

File No. 200261

Committee Item No. _____

Board Item No. 24

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: _____

Date: _____

Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date: June 30, 2020

Cmte Board

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Motion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Resolution |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Ordinance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Legislative Digest |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Budget and Legislative Analyst Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Youth Commission Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Introduction Form |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | MOU |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Grant Information Form |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Grant Budget |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Subcontract Budget |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Contract/Agreement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Form 126 – Ethics Commission |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Award Letter |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Application |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Public Correspondence |

OTHER

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Appeal Letter - 03/02/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Appellant Supplement Appeal Materials - 03/18/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Planning Department Appeal Response - 03/16/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Project Sponsor Appeal Response - 03/13/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Appellant Supplemental Appeal Materials - 03/13/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Continuance Notice - 03/20/20</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Hearing Notices and Clerical Documents</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | _____ |

Prepared by: Lisa Lew

Date: June 19, 2020

Prepared by: Lisa Lew

Date: June 26, 2020

RECEIVED
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO
**NOTICE TO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF APPEAL
FROM ACTION OF THE CITY PLANNING COMMISSION**

MAR -2 PM 2:01

BY ll

Notice is hereby given of an appeal to the Board of Supervisors from the following action of the City Planning Commission.

The property is located at 1420 TARAVAL ST.

JANUARY 30, 2020
Date of City Planning Commission Action
(Attach a Copy of Planning Commission's Decision)

MARCH 2, 2020
Appeal Filing Date

_____ The Planning Commission disapproved in whole or in part an application for reclassification of property, Case No. _____.

_____ The Planning Commission disapproved in whole or in part an application for establishment, abolition or modification of a set-back line, Case No. _____.

X _____ The Planning Commission approved in whole or in part an application for conditional use authorization, Case No. 2018-011904 CUA

_____ The Planning Commission disapproved in whole or in part an application for conditional use authorization, Case No. _____.

Statement of Appeal:

- a) Set forth the part(s) of the decision the appeal is taken from:

SEE ATTACHED

- b) Set forth the reasons in support of your appeal:

SEE ATTACHED

Person to Whom
Notices Shall Be Mailed

EILEEN BOKEN ON
BEHALF OF SUNSET-
PARKSIDE EDUCATION &

ACTION COMMITTEE (SPEAK)
Name

1329- 7TH AVE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94122

Address

Name and Address of Person Filing Appeal:

EILEEN BOKEN ON BEHALF
OF SUNSET- PARKSIDE
EDUCATION & ACTION

COMMITTEE (SPEAK)
Name

1329- 7TH AVE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94122

Address

PERSONAL: 415-680-5936

Telephone Number

PERSONAL: 415-680-5936

Telephone Number



Signature of Appellant or
Authorized Agent

The undersigned declare that they are hereby subscribers to this Notice of Appeal and are owners of property affected by the proposed amendment or conditional use (that is, owners of property within the area that is the subject of the application for amendment or conditional use, or within a radius of 300 feet of the exterior boundaries of the property).

If ownership has changed and assessment roll has not been amended, we attach proof of ownership change. If signing for a firm or corporation, proof of authorization to sign on behalf of the organization is attached.

Street Address, property owned	Assessor's Block & Lot	Printed Name of Owner(s)	Original Signature of Owner(s)
1. <u>2371 25th Ave.</u>	<u>2354/005</u>	<u>EVAN M. ROSEN</u>	<u>Evan M. Rosen</u>
2. <u>2371 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/005</u>	<u>Kathy R. Hirzel</u>	<u>Kathy R. Hirzel</u>
3. <u>2363 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/003</u>	<u>Helen Rumping He</u>	<u>Helen Rumping He</u>
4. <u>2351 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/001L</u>	<u>Helen Lee</u>	<u>Helen Lee</u>
5. <u>2351 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/001L</u>	<u>Johnston Choy</u>	<u>Johnston Choy</u>
6. <u>2379 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/007</u>	<u>Wing John Hui</u>	<u>Wing John Hui</u>
7. <u>2430 25th Ave</u>	<u>2401/032</u>	<u>Joyce A Garabedian</u>	<u>Joyce A Garabedian</u>
8. <u>2402 25th Ave</u>	<u>2401/034</u>	<u>Mark Farina</u>	<u>Mark Farina</u>
9. <u>2434 25th Ave</u>	<u>2401/031</u>	<u>Valery Ulanovsk</u>	<u>Valery Ulanovsk</u>
10. <u>2419 25th Ave</u>	<u>2400/002</u>	<u>John Lacy</u>	<u>John Lacy</u>
11. <u>2423 24th Ave</u>	<u>2401/002A</u>	<u>Vincent Haug</u>	<u>Vincent Haug</u>
12. <u>2423 24th Ave</u>	<u>2401/002A</u>	<u>MAURON WONG</u>	<u>MAURON WONG</u>
13. <u>2355 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/002</u>	<u>Philipp Pfeiffer</u>	<u>Philipp Pfeiffer</u>
14. <u>2369-25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/004</u>	<u>LAURA NG</u>	<u>LAURA NG</u>
15. <u>2378-2380 25th Ave</u>	<u>2353/015</u>	<u>Kenneth William</u>	<u>Kenneth William</u>
16. <u>2378-25th Ave</u>	<u>2353/015</u>	<u>Dustin William</u>	<u>Dustin William</u>
17. <u>2373 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/007</u>	<u>Yue Z Cai</u>	<u>Yue Z Cai</u>
18. <u>2426 24th Ave</u>	<u>2402/025A</u>	<u>TONY KIRKE</u>	<u>TONY KIRKE</u>
19. <u>2379 25th Ave</u>	<u>2354/007</u>	<u>Ray Lui</u>	<u>Ray Lui</u>
20. <u>2371 24th Ave</u>	<u>2353/005</u>	<u>Koji Tao</u>	<u>Koji Tao</u>
21. <u>2370 25th Ave</u>	<u>2353/017</u>	<u>Ngan Hui Lee</u>	<u>Ngan Hui Lee</u>
22. <u>1444 TRAVEL</u>	<u>2353/014</u>	<u>MMF Hui</u>	<u>MMF Hui</u>

RECEIVED
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO

2020 MAR -2 PM 2:02

City Planning Commission

Case No. 2018-011904CUA

The undersigned declare that they are hereby subscribers to this Notice of Appeal and are owners of property affected by the proposed amendment or conditional use (that is, owners of property within the area that is the subject of the application for amendment or conditional use, or within a radius of 300 feet of the exterior boundaries of the property.

If ownership has changed and assessment roll has not been amended, we attach proof of ownership change. If signing for a firm or corporation, proof of authorization to sign on behalf of the organization is attached.

	Street Address, property owned	Assessor's Block & Lot	Printed Name of Owner(s)	Original Signature of Owner(s)
1.	2375-25th Ave	2354/006	MYRON DONG	
2.	2350 25th Ave	2353/002C	SUSANNA TAYLOR	
3.	2426 25th Ave	2401/033	TIMOTHY BOXELL	
4.	2426 25th Ave	2401/033	KRIS A. BOXELL	
5.	2434-25th Ave	2401/031	ELIZABETH ULLANOVITZ	
6.	2358-25th Ave	2353/002A	FOOTROY HUI	
7.	2358-25th Ave	2353/002A	NANCY HUI	
8.	2347 25th Ave	2354/001K	SHIMMY LEE	
9.	2367 25th Ave	2353/031	TIM DUTTON	
10.	2367 25th Ave	2353/031	AIDA VANDRO	
11.	2401-24th Ave	2401/001	Monica Duffy	
12.	2401-24th Ave	2401/001	FRANK DUFFY	
13.	2385-2387 25th	2354/008	William Durkin	
14.	2334-25th	2353/020	Michael HSU	
15.	2347-25th Ave	2354/001K	Siemone	
16.	2366-25th Ave	2353/018	Nelson Chow	
17.	2366-25th Ave	2353/018	CAROLY CHOW	
18.	2342 25th Ave	2353/002E	DICK WONG	
19.	2342 25th Ave	2353/002E	Janice Wong	
20.	2350 25th Ave	2353/002C	JOSEPH COONS	
21.				
22.				

RECEIVED
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO

2020 MAR -2 PM 2:02

City Planning Commission

Case No. 2018-011904CUA

The undersigned ~~declare~~ ^{BY [Signature]} that they are hereby subscribers to this Notice of Appeal and are owners of property affected by the proposed amendment or conditional use (that is, owners of property within the area that is the subject of the application for amendment or conditional use, or within a radius of 300 feet of the exterior boundaries of the property.

If ownership has changed and assessment roll has not been amended, we attach proof of ownership change. If signing for a firm or corporation, proof of authorization to sign on behalf of the organization is attached.

	Street Address, property owned	Assessor's Block & Lot	Printed Name of Owner(s)	Original Signature of Owner(s)
1.	<u>2423 25TH AVE</u>	<u>ST-1A 2400/003</u>	<u>Cecilia Tan</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>
2.				
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Document Details

Record			Grantor				
Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantee	Name
2016	K220887-00	03/23/2016			DEED	R	LAZZARETTO 2003 REVOCABLE TRUST
						R	LAZZARETTO CONNIE
						R	LAZZARETTO DONALD L
						E	HIRZEL KATHY R
						E	ROSEN EVAN M

2371 25th AVE
2354/005

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Year	Document	Record	Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR	Name
		Date				GranteE	
2010	J059278-00	10/01/2010	K241	0097	DEED	R	HE HELEN QUNYING
						R	HE QUNYING
						E	HE HELEN QUNYING

2363 25th AVE
2354/003



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Document Details

Year	Document	Record	Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR	Name
		Date				GranteE	
1997	G211489-00	09/05/1997	G961	0407	DEED	R	LAM ALLAN K M
						R	LAM CONNIE
						E	CHOY JOHNSTON
						E	LEE HELEN

2351 25th AVE
2354/001L

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR	
		Date					GranteE	Name
2011	J310020-00	12/02/2011	K534	0049	DEED		R	CAI YUE E
							R	LUI WING TAK
							E	CAI YUE E
							E	LUI ROY
							E	LUI WING TAK

2379 25th AVE
2354/007



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Document Details

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Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantee	Name
2019	K869436-00	12/04/2019			DEED	R	AUGUST JOYCE A GARABEDIAN
						R	AUGUST JOYCE GARABEDIAN
						E	AUGUST JOYCE A GARABEDIAN
						E	JOYCE A GARABEDIAN AUGUST LIVING TRUST

2430 25th AVE
2401 / 032

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR		Name
		Date					GranteE		
2014	J869719-00	04/24/2014				DEED	R		FARINA MARK L
							R		GREEN MARGARET
							E		FARINA GREEN FAMILY TRUST
							E		FARINA MARK LINCOLN
							E		GREEN MARGARET ANNE

2422 25th Ave
2401/034

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
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2018	K624238-00	06/08/2018				DEED	R	ULANOVSKY ELIZAVETA
							R	ULANOVSKY VALERY
							E	ULANOVSKY ELIZAVETA
							E	ULANOVSKY REVOC LVG TRUST
							E	ULANOVSKY VALERY

2434 25th Ave
2401/031



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Document Details

Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor		Name
		Date					Grantee		
2015	K041607-00	04/02/2015				DEED	R		GEE LAWRENCE CLIFTON
							E		LALLY JOHN
							E		LYNCH SUSAN

2419 25th AVE
2400 / 002

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Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantee		E	Name
2013	J576828-00	01/04/2013	K806	0165	DEED			R	HANG VINCENT
								R	VINCENT HANG & MAUREEN MEIHING WONG TR
								R	WONG MAUREEN
								E	HANG VINCENT
								E	WONG MAUREEN

2423 24th Ave
2401/0021A

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		Date					GranteE		
2014	J910221-00	07/21/2014				DEED	R		PFEIFFENBERGER PHILIPP H
							E		PFEIFFENBERGER JULIA
							E		PFEIFFENBERGER PHILIPP H

2355 25th Ave
2354/002

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1993	F423214-00	08/20/1993	F947	0639		DEED	R		NG LAURA
							E		LAURA NG TOY REVOCABLE TRUST
							E		TOY LAURA

2367 25th AVE
2354/004

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		Date					GranteE	Name
2014	J900727-00	06/24/2014				DEED	R	HSIAO-ULLMAN DAILIN
							E	
							E	ULLMAN FAMILY TRUST
							E	ULLMAN KENNETH JEFFREY

2378-2380 25th AVE
2353/015

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						E	CAI YUE E
						E	LUI ROY
						E	LUI WING TAK

2379 25th Ave
2354 / 007

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2003	H368682-00	02/26/2003	I332	0207		DEED	R		SUNGPROMRAT THIPAYAWAREE
							E		KIRKE TONY G

2426 24th AVE
2402/025A

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2011	J310020-00	12/02/2011	K534	0049	DEED	R	CAI YUE E
						R	LUI WING TAK
						E	CAI YUE E
						E	LUI ROY
						E	LUI WING TAK

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2011	J156237-00	03/29/2011	K362	0099	DEED	R		JEW FRANK
						R		JEW RAYMOND
						R		WONG SERENE JEW
						R		YANG CYNTHIA JEW
						E		WONG NICOLE NAOMI
						E		WONG PHILIP JSUN WEE
						E		WONG SERENE JEW
						E		YAO KOJI JON

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2353/005

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Record						GrantoR	
Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	GranteE	Name
2008	I555507-00	03/24/2008	J604	0405	DEED	R	CHIN GIN WO
						E	GIN WO CHIN & NGAN HOW LEE 2008 REVOC TR

2370 25th AVE
2353/017

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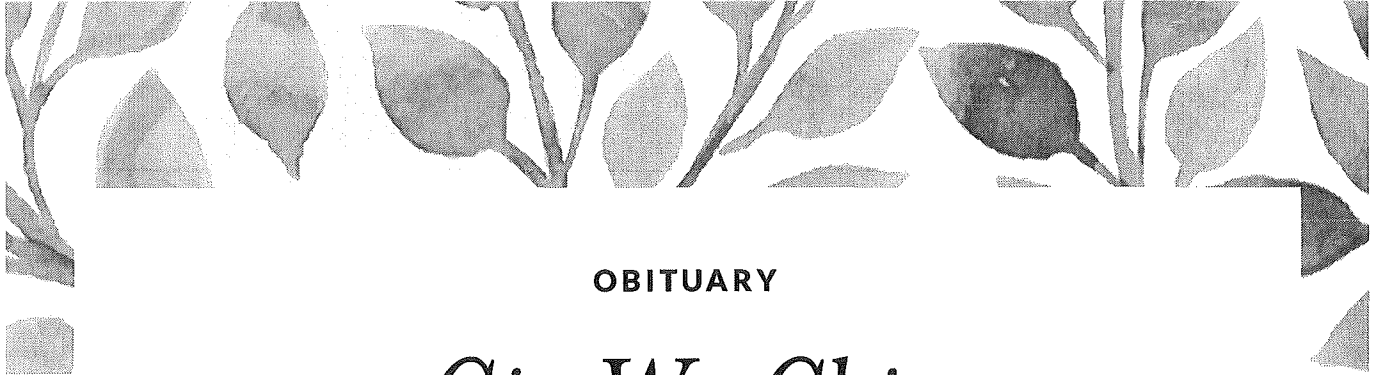
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----- MENU

HOME > OBITUARIES > COLMA, CA > GIN WO CHIN OBITUARY



OBITUARY

Gin Wo Chin

BORN DECEMBER 16, 1929

*Burial arrangements under the direction of
Woodlawn Memorial Park.*



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2013	J580904-00	01/10/2013	K810	0252	DEED	R	HUA ANDY
						R	TRUONG MUOI
						E	HUA JAMES TRUONG

1444 TARAVAI
2353/014

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		Record				GrantoR	
Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	GranteE	Name
2013	J646774-00	04/29/2013	K885	0186	DEED	R	DON IRENE
						R	DONG ROBERT S D KWONG
						R	DONG ROBERT S K
						R	DONG ROBERT SUGAR DAN KWONG
						E	DONG MYRON KEN

2375 25th AVE
2354/006



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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2016	K351594-00	10/28/2016				DEED	R	KAHN FAMILY TRUST
							R	KAHN JUDY K
							R	KAHN MARK A
							E	KOONS JEFFREY
							E	TAYLOR SUSANNA

2350 25th AVE
2354 / 006

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Record			Grantor			
Year	Document	Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantee Name
2015	K113143-00	08/20/2015			DEED	R BOXELL KRIS A
						R BOXELL TIMOTHY C
						E BOXELL KRIS A
						E BOXELL TIMOTHY C
						E TIMOTHY C & KRIS A BOXELL 2015 TRUST

2426 25th Ave
2401/033



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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2018	K624238-00	06/08/2018				DEED	R	ULANOVSKY ELIZAVETA
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							E	ULANOVSKY ELIZAVETA
							E	ULANOVSKY REVOC LVG TRUST
							E	ULANOVSKY VALERY

2434 25th Ave
2401/031



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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	Name
		Date					Grantee	
2001	G976039-00	07/06/2001	H924	0435	DEED		R	POWERS JANINE
							R	POWERS STEPHEN M
							E	HUI FOON TOY
							E	HUI NANCY FAR

2358 25th Ave
2353/002A

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2007	1465336-00	09/27/2007	J485	0034	DEED	R E E	KGW ENTERPRISE LLC LEI JIE MOU LEI SHIRLEY XQ

2347 25th Ave
2354 / 001 K



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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2017	K543851-00	11/30/2017				DEED	R	EILATH ADAM D
							R	WILNER LAUREN B
							E	ESTRADA AIDA A VENADO
							E	OTTEN TIMOTHY EDWARD

2367 24th Ave
2353/031



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Search Results

Document Details

Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2015	K050973-00	04/22/2015				DEED	R	DUFFY FRANK
							R	DUFFY MONICA
							E	DUFFY FRANK
							E	DUFFY MONICA
							E	FRANK & MONICA DUFFY TRUST

2401 24th Ave
2401 /001

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Document Details

Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR	
		Date					GranteE	Name
2019	K858785-00	11/19/2019				DEED	R	DURKIN WILLIAM EARL
							E	DURKIN BERNADETTE KURPINSKY
							E	DURKIN LIVING TRUST U/A 2018

2385-2387 25th Ave
2354/008

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Record				GrantoR		
Year	Document	Date	Reel Image	Document Type	GranteE	Name
2016	K301776-00	08/03/2016		DEED	R	HSU MICHAEL
					E	HSU MICHAEL SHIN LUNG
					E	MICHAEL HSU SEPARATE PRTY LVG TRUST

2334 25th AVE
2353/020

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2007	I465336-00	09/27/2007	J485	0034	DEED		R	KGW ENTERPRISE LLC
							E	LEI JIE MOU
							E	LEI SHIRLEY XQ

2347 25th AVE
2354/001K

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor	
		Date					Grantee	Name
2018	K597562-00	04/04/2018				DEED	R	CHOW CATHERINE W Y
							R	CHOW NELSON L
							R	LNOW CATHERINE W Y
							R	UEOARAUON OF TRUST
							E	CHOW LIVING TRUST

2366 25th AVE
2353/018

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Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR		Name
		Date					GranteE		
2016	K211584-00	03/04/2016				DEED	R		WONG DICK S
							R		WONG JANICE M
							E		DICK S & JANICE M WONG TRUST
							E		WONG DICK S
							E		WONG JANICE M

2342 25th Ave
2353 / 002E



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Document Details

Year	Document	Record Date	Reel	Image	Document Type	Grantor Grantee	Name
2016	K351594-00	10/28/2016			DEED	R	KAHN FAMILY TRUST
						R	KAHN JUDY K
						R	KAHN MARK A
						E	KOONS JEFFREY
						E	TAYLOR SUSANNA

2350 25th Ave
2353/002C

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Document Details

Year	Document	Record		Reel	Image	Document Type	GrantoR		Name
		Date					GranteE		
2013	J617993-00	03/13/2013		K852	0103	DEED	R		NGAI LAWRENCE
							E		TAN CECILIA

2423 25th AVE
2400/003

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**Statement of Appeal to Board of Supervisors of Conditional Use Authorization
Planning Case # 2018-011904CUA Building Permit Application 201808086754
1420 Taraval Street**

STATEMENT OF APPEAL (5 pages)

a) Set forth the part(s) of the decision the appeal is taken from:

Paragraph 9 (pages 10-11). General Plan Compliance. Housing Element Objectives and Policies

Paragraph 10 (pages 15-16)

Planning Code Section 101.1(b) establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies.

