

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

July 30, 2018

File No. 180756

Lisa Gibson
Environmental Review Officer
Planning Department
1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400
San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On July 17, 2018, Supervisor Ronen introduced the following proposed legislation:

File No. 180756

Ordinance amending the Building, Housing, Fire, and Administrative Codes to authorize the Building and Fire Departments to require the installation of a new fire safety system or the improvement or upgrade of an existing system to current code requirements in a residential building of three or more dwelling units to remedy recurring or continuing fire hazards that substantially endanger the health and safety of the residents or the general public; amending the Rent Ordinance to prohibit landlords from increasing rents to cover the costs of compliance; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

for By:  Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director
Rules Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning
Laura Lynch, Environmental Planning

1 [Various Codes - Authority to Require New or Upgraded Fire Safety Systems in Multi-Unit
2 Residential Buildings with Recurring or Continuing Fire Hazards]

3 **Ordinance amending the Building, Housing, Fire, and Administrative Codes to**
4 **authorize the Building and Fire Departments to require the installation of a new fire**
5 **safety system or the improvement or upgrade of an existing system to current code**
6 **requirements in a residential building of three or more dwelling units to remedy**
7 **recurring or continuing fire hazards that substantially endanger the health and safety**
8 **of the residents or the general public; amending the Rent Ordinance to prohibit**
9 **landlords from increasing rents to cover the costs of compliance; affirming the**
10 **Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act;**
11 **making findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of**
12 **the Board to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission**
13 **upon final passage.**

14 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.
15 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.
16 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*.
17 **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font.
18 **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.
19 **Asterisks (* * * *)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code
20 subsections or parts of tables.

21 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

22 Section 1. General Findings.

23 (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
24 ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
25 Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of

1 Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms
2 this determination.

3 (b) On _____, the Building Inspection Commission considered this ordinance
4 at a duly noticed public hearing pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5.

5
6 Section 2. Findings under the California Health and Safety Code.

7 The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that the following local conditions apply to the
8 Code amendments enacted by this ordinance:

9 (1) The City and County of San Francisco is unique among California communities
10 with respect to the possible causes and effects of fires, including fires in multi-unit residential
11 buildings. Among other things, San Francisco is located in an active seismic zone; certain
12 buildings in San Francisco are at an increased risk for earthquake-induced failure and
13 consequent fire because of local hazardous microzones, slide areas, and local liquefaction
14 hazards. Enhanced fire, structural, and other protections are required due to high building
15 density and high occupancy in many buildings.

16 (2) San Francisco has narrow and crowded sidewalks due to building and
17 population density as well as unusual topography. The City also has numerous high-rise
18 buildings, including residential buildings with large numbers of people living therein. For these
19 reasons, fires in San Francisco can be particularly devastating. The need for extra measures
20 to prepare for and cope with fires is pressing, especially for people who live in multi-unit
21 residential buildings and who may face fire dangers any day of the week and any hour of the
22 day or night.

23 (3) Recent fires in large apartment buildings in San Francisco have resulted in
24 property damage, loss of housing, and in some instances loss of life. A report from the Board
25 of Supervisors' Budget and Legislative Analyst's Office issued on November 21, 2016, found

1 that there were 252 two-alarm or greater residential fires from 2004 to 2016. Wood-framed
2 buildings, the most common building type in San Francisco, made up 87% of the fires.

3 (4) California Health and Safety Code Sections 17958, 17958.5, and 17958.7 allow
4 the City to make changes or modifications in the requirements contained in the provisions
5 published by the State Building Standards Commission, including the California Fire Code,
6 when those changes or modifications are reasonably necessary because of local conditions.
7 California Health and Safety Code Section 17958.7 provides that before making any such
8 changes or modifications, the governing body must make express findings that such changes
9 or modifications are reasonably necessary because of specified local conditions.

10 (5) Pursuant to the applicable California Health and Safety Code sections, the
11 Board of Supervisors finds and determines that the conditions described above constitute a
12 general summary of the most significant local conditions giving rise to the need for variance
13 from the California Fire and Building Codes and any other applicable provisions published by
14 the State Building Standards Commission. The Board of Supervisors further finds and
15 determines that the proposed variances are reasonably necessary based on these local
16 conditions, and that these conditions justify more restrictive standards applicable to the
17 enforcement of the fire safety requirements for multi-unit residential buildings in San
18 Francisco.

