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Completed	by: Linda Wong	Date	January 24, 2020
	by: Linda Wong	Date	

[California Constitution Appropriations Limit - FY2019-2020 - \$5,528,830,486]

Resolution establishing the appropriations limit of \$5,528,830,486 for FY2019-2020 pursuant to California Constitution, Article XIII B.

WHEREAS, Article XIII B of the California Constitution provides that the annual appropriations of the City and County of San Francisco which are subject to said Article may not exceed the Appropriations Limit for the prior year, with adjustments as provided in said Article XIII B; and

WHEREAS, The California Government Code, Section 7901, defines the terms, and Section 7902(b) sets forth the equations to be used to determine the City and County of San Francisco's annual Appropriations Limit, according to the following formula:

(b) "...the appropriations limit of the state and each local jurisdiction shall equal the appropriations limit for the prior fiscal year multiplied by the product of the change in cost of living, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 8 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution, and the change in population of the local jurisdiction for the calendar year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year for which the appropriations limit is to be determined, and adjusted for other changes required or permitted by Article XIII B of the California Constitution;" and

WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Section 8(e)(2) of the California Constitution authorizes the calculation of the cost of living, either the use of the percentage change in California percapita personal income from the preceding year, or the use of the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local non-residential new construction; and

WHEREAS, The change in California per-capita personal income in FY2018-2019 was 3.85%, while the percentage change in the local assessment roll in 2018 due to the addition of local non-residential new construction was 23.65%; and

WHEREAS, The percentage change in population during calendar year 2018 for the City and County of San Francisco according to the California Department of Finance was 0.33%; and

WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Section 4 of the California Constitution authorizes voters to approve an increase in the Appropriations Limit for up to four years; and

WHEREAS, Voters approved three measures, the Soda and Sugary Sweetened
Beverages Tax (Proposition V-November 2016), the increase in the Real Estate Transfer Tax
(Proposition W-November 2016), and the Tax on Cannabis Businesses (Proposition D-November 2018), that increased the Appropriations Limit by the aggregate sum collected by the levy of these taxes; and

WHEREAS, The aggregate sum collected by the levy of these taxes through FY2019-2020 is projected to be \$139,717,381; and

WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Sections 8(h) and 10.5 of the California Constitution establish that the Base Appropriations Limit for a local government is equal to the appropriations subject to limitation in FY1986-1987; and

WHEREAS, The Base Appropriations Limit for FY2018-2019 is \$4,343,960,284; and WHEREAS, The resulting calculation establishing the City and County of San Francisco's FY2019-2020 Appropriations Limit is:

\$4,343,960,284 X 1.0033 X 1.236519 + \$139,717,381 = \$5,528,830,486; and
WHEREAS, This matter has been considered at a regularly scheduled meeting of the
Board of Supervisors for the City and County of San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, The documentation used to determine the Appropriations Limit for the City and County of San Francisco for FY2019-2020 was available for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for at least 15 days prior to said regularly scheduled meeting; now, therefore, be it RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco elects to use the percentage

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco elects to use the percentage change in the local assessment roll from 2018 due to the addition of local non-residential new construction and the percent change in population within its jurisdiction from the previous year for the purpose of computation of its Appropriations Limit pursuant to Article XIII B of the California Constitution for FY2019-2020; and, be it

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FURTHER RESOLVED, That the net appropriations limit for FY 2019-2020 is established at \$5,528,830,486.

Recommended:

Ben Roserfield

Controller

Item 9	Department:
File 20-0008	Controller's Office (Controller)

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### **Legislative Objectives**

• The proposed resolution would establish the City's FY 2019-20 appropriations limit at \$5,528,830,486, as calculated by the Controller. The appropriations limit for FY 2019-20 is based on the amount of the FY 2018-19 appropriations limit and adjusted to reflect increases in (1) the population and (2) cost of living (calculated using the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction).

#### **Key Points**

The California Constitution places annual limits on the appropriations of tax proceeds made by the State, school districts, and local governments in California. The annual appropriations limit is based on the appropriations limit for the preceding fiscal year and adjusted for (1) the change in population, and (2) the change in the cost of living. There are two definitions that local governments may use to calculate the cost of living adjustment: (1) the change in California per capita personal income, or (2) the change in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. The City is allowed to choose whichever percentage change is higher. In FY 2018-19, the growth in personal income was 3.85 percent and the roll growth due to new nonresidential construction was 23.65 percent. Consequently, the Controller's Office is using the non-residential construction for the cost of living factor to calculate the appropriations limit.

