File No	<u> 180635</u>	Committee Item No	4
		Board Item No	

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

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Committee:	Rules Committee	Date _	June 11, 2018
Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date _	
Cmte Boar	rd .		
	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analyst Report Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Letter and/ Memorandum of Understanding (MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 - Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Form 700 Vacancy Notice Information Sheet Public Correspondence	or Repe	ort
OTHER	(Use back side if additional space is n	needed)	
	DOSW Gender Report		
	oy: Alisa Somera	Date _ Date _	June 7, 2018

[Mayoral Appointment, Successor Agency Commission (Commonly Known as Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure) - Carolyn Ransom-Scott]

Motion approving/rejecting the Mayor's appointment of Carolyn Ransom-Scott to the Successor Agency Commission (commonly known as the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure), for a term ending November 3, 2020.

WHEREAS, Ordinance No. 215-12 was adopted by the Board of Supervisors and signed by the Mayor on October 4, 2012; and

WHEREAS, Pursuant to Ordinance No. 215-12, the Mayor has submitted a communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the appointment of Carolyn Ransom-Scott to the Successor Agency Commission (commonly known as the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure), received by the Clerk of the Board on June 4, 2018; now, therefore, be it

MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves/rejects the Mayor's appointment of Carolyn Ransom-Scott to Seat No. 1 on the Successor Agency Commission (commonly known as the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure), for the unexpired portion of a four-year term ending November 3, 2020.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

Date:

June 4, 2018

To:

Members, Board of Supervisors

From:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

Subject: V Nominations By The Mayor

On June 4, 2018, the Mayor submitted the following nomination packages:

Pursuant to the Treasure Island Conversation Act of 1997 and the Treasure Island Development Authority Bylaws, Article V, the following nomination is to the <u>Treasure Island Development Authority</u>:

• Christine Carr - Seat 1 - term ending April 28, 2022

Pursuant to Ordinance No. 215-12, the following nomination is to the <u>Redevelopment Successor Commission</u>:

• Carolyn Ransom-Scott - Seat 1 - term ending November 3, 2020

Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code, Section 34179(a)(10) and Board of Supervisors Motion No. M12-09, the following nomination was made to the <u>Oversight Board of the Successor Agency</u>:

John Rahaim - Seat 3 - term ending January 24, 2018

The Office of the Clerk of the Board will open files for these nominations and hearings will be scheduled before the Rules Committee.

c: Alisa Somera - Legislative Deputy
Jon Givner - Deputy City Attorney
Andres Power - Mayor's Legislative Liaison

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR SAN FRANCISCO



MARK E. FARRELL Mayor

June 5, 2018

Angela Calvillo.
Clerk of the Board, Board of Supervisors
San Francisco City Hall
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Ms. Calvillo,

I hereby make the following nomination to the Redevelopment Successor Commission (commonly known as Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure), pursuant to Ordinance No. 215-12:

Carolyn Ransom-Scott, to Seat 1, a District 10 resident, assuming the seat formerly held by Leah Pimentel, for a term ending November 3, 2020

I am confident that Rev. Dr. Ransom-Scott, an elector of the City and County, will serve our community well. Attached are her qualifications to serve, which demonstrates how this appointment represents the communities of interest, neighborhoods and diverse populations of the City and County of San Francisco.

I am pleased to advise you of this nomination and encourage the support of the Board of Supervisors.

Should you have any questions related to this appointment, please contact my Deputy Chief of Staff, Francis Tsang, at 415-554-6467.

Sincerely,

Mark E. Farrell

Mayor

Rev. Dr. Carolyn H. Ransom-Scott

Dr. Scott is a native San Franciscan and a long-time Bayview Hunters Point resident. Growing up in the neighborhood, she has seen the Hunters Point Shipyard transform from a thriving economic engine that kept families moving forward to a closed Naval Shipyard and now its current rebirth. She has been active in its current economic revitalization and developments.

She has served in numerous leadership positions to promote economic stability and sustainable development, workforce and job training, housing, technology and education to improve the overall quality of life for Bayview and San Francisco residents.

She worked very closely with the late Mayor Lee and his Administration during numerous outreach efforts to engage the Bayview, interfaith communities and other stakeholders Citywide.

In 2017, Mayor Ed Lee appointed Dr. Scott to the Hunters Point Shipyard Citizen Advisory Committee, a committed group of community residents and business owners that provides recommendations to the City on the redevelopment process of the Hunters Point Shipyard.

She has helped to advance social causes, advocate for children, youth and seniors, and has been mentoring, volunteering and assisting in the implementation of various community projects in the neighborhood that she lives in.

For 30 years, she has worked with "Inner City Missions" to mentor low-income youth, to ensure they have more confidence and expectations with a greater hope in pursuing their dreams. One of her proudest moments to date occurred while mentoring Bayview Hunters Point students from SF State University and had the opportunity to take two low-income students with a group of pastors and community leaders from the Bayview to Washington, D.C. to attend the President's National Prayer Breakfast, with preeminent global leaders attending. The youth she mentored participated in the discussion on "At Risk Youth" at the conference. She believes together we can build better lives and communities with meaningful support to help make it sustainable then we are "Building for Better Tomorrows, Today."

Rev. Dr. Carolyn Ransom Scott Kirkwood Ave. San Francisco, CA 94124

Skill: Detailed Oriented, Decision Making, Extensive Community Involvement, Communications and Public Speaking; Reputable Customer Service People Skills: Leadership Teacher and Trainer; Performance Management: Time Management, Microsoft Office Suite: Internet Resources, Detailed Oriented, Excellent Organizational Skills, Team Player, Mentoring, Licensed Ordained Clergy January 1997 to Present; Urban Missions. Long time BVHP Resident, Mentor for College age and University Students, Advocate for Families and organizations, Help with Educational and Resources.

Specialized Skill Summary: Communications, Counseling, Fund Raising, Conflict Resolution/Mediator: Training, Excellent Networking Skills, Urban Missions Services.

Employment History

Faith Base Organization

FBO Coordinator, SF Redevelopment

Jan 2007 - 2011

American Life Ins. Co.

Insurance Sales Agent

Nov 2006 - April 2007

United Ins. Co.

Insurance Sales Agent

Jan 2004 - Oct 2006

Walden House Inc. SF CA

Administrative Cord.

Jan 2001 - Aug 2002

Support Executive Administrator and Program Director. Coordinate meetings and training sessions; maintain records perform staff evaluations Supervise staff of four, responsible for Payroll, bookkeeping data entry and inventory. Provided support for managerial and medical staff.

World Impact Inc. Oakland/SF

Oct 1997 – Dec 2000

Administrative. Interim Exec Dir.

Admin support. Director 1997, Exec. Dir. Jan 1998, Supervised staff. Responsible for payroll, Bookkeeping, Teaching, training staff, youth, teens and adults, Leadership training, maintain calendar, National Newsletters, Presentations, fund raising, payables Official documents, research, charitable foundations Home, visits, community meetings with stake holders and pastors, burials, baptisms, and conducted Youth Camps.

Education

\triangleright	Dell Carnegie Communications	1966 - 1966
\triangleright	City College of SF	1964 - 1966
\triangleright	Fellowship Bible Institute College of Theology and Urban Studies	1995 - 1995
\triangleright	Shiloh Bible College	1995 - 2001
\triangleright	Golden Gate Theological Seminary	2008 - 2009
\triangleright	Bachelor of Arts	December 2012
	Doctor of Theology Golden Gate/ Pneuma Theological Seminary	May 2016

Affiliations

- National Council of Negro Women
- ➤ NAACP,
- > SF Inter Faith Council
- Old Skool Café, Advisory Board M<ember</p>
- > Faith Base Organization, Member
- National Prayer Breakfast USA

Volunteer

- > Bret Hart Elementary School, Readers Partnership[Program
- > University SF Mentor
- > SF State University Mentor
- > Stanford University Mentor
- Old Skool Café, Mentor
- > UCSF/Kaiser Health and Wellness Program Abundant Life Facilitator
- > National Prayer Breakfast WN DC Coordinator Assist National and International guest
- ➤ Campaign elections Polls
- > Currently HPS CAC, Member
- > Operation Rainbow PUSH/PUSH TECH 2020
- > National Prayer Breakfast USA, CA Coordinator