Paragraph 8 (pages 7-10)

- iii. Whether the property is a “historical resource” under CEQA
- iv. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse effect under CEQA
- v. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;
- vi. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;
- ix. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;

Paragraph 7 (p.5-6)

A. Compatibility with the neighborhood or community per SF Planning Code 303

b) Set forth the reasons in support of your appeal

A Conditional Use refers to a use that is not principally permitted in a particular Zoning District, according to the CUA application packet. Conditional Uses require a Planning Commission hearing in order to determine if the proposed use is necessary or desirable to the neighborhood, whether it may potentially have a negative effect on the surrounding neighborhood, and whether the use complies with the San Francisco General Plan. Reasons for this appeal are:

1) Not consistent with the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element and SF Planning Code 101.1(b)

The 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with Objectives 2 and 3
***(see Exhibit A: San Francisco General Plan Housing Element-
Summary of Objectives and Policies attached hereto and incorporated***

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BY

by reference) and several policies of the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element. These include:

Policy 2.1 Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The 1420 Taraval project would replace naturally-affordable housing with market-rate housing and therefore is not consistent with Policy 2.1.

Policy 3.1 Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs

1420 Taraval is subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Three tenants who comprise three separate households (in that they are not a family unit) have naturally affordable rent. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.1

Policy 3.4 Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

1420 Taraval is a "naturally affordable" older housing type with annual property tax of \$1,869.32 for this fiscal year. The economics of demolishing existing rental property with a very low tax base and replacing it with market-rate housing with a tax base more than twenty times higher plus recovery of new construction costs (highest in the world in SF, according to the *New York Times*) further renders the existing housing type "naturally affordable" housing that should be preserved. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.4.

Further, the 1420 Taraval project is **not in compliance with the San Francisco Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** which provides for general plan consistency and implementation including Priority Policies 2 and 3 (***see Exhibit B: SF Planning Code Section 101.1(b) attached hereto and incorporated by reference***)

"That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods."

“That the City’s supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced.”

2) Decreases “naturally affordable” housing in the Parkside district

The existing 3-story structure currently houses at least 3 current tenants living cooperatively in a 3-bedroom house and paying naturally affordable rent for 2,176 square feet of space (725 square feet per person). In contrast, average rent in San Francisco is \$3,688 for an average-sized apartment of 747 square feet, according to RentCafe.

The proposed project would replace “naturally affordable” housing with market-rate housing. Considering that San Francisco has the highest housing construction costs in the world, only high-income tenants would be able to afford living in the proposed new structure.

It should be noted that it is misleading that the 3-bedroom, 3-story, 2,176 square foot house has been represented variously as a 2-bedroom and even a 1-bedroom house (see p. 10 of decision, bottom of page). According to the project plans, the second floor contains 4 good-sized rooms. The plans label two of the rooms as bedrooms and the other two rooms as family room and sitting room.

3) Displaces a minimum of 3 current tenants paying naturally affordable rent.

These tenants comprise 3 separate naturally-affordable rate households in that they arrived at 1420 Taraval at different times and are not part of a family unit. Multiple households living cooperatively and sharing existing structures are some of the most affordable housing available in San Francisco.

4) Destroys a rare historical resource and negatively impacts the look, feel and character of the Parkside district

The 1420 Taraval project would demolish one of Parkside’s earliest houses, a 1907-1909 craftsman which is the last remaining house in a row built by Hugh Keenan who also built the Grateful Dead house at 710

Ashbury Street. It was constructed following the 1906 earthquake. According to the Preservation Team Review Form attached to the CEQA Categorical Exception Determination (**see Exhibit C: Preservation Team Review Form attached hereto and incorporated by reference**),

“The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.”

However, the subjective review concludes that the property “does not retain integrity due to significant alterations.”

According to Woody LaBounty, local historian and co-author of the Parkside District historic context statement adopted by the City of San Francisco, “With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity.” (**see attached Exhibit D: Letter from local historian Woody LaBounty attached hereto and incorporated by reference**). LaBounty also states that the only modifications are minor, utilitarian and “entirely reversible.” Further, LaBounty states “This proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District’s main street.”

In summary, the 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with the SF General Plan Housing Element and the project is not consistent with the Priority Policies of the SF Planning Code section 101.1(b) including affordable housing, existing housing and neighborhood character. Further, the Planning Department’s preservation team was correct in determining that 1420 Taraval is significant and a rare example but its subjective determination that the structure has lost integrity is not consistent with the views of local historians, preservationists and community members.

5) Demolition of the existing structure has a negative environmental impact.

There are significant negative environmental consequences of demolishing the existing structure. According to the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP), demolition and construction now account for 25% of the solid waste that ends up in US landfills each year. Also, hauling all of the debris to the dump is bad for climate change among many other environmental impacts.

6) Proposed project would cover up side windows of occupant apartments of small apartment building next door.

The 1420 Taraval project would cover up the side windows of the small apartment building next door at 1414 Taraval Street built in 1936. This will substantially impact the quality of life for existing occupants of 1414 Taraval Street next door to the project.

For all of the above reasons, the Sunset-Parkside Education Action Committee (SPEAK) respectfully requests that the Board of Supervisors exercise its oversight authority for the 1420 Taraval Street demolition and project.

I. SUMMARY OF OBJECTIVES & POLICIES

ISSUE 1: ADEQUATE SITES

OBJECTIVE 1

IDENTIFY AND MAKE AVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT ADEQUATE SITES TO MEET THE CITY'S HOUSING NEEDS, ESPECIALLY PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

POLICY 1.1

Plan for the full range of housing needs in the City and County of San Francisco, especially affordable housing.

POLICY 1.2

Focus housing growth and infrastructure necessary to support growth according to community plans. Complete planning underway in key opportunity areas, such as Treasure Island, Candlestick Park and Hunter's Point Shipyard..

POLICY 1.3

Work proactively to identify and secure opportunity sites for permanently affordable housing.

POLICY 1.4

Ensure community based planning processes are used to generate changes to land use controls.

POLICY 1.5

Consider secondary units in community planning processes where there is neighborhood support and when other neighborhood goals can be achieved, especially if that housing is made permanently affordable to lower-income households.

POLICY 1.6

Consider greater flexibility in number and size of units within established building envelopes in community based planning processes, especially if it can increase the number of affordable units in multi-family structures.

POLICY 1.7

Consider public health objectives when designating and promoting housing development sites.

POLICY 1.8

Promote mixed use development, and include housing, particularly permanently affordable housing, in new commercial,

institutional or other single use development projects.

POLICY 1.9

Require new commercial developments and higher educational institutions to meet the housing demand they generate, particularly the need for affordable housing for lower income workers and students.

POLICY 1.10

Support new housing projects, especially affordable housing, where households can easily rely on public transportation, walking and bicycling for the majority of daily trips.

ISSUE 2: CONSERVE AND IMPROVE EXISTING STOCK

OBJECTIVE 2

RETAIN EXISTING HOUSING UNITS, AND PROMOTE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS, WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING AFFORDABILITY.

POLICY 2.1

Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing, unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

POLICY 2.2

Retain existing housing by controlling the merger of residential units, except where a merger clearly creates new family housing.

POLICY 2.3

Prevent the removal or reduction of housing for parking.

POLICY 2.4

Promote improvements and continued maintenance to existing units to ensure long term habitation and safety.

POLICY 2.5

Encourage and support the seismic retrofitting of the existing housing stock.

POLICY 2.6

Ensure housing supply is not converted to de facto commercial use through short-term rentals.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROTECT THE AFFORDABILITY OF THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK, ESPECIALLY RENTAL UNITS.

POLICY 3.1

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

POLICY 3.2

Promote voluntary housing acquisition and rehabilitation to protect affordability for existing occupants.

POLICY 3.3

Maintain balance in affordability of existing housing stock by supporting affordable moderate ownership opportunities.

POLICY 3.4

Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

POLICY 3.5

Retain permanently affordable residential hotels and single room occupancy (SRO) units.

ISSUE 3: EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

OBJECTIVE 4

FOSTER A HOUSING STOCK THAT MEETS THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS ACROSS LIFECYCLES.

POLICY 4.1

Develop new housing, and encourage the remodeling of existing housing, for families with children.

POLICY 4.2

Provide a range of housing options for residents with special needs for housing support and services.

POLICY 4.3

Create housing for people with disabilities and aging adults by including universal design principles in new and rehabilitated housing units.

Exhibit A

San Francisco Planning Code

SEC. 101.1. GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY AND IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) The General Plan shall be an integrated, internally consistent and compatible statement of policies for San Francisco. To fulfill this requirement, after extensive public participation and hearings, the Planning Commission shall in one action amend the General Plan by January 1, 1988.

(b) The following Priority Policies are hereby established. They shall be included in the preamble to the General Plan and shall be the basis upon which inconsistencies in the General Plan are resolved:

(1) That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

(2) That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

(3) That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

(4) That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

(5) That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

(6) That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

(7) That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved; and,

(8) That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

(c) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after November 4, 1986, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the Priority Policies established above.

(d) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after January 1, 1988, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the General Plan.

(e) Prior to issuing a permit for any project or adopting any legislation which requires an initial study under the California Environmental Quality Act, and prior to issuing a permit for any demolition, conversion or change of use, and prior to taking any action which requires a finding of consistency with the General Plan, the City shall find that the proposed project or legislation is consistent with the Priority Policies established above. For any such permit issued or legislation adopted after January 1, 1988 the City shall also find that the project is consistent with the General Plan.

(Added by Proposition M, 11/4/86; amended by Ord. 188-15, File No. 150871, App. 11/4/2015, Eff. 12/4/2015)

Exhibit B



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW FORM

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Preservation Team Meeting Date:		Date of Form Completion	6/6/2019
---------------------------------	--	-------------------------	----------

PROJECT INFORMATION:		
Planner:	Address:	
Stephanie Cisneros/Melanie Bishop	1420 Taraval Street	
Block/Lot:	Cross Streets:	
2353/010	Taraval & 24th	
CEQA Category:	Art. 10/11:	BPA/Case No.:
B	N/A	2018-011904ENV

PURPOSE OF REVIEW:			PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> CEQA	<input type="radio"/> Article 10/11	<input type="radio"/> Preliminary/PIC	<input type="radio"/> Alteration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Demo/New Construction

DATE OF PLANS UNDER REVIEW:	N/A
-----------------------------	-----

PROJECT ISSUES:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the subject Property an eligible historic resource?
<input type="checkbox"/>	If so, are the proposed changes a significant impact?
Additional Notes:	
Submitted: Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017).	

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW:	
Category:	<input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C
Individual	Historic District/Context
Property is individually eligible for inclusion in a California Register under one or more of the following Criteria:	Property is in an eligible California Register Historic District/Context under one or more of the following Criteria:
Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>	Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="radio"/> Contributor <input type="radio"/> Non-Contributor

Exhibit C 1 of 3

Complies with the Secretary's Standards/Art 10/Art 11:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input checked="" type="radio"/> N/A
CEQA Material Impairment to the individual historic resource:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
CEQA Material Impairment to the historic district:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Requires Design Revisions:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Defer to Residential Design Team:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	

PRESERVATION TEAM COMMENTS:

According to the Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017) and information found in the Planning Department files, the subject property at 1420 Taraval Street contains a three-story over raised basement, single-family residence. According to the original construction permit, the building was constructed in 1909 by Hugh Keenan, who worked as a builder with architect Robert Dickie Cranston to construct homes primarily in the Haight Ashbury neighborhood during the 1890's. Notable examples of their work include 710 Ashbury and 459 Ashbury. The partnership lasted briefly, with Keenan branching out as the sole proprietor of a construction company, working primarily in the Parkside. Though it is not known exactly when the partnership between Cranston and Keenan dissolved, Hugh Keenan Construction Company appears in newspaper articles and city directories after 1900. Extensive alterations have been made to the subject property including the front addition of commercial space (1946), window replacement, reconstruction of front steps, and remodel of front porch. It is likely the latter changes were completed without a permit, as no permit records have been found to confirm the date of these alterations.

The subject property is not located adjacent to any known historic resources (Category A properties) or within the boundaries of any identified historic district. The subject property is located within the Parkside neighborhood on a block that includes residences constructed between 1909-1968. The initial residential development of Parkside occurred between 26th & Ulloa and 32nd & Vicente in the form of "Parkside Cottages"; typically one-story six-room structures with a variety of facade styles available (Source: San Francisco's Historic Parkside District:1905-1957 Context Statement). The subject property was constructed shortly after this initial wave of development and reflects the early development of Parkside and the subject block of Taraval, which was primarily residential.

A historical photo from 1914 included in the Historic Resource Evaluation Part I shows the block originally contained six properties built by Keenan that were similar in massing and style to 1420 Taraval. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two properties remaining. Hugh Keenan was on the board of directors of the Parkside Realty Company (Source: San Francisco Chronicle, 1905), and his construction company was responsible for the construction of several streets and block grading in Parkside. In an effort to develop the area and attract residents, the Parkside Realty Company also formed a sister agency, the Parkside Transit Company, a private corporation that assisted in bringing public transit to the area and therefore, more prospective residents.
(continued)

Signature of a Senior Preservation Planner / Preservation Coordinator:	Date:
Allison K. Vanderslice Digitally signed by Allison K. Vanderslice Date: 2019.06.07 11:08:07 -07'00'	

The subject block was primarily residential and largely undeveloped aside from the six properties constructed by Keenan until approximately 1938. The 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph of the subject block shows an increase in development with several larger scale properties constructed around the subject building. The 1950 Sanborn Map shows the property as it exists currently with the front commercial addition. Based on this historic documentation, it is likely the property added a commercial storefront to their existing property in order to accommodate new commercial development brought to the area by increased transit. Many properties like this exist along Taraval but have not been in use commercially in recent years. The property at 1420 Taraval tells the story of two separate waves of development in the Parkside along Taraval: the first initial wave of residential development occurring in the early 1900's and later, the development of the block commercially in the late 1930's and 1940's. Hugh Keenan Construction Company was integral in the development of Parkside as a neighborhood. The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside. However, the subject property does not retain integrity due to significant alterations over time including alterations to the commercial space which is no longer in use. The subject building is not eligible for listing in the California Register under any criteria as part of a historic district. The property at 1409 Taraval is a more intact representative example of single-family residential architecture from the early period of development in Parkside and is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.

February 24, 2020

Board of Supervisors
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: **Appeal of 2018-011904PRG (1420 Taraval Street)**

Supervisors:

I am the founder of Western Neighborhoods Project, a twenty-year-old nonprofit dedicated to the history of the city's west side, a co-author of the city-adopted Parkside District historic context statement, and a native San Franciscan who has spent years working and residing in the Parkside.

I have great respect for Planning's preservation staff, and since last summer have tried to work with them in recognizing the importance of the house at 1420 Taraval Street to the neighborhood's history, character, and early development. To staff's credit, they disagreed with the opinion of the consultant hired by the project sponsor and acknowledged that 1420 Taraval *was* a potential historic resource, specifically, **"an early and rare example of an early 20th century residence in the neighborhood."** Unfortunately, staff then decided that the building had lost integrity and was therefore not a resource.

This is one of a handful of the earliest house in the Parkside, with a distinctive Arts and Crafts style, in a highly visible part of the district at 24th and Taraval Streets. 1420 Taraval represents the first architectural style of this neighborhood before it was overrun by stucco Mediterranean styles in the 1920s and is the sole survivor of a row constructed by builder Hugh C. Keenan, a director of the firm responsible for the district's creation, the Parkside Realty Company.

The guidelines for analyzing a property's integrity are detailed, consisting of seven official criteria, but in the end, determination on whether integrity is lost is a fairly subjective decision. One criteria, for example, is "feeling." I contend that the historic nature of the building is evident at a glance, and certainly retains integrity to convey its significance. Planning staff cited loss of the original porch railings and posts and the replacement of the windows as the primary reasons for determining a loss of integrity. These are fairly minor and utilitarian issues with a 110-year-old building subject to the ocean breezes and fog of the Parkside, and entirely reversible alterations. 1420 Taraval still has its gable trim, knee braces, rafter tails, entry porch, and possibly its original shingle cladding. With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association, and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity. Please take a close look at the existing façade.

Members of the Planning Commission, rightly concerned about San Francisco's affordability crisis, have expressed a desire for the three units and commercial storefront this project proposes in replacement. But two additional **market rate units** will not change the dynamics of the real estate and rental market, and will not be in the financial reach of our teachers, fixed-income seniors, struggling families, or unhoused population. And there are many, many unrented commercial storefronts already on Taraval Street. This is not a neighborhood that needs another empty one.

Of the more than 400 properties on Taraval Street from 17th Avenue to Ocean Beach there are only three known that predate World War I and only two of them have not been radically modified. **This**

proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District's main street. Taraval is rich with potential sites to increase density, but this isn't one of them.

San Francisco is a city known for distinctive neighborhoods. The Parkside's development and character was and is different than the rest of the greater Sunset District, but each time we lose one of these early buildings, the Parkside gets closer to a form of anonymity. When these handsome early homes are gone they're gone forever.

Despite the project architect claiming at the last hearing that there had been "not one objection" to the demolition of this historic house, a number of neighbors have worked with staff to try and stop its destruction since last July. As a last resort, we ask you to step in and save this building for the Parkside.

Sincerely,

Woody LaBounty

Woody LaBounty



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020.



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020 (above), and in 1923 (far right in photo below).





SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MEMO

Memo to the Planning Commission

HEARING DATE: JANUARY 30, 2020
CONTINUED FROM DECEMBER 12, 2019

DATE: January 23, 2020
TO: Planning Commission
FROM: Linda Ajello Hoagland, Planner 2018-011904CUA
RE: 1420 Taraval Street Update (Case No. 2018-011904CUA)

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

BACKGROUND

On December 12, 2019, the Planning Commission continued the Conditional Use Authorization for 1420 Taraval Street to the public hearing on January 30, 2020, with the direction to provide more information and updated plans to better substantiate the Project. The Project Sponsor has since submitted revised plans providing additional information, as follows:

- Printing errors have been resolved and proposed elevations are now visible;
- The location of the master bedroom and living room have been reversed so the living room now faces the street;
- The rear yard roof deck has been setback 5-feet from the eastern property line and planters have been added along the north and east sides;
- Planters have been added on the north and south sides of the roof deck;
- The location of elevator has been shifted further toward the rear of the building;
- The width of the storefront display area has been increased;
- A 6-foot high opaque screen has been added at the north and east sides of the roof deck to address privacy concerns; and
- The 30-inch high roof parapet has been eliminated.

No changes were made to the total building area, residential gross square footage, or number of residential units.

Attachments:

- Draft Motion
- Updated Plans



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

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Planning Commission Draft Motion

HEARING DATE: JANUARY 30, 2020

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Record No.: 2018-011904CUA
Project Address: 1420 TARAVAL STREET
Zoning: Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) Zoning District
65-A Height and Bulk District
Taraval Street Restaurant Subdistrict
Block/Lot: 2353/010
Project Sponsor: William Pashelinsky
1937 Hayes Street
San Francisco, CA 94117
Property Owner: Peter Mandel
San Francisco, CA 94127
Staff Contact: Linda Ajello Hoagland, AICP – (415) 575-6823
linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org

ADOPTING FINDINGS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF A CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO PLANNING CODE SECTIONS 303 AND 317, TO DEMOLISH A 2,176 SQUARE FOOT, THREE-STORY SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE, AND CONSTRUCT A NEW, APPROXIMATELY 6,219 SQUARE FOOT, FOUR-STORY, 45-FOOT TALL, MIXED-USE BUILDING WITH THREE DWELLING UNITS AND APPROXIMATELY 1,731 SQUARE FEET OF GROUND FLOOR COMMERCIAL WITHIN THE TARAVAL STREET NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL (NCD) ZONING DISTRICT AND A 65-A HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICT, AND ADOPTING FINDINGS UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT.

PREAMBLE

On August 30, 2018, William Pashelinsky (hereinafter "Project Sponsor") filed Application No. 2018-011904CUA (hereinafter "Application") with the Planning Department (hereinafter "Department") for a Conditional Use Authorization to demolish an existing 3-story single family dwelling and construct a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed-use building with 3 dwelling units and 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use (hereinafter "Project") at 1420 Taraval Street, Block 2353 Lot 010 (hereinafter "Project Site").

The Project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") as a Class 1 and Class 3 categorical exemption.

On December 12, 2019, the San Francisco Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Conditional Use Authorization Application No. 2018-011904CUA. At the public hearing, the Planning Commission continued the Project to the public hearing on January 30, 2020.

The Planning Department Commission Secretary is the custodian of records; the File for Record No. 2018-011904CUA is located at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, California.

The Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of the applicant, Department staff, and other interested parties.

MOVED, that the Commission hereby authorizes the Conditional Use Authorization as requested in Application No. 2018-011904CUA, subject to the conditions contained in "EXHIBIT A" of this motion, based on the following findings:

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

1. The above recitals are accurate and constitute findings of this Commission.
2. **Project Description.** The Project includes the demolition of an existing 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home and construction of a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed use building (approximately 6,219 square feet) with 3 dwelling units, approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use, 1,392 square feet of open space through a combination of private and common opens space, including a roof deck, and 3 Class 1 bicycle parking spaces. No off-street parking is proposed. The Project includes a dwelling-unit mix consisting of 3 (approximately 1,600 square foot each), three-bedroom and 2 bath units.
3. **Site Description and Present Use.** The Project is located on the north side of Taraval Street, between 24th and 25th Avenues; Lot 010 in Assessor's Block 2353 within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) Zoning District with a 65-A Height and Bulk District. The site is an approximately 2,500 square foot uphill sloping lot with 25 feet of frontage and a depth of 100 feet. The project site has an existing approximately 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home constructed circa 1900. The structure is currently used as a rental property with the current lease expiring prior to the start of construction. There is no off-street parking for the property.
4. **Surrounding Properties and Neighborhood.** The subject property is located in the Parkside neighborhood. Parcels within the immediate vicinity consist of two- to three-story single- and multi-family dwellings, single- and two-story commercial buildings and two- to four-story mixed-use buildings of varied design and construction dates. The block-face is characterized by two- to three-story buildings of mixed architectural style. The adjacent properties to the east and west are improved with a two-story commercial building and a three-story multi-family dwelling constructed in 1968 and 1936, respectively, and a three-story multi-family dwelling to the north, constructed in 1927. The surrounding properties are located in the Taraval Street NCD, RH-1

(Residential-House, One-Family), and RM-1 (Residential-Mixed, Low Density) Zoning Districts. The subject property is also within .25-miles of stops for the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines.

5. **Public Outreach and Comments.** To date, the Department has received three comments expressing opposition to the demolition of the existing 1907 building due to its historical value in the neighborhood.
6. **Planning Code Compliance.** The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the relevant provisions of the Planning Code in the following manner:

- A. **Permitted Uses in Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.** Planning Code Section 733 states that residential and commercial uses are permitted within the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.

The Project would construct a four-story, mixed-use building with three dwelling units with ground floor commercial and, therefore complies with Planning Code Section 733.

- B. **Residential Demolition – Section 317.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 317, Conditional Use Authorization is required for applications proposing to demolish a residential unit in any Zoning District. The Code establishes criteria that the Planning Commission shall consider in the review of applications for residential demolition.

As the Project requires Conditional Use Authorization per the requirements of Section 317, the additional criteria specified under Section 317 have been incorporated as findings as part of this Motion (See Below).

- C. **Rear Yard.** Planning Code Section 134 requires a minimum rear yard equal to 25 percent of the total lot depth of the lot to be provided at the second story and at each succeeding level or story of the building, and at the first story if it contains a dwelling unit.

The Project site is 100 feet deep and provides a 25-foot rear yard at the second level (first residential level) and would comply with Planning Code Section 134.

- D. **Usable Open Space.** Planning Code Sections 135 and 733 require 100 square feet of usable open space per unit if private, or 133 square feet if common.

The Project provides approximately 558 square feet of private open space for unit one within the rear yard area and two, approximately 380 square foot, private roof decks for units two and three. The private open space areas for all units exceeds the 100 square feet required; therefore, the Project provides code-complying open space for all dwelling units.

- E. **Bird Safety.** Planning Code Section 139 outlines the standards for bird-safe buildings, including the requirements for location-related and feature-related hazards.

The subject lot is located within 300 feet of a possible Urban Bird Refuge as defined in Section 139, and the Project meets the requirements for feature-related hazards.

- F. **Dwelling Unit Exposure.** Planning Code Section 140 requires that at least one room of all dwelling units face onto a public street, rear yard or other open area that meets minimum requirements for area and horizontal dimensions. To meet exposure requirements, a public street, public alley, side yard or rear yard must be at least 25 feet in width.

The Project organizes the dwelling units to have exposure on Taraval Street or the code-complying rear yard; therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Section 140.

- G. **Shadow.** Planning Code Sections 147 and 295 restricts net new shadow, cast by structures exceeding a height of 40 feet, upon property under the jurisdiction of the Recreation and Park Commission. Any project in excess of 40 feet in height and found to cast net new shadow must be found by the Planning Commission, with comment from the General Manager of the Recreation and Parks Department, in consultation with the Recreation and Park Commission, to have no adverse impact upon the property under the jurisdiction of the Recreation and Park Commission.

A shadow analysis was prepared for the project determined that the proposed project would not cast shadows on any parks or open spaces at any time during the year.

- H. **Off-Street Parking.** Planning Code Section 151.1 does not require off-street parking for residential and non-residential uses and allows for a maximum of 1.5 parking spaces for each dwelling unit and a maximum of 1.5 per 500 square feet of occupied floor area, up to 20,000 where the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet for retail sales and service uses.

The Project does not provide any off-street parking space and, therefore complies with Planning Code Section 151.1.

- I. **Bicycle Parking.** Planning Code Section 155.2 requires at least one Class 1 bicycle parking space for each dwelling unit and one Class 2 space for every 20 dwelling units. Additional bicycle parking requirements apply based on classification of non-residential uses, at least two Class 2 spaces are required for retail sales and service uses.

The Project includes three dwelling units; therefore, the Project is required to provide three Class 1 bicycle parking spaces for residential uses and two Class 2 bicycle parking spaces for the non-residential uses. The Project will provide three Class 1 bicycle parking spaces and two Class 2 bicycle parking spaces. Therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Section 155.2

- J. **Height and Bulk.** Planning Code Sections 260 and 270 outlines the height and bulk districts within the City and County of San Francisco. Planning Code Section 270 defines the base of the building as the lowest portion of the building extending vertically to a streetwall height up to 1.25 times the width of the widest abutting street or 50 feet, whichever is more. There are no length or diagonal dimension limitations applicable to the base. The Project is located in a 65-A Height and Bulk District. Therefore, the proposed development is permitted up to a height of 65 feet and a 110-foot maximum length and 125-foot maximum diagonal for a height above 40 feet.

The Project proposes a building that will be approximately 45 feet tall, which is below the 65-foot height limit. Taraval Street is 80 feet in width, so the Project base would be considered 100 feet (80x1.25). Planning Code Section 270 states that there are no length or diagonal dimension limits applicable to the base and, therefore complies with the Planning Code and the Height and Bulk District.

- K. **Rear Yard Requirement.** Planning Code Section 134 requires a minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 45 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, except to the extent that a reduction in this requirement is permitted by averaging of the adjacent rear building walls. When averaging, the minimum rear yard allowed is 25%, but in no case less than 15 feet, and shall be provided at the ground level. Permitted projections into the rear yard are also permitted per Planning Code Section 136, such as a two-story addition projecting up to 12 feet into the rear yard with 5-foot side setbacks on each side for the length of the projection.

The subject property is 100 feet deep; and the average rear yard depth of the adjacent neighbors is 37 feet, 3 inches; therefore, the rear yard requirement is 37 feet, 3 inches. The Project, which includes a permitted single-story, 9-foot, 1-inch projection, complies with the rear yard requirements

- L. **Child Care Requirements for Residential Projects.** Planning Code Section 414A requires that any residential development project that results in additional space in an existing residential unit of more than 800 gross square feet shall comply with the imposition of the Residential Child Care Impact Fee requirement.

The Project proposes new construction of a building that results in two net new dwelling units. Therefore, the Project is subject to the Residential Child Care Impact Fee and must comply with the requirements outlined in Planning Code Section 414A

7. **Conditional Use Findings.** Planning Code Section 303 establishes criteria for the Planning Commission to consider when reviewing applications for Conditional Use authorization. On balance, the project complies with said criteria in that:

- A. The proposed new uses and building, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.

The use and size of the proposed project is compatible with the surrounding neighborhood. The proposal would demolish an existing, 2,176 square foot, single-family dwelling. The new building will contain approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial and three 3-bedroom dwelling units ranging in size from approximately 1,578 square feet to 1,672 square feet. The siting of the new building will be in conformity with the requirements of the Planning Code and consistent with the objectives of the Residential Design Guidelines. Overall, the construction of three new dwelling units is necessary and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and the larger City.

- B. The proposed project will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity. There are no features of the project that could be detrimental to the health, safety or convenience of those residing or working the area, in that:

- (1) Nature of proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;

The Project includes a four-story massing along the street, which is appropriate given the context of the surrounding neighborhood. The proposed building provides rear setbacks, all which help to sculpt the building to minimize impacts and remain compatible with the neighborhood's two- to-four-story buildings.

- (2) The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;

The Project would not adversely affect public transit in the neighborhood. The Project site is located close to several MUNI bus lines, including the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines. The Project provides no off-street parking, which supports the City's transit first policies. Provision of bicycle storage areas along with the close proximity to mass transit is anticipated to encourage residents, employees and visitors to use alternate modes of transportation.

- (3) The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;

The Project will comply with Title 24 standards for noise insulation. The Project will also be subject to the standard conditions of approval for lighting and construction noise. Construction noise impacts would be less than significant because all construction activities would be conducted in compliance with the San Francisco Noise Ordinance (Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code, as amended May 2014). The SF Board of Supervisors approved the Construction Dust Control Ordinance (Ordinance 176-08, effective July 30, 2008) with the intent of reducing the quantity of dust generated during site preparation,

demolition and construction work in order to protect the health of the general public and of on-site workers, minimize public nuisance complaints, and to avoid orders to stop work by the Department of Building Inspection. Therefore, the Project would be required to follow specified practices to control construction dust and to comply with this ordinance. Overall, the Project is not expected to generate dust or odor impacts.

- (4) Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs;

The Project will provide the required number of street trees and bicycle parking along the public-rights-of-way.

- C. That the use as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of the Planning Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan.

The Project complies with all relevant requirements and standards of the Planning Code and is consistent with objectives and policies of the General Plan as detailed below.

- D. That the use as proposed would provide development that is in conformity with the purpose of the applicable Neighborhood Commercial District.

The proposed Project is consistent with the stated purposed of the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) in that the commercial use is located at the ground floor, protects the rear yard at residential levels and is consistent with the Planning Code for mixed-use buildings in the Taraval Street NCD.

8. **Additional Findings pursuant to Section 317** establishes criteria for the Planning Commission to consider when reviewing applications for Residential Demolition. On balance, the Project does comply with said criteria in that:

- i. Whether the property is free of a history of serious, continuing Code violations;

A review of the Department of Building Inspection and the Planning Department databases showed no open enforcement cases or notices of violation for the subject property.

- ii. Whether the housing has been maintained in a decent, safe, and sanitary condition;

The existing dwelling is currently used as a rental and does not have any past code-violations.

- iii. Whether the property is an "historical resource" under CEQA;

Although the existing structure is more than 50 years old, a review of the supplemental information resulted in a determination that the structure is not a historical resource.

- iv. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse impact under CEQA;

Not Applicable. The existing structure is not a historic resource.

- v. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;

The Project does not convert rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy, as the existing building is a single-family residence and is used as such.

- vi. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;

The existing single-family dwelling is used as a rental property. Although the single-family dwelling is technically subject to the Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance because it is a residential building constructed before 1979, the Planning Department cannot definitively determine which aspects of the Ordinance are applicable. The Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance includes provisions for eviction controls, price controls, and other controls, and it is the purview of the Rent Board to determine which specific controls apply to a building or property. The Rent Board has confirmed that there are no database records, or any documentation indicating an eviction neither history nor eviction notices filed at the Rent Board for 1420 Taraval Street.

- vii. Whether the project conserves existing housing to preserve cultural and economic neighborhood diversity;

Although the Project proposes the demolition of an existing dwelling, the new construction will result in two additional dwelling units.

- viii. Whether the project conserves neighborhood character to preserve neighborhood cultural and economic diversity;

The Project conserves neighborhood character with appropriate scale, design, and materials, and improves cultural and economic diversity by constructing a mixed-use building with ground floor commercial and three dwelling units that are consistent with the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District. The proposed mixed-use development is characteristic of other existing residential buildings located along Taraval Street; two net new dwelling units would be added to the City's Housing Stock.

- ix. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;

The Project removes an older dwelling unit, which is generally considered more affordable than a more recently constructed unit; however, the project will add two family-sized dwelling units to the City's Housing Stock.

- x. Whether the project increases the number of permanently affordable units as governed by Section 415;

The Project is not subject to the provisions of Planning Code Section 415, as the Project proposes less than ten units.

- xi. Whether the project locates in-fill housing on appropriate sites in established neighborhoods;

The Project proposes in-fill housing with a total of three dwelling units which is consistent with the varying neighborhood density. The proposed mixed-use development is characteristic of other existing residential buildings located along Taraval Street and in the surrounding neighborhood.

- xii. Whether the project increases the number of family-sized units on-site;

The Project proposes an opportunity for family-sized housing. Three 3-bedroom units are proposed within the new building. Currently, the property only contains one dwelling with two bedrooms.

- xiii. Whether the project creates new supportive housing;

The Project does not create new supportive housing.

- xiv. Whether the project is of superb architectural and urban design, meeting all relevant design guidelines, to enhance existing neighborhood character;

The overall scale, design, and materials of the proposed buildings are consistent with the block-face and compliment the neighborhood character with a contemporary design. The proposed residential development is characteristic of other existing residential uses along Taraval Street and in the surrounding neighborhood.

- xv. Whether the project increases the number of on-site Dwelling Units;

The Project will increase the number of on-site units from one dwelling unit to three dwelling units.

- xvi. Whether the project increases the number of on-site bedrooms.

The existing dwelling contains two bedrooms. The Project proposes a total of nine bedrooms between the three dwelling units.

- xvii. Whether or not the replacement project would maximize density on the subject lot; and

The maximum density for the subject property is three units (one dwelling unit per 800 square feet of lot area). The Project proposes the new construction of a mixed-use, three-unit building with ground floor commercial, maximizing the density permitted in the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.

- xviii. If replacing a building not subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance, whether the new project replaces all of the existing units with new Dwelling Units of a similar size and with the same number of bedrooms.

The existing single-family dwelling is currently used as a rental property. Although the single-family dwelling is technically subject to the Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance because it is a residential building constructed before 1979, the Planning Department cannot definitively determine which aspects of the Ordinance are applicable. The Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance includes provisions for eviction controls, price controls, and other controls, and it is the purview of the Rent Board to determine which specific controls apply to a building or property. The Rent Board has confirmed that there are no database records, nor any documentation indicating an eviction history nor eviction notices filed at the Rent Board for 1420 Taraval Street.

Regarding unit size and count, the existing dwelling unit has approximately 2,176 square feet of habitable area and two bedrooms. The proposed building contains three, 3-bedroom units. The new units provide more than the existing square footage and bedroom count.

9. **General Plan Compliance.** The Project is, on balance, consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

HOUSING ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 2:

RETAIN EXISTING HOUSING UNITS, AND PROMOTE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS, WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING AFFORDABILITY.

Policy 2.1:

Discourage the demolition of a sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The Project proposes to demolish an existing structure containing one bedroom and one bathroom to construct three new dwelling units each with two-bedrooms and thereby contributes to the general housing stock of the city.

**OBJECTIVE 3:
PROTECT THE AFFORDABILITY OF THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK, ESPECIALLY
RENTAL UNITS.**

Policy 3.1:

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

Policy 3.3:

Maintain balance in affordability of existing housing stock by supporting affordable moderate ownership opportunities.

Policy 3.4:

Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

While the Project will demolish an existing single-family dwelling, the new construction will result in an increase in the density of the property and contributes two net new dwelling units, a net addition of five bedrooms, to the existing housing stock.

**OBJECTIVE 4:
FOSTER A HOUSING STOCK THAT MEETS THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS ACROSS
LIFECYCLES.**

Policy 4.1:

Develop new housing, and encourage the remodeling of existing housing, for families with children.

The Project proposes to demolish a single-family residence with one bedroom to construct three dwelling units, each with 3-bedrooms which could accommodate families with children.

**OBJECTIVE 11:
SUPPORT AND RESPECT THE DIVERSE AND DISTINCT CHARACTER OF SAN
FRANCISCO'S NEIGHBORHOODS.**

Policy 11.1:

Promote the construction and rehabilitation of well-designed housing that emphasizes beauty, flexibility, and innovative design, and respect existing neighborhood character.

Policy 11.2:

Ensure implementation of accepted design standards in project approvals.

Policy 11.3

Ensure growth is accommodated without substantially and adversely impacting existing residential neighborhood character.

Policy 11.4

Continue to utilize zoning districts which conform to a generalized residential land use and density plan and the General Plan.

Policy 11.5

Ensure densities in established residential areas promote compatibility with prevailing neighborhood character.

The subject property is within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial Zoning District which allows for higher residential density than the existing single-family dwelling. The Project proposes a total of three dwelling units on a property located in a neighborhood consisting of two- to three-story single- and multi-family dwellings, single- and two-story commercial buildings and two- to four-story mixed-use buildings. Furthermore, the proposed new construction conforms to the Residential Design Guidelines and is appropriate in terms of material, scale, proportions and massing for the surrounding neighborhood.

RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 2:

INCREASE RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE TO MEET THE LONG-TERM NEEDS OF THE CITY AND BY REGION

Policy 2.11:

Assure that privately developed residential open spaces are usable, beautiful, and environmentally sustainable.

The Project proposes two roof decks that have potential for planters and additional landscaping.

OBJECTIVE 3:

IMPROVE ACCESS AND CONNECTIVITY TO OPEN SPACE

Policy 3.6:

Maintain, restore, expand and fund the urban forest.

The Project will add to the urban forest with the addition of a new street tree.

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 24:

IMPROVE THE AMBIENCE OF THE PEDESTRIAN ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 24.2:

Maintain and expand the planting of street trees and the infrastructure to support them.

Policy 24.4:

Preserve pedestrian-oriented building frontages.

The Project will install a new street tree along Taraval Street. Frontages are designed with transparent glass and intended for active spaces oriented at the pedestrian level.

OBJECTIVE 28:

PROVIDE SECURE AND CONVENIENT PARKING FACILITIES FOR BICYCLES.

Policy 28.1:

Provide secure bicycle parking in new governmental, commercial, and residential developments.

Policy 28.3:

Provide parking facilities which are safe, secure, and convenient.

The Project includes 3 Class 1 and 2 Class 2 bicycle parking spaces in secure, convenient locations.

OBJECTIVE 34:

RELATE THE AMOUNT OF PARKING IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS AND NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS TO THE CAPACITY OF THE CITY'S STREET SYSTEM AND LAND USE PATTERNS.

Policy 34.3:

Permit minimal or reduced off-street parking supply for new buildings in residential and commercial areas adjacent to transit centers and along transit preferential streets.

Policy 34.5:

Minimize the construction of new curb cuts in areas where on-street parking is in short supply and locate them in a manner such that they retain or minimally diminish the number of existing on-street parking spaces.

The Project does not provide any off-street vehicular parking, which complies with Planning Code Section 151.1.

URBAN DESIGN

OBJECTIVE 1:

EMPHASIS OF THE CHARACTERISTIC PATTERN WHICH GIVES TO THE CITY AND ITS NEIGHBORHOODS AN IMAGE, A SENSE OF PURPOSE, AND A MEANS OF ORIENTATION.

Policy 1.2:

Recognize, protect and reinforce the existing street pattern, especially as it is related to topography.

The Project proposes demolition of an existing single-family building to construct a mixed-use, three-family building with ground floor commercial use. Similar to other existing structures on the block-face, the new building proposes a ground floor commercial storefront with residential above.

Policy 1.3:

Recognize that buildings, when seen together, produce a total effect that characterizes the city and its districts.

The proposed façade and massing are compatible with the existing neighborhood character and development pattern, particularly because the proposed building is of a similar massing, width and height to the existing structures in the neighborhood. The ground floor commercial use continues the pattern of existing mixed-use buildings in the immediate area. The proposed façade and massing of the new building reflects the existing mixed architectural character, varying heights along the block face and will be in keeping with the neighborhood development pattern.

OBJECTIVE 2:

CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES WHICH PROVIDE A SENSE OF NATURE, CONTINUITY WITH THE PAST, AND FREEDOM FROM OVERCROWDING.

Policy 2.6:

Respect the character of older development nearby in the design of new buildings.

The massing of the replacement buildings' main front façades has been designed to be compatible with the prevailing street wall heights. Although interpreted in a contemporary architectural style, the proposed building proportions and exterior materials have been selected to be compatible with the adjacent buildings and the immediate neighborhood character.

10. **Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies. On balance, the project does comply with said policies in that:

- A. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses be enhanced.

Existing neighborhood-serving retail uses would not be displaced or otherwise adversely affected by the proposal, as the existing building does not contain commercial uses.

- B. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.

While the existing housing is proposed to be demolished, the replacement building would provide three dwelling units in a neighborhood made up of single-family residences to small multi-unit buildings of mixed architectural character, as well as commercial uses.

