1	[Exempting Wind Turbines from Bernal Heights Special Use District Height Limits.]		
2			
3	Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code by amending Section 242		
4	(e)(1)(D) to allow certain wind power generators within the Bernal Heights Special Use		
5	District subject to height limitations set forth in Section 260(b)(1)(A), making		
6	environmental findings, general plan findings, and other required findings.		
7	Note: Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u> ;		
8	deletions are <i>strikethrough italies Times New Roman</i> . Board amendment additions are <u>double underlined</u> .		
9	Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal.		
10	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:		
11	Section 1. Findings. The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San		
12	Francisco hereby finds and declares as follows:		
13	(1) The City and County of San Francisco ("City") seeks to promote alternative		
14	electric-generation technologies in order to minimize the adverse environmental impacts		
15	associated with fossil-fuel based electric generation facilities.		
16	(2) Section 260(b)(1)(A) provides an general exception allowing wind energy		
17	equipment to extending up to 10 feet above otherwise applicable zoning height requirements		
18	subject to visual screening for any such feature. The wind energy exception does not apply to		
19	Bernal Heights due to the limits imposed by the Bernal Heights Special Use District (Section		
20	242 of the Planning Code). Permitting wind power generator equipment in Bernal Heights		
21	Special Use District will further the City's alternative energy source objectives.		
22	(3) Wind-powered electric generation turbines utilize proven technologies to convert		
23	wind energy into electricity and, particularly in windy locations, constitute a "green" alternative		
24	to traditional sources of power generation and/or dependency on power transmission lines.		

Small wind turbines in residential areas can provide safe and inexpensive distributed-1 2 generation in an efficient and sustainable manner. 3 (4) Allowing construction of vertical-axis wind-powered electrical generators (with a 4 horizontal diameter not exceeding 3 feet) on dwelling roofs in Bernal Heights at heights up to 5 10 feet above the roof will not undermine the purposes of the Bernal Heights Special Use District. Such turbines are comparable in scale and aesthetic impact to chimneys and TV and 6 7 radio antennas, which may extend up to 10 feet above the 30 feet height limit otherwise 8 applicable in the Bernal Heights Special Use District (pursuant to Planning Code section 9 260(b)(1)(A)). Furthermore, visual impacts of any such generators may be minimized through 10 use of visual screening techniques. 11 (5) It is both possible and desirable to design vertical-axis wind-powered electrical 12 generators to avoid impacts to birds and other wildlife. The City seeks to encourage the 13 design and use of wind-powered electrical generators that do not significantly impact birds 14 and other wildlife. Section 2. Environmental Findings, General Plan Findings, and Other Required 15 16 Findings. 17 (1) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this 18 Ordinance are in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public 19 Resources Code sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. ______ and is incorporated herein by 20 reference. 21 22 (2) On ______, 2007, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. approved and recommended for adoption by the Board this legislation and 23

adopted findings that it is consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and eight

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1	priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1 The Board adopts these findings as its own.		
2	A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No.		
3	, and is incorporated by reference herein.		
4	(3) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board of Supervisors finds that this		
5	legislation will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in		
6	Planning Commission Resolution No, and incorporates such reasons by		
7	reference herein.		
8	Section 3. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending		
9	Section 242 to read as follows:		
10	Section 242. BERNAL HEIGHTS SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.		
11	(a) General. A Special Use District entitled the Bernal Heights Special Use District,		
12	the boundaries of which are shown on Sectional Map. Nos. 7SU, 8SU and 11SU of the Zoning		
13	Map, is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.		
14	(b) Purposes. In order to reflect the special characteristics and hillside topography		
15	of an area of the City that has a collection of older buildings situated on lots generally smaller		
16	than the lot patterns in other low-density areas of the City, and to encourage development in		
17	context and scale with the established character, there shall be a Bernal Heights Special Use		
18	District.		
19	(c) The provisions of this Section 242 shall not apply to building permit applications		
20	or amendments thereto, or to conditional use, variance or environmental evaluation		
21	applications filed on or before January 7, 1991, unless the applicant requests in writing that ar		
22	application be governed by the provisions of this Section 242.		
23	(d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section 242, the following definitions apply:		
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- (1) "Adjacent building" shall mean a building on a lot adjoining the subject lot along a side lot line. Where the lot constituting the subject property is separated from the lot containing the nearest building by an undeveloped lot or lots for a distance of 50 feet or less parallel to the street or alley, such nearest building shall be deemed to be an "adjacent building," but a building on a lot so separated for a greater distance shall not be deemed to be an "adjacent building." A corner lot shall have only one adjacent building located along its side lot line.
 - (2) "Usable floor area" is the sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a building, measured from the exterior walls or from the center lines of common walls separating two buildings. "Usable floor area" shall not include that floor area devoted to offstreet parking or any space or area which is not readily accessible and which has not more than five feet vertical clearance at any point.
 - (e) **Controls.** All provisions of the Planning Code applicable to an RH-1, RH-1(S), RH-2, and RH-3 District shall apply to applicable portions of the Special Use District except as otherwise provided in this Section.
 - (1) Height Limits. No portion of a dwelling in any portion of this district shall exceed a height of 30 feet except as provided below.
 - (A) The height of a dwelling on a downslope lot shall not exceed 30 feet above grade, subject to averaging or offset by an equal height reduction. Any portion of a dwelling exceeding a height of 30 feet must be offset by at least an equal amount of dwelling having a height of less than 30 feet, provided that the maximum height above grade at any point cannot exceed 40 feet, and the rearmost eight feet of length cannot exceed 32 feet above grade.
 - (B) The height of a dwelling on an upslope lot shall not exceed 30 feet above grade, with no averaging or stepping over the 30 feet limit, and no part of the dwelling, unless

