CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address			Block/Lot(s)				
BOS FILE #191258 - Administrative Code - Hotel Conversion Ordinance							
Case No.			Permit No.				
2020-000351ENV							
Ad	ldition/	Demolition (requires HRE for	New				
Alt	teration	Category B Building)	Construction				
BOS by am definition conversion short-	Project description for Planning Department approval. BOS FILE #191258: Ordinance repealing Ordinance Nos. 38-17 and 102-19, and reenacting certain provisions by amending the Administrative Code to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpeonas; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.						
STEP 1: EXEMPTION CLASS The project has been determined to be categorically exempt under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).							
	Class 1 - Existin	g Facilities. Interior and exterior alterations; addit	ions under 10,000 sq. ft.				
		onstruction. Up to three new single-family resider rcial/office structures; utility extensions; change of a CU.					
	10,000 sq. ft. and (a) The project is policies as well at (b) The proposed substantially surful (c) The project stantially surful (d) Approval of the water quality. (e) The site can	I Development. New Construction of seven or mod meets the conditions described below: so consistent with the applicable general plan designs with applicable zoning designation and regulated development occurs within city limits on a project rounded by urban uses. The project would not result in any significant effect the adequately served by all required utilities and particular and particular planning use only	nation and all applicable general plan ons. It site of no more than 5 acres threatened species. Is relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or				
		Exemption: CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3 project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 a	·				

STEP 2: CEQA IMPACTS

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

	Air Quality: Would the project add new sensitive receptors (specifically, schools, day care facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities within an Air Pollution Exposure Zone? Does the project have the potential to emit substantial pollutant concentrations (e.g., backup diesel generators, heavy industry, diesel trucks, etc.)? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Air Pollution Exposure Zone)			
	Hazardous Materials: If the project site is located on the Maher map or is suspected of containing hazardous materials (based on a previous use such as gas station, auto repair, dry cleaners, or heavy manufacturing, or a site with underground storage tanks): Would the project involve 50 cubic yards or more of soil disturbance - or a change of use from industrial to residential?			
	if the applicant presents documentation of enrollment in the San Francisco Department of Public Health (DPH) Maher program, a DPH waiver from the Maher program, or other documentation from Environmental Planning staff that hazardous material effects would be less than significant (refer to EP_ArcMap > Maher layer).			
	Transportation: Does the project involve a child care facility or school with 30 or more students, or a location 1,500 sq. ft. or greater? Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety (hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?			
	Archeological Resources: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-archeological sensitive area? If yes, archeo review is required (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive Area)			
	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or lot line adjustment on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography). If yes, Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.			
	Slope = or > 25%: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.			
	Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.			
	Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.			
Comments and Planner Signature (optional): Joy Navarrete				
SEE BOS 191258 Catex Attachment Hotel Conversion Ordinance CEQA Impacts				

STEP 3: PROPERTY STATUS - HISTORIC RESOURCE TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER PROPERTY IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Property Information Map) Category A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5. Category B: Potential Historical Resource (over 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 4. Category C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 6. STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER Check all that apply to the project. 1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included. 2. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building. 3. Window replacement that meets the Department's Window Replacement Standards. Does not include storefront window alterations. 4. Garage work. A new opening that meets the Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts, and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines. 5. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way. 6. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way. 7. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows. 8. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a П single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features. Note: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding. Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5. Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5. Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5. Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6. STEP 5: CEQA IMPACTS - ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER Check all that apply to the project. 1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4. 2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces. 3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character. 4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.

5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining

6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic

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photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.

features.