- C. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced,

The existing single-family dwelling is not designated as affordable housing. The three proposed dwelling units will also not be designated as affordable housing.

- D. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking.

The Project Site is served by nearby public transportation options. The subject property is within .25-miles of stops for the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines. Future residents would be afforded proximity to a bus line. The Project also provides bicycle parking for residents and their guests.

- E. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced.

The Project does not involve the creation of commercial office development. The Project would enhance opportunities for resident employment and ownership in retail sales and service sectors by providing for new housing and commercial space, which will increase the diversity of the City's housing supply (a top priority in the City) and provide new potential neighborhood-serving uses and employment opportunities.

- F. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

The replacement structure would be constructed in compliance with San Francisco's current Building Code Standards and would meet all earthquake safety requirements.

- G. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved.

A City Landmark or historic building does not occupy the Project site.

- H. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

The Project will have no negative impact on existing parks and open spaces. The shadow analysis conducted for the Project concluded that no new shadows would be cast on Mc Coppin Park. The height of the proposed structure is compatible with the established neighborhood development.

11. The Project is consistent with and would promote the general and specific purposes of the Code provided under Section 101.1(b) in that, as designed, the Project would contribute to the character and stability of the neighborhood and would constitute a beneficial development.
12. The Commission hereby finds that approval of the Conditional Use Authorization would promote the health, safety and welfare of the City.

DECISION

That based upon the Record, the submissions by the Applicant, the staff of the Department and other interested parties, the oral testimony presented to this Commission at the public hearings, and all other written materials submitted by all parties, the Commission hereby **APPROVES Conditional Use Authorization Application No. 2018-011904CUA** subject to the following conditions attached hereto as "EXHIBIT A" in general conformance with plans on file, dated January 3, 2020, and stamped "EXHIBIT B", which is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

APPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF MOTION: Any aggrieved person may appeal this Conditional Use Authorization to the Board of Supervisors within thirty (30) days after the date of this Motion. The effective date of this Motion shall be the date of this Motion if not appealed (after the 30-day period has expired) OR the date of the decision of the Board of Supervisors if appealed to the Board of Supervisors. For further information, please contact the Board of Supervisors at (415) 554-5184, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Protest of Fee or Exaction: You may protest any fee or exaction subject to Government Code Section 66000 that is imposed as a condition of approval by following the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020. The protest must satisfy the requirements of Government Code Section 66020(a) and must be filed within 90 days of the date of the first approval or conditional approval of the development referencing the challenged fee or exaction. For purposes of Government Code Section 66020, the date of imposition of the fee shall be the date of the earliest discretionary approval by the City of the subject development.

If the City has not previously given Notice of an earlier discretionary approval of the project, the Planning Commission's adoption of this Motion, Resolution, Discretionary Review Action or the Zoning Administrator's Variance Decision Letter constitutes the approval or conditional approval of the development and the City hereby gives **NOTICE** that the 90-day protest period under Government Code Section 66020 has begun. If the City has already given Notice that the 90-day approval period has begun for the subject development, then this document does not re-commence the 90-day approval period.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on January 30, 2020.

Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: January 30, 2020

EXHIBIT A

AUTHORIZATION

his authorization is for a conditional use to the demolish an existing 3-story single family dwelling and construct a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed-use building with 3 dwelling units and 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use located at 1420 Taraval Street, Block 2353, and Lot 10 pursuant to Planning Code Section(s) 317 and 303 within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District; in general conformance with plans, dated January 3, 2020, and stamped "EXHIBIT B" included in the docket for Record No. 2018-011904CUA and subject to conditions of approval reviewed and approved by the Commission on January 30, 2020 under Motion No XXXXXX. This authorization and the conditions contained herein run with the property and not with a particular Project Sponsor, business, or operator.

RECORDATION OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Prior to the issuance of the building permit or commencement of use for the Project the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property. This Notice shall state that the project is subject to the conditions of approval contained herein and reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission on January 30, 2020 under Motion No XXXXXX.

PRINTING OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ON PLANS

The conditions of approval under the 'Exhibit A' of this Planning Commission Motion No. XXXXXX shall be reproduced on the Index Sheet of construction plans submitted with the site or building permit application for the Project. The Index Sheet of the construction plans shall reference to the Conditional Use authorization and any subsequent amendments or modifications.

SEVERABILITY

The Project shall comply with all applicable City codes and requirements. If any clause, sentence, section or any part of these conditions of approval is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or impair other remaining clauses, sentences, or sections of these conditions. This decision conveys no right to construct, or to receive a building permit. "Project Sponsor" shall include any subsequent responsible party.

CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS

Changes to the approved plans may be approved administratively by the Zoning Administrator. Significant changes and modifications of conditions shall require Planning Commission approval of a new Conditional Use authorization.

Conditions of Approval, Compliance, Monitoring, and Reporting

PERFORMANCE

1. **Validity.** The authorization and right vested by virtue of this action is valid for three (3) years from the effective date of the Motion. The Department of Building Inspection shall have issued a Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved use within this three-year period.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

2. **Expiration and Renewal.** Should a Building or Site Permit be sought after the three (3) year period has lapsed, the project sponsor must seek a renewal of this Authorization by filing an application for an amendment to the original Authorization or a new application for Authorization. Should the project sponsor decline to so file, and decline to withdraw the permit application, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing in order to consider the revocation of the Authorization. Should the Commission not revoke the Authorization following the closure of the public hearing, the Commission shall determine the extension of time for the continued validity of the Authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

3. **Diligent Pursuit.** Once a site or Building Permit has been issued, construction must commence within the timeframe required by the Department of Building Inspection and be continued diligently to completion. Failure to do so shall be grounds for the Commission to consider revoking the approval if more than three (3) years have passed since this Authorization was approved.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

4. **Extension.** All time limits in the preceding three paragraphs may be extended at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator where implementation of the project is delayed by a public agency, an appeal or a legal challenge and only by the length of time for which such public agency, appeal or challenge has caused delay.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

5. **Conformity with Current Law.** No application for Building Permit, Site Permit, or other entitlement shall be approved unless it complies with all applicable provisions of City Codes in effect at the time of such approval.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

DESIGN – COMPLIANCE AT PLAN STAGE

6. **Final Materials.** The Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department on the building design. Final materials, glazing, color, texture, landscaping, and detailing shall be subject to Department staff review and approval. The architectural addenda shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

7. **Garbage, Composting and Recycling Storage.** Space for the collection and storage of garbage, composting, and recycling shall be provided within enclosed areas on the property and clearly labeled and illustrated on the building permit plans. Space for the collection and storage of recyclable and compostable materials that meets the size, location, accessibility and other standards specified by the San Francisco Recycling Program shall be provided at the ground level of the buildings.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

8. **Rooftop Mechanical Equipment.** Pursuant to Planning Code 141, the Project Sponsor shall submit a roof plan to the Planning Department prior to Planning approval of the building permit application. Rooftop mechanical equipment, if any is proposed as part of the Project, is required to be screened so as not to be visible from any point at or below the roof level of the subject building.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

9. **Streetscape Plan.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 138.1, the Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department staff, in consultation with other City agencies, to refine the design and programming of the Streetscape Plan so that the plan generally meets the standards of the Better Streets Plan and all applicable City standards. The Project Sponsor shall complete final design of all required street improvements, including procurement of relevant City permits, prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, and shall complete construction of all required street improvements prior to issuance of first temporary certificate of occupancy.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

10. **Noise.** Plans submitted with the building permit application for the approved project shall incorporate acoustical insulation and other sound proofing measures to control noise.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

PARKING AND TRAFFIC

11. **Bicycle Parking.** Pursuant to Planning Code Sections 155, 155.1, and 155.2, the Project shall provide no fewer than 3 bicycle parking spaces (3 Class 1 spaces for the residential portion of the Project and 2 Class 2 spaces for the commercial portion of the Project). SFMTA has final authority on the type, placement and number of Class 2 bicycle racks within the public ROW. Prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, the project sponsor shall contact the SFMTA Bike Parking Program at bikeparking@sfmta.com to coordinate the installation of on-street bicycle racks and ensure that the proposed bicycle racks meet the SFMTA's bicycle parking guidelines. Depending on local site conditions and anticipated demand, SFMTA may request the project sponsor pay an in-lieu fee for Class II bike racks required by the Planning Code.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

12. **Managing Traffic During Construction.** The Project Sponsor and construction contractor(s) shall coordinate with the Traffic Engineering and Transit Divisions of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), the Police Department, the Fire Department, the Planning Department, and other construction contractor(s) for any concurrent nearby Projects to manage traffic congestion and pedestrian circulation effects during construction of the Project.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

PROVISIONS

13. **Residential Child Care Impact Fee.** The Project is subject to the Residential Child Care Fee, as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 414A.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

MONITORING - AFTER ENTITLEMENT

14. **Enforcement.** Violation of any of the Planning Department conditions of approval contained in this Motion or of any other provisions of Planning Code applicable to this Project shall be subject to the enforcement procedures and administrative penalties set forth under Planning Code Section 176 or Section 176.1. The Planning Department may also refer the violation complaints to other city departments and agencies for appropriate enforcement action under their jurisdiction.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

15. **Revocation due to Violation of Conditions.** Should implementation of this Project result in complaints from interested property owners, residents, or commercial lessees which are not resolved by the Project Sponsor and found to be in violation of the Planning Code and/or the specific conditions of approval for the Project as set forth in Exhibit A of this Motion, the Zoning

Administrator shall refer such complaints to the Commission, after which it may hold a public hearing on the matter to consider revocation of this authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

OPERATION

16. **Sidewalk Maintenance.** The Project Sponsor shall maintain the main entrance to the building and all sidewalks abutting the subject property in a clean and sanitary condition in compliance with the Department of Public Works Streets and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards.

For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works, 415-695-2017, <http://sfdpr.org>

17. **Community Liaison.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall appoint a community liaison officer to deal with the issues of concern to owners and occupants of nearby properties. The Project Sponsor shall provide the Zoning Administrator and all registered neighborhood groups for the area with written notice of the name, business address, and telephone number of the community liaison. Should the contact information change, the Zoning Administrator and registered neighborhood groups shall be made aware of such change. The community liaison shall report to the Zoning Administrator what issues, if any, are of concern to the community and what issues have not been resolved by the Project Sponsor.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

18. **Lighting.** All Project lighting shall be directed onto the Project site and immediately surrounding sidewalk area only, and designed and managed so as not to be a nuisance to adjacent residents. Nighttime lighting shall be the minimum necessary to ensure safety, but shall in no case be directed so as to constitute a nuisance to any surrounding property.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

GENERAL NOTES:

INTENT OF DOCUMENTS:

It is the intent of these Contract Documents to establish a high quality of material and workmanship, but not necessarily to note and call for every last item of work to be done. Any item not specifically covered but deemed necessary for satisfactory completion of the work shall be accomplished by the Contractor in a manner consistent with the quality of the work without additional cost to the Owner. All materials and methods of installation shall be in accordance with industry standards and manufacturers recommendations.

A. All materials and workmanship shall conform to the requirements of the following codes and regulations and any other local and state law and regulations:

San Francisco Building Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Fire Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Plumbing Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Electrical Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Mechanical Code 2016 Edition

Verify all existing conditions and dimensions at the project site. Notify the Architect and/or Engineer of any discrepancies before beginning construction.
B. Provide adequate and proper shoring and bracing to maintain safe conditions at all times. The contractor shall be solely responsible for providing adequate shoring and bracing as required for protection of life and property during the construction of the project.
C. At all times the Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for all conditions at the jobsite, including safety of persons and property, and all necessary independent engineering reviews of these conditions. The Architects jobsite reviews are not intended nor shall they be construed to include a review of the adequacy of the contractors safety measures.
D. Unless otherwise shown or noted, all typical details shall used where applicable.
E. All details shall be construed typical at similar conditions.
F. All drawing conflicts shall be brought to the attention of the Architect and/or Consulting Engineer for clarification before work proceeds.
G. The Contractor shall supply all labor, materials, equipment and services, including water and power, necessary for the proper execution of the work shown on these drawings. All materials shall be new and workmanship shall be good quality. All workman and subcontractors shall be skilled in their trade. Any inspections, special or otherwise, that are required by the building codes, local building departments, on these plans shall be done by an independent inspection company.
H. Finishes: Replace patch, repair and refinish all existing surfaces affected by the new work. All new finishes shall match the adjacent surface, all surfaces shall align.
I. The General Contractor shall visit the site and familiarize themselves with the existing site conditions prior to finalizing of any proposal to the owner. The general Contractor shall be responsible to inform the owner or Architect of potential existing conditions that need to be addressed and or modified in order to complete the work as herein described in these Drawings.
J. The General Contractor shall be responsible for all means and methods of construction including but not limited to leveling, shimming, and blocking. The General Contractor shall make specific note of such items that can not be known prior to the commencement of construction.

DRAWING INDEX:

A 1.01 SITE AND ROOF PLAN, GENERAL NOTES, AND DRAWING INDEX
A 1.02 SITE AND ROOF PLANS EXISTING
A 2.01 FLOOR PLANS EXISTING
A 2.02 FLOOR PLANS PROPOSED
A 2.03 FLOOR PLANS PROPOSED
A 3.00 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A 3.01 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A 3.02 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A 3.03 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A 3.04 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A 4.01 BUILDING SECTION
A 4.02 BUILDING SECTION
C-2 GREEN BUILDING FOR SITE PERMIT CIVIL SURVEY

PROJECT INFORMATION:

ZONING: NCD TARAVAI NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT
OCCUPANCY R-3
EXISTING USE: 1 FAMILY RESIDENCE
PROPOSED USE: THREE RESIDENTIAL UNITS OVER COMMERCIAL SPACE
PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT: 45'-4"
PROPOSED 4 STORIES
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: 3-A
BUILDING TO BE FIRE SPRINKLERED NFPA-13 R WORK BY SEPERATE PERMIT
BLOCK 2353 LOT 010
SCOPE OF WORK:
NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

PROJECT STATISTICS

PROPOSED	COMMON	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	TOTAL
1ST FLOOR:	759 SF	0 SF	1,713 SF	2,472 SF
2ND FLOOR:	241 SF	1,604 SF	0 SF	1,845 SF
3RD FLOOR:	238 SF	1,580 SF	0 SF	1,818 SF
4TH FLOOR:	238 SF	1,634 SF	0 SF	1,872 SF
ROOF:	202 SF	0 SF	0 SF	202 SF
TOTAL	1,168 SF	4,818 SF	1,713 SF	8,209 SF

OPEN SPACE:

REQUIRED OPEN SPACE EA UNIT 300 SF

UNIT 1	558 SF
UNIT 2	56 SF AT UNIT: REQUIRED OPEN SPACE PROVIDED AT ROOF DECK
UNIT 3	0 SF AT UNIT: OPEN SPACE PROVIDED AT ROOF DECK
ROOF	778 SF: DECK OPEN TO UNIT 2 AND 3

BIKE PARKING

3 CLASS A SPACES PROVIDED
SEE A 2.02 1ST FLOOR PLAN

ABBREVIATIONS:

©	AT	HGT./HT.	HEIGHT
CL	CENTERLINE	INSUL.	INSULATION
Ø	DIAMETER OR ROUND		
(E)	EXISTING		
(N)	NEW		
(R)	REPLACE	MPG.	MANUFACTURING
		MAX.	MAXIMUM
		MTL.	METAL
		MIN.	MINIMUM
AFF	ABOVE FINISH FLOOR	O.C.	ON CENTER
BM.	BEAM	PR.	PAIR
BLDG.	BUILDING	PKT.	POCKET
CBG	CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE	P.T.	PRESSURE TREATED
CLR.	CLEAR		
CLOS.	CLOSET	REF.	REFRIGERATOR
CONC.	CONCRETE	REQ'D	REQUIRED
		REQ'T	REQUIRED
DECK	DECKING	RTR.	RETAINING
DET.	DETAIL	R & S	ROD AND SHELF
DIA.	DIAMETER	RM.	ROOM
DISP.	DISPOSAL		
DW.	DISHWASHER	SIM.	SIMILAR
DR.	DOOR	S.C.	SOLID CORE
DBL.	DOUBLE	SQ. FT.	SQUARE FOOT/FEET
DN.	DOWN	STOR.	STORAGE
DRWGS.	DRAWINGS	STRUCT.	STRUCTURAL
D	DRYER		
EA.	EACH	TEMP.	TEMPERED
		TRANS.	TRANSPARENT
		TYP.	TYPICAL
F	FAHRENHEIT		
FIN.	FINISH	U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
F.R.	FIRE RATED		
FLR.	FLOOR		
FT.	FOOT OR FEET	V.I.F.	VERIFY IN FIELD
FR.	FRENCH		
FURN.	FURNISH	W	WASHER
FURR.	FURRING	WH.	WATER HEATER
		WP	WATERPROOF
GA.	GAUGE	WDO.	WINDOW
GL.	GLAZING	W/	WITH
GYP.	GYPSEUM	WD.	WOOD
GYP.BD.	GYPSEUM BOARD		

DRAWING SYMBOLS

101

DOOR NUMBER

201

WINDOW NUMBER

101

SKYLIGHT NUMBER

1

DRAWING REVISION

1

DETAIL NUMBER AND DRAWING REFERENCE

1

NOTE/ITEM NUMBER

0'-0"

GRADE

PL

PROPERTY LINE

1

ELEV. NO. DRAWING REFERENCE

VIICINITY MAP

WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT
3607 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415.379.2076
info@wpashe.com

NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE
1485 TARAVAL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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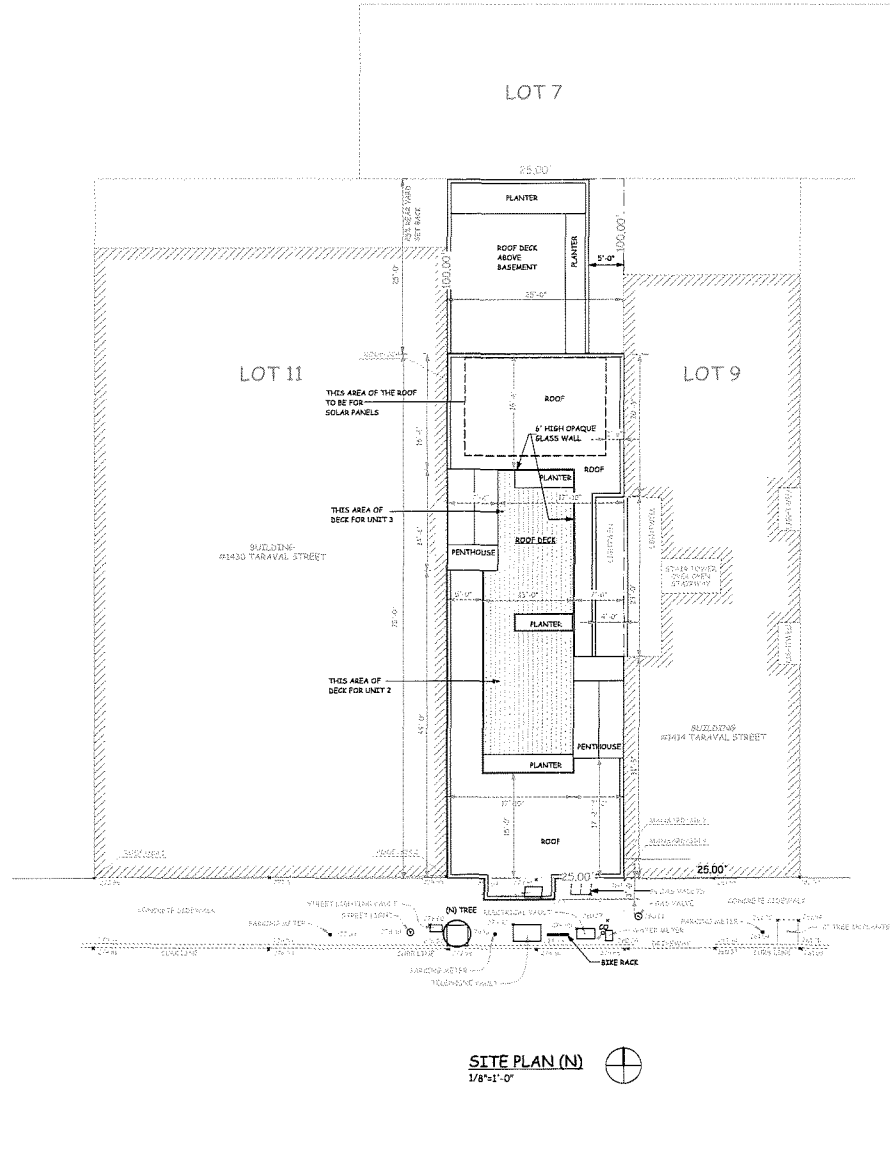
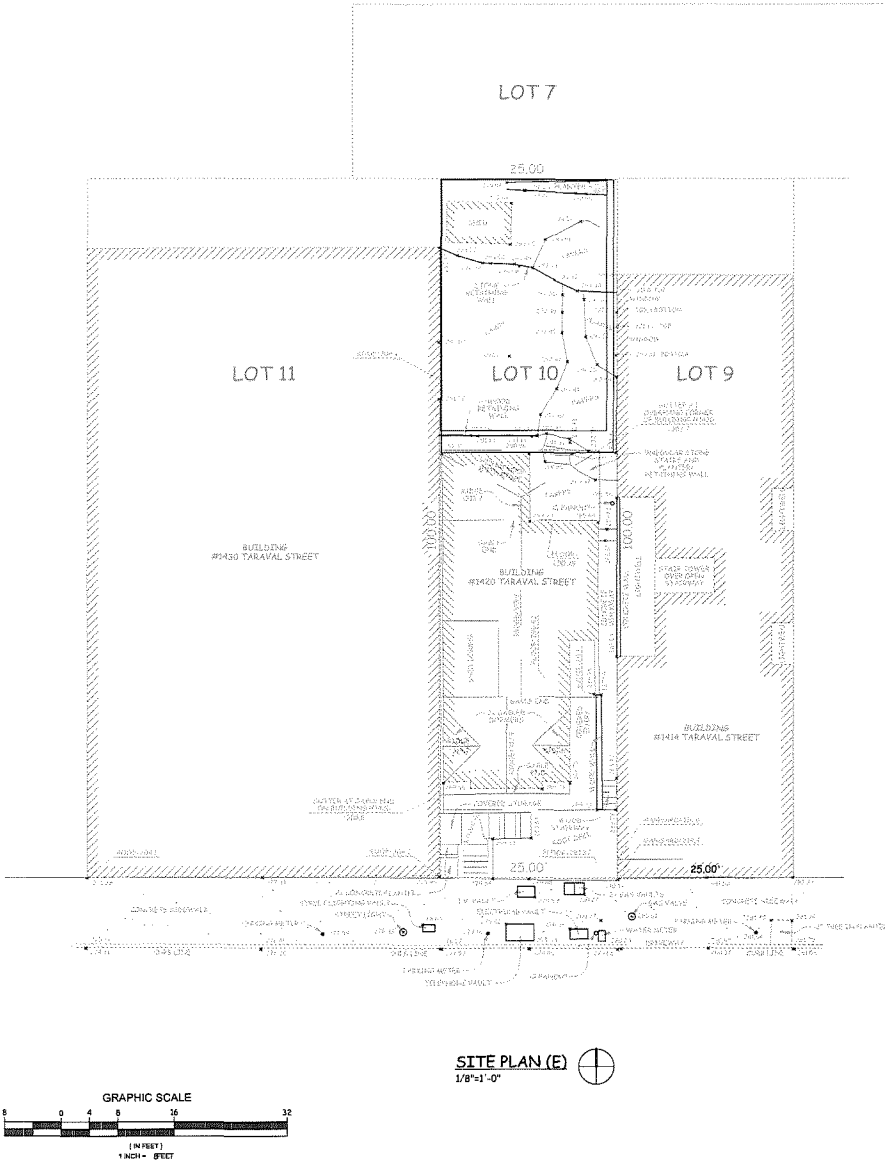
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
2	11/7/9	PLANNING REV
4	01.03.20	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.33
SHEET

A-1.01

WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
 ARCHITECT
 1507 HAYES STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
 415-379-3676
 bilpash@gmail.com

**NEW 3 UNIT
 RESIDENCE OVER
 COMMERCIAL SPACE**
 1420 TARAVAL STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA.

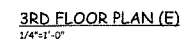
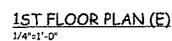


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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05.25.20	PLANNING REV
4	01.03.20	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017-32
 SHEET

A-1.02

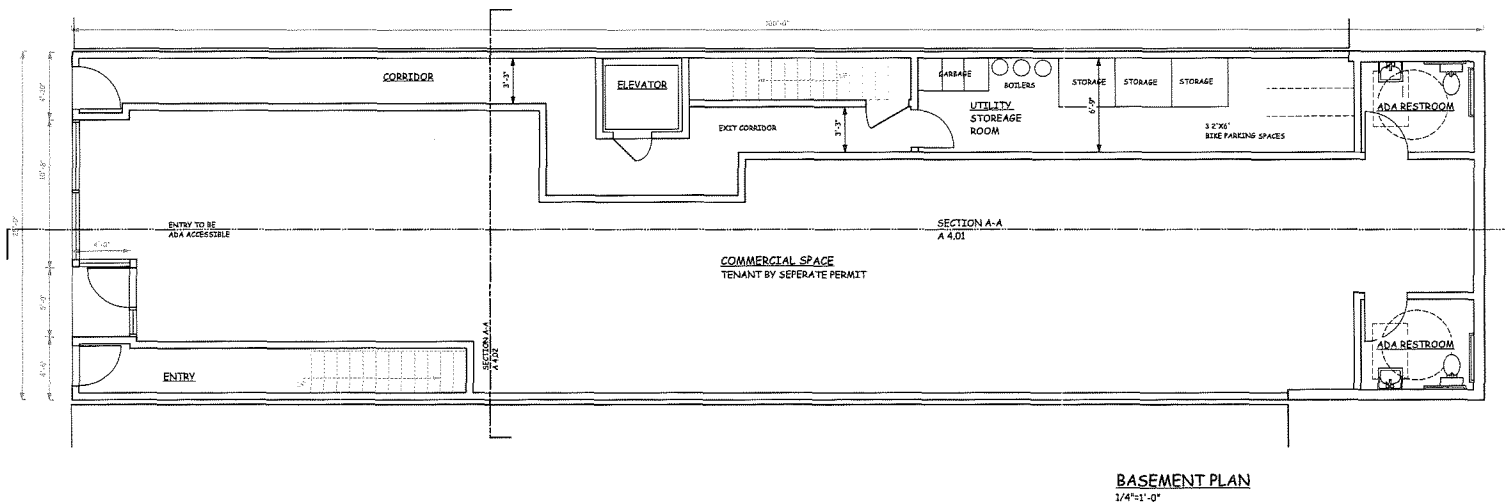
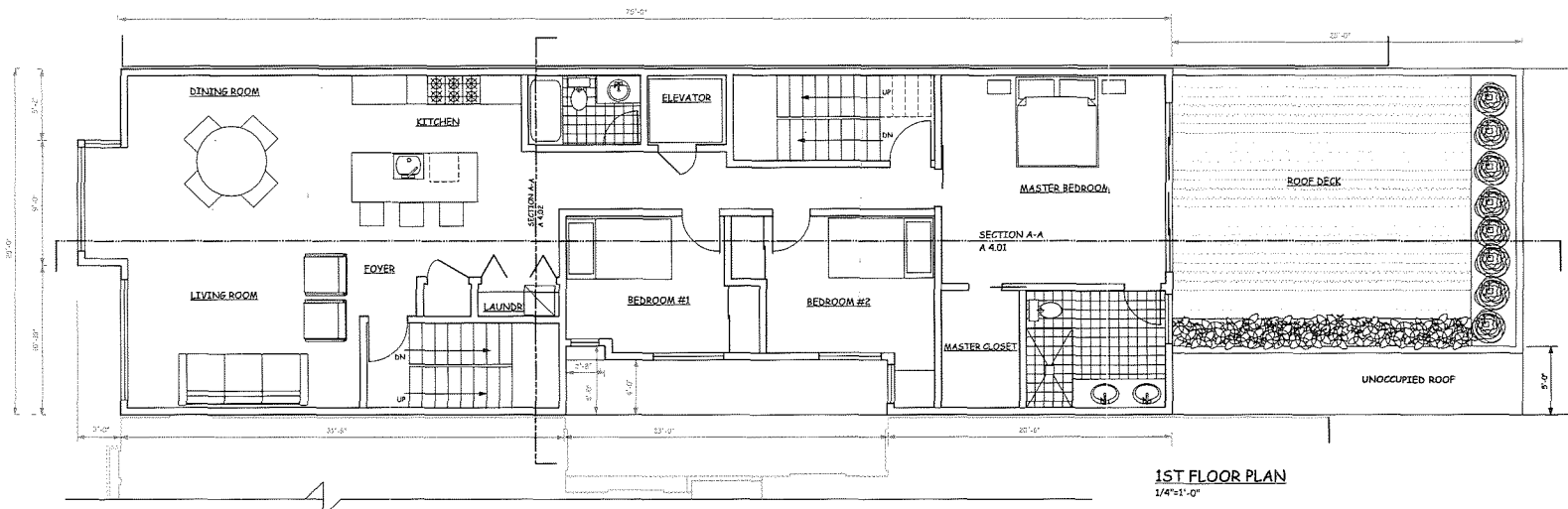


1ST FLOOR:	865 SF
2ND FLOOR:	986 SF
3RD FLOOR:	325 SF
TOTAL:	2,176 SF

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[illegible]

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET



**WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1507 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415 379 3676
WilliamP@earthlink.net

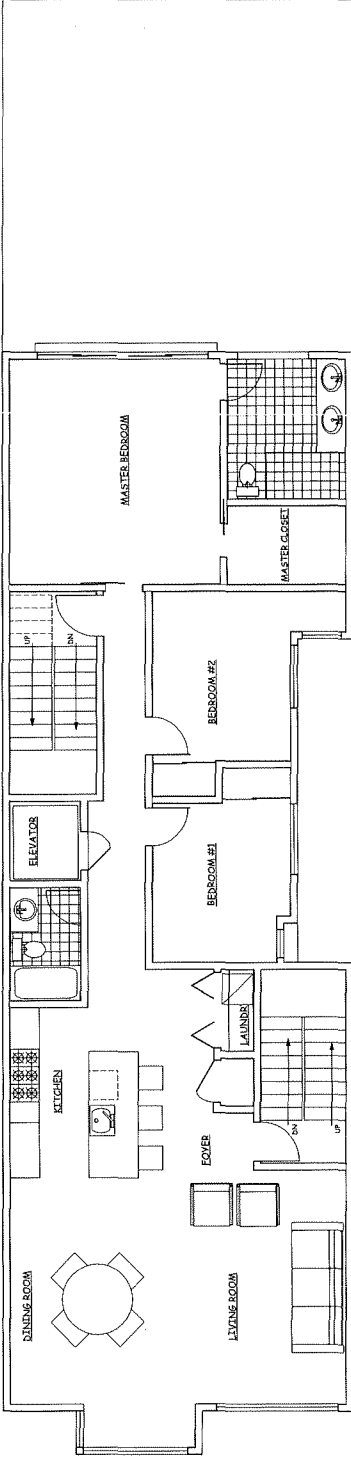
**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE**
1507 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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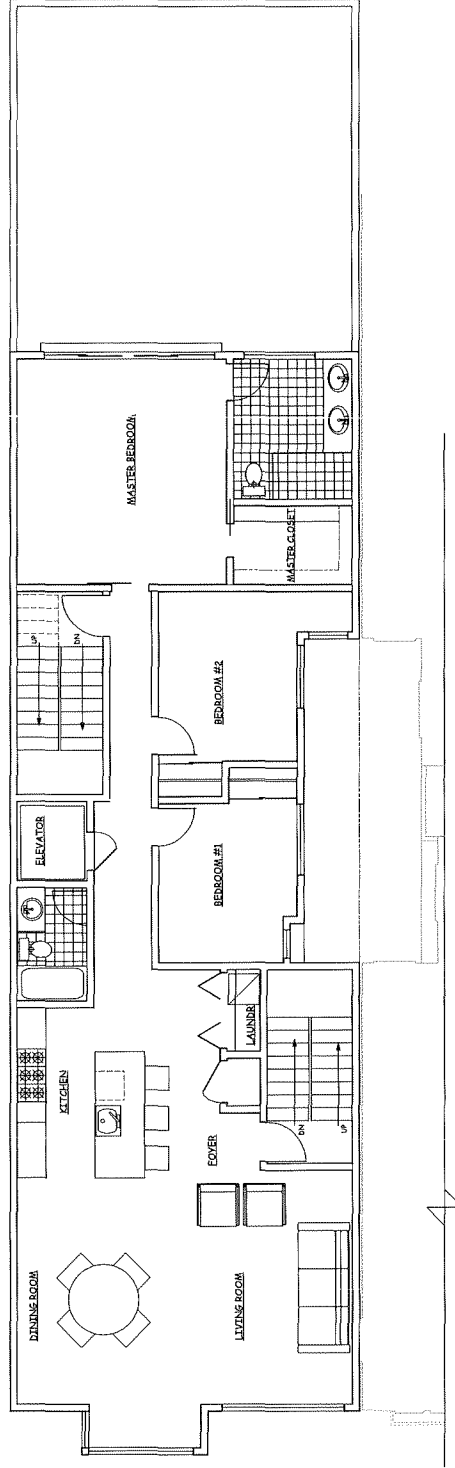
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4	01.03.20	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

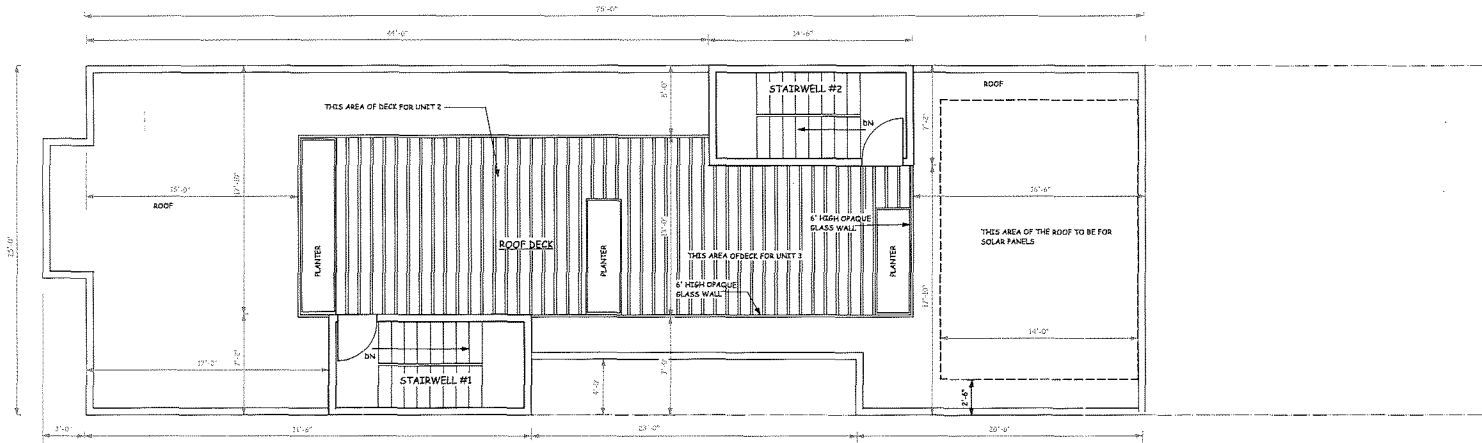
A-2.02



3RD FLOOR PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"



2ND FLOOR PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"



ROOF PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"

ROOF 1: 1,870 S.F.
STAIR PENTHOUSES: 206 S.F.
ALLOWABLE 1,870X2= 374 S.F.

PER BETTER ROOF OBSTACLE
SOLAR PANELS TO BE PROVIDED
1,870X15= 280 S.F.

**WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415.379.2976
billpash@gmail.com

**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE**
1402 HAYMA STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05.15.19	PLANNING REV
4	01.03.20	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

A-2.04

WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT
300 N. WILSON AVE., SUITE 200
ANN ARBOR, MI 48106-1177
734.769.8000
billpash@gmail.com

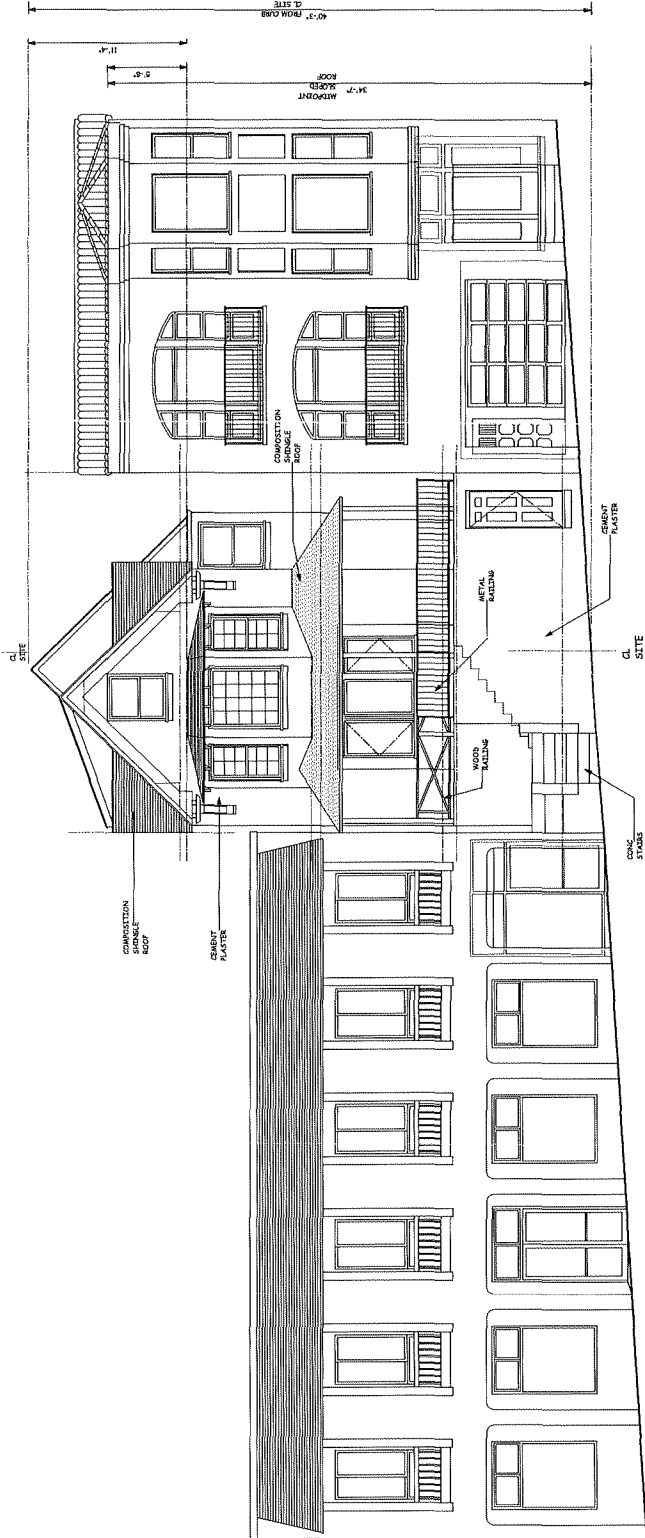
NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE
300 N. WILSON AVE.
ANN ARBOR, MI 48106-1177