#### Fiscal Impact

- The appropriations limit does not apply to tax proceeds appropriated for: (a) debt service, (b) federal mandates for Social Security and Medicare, and (c) qualified capital outlays. Consequently, the Controller excluded \$806,528,808 from the City's total FY 2019-20 tax proceeds of \$4,879,698,132, resulting in net tax proceeds subject to the appropriations limit of \$4,073,169,324.
- The City's FY 2019-20 appropriation limit, as calculated by the Controller, is \$5,528,830,486. The FY 2019-20 net tax proceeds of \$4,073,169,324 are \$1,455,661,162 less than the FY 2019-20 appropriation limit of \$5,528,830,486.

#### **Policy Consideration**

• For the FY 2019-20 appropriations limit, the Controller elected to use the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction to calculate the cost of living adjustment, consequently calculating the appropriations limit at \$5,528,830,486. Had the Controller elected to use the percentage change in per-capita personal income from the preceding year, the appropriations limit would have been calculated at \$4,665,807,105

#### Recommendation

Approve the proposed resolution.

#### **MANDATE STATEMENT**

California Constitution Article XIIIB states that each local government must set an annual appropriation limit as calculated using the preceding year's appropriations limit adjusted for (1) the change in population and (2) the change in the cost of living.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Proposition 4, known as the Gann Initiative and approved by California voters in November 1979, added Article XIIIB to the California Constitution. Article XIIIB (later amended by State Proposition 111, as approved by the voters in June of 1990) places annual limits on the appropriations of tax proceeds made by the State, school districts, and local governments in California. The annual appropriations limit is based on the appropriations limit for the preceding fiscal year and adjusted for (1) the change in population, and (2) the change in the cost of living.

Per Article XIIIB Section 9 and California Government Code Section 7901, the appropriations limit does not apply to any tax proceeds appropriated for (a) debt service, (b) federal mandates for Social Security and Medicare, (c) qualified capital outlays, and (d) other federal mandates.

California Government Code Section 7901(b) defines the change in population as the population growth for the calendar year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year for which the appropriations limit is to be determined. According to the California Department of Finance, in calendar year 2018, San Francisco's population growth was 0.33 percent.

California Constitution Article XIIIB Section 8(e)2 allows the local government to use one of the two following definitions to calculate the cost of living adjustment:

**Definition 1:** The percentage change in California per-capita personal income from the preceding year, estimated to be 3.85 percent in FY 2018-19, or

**Definition 2:** The percentage change for the local jurisdiction in the assessment roll from the preceding year due to non-residential new construction, estimated to be 23.65 percent in FY 2018-19.

#### DETAILS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

The proposed resolution would establish the City's FY 2019-20 appropriations limit at \$5,528,830,486, as calculated by the Controller. The appropriations limit for FY 2019-20 is based on the amount of the FY 2018-19 appropriations limit and adjusted to reflect increases in (1) the population and (2) cost of living (calculated using the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction).

# **FISCAL IMPACT**

#### **Cost of Living Factor**

Cost of living is determined by using either the change in California per capita personal income or the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. According to the Controller's Office, the City is allowed to choose whichever percentage change is higher.

As mentioned above, in FY 2018-19, the growth in personal income was 3.85 percent and the roll growth due to new nonresidential construction was 23.65 percent. Consequently, the Controller's Office is using the non-residential construction for the cost of living factor to calculate the appropriations limit.

#### **Fiscal Impact**

As mentioned above, the appropriations limit does not apply to tax proceeds appropriated for: (a) debt service, (b) federal mandates for Social Security and Medicare, and (c) qualified capital outlays. Consequently, the Controller excluded \$806,528,808 from the City's total FY 2019 20 tax proceeds of \$4,879,698,132, as shown in Table 1 below, resulting in net tax proceeds subject to the appropriations limit of \$4,073,169,324.