Special Projects

- ➤ <u>San Foundations' Faith Council</u>: Currently serve as an active member of the San Foundations' Faith Council discussing and supporting social justice, immigration issues, homelessness, affordable housing education, and other ills of the bay area and assisting with mini grant assessing and approvals.
 - I have served along with Lena Robinson, formerly with SF Federal Reserve Bank in partnership with the SFHD in successfully conducting a Forum "Faith Institutions Fostering Economic Stability. I pulled in Co-Anchor Kelly Wright of FOX News WN DC and New York as Moderator. Exploring how Churches and Clergy are currently engaged with people, place and partnerships beyond their primary purpose. Ushering in a twenty first century way of viewing and thinking and doing. This was the first historical meeting for the SFFRB there were over 200 attendees.
- > SF Faith Based Coordinator: Served as the SF Faith Based Coordinator across denominations and culture meeting monthly and delivering the same theme each fifth Sunday for the SF Redevelopment Agency through Fred Blackwell under Dwight Jones organizing 80 Pastors and outreach leaders. having an ongoing number of forty-five participants from BVHP and District 10 to partner together to help stabilize the communities. Assisting B-Magic with Back Pack giveaways, assembling community Prayer gatherings, providing Van Services to BVHP Families through the Calvary Hill Community Church, for interviews, medical appointments and job interviews. Conducting a survey to identify all current active congregation's services and needs.
- FRANDELJA Child Care Center: Served on the Executive Board for the FRANDELJA Child Care Center in the Double Rock Candlestick Community for seven years. I was able bring in ongoing college and university volunteer students. I served the UCSF and Kaiser Medical Health committee. I was able to bring in UCSF's first historical team of on-going clinical Interns to assess the infants through preschool age causing early diagnosis and care resolving many medical issues in addition to PTSD. I brought in Dr. Washington Burns, with his Mobil Breath Mobile with his staff to examine the children and community families giving free treatment services for the year.
- ➤ World Impact Inc.: Served as Administrator/ Interim Executive Director for a National organization, World Impact Inc. in West Oakland 1996 2001 raising my own funds and the fundraising help for my staff consisting of a nurse, teachers, and missionaries staff of eight in the West Oakland community. We served in helping to stabilize the community families. We went into Prescott Elementary and a Junior High Public School system daily assisting teachers in classrooms. We offered daily after school tutoring, meals, games, and leadership and life skill training, I successfully conducted retreats and summer camps on our camp grounds. Responsible for Bookkeeping, payroll and staff evaluations. Monthly News Letters and Presentations. I also served as SF Administrator. I assisted other outreach institutions and organizations by sending large groups of college and university students to help serve in their community projects. We had the outcome a student attending Cornell University/graduating from Browns University; A young man from homelessness who owns his own Catering company.
- Prison Fellowship USA: Served during the late eighties into 1996 as a Board member to Prison Fellowship USA later serving as the Nor Cal Chairperson. I assisted in fundraising of \$250,000. I coordinated distribution of Angel Tree Christmas gifts for the SF children of inmates for over twenty years.

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS COVER PAGE

Date Initial Filing Received

Please type or print in Ink. NAME OF FILER (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) CAROLYN HAZEL 1. Office, Agency, or Court Agency Name (Do not use acronyms) Division, Board, Department, District, If applicable ▶ If filling for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms) Position: 2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box) ☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction) Multi-County MCHOI SAN FRANCISCO ☐ Other 3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box) Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2017, through Leaving Office: Date Left ___ December 31, 2017. (Check one) -01-O The period covered is January 1, 2017, through the date of The period covered is through leaving office. December 31, 2017. O The period covered is Assuming Office: Date assumed ____ the date of leaving office. and office sought, if different than Part 1: Candidate: Date of Election 4. Schedule Summary (must complete) ▶ Total number of pages including this cover page: Schedules attached Schedule A-1 - Investments - schedule attached Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions - schedule attached Schedule A-2 - Investments - schedule attached Schedule D - Income - Gills - schedule attached Schedule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedule attached Schedule B - Real Property - schedule attached -Or-■ None - No reportable interests on any schedule 5. Verification STATE ZIP CODE MAILING ADDRESS STREE. I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete. I acknowledge this is a public document. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Signature Date Signed _



Emily M. Murase, PhD

Director

City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women



City and County of San Francisco

2017 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards: Executive Summary

Overview

A 2008 City Charter Amendment passed by the voters of San Francisco enacted a city policy that membership of Commissions and Boards reflect the diversity of the population. As part of this measure, the Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct a biennial gender analysis of Commissions and Boards. Data was collected from 57 policy bodies with a total of 540 members primarily appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors.

Gender Analysis Findings

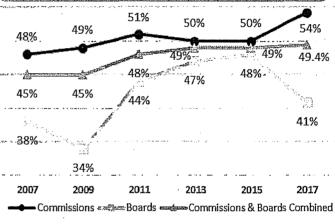
Gender'

- ➤ Women's representation on Commissions and Boards in 2017 is 49%, equal to the female population in San Francisco.
- ➤ Since 2007 there has been an overall increase of women on Commissions with women comprising 54% of Commissioners in 2017.
- ➤ Women's representation on Boards has declined to 41% this year following a period of steady increases over the past 3 reports.

Race and Ethnicity

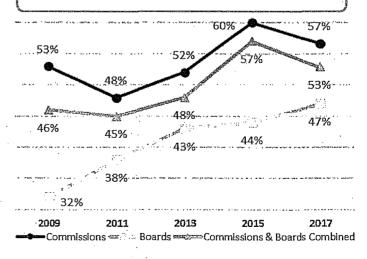
- ➤ While 60% of San Franciscans are people of color, 53% of appointees are racial and ethnic minorities.
- ➤ Minority representation on Commissions decreased from 60% in 2015 to 57% in 2017.
- ➤ Despite a steady increase of people of color on Boards since 2009, minority representation on Boards, at 47%, remains below parity with the population.
- Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, and multiracial individuals are underrepresented on Commissions and Boards.
- ➤ There is a higher representation of White and Black/African American members on policy bodies than in the San Francisco population.

Figure 1: 10-Year Comparison of Women's
Representation on Commissions and Boards



Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311.

Figure 2: 8-Year Comparison of Minority Representation on Commissions and Boards



Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- In San Francisco, 31% of the population are women of color. Although representation of women of color on Commissions reaches parity with the population, only 19% of Board members are women of color.
- ➤ Men of color comprise 26% of both Commissioners and Board members compared to 29% of the San Francisco population.
- > The representation of White men on policy bodies is 28%, exceeding the 22% of the San Francisco population, while White women are at parity with the population at 19%.
- > Underrepresentation of Asian and Latinx/Hispanic individuals is seen among both men and women.
 - One-tenth of Commissioners and Board members are Asian men and 12% are Asian women compared to 16% and 18% of the population, respectively.
 - Latinos are 6% of Commissioners and Board members and Latinas are 4% of Commissioners and Board members compared to 8% and 7% of San Franciscans, respectively.

Additional Demographics

- > Among Commissioners and Board members, 17% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT).
- > Individuals with a disability comprise 11% of appointees on policy bodies, just below the 12% of the adult population with a disability in San Francisco.
- > Representation of veterans on Commissions and Boards is 13%, exceeding the 4% of San Franciscans that have served in the military.

Budget

- > Women and women of color, in particular, are underrepresented on the policy bodies with the largest budgets while exceeding or nearing parity on policy bodies with the smallest budgets.
- ➤ Minority representation on policy bodies with both the largest and smallest budgets is at least 60%, equal to the population.

Table 1: Demographics of Appointees to San Francisco Commissions and Boards, 2017						
	Women	Minority	Women of Color	LGBT	Disabilities	Veterans
San Francisco Population	49%	60%	31%	5%-7%	12%	4%
Commissions and Boards Combined	49%	53%	27%	17%	11%	13%
Commissions	54%	57%	31%	18%	10%	15%
Boards	41%	47%	19%	17%	14%	10%
10 Largest Budgeted Bodies	35%	60%	18%	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
10 Smallest Budgeted Bodies	58%	66%	30%			1

Sources: 2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, FY17-18 Annual Appropriation Ordinance, FY17-18 Mayor's Budget Book.

The full report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, http://sfgov.org/dosw/.



Gender Analysis of San Francisco Commissions and Boards

December 2017

Acknowledgements

This report is dedicated in memory of the late Mayor Edwin M. Lee, who made an inclusive San Francisco a priority, including through the appointment of numerous women to public policy bodies throughout the City.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various commission secretaries and department staff who graciously assisted in collecting and providing information about their respective commissions and boards. We also want to thank Francis Tsang, Deputy Chief of Staff for the Office of Mayor Edwin M. Lee, as well as the 311 Information Directory Department ("311") for providing much of the data necessary for the completion of this report.

