

August 16, 2018

City and County of San Francisco Attn: Mayor London Breed 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place City Hall, Room 200 San Francisco, CA 94102

#### Board of Supervisors

City and County of San Francisco Attn: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place City Hall, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

San Francisco Planning Commission The Planning Department Attn: Commission Secretary 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

To Whom It May Concern:

Re: City and County of San Francisco Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard)

On Tuesday, July 24, 2018, a resolution entitled, "Resolution of Intention to establish City and County of San Francisco Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard, Pier 70) on land within the City and County of San Francisco commonly known as the Hoedown Yard to finance the construction of affordable housing within Pier 70 and Parcel K South; to provide for future annexation; to call a public hearing on September 11, 2018, on the formation of the district and to provide public notice thereof; determining other matters in connection therewith; and affirming the Planning Department's determination, and making findings under the California Environmental Quality Act" ("<u>Resolution of Intention</u>") was adopted at the meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco (the "<u>City</u>"). Under the Resolution of Intention, the Board of Supervisors states its intention to form the "City and County of San Francisco Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard)" (the "<u>IRFD</u>") pursuant to Government Code Section 53369 et seq. (the "<u>IRFD</u>").

The City is proposing formation of the IRFD for the purpose of financing construction of affordable housing within Pier 70 and Parcel K South.

As part of the formation process, the City must prepare a draft Infrastructure Financing Plan for the IRFD. The City must also distribute the draft Infrastructure Financing Plan, along with any report required by the California Environmental Quality Act ("<u>CEQA</u>") relating to the

PORT OF SAN FRANCISCO

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proposed public facilities to be funded by the IRFD and the proposed private development projects within the boundaries of the IRFD, to each governmental taxing agency that levied or had levied on its behalf a property tax on the property in the proposed IRFD in the fiscal year prior to the designation of the IRFD.

The adopted Resolution of Intention and the draft Infrastructure Financing Plan are enclosed with this letter. The environmental reports required by CEQA ("<u>Relevant EIRs</u>") for the project and any associated private development projects, which Relevant EIRs are described in the remaining portion of this paragraph, are incorporated in their entirety by this reference and are available on the website of the San Francisco Planning Department. On August 24, 2017, the San Francisco Planning Commission by Motion No. 19976 and Motion No. 19977, certified the completion of the Final Environmental Impact Report for the Pier 70 Mixed-Use District Project (the "<u>Project</u>"), and approved other entitlement and transaction documents relating to the Project, including certain environmental findings under CEQA, including a statement of overriding consideration, and a mitigation and monitoring and reporting program (the "<u>MMRP</u>"). On November 14, 2017, the Board of Supervisors, in Ordinance No. 227-17, adopted the CEQA findings and the MMRP, and made certain environmental findings under CEQA (collectively, the "<u>FEIR</u>").

Formation of the proposed IRFD will require, among other actions, approval of an Infrastructure Financing Plan by the Board of Supervisors. This approval is required before the Board of Supervisors can adopt an ordinance to allocate a portion of the City's incremental property tax revenue to the IRFD. It is possible that changes to the draft Infrastructure Financing Plan will be made prior to its adoption by the Board of Supervisors. In the event any such changes are made, such changes will be sent to you prior to the approval of the Infrastructure Financing Plan by the Board of Supervisors. Although subject to change, adoption by the Board of Supervisors of the Infrastructure Financing Plan is currently anticipated to occur on Tuesday, October 16, 2018.

In addition, as part of the process of forming the IRFD, a public hearing and a landowner election will be required to be held. The public hearing is scheduled to be opened on Tuesday, September 11, 2018, and anticipated to be continued to Tuesday, October 16, 2018. The landowner election is anticipated to occur after the conclusion of the hearing on October 16, 2018.

I am sending you this letter in order to comply with the requirements of the IRFD Law. By this letter, I am also requesting the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to make the Infrastructure Financing Plan and the Relevant EIRs available for public inspection, as required by Section 53369.15 of the IRFD Law.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at the number below.

Very truly yours,

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Michael J. Martin Deputy Director, Real Estate & Development Tel: 415-274-0544

Enclosures

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard)

Originally adopted:

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Date: , 20 Ordinance No.:

#### INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING PLAN

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#### CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard)

*IRFD.* The Board of Supervisors (the "**Board of Supervisors**") of the City and County of San Francisco (the "**City**"), pursuant to the provisions of Government Code Section 53369 et seq. (the "**IRFD Law**"), and for the public purposes set forth therein, proposes to adopt a Resolution of Intention (the "**Resolution of Intention**"), pursuant to which it declares its intention to conduct proceedings to establish the "City and County of San Francisco Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District No. 2 (Hoedown Yard)" (the "**IRFD**").

In the Resolution of Intention, the type of facilities proposed to be financed by the IRFD pursuant to the IRFD Law consists of new buildings, along with supporting infrastructure and amenities, in which 100% of the residential units (with the exception of a manager's unit) would be below-market-rate units to be located within the approximately 28 acres of land in the waterfront area of the City known as Pier 70 (the "**Project Site**") and an area of land in the vicinity of the Project Site and within Pier 70 commonly known as "**Parcel K South**" as more particularly described in Attachment 1 hereto and hereby incorporated herein (the "**Facilities**"). The Facilities are authorized to be financed by the IRFD by IRFD Law Sections 53369.2 and 53369.3.

Additionally, the Board of Supervisors proposes to adopt a Resolution Authorizing Executive Director of the Port of San Francisco to Prepare an Infrastructure Financing Plan Related to an Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District, pursuant to which it authorizes and directs the Executive Director of the Port of San Francisco, or designee, to prepare an infrastructure financing plan for the IRFD and to determine other matters in connection therewith. Pursuant to Section 53369.14 of the IRFD Law and the Board of Supervisors' proposed resolution, the infrastructure financing plan must be consistent with the general plan of the City and include the following:

- a) A map and legal description of the proposed IRFD.
- b) A description of the facilities required to serve the development proposed in the area of the IRFD including those to be provided by the private sector, the facilities to be provided by governmental entities without assistance under the IRFD Law, the facilities to be financed with assistance from the proposed IRFD, and the facilities to be provided jointly. The description shall include the proposed location, timing, and costs of the facilities.
- c) A finding that the facilities are of communitywide significance.
- d) A financing section, which shall contain all of the following information:
  - A specification of the maximum portion of the incremental tax revenue of the City and of each affected taxing entity (as defined in the IRFD Law) proposed to be committed to the IRFD for each year during which the IRFD will receive incremental tax revenue; provided however such portion of incremental tax revenue need not be the same for all affected taxing entities, and such portion may change over time.
  - A projection of the amount of tax revenues expected to be received by the IRFD in each year during which the IRFD will receive tax revenues, including an estimate of the amount of tax revenues attributable to each affected taxing entity proposed to be

committed to the IRFD for each year. If applicable, the plan shall also include a specification of the maximum portion of the net available revenue of the City proposed to be committed to the IRFD for each year during which the IRFD will receive revenue, which portion may vary over time.

- 3) A plan for financing the facilities, including a detailed description of any intention to incur debt.
- 4) A limit on the total number of dollars of taxes that may be allocated to the IRFD pursuant to the plan.
- 5) A date on which the IRFD will cease to exist, by which time all tax allocation to the IRFD will end. The date shall not be more than 40 years from the date on which the ordinance forming the IRFD is adopted, or a later date, if specified by the ordinance, on which the allocation of tax increment will begin.
- 6) An analysis of the costs to the City of providing facilities and services to the IRFD while the area within the IRFD is being developed and after the area within the IRFD is developed. The plan shall also include an analysis of the tax, fee, charge, and other revenues expected to be received by the City as a result of expected development in the area of the IRFD.
- 7) An analysis of the projected fiscal impact of the IRFD and the associated development upon each affected taxing entity that is proposed to participate in financing the IRFD.
- 8) A plan for financing any potential costs that may be incurred by reimbursing a developer of a project that is both located entirely within the boundaries of the IRFD and qualifies for the Transit Priority Project Program, pursuant to Government Code Section 65470, including any permit and affordable housing expenses related to the project.
- 9) If any dwelling units occupied by persons or families of low or moderate income are proposed to be removed or destroyed in the course of private development or facilities construction within the area of the IRFD, a plan providing for replacement of those units and relocation of those persons or families consistent with the requirements of Section 53369.6 of the IRFD Law.

This Infrastructure Financing Plan for the IRFD, including all exhibits and attachments (the "**IFP**"), is intended to comply with the requirements of the IRFD Law. The Board of Supervisors may, at various times, amend or supplement this IFP by ordinance to address the unique details of the Hoedown Yard, Facilities, Project Site, or Parcel K South and for other purposes permitted by the IRFD Law.

#### A. Boundaries of Proposed IRFD

The boundaries of the proposed IRFD are described in the map attached to this IFP as Attachment 2. The legal description of the IRFD is also attached to this IFP as Attachment 2.

As of the date of adoption of this IFP, certain property that is intended to be included in the IRFD is owned by the City and cannot initially be included in the IRFD under the IRFD Law ("Annexation Property"). The Annexation Property is marked as the diagonally hatched

portion of "Existing Michigan Street" on the map included as Attachment 2. The City intends to sell the Annexation Property for private development in the future. After formation of the IRFD and sale of the Annexation Property for private development, the City will provide for annexation of the Annexation Property to the IRFD in the manner set forth below. Because the map and legal description included as Attachment 2 include the Annexation Property and the remainder of this IFP assumes that the Annexation Property is included in the IRFD, no amendment of this IFP will be required in connection with the annexation of the Annexation Property to the IRFD.

In the Resolution of Intention, the Board of Supervisors establishes the following procedures for annexation of the Annexation Property to the IRFD:

- 1. The Board of Supervisors adopts a resolution of intention to annex the Annexation Property into the IRFD;
- 2. The resolution of intention is mailed to the owner of the Annexation Property and each affected taxing entity in the annexation territory, if any, in substantial compliance with Sections 53369.11 and 53369.12 of the IRFD Law;
- 3. The Board of Supervisors directs the Executive Director of the Port to prepare an amendment to the IFP, if necessary, and the Executive Director of the Port prepares any such amendment, in substantial compliance with Sections 53369.13 and 53369.14 of the IRFD Law;
- 4. Any amendment to the IFP is sent to each owner of the Annexation Property and each affected taxing entity (if any) within the Annexation Property, in substantial compliance with Sections 53369.15 and 53369.16 of the IRFD Law;
- The Board of Supervisors notices and holds a public hearing on the proposed annexation in substantial compliance with Sections 53369.17 and 53369.18 of the IRFD Law;
- 6. The Board of Supervisors adopts a resolution proposing the adoption of any amendment to the IFP and annexation of the Annexation Property to the IRFD, and submits the proposed annexation to the qualified electors in the Annexation Property, in substantial compliance with Sections 53369.20-53369.22 of the IRFD Law, with the ballot measure to include the questions of the proposed annexation of the Annexation Property into the IRFD, approval of the appropriations limit for the Annexation Property and approval of the issuance of bonds for the Annexation Property; and
- 7. After canvass of returns of any election, and if two-thirds of the votes cast upon the question are in favor of the ballot measure, the Board of Supervisors may, by ordinance, adopt the amendment to the Infrastructure Financing Plan, if any, and approve the annexation of the Annexation Property to the IRFD, in substantial compliance with Section 53369.23 of the IRFD Law.

#### **B.** Description of Facilities

The IRFD Law requires an infrastructure financing plan to contain the following information with respect to the IRFD.

1. Facilities to be provided by the private sector.

Developers of Hoedown Yard parcels will be responsible for public improvements and facilities serving the parcels including but not limited to, parks, streets, and utilities. These costs will not be financed with tax increment generated in the IRFD.

2. Facilities to be provided by governmental entities without assistance under the IRFD Law.

There are no facilities in the IRFD that will be provided only by governmental entities.

3. Facilities to be financed with assistance from the IRFD.

The Facilities that will be funded with Allocated Tax Increment (as defined below) that is allocated to the IRFD consist of the affordable housing projects and supporting infrastructure and amenities described above and more particularly described in Attachment 1.

4. Facilities to be provided jointly by the private sector and governmental entities

The Facilities will be jointly provided by the private sector and governmental entities.

#### C. Finding of Communitywide Significance

The construction of the Facilities will serve a significant communitywide benefit in helping to alleviate the regional housing crisis, particularly the significant need for affordable housing located near job centers. The proposed Resolution of Intention includes a finding by the Board of Supervisors that the Facilities are of communitywide significance.

#### D. Base Year; Commencement of Tax Increment Allocation

The "**Base Year**" for the IRFD is the fiscal year in which the assessed value of taxable property in the IRFD was last equalized prior to the effective date of the ordinance adopted to create the IRFD or a subsequent fiscal year. The Base Year for the IRFD is FY 2017-2018.

Tax increment may begin to be allocated to the IRFD beginning in the fiscal year in which at least \$100,000 of Gross Tax Increment (as defined below) is generated in the IRFD and received by the City.

#### E. Allocation of Tax Increment

- 1. The annual allocation of tax increment generated in the IRFD for purposes of Section 53369 of the IRFD Law will be the amount appropriated in each fiscal year by the Board of Supervisors for deposit in the special fund established for the IRFD.
- 2. The Board of Supervisors will appropriate 100 percent of the Allocated Tax Increment (as defined below) for allocation to the IRFD until the final day of the 40th fiscal year after the fiscal year in which Allocated Tax Increment is first allocated to the IRFD.
- 3. For purposes of this IFP, capitalized terms are defined as follows:

"Gross Tax Increment" is 100% of the revenue produced by the application of the 1% ad valorem tax rate to the Incremental Assessed Property Value of property within the IRFD;

"Incremental Assessed Property Value" is, in any year, the difference between the assessed value of the property within the IRFD for that fiscal year and the assessed value of the property within the IRFD in the Base Year, to the extent that the difference is a positive number;

"Allocated Tax increment" is 64.588206% of Gross Tax Increment.

#### F. Maximum Portion of Tax Increment Revenue of San Francisco and Affected Taxing Agencies to be Committed to the IRFD

100% of Allocated Tax Increment shall be allocated to the IRFD. Tax Increment from no other taxing agency is allocated to the IRFD.

#### G. Projection of Allocated Tax Increment Received by the IRFD

The financing section must include a projection of the amount of tax increment expected to be allocated to the IRFD.

The projection of Allocated Tax Increment that will be generated in the IRFD and allocated to the IRFD is attached as Rider #1 to this IFP.

#### H. Plan for Financing Facilities

The financing section must include the projected sources of financing for the Facilities, including debt to be repaid with Allocated Tax Increment.

The plan for financing the Facilities is presented in Table 1 of this IFP. As summarized in Exhibit A below, it is anticipated that the Facilities will be financed with a combination of Allocated Tax Increment from the IRFD used on a pay-go basis and bond proceeds secured and payable from Allocated Tax Increment. Table 1 and Exhibit A address the portion of the Facilities to be financed by tax increment and do not address any other sources of funding that may be applied to the Facilities.

Assessed values and property tax amounts are projected in Table 2 of this IFP.

#### Exhibit A

Anticipated Sources and Uses of Funds		
	2017/18 Dollars	Nominal Dollars
Anticipated Sources of Funds		
Annual Tax Increment	\$70,170,000	\$157,922,000
Bond Proceeds	\$18,263,000	\$22,210,000
Total Sources	\$88,433,000	\$180,132,000
Anticipated Uses of Funds	· ·	
Bond Debt Service	\$33,158,000	\$61,718,000
Affordable Housing	\$18,969,000	\$23,091,000
General Fund [1]	\$36,306,000	\$95,323,000
Total Uses	\$88,433,000	\$180,132,000

#### Notes

[1] Excess tax increment is allocated to the General Fund.

This IFP does not project the anticipated costs of administering the IRFD, but the Port of San Francisco, as agent of the IRFD, expects to pay the costs of administering the IRFD with Allocated Tax Increment from the IRFD.