19
20 Section 3. The Building Code is hereby amended by adding Section 102A.16.1,
21 including Sections 102A.16.1.1 and 102A.16.1.2, to read as follows:

22 **102A.16.1 Continuing or Recurring Conditions Creating a Fire Hazard in a Residential Building of**
23 **Three or More Dwelling Units; Authority of the Building Official. In addition to any other power or**
24 **remedy available under this Code or other applicable laws, the Building Official may issue a Fire Life**
25 **Safety Notice and Order pursuant to the provisions of this Section 102A.16.1 and Sections 102A.16.1.1**

1 and 102A.16.1.2 that requires the owner of a residential building with three or more dwelling units to
2 install, improve, or upgrade the building's fire safety systems.

3 **102A.16.1.1 Fire Life Safety Notice and Order.** The Building Official may issue a Fire Life Safety
4 Notice and Order in cases where the Building Official has determined that:

5 (a) notwithstanding the Department's issuance of two or more NOVs and Administrative
6 Orders under Sections 102A.4 and 102A.7 of this Code for violation of the fire safety requirements
7 enforced by the Department of Building Inspection, a fire hazard (as defined in Section 102A.1)
8 continues to exist or recurs after abatement in a residential building with three or more dwelling units;
9 and

10 (b) while the cited code violations have not risen to the level of an imminent hazard that
11 requires issuance of an emergency order under Section 102A.16, the violations are so extensive and of
12 such a nature (including but not limited to conditions such as a nonworking fire alarm or sprinkler
13 system, a nonworking or chronically blocked fire escape, or locked or chronically blocked exits or
14 egress system) that the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public is substantially
15 endangered; and

16 (c) the property owner either has failed to abate or mitigate the violations in a timely way in
17 accordance with an Administrative Order issued pursuant to Section 10A2.7 of this Code, or the
18 violations recur after abatement.

19 **102A.16.1.1.1 Legal Status of Previously Issued NOVs.** A Fire Life Safety Notice and Order issued
20 pursuant to Section 102A.16.1.1 is in lieu of a Notice of Municipal Code Violation ("NOV") and an
21 Administrative Order issued pursuant to Sections 102A.4 and 102A.7 of this Code. However, such an
22 Order does not replace any NOVs that have previously been issued and remain unabated. Any
23 previously-issued NOVs shall require abatement pursuant to their terms.

1 **102A.16.1.1.2 Required Provisions of a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order.** The Fire Life Safety
2 Notice and Order issued pursuant to Section 102A.16.1.1 shall require the building owner to do one or
3 more of the following:

4 (a) install a new fire sprinkler system;

5 (b) improve an existing fire sprinkler system or upgrade it to current code requirements;

6 (c) install a new fire alarm and/or detection system;

7 (d) improve an existing fire alarm and/or detection system or upgrade it to current code
8 requirements.

9 Prior to ordering any such installation, improvement, or upgrade, the Building Official shall consult
10 with the local fire code official and any installation, improvement, or upgrade shall be approved by the
11 local fire code official.

12 **102A.16.1.2 Notice and Hearing Procedures.** All the notice and hearing procedures set forth in
13 Sections 102A.4 through 102A.7 shall apply to a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order, except as that
14 procedure may be modified below.

15 (a) The Fire Life Safety Notice and Order shall:

16 (1) be signed by the Building Official;

17 (2) set forth the street address of the building and a description of the building or
18 property sufficient for identification;

19 (3) identify each code violation that the Building Official has determined is a fire
20 hazard substantially endangering the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public;

21 (4) specify the fire safety installation, improvement, and/or upgrades required; and

22 (5) contain time frames required for compliance with the Notice and Order.

23 (b) The Building Official shall serve the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order by certified mail
24 on the building owner(s) at the address listed with the Assessor-Recorder's Office, and shall send a
25 copy by certified mail to:

1 (1) the person, if any, in real or apparent charge and control of the premises
2 involved;

3 (2) the holder of any mortgage, deed of trust, lien, or encumbrance of record; and

4 (3) the owner or holder of any other estate or interest in the building or property, or
5 the land on which it is located.