The data collection and analysis for this report was conducted by Public Policy Fellow Nami Yokogi with support from Workplace Policy and Legislative Director Elizabeth Newman, Associate Director Carol Sacco, and Director Emily Murase, PhD, at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women.

This document was presented to and adopted by the San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women in December 2017.

San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Debbie Mesloh
Vice President Breanna Zwart
Commissioner Marjan Philhour
Commissioner Olga Ryerson
Commissioner Carrie Schwab-Pomerantz
Commissioner Andrea Shorter
Commissioner Julie D. Soo

The full report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, http://sfgov.org/dosw/.

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Executive Summary

Overview

A 2008 City Charter Amendment passed by the voters of San Francisco enacted a city policy that membership of Commissions and Boards reflect the diversity of the population. As part of this measure, the Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct a biennial gender analysis of Commissions and Boards. Data was collected from 57 policy bodies with a total of 540 members primarily appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors.

Key Findings

Gender

- > Women's representation on Commissions and Boards in 2017 is 49%, equal to the female population in San Francisco.
- > Since 2007, there has been an overall increase of women on Commissions: women compose 54% of Commissioners in 2017.
- > Women's representation on Boards has declined to 41% this year following a period of steady increases over the past 3 reports.

49% 48% 49.4% 48% 47% 45% 45% 44% 41% 34% 2007 2009 2011 2015 → Commissions 🖘 😘 Boards 🛶 Commissións & Boards Combined

Figure 1: 10-Year Comparison of Women's Representation on Commissions and Boards

50%

50%

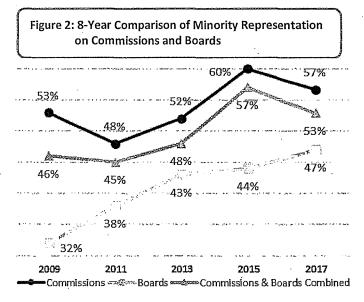
54%

51%

Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311.

Race and Ethnicity

- > While 60% of San Franciscans are people of color, 53% of appointees are racial and ethnic minorities.
- > Minority representation on Commissions decreased from 60% in 2015 to 57% in 2017.
- > Despite a steady increase of people of color on Boards since 2009, minority representation on Boards, at 47%, remains below parity with the population.
- > Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, and multiracial individuals are underrepresented on Commissions and Boards.
- > There is a higher representation of White and Black or African American members on policy bodies than in the San Francisco population.



Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- ➤ In San Francisco, 31% of the population are women of color. Although representation of women of color on Commissions reaches parity with the population, only 19% of Board members are women of color.
- Men of color comprise 26% of both Commissioners and Board members compared to 29% of the San Francisco population.
- The representation of White men on policy bodies is 28%, exceeding the 22% of the San Francisco population, while White women are at parity with the population at 19%.
- > Underrepresentation of Asian and Latinx/Hispanic individuals exists among both men and women.
 - One-tenth of Commissioners and Board members are Asian men and 12% are Asian women compared to 16% and 18% of the population, respectively.
 - Latinos are 6% of Commissioners and Board members and Latinas are 4% of Commissioners and Board members compared to 8% and 7% of San Franciscans, respectively.

Additional Demographics

- Among Commissioners and Board members, 17% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT).
- Individuals with a disability comprise 11% of appointees on policy bodies, just below the 12% of the adult population with a disability in San Francisco.
- > Representation of veterans on Commissions and Boards is 13%, exceeding the 4% of San Franciscans that have served in the military.

Representation on Policy Bodies by Budget

- > Women and women of color, in particular, are underrepresented on the policy bodies with the largest budgets while exceeding or nearing parity on policy bodies with the smallest budgets.
- Minority representation on policy bodies with both the largest and smallest budgets is at least 60%, equal to the population.

Table 1	Domographics	of Annaintees	to San Erancico	o Commissions an	d Boards 2017
Table 1:	Demographics (n Annointees	to San Francisc	a commissions ar	n Boarns 71117

	Women	Minority	Women of Color	LGBT	Disabilities	Veterans
San Francisco Population	49%	60%	31%	5%-7%	12%	4%
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10 Smallest Budgeted Bodies	58%	66%	30%			

Sources: 2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, FY17-18 Annual Appropriation Ordinance, FY17-18 Mayor's Budget Book.

I. Introduction

The central question of this report is whether appointments to public policy bodies of the City and County of San Francisco are reflective of the population at large.

In 1998, San Francisco became the first city in the world to pass a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the United Nations Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), also known as the "Women's Human Rights Treaty." The Ordinance requires City government to take proactive steps to ensure gender equality and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women (Department) has used this tool to analyze operations of 11 City departments.

In 2007, the Department used gender analysis to analyze the number of women appointed to City Commissions, Boards, and Task Forces.³ Based on these findings, a City Charter Amendment was developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 election. The Amendment, which voters approved overwhelmingly, made it City policy that:

- 1. Membership of Commissions and Boards reflect the diversity of the San Francisco population;
- 2. Appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates; and
- 3. The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards to be published every 2 years.⁴

This 2017 gender analysis assesses the representation of women; racial and ethnic minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco Commissions and Boards appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors.⁵

¹ While 188 of the 193 member states of the United Nations, including all other industrialized countries, have ratified the Women's Human Rights Treaty, the U.S. has not. President Jimmy Carter signed the treaty in 1980, but it has been languishing in the Senate ever since, due to jurisdictional concerns and other issues. For further information, see the United Nations website, available at www.ohchr.org/english/bodies/cedaw/index.htm.

² The gender analysis guidelines are available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, under Women's Human Rights, at www.sfgov.org/dosw.

³ The 2007 Gender Analysis of Commissions, Boards, and Task Forces is available online at the Department website, under Women's Human Rights, at www.sfgov.org/dosw.

⁴ The full text of the charter amendment is available at https://sfpl.org/pdf/main/gic/elections/June3 2008.pdf.

⁵ Appointees in some policy bodies are elected or appointed by other entities.

II. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions and Boards whose jurisdiction is limited to the City, that have a majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors, and that are permanent policy bodies. Generally, *Commission* appointments are made by the Mayor and *Board* appointments are made by members of the Board of Supervisors. For some policy bodies, however, the appointments are divided between the Mayor, the Board of Supervisors, and other agencies. *Commissions* tend to be permanent policy bodies that are part of the City Charter and oversee a department or agency. *Boards* are typically policy bodies created legislatively to address specific issues.

The gender analysis in this report reflects data from the Commissions and Boards that provided information to the Department through survey, the Mayor's Office, and the Information Directory Department (311), which collects and disseminates information about City appointments to policy bodies. Based on the list of Commissions and Boards that are reported by 311, data was compiled from 57 policy bodies with a total of 540 appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were among data elements collected on a voluntary basis. In many cases, identities are vastly underreported due to concerns about social stigma and discrimination. Thus, data on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender (LGBT) identity, disability, and veteran status of appointees were limited, incomplete, and/or unavailable for many appointees, but included to the extent possible. As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report.

For the purposes of comparison in this report, data from the *U.S. Census 2011-2015 American*Community Survey 5-Year Estimates is used to reflect the current San Francisco population. Charts 1 and 2 in the Appendix show these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

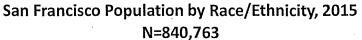
⁶ It is important to note that San Francisco is the only jurisdiction in the State of California that is both a city and a county. Therefore, while in other jurisdictions, the Human Services Commission is typically a county commission that governs services across multiple cities and is composed of members appointed by those cities, the San Francisco case is much simpler. All members of Commissioner and Boards are appointed either by the San Francisco Mayor or the San Francisco County Board of Supervisors which functions as a city council..

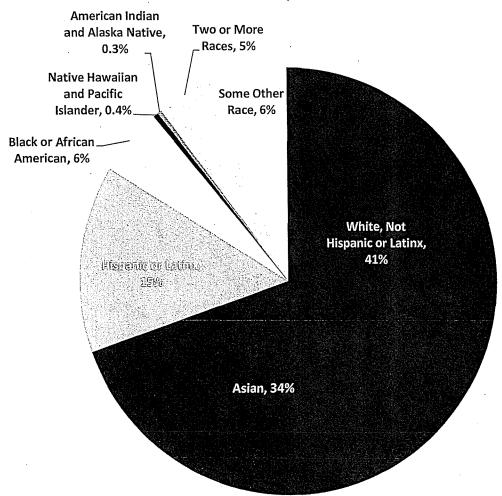
III. San Francisco Population Demographics

An estimated 49% of the population in San Francisco are women and approximately 60% of residents identify as a race or ethnicity other than White. Four in ten San Franciscans are White, one-third are Asian, 15% are Hispanic or Latinx, and 6% are Black or African American.