#### I. Tax Increment Limit

The financing section must include a limit on the total number of dollars of tax increment that may be allocated to the IRFD pursuant to the IFP, subject to amendment of the IFP.

The tax increment limit for the IRFD is initially established at \$315.8 million. This limit reflects the projected total Allocated Tax Increment of \$157.9 million plus a contingency factor of 100% to account for variables such as higher assessed values of taxable property due to resales.

#### J. Time Limits

The financing section must include the following time limits:

A date on which the effectiveness of the infrastructure financing plan and all tax increment allocations to the IRFD will end not to exceed 40 years from the date the ordinance forming the IRFD is adopted or a later date specified in the ordinance on which the tax increment allocation will begin.

For the IRFD, the following is the applicable time limit:

• Date on which the effectiveness of the infrastructure financing plan with respect to the IRFD and all tax increment allocations to IRFD will end: *the final day of the 40th fiscal year after the fiscal year in which Allocated Tax Increment is first allocated to the IRFD*.

#### K. Cost, Revenue , and Fiscal Impact Analysis

The financing section must include an analysis of: (a) the costs to the City's General Fund for providing facilities and services to the IRFD while the IRFD is being developed and after it is developed and (b) the taxes, fees, charges, and other revenues expected to be received by the City's General Fund as a result of expected development in the IRFD.

1. Costs to the City's General Fund for providing facilities and services to the IRFD while it is being developed and after the IRFD is developed.

Estimates of costs to the City's General Fund for providing facilities and services to the IRFD, while it is being developed and after it is developed are detailed in Attachment 3: "Fiscal and Economic Impact Analysis Update – Pier 70 Mixed Use Development Project" and summarized in the following Exhibit B and Exhibit C, which are sourced from Attachment 3. As shown, the annual cost to the City's General Fund to provide services to the IRFD is estimated to approximate \$138,000 in 2017 dollars. Service costs during the construction period are also estimated at \$138,000 annually in 2017 dollars. General Fund costs are comprised of costs to provide police, fire, and emergency medical services to the project. The cost of maintaining and operating parks, open spaces, and roads will not be funded by the General Fund. These costs will be funded by a CFD services tax.

2. Taxes, fees, charges and other revenues expected to be received by the City's General Fund as a result of expected development in the IRFD.

Taxes, fees, charges and other revenues expected to be received by the City's General Fund as a result of expected development in the IRFD are detailed in Attachment 3: "Fiscal and Economic Impact Analysis Update – Pier 70 Mixed Use Development Project" and summarized in the following Exhibit C. As shown, upon stabilization, the IRFD is anticipated to generate annually \$386,400 of revenue to the City's General Fund.

As shown in Exhibit C, it is estimated that the IRFD will annually generate a net fiscal surplus to the City's General Fund of \$248,400 per year expressed in 2017 dollars.

#### L. Plan for Financing Potential Costs for Projects Located in IRFD and Qualified for Transit Priority Project Program

Currently, the projects to be developed within the boundaries of the IRFD have not been qualified for the Transit Priority Project Program. However, to the extent that, in the future, one or more of these projects is qualified for the Transit Priority Project Program, a plan for financing any potential costs that may be incurred by reimbursing a developer of a project may be established at that point in time.

#### M. Plan for Providing Replacement of Removed or Destroyed Low- or Moderate-Income Dwelling Units and Relocation of Low- or Moderate-Income Persons or Families

There are no existing dwelling units within the area of the IRFD. Accordingly, inclusion of a plan for providing replacement of dwelling units and relocation of persons or families is not applicable to this IFP.

Area/Service	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
IFD	<u></u>			<u> </u>							······································
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfro	nt Site										
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pi	roject Assessr	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pi	roject Assessr	nents								
Police	(33,364)	(117,608)	(200,072)	(228,817)	(228,817)	(377,175)	(466,786)	(532,781)	(699,767)	(744,419)	(849,000)
Fire/EMS	<u>(853,000)</u>										
Total, Pier 70	(886,364)	(970,608)	(1,053,072)	(1,081,817)	(1,081,817)	(1,230,175)	(1,319,786)	(1,385,781)	(1,552,767)	(1,597,419)	(1,702,000)
20th/Illinois											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pi	roject Assessr	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pi	roject Assessr	nents								
Police	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)
Fire/EMS	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	(52,000)	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>
Total, 20th/Illinois	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)
TOTAL IFD	(990,364)	(1,074,608)	(1,157,072)	(1,185,817)	(1,185,817)	(1,334,175)	(1,423,786)	(1,489,781)	(1,656,767)	(1,701,419)	(1,806,000)
IRFD											
Hoedown Yard											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pr	roject Assessn	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pr	oject Assessn	nents								
Police	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)
Fire/EMS	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)
Total, 20th/Illinois	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)
TOTAL IRFD	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)
TOTAL, SERVICE COSTS	(1,128,364)	(1,212,608)	(1,295,072)	(1,323,817)	(1,323,817)	(1,472,175)	(1,561,786)	(1,627,781)	(1,794,767)	(1,839,419)	(1,944,000)
											8/31/17

### Exhibit B: Annual Service Costs During Development (2017 \$)

	Exhibit C: Estimated Annual Net	General Revenues and	Expenditures (2017 \$)
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		IFD		-		
ltem	Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois St.	IFD Annual Total	IRFD Hoedown Yard	SUD Annual Total	
Annual General Revenue						
Property Tax in Lieu of VLF	\$1,729,000	\$225,000	1,954,000	\$310,000	2,264,000	
Property Transfer Tax	2,231,000	\$204,000	2,435,000	\$0	2,435,000	
Sales Tax	772,000	\$96,000	868,000	\$129,000	997,000	
Parking Tax (City 20% share)	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	
Gross Receipts Tax	<u>7,007,000</u>	<u>\$2,000</u>	<u>7,009,000</u>	<u>\$44,000</u>	<u>7,053,000</u>	
Subtotal, General Revenue	\$11,739,000	\$527,000	\$12,266,000	\$483,000	\$12,749,000	
(less) 20% Charter Mandated Baseline	<u>(\$2,347,800)</u>	<u>(\$105,400)</u>	<u>(\$2,453,200)</u>	<u>(\$96,600)</u>	<u>(\$2,549,800)</u>	
Net to General Fund	\$9,391,200	\$421,600	\$9,812,800	\$386,400	\$10,199,200	
Public Services Expenditures						
Parks and Open Space		Funded	by Project Asses	sments		
Roads		Funded	by Project Asses	sments		
Police	(849,000)	(52,000)	(901,000)	(69,000)	(969,000)	
Fire/EMS (net of fees and charges)	<u>(853,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(905,000)</u>	<u>(69,000)</u>	<u>(974,000)</u>	
Subtotal, Services	(\$1,702,000)	(\$104,000)	(\$1,806,000)	(\$138,000)	(\$1,943,000)	
NET General Revenues	\$7,689,200	\$317,600	\$8,006,800	\$248,400 [	\$8,256,200	
Annual Other Dedicated and Restricted	 Revenue					
Public Safety Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499,000	
SF Cnty Transportation Auth'y Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499,000	
Subtotal	\$772,000	\$96,000	\$868,000	\$130,000	\$998,000	
Possessory Interest/Property Taxes (1)	\$17,328,000	\$2,253,000	\$19,581,000	\$3,111,000	\$22,692,000	
TOTAL, Net General + Other Revenues	\$25,789,200	\$2,666,600	\$28,455,800	\$3,489,400	\$31,946,200	

(1) Until project infrastructure costs are fully paid, the full \$0.65 per property tax dollar generated from the site will be utilized to fund bond debt service and on a pay-go basis fund infrastructure costs through an IFD/IRFD approved by the Board of Supervisors. The \$0.65 represents the General Fund and dedicated funds share; total IFD revenues available for infrastructure will also include the State's share that currently is distributed to ERAF. The IRFD (Hoedown Yard parcels) will only receive the General Fund share to pay for Project costs.

8/31/17

FY 2017/18	Base Year - \$0
FY 2024/25 <sup>1</sup>	\$1,830,000
FY 2025/26	\$1,867,000
FY 2026/27	\$2,748,000
FY 2027/28	\$2,803,000
FY 2028/29	\$2,859,000
FY 2029/30	\$2,917,000
FY 2030/31	\$2,975,000
FY 2031/32	\$3,034,000
FY 2032/33	\$3,095,000
FY 2033/34	\$3,157,000
FY 2034/35	\$3,220,000
FY 2035/36	\$3,285,000
FY 2036/37	\$3,350,000
FY 2037/38	\$3,417,000
FY 2038/39	\$3,486,000
FY 2039/40	\$3,555,000
FY 2040/41	\$3,626,000
FY 2041/42	\$3,699,000
FY 2042/43	\$3,773,000
FY 2043/44	\$3,848,000
FY 2044/45	\$3,925,000
FY 2045/46	\$4,004,000
FY 2046/47	\$4,084,000
FY 2047/48	\$4,166,000
FY 2048/49	\$4,249,000
FY 2049/50	\$4,334,000

Rider #1 PROJECTION OF ALLOCATED TAX INCREMENT, IRFD (HOEDOWN YARD)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For purposes of illustration only. The actual commencement date for Allocated Tax Increment to the IRFD will be the date the ordinance forming the IRFD is adopted or a later date specified in the ordinance on which the tax increment allocation will begin.

#### **Rider #1 Continued**

FY 2050/51	\$4,421,000
FY 2051/52	\$4,509,000
FY 2052/53	\$4,599,000
FY 2053/54	\$4,691,000
FY 2054/55	\$4,785,000
FY 2055/56	\$4,881,000
FY 2056/57	\$4,978,000
FY 2057/58	\$5,078,000
FY 2058/59	\$5,179,000
FY 2059/60	\$5,283,000
FY 2060/61	\$5,389,000
FY 2061/62	\$5,496,000
FY 2062/63	. \$5,606,000
FY 2063/64	\$5,718,000
Cumulative Total, Rounded	\$157,919,000

	Total 2017/18 Dollars	Total Nominal Dollars	Base Year FY 17/18	Year 1 FY 18/19	Year 2 FY 19/20	Year 3 FY 20/21	Year 4 FY 21/22	Year 5 FY 22/23	Year 6 FY 23/24	Year 7 FY 24/25
Available Property /Possessory Interest	Tax Increment Re	evenue to IRFD								
General Fund 100%	\$70,169,875	\$157,921,600	\$0	\$O·	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,830,400
Annual Total	\$70,169,875	\$157,921,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,830,400
IRFD Sources of Funds										
Annual Tax Increment	\$70,169,875	\$157,921,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,830,400
Bond Proceeds	\$18,263,334	\$22,209,740	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,200,399	\$0
Total Sources of Funds	\$88,433,209	\$180,131,340	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,200,399	\$1,830,400
IRFD Uses of Funds										
Bond Debt Service	\$33,158,008	\$61,717,349	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,407,983
Affordable Housing	\$18,969,149	\$23,091,174	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,200,399	\$422,417
General Fund [1]	\$36,306,052	\$95,322,818	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Uses of Funds	\$88,433,209	\$180,131,340	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,200,399	\$1,830,400
Net IRFD Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Notes

	Year 8 FY 25/26	Year 9 FY 26/27	Year 10 FY 27/28	Year 11 FY 28/29	Year 12 FY 29/30	Year 13 FY 30/31	Year 14 FY 31/32	Year 15 FY 32/33	Year 16 FY 33/34	Year 17 FY 34/35
Available Property /Possessory Interest	Tax Incremen	t Revenue to	IRFD							
General Fund 100%	\$1,867,000	\$2,748,400	\$2,803,300	\$2,859,400	\$2,916,600	\$2,974,900	\$3,034,400	\$3,095,100	\$3,157,000	\$3,220,100
Annual Total	\$1,867,000	\$2,748,400	\$2,803,300	\$2,859,400	\$2,916,600	\$2,974,900	\$3,034,400	\$3,095,100	\$3,157,000	\$3,220,100
IRFD Sources of Funds										
Annual Tax Increment	\$1,867,000	\$2,748,400	\$2,803,300	\$2,859,400	\$2,916,600	\$2,974,900	\$3,034,400	\$3,095,100	\$3,157,000	\$3,220,100
Bond Proceeds	\$7,009,342	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Sources of Funds	\$8,876,342	\$2,748,400	\$2,803,300	\$2,859,400	\$2,916,600	\$2,974,900	\$3,034,400	\$3,095,100	\$3,157,000	\$3,220,100
IRFD Uses of Funds										
Bond Debt Service	\$1,407,983	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245
Affordable Housing	\$7,468,359	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund [1]	\$0	\$691,155	\$746,055	\$802,155	\$859,355	\$917,655	\$977,155	\$1,037,855	\$1,099,755	\$1,162,855
Total Uses of Funds	\$8,876,342	\$2,748,400	\$2,803,300	\$2,859,400	\$2,916,600	\$2,974,900	\$3,034,400	\$3,095,100	\$3,157,000	\$3,220,100
Net IRFD Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Notes

	Year 18 FY 35/36	Year 19 FY 36/37	Year 20 FY 37/38	Year 21 FY 38/39	Year 22 FY 39/40	Year 23 FY 40/41	Year 24 FY 41/42	Year 25 FY 42/43	Year 26 FY 43/44	Year 27 FY 44/45
Available Property /Possessory Interest	Tax Incremen	t Revenue to	IRFD							
General Fund 100%	\$3,284,600	\$3,350,200	\$3,417,200	\$3,485,600	\$3,555,300	\$3,626,400	\$3,698,900	\$3,772,900	\$3,848,400	\$3,925,300
Annual Total	\$3,284,600	\$3,350,200	\$3,417,200	\$3,485,600	\$3,555,300	\$3,626,400	\$3,698,900	\$3,772,900	\$3,848,400	\$3,925,300
IRFD Sources of Funds										
Annual Tax Increment	\$3,284,600	\$3,350,200	\$3,417,200	\$3,485,600	\$3,555,300	\$3,626,400	\$3,698,900	\$3,772,900	\$3,848,400	\$3,925,300
Bond Proceeds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Sources of Funds	\$3,284,600	\$3,350,200	\$3,417,200	\$3,485,600	\$3,555,300	\$3,626,400	\$3,698,900	\$3,772,900	\$3,848,400	\$3,925,300
IRFD Uses of Funds										
Bond Debt Service	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245
Affordable Housing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund [1]	\$1,227,355	\$1,292,955	\$1,359,955	\$1,428,355	\$1,498,055	\$1,569,155	\$1,641,655	\$1,715,655	\$1,791,155	\$1,868,055
Total Uses of Funds	\$3,284,600	\$3,350,200	\$3,417,200	\$3,485,600	\$3,555,300	\$3,626,400	\$3,698,900	\$3,772,900	\$3,848,400	\$3,925,300
Net IRFD Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Notes

	Year 28 FY 45/46	Year 29 FY 46/47	Year 30 FY 47/48	Year 31 FY 48/49	Year 32 FY 49/50	Year 33 FY 50/51	Year 34 FY 51/52	Year 35 FY 52/53	Year 36 FY 53/54	Year 37 FY 54/55
Available Property /Possessory Interes	st Tax Incremer	t Revenue to	IRFD							
General Fund 100%	\$4,003,800	\$4,083,900	\$4,165,600	\$4,248,900	\$4,333,900	\$4,420,600	\$4,509,000	\$4,599,200	\$4,691,100	\$4,785,000
Annual Total	\$4,003,800	\$4,083,900	\$4,165,600	\$4,248,900	\$4,333,900	\$4,420,600	\$4,509,000	\$4,599,200	\$4,691,100	\$4,785,000
IRFD Sources of Funds										
Annual Tax Increment	\$4,003,800	\$4,083,900	\$4,165,600	\$4,248,900	\$4,333,900	\$4,420,600	\$4,509,000	\$4,599,200	\$4,691,100	\$4,785,000
Bond Proceeds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Sources of Funds	\$4,003,800	\$4,083,900	\$4,165,600	\$4,248,900	\$4,333,900	\$4,420,600	\$4,509,000	\$4,599,200	\$4,691,100	\$4,785,000
IRFD Uses of Funds										
Bond Debt Service	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$2,057,245	\$649,262
Affordable Housing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund [1]	\$1,946,555	\$2,026,655	\$2,108,355	\$2,191,655	\$2,276,655	\$2,363,355	\$2,451,755	\$2,541,955	\$2,633,855	\$4,135,738
Total Uses of Funds	\$4,003,800	\$4,083,900	\$4,165,600	\$4,248,900	\$4,333,900	\$4,420,600	\$4,509,000	\$4,599,200	\$4,691,100	\$4,785,000
Net IRFD Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Notes

