_	_		residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) fronting roadways located in the noise mitigation
			area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Noise Mitigation Area)
	Г	1	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or on a lot with a
	<u> </u>	<u></u>	slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography)
			Slope = or > 20%:: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square
		-	footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or grading on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? <i>Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a</i>
]	previously developed portion of site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex
			Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or
			higher level CEQA document required
	-		Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more,
		٠	square footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work,
	_	,	grading –including excavation and fill on a landslide zone – as identified in the San Francisco
]	General Plan? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of the
			site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard
			Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or higher level CEQA document
			required
			Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square footage expansion greater than 1000 sq ft, shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or
		1	grading on a lot in a liquefaction zone? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously
		-	developed portion of the site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex
	-		Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required
		_	Serpentine Rock: Does the project involve any excavation on a property containing serpentine
	L	1	rock? Exceptions: do not check box for stairs, patio, deck, retaining walls, or fence work. (refer to
			EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Serpentine)
			are checked above, GO TO STEP 3. <u>If one or more boxes are checked above, an Environmental</u>
<u>Ev</u>	alua	ation 2	Application is required.
	\checkmark		Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project does not trigger any of the CEQA impacts listed above.
Co	mm	ents a	and Planner Signature (optional):
			vould not include the removal of any existing travel lanes on Jerrold Avenue or nearby streets. The
			ect would not include any features that would result in new traffic hazards.
Austronovi	en arconomic de de	~0.11100000	
			OPERTY STATUS – HISTORIC RESOURCE IPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER
			IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Parcel Information Map)
			tegory A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5.
			tegory B: Potential Historical Resource (over 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 4.
ſ	7	Ca	tegory C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 6.

STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

Cho	ale all that apply to the project
Cite	ck all that apply to the project.
빝	1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.
Ш	3. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.
	4. Window replacement that meets the Department's <i>Window Replacement Standards</i> . Does not include storefront window alterations.
	5. Garage work. A new opening that meets the <i>Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts</i> , and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.
	6. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
	7. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-ofway.
	8. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .
	9. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.
Not	e: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.
	Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6.
	EP 5: CEQA IMPACTS – ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW BE COMPLETED BY PRESERVATION PLANNER
Che	ck all that apply to the project.
	1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4.
	2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces.
	3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character.
	4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
	5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
	6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.
	7. Addition(s) , including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the <i>Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation</i> .

	8. Other work consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties (specify or add comments):
	9. Reclassification of property status to Category C. (<i>Requires approval by Senior Preservation</i>
	Planner/Preservation Coordinator)
	a. Per HRER dated: (attach HRER)
	b. Other (specify):
Not	e: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST check one box below.
	Further environmental review required. Based on the information provided, the project requires an
<u> </u>	Environmental Evaluation Application to be submitted. GO TO STEP 6.
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.
Com	ments (optional):
Prese	ervation Planner Signature:
	P 6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER
	Further environmental review required. Proposed project does not meet scopes of work in either (check
	all that apply):
	Step 2 – CEQA Impacts Step 5 – Advanced Historical Review
	STOP! Must file an Environmental Evaluation Application.
V	No further environmental review is required. The project is categorically exempt under CEQA.
	Planner Name: Christopher Espiritu
	Project Approval Action: DN: dc=org, dc=sfgov, dc=cityplanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=CityPl
-	*If Discretionary Review before the Planning
	Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the
	project.
	Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code.
	In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination
	can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

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STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address (if different that	n front page)	front page)	
Case No.	Permit No.	Plans Dated	
Exempt Project Approval	Exempt Project Approval Date	New Approval Required	
Action			
Modified Project Description:	<u> </u>		
· · ·			
DETERMINATION IF PROJECT CO	NSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFIC	CATION	
Compared to the approved proj			
*	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;		
Result in the change of Sections 311 or 312;	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;		
Result in demolition a	as defined under Planning Code Se	ection 317 or 19005(f)?	
1 1	ing presented that was not known		
at the time of the original determination, that shows the originally approved project may no longer qualify for the exemption?			
	If at least one of the above boxes is checked, further environmental review is required CATEX FOR		
1.37		Ton weeks residential visitation and the second sec	
DETERMINATION OF NO SUBSTANTI			
1 1	cation would not result in any of the diffications are categorically exempt under	<u> </u>	
approval and no additional environment	ntal review is required. This determination iled to the applicant, City approving entiti	on shall be posted on the Planning	
Planner Name:	Signature or Stamp:		

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PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

EXHIBIT B

Mary Miles

From:

Mary Miles <page364@earthlink.net>

Sent:

Tuesday, September 19, 2017 10:15 AM

To:

Edward Reiskin (ed.reiskin@sfmta.com); Boomer, Roberta; 'MTABoard@sfmta.com'

Subject:

PUBLIC COMMENT, MTAB AGENDA ITEM 12

Categories:

Red Category

FROM:

Mary Miles (SB #230395) Attorney at Law 364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 863-2310

TO:

Edward Reiskin, Director Roberta Boomer, Secretary, and Members of the Board of Directors San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("MTA") 1 S. Van Ness Ave., 7th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

DATE: September 19, 2017

PUBLIC COMMENT, AGENDA ITEM 12 ["PARKING AND TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS ON JERROLD AVENUE BETWEEN BARNEVELD AVENUE AND BAYSHORE BOULEVARD AND ON THE WEST SIDE OF BARNEVELD AVENUE BETWEEN JERROLD AVENUE AND MCKINNON AVENUE"]

This is public comment on Agenda Item 12 of the September 19, 2017 MTA Board meeting. Please provide a copy of this Comment to all MTA Board Members and place a copy in all applicable MTA files. As noted on the MTA Board Agenda, a determination under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") is subject to appeal to the Board of Supervisors within 30 days.

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts under CEQA, including impacts on transportation, transit, air quality, greenhouse gas (GHG), safety, and parking. Therefore, the claimed "categorical exemption" does not apply. Further, the Hairball Project proposes revisions to City's 2009 EIR on the San Francisco Bicycle Plan and several subsequent addenda to that plan, affecting the Project description, mitigation, and alternatives analyses. The agency may not exempt this or any project from environmental review by segmenting it or by post hoc revisions. Rather, the agency must follow the procedures set forth in CEQA for review of the whole Project.

MTA did not timely provide the public environmental documents, including its claimed Categorical Exemption or any supporting documents on this "new" Project. The public was therefore denied the right and opportunity for meaningful comment and input on it.

Along with the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, a private lobbying organization, MTA created the "Hairball Project" that it now demands should be fixed, after previously insisting on creating bicycle lanes across the heavily used Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard traffic corridors and freeway on- and off-ramps to I-101 and I-289. Those corridors serve major freight and other transportation uses and access to major

freeways. MTA's convoluted design eliminated traffic lanes, turning, and hundreds of parking spaces on those corridors and across freeway ramps in the heavy, industrial traffic stream of the "Hairball Project" area, causing traffic congestion, dangerous lane changes at and near freeway on and off ramps, and parking and loading zone removal in industrial, business, and residential areas, endangering the public safety of thousands of travelers and freight operations to install private bicycle lanes for fewer than 100 bicyclists.

When adopted on June 26, 2009, the Project segment (here called "Segments M, N, and O") was called "Project 5-5: Cesar Chavez Street Bicycle Lanes, I-280 to US 101 Freeways." (See San Francisco Bicycle Plan Draft Environmental Impact Report, November 2008, Post-Judgment Administrative Record [PJR], SF Super. Court Case No. CPF-05-505509, 17:8547, 8693-8696, 8923, 8945-8947; 18:9267-9273, 9333-9335,9447. See also, DEIR Projects 5-4 and 5-6, PJR 17: 8693-8696, 8923, 8942-8949,18:9252-9295, 9329-9354, 9443-9450.) Although the EIR identified significant impacts, the City refused to mitigate them in findings adopted August 4, 2009. City's findings and failure to mitigate those impacts, including in the Hairball Project area, were challenged in litigation and were invalidated along with the Project approval by the First District Court of Appeal, and remain in dispute in further proceedings. (See *Anderson v. City and County of San Francisco*, Case No. A129910, Unpub.Op., Jan. 14, 2013, p.83.) In spite of the pending litigation, City's Planning Department issued an "Addendum to Environmental Impact Report" on the 5-5 segment on February 29, 2012. City also issued several Addenda on the Cesar Chavez and Bayshore Projects that it now claims are part of its Hairball Project.

MTA now coins a new name for the mess it created: "The Hairball," a term defined in Webster as "a compact mass of hair formed in the stomach esp. of a shedding animal (as a cat) that that cleanses its coat by licking." In fact, the dangerous mess on Cesar Chavez was created by and for the MTA and the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition beginning with the 2009 Bicycle Plan. MTA now regurgitates that mess as the "Hairball Intersection Improvement Project," illegally segmenting that Project and its environmental review into at least 15 pieces to avoid describing the whole "Hairball Project."

City's illegal strategy avoids its duty to identify and mitigate the significant direct, indirect and cumulative impacts of the Hairball Project, which requires an environmental impact report under CEQA, since it will now have more impacts of greater severity on traffic, transit, parking, air quality, GHG, and public safety. The Hairball Improvement Project is not categorically exempt and may not lawfully be segmented. City has already admitted that this Project, as originally implemented and as revised, has significant environmental impacts. Moreover, City failed to make legally adequate findings to mitigate the significant impacts of the Bicycle Plan Project, including the "Hairball Project," as held by the First District Court of Appeal. City may not under these circumstances declare the Project or any part of it categorically exempt.

1. FAILURE TO ACCURATELY DESCRIBE THE WHOLE PROJECT, STATE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND IDENTIFY AND MITIGATE THE PROJECT'S SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS VIOLATES CEQA

MTA's "Hairball Project" is not accurately described, and MTA has not provided any CEQA documents before this MTA Board hearing. There is no way to tell from the few documents in the MTA Board's packet what the full Project proposes, its impacts, or what mitigation measures are proposed. The public has received *no* accurate information on this Project. There is no evidence that any City agency has as required conducted a preliminary review or initial study of the Hairball Project.

The only map of the Hairball Project in MTA's materials show that this Project includes a large area of major corridors, including Cesar Chavez Street, Potrero Street, Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Street, Highway 101, and ramps to and from Highways 101 and 280. The staff report only describes "near-term improvements" on Segments "L, M, and O," which propose removing parking and industrial loading zones on Jerrold and Barneveld Avenue, and all overnight parking on Jerrold Avenue, which has nothing to do with creating "comfortable" condition for bicyclists.

The Staff Report claims that Jerrold Avenue "is a challenging location to bicycle due to the high volume of vehicles and specifically large trucks that use this roadway, especially during the morning hours (approximately

700 vehicles on northbound Jerrold during the two hour morning peak period). These vehicle movements conflict with the large number of cyclists who also use this section of Jerrold Avenue during both the morning and evening peak commute hours (approximately 78 cyclists in the two hour morning peak and 70 cyclists in the evening peak period." (Staff Report, p. 3.) There is no supporting evidence for those alleged numbers, since no traffic studies or vehicle counts are provided for the entire Hairball Project area, including the dates, times, and who took the counts, or why 70 cyclists over a two-hour period is considered a "large number." Without that basic information, the existing conditions in the Project area cannot be accurately described.

There is no accurate description of the Hairball Project or any analysis of the cumulative impacts of the entire Project. City may not as proposed piecemeal the Hairball Project into small segments to avoid accurate identification of the cumulative and direct impacts of the whole Project, since that segmentation violates CEQA. The Hairball Project clearly requires an environmental impact report.

2. THE PROJECT IS NOT CATEGORICALLY EXEMPT FROM CEQA

The City did not make publicly available, timely provide, or post a copy of the alleged "categorical exemption" of the proposed Project or any segment of it, precluding meaningful public comment on it. As a legal matter, City cannot lawfully piecemeal exemptions to avoid environmental review under CEQA.

The Hairball Project is not exempt as claimed (Staff Report, p. 7) under 14 Cal. Code Regs. ("Guidelines") §15301, because it will have significant direct and cumulative impacts on the environment, as already admitted in the Bicycle Plan DEIR and Addenda and in City's findings. That admission precludes any categorical exemption.

The Hairball Project does not fit within the section 15301 exemption "minor alteration" of existing facilities, since it changes the existing street configurations. Making overnight parking illegal in the area is another reason this Project does not fit within that exemption. Other plans that are undisclosed for the other segments of the Hairball Project also preclude claiming such an exemption. City's segmented "categorical exemption," including the Exemption here, is illegal piecemealing under CEQA, since they deliberately evade analyzing and mitigating the cumulative impacts of the Hairball Project.

There is no analysis in available documents of the exceptions that may apply under Guidelines §15300.2, including the cumulative impacts exception and the unusual circumstances exception. The Hairball Project will have cumulative impacts under Guidelines §15300.2, since it clearly proposes many "successive project(s) of the same type, in the same place, over time." Further, in this instance, the large traffic volumes and proposed reduction in parking and loading capacity constitute unusual circumstances. (Guidelines, §15300.2(c).)

This Project also has "possible environmental effects" that are "cumulatively considerable," meaning "that the incremental effects of an individual project are significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects," which as noted preclude any exemption from CEQA. (Guidelines §15065(a)(3).) The City's past, present, and planned future incursions onto City's roadways to impede vehicle transportation, remove parking, force turns, and otherwise adversely impact traffic include past extensive transportation impacts due to the Bicycle Plan, "Sustainable Streets," "Vision Zero," and other Projects that, combined with the present Project, have potentially significant cumulative impacts on transportation, air quality, GHG, energy consumption, parking, and public safety that cannot be considered in isolation.

3. CITY'S FAILURE TO ACCURATELY ANALYZE THE PROJECT'S IMPACTS IS NOT EXCUSED BY SECTION 21099 OF CEOA

If City excuses itself from analyzing the Hairball Project's impacts by invoking a document issued by the Planning Department, claiming "The proposed bicycling safety improvement project and reduction in through lanes is considered an Active Transportation Project, in accordance with CEQA Section 21099 - Modernization of Transportation Analysis, and is therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required." Public Resources Code section 21099 does not allow City to excuse itself from analyzing

transportation and other impacts. Further, the statute only states that the state Office of Planning and Research may certify and adopt such Guidelines, which *has not yet happened*. City has no authority to create its own version of CEQA Guidelines based on MTA's anti-car wish list.

4. FAILURE TO PROVIDE PUBLIC NOTICE AND INFORMATION ON THE PROJECT VIOLATES CEQA'S REQUIREMENT OF INFORMED PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN THE DECISIONMAKING PROCESS

There has been no information or outreach to the general public on the Hairball Project by the City. It is clear from the Staff Report that MTA only sought "feedback" from Project proponents, including Supervisor Hillary Ronen, the "San Francisco Bike Coalition," and MTA's own staff. ("Stakeholder Engagement," p. 6.) The public has been completely left out of that alleged "stakeholder engagement."

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts on all users of the affected corridors, not just bicyclists, Ms. Ronen, and MTA staff. Because the Project has significant impacts on freeway access, it is of regional and statewide importance. MTA claims with no supporting evidence that it contacted "merchants along Jerrold Avenue to understand parking loss impacts and to develop a balanced solution." In fact, the Project ignores all of the Project's significant impacts on the vast majority of travelers, residents and businesses in the area. (Staff Memo, p. 6.)

More seriously, the public has been deprived of the opportunity for meaningful input on the Hairball Project, which violates CEQA's basic purpose and mandate.

CONCLUSION

The Hairball Project is not exempt from CEQA. The Hairball Project has potentially significant direct and cumulative impacts on transportation, transit, parking, air quality, GHG, public safety, including emergency vehicle movement, noise, and human impacts that must be identified, analyzed, and mitigated under CEQA. The segmentation of the Hairball Project into more than 15 separate parts is illegal piecemealing. The whole Hairball Project must be accurately described, with its environmental impacts identified in an EIR, and those impacts must be mitigated in legally adequate findings under CEQA before this Project can be approved. Further the failure to make environmental documents and other information on the Hairball Project publicly available violates CEQA's requirements.

For these reasons, the proposed Project is not exempt, and it has potentially significant impacts that must be analyzed and mitigated under CEQA. The MTA Board must therefore reject the proposed approval of the Project at Item 12.

Mary Miles

EXHIBIT C

RECEIVED BUARD OF SUPERVISORS SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO 2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 25 MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 1170919-119

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency is committed to making San Francisco a Transit First city that prioritizes non-private automobile transportation; and,

WHEREAS, the Caltrans project supports the City's Vision Zero Goal of eliminating all traffic fatalities in San Francisco by 2024; and,

WHEREAS, The segment of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard is a designated bicycle route on the San Francisco Bicycle Route Network that provides connections from the Bayview and Hunters Point to the Mission neighborhood and central San Francisco; and,

WHEREAS, Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if the following conditions are met: the alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer, the alternative criteria is adopted by resolution at a public meeting after public comment and proper notice, and the alternative criteria adheres to the guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway proposed as part of the project meets these three requirements; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway has been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation; and,

WHEREAS, The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle facility, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists; and,

WHEREAS, The project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials; and,

WHEREAS, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard can incorporate a protected bicycle lane northbound and a bicycle lane southbound without any impacts to traffic and without significant impacts to parking; and,

WHEREAS, The SFMTA project team contacted key stakeholders and met with businesses along the project corridor and held a public hearing to solicit feedback on areas of concern and answer questions about the project proposals; and, WHEREAS, SFMTA staff propose the following parking and traffic modifications associated with the Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

WHEREAS, The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities; Section 15304 provides an exemption for minor public alterations to land including the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way; and,

WHEREAS, On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-002118ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 and Section 15304; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31; and,

WHEREAS, A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference; and

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors approves the bicycle, parking and traffic modifications listed in items A-D above on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of September 19, 2017.

Resource
Secretary to the Board of Directors

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

+ RECEIVED
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO

2017 OCT 19 PM 2: 26

ay Bf

MARY ANN MILES
364 PAGE ST APT 36
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-5624

PAY TO THE ORDER OF January Variation \$ 597.00

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Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
California wells fargo com

HAIRBALL PROSECT
FOR APREAL CATEX

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BUARD OF SUPERVISORS SAN FRANCISCO

CASE NUMBER: For Staff Use only

APPLICATION FOR 2817 0CT 19 PM 2: 26

A. - Hand and Designat Information

I have a factoristic to the contract of the said that the con-

Board of Supervisor s Appeal Fee Waiver

APPLICANT ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE: (415) 863-2310
364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102	EMAIL: page364@earthlink.net
NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION NAME:	
Coalition for Adequate Review	
NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE
PLEASE SEE ABOVE	() PLEASE SEE ABOVE
PROJECT ADDRESS: Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Ave., Barneveld Av	re., Hwys. 101 and 280, and vicinity
	LDING PERMIT APPLICATION NO.: DATE OF DECISION (IF ANY): 9/19/17 (MTA)

2. Required Criteria for Granting Waiver

(All must be satisfied; please attach supporting materials)

- 🔀 The appellant is a member of the stated neighborhood organization and is authorized to file the appeal on behalf of the organization. Authorization may take the form of a letter signed by the President or other officer of the organization.
- 🔀 The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that is registered with the Planning Department and that appears on the Department's current list of neighborhood organizations.
- The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that has been in existence at least 24 months prior to the submittal of the fee waiver request. Existence may be established by evidence including that relating to the organization's activities at that time such as meeting minutes, resolutions, publications and rosters.
- The appellant is appealing on behalf of a neighborhood organization that is affected by the project and that is the subject of the appeal.

For Department Use Only Application received by Planning Department:			
Ву:		Date:	
Submission Checklist:			
☐ APPELLANT AUTHORIZATIO ☐ CURRENT ORGANIZATIO ☐ MINIMUM ORGANIZATION	N REGISTRATION N AGE		
☐ PROJECT IMPACT ON OF ☐ WAIVER APPROVED	GANIZATION WAIVER DENIED		



FOR MORE INFORMATION: Call or visit the San Francisco Planning Department

Central Reception

1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 San Francisco CA 94103-2479

TEL: **415.558.6378** FAX: **415.558.6409**

WEB: http://www.sfplanning.org

Planning Information Center (PIC)

1660 Mission Street, First Floor San Francisco CA 94103-2479

TEL: 415.558.6377

Planning staff are available by phone and at the PIC counter. No appointment is necessary. FROM:

Rob Anderson, Director Coalition for Adequate Review

TO:

San Francisco Planning Department 1650 Mission Street San Francisco, CA 94103

RE: Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver Appeal of "Hairball" Project, Planning Department No. 2017-001775ENV

DATE: October 18, 2017

This will advise that Mary Miles, Attorney at Law, is authorized to represent Coalition for Adequate Review in the Appeal of the "Hairball" Project noted above to the Board of Supervisors.

Coalition for Adequate Review requests a fee waiver for filing this Appeal to the Board of Supervisors, and attaches a copy of the Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver form.

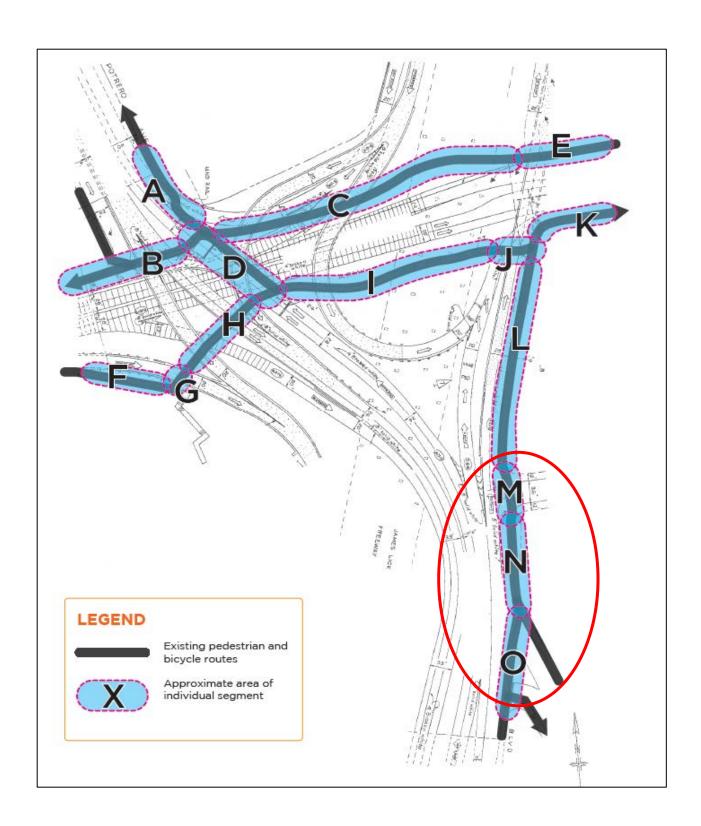
Coalition for Adequate Review has existed for more than 24 months and is on the Planning Department's list of neighborhood organizations. Coalition for Adequate Review uses San Francisco streets, including 13th Street, and is affected by the impacts of the proposed Project that is the subject of this appeal. Additionally, Coalition applied for and received a fee waiver on another appeal to the Board of Supervisors in May, 2017, and believe that waiver remains effective.

Therefore, Coalition for Adequate Review respectfully asks that the Planning Department grant the attached Application for Board of Supervisors Appeal Fee Waiver. Thank you.

Rob Anderson

Muller

Appeal Response Attachment D
Hairball Intersection Improvement Map



Appeal Response Attachment	E
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Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

415.558.6409

415.558.6377

Reception: 415.558.6378

Planning Information:

Date of Preparation:

Case No.:

Project Title:

Zoning: xxx District Name

xxx Special Use District

xxx Height and Bulk District

Block/Lot:

Lot Size: xx square feet [xx acres]

Project Sponsor: [Name of company, agency, or organization]

Staff Contact: [EP staff name, phone]

[xxx.xxx@sfgov.org]

This checklist is in response to California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis for Transit Oriented Projects and Planning Commission Resolution 19579. CEQA Section 21099 allows for a determination that aesthetic and parking effects of a project need not be considered significant environmental effects. Planning Commission Resolution 19579 replaces automobile delay with vehicle miles traveled analysis. This checklist provides screening criteria for determining when detailed VMT analysis is required for a project.

Aesthetics and Parking

In accordance with California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis for Transit Oriented Projects – aesthetics and parking shall not be considered in determining if a project has the potential to result in significant environmental effects, provided the project meets all of the following three criteria (Attachment A sets forth the definitions of the terms below):

- a) The project is residential, mixed-use residential, or an employment center; and
- b) The project is on an infill site; and
- c) The project is in a transit priority area.

As demonstrated by Table 1 on page 3, the proposed project described below satisfies each of the above criteria and therefore qualifies as a transit-oriented infill project subject to CEQA Section 21099.

Automobile Delay and Vehicle Miles Traveled

In addition, CEQA Section 21099(b)(1) requires that the State Office of Planning and Research (OPR) develop revisions to the CEQA Guidelines establishing criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects that "promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks, and a diversity of land uses." CEQA Section 21099(b)(2) states that upon certification of the revised guidelines for determining transportation impacts pursuant to Section 21099(b)(1), automobile delay, as described solely by level of service or similar

measures of vehicular capacity or traffic congestion shall not be considered a significant impact on the environment under CEQA.

In January 2016, OPR published for public review and comment a <u>Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA</u> <u>Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA</u> recommending that transportation impacts for projects be measured using a vehicle miles traveled (VMT) metric. On March 3, 2016, in anticipation of the future certification of the revised CEQA Guidelines, the San Francisco Planning Commission adopted OPR's recommendation to use the VMT metric instead of automobile delay to evaluate the transportation impacts of projects. (Note: the VMT metric does not apply to the analysis of project impacts on non-automobile modes of travel such as riding transit, walking, and bicycling.)

The Planning Department has identified screening criteria to identify types, characteristics, or locations of projects and a list of transportation project types that would not result in significant transportation impacts under the VMT metric. These screening criteria are consistent with CEQA Section 21099 and the screening criteria recommended by OPR. If a project would generate VMT, but meets the screening criteria in Table 2a or 2b or falls within the types of transportation projects listed in Table 3, then a detailed VMT analysis is not required for a project.

Project Description:

TI	Table 1: Transit-Oriented Infill Project Eligibility Checklist he project must meet all three criteria below for aesthetics and parking to be excluded from CEQA review. See Attachment A for definitions and other terms.
\boxtimes	Criterion 1. Does the project meet the definition of a residential, mixed-use residential, or "employment center" and
\boxtimes	Criterion 2. Is the proposed project located on an "infill site" and
\boxtimes	Criterion 3. Is the proposed project site located within a "transit priority area?" Map: See Attachment B.

¹ See **Attachment A** for definitions.

Table 2a: Vehicle Miles Traveled Analysis - Screening Criterion

If a project meets the screening criterion listed below, then a detailed <u>VMT</u> analysis is not required.² See Attachment A for definitions and other terms.

 \times

Criterion 1. Is the proposed project site located within the "map-based screening" area?

Table 2b: Vehicle Miles Traveled Analysis – Additional Screening Criteria Identify whether a projects meets any of the additional screening criteria. See Attachment A for definitions and other terms. Criterion 1. Does the proposed project qualify as a "small project"? or Criterion 2. Proximity to Transit Stations (must meet all four sub-criteria) Is the proposed project site located within a half mile of an existing major transit stop; and Would the proposed project have a floor area ratio of greater than or equal to 0.75, and Would the project result in an amount of parking that is less than or equal to that required or allowed by the Planning Code without a conditional use authorization, and Is the proposed project consistent with the Sustainable Communities Strategy?³

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PLANNING DEPARTMENT
4

² For projects that propose multiple land use types (e.g, residential, office, retail, etc.), each land use type must qualify under the three screening criterion in Table 2a.

³ A project is apprint to the control of the contro

³ A project is considered to be inconsistent with the Sustainable Communities Strategy if development is located outside of areas contemplated for development in the Sustainable Communities Strategy.

	Table 3: Induce Automobile Travel Analysis project contains transportation elements and fits within the general types of projects described below,
\boxtimes	then a detailed VMT analysis is not required. See Attachment A for definitions and other terms. Project Type 1. Does the proposed project qualify as an "active transportation, rightsizing (aka Road Diet) and Transit Project"? or
\boxtimes	Project Type 2. Does the proposed project qualify as an "other minor transportation project"?

Rev. 06.20.17

ATTACHMENT A DEFINITIONS

Active transportation, rightsizing (aka road diet) and transit project means any of the following:

- Reduction in number of through lanes
- Infrastructure projects, including safety and accessibility improvements, for people walking or bicycling
- Installation or reconfiguration of traffic calming devices
- Creation of new or expansion of existing transit service
- Creation of new or conversion of existing general purpose lanes (including vehicle ramps) to transit lanes
- Creation of new or addition of roadway capacity on local or collector streets, provided the project also substantially improves conditions for people walking, bicycling, and, if applicable, riding transit (e.g., by improving neighborhood connectivity or improving safety)

Employment center project means a project located on property zoned for commercial uses with a floor area ratio of no less than 0.75 and that is located within a transit priority area. If the underlying zoning for the project site allows for commercial uses and the project meets the rest of the criteria in this definition, then the project may be considered an employment center.

Floor area ratio means the ratio of gross building area of the development, excluding structured parking areas, proposed for the project divided by the net lot area.

Gross building area means the sum of all finished areas of all floors of a building included within the outside faces of its exterior walls.

Infill opportunity zone means a specific area designated by a city or county, pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 65088.4, that is within one-half mile of a major transit stop or high-quality transit corridor included in a regional transportation plan. A major transit stop is as defined in Section 21064.3 of the Public Resources Code, except that, for purposes of this section, it also includes major transit stops that are included in the applicable regional transportation plan. For purposes of this section, a high-quality transit corridor means a corridor with fixed route bus service with service intervals no longer than 15 minutes during peak commute hours.

Infill site means a lot located within an urban area that has been previously developed, or on a vacant site where at least 75 percent of the perimeter of the site adjoins, or is separated only by an improved public right-of-way from, parcels that are developed with qualified urban uses.

Lot means all parcels utilized by the project.

Major transit stop is defined in CEQA Section 21064.3 as a rail transit station, a ferry terminal served by either a bus or rail transit service, or the intersection of two or more major bus routes with a frequency of service interval of 15 minutes or less during the morning and afternoon peak commute periods.

Map-based screening means the proposed project site is located within a transportation analysis zone that exhibits low levels of VMT.

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Net lot area means the area of a lot, excluding publicly dedicated land and private streets that meet local standards, and other public use areas as determined by the local land use authority.

Other land use projects mean a land use other than residential, retail, and office. OPR has not provided proposed screening criteria or thresholds of significance for other types of land uses, other than those that meet the definition of a small project.

- Tourist hotels, student housing, single room occupancy hotels, and group housing land uses should be treated as residential for screening and analysis.
- Childcare, K-12 schools, post-secondary institutional (non-student housing), Medical, and production, distribution, and repair (PDR) land uses should be treated as office for screening and analysis.
- Grocery stores, local-serving entertainment venues, religious institutions, parks, and athletic clubs land uses should be treated as retail for screening and analysis.
- Public services (e.g., police, fire stations, public utilities) and do not generally generate VMT. Instead, these land uses are often built in response to development from other land uses (e.g., office and residential). Therefore, these land uses can be presumed to have less-than-significant impacts on VMT. However, this presumption would not apply if the project is sited in a location that would require employees or visitors to travel substantial distances and the project is not located within ½ mile of a major transit stop or does not meet the small project screening criterion.
- Event centers and regional-serving entertainment venues would most likely require a detailed VMT analysis. Therefore, no screening criterion is applicable.

Other minor transportation project means any of the following:

- Rehabilitation, maintenance, replacement and repair projects designed to improve the condition
 of existing transportation assets (e.g., highways, roadways, bridges, culverts, tunnels, transit
 systems, and bicycle and pedestrian facilities) and that do not add additional motor vehicle
 capacity
- Installation, removal, or reconfiguration of traffic lanes that are not for through traffic, such as left, right, and U-turn pockets, or emergency breakdown lanes that are not used as through lanes
- Conversion of existing general purpose lanes (including vehicle ramps) to managed lanes (e.g., HOV, HOT, or trucks) or transit lanes
- Grade separation to separate vehicles from rail, transit, pedestrians or bicycles, or to replace a lane in order to separate preferential vehicles (e.g. HOV, HOT, or trucks) from general vehicles
- Installation, removal, or reconfiguration of traffic control devices, including Transit Signal Priority (TSP) features
- Traffic metering systems
- Timing of signals to optimize vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian flow on local or collector streets
- Installation of roundabouts
- Adoption of or increase in tolls
- Conversion of streets from one-way to two-way operation with no net increase in number of traffic lanes
- Addition of transportation wayfinding signage
- Removal of off- or on-street parking spaces

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

 Adoption, removal, or modification of on-street parking or loading restrictions (including meters, time limits, accessible spaces, and preferential/reserved parking permit programs)

Small project means the project would not result in over 100 vehicle trips per day.

Transit priority area means an area within one-half mile of a major transit stop that is existing or planned, if the planned stop is scheduled to be completed within the planning horizon included in a Transportation Improvement Program adopted pursuant to Section 450.216 or 450.322 of Title 23 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Vehicle miles traveled measures the amount and distance that a project might cause people to drive and accounts for the number of passengers per vehicle.

Case No. 2014.XXXXE
Project Name or Address

ATTACHMENT B MAJOR TRANSIT STOPS

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)
To: page364@earthlink.net

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Rahaim, John (CPC); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson,

<u>Lisa (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Sider, Dan (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher (CPC); Reiskin, Ed (MTA); Martinsen, Janet (MTA); Breen, Kate (MTA); Auyoung, Dillon (MTA); Leng, Thalia (MTA); Contreras, Andrea (MTA); Boomer, Roberta (MTA); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa</u>

(BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Subject: APPEAL BRIEF AND LETTER REQUESTING FOR RECUSAL: Exemption Determination Appeal - Proposed San

Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project - Appeal Hearing on

November 28, 2017

Date: Friday, November 17, 2017 3:57:55 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

Good afternoon.

Please find linked below one appeal brief and a letter requesting for recusal received by the Office of the Clerk of the Board from the Appellant, Mary Miles for Coalition for Adequate Review, regarding the Categorical Exemption Determination Appeal for the proposed SFMTA Hairball Intersection Improvement Project.

<u>Appellant Brief - November 17, 2017</u>

Appellant Letter - November 17, 2017

The hearing for this matter is scheduled for a 3:00 p.m. special order before the Board on November 28, 2017.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our <u>Legislative Research Center</u> by following the link below:

Board of Supervisors File No. 171147

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click <u>here</u> to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

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including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

FROM:

Mary Miles (SB #230395) Attorney at Law for Coalition for Adequate Review 364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 863-2310

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk, and San Francisco Board of Supervisors Room 244 City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

DATE: November 17, 2017

RE: BOS File No. 171147

APPELLANT'S OPENING BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF APPEAL TO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF CEQA DETERMINATION AND APPROVAL OF "HAIRBALL INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT"

This Appeal is of the San Francisco Planning Department's undated environmental determination at File No. 2017-001775-ENV on the "Hairball" Project," ("Project") approved by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("MTA") Board of Directors on September 19, 2017, in violation of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") (Pub. Res. Code §§21000 et seq.) The categorical exemption is attached as **Exhibit A.**

PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS

First, Appellant objects to any participation in this appeal by Supervisor Hillary Ronen due to her predisposition to deny this appeal and her public promotion of the Project. CEQA requires that this Board determine any CEQA appeal objectively. Ms. Ronen has already publicly stated that she is committed to approving the Project and funding it. (Rachel Swan, "S.F. Supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball," San Francisco Chronicle, 8/4/17 [Ronen "has refused to let cost projections get in the way of her vision. 'I don't want us to be limited by finances,' she said. 'I want to think big.'" (copy attached hereto as **Exhibit F**)]; San Francisco Examiner, 10/1/17 ["Ronen stated "'We're going to do everything we can to block off and make it impossible to camp in the Hairball." (copy attached hereto as **Exhibit G**)].)

Such predisposition violates CEQA's requirement of objective decisionmaking by public agencies. (See, e.g., Citizens for Ceres v. Superior Court (2013) 217 Cal.App.4th 889, 917-919 [agency must be objectively conduct environmental review before approving a project]; Save Tara v. City of West Hollywood (2008) 45 Cal. 4th 116, 132-134 [CEQA forbids an agency's commitment to a project before environmental review has been completed]; Laurel Heights Improvement Assn. v. Regents of University of California (1988) 47 Cal.3d 376, 394.) Further, Ms. Ronen has also publicly stated that both she and her husband have a personal interest in the

Hairball Project. Ms. Ronen should therefore recuse herself from participating in this Appeal and any other determination on the "Hairball" Project.

Appellant also objects to MTA's hearing on this Project without making the environmental determination publicly available before the MTA Board heard this item on September 19, 2017. The Categorical Exemption document was only made available after a Sunshine Ordinance /Public Records Act Request. MTA's failure to make publicly available the environmental documents before its hearing violate San Francisco Administrative Code §67.7(d), which prohibits any action or decision on an item not on the agenda; and CEQA, which requires City to consider environmental determinations before approval and to make them publicly available. (e.g., Laurel Heights, supra, 47 Cal.3d 376, 394, 404-405.) Since MTA did not timely provide the public environmental documents, including its claimed Categorical Exemption or any supporting documents on this Project, the public was denied the right and opportunity for meaningful comment and input on it. (Id.)

Appellant further objects to Board of Supervisors procedures requiring comment eleven days in advance of the Board's hearing. CEQA allows public comment up to and including the date of the hearing or final disposition of the Board. (e.g., Bakersfield Citizens for Local Control v. City of Bakersfield ["Bakersfield"] (2004) 124 Cal. App. 4th 1184, 1199-1202; 14 Cal. Code Regs. ["Guidelines"] §15202(b); PRC §21177(a).) The right to public comment is undermined by the Board's time constraints, which deprive Appellant and the public of the right to be heard and to fully set forth their position.

Moreover, Appellant is not subject to "exhaustion" requirements in future proceedings where the lead agency does not conduct public proceedings before its environmental determination. (*Ibid.*; see also, *Azusa Land Reclamation Co. v. Main San Gabriel Basin Watermaster* ["Azusa"] (1997) 52 Cal.App.4th 1165, 1209-1210.) As demonstrated by this Board's consistent denials of every public CEQA appeal, exhaustion of administrative remedies is not required, because appeal is futile. Appellant also objects to the requirement to pay \$597 in advance to file an appeal to this Board, which is prohibitively expensive and beyond the means of many people. An appeal should be allowed regardless of payment, and payment should not be required pending the decision on an application for fee waiver.

INTRODUCTION

Since the "Hairball" Project clearly has significant direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts adversely affecting transportation, air quality, GHG, public safety (including emergency vehicle access), parking, energy consumption, and human impacts, it is not exempt under CEQA. (See, e.g., PRC §§21001; 21083.05, 21084(e); Guidelines §§15064, 15065(a).) The 2009 Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") on City's Bicycle Plan Project identified 27 significant

¹ See Rachel Swan, "S.F. Supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball," San Francisco Chronicle, 8/4/17 (Ronen's husband "regularly bikes across the Hairball on his way to work in the public defenders office" [Exhibit F]); Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez, "New plan to ban encampments at 'Hairball' emerges as homeless and cyclists clash," San Francisco Examiner, 10/1/17 ("Ronen drives past the Hairball every day while taking her daughter to school," and states "'We're going to do everything we can to block off and make it impossible to camp in the Hairball."] [Exhibit G]).)

impacts of the Project before its recent incarnation as "the Hairball" Project, which precludes any exemption, regardless of MTA's repackaging it under a different name.

City attempts to avoid environmental review of the "new" Hairball Project by illegally segmenting it into 15 small parts, three of which were approved September 19, 2017 by Resolution of the SFMTA Board in violation of CEQA. SFMTA claims that the three segments, labeled "M," "N," and "O," are exempt from CEQA review under a secret, undated "categorical exemption," which was not publicly available at any time prior to the September 19, 2017 MTA Board approval. The Categorical Exemption claims that "Segments M, N, and O" are categorically exempt under CEQA Guidelines §15301. However, neither the Hairball Project nor its improper segmentation are exempt from CEQA.

The Hairball Project was originally created by MTA as part of the San Francisco Bicycle Plan Project. MTA now coins a new name for the mess it created: "Hairball," a term defined in Webster as "a compact mass of hair formed in the stomach esp. of a shedding animal (as a cat) that that cleanses its coat by licking." In fact, the dangerous mess on Cesar Chavez was created by and for the MTA and the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, a private lobbying organization, beginning with the 2005 Bicycle Plan. MTA now regurgitates that mess as the "Hairball Intersection Improvement Project," illegally segmenting that Project and its environmental review into at least 15 pieces to avoid describing the whole Hairball Project.

In June, 2009, this Board certified an Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") on that Project, including the Hairball Project area, which found that it would have significant impacts on traffic, transit, and loading. MTA now incorrectly claims that it may declare part of the previous Project "exempt" under an "existing conditions" theory. The EIR previously certified by this Board is substantial evidence that the "Hairball" Project will have significant impacts. The City cannot now claim the Project is "exempt" by ignoring the findings of that EIR. Instead, if City is now claiming there is a change in the findings of that EIR or is proposing a change in that project, it must prepare a subsequent EIR.

The Hairball Project proposes revising City's 2009 EIR and its several improper addenda to the EIR affecting the Project description, mitigation, and alternatives analyses. The agency may not retroactively exempt this or any project from environmental review by segmenting it or by *post hoc* revisions. Rather, the agency must follow the procedures set forth in CEQA for review of the whole Project. Any revisions to the Project and its previous environmental review and proposed mitigation measures and alternatives require a subsequent EIR ("SEIR") before approval. In any event, the environmental review of the Hairball Project must begin with an initial study.

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts under CEQA, including impacts on transportation, transit, air quality, greenhouse gas (GHG), energy consumption, public safety, loading and parking. It will also cause indirect impacts by displacing marginal residents who live in parked vehicles and in homeless camps on the streets, so that a small number of bicyclists can claim exclusive use of those streets, undisturbed by the view of those other people occupying that *public* space. (See **Exhibits H** and **I**, attached.) Indirect impacts must also be considered in the environmental analysis of the Project, since they may cause direct and cumulative physical impacts on the environment.

Even if the Project's unlawful segmentation could be ignored, the Hairball Project segments M, N, and O do not fall within the claimed section 15301 exemption. Further, exceptions apply that preclude categorical exemption, particularly due to the Project's cumulative impacts.

Therefore, the claimed "categorical exemption" does not apply. This Board should return this Project to the lead agency, City's Planning Department, for environmental review of the whole Hairball Project to comply with CEQA, beginning with an initial study.

BACKGROUND FACTS AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

MTA and the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, a private lobbying organization, created the Hairball as part of its 2004-2005 Bicycle Plan Project and now demands that it should be further changed again. As part of that project, MTA insisted on creating bicycle lanes across the heavily used Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard traffic corridors and across freeway on- and off-ramps to Highways I-101 and I-289. Those corridors serve major freight, industrial, and other transportation uses and access to major freeways.

MTA's convoluted design eliminated traffic lanes, turning, and hundreds of parking spaces on those corridors in the heavy, industrial traffic stream that it now calls the Hairball Project area. The conditions created by MTA caused increased traffic congestion, dangerous lane changes at and near freeway on and off ramps, and by parking and loading zone removal in industrial, business, and residential areas, endangering the public safety of thousands of travelers and freight operations to install bicycle lanes for fewer than 100 bicyclists -- separated "Class IV" bicycle lanes that exclude the use of that public street space by everyone except bicyclists.

This Board certified the Bicycle Plan Project EIR on June 26, 2009. City's EIR identified 135 significant impacts on traffic, transit, and loading from that Project, including 27 in the Hairball Project area.² This Board nevertheless approved that Project on August 4, 2009, claiming that the Project's impacts could not be mitigated or avoided, and that the benefits to the 2% of travelers who bicycle outweighed the impacts on the other 98% of travelers on City streets.³

This Board's August 4, 2009 findings and its failure to mitigate those impacts, including in the "Hairball" Project area, were invalidated along with the Project approval by the First District Court of Appeal, and they remain in dispute in pending proceedings. (See *Anderson v. City and*

² See San Francisco Bicycle Plan Draft Environmental Impact Report, November 2008, Post-Judgment Administrative Record [PJR], SF Super. Court Case No. CPF-05-505509, 17:8547, 8693-8696, 8923, 8945-8947; 18:9267-9273, 9333-9335, 9447. See also, DEIR Projects 5-4 - 5-6, PJR 17: 8693-8696, 8923, 8942-8949,18:9252-9295, 9329-9354, 9443-9450; see also February 29, 2012 Addendum to Environmental Impact Report (Bicycle Plan EIR Project 5-5 "Cesar Chavez Street East Bicycle Lane Project" [removing westbound travel lane and 117 parking spaces]); October 20, 2010 Addendum to Bicycle Plan Environmental Impact Report (Bicycle Plan EIR Project 5-6 "Cesar Chavez Streetscape Design" Cesar Chavez, Hampshire Streets/US101 to Sanchez Street [removing 99 parking spaces]); and Bayshore Addendum June 24, 2013 (Bicycle Plan EIR Bayshore Addendum "Project 5-4 Bayshore Boulevard Bicycle Lanes, Cesar Chavez Street to Silver Avenue-Modified Option 2.")

³ See Fehr & Peers: 2013-2017 Travel Decision Survey Data Analysis and Comparison Report, July 2017, p. 15, showing decline in bicycle mode share in San Francisco from 3% in 2014 to 2% in 2017]

County of San Francisco, Case No. A129910, Unpub.Op., Jan. 14, 2013, p.83.) City may not ignore that Court ruling or the significant impacts in the Hairball Project area identified in the EIR by reincarnating that project under a new name.

In spite of the pending litigation, and the illegality of issuing an "addendum" to an EIR after approving the Project EIR, City's Planning Department issued the "Addendum to Environmental Impact Report" on the 5-5 segment on February 29, 2012. City also issued several other Addenda to the 2009 EIR on the Cesar Chavez and Bayshore parts of the Bicycle Plan project that it now claims are part of its "Hairball" Project, each of which removed parking and/or traffic lanes.

When this Board certified the EIR and adopted the Project, the segment now called "Hairball," including "Segments M, N, and O," was called "Project 5-5: Cesar Chavez Street Bicycle Lanes, I-280 to US 101 Freeways."

The Bicycle Plan Project approved August 4, 2009, and the October 20, 2010 Addendum to the Bicycle Plan EIR removed two of six travel lanes on Cesar Chavez Street and hundreds of parking spaces.

The February 29, 2012 Cesar Chavez East Addendum removed *another* westbound travel lane on Cesar Chavez in the Hairball Project Area, reducing the dangerous freeway ramp area to *one* traffic lane. It also removed *another 117 parking spaces* in the Hairball Project area to install bicycle lanes. The unsafe, congested conditions for all travelers was thus created by MTA at the behest of the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition.

The June 24, 2013 Bayshore Addendum ("Project 5-4 Bayshore Boulevard Bicycle Lanes, Cesar Chavez Street to Silver Avenue-Modified Option 2") removed 50 more parking spaces in the cumulative Hairball Project area. That area must also include projects 5-4 and 5-6 in the Bicycle Plan EIR and the addenda to it, since the removal of traffic lanes, parking, loading, and other physical features affect the whole Hairball Project.

On April 28, 2017, MTA staff apparently applied to the Planning Department for an exemption, which was not publicly available until *after* the MTA Board's September 19, 2017 meeting. (See Environmental Evaluation Application ["EEA"], April 28, 2017, attached as **Exhibit B**.) On May 26, 2017, the Categorical Exemption (**Exhibit A**) was allegedly manufactured by Planning.

On September 11, 2017, MTA staff created a Staff Memo, attached as **Exhibit C**. On September 19, 2017, the MTA Board adopted a Resolution No. 1170919-119, attached as **Exhibit D**, approving the Project without discussing environmental issues or the unavailable Categorical Exemption. The MTA Board's September 19, 2017 packet included a slide show presentation from its staff, attached as **Exhibit E**.

As noted, the undated *post hoc* Categorical Exemption (Exhibit A) at issue here was not publicly available until September 21, 2017, when it was finally produced in response to a Sunshine Ordinance/Public Records Act request. The MTA has yet to produce more detailed records on the Hairball Project in a November 13, 2017 public records request, with the exception of two public comment letters to the MTA Board that were ignored by that Board. (**Exhibits H, I**.)