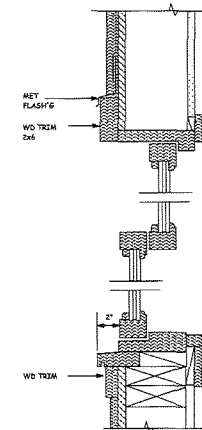
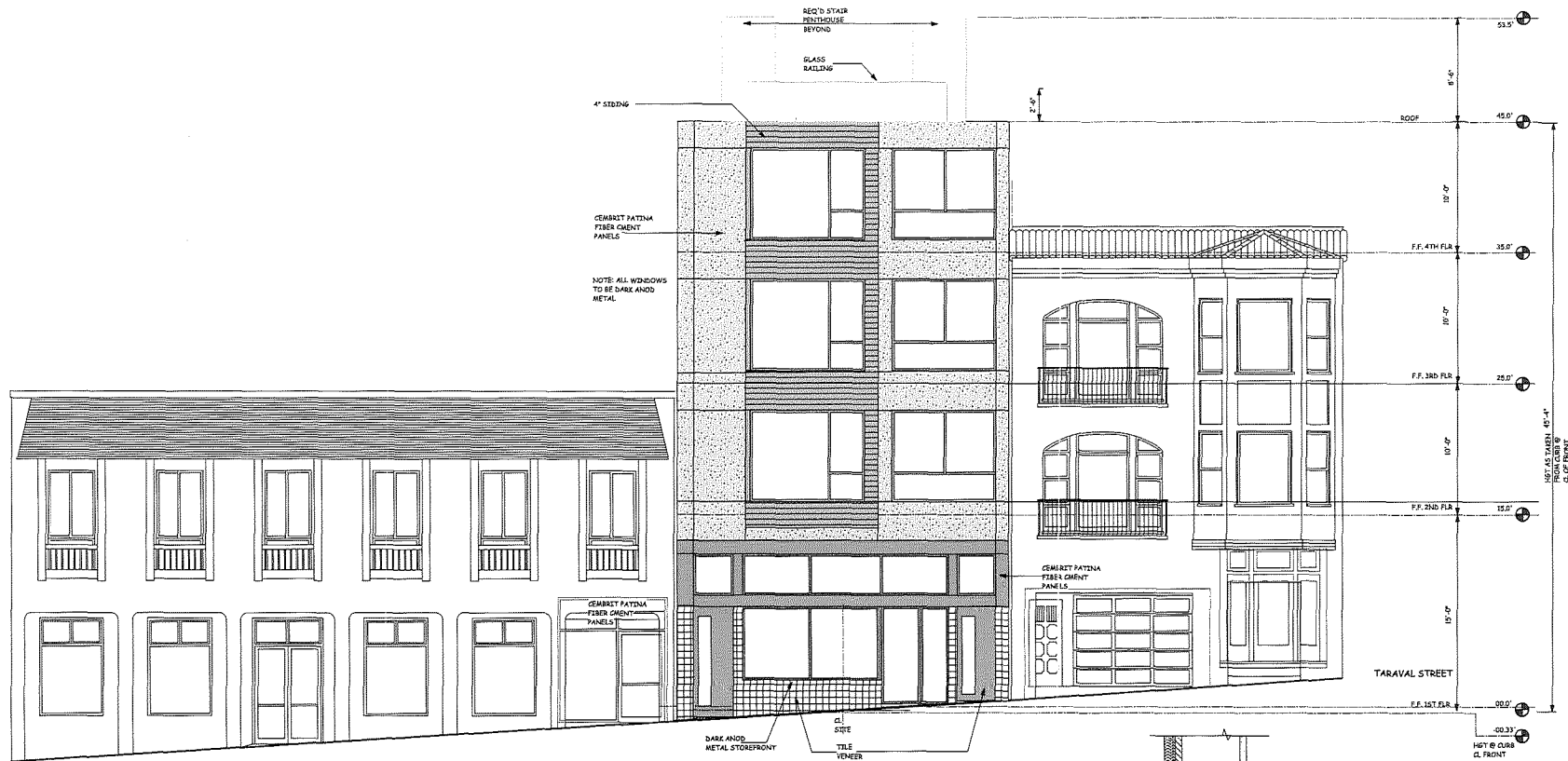
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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05/15/19	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017/02
SHEET

A-3.00





1 TYP WINDOW DET DBL HUNG

WARRANTY ALUM CLAD WINDOW
TYP AT FRONT
NOTE: ALL WINDOWS AT FRONT ELEVATION
AND WEST TO BE ALUM CLAD

**WILLIAM PASELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1017 HAVES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415.575.3676
billpash@gmail.com

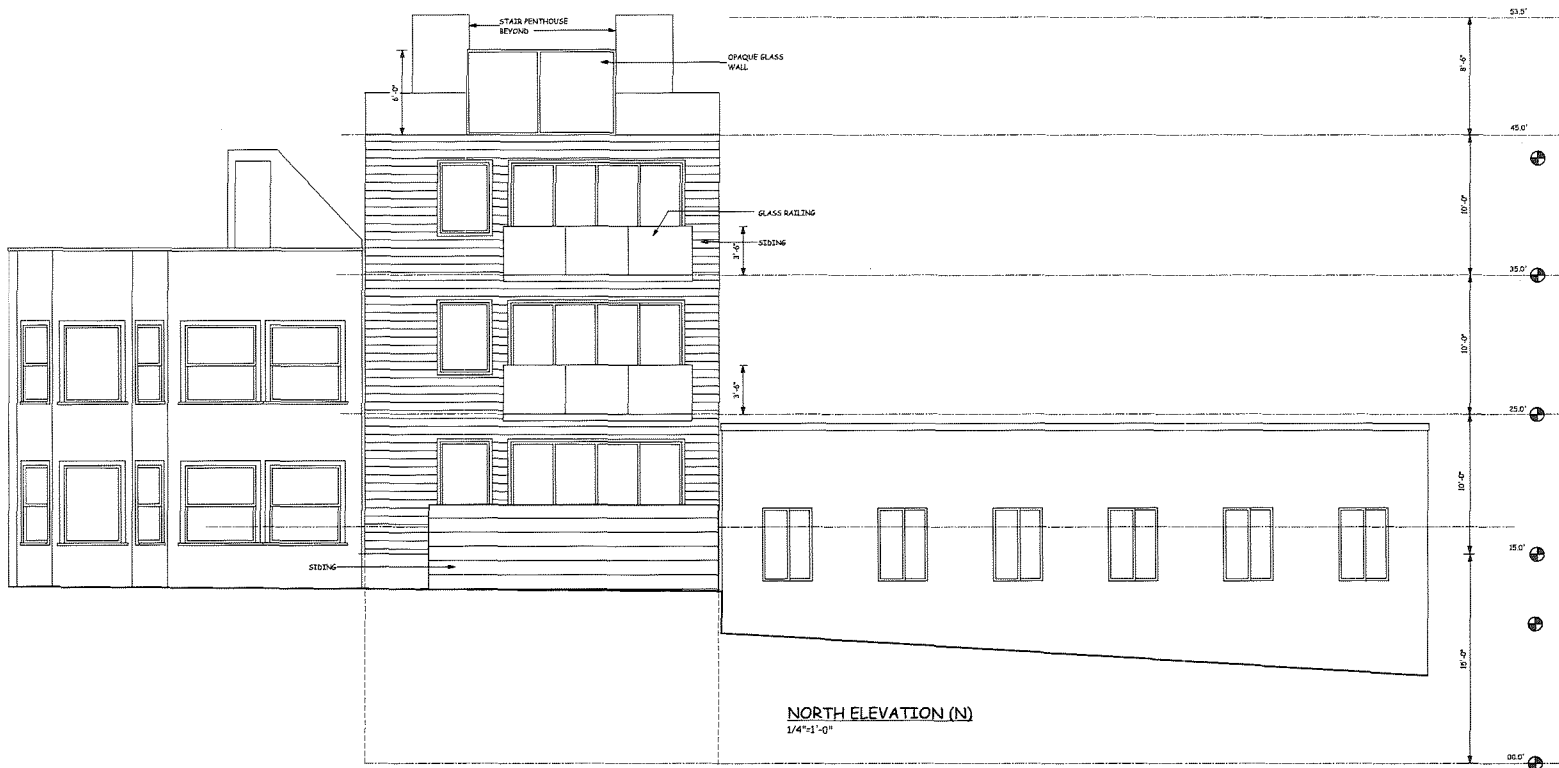
**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE**
1430 TARAVALL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05.15.19	PLANNING REV
2	06.10.19	PLANNING REV
3	11.11.19	PLANNING REV
4	01.03.20	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.02
SHEET

A-3.01



**WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1907 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415.378.3576
spashel@gmail.com

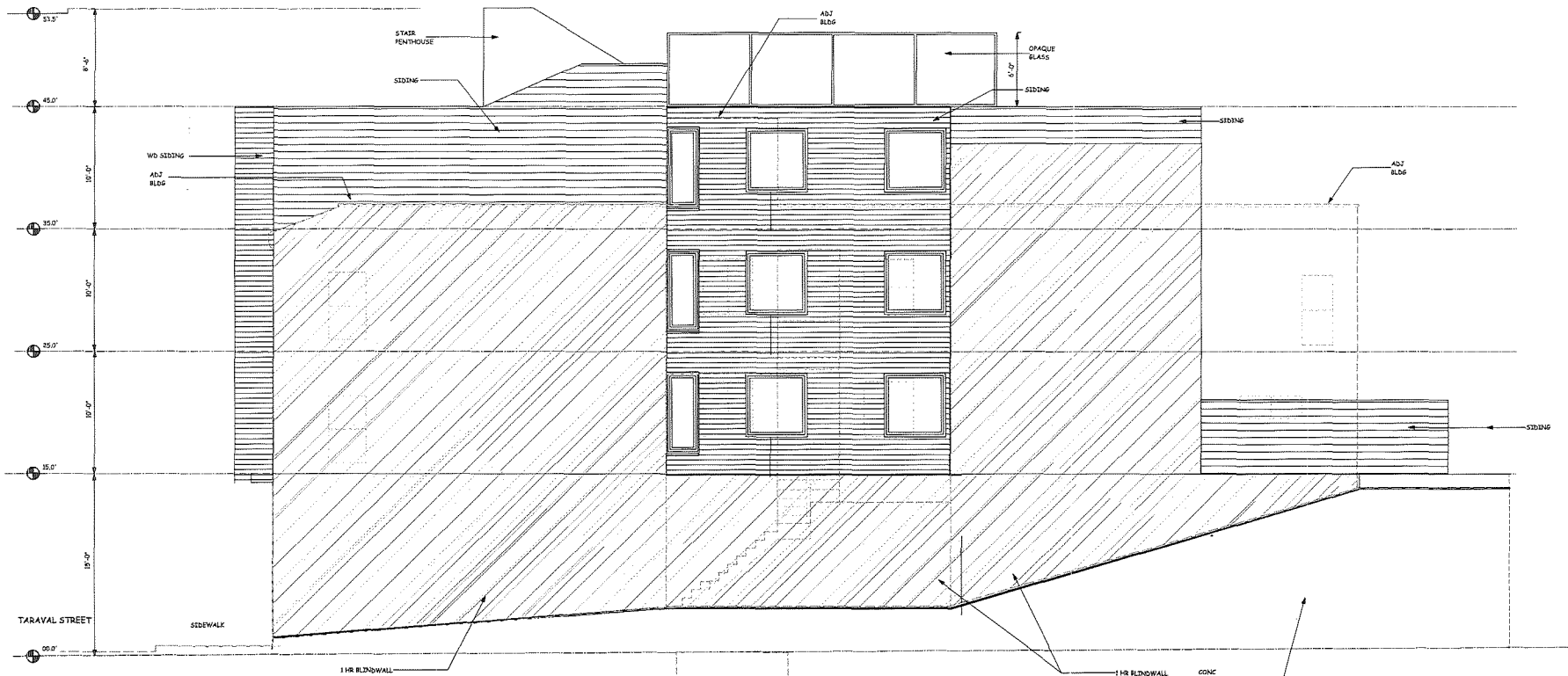
**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE**
1427 TRINIDAD STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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1	05.15.12	PLANNING REV
2	01.03.13	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

A-3.02



EAST ELEVATION (N)
1/4"=1'-0"



EAST ELEVATION (E)
1/4"=1'-0"

**WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1037 HAWES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415.397.3878
billpash@gmail.com

**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE**
1402 TARAVAL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

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2	10.21.19	PLANNING REV
3	01.03.19	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

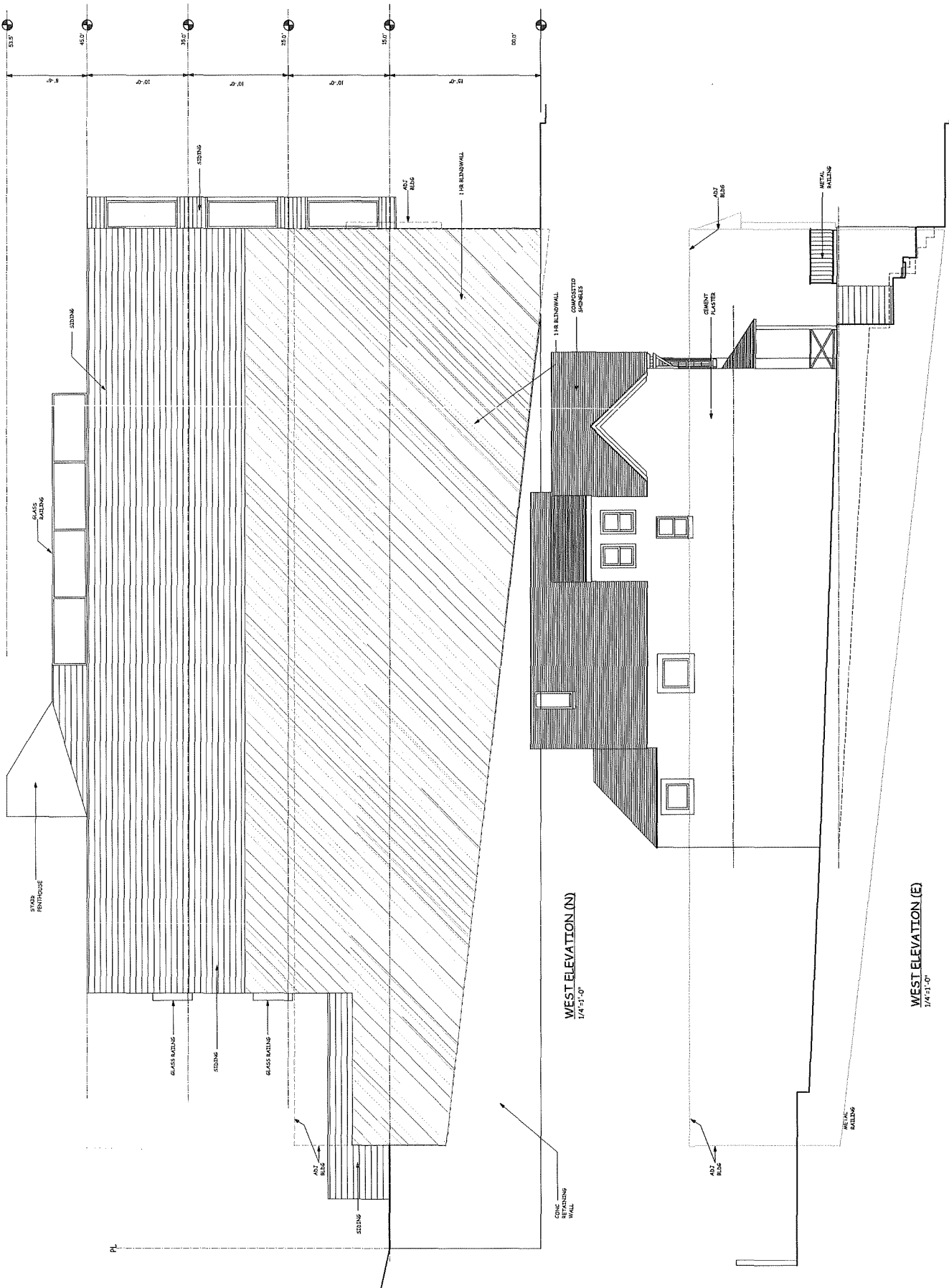
A-3.03

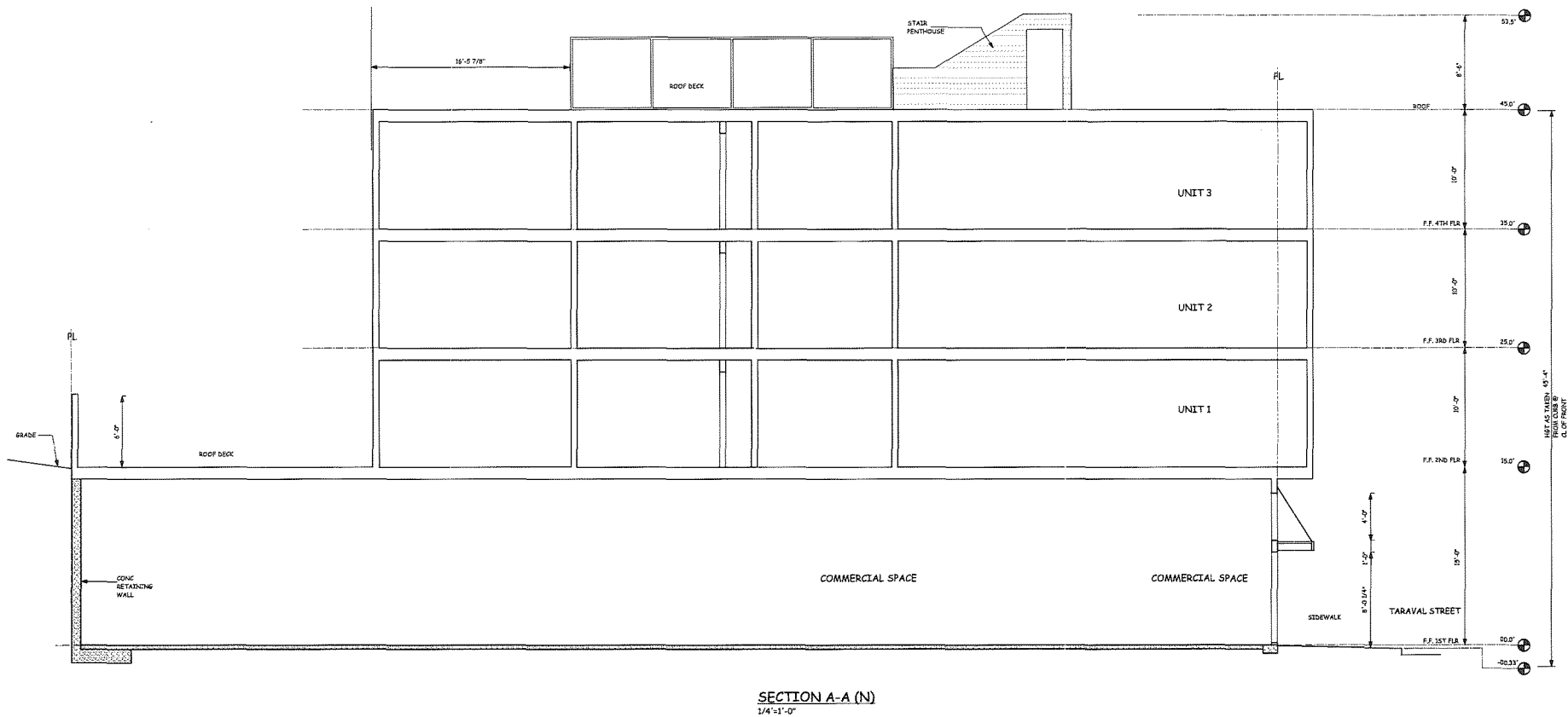
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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	02.15.19	PLANNING KEY
2	02.21.19	PLANNING KEY
3	03.03.19	PLANNING KEY

PROJECT NO. 2017.02
SHEET

A-3.04





WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT
 1837 MYLES STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
 415.372.2676
 billpash@gmail.com

**NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
 OVER COMMERCIAL
 SPACE**
 1420 TARAVAL STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA

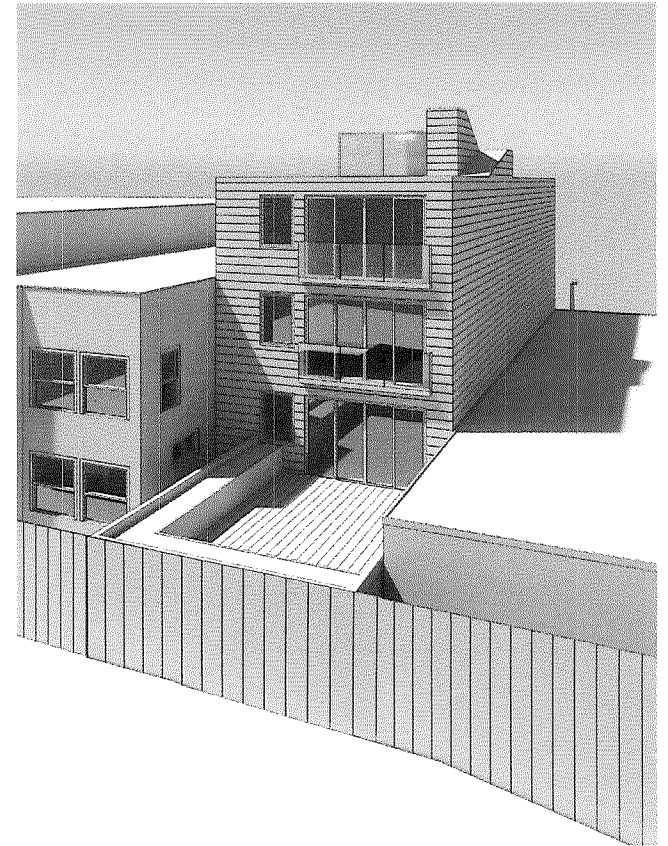
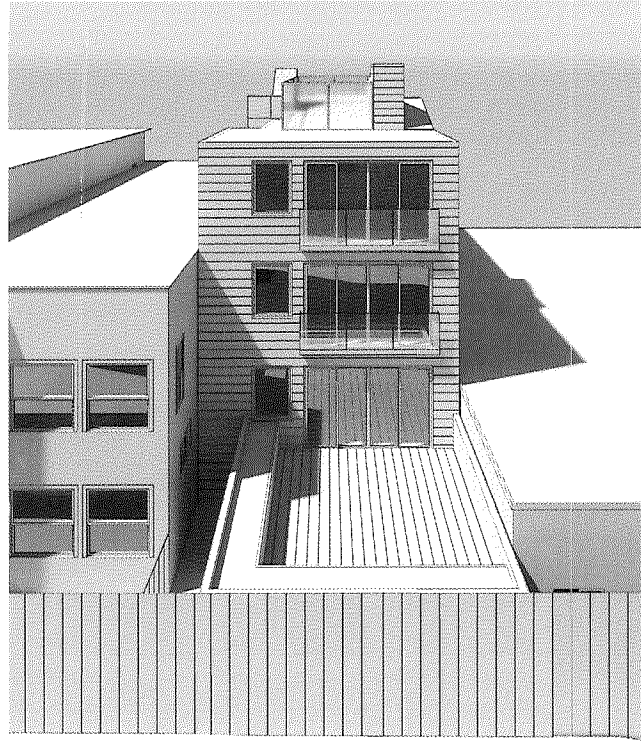
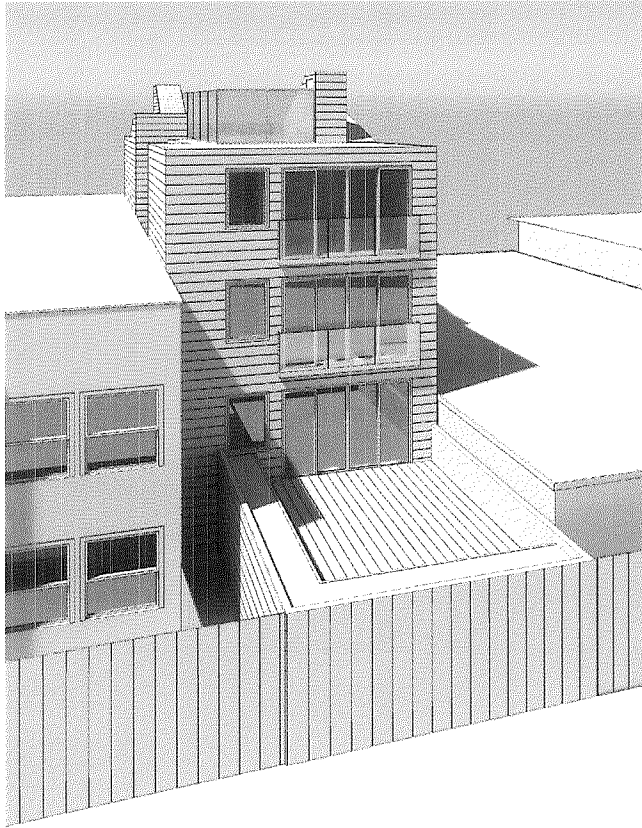
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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05.15.19	PLANNING REV
2	01.03.19	PLANNING REV

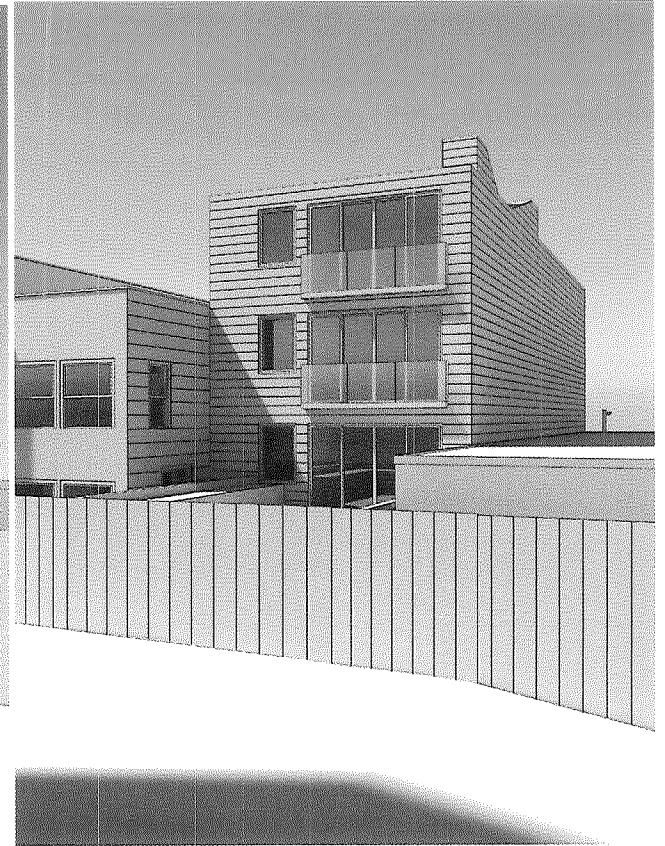
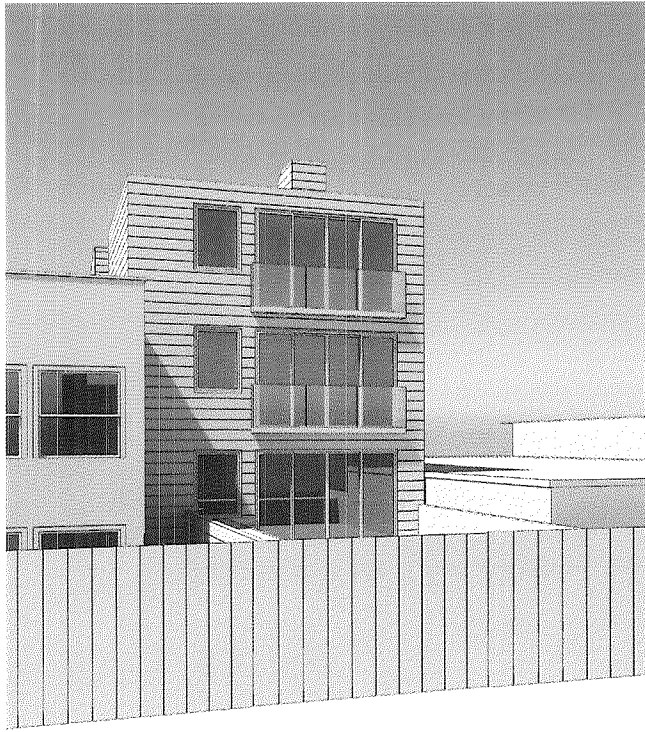
PROJECT NO. 2017.32
 SHEET

A-4.01





1420 TARAVAL STREET
REAR VIEW



1420 TARAVAL STREET
REAR VIEW



San Francisco Planning

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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
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2020 MAR -2 PM 2:01

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS APPEAL FEE WAIVER FOR NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATIONS

APPLICATION

Appellant's Information

Name: EILEEN BOKEN
Address: 2063-22ND AVE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA
94116
Email Address: AEBOKEN@GMAIL.COM
Telephone: 415-680-5936

Neighborhood Group Organization Information

Name of Organization: SUNSET-PARKSIDE EDUCATION & ACTION
Address: COMMITTEE (SPEAK)
1329-7TH AVE
SAN FRANCISCO CA
94122
Email Address: SPEAKSANFRANCISCO@
YAHOO.COM
Telephone: N/A
PERSONAL: 415-680-5936

Property Information

Project Address: 1420 TARAVAL ST SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94116
Project Application (PRJ) Record No: 2018-011904 Building Permit No: 201808086754
Date of Decision (if any): JANUARY 30, 2020
CUA

Required Criteria for Granting Waiver

All must be satisfied; please attach supporting materials.

REQUIRED CRITERIA	YES	NO
The appellant is a member of the stated neighborhood organization and is authorized to file the appeal on behalf of the organization. Authorization may take the form of a letter signed by the President or other officer of the organization.	X	
The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that is registered with the Planning Department and that appears on the Department's current list of neighborhood organizations.	X	
The appellant is appealing on behalf of an organization that has been in existence at least 24 months prior to the submittal of the fee waiver request. Existence may be established by evidence including that relating to the organization's activities at that time such as meeting minutes, resolutions, publications and rosters.	X	
The appellant is appealing on behalf of a neighborhood organization that is affected by the project and that is the subject of the appeal.	X	

For Department Use Only

Application received by Planning Department:

By: _____

Date: _____

Submission Checklist:

- ☐ APPELLANT AUTHORIZATION ☐ CURRENT ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION ☐ MINIMUM ORGANIZATION AGE
☐ PROJECT IMPACT ON ORGANIZATION

☐ WAIVER APPROVED ☐ WAIVER DENIED

NAPA VALLEY

EILEEN T BOKEN

1148

11-35/1210 CA
90406

MARCH 2, 2020
DATE

PAY TO THE
ORDER OF

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPT | \$640.00

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DOLLARS



Security
Features
Details on
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FOR

1420 CARAVAN CUA ABSENT Eileen T. Boken

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BY

SPEAK SUNSET PARKSIDE EDUCATION AND ACTION COMMITTEE

1329 7th Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94122-2507 speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com

To: Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
San Francisco Planning Department-Planning Information Center

February 27, 2020

Eileen Boken is a member of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee (SPEAK), a 501(c)(3) organization that is registered with the San Francisco Planning Department and appears in the Planning Department's current list of neighborhood organizations.


This letter authorizes Ms. Boken to file an appeal on behalf of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee (SPEAK) of the Planning Commission's conditional use authorization in case number 2018-011904CUA for 1420 Taraval Street to the Board of Supervisors. The building permit application number is 201808086754.

The Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee (SPEAK) is a neighborhood organization that is affected by the project and that is the subject of the appeal. The organization has been in existence at least 24 months prior to the submittal of the fee waiver request. In fact, the organization has been in existence since 1969 and the organization's records are held at the San Francisco Library History Center as indicated on the web site of the Online Archive of California:
<https://oac.cdlib.org/findaid/ark:/13030/c84t6qwn/>

Sincerely,



Eileen Boken
President

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BY 

From: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [aeboken@gmail.com](#); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](#); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](#); [billpash@gmail.com](#); [Justin A. Zucker](#)
Cc: [Storrs, Bruce \(DPW\)](#); [Tse, Bernie \(DPW\)](#); [Rivera, Javier \(DPW\)](#); [Duran, Vanessa \(DPW\)](#); [Wong, Jason \(DPW\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [STACY, KATE \(CAT\)](#); [JENSEN, KRISTEN \(CAT\)](#); [Gibson, Lisa \(CPC\)](#); [Jain, Devyani \(CPC\)](#); [Varat, Adam \(CPC\)](#); [Rodgers, AnMarie \(CPC\)](#); [Navarrete, Joy \(CPC\)](#); [Lynch, Laura \(CPC\)](#); [Teague, Corey \(CPC\)](#); [Sanchez, Scott \(CPC\)](#); [Sider, Dan \(CPC\)](#); [Starr, Aaron \(CPC\)](#); [Ionin, Jonas \(CPC\)](#); [Ajello Hoagland, Linda \(CPC\)](#); [Rosenberg, Julie \(BOA\)](#); [Sullivan, Katy \(BOA\)](#); [Longaway, Alec \(BOA\)](#); [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [er@sonic.net](#); [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020
Date: Wednesday, March 18, 2020 3:41:40 PM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

Good afternoon,

Please find linked below supplemental appeal materials from Evan Rosen, on behalf of the Appellants, received by the Office of the Clerk of the Board regarding the Conditional Use Authorization Appeal for the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street.

[Appellants - Reply and Complete Supplemental Appeal Materials - March 18, 2020](#)

The hearing for this matter is scheduled for a 3:00 p.m. special order before the Board on March 24, 2020.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Best regards,

Jocelyn Wong

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

Disclosures: Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

***SPEAK* SUNSET PARKSIDE EDUCATION AND ACTION COMMITTEE**

1329 7th Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94122-2507 speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com

March 17, 2020

Norman Yee, President of the Board of Supervisors
Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
Supervisors Shamann Walton, Catherine Stefani, Ahsha Safai, Sandra Lee Fewer,
Matt Haney, Rafael Mandelman, Gordon Mar, Aaron Peskin, Dean Preston,
Hillary Ronen

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
City Hall, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear President Yee, Clerk Calvillo and Supervisors:

This is a Reply to the Appeal Opposition Brief of Justin Zucker of Reuben, Junius & Rose, LLP that includes responses by Peter Mandel, owner of 1420 Taraval Street. This is also a Reply to the Planning Department Appeal Response. This Reply supports the community-originated appeal of the conditional use authorization approved by the Planning Commission. Attached are supplemental materials supporting the appeal.

This is apparently a self-developed project by Mr. Mandel which is of concern to members of the Parkside neighborhood community. Our neighborhood has experienced other self-developed projects in which owners experienced financing issues midstream. Were this to happen following demolition, particularly if the economy worsens, the neighborhood could be left with an empty lot subject to graffiti and litter.

Reply to Appeal Opposition Brief of Justin Zucker of Reuben, Junius & Rose, LLP

In the Opposition Brief, Mr. Mandel concedes that older homes “are generally more affordable.” Yet Mr. Mandel somehow claims that his project which will demolish naturally affordable housing and construct new, market-rate housing is “naturally affordable by design” (*Opposition Brief, p. 4, paragraph 2*). This is questionable in that construction costs in San Francisco are the highest in the world, according to the *New York Times* and Mr. Mandel’s current property tax on 1420 Taraval of \$1,869.32 will rise substantially preventing new market rate units from becoming anywhere near naturally affordable.

Regarding displacing at least 3 tenants, Mr. Mandel claims that he and the tenants have “reached an agreement in which the tenants are voluntarily leaving upon extended notice (3) three to (4) four months out prior to construction starting” (*Opposition Brief, p. 4, paragraph 3*). He provides no evidence of this purported agreement nor does he indicate the date of the purported agreement. If the purported agreement exists, one

would expect it would include a firm number of months of notice rather than “three to four.” Further, if the purported agreement exists, Mr. Mandel could demolish the naturally-affordable housing at any time with at least 3 tenants obliged to vacate their homes during the current COVID-19 emergency.

Further, Mr. Mandel’s response states that “the home has been determined not to be historic” and cites several “extensive alterations” without indicating whether these alterations were done with permits. Based on the Planning Department’s determination and a report from Tim Kelly Consulting, LLC (hired by Mr. Mandel) on which the Planning Department partially based its determination, Mr. Mandel’s response concludes “it has lost its integrity and need not be preserved.”

In contrast, the March 12, 2020 letter from Mike Buhler, President & CEO of SF Heritage states (*see Exhibit 1: Letter from Mike Buhler, SF Heritage attached hereto and incorporated by reference*):

“As one of the first houses built by Hugh C. Keenan for the Parkside District Realty Company, 1420 Taraval (built in 1907) is one of a small number of properties connected to the district’s creation and early development.”

Further, Mike Buhler of SF Heritage’s letter states:

“1420 Taraval survives overwhelmingly intact today.”

Note that Hugh C. Keenan is also the builder of the Grateful Dead house at 710 Ashbury Street.

Regarding the negative environmental impact of demolition, Mr. Mandel’s response discusses energy efficiency of new, market-rate units and his intention to comply with a dust control ordinance, but the response fails to address the appeal’s statement that demolition and construction now account for 25% of solid waste that ends up in US landfills each year.

Regarding covering tenants’ windows of the small apartment building next door, Mr. Mandel’s response states that “...private views are not protected under Planning and Building codes.” Mr. Mandel’s response does not address the negative impact on next door tenants’ quality of life involving covering the windows of the small apartment building adjacent to 1420 Taraval.

Clearly, Mr. Mandel’s responses to the Statement of Appeal are inadequate and questionable.

Reply to Planning Department Appeal Response

The Planning Department Response fails to specifically address the negative impact of demolition of this historic building on the look, feel and character of the Parkside district

or the lack of compliance with **Planning Code Section 101.1(b) (2)** which requires General Plan consistency and implementation and states:

“That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.”

The Planning Department’s Response states that “On balance, the Planning Commission found that the proposed project was consistent with the General Plan” (*Planning Department Response, p. 5, Response 1*). The phrase “on balance” is vague and questionable in that the project is clearly not consistent with General Plan Housing Element Policies 2.1, 3.1 and 3.4 which are:

Policy 2.1

Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.
(*Note: no units meeting the definition of “affordable” are part of the 1420 Taraval project plan. The plan is for new, market-rate housing.*)

Policy 3.1

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City’s affordable housing needs

Policy 3.4

Preserve “naturally affordable” housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

The Planning Department’s Response concedes that older structures are “generally considered more affordable than new construction” but that the proposed addition of two market-rate, new construction units “outweighed negative impacts associated with the loss of existing housing” (*Planning Department Response, p. 6, Response 2*). This is ill-considered in that diversity of housing types including older housing stock enables cooperative living arrangements which are some of the most naturally-affordable housing in San Francisco.

Further, the Planning Department’s Response states that “the Planning Department and Commission are not qualified or authorized to adjudicate tenant displacement issues.” This statement suggests that the Planning Department and Commission failed to even consider tenant displacement issues or the General Plan Housing Element Policies 3.1 and 3.4 above.

Currently, at least 3 tenants are living cooperatively in a 3-story structure with 2,176 square feet of living space (725 square feet per person). In contrast, the average rent in San Francisco is \$3,688. for an average-sized apartment of 747 square feet, according to RentCafe. As an alternative to the proposed market-rate units, the owner of 1420 Taraval could consider adding an accessory dwelling unit in the spacious back yard.

Regarding destroying a historical resource, the Planning Department's Response concedes that "the subject property was found to be significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside ...it was also found to be significant under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside." (*Planning Department Response, p. 7, Response 4*) Yet, the Planning Department's Response again concludes that the subject property does not retain integrity due to alterations.

Both the letters of Mike Buhler, President and CEO of SF Heritage, and the letter of Woody LaBounty, local historian and co-author of the Parkside District historical context statement disagree with Planning's conclusion regarding any loss of integrity. (*Statement of Appeal, Exhibit D: Letter from local historian Woody LaBounty*).

Attached are supplemental appeal materials as follows:

Exhibit 1

Letter from Mike Buhler, SF Heritage dated March 12, 2020

Exhibit 2

Exterior image of 1420 Taraval Street

Exhibit 3

Interior images of 1420 Taraval, a 3-story, 2,176 square foot historic 1907 house, from Apartments.com

Exhibit 4

Project Application signed under penalty of perjury by project sponsor stating in its Exhibit A that "the project will add to the city's supply of affordable housing" and "there will be no impact to the economic and cultural diversity" and "the project will not impact any landmark or historical buildings."

Exhibit 5

Pre-Application Meeting Affidavit signed under penalty of perjury by project sponsor. The meeting at the property was attended by Eileen Boken, President of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee and the son of the owner of the small apartment building at 1414 Taraval Street next door to 1420 Taraval. The project plans call for covering up tenants' windows of 1414 Taraval. This concern regarding covering tenants' windows was raised during the meeting, but the sworn affidavit includes no concerns whatsoever.

Exhibit 6

All permits on file with the Department of Building Inspection for work done on 1420 Taraval. It does not appear that there are permits for each of the modifications on which the Planning Department based its CEQA determination which led to the Planning Commission's approving the conditional use authorization. According to the letter from

Mike Buhler of SF Heritage (Exhibit 1), a simple change such as replacing windows should not be the threshold for determining loss of integrity.

Exhibit 7

Article from Citylab entitled "Density without Demolition" by Stephanie Meeks

Exhibit 8

Statement of Appeal with Exhibits as follows:

Exhibit A: SF General Plan Housing Element Summary of Objectives and Policies

Exhibit B: SF Planning Code Section 101.1(b)

Exhibit C: Planning Preservation Team Review Form

Exhibit D: Letter from local historian Woody LaBounty dated February 24, 2020

For all of the above reasons, the appellant respectfully requests that the Board of Supervisors overturn the ill-considered conditional use authorization for 1420 Taraval.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Eileen Boken".

Eileen Boken
President



March 12, 2020

Board of Supervisors
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street

Dear Supervisors:

I write in support of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee's appeal to deny the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street (Block 2353, Lot No. 010). Certification of Conditional Use Authorization 2018-011904CUA would demolish an excellent example of one of the Parkside District's few surviving early houses.

San Francisco Heritage (Heritage) is committed to the preservation of the city's unique architectural and cultural identity in every corner of the city. The Parkside and Supervisorial District 4 is woefully underrepresented on the city's official inventory of historic properties. Halting this project and retaining 1420 Taraval is consistent with city policy that "existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods." (Planning Code, Section 101.1(b).)