· · ·	Year 38 FY 55/56	Year 39 FY 56/57	Year 40 FY 57/58	Year 41 FY 58/59	Year 42 FY 59/60	Year 43 FY 60/61	Year 44 FY 61/62	Year 45 FY 62/63	Year 46 FY 63/64
Available Property /Possessory Interest	Tax Incremen	t Revenue to	IRFD						
General Fund 100%	\$4,880,700	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
Annual Total	\$4,880,700	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
IRFD Sources of Funds									
Annual Tax Increment	\$4,880,700	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
Bond Proceeds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Sources of Funds	\$4,880,700	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
IRFD Uses of Funds									
Bond Debt Service	\$649,262	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Affordable Housing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	· \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund [1]	\$4,231,438	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
Total Uses of Funds	\$4,880,700	\$4,978,300	\$5,077,800	\$5,179,400	\$5,283,000	\$5,388,700	\$5,496,400	\$5,606,400	\$5,718,500
Net IRFD Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### Notes

Property Tax Projection		NPV	FY 24/25	FY 25/26	FY 26/27	FY 27/28	FY 28/29	FY 29/30	FY 30/31	FY 31/32	FY 32/33	FY 33/34
Incremental AV on Tax Roll (\$1,000 Property Tax Increment at 1%	0s) 1.0%	\$108,638,914	\$283,388 \$2,833,875	\$289,054 \$2,890,540	\$425,515 \$4,255,148	\$434,015 \$4,340,146	\$442,700 \$4,427,001	\$451,556 \$4,515,560	\$460,582 \$4,605,821	\$469,794 \$4,697,941	\$479,192 \$4,791,918	\$488,775 \$4,887,754
Property Tax Distributed to IRFD General Fund Total	64.59% 64.59%	\$70,169,875 \$70,169,875	\$1,830,400 \$1,830,400	\$1,867,000 \$1,867,000	\$2,748,400 \$2,748,400	\$2,803,300 \$2,803,300	\$2,859,400 \$2,859,400	\$2,916,600 \$2,916,600	\$2,974,900 \$2,974,900	\$3,034,400 \$3,034,400	\$3,095,100 \$3,095,100	\$3,157,000 \$3,157,000

Property Tax Projection	NPV	FY 34/35	FY 35/36	FY 36/37	FY 37/38	FY 38/39	FY 39/40	FY 40/41	FY 41/42	FY 42/43	FY 43/44
Incremental AV on Tax Roll (\$1,000s) Property Tax Increment at 1% 1.0%	\$108,638,914	\$498,545 \$4,985,447	\$508,531 \$5,085,307	\$518,687 \$5,186,871	\$529,060 \$5,290,602	\$539,650 \$5,396,501	\$550,441 \$5,504,412	\$561,449 \$5,614,491	\$572,674 \$5,726,738	\$584,131 \$5,841,307	\$595,820 \$5,958,198
Property Tax Distributed to IRFD General Fund 64.59% Total 64.59%	<u>\$70,169,875</u> \$70,169,875	\$3,220,100 \$3,220,100	\$3,284,600 \$3,284,600	\$3,350,200 \$3,350,200	\$3,417,200 \$3,417,200	\$3,485,600 \$3,485,600	\$3,555,300 \$3,555,300	\$3,626,400 \$3,626,400	\$3,698,900 \$3,698,900	\$3,772,900 \$3,772,900	\$3,848,400 \$3,848,400

Property Tax Projection	NPV	FY 44/45	FY 45/46	FY 46/47	FY 47/48	FY 48/49	FY 49/50	FY 50/51	FY 51/52	FY 52/53	FY 53/54
Incremental AV on Tax Roll (\$1,000s) Property Tax Increment at 1% 1.0%	\$108,638,914	\$607,726 \$6,077,257	\$619,879 \$6,198,792	\$632,281 \$6,322,805	\$644,930 \$6,449,296	\$657,826 \$6,578,263	\$670,986 \$6,709,862	\$684,409 \$6,844,094	\$698,096 \$6,980,957	\$712,061 \$7,120,607	\$726,289 \$7,262,889
Property Tax Distributed to IRFD General Fund 64.59% Total 64.59%	<u>\$70,169,875</u> \$70,169,875	\$3,925,300 \$3,925,300	\$4,003,800 \$4,003,800	\$4,083,900 \$4,083,900	\$4,165,600 \$4,165,600	\$4,248,900 \$4,248,900	\$4,333,900 \$4,333,900	\$4,420,600 \$4,420,600	\$4,509,000 \$4,509,000	\$4,599,200 \$4,599,200	\$4,691,100 \$4,691,100

Property Tax Projection		NPV	FY 54/55	FY 55/56	FY 56/57	FY 57/58	FY 58/59	FY 59/60	FY 60/61	FY 61/62	FY 62/63	FY 63/64
	Incremental AV on Tax Roll (\$1,000s) Property Tax Increment at 1% 1.0%	\$108,638,914	\$740,827 \$7,408,268	\$755,643 \$7,556,433	\$770,754 \$7,707,540	\$786,159 \$7,861,588	\$801,889 \$8,018,888	\$817,928 \$8,179,285	\$834,293 \$8,342,932	\$850,968 \$8,509,676	\$867,998 \$8,679,981	\$885,354 \$8,853,538
	Property Tax Distributed to IRFD General Fund 64.59% Total 64.59%	<u>\$70,169,875</u> \$70,169,875	\$4,785,000 \$4,785,000	\$4,880,700 \$4,880,700	\$4,978,300 \$4,978,300	\$5,077,800 \$5,077,800	\$5,179,400 \$5,179,400	\$5,283,000 \$5,283,000	\$5,388,700 \$5,388,700	\$5,496,400 \$5,496,400	\$5,606,400 \$5,606,400	\$5,718,500 \$5,718,500

#### Attachment 1:

#### **Facilities Map and Description**

#### **Facilities Map**

Under the Disposition and Development Agreement between the City and County of San Francisco and FC Pier 70, LLC ("**Developer**"), the Developer must deliver three completed affordable housing parcels suitable to accommodate new residential buildings, and supporting infrastructure and amenities, that will accommodate not less than 321 below-market-rate ("**BMR**") residential units. The Developer has preliminarily selected, and the Port and the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development ("MOHCD") have approved Parcel C1B, Parcel C2A, and Parcel K South as the affordable housing parcels. If the Port and MOHCD subsequently approve other parcels as the affordable housing parcels, then Attachment 1 shall be deemed to have been amended to reflect such alternative parcels.



Pier 70 Parcelization Plan

#### **Description of Facilities**

Parcel C2A:

 New residential building with supporting infrastructure and amenities designed to accommodate 105 BMR residential units and to support typical affordable housing unit sizes, an appropriate mix of bedrooms, and requirements for additional supportive space at the ground floor.

- Projected Affordability Level: Units will be affordable to households at 60% of area median income or below
- Delivery Term: Phase I of Pier 70 mixed-use project (estimated 2018-2019)
- Estimated Cost: \$32-\$33 million (in 2017 \$)

Parcel K South (PKS):

- New residential building with supporting infrastructure and amenities designed to accommodate 80 BMR residential units and to support typical affordable housing unit sizes, an appropriate mix of bedrooms, and requirements for additional supportive space at the ground floor.
- Projected Affordability Level: Units will be affordable to households at 60% of area median income or below
- Delivery Term: Phase II of Pier 70 mixed-use project (estimated 2022-2024)
- Estimated Cost: \$25 million (in 2017 \$)

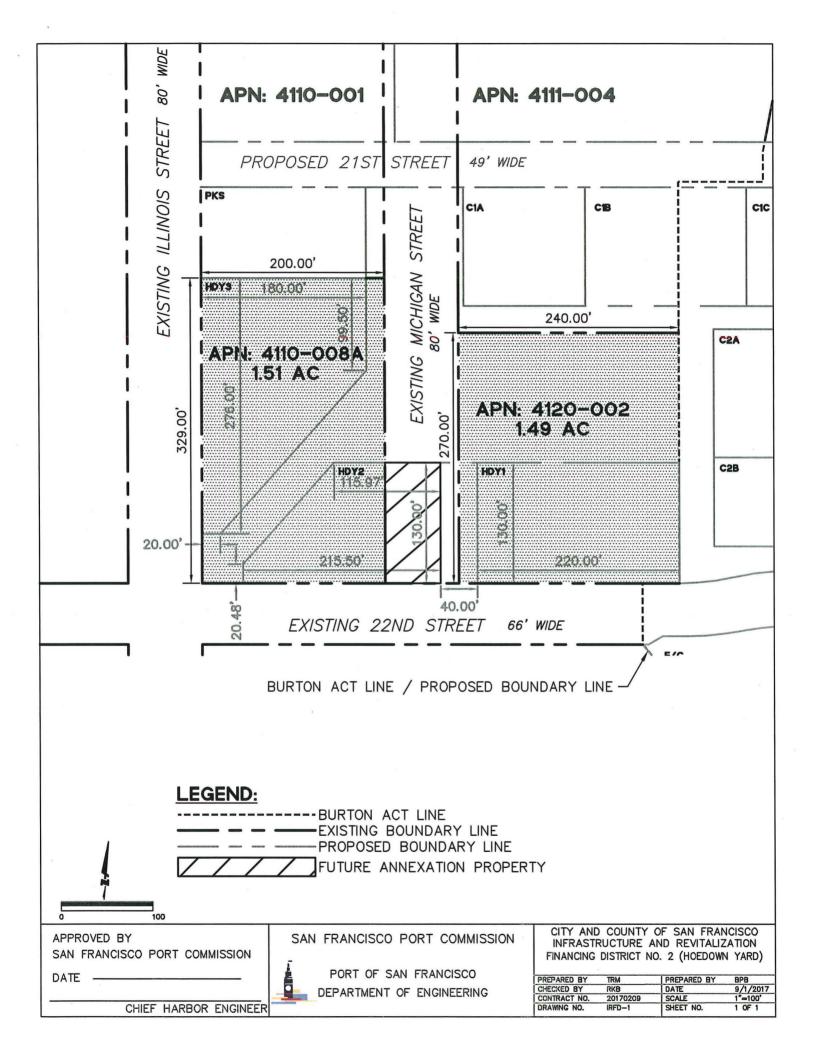
Parcel C1B:

- New residential building with supporting infrastructure and amenities designed to accommodate 138 BMR residential units and to support typical affordable housing unit sizes, an appropriate mix of bedrooms, and requirements for additional supportive space at the ground floor.
- Projected Affordability Level: Units will be affordable to households at 60% of area median income or below
- Delivery Term: Phase III of Pier 70 mixed-use project (estimated 2026-2028)
- Estimated Cost: \$43 million (in 2017 \$)

The timing, affordability levels, costs, and unit counts described are preliminary and may change; no amendment of this IFP shall be required to reflect any such changes as long as the Facilities meet the requirements of Section 53369.3(c) of the IRFD Law.

#### Attachment 2:

Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District Boundary Map and Legal Description (See Attached)



#### LEGAL DESCRIPTION

#### FOR

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, INFRASTRUCTURE AND REVITALIZATION FINANCING DISTRICT NO. 2 (HOEDOWN YARD)

ALL THAT REAL PROPERTY SITUATED IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEING ALL THOSE PARCELS OF LAND AS SHOWN ON THAT CERTAIN MAP ENTITLED, "RECORD OF SURVEY NO. 6938, OF THE LANDS DESCRIBED IN DEEDS 819 O.R. 494, 820 O.R. 473, 1174 O.R. 371, 1205 O.R. 140 AND B458 O.R. 150, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA", RECORDED FEBRUARY 27, 2012 IN BOOK DD OF MAPS, PAGES 198 AND 199, OFFICIAL RECORDS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

#### PG&E PARCEL- APN: 4110-008A

BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE EASTERLY LINE OF ILLINOIS STREET (80 FEET WIDE), AND THE NORTHERLY LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET (66 FEET WIDE); THENCE NORTHERLY ALONG SAID LINE OF ILLINOIS STREET, 329.00 FEET; THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE EASTERLY 200.00 FEET TO THE WESTERLY LINE OF MICHIGAN STREET (80 FEET WIDE); THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE SOUTHERLY ALONG SAID LINE OF MICHIGAN STREET 329.00 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET; THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE WESTERLY ALONG SAID LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET, 200.00 FEET TO SAID EASTERLY LINE OF ILLINOIS STREET AND SAID POINT OF BEGINNING, CONTAINING 65,800 SQUARE FEET, MORE OR LESS.

#### PG&E PARCEL- APN: 4120-002

BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE EASTERLY LINE OF MICHIGAN STREET (80 FEET WIDE), AND THE NORTHERLY LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET (66 FEET WIDE); THENCE NORTHERLY ALONG SAID LINE OF MICHIGAN STREET, 270.00 FEET; THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE EASTERLY 240.00 FEET TO CENTER LINE OF FORMER GEORGIA STREET (80 FEET WIDE), CLOSED PER RESOLUTION NOS. 1376 AND 10787; THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE SOUTHERLY, 270.00 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET; THENCE AT A RIGHT ANGLE WESTERLY ALONG SAID LINE OF 22<sup>ND</sup> STREET, 240.00 FEET TO SAID EASTERLY LINE OF MICHIGAN STREET AND SAID POINT OF BEGINNING, CONTAINING 64,800 SQUARE FEET, MORE OR LESS.

IRFD PCLS\_HOEDOWN AREA.docx 09-13-17

#### Attachment 3:

Fiscal and Economic Impact Analysis Update – Pier 70 Mixed Use Development Project (See Attached)



### REPORT

## FISCAL AND ECONOMIC ANALYSIS UPDATE PIER 70 MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

Prepared for the Port of San Francisco Prepared by Berkson Associates August 31, 2017

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Appendix A: Fiscal Analysis

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### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report updates a 2013 evaluation of the fiscal feasibility of proposed development at Pier 70. The Project consists of three areas evaluated in this report: 1) the Pier 70 28-Acre Waterfront Site (the "Waterfront Site"); 2) the Port-owned property at 20<sup>th</sup> Street and Illinois Street (20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois); and 3) the PG&E-owned parcel further south known as the Hoedown Yard. The entire Project area encompasses the 69-acre Pier 70 Special Use District ("SUD").

The Project's Finance Plan includes the creation of two Mello-Roos financing districts, the designation of additional sub-project areas to an existing Infrastructure Financing District ("IFD") that includes the Waterfront Site and 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois parcels; and an Infrastructure Revitalization Financing District (IRFD) covering the Hoedown Yard. The districts will utilize portions of Project-generated property tax to fund Project infrastructure and affordable housing. To establish an IFD and IRFD, Port policies require the preparation of analysis to demonstrate that "the project area will result in a net economic benefit to the City."<sup>1</sup> This update reports the number of jobs and direct and indirect financial benefits to the City, construction costs, available funding to pay project costs, ongoing operating and maintenance costs and public revenues, and debt service. The estimates are based on one possible development scenario; actual results will depend on future market conditions and the timing, mix and value of new development and the costs for infrastructure and facilities.