ARGUMENT

City's illegal segmentation and repackaging strategy avoids its duty to identify and mitigate the Project's significant direct, indirect and cumulative impacts. The whole Hairball Project requires

a subsequent environmental impact report under CEQA, since, in addition to the impacts already identified, the Project will now have more impacts of greater severity on traffic, transit, parking, loading, air quality, GHG, energy consumption, and public safety, blight, and displacement. The Hairball Project is not categorically exempt and may not lawfully be segmented to avoid environmental review of the whole Project.

City's 2009 EIR has already admitted that this Project, as originally implemented and as revised, has significant environmental impacts. Moreover, as held by the First District Court of Appeal, City failed to make legally adequate findings to mitigate the significant impacts of the Bicycle Plan Project, including the "Hairball" Project. City may not under these circumstances declare the Project or any part of it categorically exempt. Where City's own EIR admits the Project's potential significant impacts, the Hairball Project cannot be categorically exempt. (Azusa, supra, 52 Cal.App.4th at p. 1199.)

City must first prepare an initial study of the whole Hairball Project, which should have taken place before any approval of the Project or any part of it. (Guidelines, §15063.)

I. FAILURE TO ACCURATELY DESCRIBE THE WHOLE PROJECT, STATE EXISTING CONDITIONS, ACKNOWLEDGE, IDENTIFY, AND MITIGATE THE PROJECT'S SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS VIOLATES CEQA

MTA's "Hairball Project" is not accurately described, and MTA provided *no* CEQA documents before its September 19, 2017 MTA Board hearing. The packet before the MTA Board consisted only of an eleven-page September 11, 2017 Staff Memo and a staff slide show. (Exhibits C and E, attached.) The 9/11/17 Staff Memo (Exhibit C, p. 10) states that the Project fell within a "categorical exemption" for a different project citing Planning Case. No. 2017-002118ENV, which has never been publicly available. Later, the Planning Department issued the undated categorical exemption under Planning Case No. 2017-001775ENV that it claimed is its environmental determination on this Project and the subject of this appeal.

In fact, no "categorical exemption" had yet been made publicly available for the proposed "segment" of the "Hairball" Project when City's Staff Memo was issued. The 9/11/17 Staff Memo describes: "near-term improvements, including a buffered bicycle lane on Southbound Bayshore Boulevard, a "new Class IV protected bikeway on northbound Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard," "a new Class II bike lane adjacent to the existing parking on southbound Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard, removing ten unmetered parking spaces and two loading zones on westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue, and installing a new "Tow Away No Stopping Any Time restriction from 10 PM to 2 AM on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue to help address parking congestion and to create parking availability for area businesses." (Exhibit C, p. 4.)

The Staff Memo cautions that these segment changes are only "near-term" and that MTA staff are working on "the detailed design of a long-term project that will propose similar changes...but will be designed and constructed with concrete," and that the concrete designs may or may not "require SFMTA Board approval." (Exhibit C, p. 3.)

No CEQA documents were in the MTA Board Packet, and none were provided in spite of a public request under the Sunshine Ordinance until after the MTA Board approved the item in violation of CEQA and the Sunshine Ordinance, which require an approving agency to consider

the environmental documents supporting a project *before* approving it. (See, *e.g.*, SF Admin. Code §67.7(d); *Laurel Heights I, supra*, 47 Cal. 3d at p.394.)

After the September 19, 2017 MTA Board approval, the Planning Department produced the secret undated and/or backdated, previously unavailable "CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination," Planning Case No. 2017-01775ENV, which is the subject of this appeal. (Exhibit A.) The 4/28/17 Environmental Evaluation Application (Exhibit B) also was also not publicly available until after the MTA Board meeting.

The MTA Board's packet contains no accurate description of the proposed Hairball Project, its impacts, or proposed mitigation measures. The packet includes only the Staff Report (Exhibit C, and a slide presentation. (Exhibit E.)

The diagrams of the Hairball Project (Exhibit B, Figures 1 and 2; Exhibit E) show that it includes a large area of major traffic corridors, including Cesar Chavez Street, Potrero Street, Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Street, Highway 101, and ramps to and from Highways 101 and 280, where significant industrial operations and warehouses are located. However, Figure 2 in Exhibit B shows the Project as 15 segments, of which only 3 segments, M, N, and O, are described.

The staff report (Exhibit C) only describes "near-term improvements" on Segments L, M, and O, which propose removing parking and industrial loading zones on Jerrold and Barneveld Avenue, and all overnight parking on Jerrold Avenue, which has nothing to do with creating "comfortable" conditions for bicyclists. (Exhibit C, p.4.)

The Staff Report complains that Jerrold Avenue "is a challenging location to bicycle due to the high volume of vehicles and specifically large trucks that use this roadway, especially during the morning hours (approximately 700 vehicles on northbound Jerrold during the two hour morning peak period). These vehicle movements conflict with the large number of cyclists who also use this section of Jerrold Avenue during both the morning and evening peak commute hours (approximately 78 cyclists in the two hour morning peak and 70 cyclists in the evening peak period." (Exhibit C, p. 3.) There is no supporting evidence for those alleged numbers, since no traffic studies or vehicle counts are provided for the Hairball Project area, including the dates, times, and who took the counts.

There is no explanation of why 70 cyclists over a two-hour period is considered a "large number" or why 700 motor vehicles on one segment is considered insignificant. Without that basic information, the existing conditions in the Project area cannot be accurately described. (e.g., Poet, LLC v. State Air Resources Board ["Poet II"] (2017) 12 Cal.App.5th 52, 79-81 [failure to include whole Project in baseline held an abuse of discretion invalidating project approval]; County of Amador v. El Dorado County Water Agency ["County of Amador"] (1999) 76 Cal.App. 4th 931, 953-954.)

The failure to set forth accurate existing conditions and an accurate Project description of the whole Hairball Project violates CEQA, since the public and decisionmakers are deprived of the information necessary to determine the Project's significant impacts. (*Poet II, supra,* 12 Cal. App. 5th at p.78, 83; *County of Amador, supra,* 76 Cal. App. 4th at p. 953.) Conveying false, contradictory, incomplete, and misleading information to the public and decisionmakers is a prejudicial abuse of discretion under CEQA.

The interests of all street users must be considered in an objective baseline, Project description, and impacts analysis to determine the Project's impacts and mitigate them, not as here, only creating "comfortable" conditions for bicyclists. Moreover, deliberately creating obstructions, delays and unsafe conditions for the vast majority of travelers and for industrial freight users to benefit a special interest group that comprises only 2 percent of street users is not a valid or legitimate reason to remove more parking and loading zones. (See, Fn. 3, *ante.*)

II. THERE IS NO ANALYSIS OF CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

The term "cumulative impacts" refers to two or more individual effects which, when considered together, are considerable or which compound or increase other environmental impacts and can result from "individually minor but collectively significant projects taking place over a period of time " (see Guidelines §15130(a)(1); 15355(b); Bakersfield, supra, 124 Cal.App.4th at p.1214.) "Proper cumulative impact analysis is vital," because "the full impact of a proposed project cannot be gauged in a vacuum." (Bakersfield, supra, 124 Cal. App.4th at p.1214.) ""[C]onsideration of the effects of a project or projects as if no others existed would encourage the piecemeal approval of several projects that, taken together, could overwhelm the natural environment and disastrously overburden the man-made infrastructure and vital community services. This would effectively defeat CEQA's mandate to review the actual effect of the projects upon the environment." (Id. at pp. 1214-1215.) Omitting other projects or segments causes an unduly narrow cumulative impacts analysis and prevents accurate identification of impacts and their severity. (Kings County Farm Bureau v. City of Hanford (1990) 221 Cal. App. 3d 692, 723.)

The cumulative impacts analysis must occur at the preliminary stage before any determination that a project is categorically exempt. (East Peninsula Ed. Council, Inc. v. Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School Dist. ["East Peninsula"] (1989) 210 Cal.App.3d 155, 171; Aptos Council v. County of Santa Cruz (2017)10 Cal.App.5th 266, 285; Orinda Ass'n v. Bd. of Supervisors ["Orinda"] (1986) 182 Cal.App.3d 1145, 1171 [whole project must be analyzed at preliminary phase]; Guidelines §15060(c)(2).) Further, "categorical exemptions from CEQA also cannot be found if 'the cumulative impact of successive projects of the same type in the same place, over time is significant." (East Peninsula, supra, 210 Cal.App.3d at p. 171; Guidelines §15300.2(b).)

That analysis did not occur here: There is *no* analysis of cumulative impacts on transportation, parking, air quality, GHG, energy consumption, and displacement in City's documents.

A. There Is No Analysis Of Cumulative Impacts On Traffic, Transit, Loading, Parking, Air Quality, GHG, And Energy Consumption, Which Are Foreseeable With Implementation Of The Whole Project

The cumulative impacts analysis must precede City's exemption determination as part of the preliminary review. (East Peninsula, supra, 210 Cal.App.3d at p.171; PRC §21065; Guidelines §§ 15060(c)(2); 15065(a)(3).) A cumulative impacts analysis must set forth existing conditions and compare those conditions with the effects of past, current, and probable future projects. (Guidelines §15065(a)(3).) The cumulative impacts analysis must also show other current and anticipated future projects in the cumulative area that will also affect traffic, public safety, air quality, etc., and then must compare present conditions with conditions assuming those other projects. No such analysis is provided. This Project has "possible environmental effects" that are "cumulatively considerable," meaning "that the incremental effects of an individual project are

significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects." (Guidelines §15065(a)(3).)

There is no analysis of cumulative impacts or an accurate baseline description in the Exemption document. There is no accurate description of the whole Hairball Project or any analysis of the cumulative impacts of the entire Project, or of its direct and indirect impacts.

City's failure to analyze cumulative impacts does not excuse its improper conclusion of no impacts. (Azusa, supra, 52 Cal.App.4th at p. 1198; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296, 311.) City's failure to analyze the Project's impacts, including its cumulative impacts, violates CEQA's informational requirements and results in improper piecemealed implementation of the Project. (Poet II, supra, 12 Cal.App.5th at pp.73.) City may not as proposed piecemeal the Hairball Project into small segments to avoid accurate identification of the cumulative and direct impacts of the whole Project, since that segmentation violates CEQA. (Id.)

The City's past, present, and planned future projects on City roadways in the Hairball cumulative area to impede and obstruct vehicle transportation, remove parking, including the Bicycle Plan, "Sustainable Streets," "Vision Zero," and other projects, when combined with this Project, clearly have significant cumulative impacts on transportation, air quality, parking, GHG, energy consumption, and public safety that cannot be considered in a vacuum. The Hairball Project requires an environmental impact report. City must first conduct an initial study. (Guidelines, §15063.)

B. There Is No Analysis Of The Indirect And Cumulative Impacts Of Displacement Of Homeless People And People Living In Vehicles

The categorical exemption completely ignores the impact of displacing people who park for any reason, and it does not acknowledge their presence as an existing condition. (See, e.g., Exhibits H, I.) The Project instead proposes "a tow-away no stopping zone" on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue, which would "prohibit parking between...10 pm. to 2am. This would assist with prohibiting vehicles from parking overnight or for extended amounts of time and allow employees of the businesses on Jerrold to park during business hours." (Categorical Exemption, p. 15.)

In East Peninsula, the court held the agency prejudicially abused its discretion by failing to consider the significant impacts of both closing a school and moving the students elsewhere. (East Peninsula, supra, 210 Cal.App.3d at p. 172.) The preliminary analysis there erroneously concluded that the project was categorically exempt without first analyzing the cumulative impacts of closing the school along with the impacts of transferring the students to a different school, including traffic and parking impacts. (Id.) The categorical exemption here likewise fails to consider the significant impacts of causing people to move and park elsewhere, which are part of the cumulative impacts of the entire Hairball Project.

Displacing homeless people and people living in vehicles on or near these public streets by making parking illegal at night is also a significant human impact that must be analyzed. (Guidelines, §15065(a)(4); *Bakersfield, supra*, 124 Cal.App.4th at p. 1213-1215, 1218-1220.) The underlying problem of homelessness is not solved by displacing people but instead aggravates the problem by shunting it elsewhere. In *Bakersfield*, the court rejected the city's approval of two shopping centers located miles apart, because the EIRs failed to analyze their

cumulative impact that might lead to urban decay in the city's downtown area, and they failed to analyze and mitigate cumulative impacts on traffic and air quality. The court explained, "[W]here economic and social effects result from a physical change that was itself caused by a proposed project, then these economic and social effects may be used to determine that the physical change constitutes a significant effect on the environment." (Bakersfield, supra, 124 Cal.App.4th at p. 1205.) Here, as in Bakersfield, an EIR is required to "trace a chain of cause and effect from a proposed decision on a project through anticipated economic or social changes resulting from the project to physical changes in turn caused by the economic or social changes." (Id.; Guidelines §15131(a).)

Here, the impacts of *more* parking removal and restrictions in the Hairball Project area may result in displacement and homelessness causing physical impacts elsewhere in the City, which must be analyzed and mitigated. Instead, MTA's Staff Report states: "There are oversized Recreational Vehicles (RVs) that use the area of Barneveld Avenue where the parking restrictions are proposed, and while the SFTA understands the needs of this community, this project aims to balance the needs of all users of the project area while prioritizing traffic safety." (Ex. C, p. 5.) The document claims with no substantiation that there are "approximately 178 unregulated parking spaces in the area." There is no explanation of how evicting "this community" will resolve any "traffic safety" concerns, since the vehicles are parked, not moving. Further, there is no evidence of any other "unregulated" parking spaces "in the area." (*Id.*; See also Exhibits F, G [newspaper articles on City-sponsored sweeps of homeless from the area on behalf of bicyclists]; and Exhibits H and I [public comments to MTA Board].)

The Bicycle Plan Project and its EIR addenda have already removed hundreds of parking spaces in the Project Area, and the Hairball Project now proposes *more* parking removal and restrictions. Those proposed restrictions, prohibiting parking between 10 p.m. and 2 a.m., do not contribute to the Hairball Project's alleged "purpose" to "make three key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists." (Ex. A, p. 8.)

Displacing and evicting people who MTA surmises may be sleeping in their vehicles does not serve that "purpose."

Furthermore, the public streets and sidewalks belong to everyone, not just users of bicycles or private businesses. Parking removal may have adverse direct and secondary impacts on any traveler living in or patronizing businesses in the Project area. Under CEQA, the environment, including City streets, belongs to everyone. (PRC §21000.)

The failure to consider the impacts of parking removal and displacement and ignoring existing conditions is contrary to CEQA's mandate and requirements.

III. CITY MAY NOT SEGMENT THE PROJECT TO AVOID ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

A. City Admits That It Is Segmenting The Project, Which Violates CEQA

Planning admits that it is segmenting the environmental analysis and approval of the "Hairball" Project. (See Exhibit A, p.9 [showing 15 segments of Project]; Exhibit B, p.2-3, Figures 1, 2.) Of 15 segments in the "Hairball" project, MTA claims it is only approving three, and that those three segments are exempt. (Exhibit A.) MTA does not dispute that it is segmenting this Project. In its Application for Environmental Evaluation, MTA depicts a large Hairball Project area "where Cesar Chavez Street, Portrero [sic] Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard intersect under

the Highway 101 interchange as the Project area. (Exhibit B, p. 2-3, Figures 1 and 2.) Figure 2 in that document shows the 15 segments, lettered A through O, and "existing pedestrian and bicycle routes" in the Project area. A large circle is drawn around segments M, N, and O. (*Id.*, Figure 2.)

Such segmentation, also called "piecemealing," has long been recognized as a violation of CEQA. (See, e.g., Association for a Cleaner Environment v. Yosemite Community College Dist. ["ACE"] (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 629, 637-638; Orinda, supra, 182 Cal.App.3d at pp. 1171-1172.) In fact, similar segmentation in City's implementation of the 2005 Bicycle Plan resulted in a **permanent injunction** against the Project and a Peremptory Writ of Mandate requiring an environmental review of that whole project, not just pieces of it, with the Court clearly stating:

The City cannot implement this project piece by piece, claiming that the impact of each small project does not have a significant environmental effect. Such reasoning is akin to trying to avoid review of a timber harvest plan by removing trees one at a time, claiming each tree removal to be independent and exempt. At the end of the process the forest would be gone or the entire City streetscape reconfigured without environmental review ever having happened...

(November 7, 2006 Order Granting Petition for Peremptory Writ of Mandate and Permanent Injunction, SF Superior Ct. Case No. CPF-05-505509, p. 14.)

As courts have consistently noted, CEQA's definition of "project" is interpreted broadly to encompass "the whole of an action." (Guidelines §15378(a); e.g., Poet II, supra, 12 Cal.App.5th at pp.57, 72.) A "project" is an "activity which may cause either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment, and which is...directly undertaken by any public agency." (Id. at p.73; Pub.Res.Code §21065.) CEQA's definition is interpreted broadly to ensure "CEQA's requirements are not avoided by chopping a proposed activity into bite-sized pieces which, when taken individually, may have no significant effect on the environment." (Id.) Here, both the Hairball Project and its implementation are "activities" under CEQA, and the whole Project must be analyzed, not segments of it.

In ACE, the court held that a categorical exemption must apply to the whole Project, not just pieces of it. (ACE, supra, 116 Cal.App.4th at p.640 [finding that even if a categorical exemption applied to part of the project, it did not "cover the whole of the action that constitutes the project"].) That principle applies here: City cannot avoid CEQA's requirements by "chopping up proposed projects into bite-sized pieces." (Id. at p.638-639) City must begin by preparing an initial study of the whole Hairball Project. (Id. at p. 640; Guidelines §15063.)

Here, MTA proposes to illegally conceal the actual impacts of the Hairball Project, a strategy prohibited by CEQA. The Categorical Exemption mistakenly claims that "Segments M, N, and O" have "independent utility" from the rest of its Hairball Project. (Ex.C, p.7.) That notion is not legally valid and plainly violates CEQA. (See, e.g., Poet II, supra, 52 Cal.App.5th at pp. 72-77; Tuolumne County Citizens for Responsible Growth, Inc. v. City of Sonora (2007) 155 Cal.App.1214, 1226-1230.) The segmentation of the "Hairball" Project into tiny pieces is clearly an improper strategy to avoid the required environmental review of the whole Project. As MTA clearly shows in its Application for Environmental Evaluation, the large Hairball Project consists of a Project segmented into 15 pieces. (Exhibit A, Figures 1 and 2.) Based on City's record, it is indisputable and clearly foreseeable that the MTA plans and has as its goal a much

larger Hairball Project, and is piecemealing its environmental review to avoid analysis and mitigation of the impacts of the whole Project. (*Ibid.*)

Where a proposed project is reasonably foreseeable, it must be analyzed as a whole, not in piecemealed segments, so that its impacts may be identified and mitigated. An accurate description of the Project and the existing conditions in the whole Project and cumulative areas are essential to complying with CEQA's requirements. (*Poet II, supra,* 52 Cal. App. 5th at pp. 74-75.) Those requirements are violated by segmentation into small pieces, both because that analysis cannot take place, and because the failure to analyze the Project violates CEQA's informational requirements, both to the decisionmakers and the public. (*Id.; ACE, supra,* 116 Cal.App.4th at p. 640.)

City's segmentation to avoid identifying and mitigating impacts of the whole Project also violates CEQA's requirements to analyze direct, indirect, and *cumulative* impacts. A project under CEQA includes the whole Project. There is no coherent analysis of the Hairball Project's significant cumulative impacts.

B. City Has Already Admitted That The Project Will Have Significant Impacts

Furthermore, the Project was reviewed in the 2009 EIR and was found to have significant impacts. MTA may not legally disregard those findings. An EIR is substantial evidence of impacts, which means City may not declare this Project categorically exempt. (*Azusa*, *supra*, 52 Cal.App.4th at p. 1199.)

Since MTA is proposing revisions of the 2009 analysis and Findings, it must do so with a subsequent EIR, not by *post hoc* piecemealed exemptions.

IV. THE PROJECT IS NOT CATEGORICALLY EXEMPT FROM CEQA

The City did not make publicly available, timely provide, or post a copy of the alleged "categorical exemption" of the proposed Project or any segment of it, precluding meaningful public comment on it. As noted, City cannot lawfully piecemeal exemptions to avoid environmental review under CEQA.

A. City's 2009 EIR Has Already Found Significant Impacts, Which Precludes Any Categorical Exemption

The Hairball Project is not exempt as claimed (Staff Report, p. 7) under 14 Cal. Code Regs. ("Guidelines") §15301, because it will have significant direct and cumulative impacts on the environment, as already admitted in the Bicycle Plan DEIR and in City's Findings. That admission precludes any categorical exemption. (Azusa 52 Cal.App.4th at p.1099.)

B. Even If Its Significant Impacts Could Be Ignored, The Project Does Not Fit Within The Section 15301 Exemption

The Hairball Project does not fit within the section 15301 exemption as a "minor alteration" of existing facilities, since it changes the existing street configurations. Making overnight parking illegal in the area is another reason this Project does not fit within that exemption. Other plans that are undisclosed for the other segments of the Hairball Project also preclude claiming such an exemption. City's segmented "categorical exemption," including the Exemption here, is illegal piecemealing under CEQA, since it deliberately evades analyzing and mitigating the cumulative impacts of the Hairball Project.

C. Even If Its Significant Impacts Could Be Ignored, The Cumulative Impacts And Unusual Circumstances Exceptions Apply Under Guidelines §15300.2

There is no analysis in available documents of the exceptions that may apply under Guidelines §15300.2, including the cumulative impacts exception and the unusual circumstances exception. The Hairball Project will have cumulative impacts under Guidelines §15300.2, since it clearly proposes many "successive project(s) of the same type, in the same place, over time." Further, in this instance, the large traffic volumes and proposed reduction in parking and loading capacity constitute unusual circumstances. (Guidelines, §15300.2(c).) City's failure to analyze cumulative impacts is not excused by declaring the Project exempt *without* that analysis. (*East Peninsula, supra,* 210 Cal.App.3d at p.171.)

This Project also has "possible environmental effects" that are "cumulatively considerable," meaning "that the incremental effects of an individual project are significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects," which as noted preclude any exemption from CEQA. (Guidelines §15065(a)(3).)

The City's past, present, and planned future incursions onto City's roadways to impede vehicle transportation, remove parking, force turns, and otherwise adversely impact traffic include past extensive transportation impacts due to the Bicycle Plan, "Sustainable Streets," "Vision Zero," and other Projects that, combined with the present Project, have potentially significant cumulative impacts on transportation, air quality, GHG, energy consumption, parking, and public safety that cannot be considered in isolation.

V. CITY'S FAILURE TO ACCURATELY ANALYZE THE PROJECT'S IMPACTS IS NOT EXCUSED BY SECTION 21099 OF CEQA

Planning's Categorical Exemption document excuses itself from analyzing the Hairball Project's impacts by invoking a document issued by the Planning Department, claiming "The proposed bicycling safety improvement project and reduction in through lanes is considered an Active Transportation Project, in accordance with CEQA Section 21099 - Modernization of Transportation Analysis, and is therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required." (Exhibit A, p.16.)

Public Resources Code section 21099 does not allow City to excuse itself from analyzing transportation and other impacts. That statute only states that the state Office of Planning and Research may certify and adopt Guidelines for particular types of review, which has not yet happened.

City has no authority to create its own version of CEQA: "Amendments to the guidelines apply prospectively only." (Guidelines §15007(b) [Public agencies may only implement Guidelines amendments after the effective date of the amended Guidelines]; see also, East Sacramento Partnership for a Livable City v. City of Sacramento (2016) 5 Cal.App.5th 281, 299-300, fn.6; Parker Shattuck Neighbors v. Berkeley City Council (2013) 222 Cal.App.4th 768, 784 [Checklists do not support or provide a foundation for city's environmental determination].)

City's claim is invalid on its face that a "checklist" that it improperly developed to implement PRC §21099 justifies the Project.