The racial and ethnic breakdown of San Francisco's population is shown in the chart below. Note that the percentages do not add up to 100% since individuals may be counted more than once.

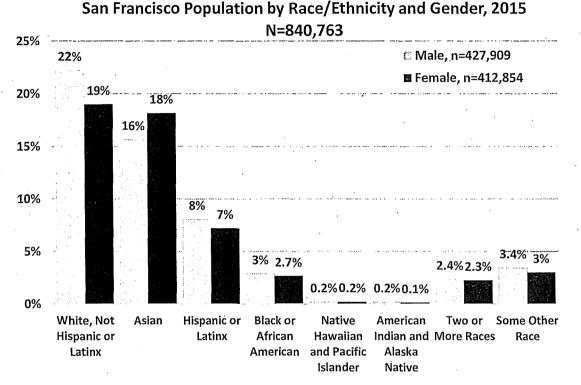
Figure 1: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity





A more nuanced view of San Francisco's population can be seen in the chart below, which shows race and ethnicity by gender. Most racial and ethnic groups have a similar representation of men and women in San Francisco, though there are about 15% more White men than women (22% vs. 19%) and 12% more Asian women than men (18% vs. 16%). Overall, 29% of San Franciscans are men of color and 31% are women of color.

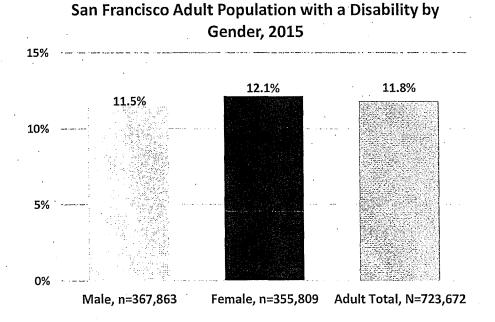
Figure 2: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity and Gender



The U.S. Census and American Community Survey do not count the number of individuals who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT). However, there are several reputable data sources that estimate San Francisco has one of the highest concentrations of LGBT individuals in the nation. A 2015 Gallup poll found that among employed adults in the San Francisco Metropolitan Area, which includes San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, and San Mateo counties, 6.2% identify as LGBT, the largest percentage of any populous area in the U.S. The 2010 U.S. Census reported 34,000 same-sex couples in the Bay Area, with an estimated 7,600 male same-sex couples and 2,700 female same-sex couples in the City of San Francisco, approximately 7% of all households. In addition, the Williams Institute at the University of California Los Angeles estimates that 4.6% of Californians identify as LGBT, which is similar across gender (4.6% of males vs. 4.5% of females). The Williams Institute also reported that roughly 92,000 adults ages 18-70 in California, or 0.35% of the population, are transgender. These sources suggest between 5-7% of the San Francisco adult population, or approximately 36,000-50,000 San Franciscans, identify as LGBT.

Women are slightly more likely than men to have one or more disabilities. For women 18 years and older, 12.1% have at least one disability, compared to 11.5% of adult men. Overall, about 12% of adults in San Francisco live with a disability.

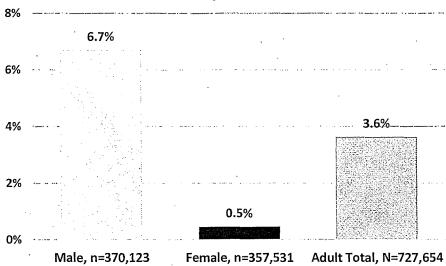
Figure 3: San Francisco Adults with a Disability by Gender



In terms of veterans, according to the U.S. Census, 3.6% of the adult population in San Francisco has served in the military. There is a drastic difference by gender. More than 12 times as many men are veterans, at nearly 7% of adult males, than women, with less than 1%.

Figure 4: Veterans in San Francisco by Gender

San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender, 2015



IV. Gender Analysis Findings

On the whole, appointees to Commissions and Boards reflect many aspects of the diversity of San Francisco. Among Commissioners and Board members, nearly half are women, more than 50% are people of color, 17% are LGBT, 11% have a disability, and 13% are veterans. However, Board appointees are less diverse than Commission appointees. Below is a summary of key indicators, comparing them between Commissions and Boards. Refer to Appendix II for a complete table of demographics by Commissions and Boards.

Figure 5: Summary Data Comparing Representation on Commissions and Boards, 2017

	Commissions	Boards
Number of Policy Bodies Included	40	17
Filled Seats	350/373 (6% vacant)	190/213 (11% vacant)
Female Appointees	54%	41%
Racial/Ethnic Minority	57%	47%
LGBT	17.5%	17%
With Disability	10%	14%
Veterans	15%	10%

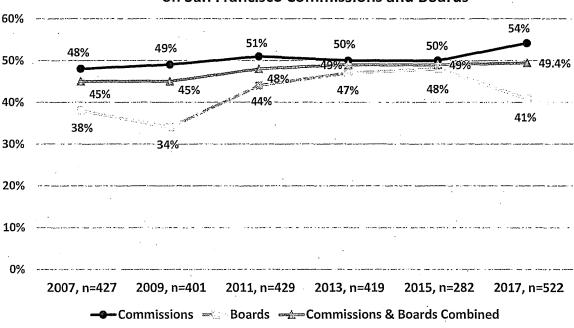
The next sections will present detailed data, compared to previous years, along the key variables of gender, ethnicity, race/ethnicity by gender, sexual orientation, disability, veterans, and policy bodies by budget size.

A. Gender

Overall, the percentage of female appointees to City Commissions and Boards is 49%, equal to the female percentage of the San Francisco population. A 10-year comparison of the gender diversity on Commissions and Boards shows that the percentage of female Commissioners has increased over the 10 years since the first gender analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007. At 54%, the representation of women on Commissions currently exceeds the percentage of women in San Francisco (49%). The percentage of female Board appointees declined 15% from the last gender analysis in 2015. Women make up 41% of Board appointees in 2017, whereas women were 48% of Board members in 2015. A greater number of Boards were included this year than in 2015, which may contribute to the stark difference from the previous report. This dip represents a departure from the previous trend of increasing women's representation on Boards.

Figure 6: 10-Year Comparison of Women's Representation on Commissions and Boards

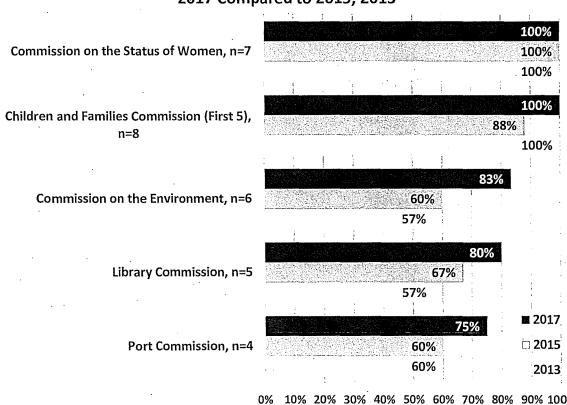




The next two charts illustrate the Commissions and Boards with the highest and lowest percentage of female appointees in 2017. Data from the two previous gender analyses for these Commissions and Boards is also included for comparison purposes. Of 54 policy bodies with data on gender, roughly one-third (20 Commissions and Boards) have more than 50% representation of women. The greatest women's representation is found on the Commission on the Status of Women and the Children and Families Commission (First 5) at 100%. The Long Term Care Coordinating Council and the Mayor's Disability Council also have some of the highest percentages of women, at 78% and 75%, respectively. However, the latter two policy bodies are not included in the chart due to lack of prior data.