The Port of San Francisco ("Port") owns the Waterfront Site, which it plans to develop in partnership with FC Pier 70, LLC ("Forest City"). The Port also owns the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois property; a portion of the property will be sold to raise funds to fund the Project's infrastructure and other development costs. A description of the Project is provided in **Chapter 1** of this report, and **Chapters 2** and **4** describe financing. **Chapter 3** provides estimates of fiscal and economic benefits.

All dollar amounts are expressed in terms of 2017 purchasing power, unless otherwise noted. Certain values derived from the Finance Plan have been updated to 2017. Information and assumptions are based on data available as of August, 2017. Actual numbers may change depending on Project implementation and future economic and fiscal conditions.

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Guidelines for the Establishment and Use of an Infrastructure Financing District with Project Areas on Land under the Jurisdiction of the San Francisco Port Commission (Adopted April 23, 2013 by Resolution No. 123-13; File No. 130264)



#### FISCAL BENEFITS

The Pier 70 Waterfront Site, 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street parcel and the Hoedown Yard will create approximately \$8.3 million in new, annual ongoing general tax revenues to the City net of tax increment, after deducting direct service costs, as described in **Chapter 3**. Additional one-time revenues, including construction-related sales tax and gross receipts tax, total \$7.5 million. A portion of Project-generated property taxes will help to pay for Project infrastructure and facilities. Special taxes paid by the Project will help fund public services.

Development impact fees to fund infrastructure improvements Citywide and to serve the Project total an estimated \$184.1 million. Certain development fees, including Jobs Housing Linkage fees and Affordable Housing In-lieu fees, will help to fund affordable housing at the Project.

The new general revenues will fund direct services needed by the Project, including police and fire/EMS services. Other services, including maintenance and security of parks, open space, road maintenance, and transit shuttle services will be funded directly by tenants of new Project vertical development. The estimated \$8.3 million in net City general revenues, after deducting service costs and Charter-mandated baseline allocations of general revenues, will be available to the City to fund improved or expanded Citywide infrastructure and services. **Chapter 3** further describes fiscal revenue and expenditures estimates.

#### ECONOMIC BENEFITS

The Project will provide a range of direct and indirect economic benefits to the City and the Port. These benefits include a range of economic benefits such as new jobs, economic activity, and increased public and private expenditures as described in **Chapter 5** and summarized below:

- 6,100 new jobs, plus another 5,300 additional indirect and induced jobs, for a total of 11,400 jobs in San Francisco resulting from new businesses and employees.
- \$2.1 billion of construction activity over a period of 15 to 20 years (including infrastructure and building development), resulting in 16,800 direct, indirect and induced construction-related job-years during construction.
- Over 2,000 new residential units, plus sites for an additional 322 affordable units in 100 percent affordable developments. This housing is critical to economic growth in San Francisco and the region.

The Project provides space for Arts and Light Industrial uses that can help to retain cultural activities in the City, and encourage innovation and growth of new small businesses in the crafts and arts trades, as well as high-tech industries.



#### DIRECT FINANCIAL BENEFITS TO THE PORT

The Port of San Francisco, as property owner, will participate in and benefit financially from development and ongoing leasing activities at the Project. Direct benefits totaling an estimated \$178 million in net present value (NPV, 2017 \$\$) are described in **Chapter 5** and include participation in financial returns, tax increment and special taxes generated by new development.

### NEW PUBLIC ACCESS FACILITIES

The Project will provide a range of public parks, public access and open space, and a network of landscaped pedestrian connections and bicycle networks. These facilities will benefit San Francisco residents, and provide amenities to encourage retention and attraction of businesses, employees, and residents.

#### OTHER PUBLIC BENEFITS

Development of the Project represents an opportunity to complete an important component of the revitalization of the San Francisco waterfront, bringing a vital mix of uses that will support business, residential, retail, and recreational activities to an area now characterized by vacant and underutilized land and intermittent buildings. The Project will result in the rehabilitation of historic buildings, to be maintained by the building owners/tenants. The redevelopment of the Project will generate benefits for the City and community in the form of urban revitalization, employment and living opportunities, preservation of historic maritime facilities and structures, improved public waterfront access, delivery of affordable housing, improvements to Port property including sea level rise protections, new outdoor recreation opportunities, and City-wide fiscal and economic benefits as described in other sections of this report.

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#### Figure 1 Project Area





# 1. THE PROJECT & COSTS OF CONSTRUCTION

The Project will be constructed over a period of 10 to 15 years (including infrastructure and building development), depending on future economic conditions and market demand. The Project and its development costs total an estimated \$2.1 billion, as described below. The Developer will be responsible for development of the Project; **Chapter 2** further describes sources of development funding.

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project proposes a mixed-use development, with the ability for certain parcels to be constructed as either residential or commercial uses. For purposes of this analysis, a "midpoint" scenario is analyzed, which assumes a roughly equivalent distribution of residential and commercial uses. Taken together, the Pier 70 28-Acre Site and the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street Parcels are in the Pier 70 Special Use District (SUD) and comprise the Pier 70 Infrastructure Financing District (IFD). The Pier 70 SUD also includes the PG&E "Hoedown Yard", which constitutes a separate Infrastructure Revitalization Financing District (IRFD).

The scenario evaluated in the fiscal and economic analysis includes the following uses for the total Project:

**Office** –For the purpose of analysis, this report assumes construction of 1.4 million gross square feet of office.

**Retail, Arts and Light Industrial** – For the purpose of analysis, this report assumes that 281,800 gross square feet of Retail, Arts and Light Industrial uses are constructed within the SUD. The uses are divided between traditional retail, and arts, culture and light industrial uses.

The traditional retail space includes restaurants and cafes, businesses and financial services, convenience items, and personal services.

The Arts and Light Industrial space will be oriented towards small-scale local production, arts and cultural uses, small business incubator uses, and other publically accessible and activating uses. The space will provide low-cost facilities to help grow local manufacturing and light industrial businesses and encourage collaboration and networking through shared facilities. These uses will provide economic vitality and create unique local character that will attract residents and office tenants to the Waterfront Site.

**Residential** – This fiscal and economic analysis assumes a scenario consisting of 2,042 total Project units in the SUD. Additional sites will be dedicated to affordable housing and accommodate 322 additional affordable units.



**Affordable Housing** – The Pier 70 Waterfront Site will provide 20% of rental units as inclusionary affordable units, producing about 177 affordable units. As noted above, additional sites will be dedicated to affordable housing and accommodate an additional 322 affordable units.

All condominiums, including those on the Illinois Street parcels, are assumed to pay in-lieu fees representing 28% of total condo units. These fees will help fund onsite affordable housing.

**Parking** – The number of parking spaces will be depend on the actual mix of uses constructed. The fiscal and economic analysis assumes approximately 1,900 parking spaces.

# CONSTRUCTION COSTS AND ASSESSED VALUE

**Table 1** summarizes development costs totaling approximately \$2.1 billion,<sup>2</sup> which will occur over 15 to 20 years of buildout (infrastructure and buildings) depending on future market conditions. These values provide the basis for estimates of various revenues and economic impacts.

Item	Development Cost	Assessed Value
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site		8
Infrastructure	\$260,535,000	inc. in bldg.value
Arts, Light Industrial (1)	\$29,647,000	\$14,391,000
Office (1)	\$636,626,000	\$728,073,000
Residential	\$768,753,000	\$990,362,000
Total	\$1,695,561,000	\$1,732,826,000
20th/Illinois		
Infrastructure	see Pier 70 costs	inc. in bldg.value
Residential	\$159,730,000	\$225,345,000
Total	\$159,730,000	\$225,345,000
Hoedown Yard		
Infrastructure	see Pier 70 costs	inc. in bldg.value
Residential	<u>\$220,548,000</u>	\$311,146,000
Total	\$220,548,000	\$311,146,000
TOTAL	\$2,075,839,000	\$2,269,317,000

# Table 1 Summary of Construction Costs and Assessed Value (2017 \$\$)

(1) Mixed use retail is included in the values for other uses.

Office buildings include additional Arts, Light Industrial uses and value.

Sources: Forest City; Port of San Francisco; Berkson Associates

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<sup>2</sup> Hard and soft development costs; land value included in assessed value.



# 2. AVAILABLE FUNDING FOR THE PROJECT

As described in the prior chapter, development costs are anticipated to total \$2.1 billion over the course of Project buildout. Several financing mechanisms and funding sources will assure development of the Project as summarized in this section.

# HORIZONTAL DEVELOPMENT OF WATERFRONT SITE & SPECIAL USE DISTRICT

Under the Development and Disposition Agreement ("DDA"), Forest City will be responsible for horizontal development of the Waterfront Site, consisting of construction of infrastructure and other public facilities and site preparation for vertical development. The Port will reimburse Forest City for these infrastructure, public facility, and site preparation costs, including design and planning expenditures related to these improvements. Vertical construction of buildings will be the responsibility of the Developer.

Project-based sources of funding and/or reimbursement include the following:

- Prepaid ground rent that vertical developers pay to Forest City for improved and entitled land;
- Net sales proceeds of the Port's public offering of a portion of the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street parcels adjacent to the Waterfront Site;
- Mello-Roos Community Facilities District (CFD) bond proceeds secured by CFD special taxes and tax increment – CFD bonds are expected to be the primary public financing mechanism for the funding of infrastructure costs.
- **CFD special taxes** not required for debt service may be used to fund Horizontal Development Costs on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Special taxes could also fund a reserve for unanticipated increases in horizontal development costs or to fund planning and studies to develop plans for Shoreline Protection Facilities.
- Infrastructure Financing District (IFD) The Board of Supervisors has previously formed a Port-wide IFD and a sub-project area over the Historic Core leasehold. The IFD would be authorized to pledge tax increment from the sub-project area to secure bonds issued by the CFD and to issue bonds secured by tax increment from the sub-project area for the purpose of infrastructure and public facilities construction. Tax increment includes the local and State portions of the tax increment from taxable parcels in the Waterfront



Site. Tax increment from the sub-project area not required for debt service may be used to fund horizontal development Costs on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

- Infrastructure Revitalization Financing District (IRFD) -- The IRFD will allow the capture
  of property tax increment for affordable housing and to reimburse the Developer for
  eligible public infrastructure expenses. The tax increment only includes the local share
  of property taxes. Under the IRFD, the district will collect pay-go taxes up until the final
  bond is issued, and tax increment necessary to service bond debt, debt service coverage
  and bond reserves. Subsequently, any tax increment in excess of amounts required to
  service debt and fulfill requirements of bond covenants will flow to the General Fund.
- Condominium Facility Tax -- This is a CFD special tax that will be assessed on condominium units to initially provide an additional source of funding to pay for infrastructure and later available to the City to fund shoreline protection facilities.
- Shoreline Tax A CFD special tax that will be assessed on all leased properties to fund shoreline improvements by the Port.

In addition to the CFD funding for infrastructure and public facilities, as noted in the **Chapter 3** fiscal analysis, CFD special taxes will be paid by new vertical development to fund a range of public services including parks and open space, street cleaning and street/sidewalk maintenance.

# VERTICAL DEVELOPMENT OF WATERFRONT SITE & SPECIAL USE DISTRICT

Building developers will be responsible for all costs and funding of vertical construction of buildings.

One exception is Building E4. An arts special tax will be assessed to help the fund construction of the E4 building, which is designated for arts/innovation/maker uses. The building would not be financially feasible without the additional funding.



# 3. FISCAL ANALYSIS:FUNDING OF INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE& PUBLIC SERVICES

Development of the Project will create new public infrastructure, including streets, parks and open space that will require ongoing maintenance. As described below, service costs will be funded through special taxes paid by new development. Other required public services, including additional police, fire and emergency medical services (EMS), will be funded by increased General Fund revenues from new development supplemented by charges for services.

**Table 2** summarizes total annual general revenues created by the Project Project, excluding taxincrement allocated to the IFD and IRFD. After deducting service costs, \$8.3 million is generatedannually to the General Fund. Additional restricted revenues will be generated.

54		IFD	*			
ltem	Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois St.	IFD Annual Total	IRFD Hoedown Yard	SUD Annual Total	
Annual General Revenue						
Property Tax in Lieu of VLF	\$1,729,000	\$225,000	1,954,000	\$310,000	2,264,000	
Property Transfer Tax	2,231,000	\$204,000	2,435,000	\$0	2,435,000	
Sales Tax	772,000	\$96,000	868,000	\$129,000	997,000	
Parking Tax (City 20% share)	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	
Gross Receipts Tax	7,007,000	\$2,000	7,009,000	\$44,000	7,053,000	
Subtotal, General Revenue	\$11,739,000	\$527,000	\$12,266,000	\$483,000	\$12,749,000	
(less) 20% Charter Mandated Baseline	(\$2,347,800)	(\$105,400)	(\$2,453,200)	(\$96,600)	(\$2,549,800	
Net to General Fund	\$9,391,200	\$421,600	\$9,812,800	\$386,400	\$10,199,200	
Public Services Expenditures						
Parks and Open Space		Fundea	by Project Asses	sments		
Roads			by Project Asses			
Police	(849,000)	(52,000)	(901,000)	(69,000)	(969,000	
Fire/EMS (net of fees and charges)	(853,000)	(52,000)	(905,000)	(69,000)	(974,000	
Subtotal, Services	(\$1,702,000)	(\$104,000)	(\$1,806,000)	(\$138,000)	(\$1,943,000	
NET General Revenues	\$7,689,200	\$317,600	\$8,006,800	\$248,400	\$8,256,200	
Annual Other Dedicated and Restricted	Revenue					
Public Safety Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499.000	
SF Cnty Transportation Auth'y Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499,000	
Subtotal	\$772,000	\$96,000	\$868,000	\$130,000	\$998,000	
Possessory Interest/Property Taxes (1)	\$17,328,000	\$2,253,000	\$19,581,000	\$3,111,000	\$22,692,000	
TOTAL, Net General + Other Revenues	\$25,789,200	\$2,666,600	\$28,455,800	\$3,489,400	\$31,946,200	

### Table 2 Estimated Annual Net General Revenues and Expenditures (2017 \$\$)

(1) Until project infrastructure costs are fully paid, the full \$0.65 per property tax dollar generated from the site will be utilized to fund bond debt service and on a pay-go basis fund infrastructure costs through an IFD/IRFD approved by the Board of Supervisors. The \$0.65 represents the General Fund and dedicated funds share; total IFD revenues available for infrastructure will also include the State's share that currently is distributed to ERAF. The IRFD (Hoedown Yard parcels) will only receive the General Fund share to pay for Project costs.



**Table 3** summarizes one-time fees and revenues. The impact fee revenue will be dedicated and legally required to fund infrastructure and facilities targeted by each respective fee. In the case of Transit Impact Development Fees, the revenue will offset facility costs (i.e., additional buses) directly attributable to Project. Jobs-Housing and Affordable Housing Fees paid by the Pier 70 development will fund affordable housing provided by the Project. Other impact fee revenues may be used Citywide to address needs created by new development.

#### Table 3 Estimated One-Time Fees and Revenues (2017 \$\$)

		IFD			
	Pier 70 28-acre		IFD	IRFD	SUD
Item	Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois St.	Total	Hoedown Yard	Total
Development Impact Fees (1)					
Jobs Housing Linkage - §413	\$37,443,000	\$157,000	37,600,000	\$0	37,600,000
Affordable Housing §415 (1)	\$44,206,000	\$17,999,000	62,205,000	\$24,852,000	87,057,000
Child Care (2)	\$4,650,000	\$477,000	5,127,000	\$671,000	5,798,000
TSF - §411A and TIDF-§411.3 (3)	\$40,530,000	\$2,414,000	42,944,000	\$3,207,000	46,151,000
Total Development Impact Fees	\$126,829,000	\$21,047,000	\$147,876,000	\$28,730,000	\$176,606,000
Other One-Time Revenues					
Construction Sales Tax (1% Gen'l Fund)	\$2,798,000	\$264,000	3,062,000	\$364,000	3,426,000
Gross Receipts Tax During Construction	\$3,730,000	\$351,000	4,081,000	\$0	4,081,000
Total: Other One-Time Revenues	\$6,528,000	\$615,000	\$7,143,000	\$364,000	\$7,507,000
Total One-Time Revenues	\$133,357,000	\$21,662,000	\$155,019,000	\$29,094,000	\$184,113,000

(1) Impact fee rates as of Jan. 1, 2017.