VI. FAILURE TO PROVIDE PUBLIC NOTICE AND INFORMATION ON THE PROJECT VIOLATES CEQA'S REQUIREMENT OF INFORMED PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN THE DECISIONMAKING PROCESS

There has been no information or outreach to the general public on the Hairball Project by the City. It is clear from the Staff Report that MTA only sought "feedback" from Project proponents, including Supervisor Hillary Ronen, the "San Francisco Bike Coalition," and MTA's own staff. (Exhibit C, "Stakeholder Engagement," p. 6; Exhibit F [San Francisco Chronicle, 8/4/17 "S.F. Supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball;" Exhibit G [San Francisco Examiner, "New plan to ban encampments at 'Hairball' emerges as homeless and cyclists clash"].) The general public, including thousands of travelers on the city streets in the Hairball Project area, has been *completely left out* of that alleged "stakeholder engagement."

The Hairball Project will have significant impacts on all users of the affected corridors, not just bicyclists, Ms. Ronen, and MTA staff. Because the Project has significant impacts on freeway access, it is of regional and statewide importance. MTA claims with no supporting evidence that it contacted "merchants along Jerrold Avenue to understand parking loss impacts and to develop a balanced solution." In fact, the Project ignores all of the Project's significant impacts on the vast majority of travelers, residents and businesses in the area. (Staff Memo, p. 6.)

Just as serious, the public has been deprived of the opportunity for meaningful input on the Hairball Project, which violates CEQA's basic purpose and mandate.

CONCLUSION

Planning may not segment the Hairball Project into pieces to avoid environmental review of the Project as required by CEQA. The Hairball Project is not exempt from CEQA. City's 2009 EIR found 27 significant impacts on traffic, transit and loading from its previous version of the Hairball Project, which is substantial evidence that the Project will have significant impacts. That evidence precludes any categorical exemption of the Hairball Project or any part of it. The Hairball Project may also have significant direct and cumulative impacts on transportation, transit, parking, air quality, GHG, public safety, including emergency vehicle movement, noise, and human impacts that must be identified, analyzed, and mitigated under CEQA. Further, the segmentation of the Hairball Project into more than 15 separate parts is illegal piecemealing. The whole Hairball Project must be accurately described, with its environmental impacts identified in an EIR, and those impacts must be mitigated in legally adequate findings under CEQA before this Project can be approved. Further, the failure to make environmental documents and other information on the Hairball Project publicly available violates CEQA's requirements.

For these reasons, the Board of Supervisors should grant this appeal and return this Project to the agency until the Project can be accurately described and analyzed under CEQA, beginning with an initial study of the whole Hairball Project.

Mary Miles

LIST OF EXHIBITS

- A [undated] San Francisco Planning Dept.: CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination
- **B** 4/28/17 MTA Memo from Thalia Leng to Christopher Espiritu: Application for Environmental Evaluation
- C 9/11/17 MTA Anonymous: Staff Report
- **D** 9/18/17 MTA Board Resolution 1170919-119
- E 9/18/17 MTA Board Staff Slide Show
- F 8/4/17 Rachel Swan, "S.F. Supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball," San Francisco Chronicle
- **G** 10/1/17 Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez, "New plan to ban encampments at 'Hairball' emerges as homeless and cyclists clash," *San Francisco Examiner*
- H 9/14/17 Public comment from Melodie submitted to MTA Board
- I 9/19/17 Public comment from Will Daley submitted to MTA Board

EXHIBIT A



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Add	ress			Block/Lot(s)	
SFMTA	A - Hair	ball Segments M, N, and	10		n/a
Case No.		Permit No.		Plans Dated	
2017-0017	775ENV				4/28/2017
✓ Additio	n/	Demolition		New	Project Modification
Alterati		(requires HRER if over 50 years	old)	Construction	(GO TO STEP 7)
Project desc	ription for	Planning Department approval.			
Jerrold Ave (bet lane on Jerrold /	ween Baysho Avenue. In ad	nt paint-only modifications to the existing roadw re Blvd and Barneveld Ave). The project would dition the project would include installation of n he removal of 10 parking spaces and 2 loading	include n ew high v	nodifications to existing t isibility crosswalks on M	ravel lanes to create a new bicycle arin/Bayshore and
**************************************			***************************************		
STEP 1: EX	EMPTION	CLASS			
		BY PROJECT PLANNER			
Note: If nei	ther class	applies, an <i>Environmental Evaluati</i>	on Ann	lication is require	
		Existing Facilities. Interior and exten			
		rincipally permitted or with a CU.			
		New Construction. Up to three (3) n	_	•	es or six (6) dwelling units
		lding; commercial/office structures;	utility (extensions.	
	Class				****

STEP 2: CE		CTS BY PROJECT PLANNER			
		below, an Environmental Evaluatio	n Appl	ication is required	
	Transpor	tation: Does the project create six (6) or mo	re net new parking	spaces or residential units?
	Does the	project have the potential to adverse	ly affec	t transit, pedestria	n and/or bicycle safety
	(hazards)	or the adequacy of nearby transit, p	edestri	an and/or bicycle f	acilities?
	t	ity: Would the project add new sens			,
	i	hospitals, residential dwellings, and		•	•
		er to EP _ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determin			
eti	1	us Materials: Any project site that is		•	
		g hazardous materials (based on a p		•	<u>.</u> ,
	i	or heavy manufacturing, or a site wi oil disturbance of any amount or a c		-	= •
)	ial/residential? If yes, should the app	_		
		on that has been submitted to the Sa			
1.0		not need to be checked, but such do			
*		rumstances, this box must be checked			
	Environn	nental Application with a Phase I En	vironm	ental Site Assessm	ent and/or file a Maher
	Applicati	on with DPH, (refer to EP, ArcMap)	> Mahe	r laver.)	

	Soil Disturbance/Modification: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater
	than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-
	archeological sensitive area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive
	Area)
	Noise: Does the project include new noise-sensitive receptors (schools, day care facilities, hospitals,
	residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) fronting roadways located in the noise mitigation
	area? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Noise Mitigation Area)
	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or on a lot with a
	slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography)
	Slope = or > 20%: : Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more, square
	footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or grading
	on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a
	previously developed portion of site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex
	Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or
	higher level CEQA document required
	Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more,
* * *	square footage expansion greater than 1,000 sq. ft., shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work,
 	grading –including excavation and fill on a landslide zone – as identified in the San Francisco
	General Plan? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously developed portion of the
	site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard
	Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and a Certificate or higher level CEQA document
	required
	Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve excavation of 50 cubic yards of soil or more,
<u> </u>	square footage expansion greater than 1000 sq ft, shoring, underpinning, retaining wall work, or
🗀	grading on a lot in a liquefaction zone? Exceptions: do not check box for work performed on a previously
	developed portion of the site, stairs, patio, deck, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required
	Serpentine Rock: Does the project involve any excavation on a property containing serpentine
	rock? Exceptions: do not check box for stairs, patio, deck, retaining walls, or fence work. (refer to
	FOCK: Exceptions: do not check box for stairs, patio, deck, retaining waits, or fence work. (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Serpentine)
If no boyes	are checked above, GO TO STEP 3. If one or more boxes are checked above, an Environmental
1	Application is required.
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project does not trigger any of the
✓	CEQA impacts listed above.
Comments	and Planner Signature (optional):
]	would not include the removal of any existing travel lanes on Jerrold Avenue or nearby streets. The
	oject would not include any features that would result in new traffic hazards.
F F	
anamana makalahan kalaban kala	
STED 2: DE	OPERTY STATUS - HISTORIC RESOURCE
	MPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER
	(IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Parcel Information Map)
	tegory A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5.
	tegory B: Potential Historical Resource (over 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 4.
	tegory C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 50 years of age). GO TO STEP 6.

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PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

r	<u> </u>
Che	ck all that apply to the project.
	1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.
	3. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.
	4. Window replacement that meets the Department's <i>Window Replacement Standards</i> . Does not include storefront window alterations.
	5. Garage work . A new opening that meets the <i>Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts</i> , and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.
	6. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
	7. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-ofway.
	8. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .
	9. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.
Note	e: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.
	Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5.
	Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6.
	P 5: CEQA IMPACTS – ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW BE COMPLETED BY PRESERVATION PLANNER
Che	ck all that apply to the project.
	1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4.
	2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces.
	3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character.
	4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
	5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
	6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.
	7. Addition(s), including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.

	8. Other work consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties (specify or add comments):
	9. Reclassification of property status to Category C. (Requires approval by Senior Preservation
	Planner/Preservation Coordinator)
	a. Per HRER dated: (attach HRER)
	b. Other (specify):
Note	e: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST check one box below.
	Further environmental review required. Based on the information provided, the project requires an <i>Environmental Evaluation Application</i> to be submitted. GO TO STEP 6.
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.
Com	ments (optional):
Prese	rvation Planner Signature:
	6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION E COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER
	Further environmental review required. Proposed project does not meet scopes of work in either (check
	all that apply):
	Step 2 – CEQA Impacts
	Step 5 – Advanced Historical Review
	STOP! Must file an Environmental Evaluation Application.
V	No further environmental review is required. The project is categorically exempt under CEQA.
	Planner Name: Christopher Espiritu Signature or Stamp: Digitally signed by Christopher Espiritu
	Project Approval Action: Other (SFMTA Board) DN: de=org, de=stgov, de=cityplanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=CityPlanning, ou=Environmental Planning, cn=Christopher Espiritu, email=Christopher.Espiritu@sfgov.org
	*If Discretionary Review before the Planning
	Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the
	project.
	Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code.
	In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination
	can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project A	ddress (If different tha	in front page)	Block/Lot(s) (If different than front page)
Case No.		Permit No.	Plans Dated
Exempt I Action	Project Approval	Exempt Project Approva	l Date New Approval Required
Modified	Project Description:		
			.00
	Result in expansion of Result in the change		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Sections 311 or 312;	as defined under Planning	Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?
	Is any information be	eing presented that was not ginal determination, that sh	known and could not have been known lows the originally approved project may
If at leas	t one of the above box	es is checked, further envi	ironmental review is required CATEX FOR
DETERMINA	ATION OF NO SUBSTANT	IAL MODIFICATION	
	The proposed modif	cation would not result in	any of the above changes.
approval a	nd no additional environm	ental review is required. This det	npt under CEQA, in accordance with prior project termination shall be posted on the Planning ving entities, and anyone requesting written notice.
Planner 1		Signature or Stamp:	

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT 09.16.2013

Attachment A:

SFMTA - Background Materials and Plans

ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION APPLICATION COVER MEMO - PUBLIC PROJECTS ONLY

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

Project Address and/or Title:	Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and O of The Hairball): Ke	y Segment Improvements
Project Approval Action:	MTA Board of Directors	
Will the approval action be tal	ken at a noticed public hearing? YES* NO	
* If YES is checked, please see b	pelow.	
F APPROVAL ACTION IS TAKEN LANGUAGE:	AT A NOTICED PUBLIC HEARING, INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING	CALENDAR
time frame specified in S.F. Ad calendar days of the Approval A	ed in support of that Approval Action is thereafter subject to Iministrative Code Section 31.16. Typically, an appeal must I Action. For information on filing an appeal under Chapter 31,	be filed within
call (415) 554-5184. If the Depart further environmental review, a http://sf-planning.org/index.asp to raising only those issues prevented the Board of Supervisors, Pladepartment at, or prior to, such	City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francetment's Environmental Review Officer has deemed a project to an exemption determination has been prepared and can be ox?page=3447. Under CEQA, in a later court challenge, a litigatiously raised at a hearing on the project or in written correspondenting Commission, Planning Department or other City boards hearing, or as part of the appeal hearing process on the proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by S.F. Ad	isco, CA 94102, to be exempt fro btained on-line int may be limited ondence delivered, commission at CEQA decision.
call (415) 554-5184. If the Departure further environmental review, anttp://sf-planning.org/index.asp to raising only those issues previous the Board of Supervisors, Pladepartment at, or prior to, such and individual calendar items: This	rtment's Environmental Review Officer has deemed a project to an exemption determination has been prepared and can be ox?page=3447. Under CEQA, in a later court challenge, a litigatiously raised at a hearing on the project or in written correspondenting Commission, Planning Department or other City boars ch hearing, or as part of the appeal hearing process on the	isco, CA 94102, to be exempt from the btained on-line on the may be limited on the beautiful of the beautiful on the beautifu
call (415) 554-5184. If the Departurther environmental review, anttp://sf-planning.org/index.asp to raising only those issues previo the Board of Supervisors, Pladepartment at, or prior to, such and individual calendar items: This Chapter 31.	rtment's Environmental Review Officer has deemed a project to an exemption determination has been prepared and can be of x?page=3447. Under CEQA, in a later court challenge, a litigatiously raised at a hearing on the project or in written correspondenting Commission, Planning Department or other City boars ch hearing, or as part of the appeal hearing process on the sproposed action is the Approval Action as defined by S.F. Ad	isco, CA 94102 to be exempt frobtained on-line and may be limit andence delive and, commission and CEQA decision
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Edwin M. Lee, Mayor

Tom Nolan, *Chairman* Malcolm Heinicke, *Director* Joél Ramos, *Director* Cheryl Brinkman, Vice-Chailman Jerry Lee, *Director* Cristina Rubke, *Director*

Edward D. Reiskin, Director of Transportation

Date:

April 28, 2017

To:

Christopher Espiritu, San Francisco Planning Department

From:

Thalia Leng, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Through:

Andrea Contreras, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Re:

Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and

O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements

OVERVIEW

The purpose of this project is to make three key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists. The project also aims to support citywide efforts such as WalkFirst, Vision Zero, and the SFMTA 2012 Bicycle Strategy to improve non-motorized safety and mobility in San Francisco.

BACKGROUND

The area where Cesar Chavez Street, Portero Avenue, and Bayshore Boulevard intersect underneath the Highway 101 interchange is known as the Hairball (Figure 1). Because the Hairball area is complex, the area has been divided into lettered segments in order to be studied (Figure 2). In fall 2015, the SFMTA began a process to develop conceptual designs for safety improvements at three prioritized segments as well as a portion of Jerrold Avenue (between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) that leads directly to one of the three segments. The three segments targeted for improvements by the SFMTA are known as Segments M, N and O and are shown in Figures 2 and 3.

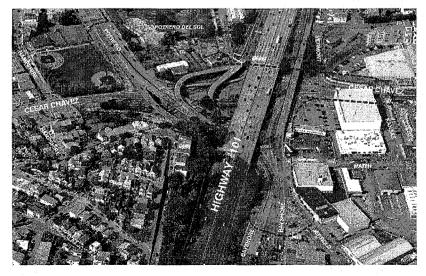


Figure 1: Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue (The Hairball) Project Area

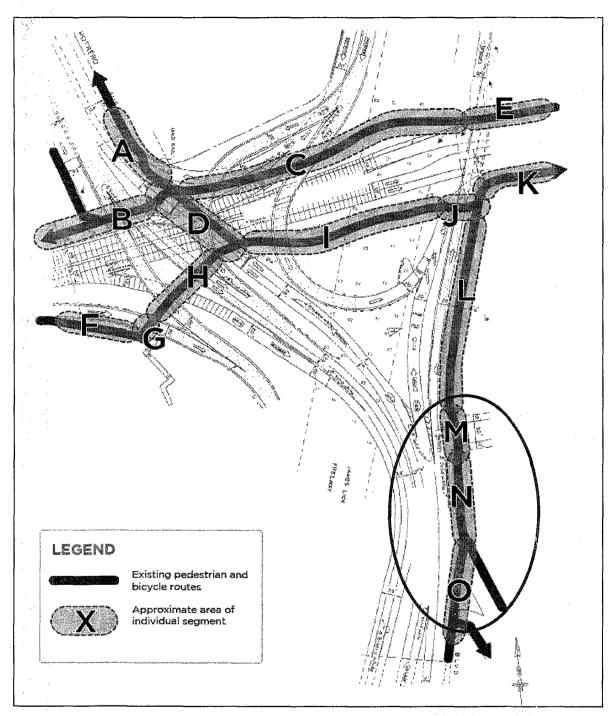


Figure 2: Segment Map

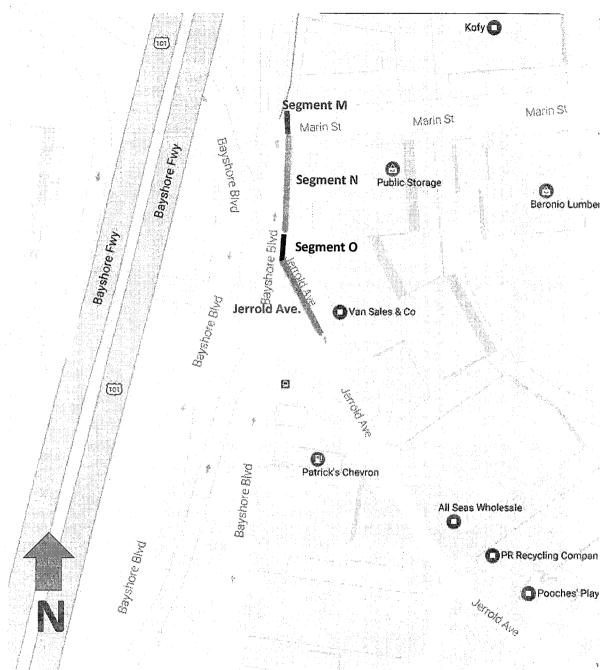
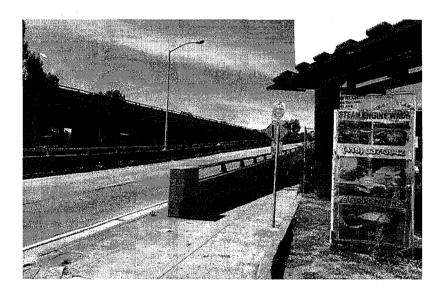


Figure 3: Roadway Map

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Segments M, N, and O are located at the southeastern entrance of the Hairball and include portions of north Bayshore Boulevard and the intersections of Bayshore Boulevard with both Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue. Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Avenue, and Marin Street are all city-owned streets and connect to the Caltrans 101 north on-ramp.

Segment M includes the area where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard. Pedestrians and two-way bicycle traffic cross Marin Street at an unsignalized crosswalk (Figure 3). This is a potential issue since motorists turning right from Marin Street onto the Highway 101 northbound on-ramp often travel at high speeds and do not expect two-way bicycle traffic in the crosswalk. Additionally, there is little clear space for pedestrians and bicyclists waiting to cross, and visibility is an issue. The crossing distance where Marin crosses Bayshore Boulevard is 36 feet.



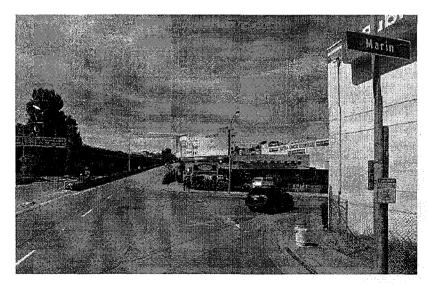


Figure 3: Segment M (Looking North at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Segment N is a shared pedestrian and two-way bicycle path between Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue (Figure 4). Southbound bicyclists currently share the sidewalk with pedestrians while northbound cyclists use the adjacent bike lane. The existing sidewalk on the east side of the street is six feet wide, with approximately three foot wide pinch points at the two utility poles in place in this segment. The sidewalk is obstructed by street light poles, utility poles and a fire hydrant. There is also a six foot wide northbound curbside bicycle lane on northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

Segment O includes a crossing where pedestrians and southbound cyclists cross Jerrold Avenue (Figure 5). The existing crossing includes two crosswalks joined by a pork chop island. The 15-foot northern crossing is not signalized. Since the rightmost lane of westbound Jerrold Avenue meets northbound Bayshore Boulevard at a very shallow angle, vehicles can ignore the yield sign and turn right at high speeds.

Segments M, N, and O are all in close proximity to the 101 highway and other major arterials, placing pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to vehicles moving at high speeds. Segment M, or where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard, pedestrian/cyclist visibility is poor, the crossing is unsignalized and curb ramps are positioned poorly. Segment N, or the shared sidewalk for pedestrians and southbound cyclists that runs adjacent to norhtbound Bayshore Boulevard, is very narrow and obstructed by existing infrastructure. In addition, there are many pedestrians with shopping carts using this sidewalk because of nearby recycling centers. These pedestrians and shopping carts often block the sidewalk or travel in the roadway. Segment O, or the area where Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard intersect, is a long crossing with high vehicle volumes on both Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and an unsignalized right turn lane from Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard. All of these issues create unsafe existing conditions for both pedestrians and cyclists traveling to and from the Hairball.

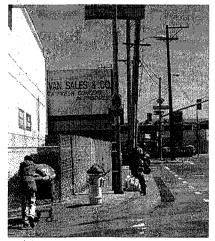


Figure 4: Segment N (Looking South at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)

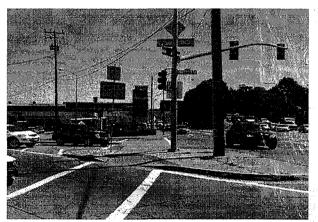


Figure 5: Segment O
(Looking South at Jerrold Ave. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Connecting to Segment O, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore is targeted for improvements as part of this project. Jerrold Avenue is 60-feet wide with one vehicle travel lane and one parking lane in the eastbound direction and two vehicle travel lanes and one parking lane in the westbound direction. The two westbound vehicle travel lanes become two right turn lanes from westbound Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

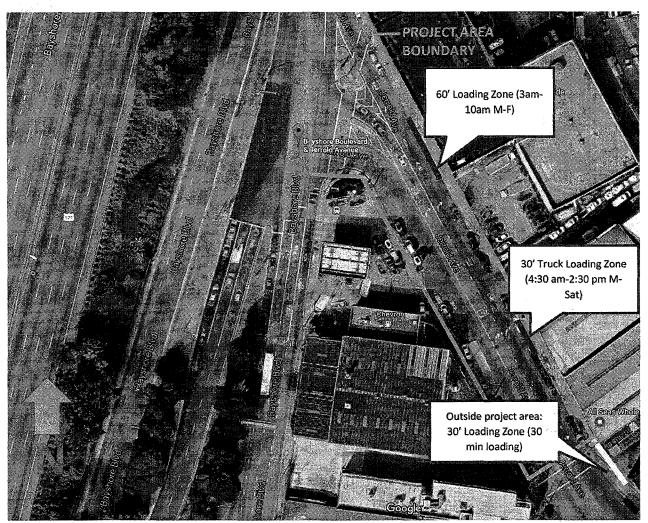


Figure 6: Existing Loading on Jerrold Avenue

There are currently two loading zones on the western side of Jerrold Avenue within the project area, and one loading zone immediately south of the project area (Figure 6). The two loading zones within the project area include one 60-foot 3am-10am loading zone, and one 30-foot 4:30am-2:30pm 6W Truck Loading Zone. Field observations during the peak loading period showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. It is difficult for the larger trucks to maneuver and pull up to the curb.

An existing conditions site plan for all of the areas targeted for improvements (Segments M, N, O and Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) is shown below in Figure 5 (Existing Conditions Site Plan) and included as an attachment to this memorandum.

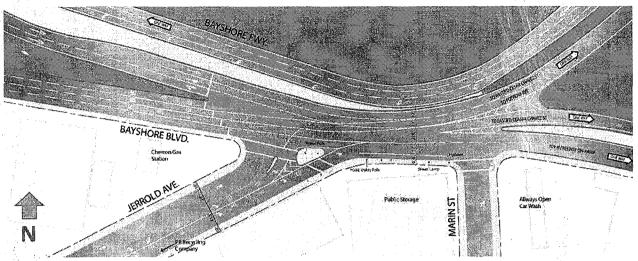


Figure 6: Existing Conditions Site Plan

PROPOSED PROJECT

The goal of this project is to make key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists by making safety improvements such as intersection and shared lane markings, widening existing bike lanes, and installing new bike lanes on Jerrold Avenue.

To address these issue, this project proposes paint-only improvements including the following:

1. Bike Lanes:

- Southbound Bayshore Boulevard bicyclists continue to share sidewalk, but northbound bike path widened from 6 feet to 12 feet (including a 6 foot lane with wide buffers) for shared/flexible uses.
- Install a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.
- o Install a bike lane adjacent to existing parking on eastbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

2. Intersection Treatments:

- Install continental crosswalks and elephant tracks¹ on Marin Street at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.
- Install continental crosswalks and greenback sharrows on Jerrold Avenue at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.