Figure 7: Commissions and Boards with Most Women

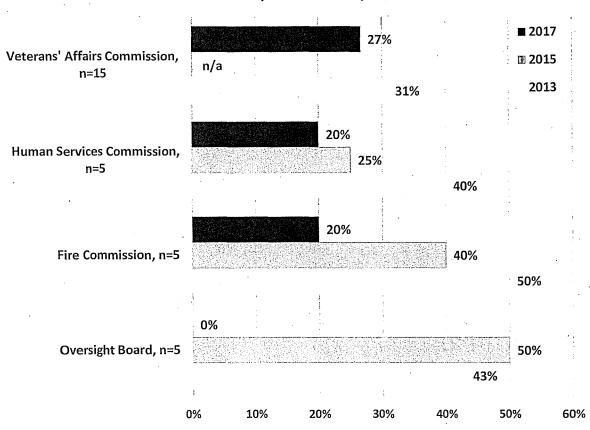
Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentage of Women, 2017 Compared to 2015, 2013



There are 14 Commissions and Boards that have 30% or less women. The lowest percentage is found on the Oversight Board of the Office of Community Investment & Infrastructure where currently none of the five appointees are women. The Urban Forestry Council and the Workforce Investment Board also have some of the lowest percentages of women members at 20% and 26%, respectively, but are not included in the chart below due to lack of prior data.

Figure 8: Commissions and Boards with Least Women

Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2017 Compared to 2015, 2013

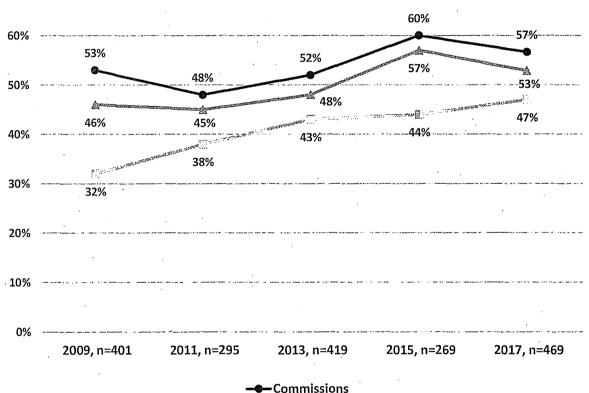


B. Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic background were available for 286 Commissioners and 183 Board members. More than half of these appointees identify as people of color. However, representation of people of color on Commissions and Boards falls short of parity with the approximately 60% minority population in San Francisco. In total, 53% of appointees identify as racial and ethnic minorities. The percentage of minority Commissioners decreased from 2015, while the percentage of minority Board members has been steadily increasing since 2009. Yet, communities of color are represented in greater numbers on Commissions, at 57%, than Boards, at 47%, of appointees. Below is the 8-year comparison of minority representation on Commissions and Boards. Data on race and ethnicity were not collected in 2007.

Figure 9: 8-Year Comparison of Minority Representation on Commissions and Boards

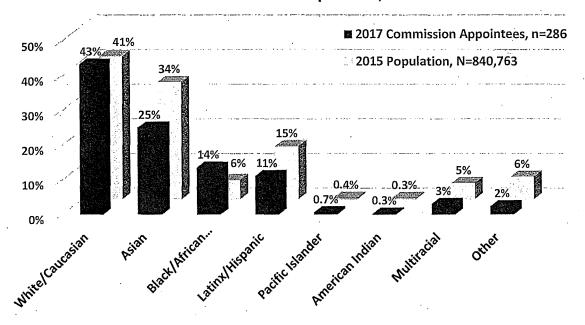
8-Year Comparison of Minority Representation on San Francisco Commissions and Boards



The racial and ethnic breakdown of Commissioners and Board members as compared to the San Francisco population is presented in the next two charts. There is a greater number of White and Black/African American Commissioners in comparison to the general population, in contrast to individuals identifying as Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, multiracial, and other races who are underrepresented on Commissions. One-quarter of Commissioners are Asian compared to more than one-third of the population. Similarly, 11% of Commissioners are Latinx compared to 15% of the population.

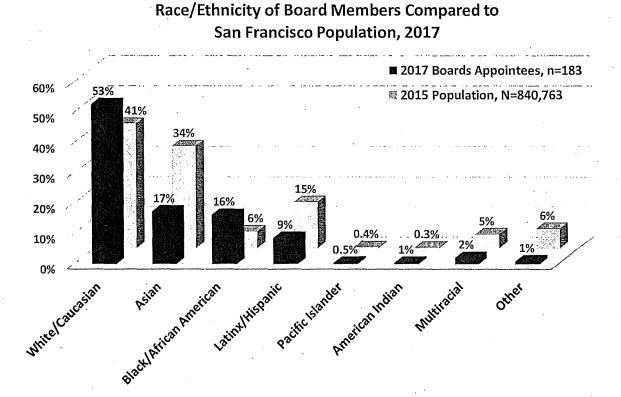
Figure 10: Race/Ethnicity of Commissioners Compared to San Francisco Population

Race/Ethnicity of Commissioners Compared to San Francisco Population, 2017



A similar pattern emerges for Board appointees. In general, racial and ethnic minorities are underrepresented on Boards, except for the Black/African American population with 16% of Board appointees compared to 6% of the population. White appointees far exceed the White population with more than half of appointees identifying as White compared to about 40% of the population. Meanwhile, there are considerably fewer Board members who identify as Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, multiracial, and other races than in the population. Particularly striking is the underrepresentation of Asians, where 17% of Board members identified as Asian compared to 34% of the population. Additionally, 9% of Board appointees are Latinx compared to 15% of the population.

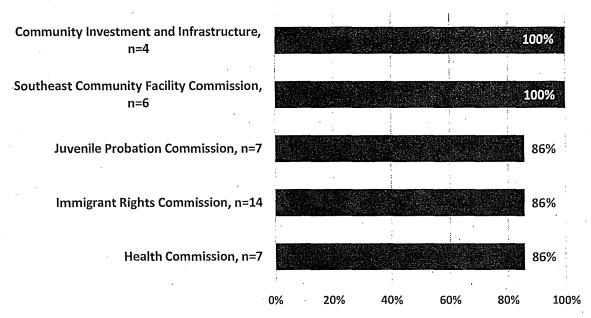
Figure 11: Race/Ethnicity of Board Members Compared to San Francisco Population



Of the 37 Commissions with information on ethnicity, more than two-thirds (26 Commissions) have at least 50% of appointees identifying as persons of color and more than half (19 Commissions) reach or exceed parity with the nearly 60% minority population. The Commissions with the highest percentage of minority appointees are shown in the chart below. The Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure and the Southeast Community Facility Commission both are comprised entirely of people of color. Meanwhile, 86% of Commissioners are minorities on the Juvenile Probation Commission, Immigrant Rights Commission, and Health Commission.

Figure 12: Commissions with Most Minority Appointees

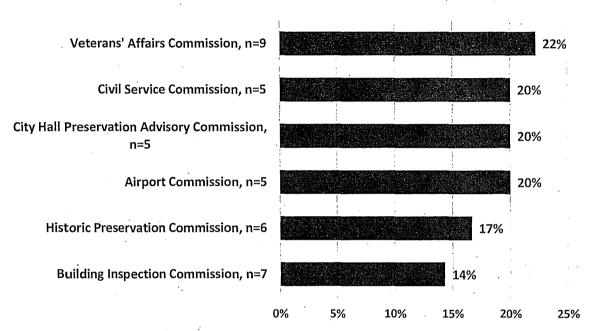
Commissions with Highest Percentage of Minority Appointees, 2017



Seven Commissions have fewer than 30% minority appointees, with the lowest percentage of minority appointees being found on the Building Inspection Commission at 14% and the Historic Preservation Commission at 17%. The Commissions with the lowest percentage of minority appointees are shown in the chart below.

Figure 13: Commissions with Least Minority Appointees

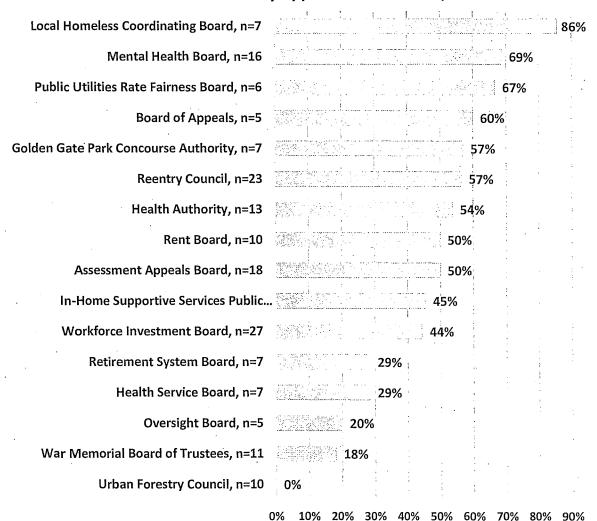
Commissions with Lowest Percentage of Minority Appointees, 2017



For the 16 Boards with information on race and ethnicity, nine have at least 50% minority appointees. The Local Homeless Coordinating Board has the greatest percentage of members of color with 86%. The Mental Health Board and the Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board also have a large representation of people of color at 69% and 67%, respectively. Meanwhile, seven Boards have a majority of White members, with the lowest representation of people of color on the Oversight Board at 20% minority members, the War Memorial Board of Trustees at 18% minority members, and the Urban Forestry Council with no members of color.