(2) Childcare fees only apply to office and residential uses.

(3) Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF) replaced TIDF in 2016; assumes entire Project pays TSF.

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# MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE COSTS

# SERVICE COSTS DURING DEVELOPMENT

During development, the construction of new infrastructure will trigger a need for public

services. Table 4 estimates service costs by area during development, based on:

- No service costs will be incurred by the City prior to occupancy of buildings; the Developer will be responsible for facility maintenance prior to acceptance by the City.
- Parks and open space will be funded by assessments paid by building owners.
- Fire/EMS costs will be incurred prior to initial occupancy to provide ambulance services.
- Roads will require minor and major maintenance over time; these costs will be funded by special taxes paid by building owners.
- Police costs are phased as new development and occupancy occurs.

Actual costs will depend on the level of future service demands, and Citywide needs by City departments at the time of development and occupancy.

# Table 4 Annual Service Costs During Development (2017 \$\$)

Area/Service	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
IFD										-	-
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfro	nt Site										
Parks and Open Space	Funded by P	roject Assessi	ments								
Roads	Funded by P	roject Assessi	ments								
Police	(33,364)	(117,608)	(200,072)	(228,817)	(228,817)	(377,175)	(466,786)	(532,781)	(699,767)	(744,419)	(849,000
Fire/EMS	<u>(853,000)</u>	<u>(853,000)</u>	(853,000)	<u>(853,000)</u>	(853,000)	(853,000)	(853,000)	<u>(853,000)</u>	(853,000)	(853,000)	(853,000
Total, Pier 70	(886,364)	(970,608)	(1,053,072)	(1,081,817)	(1,081,817)	(1,230,175)	(1,319,786)	(1,385,781)	(1,552,767)	(1,597,419)	(1,702,000
20th/Illinois											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by P	roject Assessr	ments								
Roads	Funded by P	roject Assessr	ments							· ·	
Police	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000
Fire/EMS	<u>(52,000)</u>	<u>(52,000)</u>	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	<u>(52,000)</u>	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000
Total, 20th/Illinois	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000
TOTAL IFD	(990,364)	(1,074,608)	(1,157,072)	(1,185,817)	(1,185,817)	(1,334,175)	(1,423,786)	(1,489,781)	(1,656,767)	(1,701,419)	(1,806,000
IRFD											
Hoedown Yard											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by P	roject Assessr	ments		*						
Roads		roject Assessr									
Police	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000
Fire/EMS	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000
Total, 20th/Illinois	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000
TOTAL IRFD	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000
TOTAL, SERVICE COSTS	(1,128,364)	(1,212,608)	(1,295,072)	(1,323,817)	(1,323,817)	(1,472,175)	(1,561,786)	(1,627,781)	(1,794,767)	(1,839,419)	(1,944,000
				9							8/31/1



### **Public Open Space**

The Pier 70 SUD will include approximately 9 acres of public parks and open spaces.<sup>3</sup> All of the Waterfront Site's at-grade parks and open spaces will be owned by, and will remain under the jurisdiction of, the Port and subject to conditions of the BCDC major permit applicable to portions of the Waterfront Site.

Maintenance of the parks and open spaces will be funded by special taxes imposed on Vertical Developers by a maintenance CFD upon issuance of Certificates of Occupancy. Preliminary estimates of annual maintenance costs to be funded by the special taxes total approximately \$2.9 million. The costs include administration, maintenance, and utility costs required for parks, open space and hardscape improvements, and roads.<sup>4</sup> The costs include long-term, "life-cycle" replacement of facilities, including major surface reconstruction of roads.

# Police

The SFPD will respond to police needs and calls for service generated by the Project. The Project area is located within the Bayview District of San Francisco Police Department (SFPD). The Port currently contracts with the SFPD to provide two officers that respond to calls for service on Port property. It is assumed that this current level of service by the contracted officers will continue.

The draft EIR states that the addition of Project residents and employees would require an additional patrol unit, which typically consist of up to five officers on staggered shifts.<sup>5</sup> Police staffing increases are expected to occur over the next several years to meet the City Charter mandate for the number of sworn police officers; this increase will help to address needs created during development and at buildout of the Project.

Based on five officers at an average cost of \$189,000 per officer, the additional annual cost at buildout would total approximately \$968,700. This cost includes employee taxes and benefits, overtime and backfill during vacation, equipment, and the annual capitalized acquisition and maintenance cost of vehicles.<sup>6</sup>

Increased police costs will be offset by increases in General Fund revenues generated during Project development and at buildout.

<sup>4</sup> Maintenance Cost Projections 7/21/17, correspondence from Port of SF, 8/30/17.

- DEIR, Section 4.L., Impact PS-1, Dec. 21, 2016.
- <sup>5</sup> Email correspondence from Carolyn Welch, Budget Manager San Francisco Police Dept., to Sarah Dennis-Phillips, San Francisco Office of Economic and Workforce Development, Sept. 21, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Notice of Preparation, May 6, 2015, pg. 4



#### Fire and EMS

The San Francisco Fire Department (SFFD) deploys services from the closest station with available resources, supplemented by additional resources based on the nature of the call. The Project Site is within the first response area for Fire Station No. 37 in Battalion 10 located in the Potrero Hill neighborhood, about 0.75 miles west of the project site. Other stations within Battalion that would respond include Stations 4, 9, 17, 25 and 42; additional stations would respond if needed. Ambulances are "dynamically" deployed around the City depending on forecasts of need at any given time.

According to the draft EIR, the addition of Project residents and employees would require an additional ambulance, under both a Maximum Residential and Maximum Commercial scenario.<sup>7</sup> Ambulances are staffed with an EMT and a paramedic who provide pre-hospital advanced medical and trauma care.<sup>8</sup> For coverage 24/7, a fully staffed ambulance would require a total of 3.5 EMTs and 3.5 paramedics, at a total cost of \$1,248,300 including taxes and benefits, and including the annualized capital and maintenance cost for an ambulance.<sup>9</sup>

Increased fire service and EMS costs will be offset by increases in General Fund revenues generated during Project development and at buildout. Cost recovery from fees averages approximately 22%, which would provide \$274,600 of offsetting revenues, resulting in a net cost of \$973,700.

# SFMTA

The Pier 70 SUD Transportation Plan provides a comprehensive transportation program to guide design, development, and eventual operation of transportation elements of the Project. The transportation plan presents goals, principles, and strategies to meet the travel demand needs of the site with an array of transportation options that meets the City's future mobility and sustainability goals.<sup>10</sup>

A shuttle service is a key component of the Project. The shuttle would connect the Pier 70 SUD to regional transit hubs, like the Transbay Transit Center and 16<sup>th</sup> Street / Mission Street BART station. The service would be operated and maintained by a Pier 70 Transportation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> DEIR, Section 4.L., Impact PS-2, Dec. 21, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> DEIR, Section 4.L., pg. 4.L.7, Dec. 21, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Email correspondence from Mark Corso, Finance Division San Francisco Fire Department, Oct. 11, 2016, to Rebecca Benassini, Port of San Francisco

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Pier 70 Transportation Plan Draft, 1/9/16.



Management Agency (TMA).<sup>11</sup> The TMA is likely to contract with a third-party shuttle operator. Fees collected from tenants of the Project would fund the shuttle service, which would be free to riders. Preliminary estimates indicate annual costs of approximately \$700,000 annually for operation of seven vehicles, a transportation coordinator, marketing and other costs.<sup>12</sup>

No changes to Muni system routes are proposed as a part of the project. Muni capital needs and operations would be funded through a combination of local, State and Federal sources as well as from fee revenues. Specific service increases and related funding have not been determined at this point in time.

#### DPW

The Project will create new roadway connections, and improve existing streets. All streets will have sidewalks, streetscape and street trees. Signalization improvements will be required. Special taxes imposed on Vertical Developers by a maintenance CFD will fund maintenance of streetscape improvements, landscaping and road maintenance. The CFD services budget includes both ongoing maintenance of facilities as well as periodic "life cycle" costs for repair and replacement of facilities over time. <sup>13</sup>

#### **Public Health**

Depending on the outcome of ongoing debates regarding the Affordable Care Act, it is possible that current revenues to the Dept. of Public Health could be reduced. The new residents added by the Project could increase demands on public health facilities, including San Francisco General, and incur additional costs not estimated in the current analysis. Funding for these costs could be derived from the net surpluses generated by the Project.

# PUBLIC REVENUES

New tax revenues from the Project will include both ongoing annual revenues and one-time revenues, as summarized in the prior tables. The revenues represent direct, incremental benefits of the Project. These tax revenues will be available to help fund public improvements and services both within the Project and Citywide. The following sections describe key assumptions and methodologies employed to estimate each revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> DEIR, pg. 4.E.44, Dec. 21, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> R.Berkson correspondence with Kelly Pretzer, Forest City, 10/18/16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Maintenance Cost Projections 7/21/17, correspondence from Port of SF, 8/30/17.



# **Charter Mandated Baseline Requirements**

The City Charter requires that a certain share of various General Fund revenues be allocated to specific programs. An estimated 20 percent of revenue is shown deducted from General Fund discretionary revenues generated by the Project (in addition to the share of parking revenues dedicated to MTA, shown separately).<sup>14</sup> While these baseline amounts are shown as a deduction, they represent an increase in revenue as a result of the Project to various City programs whose costs aren't necessarily directly affected by the Project, resulting in a benefit to these services.

## **Possessory Interest and Property Taxes**

Possessory interest tax or property tax at a rate of 1 percent of value will be collected from the land and improvements associated with the Project.<sup>15</sup> The development on parcels transferred in fee will be charged property taxes, while the development on parcels under ground lease will be charged a "possessory interest tax" in an amount equivalent to property tax. Parcels on the Waterfront Site may be sold for residential condominium development. The 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street Parcel is assumed sold for condominium development.

The City receives up to \$0.65 of every property or possessory interest tax dollar collected. The State's Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) receives \$0.25 of every property or possessory interest tax dollar collected, although the State of California has authorized the capture of this tax increment through an IFD for purposes of furthering state interests at Pier 70, pursuant to AB 1199.<sup>16</sup> The DDA proposes to use IFD tax increment revenues, including the ERAF share of tax increment, to fund predevelopment, horizontal development (site preparation, infrastructure, and site-wide amenities), and the development of parks and open space at the Waterfront Site. The IRFD on the Hoedown Yard will retain only the \$0.65 portion.

The remaining \$0.10 of every property or possessory interest tax dollar collected, beyond the City's \$0.65 share and the \$0.25 State ERAF share, is distributed directly to other local taxing entities, including the San Francisco Unified School District, City College of San Francisco, the Bay Area Rapid Transit District and the San Francisco Bay Area Air Quality Management District. These distributions will continue and will increase as a result of the Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Jamie Querubin, San Francisco Controllers Office, correspondence with consultant, August 25, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Ad valorem property taxes supporting general obligation bond debt in excess of this 1 percent amount are excluded for purposes of this analysis. Such taxes require separate voter approval and proceeds are payable only for uses approved by the voters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Assembly member Ammiano, Chapter 664 of the statutes of 2010.



The DDA will provide that an 8 percent share of IFD taxes, not otherwise required for debt services or other Project costs, may be utilized for Port capital improvements elsewhere within Pier 70.

For the Waterfront Site and the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street Parcel, land (and the possessory interest in the land), buildings, and other improvements will be assessed and taxed. In the event of the sale of a parcel, the land will be assessed at the new transaction price; following development of buildings (and their sale, if applicable) the property will be re-assessed. The County Assessor will determine the assessed values; the estimates shown in this analysis are preliminary and may increase depending on future economic conditions and the type, amount and future value of development

The assessed value is assumed to grow at a 2 percent annual rate (or at CPI, whichever is less) as permitted by State law, unless a transaction occurs which would reset the assessed value to the transaction price, or unless depreciation or adverse economic conditions negatively affect assessed value. The analysis assumes that the overall growth in value, including increased assessed value due to resales, will keep pace with inflation.

It is likely that taxes will also accrue during construction of infrastructure and individual buildings, depending on the timing and method of assessment and tax levy.

# **Property Tax In-Lieu of Vehicle License Fees**

The State budget converts a significant portion of former Motor Vehicle License Fee (VLF) subventions, previously distributed by the State using a per-capita formula, into property tax distributions. These distributions increase over time based on assessed value growth within each jurisdiction. These revenues to the City are projected to increase proportionately to the increase in the assessed value added by new development.

#### Sales Taxes

The City General Fund receives 1 percent of taxable sales. Sales taxes will be generated from several Project-related sources:

- Sales at new retail and restaurant uses
- Taxable sales by other businesses, including those in the Arts and Industrial space. Sales tax can also be generated by sales of businesses in the office space, but this has not been estimated
- Taxable expenditures by new residents and commercial tenants at the Project which are partially captured by retail and businesses at the Project



In addition to the 1 percent sales tax received by every city and county in California, voterapproved local taxes dedicated to transportation purposes are collected. Two special districts, the San Francisco County Transportation Authority and the San Francisco Public Financing Authority (related to San Francisco Unified School District) also receive a portion of sales taxes (0.50 and 0.25 percent, respectively) in addition to the 1 percent local portion. The City also receives revenues from the State based on sales tax for the purpose of funding public safetyrelated expenditures.

# **Sales Taxes from Construction**

During the construction phases of the Project, one-time revenues will be generated by sales taxes on construction materials and fixtures. Sales tax will be allocated directly to the City and County of San Francisco in the same manner as described in the prior paragraph.

## **Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)**

Hotel Room Tax (also known as Transient Occupancy Tax or TOT) will be generated when hotel occupancies are enhanced by the commercial and residential uses envisioned for the Project. The City currently collects a 14 percent tax on room charges. However, given that no hotels are envisioned for the Project (out-of-town visitors to the site will likely stay at hotels elsewhere in the City), the impact will not be direct and is excluded from this analysis.

#### **Parking Tax**

The City collects tax on parking charges at garages, lots, and parking spaces open to the public or dedicated to commercial users. The tax is 25 percent of the pre-tax parking charge. The revenue may be deposited to the General Fund and used for any purpose, however as a matter of City policy the SFMTA retains 80 percent of the parking tax revenue; the other 20 percent is available to the General Fund for allocation to special programs or purposes. This analysis assumes that all new commercial parking spaces envisioned for the Project will generate parking tax. This analysis does not include any off-site parking tax revenues that may be generated by visitors to the Project that park off-site.

#### **Property Transfer Tax**

The City collects a property transfer tax ranging from \$5.00 on the first \$1,000 of transferred value on transactions up to \$250,000 to \$25.00 per \$1,000 on the amount of transactions above \$10 million. The fiscal estimates assume an effective rate applicable to an average condo transaction of \$1 million, and an average rental and office building transaction of \$20 million.

Several residential parcels could be sold to vertical developers and become condominiums, which will sell more frequently than residential rental and commercial properties. The fiscal analysis assumes that commercial property sells once every ten to twenty years, or an average of about once every 15 years. For estimating purposes, it is assumed that sales are spread



evenly over every year, although it is more likely that sales will be sporadic. An average tax rate has been applied to the average sales transactions to estimate the potential annual transfer tax to the City. Actual amounts will vary depending on economic factors and the applicability of the tax to specific transactions.

The residential units on the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street Parcel and Hoedown Yard are assumed to be condos, which can re-sell independently of one another at a rate more frequent than rental buildings, generating more transfer tax revenue than rental buildings. This analysis conservatively assumes that the average condominium will be sold to a new owner every seven years, on average.