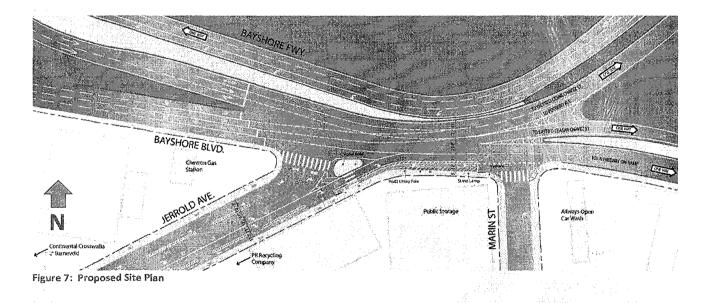
¹ An "elephant track" is a roadway marking consisting of an 8-inch wide by 3-foot dashed line that is typically combined with green shared lane markings and placed adjacent to a pedestrian crosswalk to indicate that cyclists should cross adjacent to the pedestrian crosswalk.

Install continental crosswalks on Jerrold Avenue and Barneveld Avenue at the intersection
of the two streets.

3. Parking and Loading:

- To provide sufficient space for a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue, approximately 10 unmetered parking spaces and the two loading zones will be removed on westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue. Field observations during peak loading times showed no instances of loading taking place within the existing zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most vehicle travel lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. One-on-one outreach with property owners was conducted confirming that loading takes place in the right vehicle travel lane or within property driveways.
- To alleviate the proposed parking loss on the west side of Jerrold and create parking availability for area businesses, the establishment of a tow-away no stopping zone is proposed as part of this project. This zone would be located on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue and prohibit parking between the hours of 10pm to 2am. This would assist with prohibiting vehicles from parking overnight or for extended amounts of time and allow employees of the businesses on Jerrold to park during business hours.

A proposed illustrative site plan of the project area is shown below in Figure 7 (Proposed Site Plan) and is also included as an attachment to this memorandum.



TRANSPORTATION TOPICS

Vehicle Miles Traveled

The proposed bicycling safety improvements, narrowing of traffic lanes, and parking removal constitute an Active Transportation Project and Other Minor Transportation Project in accordance with the Planning

Department's Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis, and are therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required.

Bicycles

The proposed project would improve the bike route on Jerrold Avenue, Bayshore Boulevard and the Hairball southeastern entry/shared path by installing a bike lane and adding paint improvements to the intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues. The project would create improved and more visible separation between motorists and bicyclists, thereby reducing the potential for conflicts and increasing safety.

Pedestrian

The proposed project would improve the pedestrian environment at intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues through the use of improved crosswalk and intersection markings. The project would not result in any new potential conflicts between pedestrians and other modes.

Transit

The 9 and 9R Muni bus runs on northbound Bayshore Boulevard within the project area and there is a bus stop on Bayshore Boulevard at Jerrold Avenue. This project would keep the vehicle lanes at current widths except for a portion of the right-most lane of northbound Bayshore Boulevard between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street, which would be narrowed from 17 feet to 11 feet. Muni buses do not travel in this lane as they merge to the left on Bayshore Boulevard to follow their route onto Potrero Avenue after the bus stop at Bayshore Boulevard and Jerrold Avenue. There would be no reduction in transit or mixed-flow travel lanes. Therefore, there would be no transit delay or impacts resulting from the project.

Loading

This project proposes removing one 60-foot loading zone and one 30-foot loading zone on westbound Jerrold Avenue near Bayshore Boulevard. Field observations (conducted on Thursday, February 23, 2017 from 8-9:30am) showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones and two instances of loading occurring in the right most vehicle travel lane directly adjacent the All Seas distribution warehouse (2390 Jerrold Avenue).

This observation as well as one-on-one outreach with property owners revealed that loading in this area typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb.

Emergency Access

None of the proposed improvements or changes to the roadway would affect emergency vehicle access.

Parking

This project proposes removing 10 unregulated/unmetered parking spaces on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

Excavation

The proposed project is a paint-only project and does not involve any excavation.

Construction

The construction scope of this project would be for SFMTA paint crews to remove the existing thermoplastic striping, where necessary, and to paint new thermoplastic and epoxy striping on the roadway. Estimated construction duration is a maximum of 15 days for the full corridor.

Approval Action

The first approval of the project committing the City to carrying out the proposed project would be the approval of the SFMTA Board of Directors.

ATTACHMENT

Proposed Plans/Drawings/Diagrams

ATTACHMENT 1: EXISTING SITE PLAN

ATTACHMENT 2: PROPOSED SITE PLAN

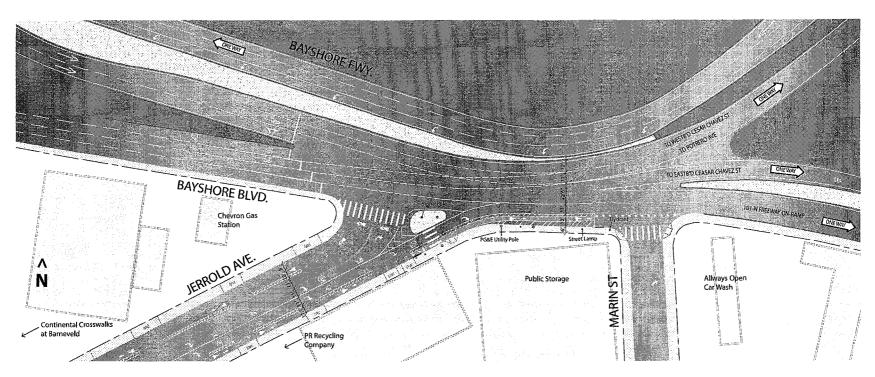


EXHIBIT B

ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION APPLICATION COVER MEMO - PUBLIC PROJECTS ONLY

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the first approval action.

Please attach this memo along with all necessary materials to the Environmental Evaluation Application,

	Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvemen MTA Board of Directors				
Project Approval Action:					
Will the approval action be ta	ken at a noticed public hearing? YES* NO				
* If YES is checked, please see h	pelow.				
IF APPROVAL ACTION IS TAKEN LANGUAGE:	AT A NOTICED PUBLIC HEARING, INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING CA	ALENDAR			
then the CEQA decision prepartime frame specified in S.F. Ad calendar days of the Approval A of the Board of Supervisors at C	Code Chapter 31, as amended, Board of Supervisors Ordinance Ned in support of that Approval Action is thereafter subject to a support of that Approval Action is thereafter subject to a su	opeal within to filed within contact the Cle			
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Edwin M. Lee, Mayor

Tom Nolan, *Chairman* Malcolm Heinicke, *Director* Joél Ramos, *Director* Cheryl Brinkman, Vice-Chairman Jerry Lee, *Director* Cristina Rubke, *Director*

Edward D. Reiskin, Director of Transportation

Date:

April 28, 2017

To:

Christopher Espiritu, San Francisco Planning Department

From:

Thalia Leng, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Through:

Andrea Contreras, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

Re:

Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and

O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements

OVERVIEW

The purpose of this project is to make three key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists. The project also aims to support citywide efforts such as WalkFirst, Vision Zero, and the SFMTA 2012 Bicycle Strategy to improve non-motorized safety and mobility in San Francisco.

BACKGROUND

The area where Cesar Chavez Street, Portero Avenue, and Bayshore Boulevard intersect underneath the Highway 101 interchange is known as the Hairball (Figure 1). Because the Hairball area is complex, the area has been divided into lettered segments in order to be studied (Figure 2). In fall 2015, the SFMTA began a process to develop conceptual designs for safety improvements at three prioritized segments as well as a portion of Jerrold Avenue (between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) that leads directly to one of the three segments. The three segments targeted for improvements by the SFMTA are known as Segments M, N and O and are shown in Figures 2 and 3.

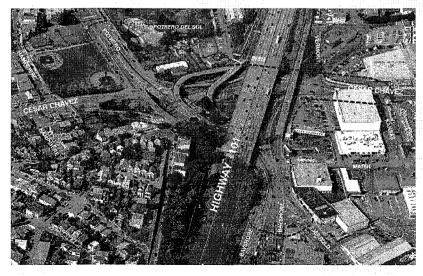


Figure 1: Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue (The Hairball) Project Area

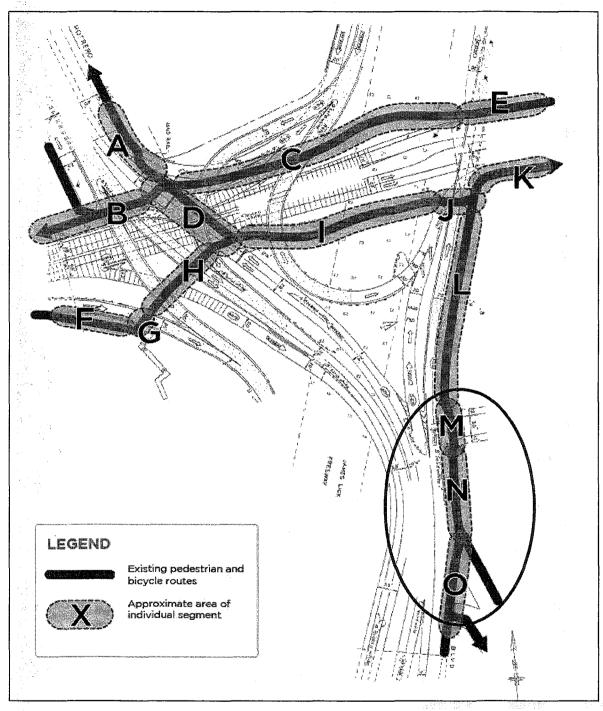


Figure 2: Segment Map

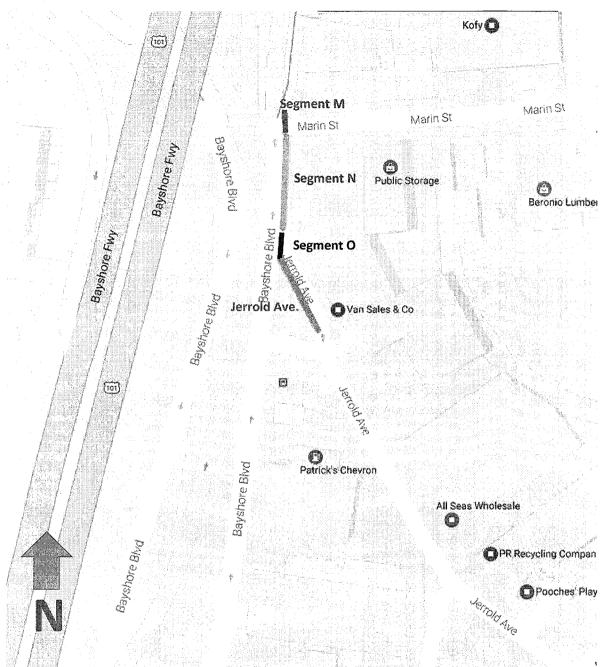
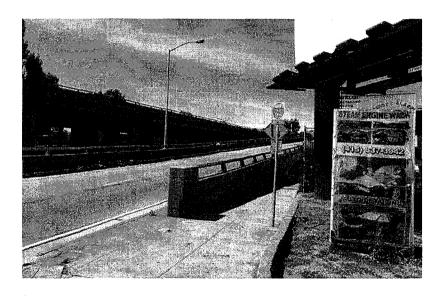


Figure 3: Roadway Map

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Segments M, N, and O are located at the southeastern entrance of the Hairball and include portions of north Bayshore Boulevard and the intersections of Bayshore Boulevard with both Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue. Bayshore Boulevard, Jerrold Avenue, and Marin Street are all city-owned streets and connect to the Caltrans 101 north on-ramp.

Segment M includes the area where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard. Pedestrians and two-way bicycle traffic cross Marin Street at an unsignalized crosswalk (Figure 3). This is a potential issue since motorists turning right from Marin Street onto the Highway 101 northbound on-ramp often travel at high speeds and do not expect two-way bicycle traffic in the crosswalk. Additionally, there is little clear space for pedestrians and bicyclists waiting to cross, and visibility is an issue. The crossing distance where Marin crosses Bayshore Boulevard is 36 feet.



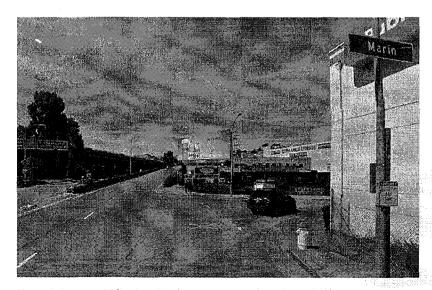


Figure 3: Segment M (Looking North at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Segment N is a shared pedestrian and two-way bicycle path between Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue (Figure 4). Southbound bicyclists currently share the sidewalk with pedestrians while northbound cyclists use the adjacent bike lane. The existing sidewalk on the east side of the street is six feet wide, with approximately three foot wide pinch points at the two utility poles in place in this segment. The sidewalk is obstructed by street light poles, utility poles and a fire hydrant. There is also a six foot wide northbound curbside bicycle lane on northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

Segment O includes a crossing where pedestrians and southbound cyclists cross Jerrold Avenue (Figure 5). The existing crossing includes two crosswalks joined by a pork chop island. The 15-foot northern crossing is not signalized. Since the rightmost lane of westbound Jerrold Avenue meets northbound Bayshore Boulevard at a very shallow angle, vehicles can ignore the yield sign and turn right at high speeds.

Segments M, N, and O are all in close proximity to the 101 highway and other major arterials, placing pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to vehicles moving at high speeds. Segment M, or where Marin Street crosses Bayshore Boulevard, pedestrian/cyclist visibility is poor, the crossing is unsignalized and curb ramps are positioned poorly. Segment N, or the shared sidewalk for pedestrians and southbound cyclists that runs adjacent to norhtbound Bayshore Boulevard, is very narrow and obstructed by existing infrastructure. In addition, there are many pedestrians with shopping carts using this sidewalk because of nearby recycling centers. These pedestrians and shopping carts often block the sidewalk or travel in the roadway. Segment O, or the area where Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard intersect, is a long crossing with high vehicle volumes on both Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and an unsignalized right turn lane from Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard. All of these issues create unsafe existing conditions for both pedestrians and cyclists traveling to and from the Hairball.



Figure 4: Segment N
(Looking South at Marin St. and Bayshore Blvd.)



Figure 5: Segment O
(Looking South at Jerrold Ave. and Bayshore Blvd.)

Connecting to Segment O, **Jerrold Avenue** between Barneveld Street and Bayshore is targeted for improvements as part of this project. Jerrold Avenue is 60-feet wide with one vehicle travel lane and one parking lane in the eastbound direction and two vehicle travel lanes and one parking lane in the westbound direction. The two westbound vehicle travel lanes become two right turn lanes from westbound Jerrold Avenue onto northbound Bayshore Boulevard.

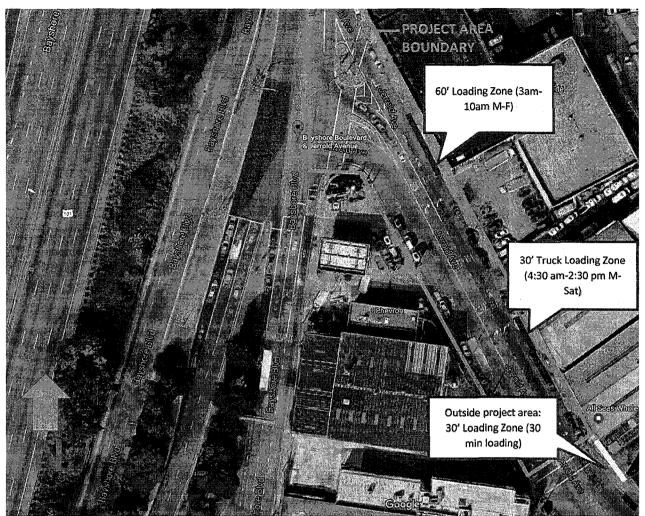


Figure 6: Existing Loading on Jerrold Avenue

There are currently two loading zones on the western side of Jerrold Avenue within the project area, and one loading zone immediately south of the project area (Figure 6). The two loading zones within the project area include one 60-foot 3am-10am loading zone, and one 30-foot 4:30am-2:30pm 6W Truck Loading Zone. Field observations during the peak loading period showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. It is difficult for the larger trucks to maneuver and pull up to the curb.

An existing conditions site plan for all of the areas targeted for improvements (Segments M, N, O and Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Street and Bayshore Boulevard) is shown below in Figure 5 (Existing Conditions Site Plan) and included as an attachment to this memorandum.

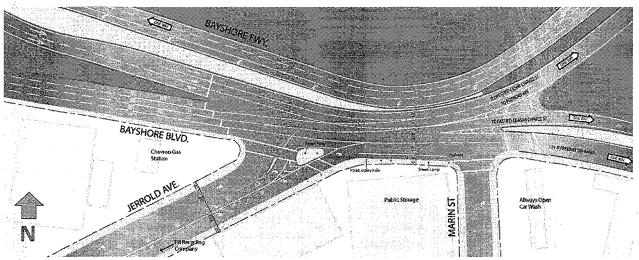


Figure 6: Existing Conditions Site Plan

PROPOSED PROJECT

The goal of this project is to make key portions of the Hairball paths safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists by making safety improvements such as intersection and shared lane markings, widening existing bike lanes, and installing new bike lanes on Jerrold Avenue.

To address these issue, this project proposes paint-only improvements including the following:

1. Bike Lanes:

- Southbound Bayshore Boulevard bicyclists continue to share sidewalk, but northbound bike path widened from 6 feet to 12 feet (including a 6 foot lane with wide buffers) for shared/flexible uses.
- Install a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.
- o Install a bike lane adjacent to existing parking on eastbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

2. Intersection Treatments:

- Install continental crosswalks and elephant tracks¹ on Marin Street at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.
- Install continental crosswalks and greenback sharrows on Jerrold Avenue at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.

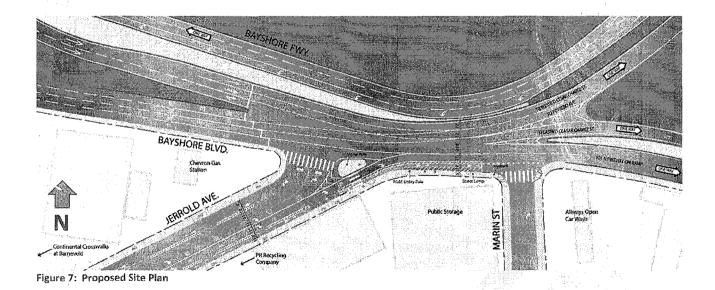
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 Install continental crosswalks on Jerrold Avenue and Barneveld Avenue at the intersection of the two streets.

3. Parking and Loading:

- To provide sufficient space for a curbside bike lane on westbound Jerrold Avenue, approximately 10 unmetered parking spaces and the two loading zones will be removed on westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue. Field observations during peak loading times showed no instances of loading taking place within the existing zones. Rather loading typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most vehicle travel lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb. One-on-one outreach with property owners was conducted confirming that loading takes place in the right vehicle travel lane or within property driveways.
- To alleviate the proposed parking loss on the west side of Jerrold and create parking availability for area businesses, the establishment of a tow-away no stopping zone is proposed as part of this project. This zone would be located on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue and prohibit parking between the hours of 10pm to 2am. This would assist with prohibiting vehicles from parking overnight or for extended amounts of time and allow employees of the businesses on Jerrold to park during business hours.

A proposed illustrative site plan of the project area is shown below in Figure 7 (Proposed Site Plan) and is also included as an attachment to this memorandum.



TRANSPORTATION TOPICS

Vehicle Miles Traveled

The proposed bicycling safety improvements, narrowing of traffic lanes, and parking removal constitute an Active Transportation Project and Other Minor Transportation Project in accordance with the Planning

Department's Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis, and are therefore presumed to not significantly impact VMT and no further VMT analysis is required.

Bicycles

The proposed project would improve the bike route on Jerrold Avenue, Bayshore Boulevard and the Hairball southeastern entry/shared path by installing a bike lane and adding paint improvements to the intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues. The project would create improved and more visible separation between motorists and bicyclists, thereby reducing the potential for conflicts and increasing safety.

Pedestrian

The proposed project would improve the pedestrian environment at intersections of Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue with Bayshore Boulevard as well as the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues through the use of improved crosswalk and intersection markings. The project would not result in any new potential conflicts between pedestrians and other modes.

Transit

The 9 and 9R Muni bus runs on northbound Bayshore Boulevard within the project area and there is a bus stop on Bayshore Boulevard at Jerrold Avenue. This project would keep the vehicle lanes at current widths except for a portion of the right-most lane of northbound Bayshore Boulevard between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street, which would be narrowed from 17 feet to 11 feet. Muni buses do not travel in this lane as they merge to the left on Bayshore Boulevard to follow their route onto Potrero Avenue after the bus stop at Bayshore Boulevard and Jerrold Avenue. There would be no reduction in transit or mixed-flow travel lanes. Therefore, there would be no transit delay or impacts resulting from the project.

Loading

This project proposes removing one 60-foot loading zone and one 30-foot loading zone on westbound Jerrold Avenue near Bayshore Boulevard. Field observations (conducted on Thursday, February 23, 2017 from 8-9:30am) showed no loading occurring in the existing loading zones and two instances of loading occurring in the right most vehicle travel lane directly adjacent the All Seas distribution warehouse (2390 Jerrold Avenue).

This observation as well as one-on-one outreach with property owners revealed that loading in this area typically takes place within adjacent off-street driveways and/or semi-trucks often use the right most lane to unload instead of pulling to the curb.

Emergency Access

None of the proposed improvements or changes to the roadway would affect emergency vehicle access.

Parking

This project proposes removing 10 unregulated/unmetered parking spaces on westbound Jerrold Avenue from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue.

Excavation

The proposed project is a paint-only project and does not involve any excavation.

Construction

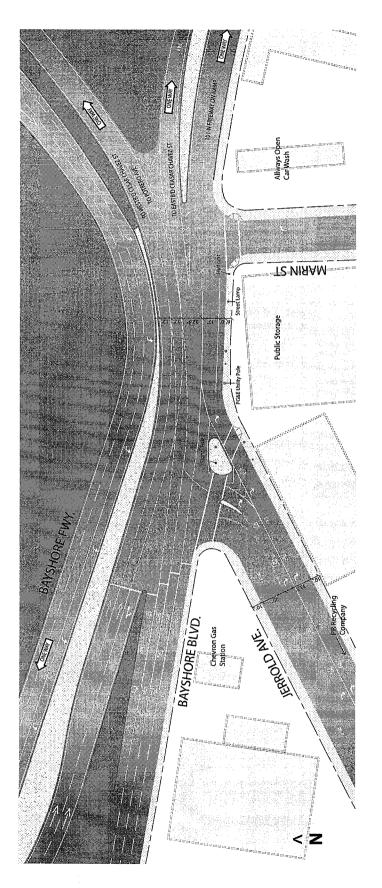
The construction scope of this project would be for SFMTA paint crews to remove the existing thermoplastic striping, where necessary, and to paint new thermoplastic and epoxy striping on the roadway. Estimated construction duration is a maximum of 15 days for the full corridor.

Approval Action

The first approval of the project committing the City to carrying out the proposed project would be the approval of the SFMTA Board of Directors.

ATTACHMENT

Proposed Plans/Drawings/Diagrams



ATTACHMENT 1: EXISTING SITE PLAN

ATTACHMENT 2: PROPOSED SITE PLAN

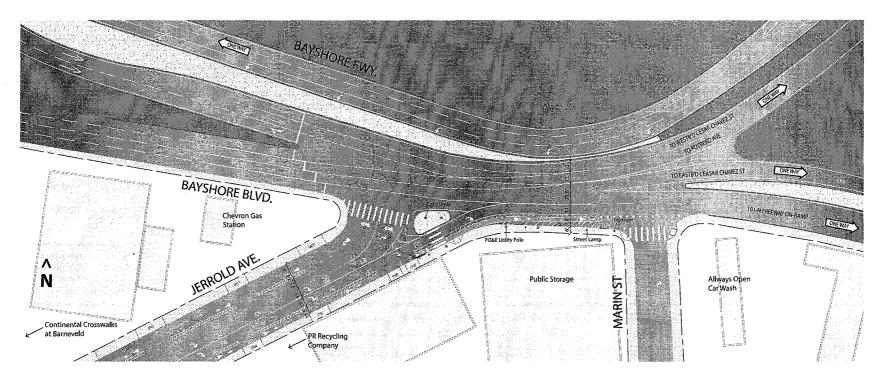


EXHIBIT C

THIS PRINT COVERS CALENDAR ITEM NO.: 12

SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY

DIVISION: Sustainable Streets

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

Approving various bicycle, parking and traffic modifications on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minor accompanying parking restrictions.