Figure 14: Minority Representation on Boards

Percent Minority Appointees on Boards, 2017

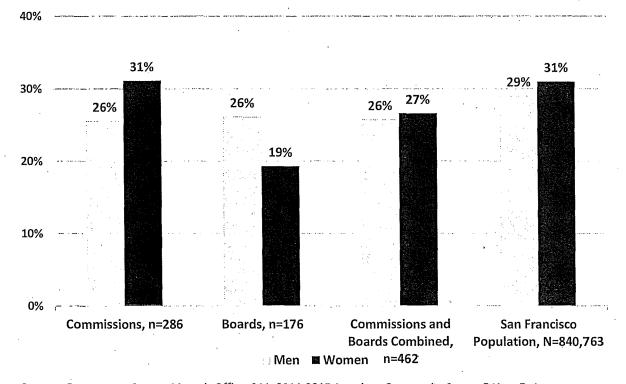


C. Race/Ethnicity by Gender

Minorities comprise 57% of Commission appointees and 47% of Board appointees. The total percentage of minority appointees on Commissions and Boards in 2017 is 53% compared to about 60% of the population. There are slightly more women of color on Commissions and Boards at 27% than men of color at 26%. Women of color appointees to Commissions reach parity with the population at 31%, while women of color are 19% of Board members, far from parity with the population. Men of color are 26% of appointees to both Commissions and Boards, below the 29% men of color in the San Francisco population.

Figure 15: Women and Men of Color on Commissions and Boards

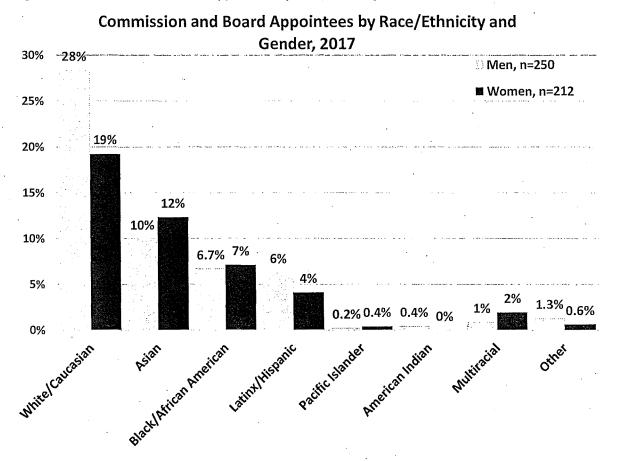
Percent Women and Men of Color Appointees to Commissions and Boards, 2017



Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

The next chart illustrates appointees' race and ethnicity by gender. The gender distribution in most racial and ethnic groups on policy bodies is similar to the representation of men and women in minority groups in San Francisco except for the White population. White men represent 22% of San Francisco population, yet 28% of Commission and Board appointees are White men. Meanwhile, White women are at parity with the population at 19%. Women and men of color are underrepresented across all racial and ethnic groups, except for Black/African American appointees. Asian women are 12% of appointees, but 18% of the population. Asian men are 10% of appointees compared to 16% of the population. Latina women are 4% of Commissioners and Board members, yet 7% of the population, while 6% of appointees are Latino men compared to 8% of San Franciscans.

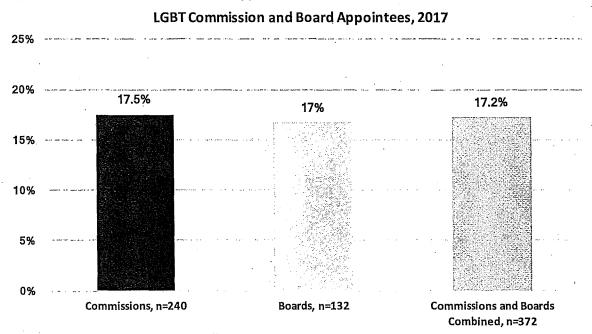
Figure 16: Commission and Board Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender



D. Sexual Orientation

While it is challenging to find accurate counts of the number of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) individuals, a combination of sources, noted in the demographics section, suggests between 4.6% and 7% of the San Francisco population is LGBT. Data on sexual orientation and gender identity was available for 240 Commission appointees and 132 Board appointees. Overall, about 17% of appointees to Commissions and Boards are LGBT. There is a large LGBT representation across both Commissioners and Board members. Three Commissioners identified as transgender.

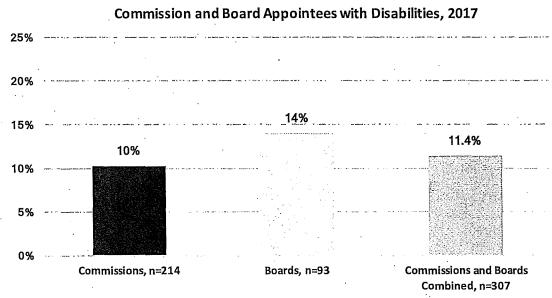
Figure 17: LGBT Commission and Board Appointees



E. Disability

An estimated 12% of San Franciscans have a disability. Data on disability was available for 214 Commission appointees and 93 Board appointees. The percentage of Commission and Board appointees with a disability is 11.4% and almost reaches parity with the 11.8% of the adult population in San Francisco that has a disability. There is a much greater representation of people with a disability on Boards at 14% than on Commissions at 10%.

Figure 18: Commission and Board Appointees with Disabilities

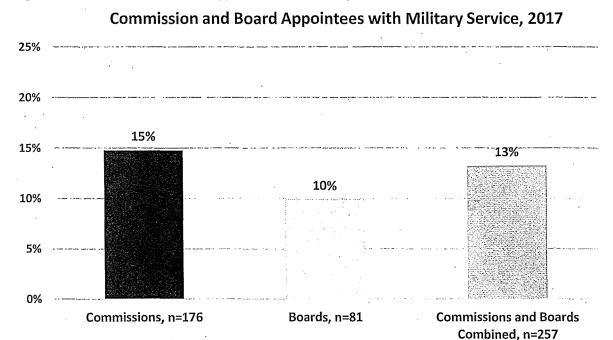


Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311.

F. Veterans

Veterans are 3.6% of the adult population in San Francisco. Data on military service was available for 176 Commission appointees and 81 Board appointees. Overall, veterans are well represented on Commissions and Boards with 13% of appointees having served in the military. However, there is a large difference in the representation of veterans on Commissions at 15% compared to Boards at 10%. This is likely due to the 17 members of Veterans Affairs Commission of which all members must be veterans.

Figure 19: Commission and Board Appointees with Military Service



Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311.

G. Policy Bodies by Budget Size

In addition to data on the appointment of women and minorities to Commissions and Boards, this report examines whether the demographic make-up of policy bodies with the largest budget (which is often proportional to the amount of influence in the City) are representative of the community. On the following page, Figure 19 shows the representation of women, people of color, and women of color on the policy bodies with the largest and smallest budgets.

Though the overall representation of female appointees (49%) is equal to the City's population, Commissions and Boards with the highest female representation have fairly low influence as measured by budget size. Although women's representation on the ten policy bodies with the largest budgets increased from 30% in 2015 to 35% this year, it is still far below parity with the population. The percentage of women on the ten bodies with the smallest budgets grew from 45% in 2015 to 58% in 2017.

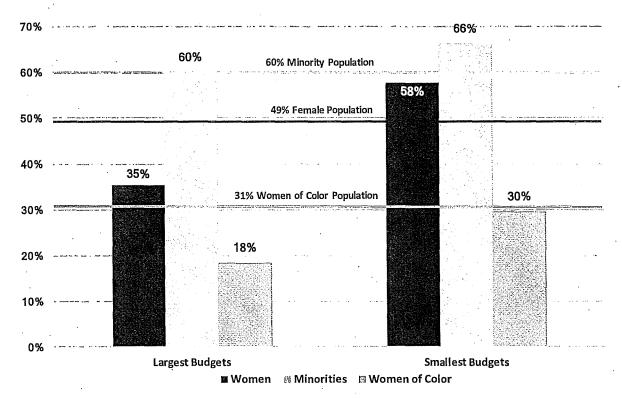
With respect to minority representation, the bodies with both the largest and smallest budgets exceed parity with the population. On the ten Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets, 60% of appointees identify as a racial or ethnic minority; meanwhile 66% of appointees identify as a racial or ethnic minority on the ten Commissions and Boards with the smallest budgets. Minority representation on the ten largest budgeted policy bodies was slightly greater in 2015 at 62%, while there was a 21% increase of minority representation on the ten smallest budgeted policy bodies from 52% in 2015.