#### **Gross Receipts Tax**

Estimated gross receipts tax revenues are generated from on-site businesses and rental income. This analysis does not estimate the "phase in" of this tax during the 2014 to 2017 period and assumes gross receipts taxes will substantially replace the existing payroll tax. Actual revenues from future gross receipt taxes will depend on a range of variables, including business types and sizes, share of activity within San Francisco, and other factors; the estimates generally assume the lower rates if a potential range exists for a given category in the analysis. It is likely that the majority of businesses in the retail, arts and light industrial (RALI) space will be small businesses and therefore exempt from the gross receipts tax.

# DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES

The Project will generate a number of one-time City impact fees as a result of new development. Reuse of existing buildings is assumed to be exempt from the impact fees. Fees include:

- Jobs Housing Linkage Program (Planning Code Sec. 413) A fee per each new square foot of commercial development to fund housing programs to meet affordable housing needs generated by new employment by the Project's commercial uses. These fees will help fund affordable housing at the Project.
- Affordable Housing (Planning Code Sec. 415) –Condominiums on the site will meet affordable housing requirements by paying the affordable housing fee representing 28% percent of the market rate units. 20 percent of new rental developments will provide onsite inclusionary affordable units
- Child Care (Planning Code Sec. 414, 414A) A fee per square foot will be paid by the office and residential uses, applicable to the extent that childcare facilities are not provided onsite.



Transit Sustainability Fee (TSF) (Planning Code Sec. 411A) – This fee, effective December 25, 2015, replaced the Transit Impact Development Fee. It is a fee per square foot paid by residential, non-residential, and PDR uses. The fee estimates assume that new Project development pays 100 percent of the TSF fees.

In addition to the impact fees charged by the City, utility connection and capacity charges will be collected based on utility consumption and other factors. Other fees will include school impact fees to be paid to the San Francisco Unified School District. The Project will also pay various permit and inspection fees to cover City costs typically associated with new development projects.



# 4. DEBT LOAD TO BE CARRIED BY THE CFD, IFD AND IRFD

The Pier 70 Waterfront Site proposes to use a portion of newly created property tax funds from the Project, collected through an Infrastructure Financing District (IFD) on the Pier 70 Waterfront Site, and an Infrastructure and Revitalization Financing District (IRFD) on Hoedown Yard properties to help pay for the horizontal development costs required by the Project. The IFD and IRFD obligations will be secured by property taxes (and possessory interest taxes) paid by the Project lessees and property owners, and will not obligate the City's General Fund or the Port's Harbor Fund. In the IFD, the property tax increment will be used to fund Project infrastructure and/or to repay IFD bonds, or to pay debt service on CFD bonds, as described below. In the IRFD, the property tax increment will be used to finance affordable housing and/or to repay IRFD Bonds.

Although specific financing vehicles will be refined as the financial planning continues and market conditions change, it is expected that the annual IFD revenues will fund debt service on \$397 million of net proceeds from bonds (nominal dollars). IRFD bond proceeds are estimated to be approximately \$45.9 million (nominal dollars). The actual amount of bonds issued could be greater depending on the amount of tax increment generated in future years. For the purpose of specifying debt issuance limits, a contingency has been added to the anticipated required amounts and the amounts issued could be greater than the estimates noted above.

Although CFD bonds (paid by IFD revenues) currently are anticipated to be the primary source of debt proceeds, the specific mix of CFD and IFD bonds will be determined based on future market conditions, and on the appropriate mix necessary to minimize financing costs.

The formation documents for the IFD, IRFD and CFD, which are subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors, clarify that the debt incurred under these districts are obligations of the districts, and are not an obligation, responsibility or risk to the Port's Harbor Fund and the City's General Fund.



# 5. BENEFITS TO THE CITY AND PORT

The Project will provide a range of direct and indirect benefits to the City and the Port. These benefits include tax revenues that exceed service costs, as well as a range of other economic benefits such as new jobs, economic activity, and increased public and private expenditures.

# FISCAL BENEFITS

As described in **Chapter 3**, the Project is anticipated to generate a net \$8.3 million annual general City tax revenues in excess of its estimated public service costs. These revenues would be available for expansion of local and/or Citywide services and public facilities.

# ECONOMIC BENEFITS TO THE CITY

The construction of the Project on the Pier 70 Waterfront Site and Illinois Street Parcel and future economic activity of businesses and households that will occupy the Project will create short-term construction spending and jobs, as well as longer-term, permanent jobs and economic activity in San Francisco. The economic analysis provides estimates of these benefits, including the "multiplier" effects from expenditures by new businesses and households that in turn generate more business to suppliers and other industries supporting the new businesses at the Project.

**Table 5** summarizes the potential economic benefits of the Project. The following analysisprovides a description of the types of benefits and an "order of magnitude" of benefits.



# Table 5 Summary of Economic Impacts (2017 \$\$)

	IFD		IRFD		
Impact Category	Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois	Hoedown Yard	TOTAL	
Ongoing Project Employment					
Direct	6,050	30	10	6,090	
Indirect	1,850	10	0	1,860	
Induced	3,380	20	<u>10</u>	<u>3,410</u>	
Total Employment	11,280	60	20	11,360	
Annual Economic Output					
Direct	\$1,722,251,000	\$8,095,000	\$3,501,000	\$1,733,847,000	
Indirect	516,451,000	2,427,000	1,050,000	519,928,000	
Induced	616,257,000	2,897,000	1,253,000	620,407,000	
Total Annual Economic Output	\$2,854,959,000	\$13,419,000	\$5,804,000	\$2,874,182,000	
Construction-Related Employment (Job-Yea	rs)				
Direct	8,350	790	1,090	10,230	
Indirect	2,450	230	320	3,000	
Induced	2,950	280	380	<u>3,610</u>	
Total Construction Employment (Job-Years)	13,750	1,300	1,790	16,840	
Economic Output from Construction					
Direct	\$1,695,561,000	\$159,730,000	\$220,548,000	\$2,075,839,000	
Indirect	482,990,000	45,500,000	62,824,000	591,314,000	
Induced	525,899,000	<u>49,542,000</u>	68,406,000	643,847,000	
Total Economic Output from Construction	\$2,704,450,000	\$254,772,000	\$351,778,000	\$3,311,000,000	

Source: IMPLAN 2014; and Berkson Associates.

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#### Employment

New permanent full and part-time jobs will be created by the Project. The number of jobs to San Francisco residents will depend on the ability of local residents to compete for Project employment opportunities and implementation of local hire policies.

The number and type of Arts and Light Industrial jobs depend on the potential mix of businesses and uses, and may include shared office and manufacturing work environments, arts and culture, and food-related uses. For purposes of analysis, this report assumes average job densities similar to office uses, consistent with the environmental analysis of the Project.<sup>17</sup>

<sup>17</sup> DEIR, Table 4.C.5, pg. 4.C.27, Dec. 21, 2016.



#### **Total Output**

"Direct" output refers to the total income from all sources to the businesses located at the Project; these sources of income in turn are spent by the businesses on supplies, labor, and profit required to produce the goods and services provided by the businesses. In addition, Project businesses will spend money on goods, supplies, and services in San Francisco, which will generate additional "indirect" economic activity and support additional jobs at those suppliers. The San Francisco households holding those direct and indirect jobs will spend a portion of their income in the City, which is an additional source of "induced" output. Total output is the sum of direct, indirect, and induced business income in the City as a result of the Project.

# **New Households and Affordable Housing**

Development of residential units at the Pier 70 Waterfront Site and 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street Parcel will generate a small number of new jobs directly serving the residential buildings and occupants, for example building maintenance, janitorial and repair services, waste collection, domestic services, and childcare. Expenditures by the residents of the new units are not included in the economic impact numbers because the analysis projects economic activity generated by the Project due to onsite jobs, and the indirect and induced expenditures associated with those onsite jobs. However, the addition of a significant supply of residential units will help to ensure that induced expenditures are captured in San Francisco, and that expenditures by residents relocating from other communities are also spent in the City. These effects will be a substantial benefit to San Francisco business revenues. These potential taxable sales are included in the fiscal analysis of direct tax revenues created, but are not shown in the economic analysis.

As noted in **Chapter 1**, the Waterfront Site will provide 20 percent inclusionary affordable units on all rental projects. Condos are assumed to pay in-lieu fees per unit for 28 percent of total condo units. The availability of affordable housing will help San Francisco businesses retain employees critical to their ongoing operations in the City. Additional sites will be dedicated to development dedicated entirely to affordable housing. Fees paid by new Project development (e.g., the affordable housing in-lieu fees, and jobs-housing linkage fees) will help to fund the affordable housing.

#### **Construction Impacts**

\$2.1 billion of direct construction expenditures for site development and vertical construction will create a range of economic benefits to the City. In addition to generating "direct" construction activity and jobs on site, the construction expenditures will also generate new business and jobs "indirectly" for San Francisco firms serving the construction industry. Expenditures in San Francisco by the households of employees of companies benefiting from these direct and indirect expenditures will create additional "induced" benefits to the City. These benefits will occur over time during construction and through buildout of the Project.



As described in **Chapter 3**, construction activity will generate additional general revenues to the City, including sales tax on construction materials and gross receipts tax.

# DIRECT FINANCIAL BENEFITS TO THE PORT

The Port will receive various revenues over the 99-year lease period and in conjunction with land sales; the estimates below provide the Port with approximately \$178 million in net present value (NPV, 2017 \$\$) of revenues that are projected to be generated to the Port over time, based on current financial projections based on the program assumptions described in **Chapter 1** of this report. Actual revenues will vary depending on the mix of land uses, Project costs and revenues, and future economic conditions, and will be generated over the life of the Project.

- Profit participation in land value, calculated as 55 percent of all horizontal cash flow after Forest City achieves an 18 percent return on its predevelopment and infrastructure investments, estimated at \$23.7 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- Participation in modified gross rent from buildings, starting at 1.5 percent 30 years after construction and increasing to 2.5 percent 60 years after construction, estimated at \$22.8 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- 1.5 percent of all net proceeds from sale or refinancing of properties, estimated at \$5.9 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- A share of property tax increment, designated for capital improvements at Pier 70 including the release of reserves, estimated at \$38.9 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- A \$0.08 share of each dollar of property tax increment from the amount collected annually, estimated at \$23.6 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- Condominium Transfer Fee paid upon every sale of a condominium unit, estimated at \$36.8 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- Condominium Facility Tax This tax will fund capital improvements and Pier 70 public services; the portion available after debts are paid will be applied to shoreline improvements, and is estimated at \$1.5 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- Shoreline Tax A portion of the CFD special tax not required for Project costs and reserves will be available to the Port after the Developer's required returns are paid; this is estimated at \$16.1 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).
- Lease Revenues from Parcel C-1A this site, originally programmed for a parking garage, will provide the Port with an estimated \$8.9 million (NPV, 2017 \$\$).



The Port will publicly offer the 20<sup>th</sup>/Illinois Street parcel for sale or 99-year ground lease at fair market value through a proprietary public offering as soon as practicable after project approval. The Port's net proceeds, or an amount equal to the parcel's appraised fair market value, will be used by the Port to reduce or pay off predevelopment costs and accrued return.

# NEW PUBLIC ACCESS FACILITIES

The Project will provide a range of public parks, public access, and open space, consisting of approximately 9 acres of public parks, including a 4.5-acre Waterfront Park. A network of landscaped pedestrian connections and multiple classes of bicycle networks, from commuting lanes to recreational pathways, throughout the Project site will enhance accessibility. These facilities will benefit San Francisco residents, and provide amenities to encourage retention and attraction of businesses, employees, and residents.

As previously noted, maintenance of these facilities will be funded by a CFD. Maintenance special taxes levied against each taxable development parcel, separate from special taxes levied to pay for infrastructure, will provide pay-as-you-go funds for operating and maintenance costs of public access, roads, parks and open space areas.

# OTHER PUBLIC BENEFITS

Development of the Project represents an opportunity to complete an important component of the revitalization of the San Francisco waterfront, bringing a vital mix of uses that will support business, residential, retail, and recreational activities to an area now characterized by vacant and underutilized land and intermittent buildings. The Project will result in the rehabilitation of historic buildings, to be maintained by the building owners/tenants. The redevelopment of the Project will generate benefits for the City and community in the form of urban revitalization, employment and living opportunities, preservation of historic maritime facilities and structures, improved public waterfront access, delivery of affordable housing, improvements to Port property including sea level rise protections, new outdoor recreation opportunities, and Citywide fiscal and economic benefits as described in other sections of this report.



# APPENDIX A: FISCAL ANALYSIS

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# Table 1Fiscal Results Summary, Ongoing Revenues and ExpendituresPier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

· · · ·		lFD				
Item	Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois St.	IFD Annual Total	IRFD Hoedown Yard	SUD Annual Total	
Annual General Revenue	<u></u>		4			
Property Tax in Lieu of VLF	\$1,729,000	\$225,000	1,954,000	\$310,000	2,264,000	
Property Transfer Tax	2,231,000	\$204,000	2,435,000	\$0	2,435,000	
Sales Tax	772,000	\$96,000	868,000	\$129,000	997,000	
Parking Tax (City 20% share)	0	\$0	. 0	\$0	0	
Gross Receipts Tax	7,007,000	<u>\$2,000</u>	<u>7,009,000</u>	<u>\$44,000</u>	7,053,000	
Subtotal, General Revenue	\$11,739,000	\$527,000	\$12,266,000	\$483,000	\$12,749,000	
(less) 20% Charter Mandated Baseline	<u>(\$2,347,800)</u>	<u>(\$105,400)</u>	<u>(\$2,453,200)</u>	(\$96,600)	(\$2,549,800)	
Net to General Fund	\$9,391,200	\$421,600	\$9,812,800	\$386,400	\$10,199,200	
Public Services Expenditures						
Parks and Open Space		Funded	by Project Asses	sments		
Roads		Funded	by Project Asses	sments		
Police	(849,000)	(52,000)	(901,000)	(69,000)	(969,000)	
Fire/EMS (net of fees and charges)	(853,000)	(52,000)	(905,000)	(69,000)	(974,000)	
Subtotal, Services	(\$1,702,000)	(\$104,000)	(\$1,806,000)	(\$138,000)	(\$1,943,000)	
NET General Revenues	\$7,689,200	\$317,600	\$8,006,800	\$248,400 [	\$8,256,200	
Annual Other Dedicated and Restricted	Revenue					
Public Safety Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499,000	
SF Cnty Transportation Auth'y Sales Tax	\$386,000	\$48,000	434,000	\$65,000	499,000	
Subtotal	\$772,000	\$96,000	\$868,000	\$130,000	\$998,000	
Possessory Interest/Property Taxes (1)	\$17,328,000	\$2,253,000	\$19,581,000	\$3,111,000	\$22,692,000	
TOTAL, Net General + Other Revenues	\$25,789,200	\$2,666,600	\$28,455,800	\$3,489,400	\$31,946,200	

(1) Until project infrastructure costs are fully paid, the full \$0.65 per property tax dollar generated from the site will be utilized to fund bond debt service and on a pay-go basis fund infrastructure costs through an IFD/IRFD approved by the Board of Supervisors. The \$0.65 represents the General Fund and dedicated funds share; total IFD revenues available for infrastructure will also include the State's share that currently is distributed to ERAF. The IRFD (Hoedown Yard parcels) will only receive the General Fund share to pay for Project costs.