Table 1: Estimated Tax Proceeds Subject to the Proposed Appropriations Limit

FY 2019-20 Net Tax Proceeds Subject to Appropriations Limit	\$4,073,169,324		
Subtotal Exclusions	(806,528,808)		
(c) Qualified Capital Outlays	(222,763,122)		
(b) Federal Mandate for Social Security/Medicare	(118,194,234)		
(a) Debt Service	(465,571,452)		
Exclusions			
FY 2019-20 Estimated Total Tax Proceeds*	\$4,879,698,132		

<sup>\*</sup>Includes property taxes, excess Education Revenue Augmentation Fund revenues, business taxes, other local taxes, and interest

Section 4 of Article XIIIB provides that the appropriations limit may be changed by the voters for up to four years. In November 2016, the voters approved two measures that included increases to the appropriations limit: The Soda and Sugary Sweetened Beverages Tax (Proposition V) and the Real Estate Transfer Tax (Proposition W). In November 2018, the voters approved the measure on the Cannabis Business Tax Increase (Proposition D). In November 2019, voters approved the Traffic Congestion Mitigation Tax (Proposition D). These voter-approved measures increased the appropriations limit by the aggregate sum collected from these taxes. The Controller found that the adjustment was equal to approximately \$139,717,381. After FY 2019-20, the voter-approved overrides for the Sugary Sweetened Beverages Tax and the Real Estate Transfer Tax expire. In FY 2020-21, the Controller estimates that the total voter override from the remaining taxes will fall to approximately \$55.3 million.

In June 2018, voters approved the Commercial Rent Tax for Childcare and Early Education (Proposition C) and a City parcel tax for the benefit of the San Francisco Unified School District (Proposition G). In November 2018, voters approved the Our City, Our Home Tax for homelessness services (Proposition C). All three measures included temporary overrides to raise the appropriations limit. However, these measures are currently in litigation and consequently, the City is collecting but not recognizing any revenue. When the revenue from these taxes is recognized, it will be included as proceeds of taxes for the appropriations limit. The voter-approved override for these taxes cannot extend longer than four years from the date the measures were approved, regardless of when the revenue is recognized.

As shown on Table 2 below, the City's FY 2019-20 appropriation limit, as calculated by the Controller, is \$5,528,830,486. The FY 2019-20 net tax proceeds of \$4,073,169,324 shown in Table 1 above are \$1,455,661,162 less than the FY 2019-20 appropriation limit of \$5,528,830,486.

Table 2: Proposed FY 2019-20 Appropriations Limit

FY 2018-19 Appropriations Limit	\$4,343,960,284
Adjustment Factors <sup>a</sup>	
Increase in Population	0.33%
Roll Growth Due to New Nonresidential Construction	23.6519%
Subtotal	\$5,389,113,105
Voter approved limit changes	139,717,381
FY 2019-20 Appropriations Limit <sup>a</sup>	\$5,528,830,486

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The annual appropriations limit is a formula set by the California Constitution. The Controller calculated the FY 2019-20 appropriations limit based on the increase in the City's population and the increase in the local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction as follows:  $$4,343,960,284 \times 1.0033 \times 1.236519$ . This added to the voter approved limit changes of \$139,717,381 equals \$5,528,830,486. (Note that calculations are not exact but estimates because of rounding numbers).

#### **POLICY CONSIDERATION**

Source: Controller's Office

As noted above, the Controller has discretion to calculate the cost of living adjustment factor using one of two following definitions:

**Definition 1:** The percentage change in California per-capita personal income from the preceding year, estimated to be 3.85 percent in FY 2018-19, or

**Definition 2:** The percentage change for the local jurisdiction in the assessment roll from the preceding year due to local non-residential new construction, estimated to be 23.65 percent in FY 2018-19.

Table 3 below shows the FY 2019-20 appropriations limit using both definitions.

Table 3: FY 2019-20 Appropriations Limit by Definition

	Definition 1	Definition 2
	Per-Capita Personal Income	Local Assessment Roll from Non- Residential New Construction
FY 2018-19 Appropriations Limit	\$4,343,960,284	\$4,343,960,284
Adjustment Factors		
Increase in Population	0.33%	0.33%
Increase in Per-Capita Personal Income	3.85%	-
Increase in Local Assessment Roll	-	23.6519%
Subtotal	\$4,526,089,724	\$5,389,113,105
Voter Approved	139,717,381	139,717,381
FY 2019-20 Appropriations Limit	\$4,665,807,105	\$5,528,830,486

For the FY 2019-20 appropriations limit, the Controller elected to use the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction to calculate the cost of living adjustment, consequently calculating the appropriations limit at \$5,528,830,486, as shown in Table 2 above. Had the Controller elected to use the percentage change in per-capita personal income from the preceding year, the appropriations limit, as shown in Table 3 above, would have been calculated at \$4,665,807,105, which is (a) \$863,023,381 less than the proposed appropriations limit of \$5,528,830,486 and (b) \$592,637,781 more than the Controller's estimate of net tax proceeds subject to the appropriations limit of \$4,073,169,324, as shown in Table 1 above.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Approve the proposed resolution.

California Constitution Article XIIIB Appropriations Limit
Fiscal Year 2019-20 Final Budget
Exhibit A - Appropriations Funded by Proceeds of Taxes Subject to Limit

# Fiscal Year 2019-20

## **Proceeds of Taxes**

	General Fund	С	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Property Tax	\$ 1,771,000,000	\$	610,490,045	\$ 2,381,490,045
Excess ERAF	185,008,000		-	185,008,000
Business Tax	1,050,620,000		22,100,000	1,072,720,000
Other Local Taxes	1,144,376,000		33,441,000	1,177,817,000
Interest	57,083,334		449,754	57,533,087
State Subventions	3,790,000		1,340,000	5,130,000
Total Proceeds of Tax	\$ 4,211,877,334	\$	667,820,799	\$ 4,879,698,132

**Excludable Appropriations** 

Total Excludable Appropriations	\$	806,528,808
Debt Service		465,571,452
Qualified Capital Outlays		222,763,122
FICA Expenditures	\$	118,194,234

Net Proceeds of Taxes:	\$	4,073,169,324
	and the second	

Appropriations Limit Calculation

Appropriations Limit for	FY 2019-20	\$ .	5,528,830,486
Temporary Voter Approve	d Overrides		139,717,381
Base Limit for FY 2019-20			5,389,113,105
	Total Adjustment	24.0599%	,
	Cost of Living Adjustment	23.6519%	
	Population Adjustment	0.3300%	
Base Limit for FY 2018-19			4,343,960,284

FY 2019-20 Appropriations Under (Over) Statutory Limit	\$ 1,455,661,162

# California Constitution Article XIIIB Appropriations Limit Fiscal Year 2019-20 Final Budget Exhibit B - Appropriations Limit Calculation

Cost of Living Factor: Use the maximum of CA Per-Capital Personal Income Change, or the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction.

Cost of Living Change	14	23.6519%
Roll Growth Due to New Nonresidential Construction	n · ·	23.6519%
CA Per-Capita Personal Income change		3.85%

Population Factor: Use the maximum of either CCSF population growth, or the population growth of the 9 bay area counties if it exceeds the Roll Growth cost of living factor.

Population Percentage Change		0.33%
CCSF and Surrounding Counties	*	0.41%
County of San Francisco		0.33%

Calculation of Appropriations Limit: Inflate the prior year Base Gann Limit (i.e., before voter overrides) by the Cost of Living and Population factors above.

Appropriations Limit FY 2019-20	\$5,528,830,486
Voter approved Limit changes:	139,717,381
Base Appropriations Limit FY 2019-20	5,389,113,105
Population Grwoth Factor	1.00330
Cost of Living Growth Factor	1.23652
Base Appropriations Limit FY 2018-19	4,343,960,284



# OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

Ben Rosenfield Controller Todd Rydstrom Deputy Controller

December 19, 2019

Mayor London Breed City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 200 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Appropriations Limit for Fiscal Year 2019-20

Dear Mayor Breed and Board Members:

In accordance with Article XIII B of the State Constitution, attached is the resolution establishing the City and County's annual appropriations limit for FY 2019-20. We estimate City and County appropriations are approximately \$1,456 million below the state-mandated appropriations limit.

#### Background

Article XIII B of the State Constitution provides that annual appropriations of the City and County of San Francisco that are funded from "Proceeds of Taxes" may not exceed the City and County's appropriations limit. This limit is equal to the prior year's limit adjusted for changes in population and cost of living.