- otherwise permitted by this Section, may be higher than 38 feet above curb level, except if the rear of the lot is 30 feet or more higher than the front grade, the rear half of the dwelling may go up to 43 feet above curb level.
 - (C) The height of a dwelling in an RH-2 or RH-3 lot may exceed the limits described above based upon the average height of the adjacent buildings.
 - (D) Except for <u>vertical-axis wind-powered electrical generators with a horizontal diameter</u> <u>not exceeding 3 feet</u>, chimneys, <u>and nonparabolic</u> radio and television antennas, <u>excluding</u> <u>parabolic antennas</u>, nothing otherwise permitted by Section 260(b) of this Code may extend above the additional height limit established in this Code section by more than 42 inches. <u>Furthermore</u>, all such wind-powered electrical generators must avoid significant impacts to wildlife.
 - (2) **Rear Yards.** The requirements applicable to rear yards are as follows:
 - (A) RH-1 and RH-1(S). For lots which have a depth of 70 feet or less, the minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 35 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is located. Buildings on lots which have a depth greater than 70 feet may not be deeper than 45.5 feet measured from the front property line; the remainder of the lot shall be used for rear yard.
 - (B) RH-2 and RH-3. The minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 45 percent of the total depth of the lot in which the building is located.
 - (C) All Lots. The following provisions relating to rear yards shall apply to all lots in the Special Use District:
 - (i) A building may intrude into the required rear yard up to the extent that an adjacent building intrudes, provided the intrusion is no wider than half of the width of the lot, and 25 percent of the total lot depth is provided as rear yard open space. The intrusion must be placed in a manner that the Zoning Administrator finds will provide optimal light and air to

- the subject and adjacent properties. The coverage resulting from the intrusion must be offset by otherwise permitted coverage in the rear of the subject property.
 - (ii) Any part of a front setback exceeding five feet may be applied to the amount required for satisfying the rear yard requirements.
 - (iii) No part of any building may be within 25 percent or 15 feet, whichever is greater, of the rear property line.
 - (iv) Those obstructions into rear yards otherwise permitted by Section 136(c)(2), (3), and (25) of this Code shall not be permitted. In addition to the obstructions permitted in Section 136(c), improvements may be constructed underneath a room or deck located in the rear yard area if said room or deck is otherwise permitted pursuant to a building permit issued prior to December 11, 1987. In those instances, the Zoning Administrator may place appropriate conditions on the approval of the building permit to protect the light, air and view of the adjacent properties.
 - (3) Mass Reduction Requirements for RH-1 and RH-1(S) Buildings. After calculation of the maximum permissible height and lot coverage in an RH-1 or RH-1(S) District, a total of 650 square feet of usable floor area must be deleted from the exterior of the building, causing a reduction in square footage as well as building volume. On lots that exceed 100 feet in depth, the mass reduction shall be a minimum of 400 square feet of usable floor area. Any area to be deleted must have a minimum clearance of three feet from the side property line. The reduction must be taken from the front, the rear, or the top of the building above grade; however, such reduction along the side of the property line will be allowed under this section so that adjacent properties will benefit from the provision of greater light and air or the reduction of shadows. Where an area to be deleted is along the side property line and is in the form of an inner court, the inner court shall have a minimum area of 90 square feet.

(4) **Parking.** The number of off-street parking spaces required for new construction shall be as follows:

Usable Floor Area	Parking Spaces
0 to 1300	1
1301 to 2250	2
2251 to 2850	3
2851 to 3850	4

One additional parking space is required for each additional 1,000 square feet.

If more than one parking space is required, the first off-street parking space must have a minimum area of 160 square feet; second and subsequent spaces may be a compact car space and have a minimum area of 127.5 square feet. In the RH-2 and RH-3 District, the parking requirement is the greater of the number of spaces required by the above table, or one parking space per dwelling unit.

All alterations resulting in an increase in usable floor area shall be considered cumulatively from the effective date of this ordinance.