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# Table 1a Annual Service Costs During Development Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Area/Service	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
IFD											
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfroi	nt Site										
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pr	oject Assessn	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pr	oject Assessn	nents								
Police	(33,364)	(117,608)	(200,072)	(228,817)	(228,817)	(377,175)	(466,786)	(532,781)	(699,767)	(744,419)	(849,000
Fire/EMS	<u>(853,000)</u>	(853,000)	<u>(853,000)</u>	<u>(853,000)</u>	<u>(853,000</u>						
Total, Pier 70	(886,364)	(970,608)	(1,053,072)	(1,081,817)	(1,081,817)	(1,230,175)	(1,319,786)	(1,385,781)	(1,552,767)	(1,597,419)	(1,702,000
20th/Illinois											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pr	oject Assessn	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pr	oject Assessn	nents								
Police	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000
Fire/EMS	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000)	(52,000
Total, 20th/Illinois	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)	(104,000)
TOTAL IFD	(990,364)	(1,074,608)	(1,157,072)	(1,185,817)	(1,185,817)	(1,334,175)	(1,423,786)	(1,489,781)	(1,656,767)	(1,701,419)	(1,806,000)
IRFD											
Hoedown Yard											
Parks and Open Space	Funded by Pr	oiect Assessn	nents								
Roads	Funded by Pr	-									
Police	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000
Fire/EMS	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000)	(69,000
Total, 20th/Illinois	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000
TOTAL IRFD	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000)	(138,000
TOTAL, SERVICE COSTS	(1,128,364)	(1,212,608)	(1,295,072)	(1,323,817)	(1,323,817)	(1,472,175)	(1,561,786)	(1,627,781)	(1,794,767)	(1,839,419)	(1,944,000

# Table 2Fiscal Results Summary, One-Time RevenuesPier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

		IFD			
	Pier 70 28-acre		IFD	IRFD	SUD
Item	Waterfront Site	20th/Illinois St.	Total	Hoedown Yard	Total
Development Impact Fees (1)		<u></u>	<u> </u>	una no	
Jobs Housing Linkage - §413	\$37,443,000	\$157,000	37,600,000	\$0	37,600,000
Affordable Housing §415 (1)	\$44,206,000	\$17,999,000	62,205,000	\$24,852,000	87,057,000
Child Care (2)	\$4,650,000	\$477,000	5,127,000	\$671,000	5,798,000
TSF - §411A and TIDF-§411.3 (3)	\$40,530,000	\$2,414,000	42,944,000	\$3,207,000	46,151,000
Total Development Impact Fees	\$126,829,000	\$21,047,000	\$147,876,000	\$28,730,000	\$176,606,000
Other One-Time Revenues					
Construction Sales Tax (1% Gen'l Fund)	\$2,798,000	\$264,000	3,062,000	\$364,000	3,426,000
Gross Receipts Tax During Construction	\$3,730,000	\$351,000	4,081,000	\$0	4,081,000
Total: Other One-Time Revenues	\$6,528,000	\$615,000	\$7,143,000	\$364,000	\$7,507,000
Total One-Time Revenues	\$133,357,000	\$21,662,000	\$155,019,000	\$29,094,000	\$184,113,000

(1) Impact fee rates as of Jan. 1, 2017.

(2) Childcare fees only apply to office and residential uses.

(3) Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF) replaced TIDF in 2016; assumes entire Project pays TSF.

# Table A-1 Project Description Summary (1)

Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yar
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ltem	Gross Bldg. Sq.Ft.	Units or Spaces	Notes
	_	•	
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site	75.000		
Retail	75,893	na	
Arts, Light Industrial	205,880	na	Inc. 115,700 sq.ft. Bldgs 12c, 21
Office Residential	1,387,228	na	Inc. 60ksf Bldg 12a
Apartments			
Market Rate		709 units	
Affordable		<u>177</u> units	
Total, Apts		886 units	
Condos		ooo anto	
Market Rate		587 units	
Affordable		units	
Total, Condos		587 units	
Total, Residential		1,473 units	
Parking		1,569 spaces	
20th/Illinois Street			
Retail	6,600		
Office	0	na	
Residential (condos)	248,615	239 units	
Parking		239 spaces	
Hoedown Yard			****
Retail Office			
Residential (condos)	349,353	330 units	
Parking	- / -	126 spaces	
TOTAL			
Retail	82,493		
Arts, Light Industrial	205,880		
Office	1,387,228		
Residential			
Apartments		700	
Market Rate		709	
Affordable		<u>177</u>	
Total, Apts		886	
Condos Market Rate		1,156	
Affordable		1,156 <u>0</u>	
Total, Condos		1,156	
Total, Residential	1,614,106	<b>2,042</b>	
	1,011,100		
Market Rate Affordable		1,865 177	
Parking		1,934 spaces	

(1) From Financing Plan Base Case scenario (Updates 8/30/17).

Additional 100% affordable units can be constructed on dedicated sites.

Source: Forest City; Port of San Francisco; Berkson Associates

# Table A-2 Population and Employment Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Assumptions	Total
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site Population (1)	2.27 persons per unit	3,344
Employment (FTEs) Retail Arts, Light Industrial Office Residential (4) Parking (2) Total Total Service Population	<ul> <li>350 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>276 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>276 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>27.9 units per FTE (3)</li> <li>270 spaces per FTE (3)</li> </ul>	217 746 5,026 53 6,048 9,391
Illinois Street Parcels (2) Population (1)	2.27 persons per unit	543
Employment (FTEs) Retail Office Residential (4) Parking (2) Total Total Service Population	<ul> <li>350 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>276 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>27.9 units per FTE (3)</li> <li>270 spaces per FTE (3)</li> </ul>	19 0 9 <u>1</u> 28 571
Hoedown Yard Population (1)	2.27 persons per unit	749
Employment (FTEs) Retail Office Residential (4) Parking (3) Total Total Service Population	<ul> <li>350 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>276 sq.ft. per FTE (2)</li> <li>27.9 units per FTE (3)</li> <li>270 spaces per FTE (3)</li> </ul>	0 0 12 <u>0</u> 12 761
<b>TOTAL</b> Residents Employees Service Population		4,635 <u>6,088</u> 10,724
<b>CITYWIDE</b> Residents (5) Employees (6) Service Population		866,583 <u>709,496</u> 1,576,079

(1) Based on DEIR.

(2) DEIR, Table 4.C.5.

(3) DEIR, Table 4.C.5.

(4) Includes building management, janitorial, cleaning and repair, childcare, and other domestic services.

(5) Cal. Dept. of Finance, Rpt. E-1, 2016

(6) BLS QCEW State and County Map, 2016Q3. 8/31/17

#### Table A-3 San Francisco City Development Impact Fee Estimate Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Residential	Office	Retail	Arts, Light Industrial	TOTAL
	4 000 740	4 007 000	00,400	005 000	
New Development (sq.ft.) (1)	1,986,740	1,387,228	82,493	205,880	
New Residential Units	2,042				
Adaptive Reuse (Buildings 2, 12, 21)					
Units	107,736				
Sq.Ft.	<u>107,616</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>115,700</u>	
Net of Adaptive Reuse	1,529,771	1,327,228	82,493	90,180	
City Fees (per gross building sq.ft.) (2)					
Jobs Housing Linkage -§413 (5)		\$33,831,042	\$1,961,684	\$1,807,207	\$37,599,932
Affordable Housing-§415 (3)	\$87,056,973				\$87,056,973
Child Care-§414 (4)	\$3.607.919	\$2,189,926	\$0	\$0	\$5,797,845
Transportation Sustainability Fee §411A (6)	\$17,250,361	\$26,531,288	\$1.649.035	\$720,538	\$46,151,222
TIDF-§411.3 (6)	÷,200,001	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$107,915,252	\$62,552,256	\$3,610,719	\$2,527,745	\$176,605,972

(1) Residential fees assume avg. 900 sq.ft./unit.

(2) All impact fees are as of January 2017.

(3) Plans anticipate providing inclusionary rental units on Waterfront Site; Illinois Street assumed to be condos and pay an in-lieu fee.

Assumes in-lieu fees of \$268,960 (avg. 1-bdrm) times 20% of onsite market-rate units.

(4) Childcare fee will not apply if child care facilities are constructed on site.

(5) Jobs-Housing fee for Arts/Light Industrial assumes rate for Integrated PDR and Small Enterprise Workspace.

(6) Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF) replaced TIDF in 2016; analysis assumes all development pays 100% of TSF.

Arts, Light Industrial assumes PDR fee; retail fee for < 100,000 sq.ft.

Sources: City of San Francisco, and Berkson Associates.

## Table A-3a San Francisco City Development Impact Fee Estimate Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Residential	Office	Retail	Arts, Light Industrial	ΤΟΤΑ
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site					<u></u>
New Development (sq.ft.) (1)	1,388,772	1,387,228	75,893	205,880	
New Residential Units	1,473	1,001,220	,		
Adaptive Reuse (buildings 2, 12, 21)	-,				
Units	120				
Sq.Ft.	<u>107,616</u>	60,000		115,700	
Sq.Ft. Net of Adaptive Reuse	1,281,156	1,327,228	75,893	90,180	
Condos	587				
City Fees (per gross building sq.ft.) (2)					
Jobs Housing-§413 (5)		\$25.49	\$23.78	\$20.04	\$37,442,98
Affordable Housing-§415 (3)	\$268,960				\$44,206,26
Child Care-§414 (4)	\$1.92	\$1.65			\$4,649,74
Transportation Sustainability Fee §411A (6)	\$9.18	\$19.99	\$19.99	\$7.99	\$40,529,94
TIDF-§411.3 (6)					<u>\$</u>
Total	\$58,427,100	\$62,552,256	\$3,321,837	\$2,527,745	\$126,828,93
20th/Illinois Street (2)					
New Development (sq.ft.) (1)	248,615	0	6,600	0	
New Residential Units	239		,		
Condos	239				
	200				
City Fees (per gross building sq.ft., except for "/	Affordable housing" (2)				
Jobs Housing-§413 (5)		\$25.49	\$23.78	\$20.04	\$156,94
Affordable Housing-§415 (3)	\$268,960				\$17,998,80
Child Care-§414 (4)	\$1.92	\$1.65			\$477,34
Transportation Sustainability Fee (6)	\$9.18	\$19.99	\$19.99	\$7.99	\$2,414,22
TIDF-§411.3 (6)	·				\$
0 ()	COD 750 400	\$0	\$200 00 <b>2</b>	\$0	
Total	\$20,758,430	<b>پ</b> ر	\$288,882		\$21,047,31
Hoedown Yard (2)		2	-		
New Development (sq.ft.) (1)	349,353	0	0		
New Residential Units	330				
City Fees (per gross building sq.ft., except for "A	Affordable housing" (2)				
Jobs Housing-§413 (5)		\$25.49	\$23.78	\$20.04	\$
Affordable Housing-§415 (3)	\$268,960				\$24,851,90
Child Care-§414 (4)	\$1.92	\$1.65			\$670,75
Transportation Sustainability Fee (6)	\$9.18	\$19.99	\$19.99	\$7.99	\$3,207,06
TIDF-§411.3 (6)	+ - · · -				\$
		••	<b>4</b> -	<b>#</b> -	
Total	\$28,729,722	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$28,729,72

Notes to Table A-3a:

(1) Residential fees assume avg. 943 sq.ft./unit.

(2) All impact fees are as of January 2017.

(3) Plans anticipate providing inclusionary rental units on Waterfront Site; Illinois Street assumed to be condos and pay an in-lieu fee. Assumes in-lieu fees of \$268,960 (avg. 1-bdrm) times 20% of onsite market-rate units.

(4) Childcare fee will not apply if child care facilities are constructed on site.

(5) Jobs-Housing fee for Arts/Light Industrial assumes rate for Integrated PDR and Small Enterprise Workspace.

(6) Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF) replaced TIDF in 2016; analysis assumes all development pays 100% of TSF.

Arts, Light Industrial assumes PDR fee; retail fee for < 100,000 sq.ft.

Sources: City of San Francisco, and Berkson Associates.

# Table A-4Assessed Value EstimatePier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Development Cost	Assessed Value
Infrastructure Arts, Light Industrial Office Residential	\$260,535,000 \$29,647,000 \$636,626,000 \$1,149,031,000	none assumed \$14,391,000 \$728,073,000 \$1,526,853,000
Total	\$2,075,839,000	\$2,269,317,000

# Table A-4a Assessed Value Estimate Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Development Cost	Assessed Value
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site		
Infrastructure	\$260,535,000	inc. in bldg.value
Arts, Light Industrial (1)	\$29,647,000	\$14,391,000
Office (1)	\$636,626,000	\$728,073,000
Residential	\$768,753,000	\$990,362,000
Total	\$1,695,561,000	\$1,732,826,000
20th/Illinois		
Infrastructure	see Pier 70 costs	inc. in bldg.value
Residential	\$159,730,000	\$225,345,000
Total	\$159,730,000	\$225,345,000
Hoedown Yard		
Infrastructure	see Pier 70 costs	inc. in bldg.value
Residential	\$220,548,000	\$311,146,000
Total	\$220,548,000	\$311,146,000
TOTAL	\$2,075,839,000	\$2,269,317,000

(1) Mixed use retail is included in the values for other uses.

Office buildings include additional Arts, Light Industrial uses and value.

Sources: Forest City; Port of San Francisco; Berkson Associates

# Table A-5Possessory Interest and Property Tax EstimatePier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

ltem	Assumptions		Total
Gross Property Tax/Possessory Ir	nterest Tax	1.0% of new AV	\$22,693,000
Allocation of Tax (2)		, ,	
Net New General Fund (1)	65.00%		\$14,750,450
ERAF	25.33%		\$5,748,000
SF Unified School District	7.70%		\$1,747,000
Other	1.97%		\$447,000
	100.00%		\$22,692,450

Sources: City of San Francisco, and Berkson Associates

# Table A-6 Property Tax in Lieu of VLF Estimate Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Assumptions	Total
Citywide Total Assessed Value (1)	е <sup>н</sup> — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$212,173,326,106
Total Citywide Property Tax in Lieu of Vehicle License Fee (VLF) (2)		\$211,724,000
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site		
Project Assessed Value		\$1,732,826,000
Growth in Citywide AV due to Project		0.82%
Net New Property Tax in Lieu of VLF (3)		\$1,729,000
20th/Illinois Street		
Project Assessed Value		\$225,345,000
Growth in Citywide AV due to Project		0.11%
Net New Property Tax in Lieu of VLF (3)		\$225,000
Hoedown Yard		
Project Assessed Value		\$311,146,000
Growth in Citywide AV due to Project		0.15%
Net New Property Tax in Lieu of VLF (3)		\$310,000
		1.07%
TOTAL PROPERTY TAX IN LIEU OF VLF		\$2,264,000
<ol> <li>Based on the CCSF FY2015-16 total taxable assessed value recorded by Con Annual Report 2016, Office of the Assessor-Recorder (pg. 22).</li> <li>City and County of San Francisco Annual Appropriation Ordinance for Fiscal Ye</li> <li>Equals the increase in Citywide AV due to the Project multiplied by the current No assumptions included about inflation and appreciation of Pier 70 or Citywide</li> </ol>	ear Ending June 30, 2017, page 1 Citywide Property Tax In Lieu of V	26.

Sources: City of San Francisco, and Berkson Associates

#### Table A-7 Property Transfer Tax (2017 dollars) Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Assumptions	Total	
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site			
Annual Transfer Tax From Building Sales			
Residential Value (2)			
Residential Assessed Value (AV) Avg. Sales Value (1)	\$990,362,000 <i>(avg. sale once/15 years)</i> 6.7% annual turnover	\$66,024,000	
Transfer Tax From Residential Buildings (2)	\$19.32 /\$1,000 (avg. \$20 mill. sale)	\$1,275,000	
Commercial Value (2)			
Non-Residential Assessed Value (AV)	\$742,464,000 (avg.sale once/15 years)		
Avg. Sales Value (1)	6.7% annual turnover	\$49,498,000	
Transfer Tax From Commercial Buildings (2)	\$19.32 /\$1,000 (avg. \$20 mill. sale)	\$956,000	
Annual Average Transfer Tax		\$2,231,000	
20th/Illinois Street			
Annual Transfer Tax From Building Sales			
Residential Value (2)			
Residential Assessed Value (AV)	\$225,345,000 (avg. sale once/7 years)		
Avg. Sales Value (1)	14.3% annual turnover	\$32,192,000	
Transfer Tax From Residential Buildings (2)	\$6.35 /\$1,000 (avg. \$1 mill. sale)	\$204,000	
Commercial Value (2)			
Non-Residential Assessed Value (AV)	(avg. sale once/15 years)		
Avg. Sales Value (1)	6.7% annual turnover	\$C	
Transfer Tax From Commercial Buildings (2)	\$19.32 /\$1,000 (avg. \$20 mill. sale)	\$0	
Annual Average Transfer Tax		\$204,000	
Hoedown Yard			
Annual Transfer Tax From Building Sales			
Residential Value (2)			
Residential Assessed Value (AV)	\$311,146,000 (avg. sale once/7 years)		
Avg. Sales Value (1)	14.3% annual turnover	\$44,449,000	
Transfer Tax From Residential Buildings (2)	\$6.35 /\$1,000 (avg. \$1 mill. sale)	\$282,000	
Commercial Value (2)			
Non-Residential Assessed Value (AV)	\$0 (avg. sale once/15 years)		
Avg. Sales Value (1)	6.7% annual turnover	\$C	
Transfer Tax From Commercial Buildings (2)	\$19.32 /\$1,000 (avg. \$20 mill. sale)	\$0	
Annual Average Transfer Tax	2	82000	
TOTAL ONGOING TRANSFER TAX		\$2,717,000	

(1) Waterfront Site assumes all residential buildings are rental units, and sales of all buildings average once every 15 years. Illinois Street Parcels assumed to be condos and sell once every 7 years.