SUMMARY:

- Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard is part of the San Francisco Bike Network and is currently a Class III bikeway demarcated with shared lane markings.
- This project will install a Class IV protected bikeway on northbound Jerrold Avenue and a Class II bike lane on southbound Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard.
- This project will install a Tow Away No Stopping Anytime restriction from 10PM to 2AM on the west side of Barneveld Ave between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue to help address parking congestion and create parking availability for area businesses.
- The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S. F. Administrative Code Chapter 31.

ENCLOSURES:

- 1. SFMTAB Resolution
- 2. Project Area and Typical Cross Sections

APPROVALS:	_	DATE
DIRECTOR	Mah	9/11/2017
SECRETARY	R. Boomer	9/11/2017
		•

ASSIGNED SFMTAB CALENDAR DATE: September 19, 2017

PAGE 2.

PURPOSE

Approving various bicycle, parking and traffic modifications on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minor accompanying parking restrictions.

STRATEGIC PLAN GOALS AND TRANSIT FIRST POLICY PRINCIPLES

This action supports the Vision Zero Policy goal to eliminate traffic fatalities as well as the following SFMTA Strategic Plan Goals and Objectives:

- Goal 1: Create a safer transportation experience for everyone Objective 1.3: Improve the safety of the transportation system.
- Goal 2: Make transit, walking, bicycling, taxi, ridesharing and carsharing the preferred means of travel

 Objective 2.3: Increase use of all non-private auto modes.

Transit First Principles

- 1. To ensure quality of life and economic health in San Francisco, the primary objective of the transportation system must be the safe and efficient movement of people and goods.
- 2. Public transit, including taxis and vanpools, is an economically and environmentally sound alternative to transportation by individual automobiles. Within San Francisco, travel by public transit, by bicycle, and on foot must be an attractive alternative to travel by private automobile.
- 3. Decisions regarding the use of limited public street and sidewalk space shall encourage the use of public rights of way by pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transit, and shall strive to reduce traffic and improve public health and safety.
- 5. Pedestrian areas shall be enhanced wherever possible to improve the safety and comfort of pedestrians and to encourage travel by foot.
- 6. Bicycling shall be promoted by encouraging safe streets for riding, convenient access to transit, bicycle lanes, and secure bicycle parking.

DESCRIPTION

In an area known as "The Hairball", Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue change from City streets to a complex arrangement of bridges and ramps linking with Highway 101. Because many paths intersect in this area, the interchange is challenging to navigate and there are points of conflict between vehicles, pedestrians and bicycles. However, though limited in some respects, the pedestrian and bicycle circulation network allows connections between Cesar Chavez Street, Bayshore Boulevard and Potrero Avenue that are not possible by vehicle and provides a high level of connectivity to non-motorized users within the framework of the existing highly complex intersection structure.

PAGE 3.

The Hairball Intersection Improvement Project is an effort to make key portions of the paths at this location safer and easier to use for pedestrians and bicyclists. The improvements currently proposed specifically address key segments at the southeastern entry to The Hairball on Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard and on northbound Bayshore Boulevard from Jerrold Avenue to Marin Street. (See Enclosure A for Project Area Map)

Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard, part of San Francisco Bike Route 25, is currently a Class III bikeway demarcated with shared lane markings. This is a challenging location to bicycle due to the high volume of vehicles and specifically large trucks that use this roadway, especially during the morning hours (approximately 700 vehicles on northbound Jerrold during the two hour morning peak period). These vehicle movements conflict with the large number of cyclists who also use this section of Jerrold Avenue during both the morning and evening peak commute hours (approximately 78 cyclists in the two hour morning peak and 70 cyclists in the evening peak period). In addition, the intersection of Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard presents safety concerns for pedestrians and cyclists; one pedestrian fatality occurred at this intersection in 2014.

The portion of northbound Bayshore Boulevard from Jerrold Avenue to Marin Street is also an area of conflict for pedestrians, cyclists, and vehicles. The sidewalk along the east side of Bayshore Boulevard is a shared pedestrian and two-way bicycle path between Marin Street and Jerrold Avenue. Southbound bicyclists currently share the sidewalk with pedestrians while northbound cyclists use the adjacent bike lane. The sidewalk on the east side of the street is six feet wide, with approximately three foot wide pinch points at the two existing utility poles. Additionally, the sidewalk is constrained by street light poles, utility poles and a fire hydrant. At the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard and Marin Street, pedestrians and two-way bicycle traffic cross Marin Street at an unsignalized crosswalk. This is a potential issue since motorists turning right from Marin Street onto the Highway 101 northbound on-ramp often travel at high speeds and do not expect two-way bicycle traffic in the crosswalk. Additionally, visibility is an issue for motorists turning right from westbound Marin Street as they may not see cyclists and pedestrians crossing Marin Street at Bayshore Boulevard.

To address these conflict areas, the SFMTA proposes the near-term improvements using paint and flexible delineators as described below. In tandem with these proposed changes, SFMTA staff is also coordinating with San Francisco Public Works (Public Works) on the detailed design of a long-term project that will propose similar changes to this legislation but will be designed and constructed with concrete. The long-term project may require SFMTA Board approval, depending on the final design decisions.

Near-term Improvements Bike Lanes:

• Southbound Bayshore Boulevard bicyclists will continue to share the sidewalk, but the northbound bikeway will widen from 6 feet to 11 to 13 feet, including a 5 foot wide bike lane with buffers that vary according to street geometry (does not require legislation).

PAGE 4.

- Installing a new Class IV protected bikeway on northbound Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard.
- Installing a new Class II bike lane adjacent to the existing parking on southbound Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard.

Parking and Loading:

- Providing sufficient space for the new Class IV protected bikeway, this project proposes
 to remove approximately ten unmetered parking spaces and two loading zones on
 westbound Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue.
- Installing a Tow Away No Stopping Anytime restriction from 10 PM to 2 AM on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue to help address parking congestion and to create parking availability for area businesses.

Intersection Treatments that do not require SFMTA Board approval:

- Striping continental crosswalks, greenback shared lane markings, and a two-way bike crossing at Marin Street and Bayshore Boulevard.
- Striping continental crosswalks, greenback sharrows, and a two-way bike crossing at Jerrold Avenue at the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard.
- Striping continental crosswalks at the intersection of Jerrold and Barneveld Avenues.

Please refer to Enclosure 2 for cross-sections of the existing and proposed conditions.

With respect to the proposed Class IV protected bikeway, separated bikeways are authorized under California State law (Assembly Bill No. 1193 effective January 1, 2015). Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer with consideration for the unique characteristics and features of the proposed bikeway and surrounding environs;
- 2. The alternative criteria, or the description of the project with reference to the alternative criteria, are adopted by resolution at a public meeting, after having provided proper notice of the public meeting and opportunity for public comment; and
- 3. The alternative criteria adhere to guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials.

The proposed parking protected bikeway on Jerrold Avenue meets these three conditions. The alternative criteria for the parking protected bikeway design have been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation. The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle lane, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists. These alternative criteria will be adopted by SFMTA Board of Directors as

PAGE 5.

part of this calendar item. Lastly, the project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO) Urban Bikeway Design Guide, Federal Highway Administration Separated Bike Lane Planning and Design Guide, and California Department of Transportation Design Bulletin Information Number 89 Class IV Bikeway Guidance. The NACTO guidelines state that parking protected bikeways require the following features:

- A separated bikeway, like a bike lane, is a type of preferential lane as defined by the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).
- Bicycle lane word, symbol, and/or arrow markings shall be placed at the beginning of a cycle track and at periodic intervals along the facility based on engineering judgment.
- If pavement markings are used to separate motor vehicle parking lanes from the preferential bicycle lane, solid white lane line markings shall be used. Diagonal crosshatch markings may be placed in the neutral area for special emphasis. Raised medians or other barriers can also provide physical separation to the cycle track.

The separated bikeway for Jerrold Avenue will conform to these NACTO design guidelines. The separated bikeway will also conform to best practices and design standards, including design guidelines developed jointly by the SFMTA, Mayor's Office of Disability, and Department of Public Works to ensure accessibility for all street users. The painted buffer alongside the parking lanes that separates the vehicle travel lane from the bikeway will be clearly marked with cross-hatching and 60-inches in width, the recommended buffer width. It was also reviewed by the San Francisco Fire Department.

The proposed parking restriction on Barneveld Avenue (west side only) from Jerrold Avenue to McKinnon Avenue is intended to restrict all vehicles from parking on this stretch of roadway from 10 PM to 2 AM, addressing current parking congestion and creating parking availability for nearby businesses due to the loss of parking on the north side of Jerrold Avenue as a result of the new protected bikeway. The parking restriction hours are related to key business hours that begin early in the morning from 2 to 3 AM. Workers often cannot find parking due to vehicles parked overnight on nearby streets. There are oversized Recreational Vehicles (RVs) that use the area of Barneveld Avenue where the parking restrictions are proposed, and while the SFMTA understands the needs of this community, this project aims to balance the needs of all users of the project area while prioritizing traffic safety. According to the SF Park's current Parking Supply Map, this parking restriction affects a small percentage of unregulated parking spaces in the area. The restriction regulates approximately 20 parking spaces, while with the proposed removal of 10 spaces on the north side of Jerrold Avenue, approximately 178 unregulated parking spaces remain on Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and the Embarcadero Freeway, and 67 unregulated parking spaces remain on Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Street and Oakdale Avenue.

Businesses on Jerrold Avenue between Bayshore Boulevard and Barneveld Avenue currently maintain off-site loading and/or load by double parking large trucks in the right-most northbound travel lane; it is difficult for the large trucks to pull up to the curb in the current loading zone

PAGE 6.

locations. Therefore the businesses are not expected to be significantly impacted by the removal of the current loading zones on the north side of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard.

Approval of the following parking and traffic modifications is required to support the project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY –Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The stakeholder engagement process for the proposed changes has been targeted and thorough, building on previous, in-depth community engagement processes.

In 2010, the San Francisco Planning Department began a community outreach process to develop a community-supported vision and design for a safe, comfortable and accessible Cesar Chavez Street for all users. This outreach process culminated in the Cesar Chavez East Community Design Plan that was finalized in early 2012 and incorporates the Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/Potrero Avenue intersection (The Hairball). In fall 2015, the SFMTA and Public Works received \$100,000 in Neighborhood Transportation Improvement Program (NTIP) Prop K funds from the San Francisco County Transportation Agency to develop recommendations for safety improvements at key segments. The current proposed changes are a direct result of this NTIP planning process. This process included gathering feedback from the main stakeholders for the project including staff from District 10, District 9, the bicycle and pedestrian group of Caltrans District 4, and the San Francisco Bike Coalition. Specifically, feedback was gathered through two stakeholder walkthroughs of the site, one bike ride through the site, and attendance of a Calle 24 board meeting where board members and members of the Mission neighborhood community were present. In addition, prior to public hearing, SFMTA staff met multiple times with the merchants along Jerrold Avenue to understand parking loss impacts and to develop a balanced solution. Project staff also coordinated with SFMTA Parking staff to ensure minimal impacts to the community members concerned with parking restrictions that may affect oversize vehicles.

Lastly, this project went to the SFMTA Engineering Public Hearing on August 4, 2017. At the Public Hearing, a few members of the public had objections to the parking restrictions. These members of the public were not in favor of any parking restrictions that they believe affect parking for oversized vehicles. SFMTA heard comments and shared background on the project, including the need to balance traffic safety with parking needs. The parking restrictions are for

PAGE 7.

all vehicles and do not specify a vehicle size.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

A no-build option was considered that would maintain shared lane markings on Jerrold Avenue and leave conditions as-is on northbound Bayshore Boulevard between Jerrold Avenue and Marin Street. Because separating motor vehicles from bicycles can make this route safer to pedestrians and cyclists, and due to the low cost and minimal impacts to parking and traffic, staff concluded that the recommendation to implement bikeways and minimal parking restrictions on the west side of Barneveld is the best way to proceed.

An option was also considered that would maintain parking on the north side of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard. Because this resulted in removal of a northbound vehicle travel lane on Jerrold Avenue and created large impacts to traffic while still presenting conflict areas between cyclists and vehicles, staff concluded that the recommendation to implement a protected bikeway on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and minimal parking restrictions on the west side of Barneveld is the best way to proceed.

FUNDING IMPACT

The project cost of \$40,000 is fully funded by the 2017 Proposition B (San Francisco General Fund).

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The proposed project includes improvements to existing bicycle infrastructure in Segments M, N and O only. All proposed changes to Segments M, N and O can be implemented independently of other changes to the Hairball, should any be proposed in the future. Any future changes to other segments of the Hairball would benefit from, but not depend on, or result from the changes proposed to Segments M, N and O. Therefore, Segments M, N and O have independent utility.

The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement Project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities.

On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement Project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-001775ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301.

The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31.

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A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference.

OTHER APPROVALS RECEIVED OR STILL REQUIRED

The City's Attorney Office has reviewed this calendar item.

RECOMMENDATION

SFMTA staff recommends approval of various bicycle, parking and traffic modifications on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No.	

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency is committed to making San Francisco a Transit First city that prioritizes non-private automobile transportation; and,

WHEREAS, the Caltrans project supports the City's Vision Zero Goal of eliminating all traffic fatalities in San Francisco by 2024; and,

WHEREAS, The segment of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard is a designated bicycle route on the San Francisco Bicycle Route Network that provides connections from the Bayview and Hunters Point to the Mission neighborhood and central San Francisco; and,

WHEREAS, Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if the following conditions are met: the alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer, the alternative criteria is adopted by resolution at a public meeting after public comment and proper notice, and the alternative criteria adheres to the guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway proposed as part of the project meets these three requirements; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway has been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation; and,

WHEREAS, The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle facility, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists; and,

WHEREAS, The project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials; and,

WHEREAS, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard can incorporate a protected bicycle lane northbound and a bicycle lane southbound without any impacts to traffic and without significant impacts to parking; and,

WHEREAS, The SFMTA project team contacted key stakeholders and met with businesses along the project corridor and held a public hearing to solicit feedback on areas of

PAGE 10.

concern and answer questions about the project proposals; and,

WHEREAS, SFMTA staff propose the following parking and traffic modifications associated with the Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

WHEREAS, The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities; Section 15304 provides an exemption for minor public alterations to land including the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way; and,

WHEREAS, On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-002118ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 and Section 15304; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31; and,

WHEREAS, A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference; and

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors approves the bicycle, parking and traffic modifications listed in items A-D above on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of September 19, 2017.

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Secretary to the Board of Directors
San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

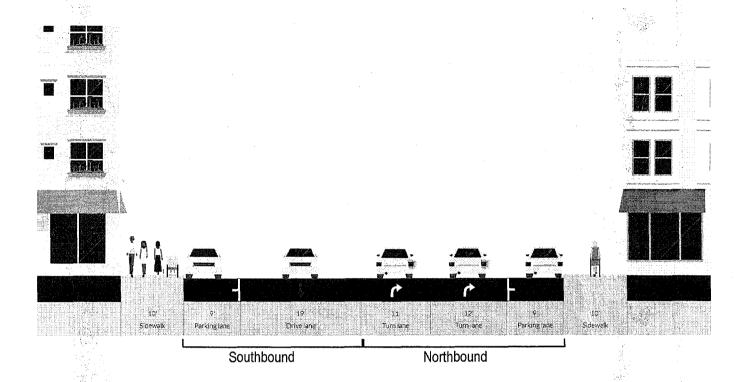
The Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue (The Hairball)
Intersection Improvement Project

Enclosure A: Project Area and Typical Cross Sections

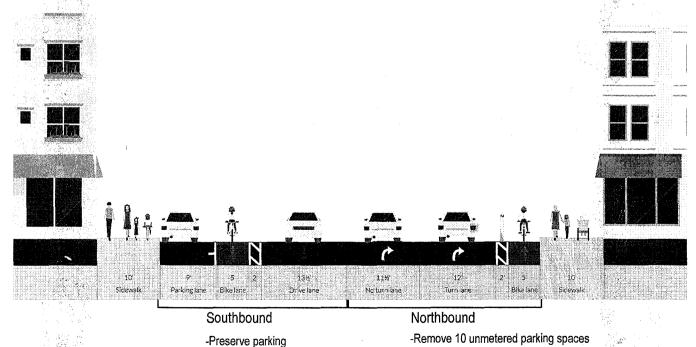
Current Proposed Changes - Project Area Map



Jerrold Ave. - Existing Typical Cross Section (60 ft wide)



Jerrold Ave. - Proposed Typical Cross Section (60 ft wide)

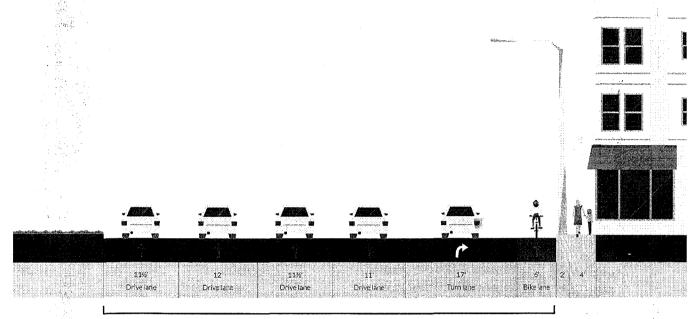


-Add buffered bike lane

and 2 commercial loading zones

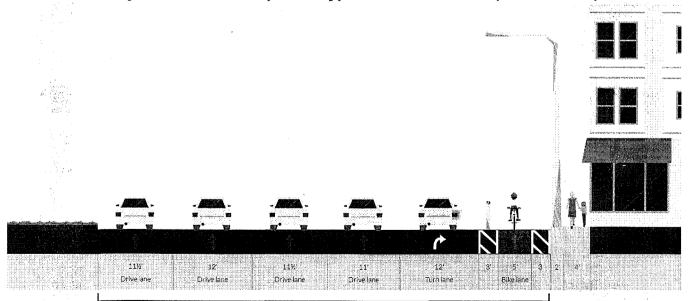
-Add protected bikeway

Northbound Bayshore Blvd.- Existing Typical Cross Section (width varies)



Northbound

Northbound Bayshore Blvd. - Proposed Typical Cross Section (width varies)



Northbound

- -Widen northbound bikeway and add buffer
- -Narrow right turn vehicle lane from 17 to 12 feet

EXHIBIT D

SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 1170919-119

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency is committed to making San Francisco a Transit First city that prioritizes non-private automobile transportation; and,

WHEREAS, the Caltrans project supports the City's Vision Zero Goal of eliminating all traffic fatalities in San Francisco by 2024; and,

WHEREAS, The segment of Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard is a designated bicycle route on the San Francisco Bicycle Route Network that provides connections from the Bayview and Hunters Point to the Mission neighborhood and central San Francisco; and,

WHEREAS, Section 891 of the Streets and Highways Code provides that agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted may utilize minimum safety design criteria other than those established by Section 890.6 if the following conditions are met: the alternative criteria are reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer, the alternative criteria is adopted by resolution at a public meeting after public comment and proper notice, and the alternative criteria adheres to the guidelines established by a national association of public agency transportation officials; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway proposed as part of the project meets these three requirements; and

WHEREAS, The parking protected bikeway has been reviewed and approved by a qualified engineer prior to installation; and,

WHEREAS, The alternative criteria for the project are to discourage motor vehicles from encroaching or double parking in the bicycle facility, provide a more inviting and greater sense of comfort for bicyclists, and to provide a greater perception of safety for bicyclists; and,

WHEREAS, The project's alternative criteria adhere to guidelines set by the National Association of City Transportation Officials; and,

WHEREAS, Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard can incorporate a protected bicycle lane northbound and a bicycle lane southbound without any impacts to traffic and without significant impacts to parking; and,

WHEREAS, The SFMTA project team contacted key stakeholders and met with businesses along the project corridor and held a public hearing to solicit feedback on areas of concern and answer questions about the project proposals; and,

WHEREAS, SFMTA staff propose the following parking and traffic modifications associated with the Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project:

- A. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME Jerrold Avenue, east side, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- B. ESTABLISH- CLASS IV BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- C. ESTABLISH- CLASS II BIKEWAY Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard
- D. ESTABLISH- TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Avenue

WHEREAS, The proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 provides an exemption from environmental review for operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing highways and streets, sidewalks, gutters, bicycle and pedestrian trails, and similar facilities; Section 15304 provides an exemption for minor public alterations to land including the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way; and,

WHEREAS, On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department determined that the proposed Cesar Chavez Street/Bayshore Boulevard/Potrero Avenue Intersection Improvement project is categorically exempt from CEQA (Planning Case No. 2017-002118ENV) pursuant to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15301 and Section 15304; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed action is the Approval Action as defined by the S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 31; and,

WHEREAS, A copy of the CEQA determination is on file with the Secretary to the SFMTA Board of Directors, may be found in the records of the Planning Department at 1650 Mission Street in San Francisco, and is incorporated herein by reference; and

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors approves the bicycle, parking and traffic modifications listed in items A-D above on Jerrold Avenue between Barneveld Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard and on the west side of Barneveld Avenue between Jerrold Avenue and McKinnon Avenue to improve safety for bicyclists, pedestrians and motorists by installing bicycle lanes and minimal parking restrictions.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of September 19, 2017.

Secretary to the Board of Directors

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency

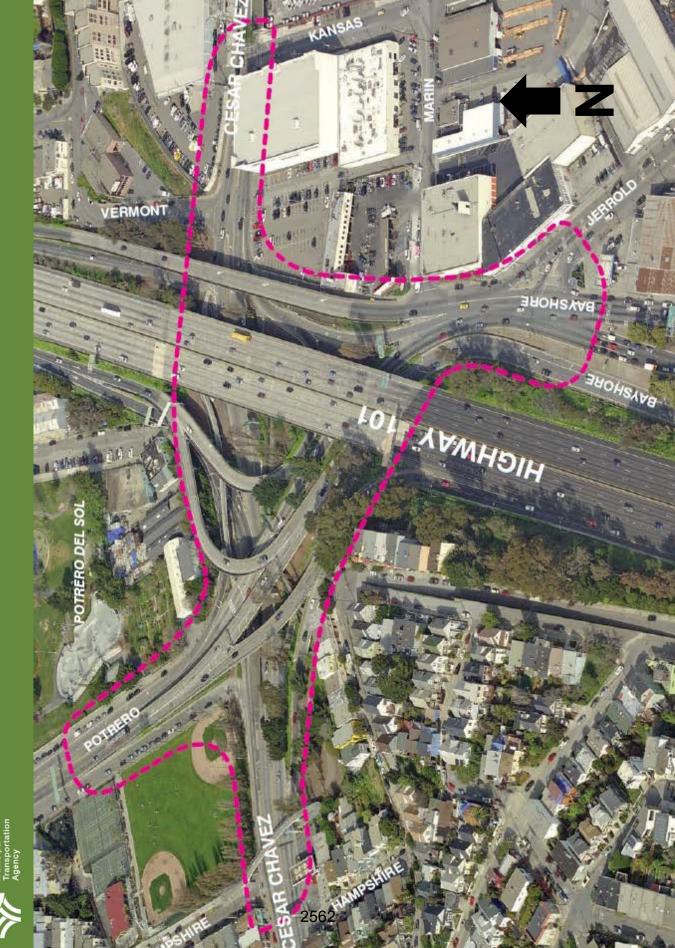
EXHIBIT E



Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (The Hairball)

Key Segment Improvements

Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors 09/19/2017







Project Area Map Hairball Item

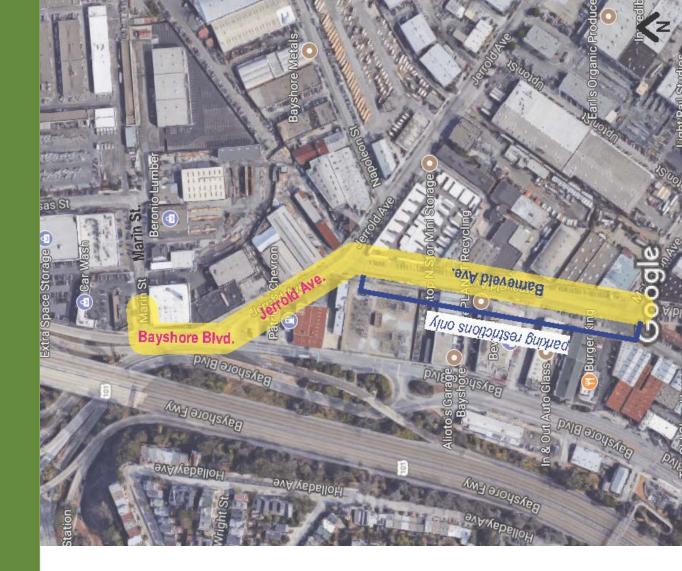
Jerrold Avenue

(Barneveld Ave. to Bayshore Blvd.)