6 (c) The Building Official shall post a copy of the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order in a
7 conspicuous place on the subject property and either mail or deliver a copy to the resident(s) of each
8 unit on the subject property.

9 (d) Unless the building owner demonstrates to the Building Official's satisfaction that the
10 owner has made substantial progress in complying with the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order, if the
11 building owner has not complied with said Notice and Order according to the required time frames the
12 Building Official shall schedule an Administrative Hearing to be held no later than 14 days after the
13 compliance deadline.

14 (e) If an Administrative Hearing is held, a designee of the Building Official shall attend the
15 hearing, which shall be conducted by a designated Hearing Officer. A written decision signed by the
16 Building Official shall be issued no later than 30 days after the hearing.

17 **102A.16.1.3 Appeals.** A Fire Life Safety Notice and Order may be appealed to the Abatement Appeals
18 Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 105A.2 of this Code; provided, however, that

19 (a) an appeal of a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order shall be scheduled for hearing within
20 14 days after the date of filing the appeal, and

21 (b) if the Abatement Appeals Board had heard an appeal of any previously-issued Order of
22 Abatement pursuant to Section 102A for substantially the same code violations as are cited in the Fire
23 Life Safety Notice and Order, and the Abatement Appeals Board had upheld the Order of Abatement in
24 whole or substantial part, the decision of the Abatement Appeals Board shall be effective immediately
25 upon issuance of the Board's findings and decision with no right to request rehearing.

1 102A.16.1.4 Recording of final Notice and Order; referral to City Attorney. Upon issuance of the
2 Abatement Appeals Board decision, a copy of the final Fire Life Safety Notice and Order shall be
3 recorded in the Assessor-Recorder's Office. The Department shall refer the case to the City Attorney
4 for its review and possible action within 90 days after recording said Notice and Order.

5
6 Section 4. The Housing Code is hereby amended by revising Section 204, to read as
7 follows:

8 **SEC. 204. VIOLATIONS.**

9 * * * *

10 (f) **Continuing or Recurring Conditions Creating a Fire Hazard in Multi-Unit**
11 Residential Buildings. The Director of the Department of Building Inspection is expressly authorized,
12 under this subsection (f) and Sections 102A.16.1, 102A.16.1.1, and 102A.16.1.2 of the Building Code,
13 to order the owner of a residential building with three or more dwelling units to do one or more of the
14 following to abate or mitigate a fire hazard in the building that continues or recurs notwithstanding
15 the Department of Building Inspection's prior issuance of Notices of Violation and Administrative
16 Orders:

17 (1) install a new fire sprinkler system;

18 (2) improve an existing fire sprinkler system or upgrade it to current code
19 requirements;

20 (3) install a new fire alarm and/or detection system; or

21 (4) improve an existing fire alarm and/or detection system or upgrade it to current
22 code requirements.

23 For purposes of this subsection (f), a "fire hazard" is as defined in Section 102A.1 of the Building
24 Code.

25 The Director may exercise this authority in cases where:

1 (1) notwithstanding the Department's issuance of two or more NOVs and
2 Administrative Orders under Sections 102A.4 and 102A.7 of the Building Code for violation of the fire
3 safety requirements enforced by the Department of Building Inspection, a fire hazard (as defined in
4 Section 102A.1) continues to exist or recurs after abatement in a residential building with three or
5 more dwelling units; and

6 (2) while the cited code violations have not risen to the level of an imminent hazard
7 that requires issuance of an emergency order under Section 102A.16 of the Building Code, the
8 violations are so extensive and of such a nature (including but not limited to a nonworking fire alarm
9 or sprinkler system, a nonworking or chronically blocked fire escape, or locked or chronically blocked
10 exits or egress system) that the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public is
11 substantially endangered; and

12 (3) the property owner either has failed to abate or mitigate the violations in a
13 timely way in accordance with an order issued pursuant to Section 102A.7 of the Building Code, or the
14 violations recur after abatement.