Percentage of women of color on the policy bodies with the smallest budgets is 30% and almost reaches parity with the population in San Francisco. However, women of color are considerably underrepresented on the ten policy bodies with the largest budgets at 18% compared to 31% of the population.

Figure 20: Women, Minorities, and Women of Color on Largest and Smallest Budget Bodies

Percent Women, Minorities and Women of Color on Commissions and

Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2017-2018



Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, FY17-18 Annual Appropriation Ordinance, FY17-18 Mayor's Budget Book.

The following two tables present the demographics of the Commissions and Boards overseeing some of the City's largest and smallest budgets.

Of the ten Commissions and Boards that oversee the largest budgets, women make up 35% and women of color are 18% of the appointees. The Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure is the most diverse with people of color in all appointed seats and women comprising half of the members. The Municipal Transportation Agency (MTA) Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission has the next largest representation of women with 43%. Four of the ten bodies have less than 30% female appointees. Women of color are near parity on the Police Commission at 29% compared to 31% of the population. Meanwhile, the Public Utilities Commission and Human Services Commission have no women of color.

Overall, the representation of minorities on policy bodies with the largest budgets is equal to that of the minority population in San Francisco at 60% and four of the ten largest budgeted bodies have greater minority representation. Following the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure with 100% minority appointees, the Health Commission at 86% minority appointees, the Aging and Adult Services Commission at 80% minority appointees, and the Police Commission with 71% minority appointees have the next highest minority representation. In contrast, the Airport Commission has the lowest minority representation at 20%.

Table 1: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets

Body	FY17-18 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	% Women	% Minority	% Women of Color
Health Commission	\$ 2,198,181,178	7	7	29%	86%	14%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	\$ 1,183,468,406	7	7	43%	57%	14%
Public Utilities Commission	\$ 1,052,841,388	5	5	40%	40%	0%
Airport Commission	\$ 987,785,877	5	. 5	40%	20%	20%
Human Services Commission	\$ 913,783,257	5	5	20%	60%	0%
Health Authority (SF Health Plan Governing Board)	\$ 637,000,000	´ 19	15	40%	54%	23%
Police Commission	\$ 588,276,484	7	7	29%	71%	29%
Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure.	\$ 536,796,000	5	4	50%	100%	50%
Fire Commission	\$ 381,557,710	5	5	20%	60%	20%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	\$ 285,000,000	7	5	40%	80%	14%
Total	\$ 8,764,690,300	72	65	35%	60%	18%

Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, FY17-18 Annual Appropriation Ordinance, FY17-18 Mayor's Budget Book.

Commissions and Boards with the smallest budgets exceed parity with the population for women's and minority representation with 58% women and 66% minority appointees and are near parity with 30% women of color appointees compared to 31% of the population. The Long Term Care Coordinating Council has the greatest representation of women at 78%, followed by the Youth Commission at 64%, and the City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission at 60%. Five of the ten smallest budgeted bodies have less than 50% women appointees. The Southeast Community Facility Commission, the Youth Commission, the Housing Authority Commission, and the Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board have more than 30% women of color members.

Of the eight smallest budgeted policy bodies with data on race and ethnicity, more than half have greater representation of racial and ethnic minority and women of color than the population. The Southeast Community Facility Commission has 100% members of color, followed by the Housing Authority Commission at 83%, the Sentencing Commission at 73%, and the Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board at 67% minority appointees. Only the Historic Preservation Commission with 17% minority members, the City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission at 20% minority members, and the Reentry Council with 57% minority members fall below parity with the population.

Table 2: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets

Body	Y17-18 Sudget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	% Women	% Minority	% Women of Color
Historic Preservation Commission	\$ 45,000	7	6	33%	17%	17%
City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission	\$ -	5	[*] 5	60%	20%	20%
Housing Authority Commission	\$ -	7	6	33%	83%	33%
Local Homeless Coordinating Board	\$ -	9	. 7	43%	n/a	n/a
Long Term Care Coordinating Council	\$ -	40	40	78%	n/a	n/a
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	\$	7	6	33%	67% .	33%
Reentry Council	\$ -	24	23	52%	57%	22%
Sentencing Commission	\$ 	12	12	42%	73%	18%
Southeast Community Facility Commission	\$ -	7	6	50%	100%	50%
Youth Commission	\$ -	17	16	64%	64%	43%
Totals	\$ 45,000	135	127	58%	66%	30%

Sources: Department Survey, Mayor's Office, 311, FY17-18 Annual Appropriation Ordinance, FY17-18 Mayor's Budget Book.

V. Conclusion

Per the 2008 Charter Amendment, the Mayor and Board of Supervisors are encouraged to make appointments to Commissions, Boards, and other policy bodies that reflect the diverse population of San Francisco. While state law prohibits public appointments based solely on gender, race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, or disability status, an awareness of these factors is important when appointing individuals to serve on policy bodies, particularly where they may have been historically underrepresented.

Since the first gender analysis of appointees to San Francisco policy bodies in 2007, there has been a steady increase of female appointees. There has also been a greater representation of women on Commissions as compared to Boards. This continued in 2017 with 54% female Commissioners. However, it is concerning that the percentage of female Board members has dropped from 48% in 2015 to 41% in 2017.

People of color represent 60% of the San Francisco population, yet only represent 53% of appointees to San Francisco Commissions and Boards. There is a greater representation of people of color on Commissions than Boards. However, Commissions have fewer appointees identified as ethnic minorities this year, 57%, than the 60% in 2015, while the representation of people of color on Boards increased from 44% in 2015 to 47% in 2017. There is still a disparity between race and ethnicity on public policy bodies and in the population. Especially Asians and Latinx/Hispanic individuals are underrepresented across Commissions and Boards while there is a higher representation of White and Black/African American appointees than in the general population. Women of color are 31% of the population and comprise 31% of Commissioners compared to 19% of Board members. Meanwhile, men of color are 29% of the population and 26% of Commissioners and Board members.

This year there is more data available on sexual orientation, veteran status, and disability than previous gender analyses. The 2017 gender analysis found that there is a relatively high representation of LGBT individuals on the policy bodies for which there was data at 17%. Veterans are also highly represented at 13%, and the representation of people with a disability in policy bodies almost reaches parity with the population with 11.4% compared to 11.8%.

Finally, the policy bodies with larger budgets have a smaller representation of women at 35% while Commissions and Boards with smallest budgets are 58% female appointees. While minority representation exceeds the population on the policy bodies with both the smallest and largest budgets, women of color are considerably underrepresented on the largest budgeted policy bodies at 18% compared to 31% of the population.

This report is intended to inform appointing authorities, including the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors, as they carefully select their designees on key policy bodies of the City & County of San Francisco. In the spirit of the charter amendment that mandated this report, diversity and inclusion should be the hallmark of these important appointments.