	7. Addition(s) , including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the <i>Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation</i> .				
	8. Other work consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Stand Properties (specify or add comments):	dards for the Treatment of Historic			
	Other work that would not materially impair a historic district (specify or add comments):			
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Ш					
	(Requires approval by Senior Preservation Planner/Preservation Coordinator)				
	10. Reclassification of property status . (Requires approval by Planner/Preservation	Senior Preservation			
	Reclassify to Category A	Reclassify to Category C			
	a. Per HRER or PTR dated	(attach HRER or PTR)			
	b. Other (specify):				
	Note: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Prese	ervation Planner MUST sign below.			
	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.				
Comm	ents (optional):				
Preser	vation Planner Signature:				
STE	P 6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION				
	BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER				
	No further environmental review is required. The project is ca	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	There are no unusual circumstances that would result in a real effect.	asonable possibility of a significant			
	Project Approval Action:	Signature:			
	Board of Supervisors Ordinance adoption	Joy Navarrete			
		02/19/2020			
	Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter				
	31of the Administrative Code. In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be				
	filed within 30 days of the project receiving the approval action. Please note that other approval actions may be required for the project. Please contact the assigned planner for these approvals.				

STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

MODIFIED PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Modified Project Description:							
DE	TERMINATION IF PROJECT (CONSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFICATION					
Com	pared to the approved project, w	rould the modified project:					
	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;						
	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;						
	Result in demolition as defined under Planning Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?						
	Is any information being presented that was not known and could not have been known						
	at the time of the original determination, that shows the originally approved project may no longer qualify for the exemption?						
If at least one of the above boxes is checked, further environmental review is required.							
DET	ERMINATION OF NO SUBSTA	NTIAL MODIFICATION					
	The proposed modification would not result in any of the above changes.						
If this box is checked, the proposed modifications are categorically exempt under CEQA, in accordance with prior project approval and no additional environmental review is required. This determination shall be posted on the Planning Department							
website	e and office and mailed to the applicant	, City approving entities, and anyone requesting written notice. In accordance					
with Chapter 31, Sec 31.08j of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of this determination can be filed within 10 days of posting of this determination.							
Plan	ner Name:	Date:					

BOS 191258 Not a Project and Common Sense Exemption

In evaluating the appropriate level of environmental review, the lead agency must first establish whether the proposed activity is subject to CEQA. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c), an activity is not subject to CEQA if: (1) The activity does not involve the exercise of discretionary powers by a public agency; (2) The activity will not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment; or (3) The activity is not a project as defined in Section 15378.

BOS File #191258 is an ordinance to amend the Administrative Code to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas. Adoption of an ordinance is clearly an activity undertaken by a public agency and thus is a potential "project" under CEQA. Nevertheless, enactment of the ordinance does not qualify as a "project" under CEQA because there is no basis to conclude that it "may cause either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment." In determining whether an activity may create a "reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment," as required to be a "project" under CEQA, it is important to understand that a physical change is identified by comparing existing physical conditions with the physical conditions that are predicted to exist when an activity of the type or kind as the proposed activity has been implemented. The difference between these two sets of physical conditions, if any, is the relevant "physical change" for CEQA purposes. (Pub. Res. Code § 21065).

Here, reenactment and amendment of certain provisions of the Administrative Code in the proposed legislation is not the type or kind of activity that would result in a direct physical change in the environment, as the legislation does not include a proposal for a specific physical project, such as construction of new hotels or rehabilitation of existing ones.

Furthermore, the legislation is not the type or kind of activity that would cause a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment, either, because indirect physical changes in the environment do not result from ordinances that solely relate to administrative and procedural issues such as the ones addressed by the legislation. Any potential physical changes that may be caused by enactment of the proposed legislation are too speculative or unlikely to be considered reasonably foreseeable. The ordinance would not change the locations in which hotels are permitted in the city. Instead, both before and after adoption of the legislation, hotels are allowable in locations spread throughout the city. The types of activities associated with the occupants of existing residential hotels would not change. Therefore, whatever impacts these residential hotels have on the physical environment today, prior to the adoption of the proposed legislation, would remain the same, as there is no change in the fundamental nature of the use.

The amounts of services (transit, gas, water, electricity, medical, safety, etc.) used by residential hotel tenants will not change as a result of the ordinance. Therefore, this legislation does not lead to reasonably foreseeable indirect physical changes in the environment, because it would lead to no adverse change in physical environmental conditions.

Also, the planning department determined that BOS File #191258 is exempt from environmental review under the common sense exemption, pursuant CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3), as the project has no potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA.