[Honoring 32<sup>nd</sup> Anniversary of Roe v. Wadel

Resolution recognizing January 22, 2005 as "Stand Up For Choice Day" in honor of the
32 <sup>nd</sup> anniversary of the landmark 1973 United States Supreme Court decision of Roe v.
Wade establishing a woman's constitutional right to decide when and if to have a child
and further supporting the local Pro-Choice community demonstrating in San
Francisco to defend a woman's right to choose safe and legal abortion and birth
control and further urging all legal authorities to fully facilitate the protection of the
right of women to control their reproductive health, lives and futures in an ever-
increasingly hostile anti-choice climate on the federal level and in state legislatures
and courts throughout the country.

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WHEREAS, The 1973 landmark United States Supreme Court decided Roe v. Wade (the "Roe decision") decision recognized the right of women to control their reproductive lives is central to their ability to participate fully and equally in the economic and social spheres of society; and

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WHEREAS, The Roe decision states that (1) the decision to have an abortion is accorded the highest level of constitutional protection, like any other fundamental constitutional right, (2) state laws regarding abortion must be neutral with respect to influencing a woman's decision whether or not to have an abortion, (3) in the period before a fetus is viable, the government may restrict abortion only to protect a woman's health, and (4) after a fetus becomes viable, a state government may prohibit abortion, provided that such state's laws must permit abortion where necessary to protect a women's health or life; and

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WHEREAS, The protected right to make childbearing decisions, including abortion, has enabled women to pursue educational and employment opportunities that were often unattainable prior to the Roe decision; and

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WHEREAS, The Center for Reproductive Rights reports that prior to the Roe decision, between 200,000 and 1.2 million illegally induced abortions occurred in the United States each year; and

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1	WHEREAS, In 1992, the United States Supreme Court decided Planned Parenthood of
	Southeastern Pennsylvania v. Casey (the "Casey decision"), where, although it upheld a
2	woman's right to choose, it also allowed federal, state and local laws that favor fetal rights and
3	burden a woman's choice to have abortion, as long as the burden is not "undue;" and
4	WHEREAS, The Casey decision has unlocked the door to hundreds of state and
5	federal criminal restrictions designed to discourage women from accessing abortion and to
6	promote the rights of the fetus throughout pregnancy; and
7	WHEREAS, According to the Allen Gutmacher Institute (AGI), since 1996, more than
8	300 criminal abortion restrictions have been enacted by state and federal legislatures, none of
	which would have been constitutional under the original Roe decision; and
9	WHEREAS. According to Planned Parenthood, only eight states, including California,
10	do not mandate parental involvement before a minor can obtain an abortion; and
11	WHEREAS, According to AGI, as of January 1, 2004, twenty-one (21) states will have
12	laws in effect that require a woman to wait for a period of time, usually twenty four (24) hours,
13	but up to as many as seventy-two (72) hours, after receiving state-directed counseling before
14	she can receive an abortion; and
	WHEREAS, These restrictions on access to abortion particularly discriminate against
15	young women, poor women and women of color; and
16	WHEREAS, AGI indicates that 87 percent of all counties in the United States do not
17	have an abortion provider; and
18	WHEREAS, For the first time since Roe v. Wade was decided, anti-choice officials are
19	firmly in control of both the executive and legislative branches of the federal government; and
20	WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court is only one vacancy away from
21	eliminating the Constitutional right to abortion; and
	WHEREAS, Anti-choice leaders in the Bush Administration and the federal government
22	are imposing their anti-choice ideology on the world's most vulnerable women worldwide by
23	blocking international family planning funding and promoting ineffective and harmful
24	abstinence-only programs abroad; and

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