1	[Urging Specific City-Wide Public Safety and Behavioral Health Priorities in the FY2020-2021
Budget] 2	Buagetj
3	Resolution urging the Mayor to fund specific city-wide public safety priorities in
4	the FY2020-2021 budget, including foot patrols and traffic enforcement, crime
5	prevention, civilianization efforts, and behavioral health priorities, including
6	additional treatment beds, mobile outreach, community-based treatment and
7	investment to acquire cooperative living units for individuals with chronic mental
8	illness.
9	
10	WHEREAS, The Mayor of San Francisco will release the proposed two-year
11	budget for the City and County of San Francisco for FYs 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 on
12	June 1, 2019; and
13	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors has discretionary authority
14	to amend and supplement the Mayor's proposed Budget through the legislative process;
15	and
16	WHEREAS, The Budget and Legislative Analyst identified public safety to be a
17	key budget priority for the Board of Supervisors, as reflected in their presentation to the
18	Budget and Finance Committee on March 13, 2019, and which is on file with the Clerk
19	of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 190265, which is declared to be a part of this
20	Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and
21	WHEREAS, The Budget and Finance Committee held a "Budget Priority Hearing"
22	on April 24, 2019, on Public Safety featuring presentations by the Police Department,
23	SF SAFE, the District Attorney, Municipal Transportation Authority, Budget and
24	Legislative Analyst, and key community stakeholders, to assess current funding levels,
25	determine funding gaps and opportunities, and strategies employed by various

1	departments to address public safety, which is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
2	Supervisors in File No. 190370, and which is hereby declared to be a part of this
3	Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and
4	WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors identified public safety areas of interest,
5	including SF Police Department staffing levels, academy classes and civilianization,
6	crime prevention and response with a focus on vehicle break-ins, community
7	approaches to public safety, gun violence restraining orders, youth and vocational
8	services, Muni driver security, Vision Zero, narcotics arrests and convictions, and the
9	jails; and
10	WHEREAS, In addition to the 2018 Budget and Legislative Analyst audit of the
11	Police Department which made recommendations with regards to civilianization and
12	scheduling, there are two staffing reports in progress that should be completed by
13	summer 2019 with key recommendations for police staffing, including the City
14	Controller's Office civilianization analysis and the Matrix study on sworn and non-sworn
15	staffing levels; and
16	WHEREAS, As of April 19, 2019, there are 1,886 full-duty sworn officers in the
17	Police Department, and the Department plans to graduate and hire 137 academy
18	graduates by October 2019, which will meet and exceed the Charter mandate of 1,971
19	sworn officers; and
20	WHEREAS, The Police Department budgeted 25 positions to be civilianized for
21	2018-2019, and six of those positions have been filled with the rest still in progress; and
22	WHEREAS, The clearance rates for property crime as well as narcotics cases
23	have been decreasing in recent years; and
24	WHEREAS, The number of thefts from vehicles in 2018 had decreased from
25	2017, totaling 24,555 and averaging 67 thefts per day; and

1	WHEREAS, The Police Department has increased the use of foot patrols almost
2	threefold between March 2016 and March 2019; and
3	WHEREAS While San Francisco has seen a recent increase in collisions and

WHEREAS, While San Francisco has seen a recent increase in collisions and pedestrian fatalities, the Police Department has increased staffing for traffic enforcement to deter collisions, including an increase of ten officers and a motorcycle training class to increase staffing resources; and

WHEREAS, The Budget and Legislative Analyst identified mental health and substance use to be a key budget priority for the Board of Supervisors, as reflected in their presentation to the Budget and Finance Committee on March 13, 2019, and which is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 190265, which is declared to be a part of this Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and

WHEREAS, The Budget and Finance Committee held a "Budget Priority Hearing" on May 1, 2019, on Mental Health and Substance Use featuring presentations by the Department of Public Health, Budget and Legislative Analyst, and key community stakeholders, to assess current funding levels, determine funding gaps and opportunities, and strategies employed by various departments to address behavioral health, which is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 190369, and which is hereby declared to be a part of this Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and

WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors identified several behavioral health areas of interest, including outreach services, residential treatment beds for individuals stepping down from involuntary holds, intensive case managers and psychiatrists to ensure immediate access, and measures to reduce recidivism among individuals with behavioral health diagnoses in the criminal justice system; and

1	WHEREAS, The Department of Public Health has outlined many points of entry
2	into the behavioral health system, including primary care and hospital, community
3	providers, homeless services, behavior health access center, justice-involved systems,
4	city partners and one's self; and

WHEREAS, The Department of Public Health outlines the range of behavioral health services that are offered, including prevention and early intervention, outpatient treatment, residential treatment, crisis programs, hospitalization and involuntary treatment, and locked facilities; and

WHEREAS, There is currently approximately \$260,000,000 in funding allocated for mental health services, and \$45,000,000 allocated for substance use disorder services; and

WHEREAS, The Department of Public Health has identified two primary challenges within the behavioral health system, as a 20 percent vacancy rate for behavioral health clinicians and a 23 percent vacancy rate for county psychiatrists, and treatment for individuals with unique needs who are experiencing homelessness; and

WHEREAS, The Department of Public Health has identified three priorities for the coming year, including increasing outreach and health services in shelters and navigation centers, expanding behavioral health respite beds, and expanding mental health and co-occurring residential treatment beds; and

WHEREAS, Members of the Budget and Finance committee identified additional challenges with regards to the city's behavioral health system, including a lack of data in terms of wait times and tracking clients particularly for psychiatric emergency services, not enough treatment on demand and a lack of available beds, the cycling in and out of individuals from and to the behavioral health system, and a lack of housing solutions for people exiting acute mental health care; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors herein urges the Mayor to prioritize key public safety investments in the FY2019-2020 budget, including an increase in officers assigned to foot patrols and traffic enforcement, language access strategies for police officers, gun violence and property crime prevention, and technology and infrastructure investments; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors herein urges the Mayor to prioritize key policy changes within the Police Department, particularly with the department's staffing model, including civilianization efforts and scheduling changes, to maximize existing investments for public safety; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors herein urges the Mayor to prioritize key behavioral health investments in the FY2019-2020 budget, including additional resources and coordination to realize true treatment on demand, additional beds for long-term care, step-down beds for individuals released from acute psychiatric in-patient care, community-based treatment for forensically-involved and dual-diagnosis individuals with complex health challenges, diversion from Psychiatric Emergency Services where applicable, mobile outreach with diagnosis and referral capacity, more medical respite and psychiatric respite shelter beds to prevent the cycle of hospital to street, and investment to acquire cooperative living units for individuals with chronic mental health needs.