Commercial buildings assume sale once every 15 years.

 (2) Calculated estimate assumes rate on \$1 million average for condos, \$20 million for apartments and commercial buildings. Rates range from \$5/\$1,000 on first \$250,000 to \$25/\$1,000 on amounts above \$10 million.

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# Table A-8a Sales Tax Estimates Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site

Item	Assumptions	Total
Taxable Sales From New Residential Uses		
Average Annual Housing Payment	\$47,600 per household	<b>*</b> 4 5 0 7 0 0
Housing as a % of Average Annual HH Income (1)	30%	\$158,700
Average HH Retail Expenditure (2)	27%	\$42,800
New Households		1,473
Total New Retail Sales from Households		\$63,044,000
New Taxable Retail Sales Captured in San Francisco	80% of retail expenditures	\$50,435,200
Net New Sales Tax to GF From Residential Uses	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$504,000
Taxable Sales From Commercial Space		
Retail Sq.Ft.		
Innovation (3)	50%	102,940
Retail		<u>75,893</u>
Total		178,833
Retail Taxable Sales		
Innovation	\$300 per sq.ft.	\$30,882,000
Retail	\$300 per sq.ft.	\$22,767,900
Total		\$53,649,900
Sales Tax to San Francisco	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$536,000
(less) New On-Site Residential Sales (4)	25% of commercial sales	(\$134,000)
(less) Shift From Existing Sales (5)	25%	(\$134,000)
Net New Sales Tax to GF from Retail Space		\$268,000
TOTAL Sales Tax to General Fund (1%)		\$772,000
Annual Sales Tax Allocation	······································	
Sales Tax to the City General Fund (7)	1.00% tax rate x taxable sales	\$772,000
Other Sales Taxes		
Public Safety Sales Tax (6)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales	\$386,000
San Francisco County Transportation Authority (6)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales	\$386,000
SF Public Financing Authority (Schools) (6)	0.25% tax rate x taxable sales	\$193,000
One-Time Sales Taxes on Construction Materials and Sup	oplies (rounded)	
Total Development Cost		\$1,695,561,000
Construction Costs (exc. Land, profit, soft costs, etc.)	55.00%	\$932,559,000
Supply/Materials Portion of Construction Cost	60.00%	\$559,535,000
San Francisco Capture of Taxable Sales	50.00%	\$279,767,500
Sales Tax to San Francisco General Fund	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$2,798,000

(1) Assumed average share of income allocated towards rent or mortgage.

(2) Based on blended assumptions with average household expenditure based on typical household spending as reported for the San Francisco MSA by the State Board of Equalization.

(3) Only a portion of the tenants of innovation space will generate sales taxes (50% assumed). Innovation space will be distributed between shared office work environment, shared manufacturing, arts and culture, and food stall and kiosk retail uses. With the exception of food stall and kiosk retail, innovative retail uses are not assumed to generate substantial retail sales.

(4) A portion of new sales from San Francisco residents are assumed captured by retail in the Project (calculated above).

(5) Reflects a deduction of retail sales that could be captured elsewhere in San Francisco were the Project not built.

(6) Sales tax proportions for these entities as reported by Controller's Office.

Source: Berkson Associates

# Table A-8b Sales Tax Estimates 20th/Illinois Street

Item	Assumptions	Total
Taxable Sales From New Residential Uses		
Average Annual Housing Payment	\$50,000 per household	
Housing as a % of Average Annual HH Income (1)	30%	\$166,700
Average HH Retail Expenditure (2)	27%	\$45,000
New Households		239
Total New Retail Sales from Households		\$10,755,000
New Taxable Retail Sales Captured in San Francisco	80% of retail expenditures	\$8,604,000
Net New Sales Tax to GF from Residential Uses	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$86,000
Taxable Sales From Commercial Space Retail Sq.Ft.		6,600
Retail Taxable Sales	\$300 per sq.ft.	\$1,980,000
Sales Tax to San Francisco	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$20,000
(less) New On-Site Residential Sales (3)	25% of commercial sales	(\$5,000)
(less) Shift From Existing Sales (4)	25%	(\$5,000)
Net New Sales Tax to GF from Retail Space		\$10,000
TOTAL Sales Tax to General Fund (1%)		\$96,000
Annual Sales Tax Allocation		
Sales Tax to the City General Fund	1.00% tax rate x taxable sales	\$96,000
Other Sales Taxes		
Public Safety Sales Tax (5)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales	\$48,000
San Francisco County Transportation Authority (5)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales	\$48,000
SF Public Financing Authority (Schools) (5)	0.25% tax rate x taxable sales	\$24,000
One-Time Sales Taxes on Construction Materials and Sup	plies (rounded)	
Total Development Cost	55.00%	\$159,730,000
Construction Costs (exc. Land, profit, soft costs, etc.) Supply/Materials Portion of Construction Cost	55.00% 60.00%	\$87,852,000 \$52,711,000
San Francisco Capture of Taxable Sales	50.00%	\$26,356,000
Sales Tax to San Francisco General Fund	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$264,000

(1) Assumed average share of income allocated towards rent or mortgage.

(2) Based on blended assumptions with average household expenditure based on typical household spending as reported for the San Francisco MSA by the State Board of Equalization.

(3) A portion of new sales from San Francisco residents are assumed captured by retail in the Project (calculated above).

(4) Reflects a deduction of retail sales that could be captured elsewhere in San Francisco were the Project not built.

(5) Sales tax proportions for these entities as reported by Controller's Office.

Source: Berkson Associates

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Table A-8c Sales Tax Estimates Hoedown Yard

Item	Assumptions	Total
Taxable Sales From New Residential Uses Average Annual Housing Payment	\$50,000 per household	<b>\$</b> 400 700
Housing as a % of Average Annual HH Income (1) Average HH Retail Expenditure (2)	30% 27%	\$166,700 \$45,000
New Households		330
Total New Retail Sales from Households		\$14,850,000
New Taxable Retail Sales Captured in San Francisco	80% of retail expenditures	\$11,880,000
Net New Sales Tax to GF from Residential Uses	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$119,000
Taxable Sales From Commercial Space Retail Sq.Ft.		6,600
Retail Taxable Sales	\$300 per sq.ft.	\$1,980,000
Sales Tax to San Francisco (less) New On-Site Residential Sales (3) (less) Shift From Existing Sales (4)	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales 25% of commercial sales 25%	\$20,000 (\$5,000) <u>(\$5,000)</u>
Net New Sales Tax to GF from Retail Space		\$10,000
TOTAL Sales Tax to General Fund (1%)		\$129,000
Annual Sales Tax Allocation Sales Tax to the City General Fund	1.00% tax rate x taxable sales	\$129,000
Other Sales Taxes		
Public Safety Sales Tax (5)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales	\$65,000
San Francisco County Transportation Authority (5) SF Public Financing Authority (Schools) (5)	0.50% tax rate x taxable sales 0.25% tax rate x taxable sales	\$65,000 \$32,000
One-Time Sales Taxes on Construction Materials and Sup	nlies (rounded)	······
Total Development Cost		\$220,548,000
Construction Costs (exc. Land, profit, soft costs, etc.)	55.00%	\$121,301,000
Supply/Materials Portion of Construction Cost	60.00%	\$72,781,000
San Francisco Capture of Taxable Sales	50.00%	\$36,391,000
Sales Tax to San Francisco General Fund	1.0% tax rate x taxable sales	\$364,000

(1) Assumed average share of income allocated towards rent or mortgage.

(2) Based on blended assumptions with average household expenditure based on typical household spending as reported for the San Francisco MSA by the State Board of Equalization.

(3) A portion of new sales from San Francisco residents are assumed captured by retail in the Project (calculated above).

(4) Reflects a deduction of retail sales that could be captured elsewhere in San Francisco were the Project not built.

(5) Sales tax proportions for these entities as reported by Controller's Office.

Source: Berkson Associates

# Table A-9 Parking Tax Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

Item	Assumption	Total	
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site Total Spaces Residential Spaces Non-Residential Spaces (1)		<u>1.569</u> 1,569 0	
<u>Parking Revenues</u> Annual Total (2)	\$5,928 per year	\$0	
<u>San Francisco Parking Tax (3)</u> Parking Tax Allocation to General Fund/Special Programs Parking Tax Allocation to Municipal Transp. Fund	25% of revenue 20% of tax proceeds 80% of tax proceeds	<b>\$0</b> \$0 \$0	
20th/Illinois Street Non-Residential Spaces (1)			
<u>Parking Revenues</u> Annual Total (2)	\$5,928 per day	\$0	
<u>San Francisco Parking Tax</u> Parking Tax Allocation to General Fund/Special Programs Parking Tax Allocation to Municipal Transp. Fund	25% of revenue 20% of tax proceeds 80% of tax proceeds	<b>\$0</b> \$0 \$0	
Hoedown Yard Non-Residential Spaces (1)			
<u>Parking Revenues</u> Annual Total (2)	\$5,928 per day	\$0	
<u>San Francisco Parking Tax</u> Parking Tax Allocation to General Fund/Special Programs Parking Tax Allocation to Municipal Transp. Fund	25% of revenue 20% of tax proceeds 80% of tax proceeds	<b>\$0</b> \$0 \$0	
(1) This apply sis appures that all your residential Dreiset parking wi			

(1) This analysis assumes that all non-residential Project parking will generate parking tax; includes parking in commercial buildings.

(2) Including parking tax on monthly and daily rentals.

(3) 80 percent is transferred to the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency for public transit as mandated by Charter Section 16.110.

Source: Berkson Associates

# Table A-10 Gross Receipts Tax Estimates (2017 dollars) Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

ltem	Total Gross Receipts (GR)	GR Allocated to SF for GR Tax (1)	up to \$1m	<b>Gross Reve</b> \$1m - \$2.5m	<b>nue Tier (2)</b> \$2.5m - \$25m	\$25m+	Gross Receipts Tax
Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site		<u></u>			ada a a da anti		
Business Income							
Retail (net of shift) (4)	\$11,384,000	\$10,246,000	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	\$10,246
Arts, Light Industrial (3)	\$15,441,000	\$1,544,000	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	\$1,158
Office (4)	\$1,431,376,000	\$1,288,238,000	0.400%	0.460%	0.510%	0.560%	\$6,570,014
Parking	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	0.075%	0.100%	<u>0.135%</u>	0.160%	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal	\$1,458,201,000	\$1,300,028,000					\$6,581,418
Rental Income (5)							
Retail	\$3,076,000	\$3,076,000					
Arts, Light Industrial	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$12,450
Office	\$88,736,000	\$88,736,000	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$266,208
Parking	\$8,836,000	\$8,836,000	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$26,508
Residential	\$40,027,000	\$40,027,000	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$120,081
Subtotal	\$144,825,000	\$144,825,000		-			\$425,247
Total Gross Receipts	\$1,603,026,000	\$1,444,853,000					\$7,006,665
Project Construction							
Total Development Value (6)	\$1,695,561,000	\$1,695,561,000					
Direct Construction Cost (7)	\$932,558,550	\$932,558,550	0.300%	0.350%	0.400%	0.450%	\$3,730,234
		\$002,000,000	0.00070	0.00070	0.70070		<i>vo,r oo,204</i>
20th/Illinois Street							
Business Income	****	<b>A</b> 004 000	0.0750/F	<u> </u>	0 ( 0 5 0 (	o ( 000)	
Retail (net of shift) (4)	\$990,000	\$891,000	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	\$891
Office (4)	\$0	\$0	0.400%	0.460%	0.510%	0.560%	\$0
Parking (4)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal	\$990,000	\$891,000					\$891
Rental Income (5)							
Retail	\$267,000	\$267,486	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$802
Office	\$0	\$0	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$0
Parking	\$0	\$0	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$0
Residential	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal	\$267,000	\$267,486		F			\$802
Total Gross Receipts	\$1,257,000	\$1,158,486					\$1,693

# Table A-10 Gross Receipts Tax Estimates (2017 dollars) Pier 70 28-acre Waterfront Site, 20th/Illinois and Hoedown Yard

••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Total Gross	GR Allocated to		Gross Reve	nue Tier (2)		Gross
Item	Receipts (GR)	SF for GR Tax (1)	up to \$1m	\$1m - \$2.5m	\$2.5m - \$25m	\$25m+	Receipts Tax
Project Construction							
Total Development Value (6)	\$159,730,000	\$160,000,000		_			
Direct Construction Cost (7)	\$87,852,000	\$87,852,000	0.300%	0.350%	0.400%	0.450%	\$351,408
Hoedown Yard							
Business Income							
Retail (net of shift) (4)	\$990,000	\$891,000	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	\$1,411
Office (4)	\$0	\$0	0.400%	0.460%	0.510%	0.560%	\$41,076
Parking (4)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	0.075%	0.100%	0.135%	0.160%	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal	\$1,568,000	\$9,465,300					\$42,487
Rental Income (5)							
Retail	\$0	\$0	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$1,234
Office	\$0	\$0	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	<b>\$</b> 0
Parking	\$0	\$0	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	\$0
Residential	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	0.285%	0.285%	0.300%	0.300%	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal	\$411,000	\$411,184					\$1,234
Total Gross Receipts	\$1,979,000	\$9,876,484					\$43,721
Project Construction							
Total Development Value (6)	\$220,548,000	\$220,548,000					
Direct Construction Cost (7)	\$121,301,000	\$121,301,000	0.300%	0.350%	0.400%	0.450%	\$456,000

\*Note: reflects tax implementation after the payroll tax is phased out.

(1) Rounded; gross receipts for retail, office, and manufacturing uses are based on direct output of onsite uses, from IMPLAN.

(2) Given uncertainty about business size among various categories, this analysis applies highlighted tax rate in tier for each use.

to \$25 million per business. The actual gross receipts will depend on the size of business in each category and their gross receipts generated within the City.

(3) 10% of gross receipts are assumed to be subject to the tax as small businesses and employment outside of San Francisco will be exempt. Rate based on retail; manufacturing w

(4) 90% of office gross receipts are assumed to be subject to the tax as small businesses and employment outside of San Francisco will be exempt.

Gross receipts based on output per employee of \$284,800 (IMPLAN). Tax rate based on Financial, Insurance, Professional, Scientific and Technical Services.

Parking business income based on gross revenues (net of parking tax) from garages and commercial spaces (see parking tax estimates). Parking rent for residential parking incl (5) Pier 70 office and residential rents include rent from retail and non-structured parking components. Estimates are based on the Pier 70 Financial Plan.

(6) Based on vertical development cost plus infrastructure cost.

(7) As a planning estimate, approximately 55% is assumed to represent direct construction costs.

Sources: City of San Francisco; IMPLAN 2014; Berkson Associates.