Appendix I. 2015 Population Estimates for San Francisco County

The following 2015 San Francisco population statistics were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Chart 1: 2015 Total Population by Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Tot	al 💮
race/Ethnicity	Estimate	Percent
San Francisco County California	840,763	
White, Not Hispanic or Latino	346,732	41%
Asian	284,426	34%
Hispanic or Latino	128,619	15%
Some Other Race	54,388	6%
Black or African American	46,825	6%
Two or More Races	38,940	5%
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,649	0.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	2,854	0.3%

Chart 2: 2015 Total Population by Race/Ethnicity and Gender

Race/Ethnicity	Tot	al	Male Fer		Fem	male	
Nace/Edifficity	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	
San Francisco County California	840,763	_	427,909	50.9%	412,854	49.1%	
White, Not Hispanic or Latino	346,732	41%	186,949	22%	159,783	19%	
Asian	284,426	34%	131,641	16%	152,785	18%	
Hispanic or Latino	128,619	15%	67,978	8%	60,641	7%	
Some Other Race	54,388	6%	28,980	3.4%	25,408	3%	
Black or African American	46,825	6%	24,388	3%	22,437	2.7%	
Two or More Races	38,940	5%	19,868	2%	19,072	2%	
Native Hawaiian and Pacific							
Islander	3,649	0.4%	1,742	0.2%	1,907	0.2%	
American Indian and Alaska Native	2,854	0.3%	1,666	0.2%	1,188	0.1%	

Appendix II. Commissions and Boards Demographics

Carr		Total	Filled	EV17 10 Dudget	% Warran	%	% Women of Color
Cor 1	nmission Aging and Adult Services Commission	Seats 7	Seats 5	FY17-18 Budget \$285,000,000		80%	40%
2	Airport Commission	5	5	\$987,785,877	40%	20%	20%
<u> </u>	Animal Control and Welfare)	3	\$907,705,077	40%	20%	20%
3	Commission	10	9	\$-			
4	Arts Commission	15	15	\$17,975,575	60%	53%	27%
5	Asian Art Commission	27	27	\$10,962,397		59%	44%
6	Building Inspection Commission	7	7	\$76,533,699		14%	0%
	Children and Families Commission						
7	(First 5)	9	8	\$31,830,264	100%	63%	63%
8	City Hall Preservation Advisory	5	5	\$-	60%	20%	20%
_	Commission					20/0	
9	Civil Service Commission	5	5	\$1,250,582	40%	20%	0%
	Commission on Community	_					
10	Investment	5	4	\$536,796,000	50%	100%	50%
11	and Infrastructure	7	<u> </u>	¢22 091 429	920/	670/	50%
11	Commission on the Environment	. 7	6	\$23,081,438		67%	
12	Commission on the Status of Women	7	7	\$8,048,712		71%	71%
13	Elections Commission	7		\$14,847,232		50%	33%
14	Entertainment Commission		7	\$987,102	 	57%	14%
15	Ethics Commission	5		\$4,787,508		67%	33%
16	Film Commission	11	11	\$1,475,000		36%	36%
17	Fire Commission	5	5	\$381,557,710		60%	20%
18	Health Commission	7	7	\$2,198,181,178		86%	14%
19	Historic Preservation Commission	7	6	\$45,000	 	17%	17%
20	Housing Authority Commission	7	6	\$-	33%	83%	33%
21	Human Rights Commission	11	10	\$4,299,600		60%	50%
22	Human Services Commission	5	5	\$913,783,257		60%	0%
23	Immigrant Rights Commission	15	14	\$5,686,611		86%	50%
	Juvenile Probation Commission	7.	7	\$41,683,918		86%	29%
25	Library Commission	7	5	\$137,850,825	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	60%	40%
26	Local Agency Formation Commission	7	4	\$193,168	Parony consumption of the Parish Consumption		7.0
27	Long Term Care Coordinating Council		40	\$-	 		
28	Mayor's Disability Council	11	8	\$4,136,890	75%	25%	13%
29	MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	7	7	\$1,183,468,406	43%	57%	14%
30	Planning Commission	7	7	\$54,501,362	43%	43%	29%
31	Police Commission	7	7	\$588,276,484	29%	71%	29%
32	Port Commission	5	4	\$133,202,027	75%	75%	50%
33	Public Utilities Commission	5	5	\$1,052,841,388		40%	0%

		Total	Filled		%	%	% Women
Cor	nmission	Seats	Seats	FY17-18 Budget	Women	Minority	of Color
34	Recreation and Park Commission	7	7.	\$221,545,353	29%	43%	14%
35	Sentencing Commission	12	12	\$-	42%	73%	18%
36	Small Business Commission	7	. 7	\$1,548,034	43%	50%	25%
37	Southeast Community Facility Commission	7	6	\$-	50%	100%	50%
38	Treasure Island Development Authority	7	7	\$2,079,405	43%	57%	43%
39	Veterans' Affairs Commission	17	15	\$865,518	27%	22%	0%
40	Youth Commission	17	16	\$-	64%	64%	43%
Tot	al	373	350		54%	57%	31%

		Total	Filled	14	%	%	% Women
Boai	d	Seats	Seats	FY17-18 Budget	Women	Minority	of Color
1	Assessment Appeals Board	24	18	\$653,780	39%	50%	22%
2	Board of Appeals	5	5	\$1,038,570	40%	60%	20%
3	Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority	7	7	\$11,662,000	43%	57%	29%
4	Health Authority (SF Health Plan Governing Board)	19	15	\$637,000,000	40%	54%	23%
5	Health Service Board	7	7	\$11,444,255	29%	29%	0%
6	In-Home Supportive Services Public	12	12	. ¢207 02E 71E	58%	45%	100/
6 7	Authority Local Homeless Coordinating Board	9	7	\$207,835,715		86%	18%
8	Mental Health Board	17	16	\$218,000	69%	69%	50%
9	Oversight Board	7	5	\$152,902	- 0%	20%	0%
10	Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	6	\$-	33%	67%	33%
11	Reentry Council	24	23	\$-	52%	57%	22%
13	Relocation Appeals Board	5	.0	\$-			
12	Rent Board	10	10	\$8,074,900	30%	50%	10%
14	Retirement System Board	7	7	\$97,622,827	43%	29%	29%
15	Urban Forestry Council	15	14	\$92,713	20%	0%	0%
16	War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$26,910,642	55%	18%	18%
17	Workforce Investment Board	27	27	\$62,341,959	26%	44%	7%
Tota	il	213	190		41%	47%	19%

		Filled	EV17 19 Budget	%	%	% Women
	Seats	Seats	FY17-18 Budget	Women	Minority	of Color
Commissions and Boards Total	586	540		49.4%	53%	27%

San Francisco BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Date Printed: March 3, 2017 Date Established:

Established: October 4, 2012

Active

SUCCESSOR AGENCY COMMISSION

Contact and Address:

Lucinda Nguyen One South Van Ness, 5th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

Phone: (415) 749-2458

Fax:

Email: commissionsecretary.ocii@sfgov.org

Authority:

Board of Supervisors Ordinance No. 215-12; AB 1484.

Board Qualifications:

The Successor Agency Commission shall consist of five members appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of this Board of Supervisors. The member appointed to Seat 1 shall be a resident of the supervisorial district that includes the largest amount of cumulative area of the Major Approved Development Projects. The member appointed to Seat 2 shall be a resident of the supervisorial district that includes the second largest amount of cumulative area of the Major Approved Development Projects. The members appointed to Seats 3, 4 and 5 need not reside in any specific supervisorial district. Each of the members shall serve for a term of four years. Each member of the Commission shall be a resident of the City and County of San Francisco.

Board of Supervisors Ordinance No. 215-12 delegates to the Successor Agency Commission (the "Commission") the authority (excluding authority as to Housing Assets to: (1) Act in place of the former commission of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency to implement, modify, enforce and complete the surviving redevelopment projects, including, without limitation, the Major Approved Development Projects, the Retained Housing Obligations, and all other enforceable obligations, except for those enforceable obligations for affordable housing transferred to the City and placed under the jurisdiction of the Mayor's Office of Housing; provided, however, that the Successor Agency Commission shall not modify the Major Approved Development Projects or the Retained Housing Obligations in any manner that would decrease the commitment of property tax revenue for affordable housing or materially change the obligations to provide affordable housing without obtaining the approval of the Board of Supervisors and any required approval of the Oversight Board. (2) Approve all contracts and

San Francisco BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

actions related to the assets transferred to or retained by the Successor Agency, including, without limitation, the authority to exercise land use, development and design approval authority for the Major Approved Development Projects and other surviving redevelopment projects, and the approval of amendments to redevelopment plans as allowed under the Redevelopment Dissolution Law and subject to adoption of such plan amendments by the Board of Supervisors and any required approval by the Oversight Board, consistent with applicable enforceable obligations. (3) Take any action that the Redevelopment Dissolution Law requires or authorizes on behalf of the Successor Agency and any other action that the Commission deems appropriate consistent with the Redevelopment Dissolution Law to comply with such obligations, including, without limitation, preparing and submitting to the Oversight Board each ROPS which shall include, among other things, the long term affordable housing obligations described in Oversight Board Resolution No. 5-2012, authorizing additional obligations in furtherance of enforceable obligations, and approving the issuance of bonds to carry out the enforceable obligations, subject to any approval of the Oversight Board as may be required under the Redevelopment Dissolution Law.

Report: Submit a Recognized Obligation Pay Schedule (ROPS) to the States' Department of Finance for each six-month period.

Sunset Clause: None.