[Payroll	Expense	Tax.]
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Resolution declaring an emergency under California Constitution Article XIIIC, Section 2(b) and authorizing submission of Ordinance amending (1) Section 903.1 to reduce the Payroll Expense Tax rate from 1.5% to 1.0%, for business whose taxable payroll expense exceeds \$300,000, but is less than or equal to \$400,000, beginning with the 2010 tax year; and (2) Section 905-A to increase the Small Business Tax Exemption to include all taxpayers whose taxable payroll expense is \$300,000 or less, beginning with the 2010 tax year, as a general tax measure, to the voters at a special election.

WHEREAS, California Constitution Article XIIIC, Section 2(b) requires voter approval of all ordinances that propose to impose, extend or increase a general tax and allows the submission of such proposals only at a regularly scheduled general election for members of the Board "except in cases of emergency declared by a unanimous vote of the governing body"; and,

WHEREAS, The City's next general election at which candidates for the Board of Supervisors will stand for election will not be held until November 2010; and,

WHEREAS, The City has scheduled a special election for June 2, 2009 for the purpose of submitting revenue and fiscal measures to the voters.

WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors finds that an emergency exists requiring that the voters be able to consider a general tax measure at the June 2, 2009 special election, and that the existence of such an emergency is demonstrated by, among other commonly reported stories regarding an economic crisis, the following circumstances:

(a) The fiscal crisis impacting the nation and the state, which has been called the worst since the Great Depression, has affected San Francisco. The City has been hit by a

- sudden and precipitous drop in local revenues far below the adopted budget levels. As a result of these conditions, the Controller estimates that 2008-09 general fund tax revenue will be \$127 million less than anticipated in the annual appropriation ordinance. Local unemployment, office vacancy rates, retail sales, and travel indicators have all worsened in recent months, suggesting that the City has followed the State of California into a recession.

 The Controller has identified that the trends in all of these areas are negative.
 - (b) The Mayor's Office has projected a General Fund deficit of \$575.6 million for Fiscal Year 2009-10, a loss of roughly half of the City's discretionary spending as compared to funds available for discretionary spending in Fiscal Year 2008-09. This deficit will severely impair the capacity of the City to deliver critical public health and human services in particular, since the departments delivering those services are among those most dependent on the General Fund. The City's inability to replace this funding will imperil the health, safety, and welfare of the most vulnerable segments of the City's population.
 - (c) The City's adopted 2008-09 budget assumes \$709 million in State revenues.

 Additional reductions in General Fund revenue appear likely given the approximate \$40 billion shortfall the State of California faces during this same period.
 - (d) The City has already made significant cuts in government spending, including the elimination or postponement of programs, lay-offs of nearly 400 City employees, and elimination of over 300 vacant positions. Additionally, the Mayor's Office has directed all City departments to prepare plans to reduce their fiscal year 2009-10 budgets by 12.5%, and prepare contingency plans for an additional 12.5%. If shortages of funds forced the City to implement these plans, the City will have no choice but to eliminate essential municipal services and public programs.
 - (e) In response to this situation, the Board of Supervisors has called a special election for June 2, 2009, to submit among other fiscal measures a number of proposed

revenue measures to the voters, so that the Board and the Mayor will know before the commencement of Fiscal Year 2009-10 whether the voters have approved the revenue measures.

- (f) If the voters approve this tax increase, the revenues that it is estimated to produce will help the City address the impending deficit and minimize its adverse effects on health, safety, and welfare of its residents:
- (g) Ordinance amending (1) Section 903.1 to reduce the Payroll Expense Tax rate from 1.5% to 1.0%, for business whose taxable payroll expense exceeds \$300,000, but is less than or equal to \$400,000, beginning with the 2010 tax year; and (2) Section 905-A to increase the Small Business Tax Exemption to include all taxpayers whose taxable payroll expense is \$300,000 or less, beginning with the 2010 tax year on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 090135, is hereby declared to be a part of this Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and, now therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City faces an emergency which warrants submission of this Ordinance amending (1) Section 903.1 to reduce the Payroll Expense Tax rate from 1.5% to 1.0%, for business whose taxable payroll expense exceeds \$300,000, but is less than or equal to \$400,000, beginning with the 2010 tax year; and (2) Section 905-A to increase the Small Business Tax Exemption to include all taxpayers whose taxable payroll expense is \$300,000 or less, beginning with the 2010 tax year to the voters at the June 2, 2009 special election.