15 (g) ~~(f)~~ **Annual Report to Board of Supervisors.**

16 (1) Six months from the effective date of this ordinance, the Director of the
17 Department of Building Inspection shall provide the Board of Supervisors with information on
18 the implementation of this Section 204.

19 (2) Each annual report of the Department of Building Inspection transmitted
20 to the Board of Supervisors shall contain a statistical report detailing the number of citations
21 issued during the preceding year, correlated with a general description of the types of
22 violations for which they were issued.

23 (h) ~~(g)~~ **Partial Appropriation of Fines Collected.** Up to 25% percent of the monies
24 collected pursuant to Section 204(a), other than monies mandated by State law to be
25 appropriated for specific purposes, shall be deposited directly to the Department of Building

1 Inspection's Special Fund to partially offset the costs incurred by the Department of Building
2 Inspection in issuing citations pursuant to this Section 204.

3
4 Section 5. The Fire Code is hereby amended by revising Section 109.3, to read as
5 follows:

6 **109.3. [For SF] Remedies Available.**

7 The fire code official may enforce the provisions of this code by: issuing a notice of
8 violation under Section 109.4; issuing an administrative citation under Section 109.5; ~~and~~ or
9 issuing criminal penalties under Section 109.6.

10 In addition to the above remedies or other remedies authorized by law, in cases where there is a
11 continuing or recurring fire hazard in a residential building with three or more dwelling units, the fire
12 code official may issue a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order that requires the owner of the building to do
13 one or more of the following to abate or mitigate the fire hazard: (1) install a new fire sprinkler system;
14 (2) improve an existing fire sprinkler system or upgrade it to current code requirements; (3) install a
15 new fire alarm and/or detection system; or (4) improve an existing fire alarm and/or detection system
16 or upgrade it to current code requirements. For purposes of this Section 109.3, a "fire hazard" is
17 defined in Section 102A.1 of the Building Code.

18 The fire code official may exercise this authority in cases where the fire official has determined
19 that:

20 (a) notwithstanding the Department's issuance of two or more notices of violation under
21 Section 109.4 or administrative citations under Section 109.5, a fire hazard continues to exist or recurs
22 after abatement in a residential building of three or more units; and

23 (b) while the cited code violations have not risen to the level of an imminent hazard, they
24 are so extensive and of such a nature (including but not limited to a nonworking fire alarm or sprinkler
25

1 system, a broken or deteriorated fire escape or egress system, or locked or permanently blocked exits)
2 that the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public is substantially endangered; and

3 (c) the property owner has failed to abate or mitigate the violations in a timely way in
4 accordance with an order issued pursuant to Section 109.4.3(g) of this Code.

5 All the notice and hearing procedures set forth in Section 109.4.3 shall apply to a Fire Life
6 Safety Notice and Order, except as that procedure may be modified below.

7 (a) The Fire Life Safety Notice and Order shall:

8 (1) be signed by the fire code official;

9 (2) set forth the street address of the building and a description of the building or
10 property sufficient for identification;

11 (3) identify each code violation that the fire code official has determined is a fire
12 hazard substantially endangering the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public;

13 (4) specify the fire safety installation, improvement, and/or upgrades required; and

14 (5) contain time frames required for compliance with the order.

15 (b) The fire code official shall serve the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order by certified mail
16 on the building owner(s) at the address listed with the Assessor-Recorder's Office. A copy shall also be
17 sent by certified mail to:

18 (1) the person, if any, in real or apparent charge and control of the premises
19 involved;

20 (2) the holder of any mortgage, deed of trust, lien, or encumbrance of record; and

21 (3) the owner or holder of any other estate or interest in the building or property, or
22 the land on which it is located.

23 (c) The fire code official shall post a copy of the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order in a
24 conspicuous place on the subject property and either mail or deliver a copy to the resident(s) of each
25 unit on the subject property.

1 (d) Unless the building owner demonstrates to the fire code official's satisfaction that the
2 owner has made substantial progress in complying with the Fire Life Safety Notice and Order, if the
3 building owner has not complied with said Notice and Order according to the required time frames the
4 fire code official shall schedule an administrative hearing to be held no later than 14 days after the
5 compliance deadline.