NB Bayshore Blvd

(Jerrold Ave. to Marin St.) West Side of Barneveld Ave.

(McKinnon Ave. to Jerrold Ave.) Parking Restrictions Only







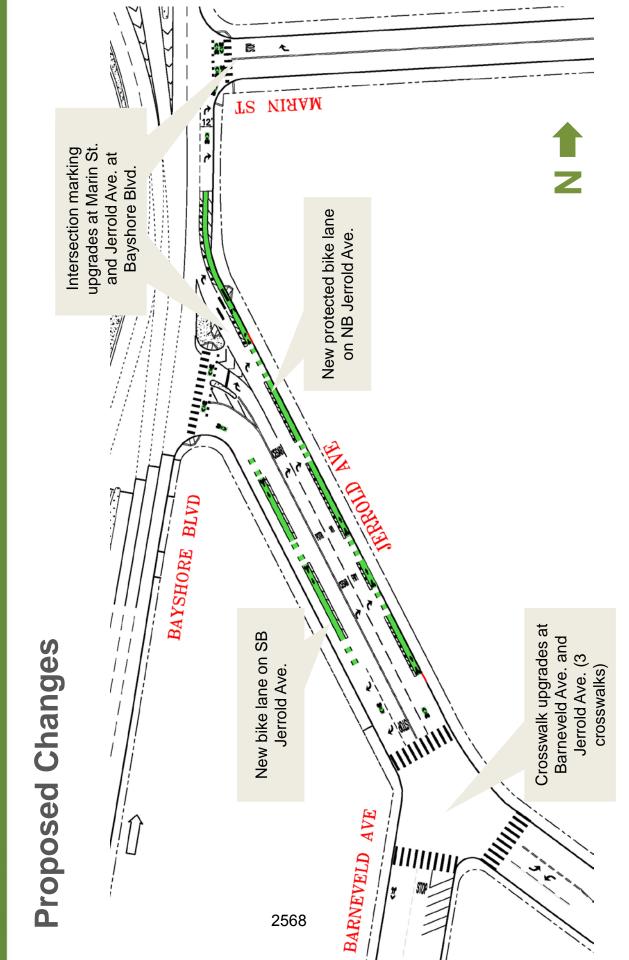














Parking and Loading Changes

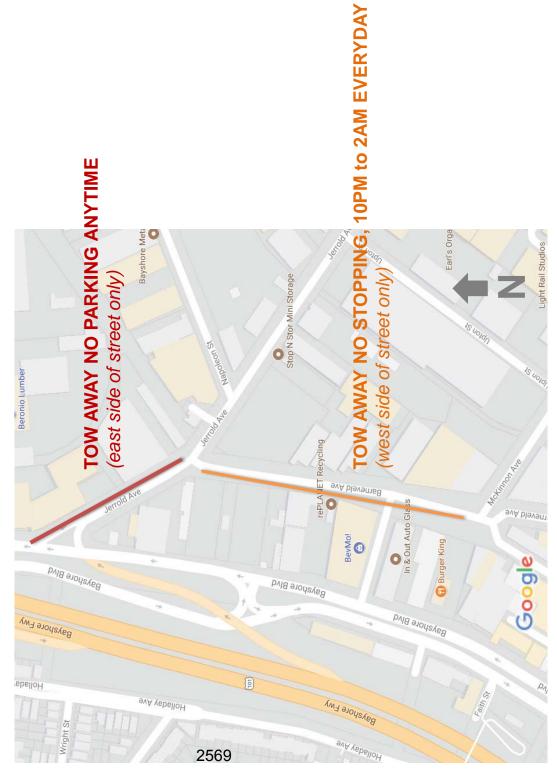


EXHIBIT F

S.F. supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball

By Rachel Swan

[San Francisco Chronicle] Updated 10:04 am, Friday, August 4, 2017



Photo: Santiago Mejia, The Chronicle

The area of Highway 101 near Cesar Chavez Street and Potrero Avenue, with its many many on- and off-ramps, is known to Mission and Dogpatch residents as the "Hairball.

Residents of San Francisco's Mission and Dogpatch neighborhoods have a name for the tangle of freeway arteries that interlock over Cesar Chavez Street, Potrero Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard. They call it the Hairball.

That not-exactly-affectionate moniker encapsulates the frustrations of the bicyclists and pedestrians who travel daily across the numerous ramps and walkways connecting the three streets with U.S. Highway 101. It also sums up the gripes of city officials who have come to think of the interchange as one monstrous relic of the last century, a relic that along with several others in the city could be improved.

"It's a mess," said Supervisor Hillary Ronen, who points out that Highway 101 and Interstate 280 form a spaghetti-like labyrinth around the Portola neighborhood she represents, cutting it off from the rest of the city.

"That's why so few people know about the Portola — it's literally an island surrounded by freeway," she said.

Ronen is pushing an idea that some of her colleagues dismiss as illusory, but that she says will make the whole area safer and more attractive: put a chunk of the freeway underground.

"That's my first choice," Ronen said as she led a tour of the Hairball's slithering ramps on a balmy morning last month. She was accompanied by Public Works Director Mohammed Nuru, homeless czar Jeff Kositsky, County Transportation Authority chief Tilly Chang, and Supervisor Malia Cohen, whose Bayview district touches the east side of 101.



Photo: Santiago Mejia, The Chronicle

IMAGE 1 OF 10 Buy Photo

Department of Homelessness Director Jeff Kositsky (left) and spokesman Randy Quezada flank Supervisor Hillary Ronen on a tour.

Also joining Ronen's tour that day were members of the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, who are angry about a homeless camp that's spread along the Hairball's undulating edges, spilling into bike lanes. Some bicyclists have posted videos of themselves weaving around tents and shopping carts — those videos stoked the political debate and put pressure on city officials to act.

"Elevated freeways are a design that's no longer chic," said coalition spokesman Chris Cassidy, noting that he would gladly support a long-term plan to bury the freeway. In the short term, he and other coalition members want San Francisco's Department of Homelessness and Supportive Services to clear out the Hairball.

To Ronen, the freeway encampment is a natural result of poor urban design. She's pressuring Kositsky to open a Navigation Center in the area as a temporary solution, while contemplating long-term plans to reconfigure the whole structure. That could take decades and cost billions of dollars, Chang said. And it would require multiple city and county agencies to collaborate with Caltrans, which owns the freeway. To date, Caltrans hasn't been officially notified of Ronen's big plans.

"This would be very expensive, but it would also be a complete transformation," said Chang, who said she generally supports plans to overhaul freeways.

But there are still a lot of unknowns, like how a dip underground would impact the rest of the system — Highway 101 threads along Bayshore Boulevard, eventually becoming the Central Freeway, which ends at Market and Octavia streets. And it's not clear where San Francisco would get the money for such a massive, disruptive project.

Ronen also might have a hard time getting approval from her board colleagues, including those whose districts are chopped up by the freeways.

"Well, let's talk — I haven't seen a proposal," Cohen said warily.

During budget negotiations in July, Ronen persuaded her colleagues to set aside \$220,000 to start what could be a 25-year freeway redesign process. Half of it would pay for the San Francisco Planning Department to create a new blueprint for the area. The other half would pay for a transportation expert to come up with alternatives for the Hairball and another snarly interchange nearby known as the Alemany Maze. The maze — a giant, tentacled structure where U.S. 101 and I-280 converge — would be much harder to tackle. Ronen dreams of placing a new layer of land over the maze, quilting it with housing or greenery.

And the bury-the-freeway bug is catching: Supervisor Ahsha Safai, who represents the Excelsior, has also cottoned to the idea of building on top of I-280. Earlier this year he asked the Transportation Authority to analyze the costs and challenges of covering a multi-mile swath that stretches from the Alemany Farmers' Market to the Daly City border.

"When that freeway was built, it cut streets in half," Safai said, noting that the additional tier of land would provide vital acreage for a city that desperately needs housing. San Francisco completed two major freeway redesigns after the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake, knocking down the badly damaged double-deck Embarcadero Freeway and later demolishing the overhead U.S. 101 ramp along Octavia Boulevard.

Those two projects helped inject life into neighborhoods that had previously been desolate, said Jason Henderson, a professor of geography and environment at San Francisco State University who specializes in urban transportation.

"That Embarcadero (waterfront) used to be a place where no one wanted to go, and

"That Embarcadero (waterfront) used to be a place where no one wanted to go, and now it's beautiful," Henderson said. Similarly, he said, the freeway demolition on Octavia helped reconnect the Lower Haight and Hayes Valley neighborhoods with the Civic Center, and transformed Hayes Valley into a chichi pocket of boutique shops, taprooms

and expensive homes. In both cases, Henderson said, the city opened up new land that it could sell to underwrite the new infrastructure.

The concept of razing or concealing invasive freeways has caught on in many parts of the country, and transportation wonks in San Francisco have their eyes set on several aging stretches of asphalt. The one that's most ripe for a redo, according to Henderson, is a crisscross where I-80 and U.S. 101 split in multiple directions over Division Street. Public Works officials periodically sweep out homeless people who camp beneath those overpasses.

The city could revitalize that area by cutting out part of 101 and extending Octavia Boulevard to Bryant Street, which would also create space to run a Muni line into Mission Bay — a neighborhood that still lacks transit connections, even though it's seen plenty of new development.

Ronen, who lives in the Portola and whose husband regularly bikes across the Hairball on his way to work in the public defender's office, has refused to let cost projections get in the way of her vision.

"I don't want us to be limited by finances," she said. "I want to think big."

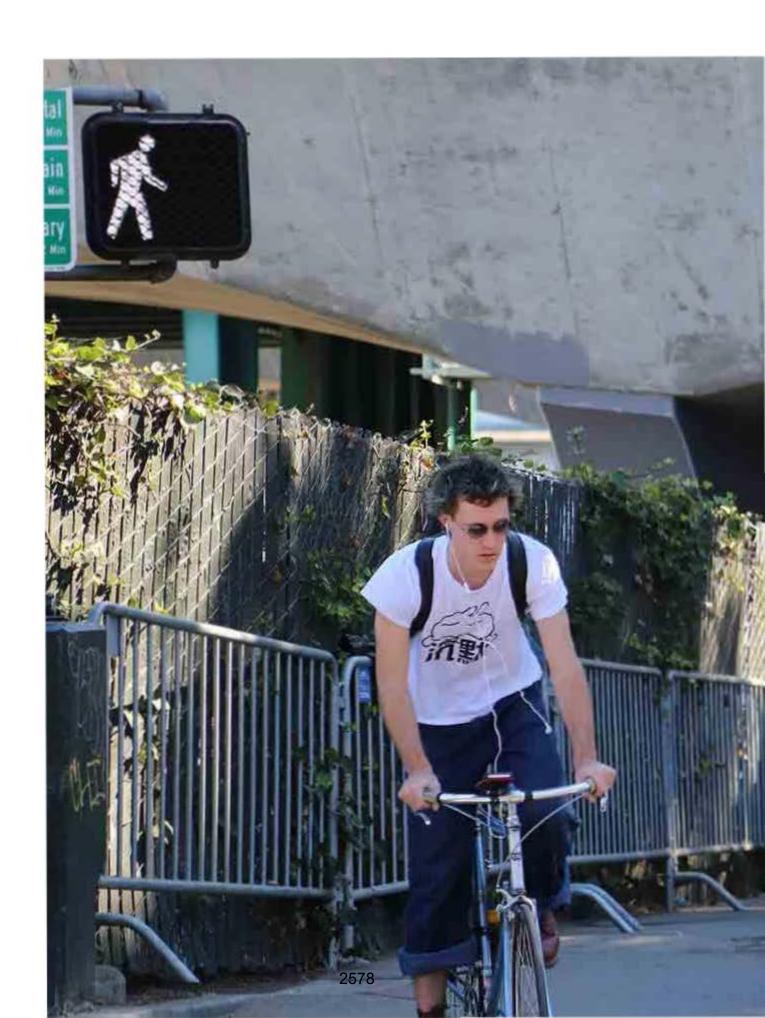
Rachel Swan is a San Francisco Chronicle staff writer.

Email: rswan@sfchronicle.com Twitter: @rachelswan

EXHIBIT G

New plan to ban encampments at 'Hairball' emerges as homeless and cyclists clash

The San Francisco Examiner



City officials are exploring ways to remove encampments from the "Hairball" to address the growing number of clashes there between cyclists and homeless people. (Mira Laing/Special to S.F. Examiner)

By Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez on October 1, 2017 1:00 am



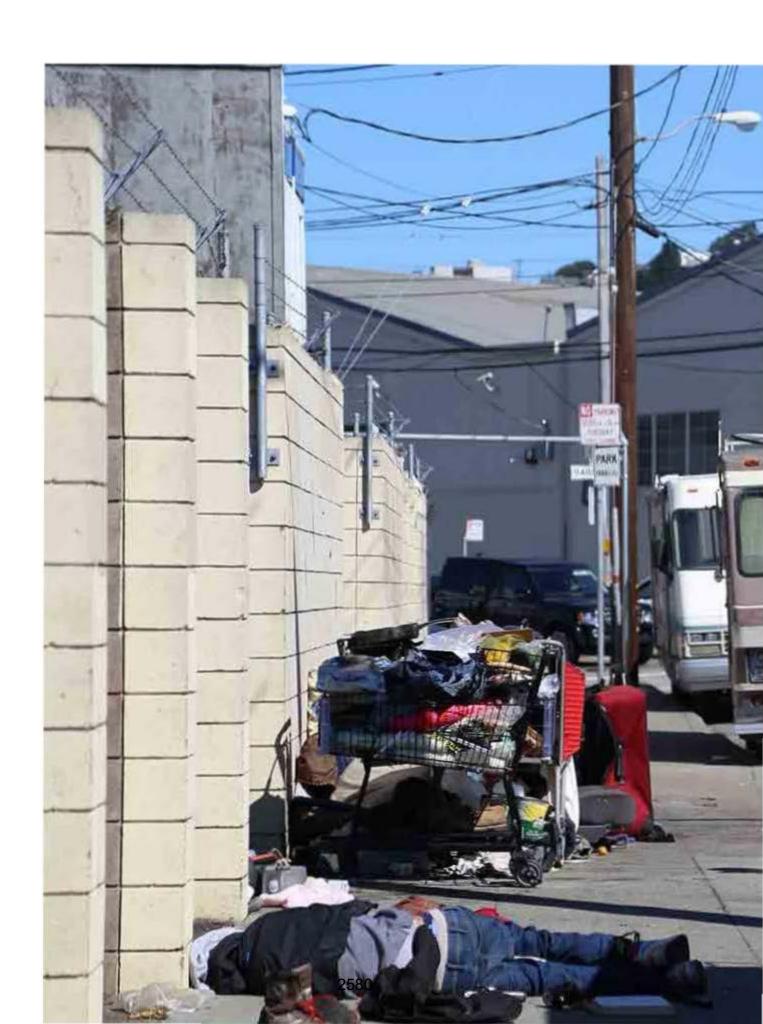
Melodie lives in an RV she often parks near the "Hairball," a knotted series of interconnecting freeways, pedestrian bridges and bikeways in San Francisco's southeast.

Due to complications from a brain injury, Melodie, who asked her last name be withheld, said she's been unable to keep a job. Her RV is her home.

Following new parking restrictions on two streets to create a new bike lane to the Hairball — on Jerrold and Barneveld avenues — passed by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors on Sept. 21, she fears finding parking for her home may become increasingly fraught. At City Hall following the vote, Melodie stood outside the boardroom and cried.

"Where am I supposed to park? Where am I supposed to go?" the 59-year-old told the San Francisco Examiner. "They don't really have an answer for that."

The new parking restrictions and bike lane are the first steps among dramatic changes by city officials coming to the Hairball, as bicyclists and people living on the streets increasingly clash.



RVs line a stretch of Barneveld Avenue, where parking restrictions were reportedly put in place to ensure nearby workers can access street parking. (Mira Laing/Special to S.F. Examiner)

UNTANGLING THE HAIRBALL

On Thursday morning, a line of tents perched on the pedestrian and bike bridge at Cesar Chavez Street, under U.S. Highway 101, near Potrero Hill. Cars roared off the freeway exit, inches away from the belongings and tents of dozens, which are also just a stone's throw from where the SFMTA will install a bike lane on Jerrold Avenue.

The Hairball itself is a tangle of on- and off-ramps near Cesar Chavez Street, where Interstate Highway 280 and Highway 101 converge. The layered freeways give the area its name, but the roads are knotted underneath the freeways, too, as myriad bike and pedestrian bridges criss cross underneath the echoing freeways.

Those concrete bridges, which resemble overpasses, are the source of the conflict.

The Examiner watched as cyclists swerved in and out between the tents and the people who live in them. Those camping said they were pushed onto the path by California Highway Patrol — they normally camp in the areas surrounding the path, out of the way of two-wheeled commuters.

On Mondays and Thursdays, some said, they're forced out of Caltrans property and move onto the cyclist path at the Hairball as the areas are cleaned.

"They make us pack up everything," said Bernie Sollano, who lived by the bike path for at least six months. Sollano, who said he suffered a traumatic brain injury while serving in the Marines, said, "We usually don't block the [bike] path, bro."

Still, some conflicts are inevitable on the 4-foot-wide bike bridge.

Some cyclists resent the campers. The campers want to be left alone by the cyclists. An uneasy truce sees both parties give begrudging leeway, though hard feelings stew.

Soon, those camps may be gone.

Supervisor Hillary Ronen told the Examiner that, this week, Homeless Encampment Resolution Teams will begin connecting those campers with services at the Mission District homeless navigation center.

Ronen drives past the Hairball every day while taking her daughter to school. She and other city officials believe the encampment is too close to moving vehicles and cyclists, and that injuries or fatalities may soon follow.

"We're going to do everything we can to block off and make it impossible to camp in the Hairball," Ronen said. "We need to make dignified places for homeless people to be."

Navigation centers are not permanent housing, however. After a 60-day stay, if no permanent solution to help house someone is found, they're right back on the street. Only now, they won't have the Hairball to come back to.

The homeless shelter waitlist was at 1,199 people as of Friday.

"The model is to find a path out of homelessness," Ronen said, defending the process.

The Hairball rests on the border between Ronen's District 9 and Supervisor Malia Cohen's District 10. A plan led by Cohen to revamp the pedestrian and bike bridges throughout the Hairball will be included in city capital budget processes in the next two years, Ronen said.

The "Cesar Chavez East Community Design Plan," circa 2012, recommends wider bike paths, better lighting and myriad changes to the Hairball overall.

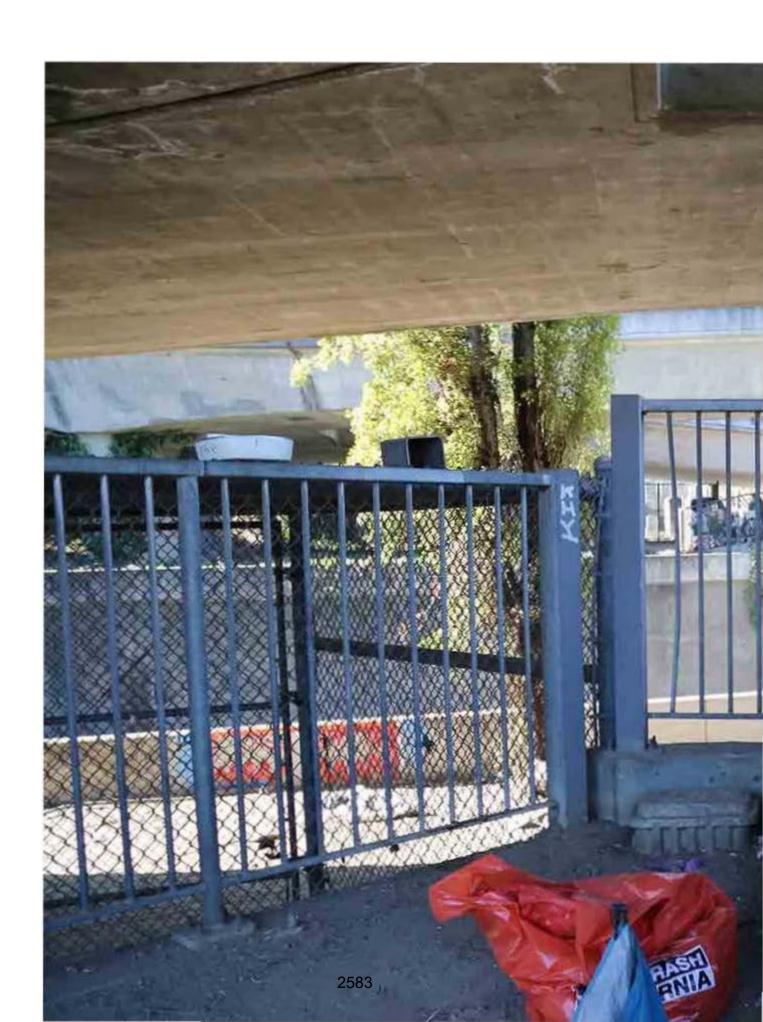
That may be welcome news to Peggy Howse, owner and president of All Seas Wholesale, a fish distributor located on Jerrold Avenue.

"I can't tell you how many penises and bums I've seen the past year," she said as she sat in her office and cued up a surveillance camera, showing a nearby sidewalk some camp-dwellers use as a bathroom.

Howse alleged someone living in a nearby encampment stole one of her employees' tires off his Toyota Tacoma truck. She walked down the street and found a man selling that same stolen tire for \$60.

She said the parking restrictions on Jerrold Avenue may hurt her workers, who travel from as far as Antioch and already battle for parking with nearby RVs. Five of those RVs — some with battered wooden doors, others with broken windows — sat on Barneveld Avenue on Thursday.

But in an SFMTA board meeting on Sept. 21, staff said parking restrictions on nearby Barneveld Avenue were put in place to ensure nearby employees could fairly compete with RVs for parking.



A cyclist navigates the "Hairball," a series of bike paths, pedestrian bridges and freeway on- and off-ramps near Cesar Chavez Street. (Mira Laing/Special to S.F. Examiner)

MENDING FENCES

Even as officials work on mending the physical structure of the Hairball, others are working on repairing the relationship between cyclists and people without homes.

"I've had more politeness coming through here than from the suits downtown," said cyclist John Dufficy, a 49-year-old furniture maker.

He stood at the mouth of one bike bridge, bicycle in hand, as he spoke to the Examiner. Though he hasn't butted heads with people living there, he said he's seen people bike through "at top speed with no regard for the people."

That sentiment has carried through online.

Some vitriol from local cyclists has emerged on social media and among the cycling community, concerning the Hairball and its tent-living residents. Cyclists also often vent frustration alleging they're targets of theft for "chop-shops" run at homeless encampments.

The Coalition on Homelessness has said in public meetings that often people without homes engage in honest bicycle recycling.

Still, the conflict between cyclists and the homeless persists.

"I think you've seen the same videos and tweets I have," said Brian Wiedenmeier, executive director of the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, alluding to videos circulating earlier this year that cyclists produced showing difficulty navigating around tents in the Hairball.

But the coalition believes it should look out for all cyclists — including the poor and homeless, who often rely on bikes to get around. To help educate its members on homeless issues, the coalition is hosting a panel discussion on Oct. 11 at the Episcopal Church of St. John the Evangelist.

"Our goal is for everyone to take a deep breath, listen and have a civil dialogue with people on this issue, and do the hard and difficult work of getting to solutions," Wiedenmeier said.

And to ensure it's not just a conversation about homeless people, but rather including homeless people, the bike coalition will spread flyers about the event at the Hairball itself. So everyone can talk solutions.

Together.