Our computation of proceeds of taxes is in accordance with California Government Code Section 7900 and conforms to "Article XIIIB California Constitution Appropriations Limit Procedure Guidelines for California Counties" prepared by the County Accounting Standards and Procedures Committee (See Exhibit A).

## **Annual Appropriations Limit Adjustments**

Each year the City and County of San Francisco adjusts its appropriations limit based upon two factors: population growth and the cost of living as determined by California Government Code. Population growth is determined using the change in San Francisco City and County population. According to the California Department of Finance, between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2019, San Francisco City and County population growth was 0.33%. This growth factor is used in the calculation. Cost of living is determined using either the change in California per capita personal income or the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. The change in per capita income for fiscal year 2018-19 is 3.85%, while the local assessment growth in 2018 due to non-residential new construction is 23.65%. The fiscal year 2019-20 increase in local assessment growth is used in the appropriations limit calculation (See Exhibit B).

#### Adjustments to Proceeds of Taxes

There are certain appropriations that are excluded from proceeds of taxes, as allowed by Article XIII B. The following exclusions are factored into our calculation of Net Proceeds of Taxes:

- (1) \$465.6 million is excluded as bonded indebtedness (Article XIII B, Section 9(a));
- (2) \$118.2 million is excluded as the federal mandate for Social Security and Medicare payroll taxes (Article XIII B, Section 9(b)); and,
- (3) \$222.8 million is excluded under the determination of "qualified capital outlay" (Article XIII B Section 9(e)).

#### Adjustments to the Appropriations Limit

Article XIII B allows voters to approve an increase to the appropriations limit for up to four years. In the past four years, voters approved three measures, the Soda and Sugary Sweetened Beverages Tax, the increase in the Real Estate Transfer Tax, and the Tax on Cannabis Businesses, that increased the appropriations limit by the aggregate sum collected by the levy of these taxes. This adjustment raises the FY 2019-20 appropriations limit by \$139.7 million.

In June 2018, voters approved the Commercial Rent tax for Housing and Homelessness Services and a City parcel tax for the benefit of the San Francisco Unified School District. In November 2018, voters approved Our City, Our Home gross receipts tax. All three measures included temporary overrides to raise the appropriations limit. However, these measures are currently in litigation and consequently, the City is not recognizing any revenue from these measures or including them as proceeds of taxes. The override cannot extend further than four years after the date the measure was approved by voters regardless of when these revenues are recognized.

# City and County Appropriations are under the Limit

The appropriations limit for FY 2019-20 is \$5,528,830,486. We estimate that appropriations subject to limitation will be \$4,073,169,324. Thus, the Controller projects that the City and County will be \$1,455,661,162 below its limit in the current fiscal year.

It is the Controller's responsibility to monitor this appropriations limit each year for compliance. If the sum of adjusted appropriations for two consecutive fiscal years exceeds the sum of the appropriations limits for those two fiscal years, the excess must be returned to the taxpayers in the two subsequent fiscal years.

Sincerely,

Ben Rosenfield Controller

**Attachments** 

CC:

Kelly Kirkpatrick, Mayor's Budget Director

Dennis Herrera, City Attorney Jana Clark, Deputy City Attorney Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board Harvey Rose, Budget Analyst



# BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER CITY AND COUNTY OF SAFE FRANKLISCHS AV AND COUNTY OF SAFE FRANKLISCHS

Ben Rosenfield Controller Todd Rydstrom

**Deputy Controller** 

December 19, 2019

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

RE:

Legislation to Establish the Appropriations Limit for Fiscal Year 2019-20, Pursuant to California Constitution Article XIIIB.

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

Enclosed is the above referenced resolution to set the City and County's appropriation limit for Fiscal Year 2019-20, as required by Government Code Section 7910. The necessary supporting documentation prepared by the Controller's Office is also enclosed.

This information must be posted and available for public inspection for fifteen days prior to a public hearing. Our working papers are available upon request at the Controller's Office, Room 316.

Please contact Michelle Allersma at (415) 554-4792 if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Ben Rosenfield Controller

**Enclosures** 

- 1) California Spending Limit Resolution
- 2) Transmittal to Mayor and Board of Supervisors
- 3) Supporting Documents Exhibits