6 (e) If an Administrative Hearing is held, the fire code official shall attend the hearing,
7 which shall be conducted by a designated Hearing Officer. A written decision signed by the fire code
8 official shall be issued no later than 30 days after the hearing.

9 (f) A copy of the fire code official's written decision shall be recorded in the Assessor-
10 Recorder's Office.

11 (g) The fire code official shall refer the case to the City Attorney for its review and possible
12 action within 90 days after recording said Notice and Order.

13
14 Section 6. The Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 37.7 and
15 37.8, to read as follows:

16 **SEC. 37.7. CERTIFICATION OF RENT INCREASES FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS,**
17 **REHABILITATION WORK, ENERGY CONSERVATION IMPROVEMENTS, AND**
18 **RENEWABLE ENERGY IMPROVEMENTS.**

19 * * * *

20 **(b) Requirements for Certification.** The Board and designated Administrative Law
21 Judges may only certify the costs of capital improvements, rehabilitation, energy conservation
22 improvements, and renewable energy improvements, where the following criteria are met:

23 * * * *

24 (6) The cost is not for work required to correct a code violation for which a
25 notice of violation has been issued and remained unabated for 90 days unless the landlord

1 made timely good faith efforts within that 90-day period to commence and complete the work
2 but was not successful in doing so because of the nature of the work or circumstances
3 beyond the control of the landlord. The landlord's failure to abate within the original 90-day
4 period raises a rebuttable presumption that the landlord did not exercise timely good faith
5 efforts. Any costs attributable to the landlord's compliance with a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order
6 issued by the Building Official under Sections 107A.16.1 et seq. of the Building Code or the fire code
7 official under Sections 109.3 et seq. of the Fire Code shall not be certified.

8 * * * *

9 **SEC. 37.8. ARBITRATION OF RENTAL INCREASE ADJUSTMENTS.**

10 ** ** *

11 (e) **Hearings.**

12 * * * *

13 (4) **Determination of the Administrative Law Judge: Rental Units.** Based

14 upon the evidence presented at the hearing and upon such relevant factors as the Board shall
15 determine, the Administrative Law Judge shall make findings as to whether or not the
16 landlord's proposed rental increase exceeding the limitations set forth in Section 37.3 is
17 justified or whether or not the landlord has effected a rent increase through a reduction in
18 services or has failed to perform ordinary repair and maintenance as required by State or local
19 law; and provided further that, where a landlord has imposed a passthrough pursuant to this
20 Chapter 37, the same costs shall not be included in the calculation of increased operating and
21 maintenance expenses pursuant to this Subsection (4). In making such findings, the
22 Administrative Law Judge shall take into consideration the following factors:

- 23 (A) Increases or decreases in operating and maintenance expenses,
24 including, but not limited to, water and sewer service charges; janitorial service; refuse
25 removal; elevator service; security system; insurance for the property; ~~routine repairs and~~

1 ~~maintenance; and~~ debt service and real estate taxes as set forth in subsections (i) and (ii); ~~and~~
2 reasonable and necessary management expenses as set forth in subsection (iii); and routine
3 repairs and maintenance as set forth in subsection (iv).

4 * * * *

5 (iv) The term routine repairs and maintenance shall not include any
6 costs for installation or upgrade of a fire sprinkler system or fire alarm and/or detection system
7 attributable to the landlord's compliance with a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order issued by the
8 Building Official under Sections 107A.16.1 et seq. of the Building Code or the fire code official under
9 Sections 109.3 et seq. of the Fire Code.

10 ** * *

11
12 Section 7. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
13 enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
14 ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
15 of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

16
17 Section 8. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
18 intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
19 numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
20 Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
21 additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
22 the official title of the ordinance.

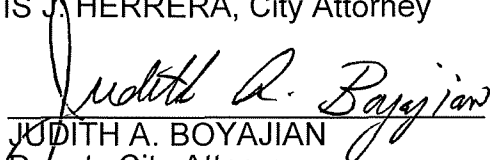
23
24 Section 9. Undertaking for the General Welfare. In undertaking the enforcement of
25 this ordinance, the City is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is

1 not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of
2 which it is liable in money damages, to any person who claims that such breach proximately
3 caused injury.