Click here or scroll down to comment

EXHIBIT H

From:

Boomer, Roberta

To:

Celaya, Caroline

Subject:

FW: 09-14-17 Melodies Statement to SFMTA Board Hearing Sept 19, 2017

Date:

Tuesday, November 14, 2017 2:53:55 PM

From: MTABoard

Sent: Friday, September 15, 2017 10:30 AM

To: Reiskin, Ed <Ed.Reiskin@sfmta.com>; Susan Cleveland-Knowles <Susan.Cleveland-

Knowles@sfgov.org>; Maguire, Tom <Tom.Maguire@sfmta.com>; 'Art Torres'

'Cheryl Brinkman'

'Cristina Rubke'

; 'Gwyneth Borden'

: Joel Ramos

Lee Hsu

; 'Malcolm Heinicke'

Subject: FW: 09-14-17 Melodies Statement to SFMTA Board Hearing Sept 19, 2017

Correspondence re: Item 12

From: Melodie [mailto

Sent: Thursday, September 14, 2017 5:47 PM

To: Nolan, Tom (HSA) < tom.nolan@sfgov.org>; Folks, Tom < Tom.Folks@sfmta.com>; Maguire, Tom < Tom.Maguire@sfmta.com>; Thornley, Andy < Andy.Thornley@sfmta.com>; Sustainable Streets < Sustainable.Streets@sfmta.com>; MTABoard < MTABoard@sfmta.com>; Boomer, Roberta

<<u>Roberta.Boomer@sfmta.com</u>>

Subject: 09-14-17 Melodies Statement to SFMTA Board Hearing Sept 19, 2017

09-14-17 Dear Ms Roberta Boomer :-)

If it is possible, I am hoping you could distribute my statement to the SFMTA Board of Directors.

My Statement is in large font below. sorry for mistakes I did not catch.

I am most grateful to you.

Melodie

I am grateful SFMTA has not posted "No Parking Oversized Vehicle" signage recently.

As you may be aware:

Item 12(d) will displace as many as 15 "Oversize Vehicles" (as sweeps of houseless people continue in the Mission & other areas are targeted for "curb regulation" changes, crowding more O.V. into the remaining few blocks of parking) Item 12 (b & c) will displace 15-20 regular parking spots, making O.V.'s have to compeat with them for those spaces. (When these signs go into effect, the neighboring streets will become targeted as well.)

I AM OPPOSED TO

12(a) ESTABLISH-TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING ANY TIME

Jerrold Avenue, east side, from 46 feet north of **Barneveld** Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard

12(b).ESTABLISH-CLASS IV BIKEWAY

Jerrold Avenue, northbound, from **Barneveld** Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard **12(c)**.ESTABLISH–CLASS II BIKEWAY

Jerrold Avenue, southbound, from Bayshore Boulevard to Barneveld Avenue 12(d).ESTABLISH-TOW-AWAY NO STOPPING, 10 PM TO 2 AM, EVERY DAY Barneveld Avenue, west side, between McKinnon Avenue and Jerrold Ave

09-19-17 08-02-17 10-18-16 [10-14-16] [08-03-16] [02-02-15]

Sleep is a primary resource needed to make good decisions.

Police and Meter Maids continue to strip us of our right to rest.

Strip us of our resources to recover from our circumstances.

"Interrogators in every country know that total sleep deprivation is a form of torture" [Pat Hartman, House the Homeless 2011]

If the No Sleeping in Vehicle Law were applied equally, then every infant, toddler, child asleep in their car seat would be subject to fines and arrest.

My mere existance is brakeing the law. This law, these signs are telling me I dont have the right to exist.

Since these no-parking signs have been posted, I am thrust into parking where I am not safe.

Nor is my vehicle safe.

[-drug users, garbage dumping, defecating/ urinating all around my vehicle = loss of time energy cleaning up after them, -broken into: stole battery, alternator, tools, over \$1000 worth of materials/ supplies to keep vehicle in working order] Pg bk

I am treated by THE meter maid like I am a criminal, spoken to as if I am vermin. criminalized for the very crimes being perpetrated against me.

SFMTA allows its meter maids to terrorize me while insinuating it's for my own good, Allowing this mindset without education nor correction is appalling.

Tho it is my responsibility, I am not the CAUSE of my homelessness.

[END:]

Again I ask SFMTA Board of Directors for a safe place to park.
Without your help/ support,
I cannot overcome my circumstances.
Thus I am a scapegoat of societal hypocrisy which demands I overcome my circumstances

while striping me of every single resource required to do so. [242 words]

Thank you so much for your time Melodie

Bay View Police Community Meeting, Citizen, 2009 CCSF Evans Campus Student, 2009 N.E.R.T. Volunteer, 2011 S.C.R.A.P. Volunteer, 2011

San Francisco Folk Music Club, 1982 San Francisco Resident, 1978

EXHIBIT I

From: To: Boomer, Roberta Celaya, Caroline

Subject:

FW: Jerrold Avenue Bike Lane proposoal

Date:

Tuesday, November 14, 2017 2:53:33 PM

From:

Sent: Tuesday, September 19, 2017 11:40 AM

To: MTABoard < MTABoard@sfmta.com>

Cc:

Subject: Jerrold Avenue Bike Lane proposoal

Dear SFMTA Board of Directors,

I was hoping to attend today's hearing in person, but given that the Jerrold Avenue Bike lane proposal is #12 on your agenda, I will be unable to do so, due to a prior commitment. I am an avid bicyclist, and have been riding bikes in SF since 1976. Since 1999, when I sold my last car, bicycles have been my primary means of transportation in the City. In general, I applaud what MTA has been doing to improve bicycle rider safety, including the creation of many miles of bike lanes.

At the same time, I am very concerned about the Jerrold Avenue Bike lane proposal, for a number of reasons. I am a firm believer that all human beings have a right to exist in dignity. What seems to be occurring in this city is the creation of many barriers to affording people that right. As you know, we are in the midst of a tremendous housing crisis in San Francisco, perhaps only exceeded by the 1906 earthquake. People are being displaced from their long time homes so that landlords can reap greater and greater financial rewards. People who are turned out of their housing are often forced to become homeless if they want to stay in their hometown. Or they choose to live in their vehicles. While this is occurring, they are continuously being corralled into smaller & smaller areas where it is legal to park them overnight. I daresay that as the bike lanes steadily increase, parking for the vehicularly housed decreases. This is not to imply that I believe there is a direct correlation, but rather that the priorities of the younger, affluent and expensively housed people, many of whom readily admit that they have no long term investment in our civic life, as they intend to move on to other cities & towns in a year or three, have begun to take almost exclusive precedence in many aspects of city life over long time citizens, who are struggling to remain in the city they truly love.

I have no illusions about the current fractured state of human nature, after all it's mostly, if not all about, the do re ME. And at the same time, I believe that you really need to take a serious look at what you as MTA Board members are helping to foster in our city: the creation of a massive underclass amidst unprecedented wealth, the homogenization and vanillaization of a once diverse, creative & vibrant city life into a Disneyland version of what we once were. Ask yourselves to what extent are you complicit into turning our City into a sterile, upper middle class suburb.

I remind you of your legacy, I was trained and worked for a time as a Zen hospice volunteer in the 1990's. I was present at the end of life for people from all kinds of backgrounds. And to a person, they were not focused on what they had achieved monetarily in life,, what their net worth was, how many possessions they had. They were to a person focused on how they had treated their fellow human beings., both those who they loved, and those who were strangers to them.

I implore you to do the right thing. Let a few of your brothers and sisters keep whatever small haven of refuge they have on Jerrold Avenue in a world that is caving in around them.

Sincerely,

Will Daley

FROM:

Mary Miles (SB #230395) Attorney at Law for Coalition for Adequate Review 364 Page St., #36 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 863-2310

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk, and San Francisco Board of Supervisors Room 244 City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

DATE: November 17, 2017

RE: BOS File No. 171147

REQUEST FOR RECUSAL OF SUPERVISOR HILLARY RONEN FROM PARTICIPATION IN APPEAL OF CEQA DETERMINATION AND DISPOSITION ON "HAIRBALL INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT"

Appellant objects to any participation by Supervisor Hillary Ronen in the above-described CEQA appeal to the Board of Supervisors due to her predisposition to deny this appeal and her personal interest in, and promotion of, the Hairball Project.

Ms. Ronen has publicly stated that both she and her husband have a personal interest in the "Hairball" Project. For example, Ms. Ronen has stated that her husband "regularly bikes across the Hairball on his way to work in the public defender's office." (See Rachel Swan, "S.F. Supervisor pushes to untangle freeway Hairball," *San Francisco Chronicle*, 8/4/17.) Contrary to the public interest, Ronen states that she "has refused to let cost projections get in the way of her vision. 'I don't want us to be limited by finances,' she said. 'I want to think big." (*Id.*)

In pushing for her "vision," Ronen has also stated that she "drives past the Hairball every day while taking her daughter to school." (Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez, "New plan to ban encampments at 'Hairball' emerges as homeless and cyclists clash," *San Francisco Examiner*, 10/1/17.) Ms. Ronen further announced her self-serving motivation to evict homeless people who may be camping near areas where she, her husband, and the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition wish to install new bicycle "improvements" as part of the Hairball Project, stating: "'We're going to do everything we can to block off and make it impossible to camp in the Hairball." (*Id.*)

CEQA requires that this Board determine any CEQA appeal objectively. Ms. Ronen has already publicly stated that she is committed to approving the Project. Such predisposition violates CEQA's requirement of objective decisionmaking by public agencies. (See, e.g., Citizens for Ceres v. Superior Court (2013) 217 Cal.App.4th 889, 917-919 [agency must be objectively conduct environmental review before approving a project]; Save Tara v. City of West Hollywood (2008) 45 Cal. 4th 116, 132-134 [CEQA prohibits an agency's commitment to a project before

environmental review has been completed]; Laurel Heights Improvement Assn. v. Regents of University of California (1988) 47 Cal.3d 376, 394.)

Ms. Ronen should therefore recuse herself from participating in this Appeal and any other determination on the "Hairball" Project.

Mary Miles

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a public hearing to consider the following appeal and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

Date:

Tuesday, November 28, 2017

Time:

3:00 p.m.

Location:

Legislative Chamber, City Hall, Room 250

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA

Subject:

File No. 171147. Hearing of persons interested in or objecting to the determination of exemption from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act issued as a Categorical Exemption by the Planning Department on April 28, 2017, approved

on September 19, 2017, for the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency's proposed Hairball Intersection

Improvements Project, to implement paint-only modifications to existing travel lanes to create a new bicycle lane on Jerrold Avenue, include installation of new high visibility crosswalks on Marin Street and Bayshore Boulevard, and Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the removal of ten parking spaces and two loading zones along westbound Jerrold Avenue. (Districts 9 and 10) (Appellant: Mary Miles for Coalition for Adequate Review)

(Filed October 19, 2017)

Hearing Notice - CEQA Exemption Determination Appeal SFMTA Hairball Intersection Improvements Project Hearing Date: November 28, 2017 Page 2

In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearing on this matter may submit written comments prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made as part of the official public record in this matter and shall be brought to the attention of the Board of Supervisors. Written comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA, 94102. Information relating to this matter is available in the Office of the Clerk of the Board and agenda information relating to this matter will be available for public review on Wednesday, November 22, 2017.

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)
To: page364@earthlink.net

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Rahaim, John (CPC); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson,

<u>Lisa (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Sider, Dan (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher (CPC); Reiskin, Ed (MTA); Martinsen, Janet (MTA); Breen, Kate (MTA); Auyoung, Dillon (MTA); Leng, Thalia (MTA); Contreras, Andrea (MTA); Boomer, Roberta (MTA); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa</u>

(BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Subject: HEARING NOTICE: Exemption Determination Appeal - Proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency -

Hairball Intersection Improvement Project - Appeal Hearing on November 28, 2017

Date: Tuesday, November 14, 2017 11:11:48 AM

Attachments: image001.png

Greetings,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled an appeal hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **November 28, 2017, at 3:00 p.m.**, to hear an appeal regarding the Exemption Determination for the proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project.

Please find the following link to the hearing notice for the matter:

Hearing Notice - November 14, 2017

I invite you to review the entire matter on our <u>Legislative Research Center</u> by following the link below:

Board of Supervisors File No. 171147

Regards,

Lisa Lew

Board of Supervisors San Francisco City Hall, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 P 415-554-7718 | F 415-554-5163 lisa.lew@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click <u>here</u> to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The Legislative Research Center provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

Disclosures: Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 544-5227

PROOF OF MAILING

Legislative File Nos.	171147			
•	ublic Hearing Notices - Hearing - Appeal of Determination of nmental Review - SFMTA Hairball Intersection Improvement ed			
•	, an employee of the City and o, mailed the above described document(s) by depositing the United States Postal Service (USPS) with the postage fully			
Date:	November 14, 2017			
Time:	8:10 a.m.			
USPS Location:	Repro Pick-up Box in the Clerk of the Board's Office (Rm 244)			
Mailbox/Mailslot Pick-Up Times (if applicable): N/A				
Signature:	n Gew			

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

October 27, 2017

File Nos. 171147-171150 Planning Case No. 2017-001775ENV

Received from the Board of Supervisors Clerk's Office one check, in the amount of Five Hundred Ninety Seven Dollars (\$597) representing the filing fee paid by Mary Miles for the appeal of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Determination of Exemption from Environmental Review for the proposed SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project.

Planning Department By:

Print Name

Signature and Date

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)
To: page364@earthlink.net

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Rahaim, John (CPC); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson,

<u>Lisa (CPC)</u>; <u>Jain, Devyani (CPC)</u>; <u>Navarrete, Joy (CPC)</u>; <u>Lynch, Laura (CPC)</u>; <u>Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC)</u>; <u>Starr, Aaron (CPC)</u>; <u>Espiritu, Christopher (CPC)</u>; <u>Reiskin, Ed (MTA)</u>; <u>Martinsen, Janet (MTA)</u>; <u>Breen, Kate (MTA)</u>; <u>Auyoung, Dillon (MTA)</u>; <u>Leng, Thalia (MTA)</u>; <u>Contreras, Andrea (MTA)</u>; <u>Boomer, Roberta (MTA)</u>; <u>Calvillo, Angela</u>

(BOS); Somera, Alisa (BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Subject: Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination - Proposed SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project -

Appeal Hearing on November 28, 2017 Thursday, October 26, 2017 3:30:03 PM

Good afternoon,

Date:

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled an appeal hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **November 28, 2017, at 3:00 p.m**. Please find linked below a letter of appeal filed for the proposed SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project, as well as direct links to the Planning Department's timely filing determination, and an informational letter from the Clerk of the Board.

Exemption Determination Appeal Letter - October 19, 2017

Planning Department Memo - October 24, 2017

Clerk of the Board Letter - October 26, 2017

I invite you to review the entire matter on our <u>Legislative Research Center</u> by following the link below:

Board of Supervisors File No. 171147

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163 brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 415-554-5184 Fax No. 415-554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 415-554-5227

October 26, 2017

Ms. Mary Miles Attorney for Coalition for Adequate Review 364 Page Street #36 San Francisco, CA 94102

Subject:

File No. 171147 - Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination - San

Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency - Hairball Intersection

Improvement Project

Dear Ms. Miles:

The Office of the Clerk of the Board is in receipt of a memorandum dated October 24, 2017, from the Planning Department regarding their determination on the timely filing of appeal of the CEQA Exemption Determination for the proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project.

The Planning Department has determined that the appeal was filed in a timely manner.

Pursuant to Administrative Code, Section 31.16, a hearing date has been scheduled for **Tuesday, November 28, 2017, at 3:00 p.m.**, at the Board of Supervisors meeting to be held in City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Legislative Chamber, Room 250, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Please provide to the Clerk's Office by noon:

20 days prior to the hearing: names and addresses of interested parties to be

notified of the hearing, in spreadsheet format; and

11 days prior to the hearing: any documentation which you may want available to

the Board members prior to the hearing.

For the above, the Clerk's office requests one electronic file (sent to bos.legislation@sfgov.org) and two copies of the documentation for distribution.

SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project Appeal - Exemption Determination Hearing Date of November 28, 2017 Page 2

NOTE: If electronic versions of the documentation are not available, please submit 18 hard copies of the materials to the Clerk's Office for distribution. If you are unable to make the deadlines prescribed above, it is your responsibility to ensure that all parties receive copies of the materials.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Legislative Clerks Brent Jalipa at (415) 554-7712, or Lisa Lew at (415) 554-7718.

Very truly yours,

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

> Jon Givner, Deputy City Attorney Kate Stacy, Deputy City Attorney Kristen Jensen, Deputy City Attorney John Rahaim, Planning Director Scott Sanchez, Zoning Administrator, Planning Department Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer, Planning Department Devyani Jain, Acting Deputy Environmental Review Officer, Planning Department Joy Navarette, Environmental Planning, Planning Department Laura Lynch, Environmental Planning, Planning Department Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs, Planning Department AnMarie Rodgers, Senior Policy Advisor, Planning Department Christopher Espiritu, Staff Contact, Planning Department Ed Reiskin, Executive Director, Municipal Transportation Agency Janet Martinsen, Local Government Affairs Liaison, Municipal Transportation Agency Kate Breen, Government Affairs Director, Municipal Transportation Agency Dillon Auyong, Local Government Affairs Manager, Municipal Transportation Agency Thalia Leng, Municipal Transportation Agency Andrea Contreras, Municipal Transportation Agency Roberta Boomer, Commission Secretary, Municipal Transportation Agency Commission

From: <u>Jain, Devyani (CPC)</u>

To: BOS Legislation, (BOS); Rahaim, John (CPC)

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson, Lisa (CPC);

Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher

(CPC); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa (BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides

Subject: RE: Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination - SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O

Date: Tuesday, October 24, 2017 2:04:59 PM

Attachments: SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project Catex Appeal Timeliness Determination 10-24-2017.pdf

image001.png

Dear Mr. Jalipa,

Attached please find our determination that the above CEQA appeal was timely filed.

Thank you,

Devyani Jain Acting Deputy Environmental Review Officer/ Deputy Director of Environmental Planning

Planning Department¦City and County of San Francisco 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, CA 94103

Direct: 415-575-9051;Fax: 415-558-6409

Email: devyani.jain@sfgov.org
Web: www.sfplanning.org

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Sent: Monday, October 23, 2017 2:23 PM

To: Rahaim, John (CPC)

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson, Lisa (CPC); Jain, Devyani (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher (CPC); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa (BOS); BOS-Supervisors;

BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Subject: Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination - SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O

Good afternoon, Director Rahaim:

The Office of the Clerk of the Board is in receipt of an appeal of the CEQA Exemption Determination for the proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency's Hairball Segments M, N, and O project. The appeal was filed by Mary Miles for Coalition of Adequate Review, on October 19, 2017.

Please find the attached letter of appeal and timely filing determination request letter from the Clerk of the Board.

Kindly review for timely filing determination.

Regards,

Brent Jalipa Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click <u>here</u> to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

Disclosures: Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MEMO

DATE:

October 24, 2017

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

FROM:

Devyani Jain, Acting Deputy Environmental Review Officer

RE:

Appeal Timeliness Determination -

SFMTA - Hairball Intersection Improvement Project

Planning Department Case No. 2017-001775ENV

An appeal of the categorical exemption for the proposed SFMTA Hairball Intersection Improvement Project on Jerrold Avenue from Barneveld Avenue to Bayshore Boulevard and on northbound Bayshore Boulevard from Jerrold Avenue to Marin Street (Planning Department Case No. 2017-001775ENV), was filed with the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors on October 19, 2017, by Mary Miles (Appellant). As explained below, the Planning Department finds the appeal to be timely filed.

Date of Approval Action	30 Days after Approval Action	Appeal Deadline (Must Be Day Clerk of Board's Office Is Open)	Date of Appeal Filing	Timely?
September 19, 2017	Thursday, October 19, 2017	Thursday, October 19, 2017	October 19, 2017	Yes

Approval Action: On May 26, 2017, the Planning Department issued a categorical exemption for the proposed project. The Approval Action for the project was the duly noticed hearing by the SFMTA Board of Directors, which occurred on September 19, 2017 (Date of the Approval Action).

Appeal Deadline: Section 31.16(a) and (e) of the San Francisco Administrative Code states that any person or entity may appeal an exemption determination to the Board of Supervisors during the time period beginning with the date of the exemption determination and ending 30 days after the Date of the Approval Action. Thus, the 30th day after the Date of the Approval Action was Thursday, October 19, 2017 (Appeal Deadline).

Appeal Filing and Timeliness: The Appellant filed the appeal of the exemption determination on October 19, 2017, prior to the end of the Appeal Deadline. Therefore, the appeal is considered timely.

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Reception: 415.558.6378

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Planning Information: 415.558.6377 From: **BOS Legislation**, (BOS) To: Rahaim, John (CPC)

Cc: Givner, Jon (CAT); Stacy, Kate (CAT); Jensen, Kristen (CAT); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Gibson, Lisa (CPC); Jain,

Devyani (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Espiritu, Christopher (CPC); Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa (BOS); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; BOS

Legislation. (BOS)

Subject: Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination - SFMTA - Hairball Segments M, N, and O

Date: Monday, October 23, 2017 2:23:08 PM

Attachments: image001.png

> Appeal Ltr 101917.pdf CoB Ltr 102017.pdf

Good afternoon, Director Rahaim:

The Office of the Clerk of the Board is in receipt of an appeal of the CEQA Exemption Determination for the proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency's Hairball Segments M, N, and O project. The appeal was filed by Mary Miles for Coalition of Adequate Review, on October 19, 2017.

Please find the attached letter of appeal and timely filing determination request letter from the Clerk of the Board.

Kindly review for timely filing determination.

Regards,

Brent Jalipa Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 544-5227

October 20, 2017

To:

John Rahaim Planning Director

From:

Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

Subject:

Appeal of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Determination of

Exemption from Environmental Review - SFMTA - Bayshore

Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/ Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M,

N and O of The Hairball): Key Segment Improvements

An appeal of the CEQA Determination of Exemption from Environmental Review for the proposed San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency project at the Bayshore Boulevard/Cesar Chavez Street/Potrero Avenue Intersection (Segments M, N and O of The Hairball) was filed with the Office of the Clerk of the Board on October 19, 2017, by Mary Miles for the Coalition for Adequate Review.

Pursuant to Administrative Code, Chapter 31.16, I am forwarding this appeal, with attached documents, to the Planning Department to determine if the appeal has been filed in a timely manner. The Planning Department's determination should be made within three (3) working days of receipt of this request.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Legislative Clerks Brent Jalipa at (415) 554-7712, or Lisa Lew at (415) 554-7718.

c: Jon Givner, Deputy City Attorney
Kristen Jensen, Deputy City Attorney
Kate Stacy, Deputy City Attorney
Scott Sanchez, Zoning Administrator, Planning Department
Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer, Planning Department
Joy Navarette, Environmental Planning, Planning Department
Laura Lynch, Environmental Planning, Planning Department
AnMarie Rodgers, Senior Policy Advisor, Planning Department
Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs, Planning Department
Christopher Espiritu, Staff Contact, Planning Department

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	or meeting date
1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment	at).
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.	
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.	
4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor	inquiries"
5. City Attorney Request.	
6. Call File No. from Committee.	
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).	
8. Substitute Legislation File No.	
9. Reactivate File No.	
10. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on	
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the fol	
Small Business Commission	commission
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commis	sion
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imper	ative Form.
Sponsor(s):	
Clerk of the Board	
Subject:	
Hearing - Appeal of Determination of Exemption From Environmental Review - SFMTA Hail Improvement Project	irball Intersection
The text is listed:	
Hearing of persons interested in or objecting to the determination of exemption from environ California Environmental Quality Act issued as a Categorical Exemption by the Planning Dep 2017, approved on September 19, 2017, for the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Ager Intersection Improvements Project, to implement paint-only modifications to existing travel labicycle lane on Jerrold Avenue, include installation of new high visibility crosswalks on Mari Boulevard, and Jerrold Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard, as well as the removal of ten parkin loading zones along westbound Jerrold Avenue. (Districts 9 and 10) (Appellant: Mary Miles 1 Adequate Review) (Filed October 19, 2017)	partment on April 28, ncy's proposed Hairball anes to create a new in Street and Bayshore g spaces and two
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: Ollisa Fr	neral

For Clerk's Use Only

fr

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Time stamp