No tandem parking spaces are permitted for the first two required parking spaces for new construction. All other required parking spaces for new construction may be tandem parking spaces.

Tandem parking spaces are permitted for alterations in the RH-1 and RH-1(S) Districts, and are not permitted for alterations in the RH-2 and RH-3 Districts.

(A) RH-1 or RH-1(S) District Building Alterations. The following parking requirements shall apply to alterations of existing structures in an RH-1 or RH-1(S) District:

- (i) If one or more alterations add 400 square feet or less of usable floor area to an existing building, no additional parking space is required to be added to the existing spaces.
- (ii) If one or more alterations add over 400 square feet of usable floor area but do not cause the total usable floor area of the building to exceed 1,650 square feet, no additional parking space is required to be added to the existing spaces.
- (iii) If one or more alterations add over 400 square feet of usable floor area and the total usable floor area of the building is between 1,651 and 2,250 square feet, a total of two parking spaces is required. One or both of these required spaces may be waived by the Zoning Administrator if the Zoning Administrator finds that (1) the off-street parking space(s) would result in a new curb cut, or the proposed driveway would result in the loss of one parking space while adding one private space; or (2) the structure has an unaltered historic façade as determined by the Department of Planning and the owner has conveyed a façade easement to the San Francisco Architectural Heritage foundation.
- (iv) If one or more alterations add over 400 square feet of usable floor area and the total usable floor area is over 2,250 square feet, a total of three parking spaces or more is required, as provided by the above table. One additional parking space is required for each additional 1,000 square feet.
- (B) RH-2 and RH-3 Building Alterations. The maximum width of curb cuts allowed for new construction shall be 10 feet; the maximum width of a garage door opening shall be 12 feet.
- (6) **Design**. In addition to meeting applicable standards provided in this Section and elsewhere in this Code, residential development subject to this Section shall be subject to the review and notification procedures provided by Subsection 311 (c) of this Code. Requests for Planning Commission review shall be governed by Subsection 311(d) of this Code. In

- addition to applicable guidelines cited by Section 311, the Elsie Street Plan and the East
 Slope Building Guidelines shall be used as guidelines to determine neighborhood
 compatibility of new construction and alterations in the respective areas covered by those guidelines.
 - (7) **Demolition.**
 - (A) Demolition Generally Prohibited. Other than as specified in this subsection, no demolition permit for structures containing one or more residential units may be approved unless:
 - (i) The Superintendent of the Bureau of Building Inspection or the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention and Public Safety determines, after consultation to the extent feasible with the Department of Planning, that an imminent safety hazard exists and the Superintendent determines that demolition of the structure is the only feasible means to secure the public safety; or
 - (ii) The structure is under an abatement order and the Superintendent of the Bureau of Building Inspection determines, after consultation with the Department of Planning and the San Francisco Fire Department, that repairs rendering the structure safe and habitable as defined in the San Francisco Housing Code would cost 50 percent or more of the cost to replace the structure pursuant to the standards published periodically by the Superintendent. An owner's deliberate damage, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Bureau of Building Inspection, to the property or failure to maintain it shall not be included in the calculation of replacement costs; or
 - (iii) The Department determines, based on facts presented, that the structure proposed to be demolished retains no substantial remaining value or reasonable use.

1	(B) Demolition of Historic or Architecturally Significant Residential Buildings. Unless
2	demolition is approved pursuant to Subsections (A)(i) or (A)(iii) above, no demolition permit
3	may be approved for a residential building (1) which is a designated landmark or contributing
4	building in an historic district; or (2) which the Landmarks Preservation Advisory Board
5	determines is qualified to be designated as a landmark or contributing building in an historic
6	district under the standards of Article 10 of this Code; or (3) is recommended by the
7	Department of Planning for historic designation under Article 10 of this Code.
8	(C) Replacement Structure Required. Unless demolition is approved pursuant to
9	Subsection (A)(i) or (A)(iii) above, no application authorizing the demolition of a residential
10	building within the scope of this Section shall be approved until the City has finally approved a
11	building permit for construction of the replacement building which meets the requirements of
12	this ordinance. A building permit is finally approved if the Board of Permit Appeals has taken
13	final action on an appeal of the issuance or denial of the permit or if the permit has been
14	issued and the time for filing an appeal with the Board has lapsed with no appeal filed.
15	(i) This Section shall not apply to the demolition of a second structure on a single
16	lot that (1) does not exceed 500 square feet, (2) meets the requirements of Subsection (A)(ii)
17	above, and (3) is not a historic residential building under Subsection (B) above. (Added by
18	Ord. 32-91, App. 1/25/91; amended by Ord. 145-00, File No. 000796, App. 6/16/2000).
19	ADDDOVED AC TO FORM
20	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
21	D
22	By: ANDREW W. GARTH Deputy City Atternoy
23	Deputy City Attorney
24	