

REVISED LEGISLATIVE DIGEST
(Amended in Board, 7/17/2018)

[Planning Code - Accessory Dwelling Units]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to 1) authorize expansion of an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) within the buildable area, 2) authorize the Zoning Administrator to waive or modify bicycle parking requirements for an ADU, 3) exempt from the permit notification requirement ADUs constructed within the defined existing built envelope, and 4) allow conversion of an existing stand-alone garage, storage structure, or other auxiliary structure to an ADU and expansion of the existing building envelope to add dormers; affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302; and directing the Clerk to send a copy of this Ordinance to the California Department of Housing and Community Development.

Existing Law

Planning Code Section 102 defines “Accessory Dwelling Unit” (ADU) and Sections 207(c)(4) and 207(c)(6) establish the requirements for constructing an ADU in areas in San Francisco that are zoned for residential use. The provisions in (c)(6) apply only to existing single-family homes that strictly meet the state law’s ADU requirements. An ADU must be constructed entirely within the existing built envelope, “living area,” or buildable area of an existing building or within the existing built envelope of an existing and authorized auxiliary structure on the same lot. Sections 207(c)(4) and 307(l) authorize the Zoning Administrator to modify or waive the density limits, parking, rear yard, exposure, or open space standards of the Code in order to facilitate the construction of an ADU. Section 207.3 authorizes the legalization of one dwelling unit per lot that was constructed prior to January 1, 2013 without the required permit.

Section 136 sets forth the allowable obstructions over Streets and Alleys and in required setbacks, yards, and usable open space. Section 138.1 establishes the requirements for streetscape and pedestrian improvements, including the obligation to plant and maintain street trees; pursuant to the Article 2 Zoning Control Tables, planting street trees is required for projects in areas zoned for residential use. Section 140 requires all Dwelling Units to face/have exposure to an open area that meets specified minimum requirements. Section 155.1 contains the requirements and standards for bicycle parking. Section 317, among other things, requires a Conditional Use authorization for the Removal of an unauthorized dwelling unit.

Amendments to Current Law

Section 102 is amended to make the definition consistent with the language in Sections 207(c)(4) and (c)(6). Section 207(c)(4) is amended to provide that construction of an ADU is not subject to Section 311 notification if it is entirely within the “built envelope” of the existing structure, which is defined to include a cantilevered room and other specified areas, or if the envelope of a converted stand-alone garage, storage structure, or other existing auxiliary structure is expanded to add dormers for the ADU. Section 207.3 is amended to allow the legalization of more than one unauthorized unit on the lot if the unit can meet all the Code requirements.

Section 136 is amended to allow infilling under decks and cantilevered rooms when adding an Accessory Dwelling Unit provided that if the ADU is proposed for a single-family home, the rear yard must be 25% of the lot depth but in no case less than 15 feet. Section 138.1 is amended to allow payment of an in lieu fee for an ADU’s street tree requirement. Sections 140, 155.1, and 307(l) are amended to authorize the Zoning Administrator to modify or waive the exposure and bicycle parking requirements in order to facilitate the construction of an ADU. Section 317 is amended to provide that if an unauthorized unit can be legalized under any available provision of the Code, its Removal requires a Conditional Use authorization.

Background Information

The State Legislature has declared that second units (ADUs) are a valuable form of housing in California for many reasons. They are also an affordable type of housing because they do not include the costs of purchasing land or require major new infrastructure. In San Francisco, an ADU can be added to an existing building without changing the character of the neighborhood. San Francisco first enacted an ADU ordinance in 2015 and since then has updated its ADU program in response to amendments to the state law. The proposed amendments will facilitate the construction of ADUs in San Francisco.

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