| 1 | [Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 38 (Hill) - Flavored Tobacco Products] |
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| 3 | Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 38, authored by Senator Jerry |
| 4 | Hill and co-authored by Senators Steve Glazer, Mike McGuire, and Anthony Portantino, |
| 5 | to restrict sales of flavored e-cigarettes and all other flavored tobacco products to |
| 6 | combat use by youths. |
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| 8 | WHEREAS, Existing law, the Stop Tobacco Access to Kids Enforcement Act, prohibits |
| 9 | a person from selling or otherwise furnishing tobacco products, as defined, to a person under |
| 10 | 21 years of age; and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, Despite the progress reducing smoking, tobacco use remains the leading |
| 12 | cause of preventable death in the United States, killing more than 480,000 people each year |
| 13 | in many forms of cancer, heart disease and respiratory diseases, among other health |
| 14 | disorders which are more than AIDS, alcohol, car accidents, illegal drugs, murders and |
| 15 | suicides combined; and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, Electronic cigarettes (or "e-cigarettes") entered the marketplace around |
| 17 | 2007, and since 2014, they have been the most commonly used tobacco product among |
| 18 | youth in the United States; and |
| 19 | WHEREAS, E-cigarettes are frequently marketed in a variety of flavors with obvious |
| 20 | appeal to youth, such as fruit, gummy bear, cotton candy, chocolate, vanilla, honey, cocoa, |
| 21 | dessert, alcoholic beverage, menthol, mint, wintergreen, herb, or spice; and |
| 22 | WHEREAS, A 2016 study found that 78.2% of middle and high school students - 20.5 |
| 23 | million youth - had been exposed to e-cigarette advertisements from at least one source, an |
| 24 | increase from 68.9% only two years before, in 2014; and |
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| 1 | WHEREAS, According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the number |
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| 2 | of middle and high school students who reported being current users of tobacco products |
| 3 | increased 36% - from 3.6 million to 4.9 million students - between 2017 and 2018; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS, Flavored tobacco products are commonly sold by California tobacco |
| 5 | retailers; for example: 97.4% of stores that sell cigarettes sell menthol cigarettes; 94.5% of |
| 6 | stores that sell little cigars sell them in flavored varieties; 84.2% of stores that sell electronic |
| 7 | smoking devices sell flavored varieties; and 83.8% of stores that sell chew or snus sell |
| 8 | flavored varieties; and |
| 9 | WHEREAS, Each day, about 2,500 children in the United States try their first cigarette |
| 10 | and another 400 children under 18 years of age become new regular, daily smokers; 81% of |
| 11 | youth who have ever used a tobacco product report that the first tobacco product they used |
| 12 | was flavored; and |
| 13 | WHEREAS, Flavored tobacco products promote youth initiation of tobacco use and |
| 14 | help young occasional smokers to become daily smokers by reducing or masking the natural |
| 15 | harshness and taste of tobacco smoke and thereby increasing the appeal of tobacco |
| 16 | products; and |
| 17 | WHEREAS, As tobacco companies well know, menthol, in particular, cools and numbs |
| 18 | the throat to reduce throat irritation and make the smoke feel smoother, making menthol |
| 19 | cigarettes an appealing option for youth who are initiating tobacco use; and |
| 20 | WHEREAS, It is therefore unsurprising that young people are much more likely to use |
| 21 | menthol-, candy- and fruit-flavored tobacco products, including not just cigarettes but also e- |
| 22 | cigarettes, cigars, cigarillos, and hookah tobacco, than adults; and |
| 23 | WHEREAS, Studies have shown that nicotine exposure during adolescence can harm |
| 24 | the developing brain impacting learning, memory, attention and increasing the addition to |

other drugs; and

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| 1 | WHEREAS, In addition to nicotine, the aerosol that users inhale and exhale from e- |
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| 2 | cigarettes can potentially expose both themselves and bystanders to other harmful |
| 3 | substances, including heavy metals, volatile organic compounds, and ultrafine particles that |
| 4 | can be inhaled deeply into the lungs; and |
| 5 | WHEREAS, In 2017, to address the appeal of flavored tobacco products to youth, the |
| 6 | City enacted Ordinance No. 140-17, prohibiting tobacco retail establishments from selling |
| 7 | flavored tobacco products and as a result of the referendum process, the ordinance was |
| 8 | placed before the voters, who approved the ordinance in June 2018 (Proposition E) by a |
| 9 | majority of 68.39%; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 38 will expand these efforts to prohibit the sale of flavored |
| 11 | tobacco products statewide; now, therefore, be it |
| 12 | RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges |
| 13 | the California Legislature and Governor Gavin Newsom to support and pass California State |
| 14 | Senate Bill No. 38; and, be it |
| 15 | FURTHER RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco Board of |
| 16 | Supervisors hereby directs the Clerk of the Board to send a copy of this resolution to the |
| 17 | Governor of the State of California, the California State Assembly, the California State Senate |
| 18 | and California Senator Jerry Hill. |
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