4
5 Section 10. Directions to Clerk. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors is hereby
6 directed to forward a copy of this ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission
7 upon final passage.

8
9 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
10 DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

11 By:


12 JUDITH A. BOYAJIAN
Deputy City Attorney

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LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Various Codes - Authority to Require New or Upgraded Fire Safety Systems in Multi-Unit Residential Buildings with Recurring or Continuing Fire Hazards]

Ordinance amending the Building, Housing, Fire, and Administrative Codes to authorize the Building and Fire Departments to require the installation of a new fire safety system or the improvement or upgrade of an existing system to current code requirements in a residential building of three or more dwelling units to remedy recurring or continuing fire hazards that substantially endanger the health and safety of the residents or the general public; amending the Rent Ordinance to prohibit landlords from increasing rents to cover the costs of compliance; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

Existing Law

Building Code Section 106A.16 sets forth the process for the Building Official, who is the Director of the Department of Building Inspection, to issue an emergency order requiring the prompt correction of any condition existing in, on, or near any building, structure, property, or portion thereof that constitutes an imminent and substantial hazard to the life, health, or safety of the occupants or other persons, or to said building, structure, or property. Housing Code Section 204 sets forth the penalties for violation of the Housing Code. Section 109.3 of the Fire Code sets forth the remedies the fire code official, who is the local Fire Marshal, has to enforce the requirements of the Fire Code.

Section 37.7 of the Administrative Code sets forth the requirements for certification of rent increases for capital improvements, rehabilitation work, energy conservation improvements, and renewable energy improvements. It currently prohibits certification of rent increases for work required to correct a code violation where the violation has remained unabated for 90 days unless the landlord made timely good faith efforts within that 90-day period to commence and complete the work but was unable to do so because of the nature of the work or circumstances beyond the landlord's control. Section 37.8 allows a landlord to petition the Rent Board for a rental increase that is higher than what would otherwise be allowed in order to cover increased operating and maintenance expenses.

Amendments to Current Law

Sections 106A.16.1, 106A.16.1.1, and 106A.16.1.2 are added to the Building Code, and language is added to Section 204 of the Housing Code and to Section 109.3 of the Fire Code, authorizing the Building Official and the fire code official to issue a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order that requires the owner of a residential building with three or more dwelling units to do one or more of the following:

- install a new fire sprinkler system;
- improve an existing fire sprinkler system or upgrade it to current code requirements;
- install a new fire alarm and/or detection system;
- improve an existing fire alarm and/or detection system or upgrade it to current code requirements.

A Fire Life Safety Notice and Order may be issued in cases where:

- continuing or repeated code violations constitute a serious fire hazard;
- the violations have not risen to the level of an imminent hazard that requires issuance of an emergency order but the violations are so extensive and of such a nature that the health and safety of the residents and/or the general public is substantially endangered; and
- the property owner has either failed to abate or mitigate the violations in a timely way despite prior notices of violation and abatement orders or the violations recur after abatement.

Examples of the types of hazardous situations in which a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order could issue are: (1) a nonworking fire alarm or sprinkler system, (2) a nonworking or chronically blocked fire escape, or (3) locked or chronically blocked exits or egress system. Such an order is subject to a shortened abatement process and a referral to the City Attorney for review and possible action.

Administrative Code Section 37.7(b)(6) is revised to prohibit the Rent Board's certification of the costs attributable to compliance with a Fire Life Safety Notice and Order as a pass-through to the tenants in the form of a rent increase. Section 37.8(e) is revised to expressly prohibit the Rent Board from including any such costs in a rental increase for increased operation and maintenance costs.

Background Information

Due to San Francisco's location in an active seismic zone, its narrow and crowded sidewalks, and its high building density, it is vulnerable to the risk of fires especially in larger multi-unit buildings. A report from the Board of Supervisors' Budget and Legislative Analyst's Office issued on November 21, 2016, found that there were 252 two-alarm or greater residential fires from 2004 to 2016. Wood-framed buildings, the most common building type in San Francisco, made up 87% of the fires. Recent fires in large apartment buildings in San Francisco have resulted in property damage, loss of housing, and in some instances loss of life. The need for extra measures to prepare for and cope with fires in residential buildings is pressing.

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