As one of the first houses built by builder Hugh C. Keenan for the Parkside District Realty Company, 1420 Taraval (built in 1907) is one of a small number of properties connected to the district's creation and early development. As recognized by Planning Department staff, the property is significant under evaluation guidelines for state historical resources under Criteria 1 and 3. Heritage disagrees with the subsequent CEQA categorical exemption determination claiming 1420 Taraval lacked sufficient physical integrity to be considered a historic resource.

The *Secretary of Interior's Standards for Treatment of Historic Properties* specifically contemplate—and provide guidance for reversing—minor alterations to older buildings such as 1420 Taraval. The house's porch pillars may have been altered and windows replaced, but 1420 Taraval survives overwhelmingly intact today. The integrity of properties in historically working-class neighborhoods should be considered contextually. If a simple change such as replacing windows were to become the threshold for determining loss of integrity, it would reinforce a perception that only civic structures and residences of the wealthy elite are worthy of recognition and protection.

Please uphold this appeal and deny this project. San Francisco Heritage is committed to working with the property owner and providing technical assistance to sensitively reverse alterations to the building, initiate designation of the house as a historic resource, secure any available preservation-based financial incentives, and explore appropriate ways to add residential units to the property while preserving the original home. As an example, neighboring properties are built to the lot line and Heritage encourages examining the feasibility of adding an Accessory Dwelling Unit in the backyard.

Sincerely,

Mike Buhler
President & CEO



1420

2 We

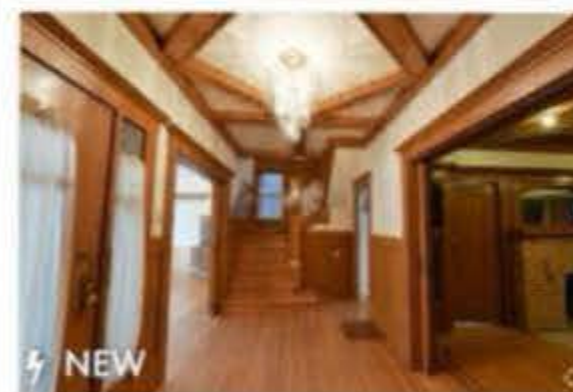
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Beds	Baths	# of Units	Average SF
3 Beds	1 Bath	1	---

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\$4,995 | House for Rent Available Now

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\$4,500 | House for Rent Available Now

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\$4,049 | House for Rent Available Now

☎ 650-866-9898

Email Apply

810 Masson Ave
San Bruno, CA 94066



San Francisco

Application - 1420 Taraval St

2018-011904PRJ

PROJECT APPLICATION (PRJ)

Property Information

Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street

Block/Lot(s): 2353/010

Property Owner's Information

Name: Peter Mandel

Address: 35 Santa Ana Ave

Email Address: pmandel@mgmediatoion.com

Telephone: 510 300 7500

Applicant Information

☐ Same as above

Name: William Pashelinsky

Company/Organization:

Address: 1937 Hayes Street, San Francisco, Ca. 94117

Email Address: billpash@gmail.com

Telephone: 415 806 3464

Please Select Billing Contact:

☒ Owner

☐ Applicant

☐ Other (see below for details)

Name: _____ Email: _____ Phone: _____

Please Select Primary Project Contact:

☐ Owner

☐ Applicant

☐ Billing

RELATED APPLICATIONS

Related Building Permit Applications

☐ N/A

Building Permit Applications No(s): 2018-08-08-6753

Related Preliminary Project Assessments (PPA)

☐ N/A

PPA Application No(s):

PPA Letter Date:

Exhibit 4
1 of 8



Project Description:

Please provide a narrative project description that summarizes the project and its purpose. Please list any special authorizations or changes to the Planning Code or Zoning Maps if applicable.

Demolish existing single family residence and construct new 3 residential units over ground level commercial space.

Project Details:

- ☒ Change of Use ☒ New Construction ☒ Demolition ☐ Facade Alterations ☐ ROW Improvements
- ☐ Additions ☐ Legislative/Zoning Changes ☐ Lot Line Adjustment-Subdivision ☐ Other _____

- Residential:** ☐ Senior Housing ☐ 100% Affordable ☐ Student Housing ☐ Dwelling Unit Legalization
- ☐ Inclusionary Housing Required ☐ State Density Bonus ☐ Accessory Dwelling Unit

Indicate whether the project proposes rental or ownership units: ☐ Rental Units ☐ Ownership Units ☐ Don't Know

- Non-Residential:** ☐ Formula Retail ☐ Medical Cannabis Dispensary ☐ Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishment
- ☐ Financial Service ☐ Massage Establishment ☒ Other: Unknown

Estimated Construction Cost: \$1,000,000

Exhibit 4
2 of 8

		Existing	Proposed
General Land Use	Parking GSF	0	0
	Residential GSF	1,921	4,812
	Retail/Commercial GSF	0	1,731
	Office GSF	0	0
	Industrial-PDR	0	0
	Medical GSF	0	0
	Visitor GSF	0	0
	CIE (Cultural, Institutional, Educational)	0	0
	Useable Open Space GSF	949	1,392
	Public Open Space GSF	0	0
Project Features	Dwelling Units - Affordable	0	0
	Dwelling Units - Market Rate	0	0
	Dwelling Units - Total	1	3
	Hotel Rooms	0	0
	Number of Building(s)	1	1
	Number of Stories	3	4
	Parking Spaces	0	0
	Loading Spaces	0	0
	Bicycle Spaces	0	3
	Car Share Spaces	0	0
Other: _____			
Land Use - Residential	Studio Units	0	0
	One Bedroom Units	0	0
	Two Bedroom Units	1	0
	Three Bedroom (or +) Units	0	3
	Group Housing - Rooms	0	0
	Group Housing - Beds	0	0
	SRO Units	0	0
	Micro Units	0	0
	Accessory Dwelling Units For ADUs, list all ADUs and include unit type (e.g. studio, 1 bedroom, 2 bedroom, etc.) and the square footage area for each unit.	0	0

Exhibit 4
3 of 8

This form will determine if further environmental review is required.

If you are submitting a Building Permit Application only, please respond to the below questions to the best of your knowledge. You do not need to submit any additional materials at this time, and an environmental planner will contact you with further instructions.

If you are submitting an application for entitlement, please submit the required supplemental applications, technical studies, or other information indicated below along with this Project Application.

Environmental Topic	Information	Applicable to Proposed Project?	Notes/Requirements
1a. General	Estimated construction duration (months):	N/A	
1b. General	Does the project involve replacement or repair of a building foundation? If yes, please provide the foundation design type (e.g., mat foundation, spread footings, drilled piers, etc)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
2. Transportation	Does the project involve a child care facility or school with 30 or more students, or a location 1,500 square feet or greater?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, submit an Environmental Supplemental- School and Child Care Drop-Off & Pick-Up Management Plan.
3. Shadow	Would the project result in any construction over 40 feet in height?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, an initial review by a shadow expert, including a recommendation as to whether a shadow analysis is needed, may be required, as determined by Planning staff. (If the project already underwent Preliminary Project Assessment, refer to the shadow discussion in the PPA letter.) An additional fee for a shadow review may be required.
4. Biological Resources	Does the project include the removal or addition of trees on, over, or adjacent to the project site?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes: Number of existing trees on, over, or adjacent to the project site: Number of existing trees on, over, or adjacent to the project site that would be removed by the project: Number of trees on, over, or adjacent to the project site that would be added by the project:
5a. Historic Preservation	Would the project involve changes to the front façade or an addition visible from the public right-of-way of a structure built 45 or more years ago or located in a historic district?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, submit a complete Historic Resource Determination Supplemental Application. Include all materials required in the application, including a complete record (with copies) of all building permits.
5b. Historic Preservation	Would the project involve demolition of a structure constructed 45 or more years ago, or a structure located within a historic district?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, a historic resource evaluation (HRE) report will be required. The scope of the HRE will be determined in consultation with CPC-HRE@sfgov.org.

Exhibit 4
4 of 8

 Please see the Property Information Map or speak with Planning Information Center (PIC) staff to determine if this applies.





Environmental Topic	Information	Applicable to Proposed Project?	Notes/Requirements
6. Archaeology 	Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater than two (2) feet below grade in an archeologically sensitive area or eight (8) feet below grade in a non-archeologically sensitive area?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, provide depth of excavation/disturbance below grade (in feet*): <i>*Note this includes foundation work</i>
7. Geology and Soils 	Is the project located within a Landslide Hazard Zone, Liquefaction Zone or on a lot with an average slope of 20% or greater? ----- Area of excavation/disturbance (in square feet): ----- Amount of excavation (in cubic yards): -----	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	A geotechnical report prepared by a qualified professional must be submitted if one of the following thresholds apply to the project: ● The project involves: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ excavation of 50 or more cubic yards of soil, or○ building expansion greater than 1,000 square feet outside of the existing building footprint. ● The project involves a lot split located on a slope equal to or greater than 20 percent. <i>A geotechnical report may also be required for other circumstances as determined by Environmental Planning staff.</i>
8. Air Quality 	Would the project add new sensitive receptors (specifically, schools, day care facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities) within an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, the property owner must submit copy of initial filed application with department of public health. More information is found here .
9a. Hazardous Materials	Would the project involve work on a site with an existing or former gas station, parking lot, auto repair, dry cleaners, or heavy manufacturing use, or a site with underground storage tanks?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, submit a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment prepared by a qualified consultant.
9b. Hazardous Materials 	Is the project site located within the Maher area and would it involve ground disturbance of at least 50 cubic yards or a change of use from an industrial use to a residential or institutional use?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, submit a copy of the Maher Application Form to the Department of Public Health. Also submit a receipt of Maher enrollment with the Project Application. For more information about the Maher program and enrollment, refer to the Department of Public Health's Environmental Health Division. <i>Maher enrollment may also be required for other circumstances as determined by Environmental Planning staff.</i>

Exhibit 4
5 of 8

Please state how the project is consistent or inconsistent with each policy, or state that the policy is not applicable:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

See attachment "A"

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

See Attachment "A"

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

See attachment "A"

4. That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

See Attachment "A"

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

See Attachment "A"

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

See Attachment "A"

7. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved; and

See Attachment "A"

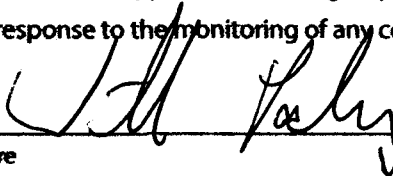
8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

See Attachment "A"

Exhibit 4
6 of 8

Under penalty of perjury the following declarations are made:

- a) The undersigned is the owner or authorized agent of the owner of this property.
- b) The information presented is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
- c) Other information or applications may be required.
- d) I hereby authorize City and County of San Francisco Planning staff to conduct a site visit of this property as part of the City's review of this application, making all portions of the interior and exterior accessible through completion of construction and in response to the monitoring of any condition of approval.



Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (Printed)

Architect

415 806 3464

billpash@gmail.com

Relationship to Project
(i.e. Owner, Architect, etc.)

Phone

Email

For Department Use Only

Application received by Planning Department:

By: _____

Date: _____

Exhibit 4
7 of 8

William Pashelinsky
Architect
1937 Hayes Street
San Francisco, California 94117
(415) 379 3676
Email: blilpash@gmail.com

EXHIBIT A

Prop M Findings

- 1). The project will not impact any neighborhood retail use.
- 2). There will be no impact to the economic and cultural diversity.
- 3). The project will add to the City's supply of affordable housing.
- 4). Commuter traffic will not be impacted.
- 5). The project will not impact the industrial or service sectors.
- 6). The project will meet all current seismic and structural codes.
- 7). The project will not impact any landmark or historic buildings.
- 8). The project will not impact any parks.

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

1. I have conducted a **Pre-Application Meeting** for the proposed new construction or alteration prior to submitting any entitlement (Building Permit, Variance, Conditional Use, etc.) in accordance with Planning Commission Pre-Application Policy.
2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address)
on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
 Meeting Time: 6pm
 Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
 Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
4. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
5. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
6. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
7. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
8. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
9. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
10. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
11. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
12. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
13. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:

APPLICATION

(C)15

For Permit to Direct

1420 General

frame b'ld'g

Location.....

1870

Filed July 20 1907

ance 381 to be compiled by

381 to be compared with

Agree June 27/09

Approved:

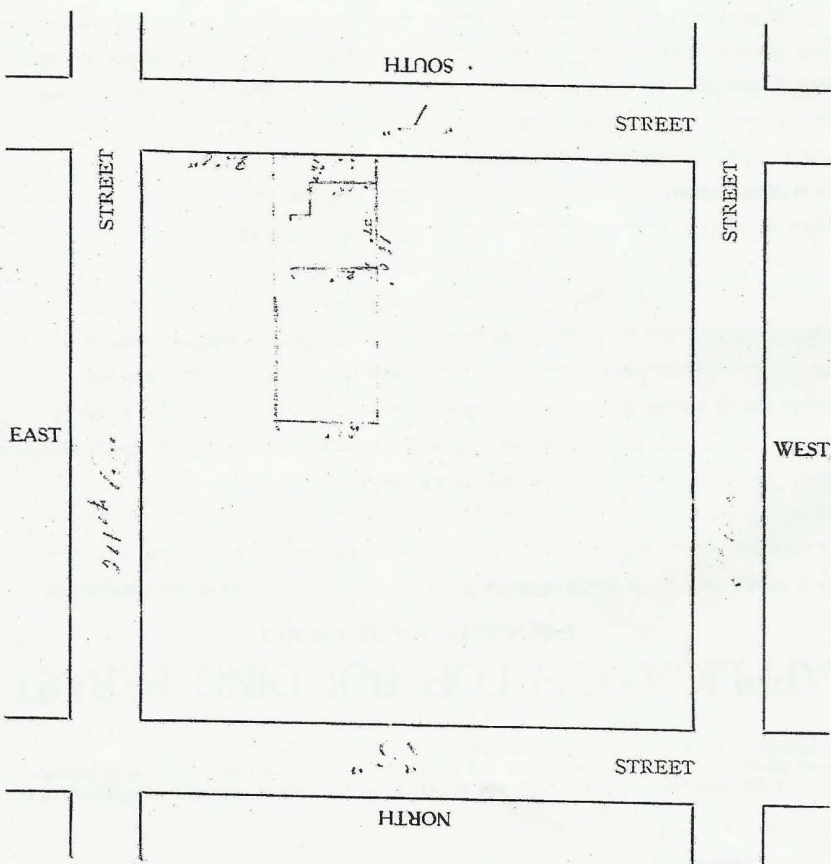
owed: *Wm. L. Campbell*
Robert Campbell
Chief Building Inspector

RECEIVED

606T 62 N/11 29 1909

SAN FRANCISCO
J. D. B.
DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

OFFICIAL COPY



SAN FRANCISCO



Dept. of Public Works.
Bureau of Bldg. Inspection P. No. 2.

Applicant must indicate in ink correctly and distinctly on the back of this sheet, a diagram of the lot with street, alleys, location of existing buildings on the lot, if any, and location and dimensions of proposed buildings. Plans and Specifications must be fastened together.

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT

FRAME BUILDING

Application is hereby made to the Board of Public Works of the City and County of San Francisco for permission to build frame building on the lot situated on the corner of Taylor St. and
17th Avenue off Market Ave.
in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith.

All provisions of the building law shall be complied with in the erection of said building, whether specified herein or not. Estimated cost of building \$ 50,000 Building to be occupied as dwelling by No. 1 families

Size of Lot 35 feet front 35 feet rear 130 feet deep.

Size of proposed building 22 ft. by 22 ft. Extreme height of building 12 ft.

Height in clear of cellar 3 Height in clear of first story 12

Height in clear of second story 11 Height in clear of third story 11

Height in clear of fourth story 11 Height in clear of fifth story 11

Foundation to be of, material concrete, thickness, 8 inches

Size footings 12 inches. Greatest height 2 ft.

Size of studs in basement 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in first story 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in second story 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in third story 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in fourth story 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in fifth story 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Wall covering to be of plaster

First floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Second floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Third floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Fourth floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Fifth floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Rafters 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 2 ft.

Roof covered with shingles Steep or Flat? Flat

Studs in bearing partitions 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Bearing partitions
must be same as
outside ones.

Chimneys of brick lined with plaster

Any gas grates? 1 Any patent flues? 1 Is the building to be heated, and how? 1

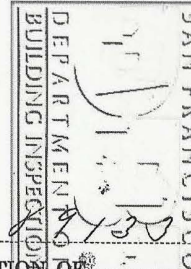
Any opening to basement in sidewalk? 1 Any elevator, freight-passage or dumb? 1

There are to be 1 stairways 1 ft. wide located 1

I hereby agree to save, indemnify and keep harmless the City and County of San Francisco against all liabilities, judgments, costs and expenses which may in anywise accrue against said city and county in consequence of the granting of this permit, or from the use or occupancy of any sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk placed by virtue thereof, and will in all things strictly comply with the conditions of this permit.

Name of Architect 1
Address 1
Name of Builder 1
Address 1
By 1 Owner

(Note—The owner's name must be signed by himself or by his Architect or authorized Agent.)



BLDG. FORM -

3

No. 83130 APPLICATION OF

Alex Savarni Owner

FOR PERMIT TO MAKE
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS or REPAIRS
TO BUILDING

Location 1420 Tunnel St

Cost \$ 750.00

Filed MAY 28 1946

Approved: MAY 28 1946

Superintendent Bureau of Building Inspection

Permit No. 83161

Issued JUN 12 1946

Report favorable

H. J. Kay
5/28/46

Workmen's Compensation Insurance
Policy or Certificate filed with Central
Permit Bureau ☐

No Workmen's Compensation Insur-
ance Policy or Certificate on file for
reason of exclusion checked:

(a) No one to be employed ☐

(b) Casual labor only to be
employed ☐

(c) Services or labor to be performed
in return for aid or sustenance
only, received from any religious,
charitable or relief organization ☐

Bureau of Fire Prevention and Investigation

Construct and install on building to satisfac-
tion of Bureau of Fire Prevention the following
fire protection equipment and appliances:

D. (Dry) Standpipes _____

Wet Standpipes _____

Water Reels _____

Automatic Fire Pumps _____

Automatic Sprinkler System _____

Water Service Connection _____

Round Floor Pipe Casings _____

Refrigeration _____

Incinerators _____

APPROVED:

FRANK P. KELLY, Chief

Division of Fire Prevention and Investigation

P. J. M. K.

Approved:

Superintendent Bureau of Building Inspection

Zoning: C

Approved:

Edward R. New York
City Planning Commission

Approved:

Director of Public Health

Approved:

Department of Electricity

Approved:

Bureau of Engineering

Approved:

Art Commission

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BLDG. FORM

CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU

DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT

ALTERATION

RECEIVED
MAY 28 1946

Application is hereby made to the Department of Public Works of the City and County of San Francisco for permission to build in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith and according to the description and for the purpose hereinafter set forth:

- (1) Location 1420 Tarnal St
- (2) Present use of building Family Dwelling No. of families one
- (3) Use of building hereafter Residence No. of families one
- (4) Total Cost \$ 750.00
- (5) Description of work to be done Store under the existing building 18'x20'

(6) APPLICANT MUST FILL OUT COMPENSATION INSURANCE DATA ON REVERSE SIDE.

- (1) Supervision of construction by Peter E. Vukicovich
- Address 1442 Tarnal St

I hereby certify and agree, if a permit is issued, that all the provisions of the BUILDING LAW, THE BUILDING ZONE ORDINANCES, SET-BACK LINE REQUIREMENTS AND THE FIRE ORDINANCES OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO and the STATE HOUSING ACT OF CALIFORNIA will be complied with, whether herein specified or not; and I hereby agree to save, indemnify and keep harmless the City and County of San Francisco against all liabilities, judgments, costs and expenses which may in anywise accrue against said city and county in consequence of the granting of this permit, or from the use or occupancy of any sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk placed by virtue thereof, and will in all things strictly comply with the conditions of this permit.

- (8) Architect

Certificate No. _____ License No. _____
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address _____

- (9) Engineer

Certificate No. _____ License No. _____
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address _____

- (10) Plans and specifications prepared by _____
Other than Architect or Engineer _____

Address _____

- (11) Contractor Peter E. Vukicovich

License No. 15231 License No. 1281
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address 1442 Tarnal St

- (12) Owner Alex Stavros

Address 1420 Tarnal St

By Peter E. Vukicovich

Owner's Authorized Agent.

THE DEPARTMENT WILL CALL UP TELEPHONE NO. Montrose 2568
IF ANY ALTERATIONS OR CHANGES ARE NECESSARY ON THE PLANS SUBMITTED.



C. P. B. Copy

\$750.00

Est. Cost

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BUREAU OF BUILDING INSPECTION

CERTIFICATE OF FINAL COMPLETION

For work described in building permit application number

89133

1420 Taraval St.

Home No.

Street

Alter one story & basement frame

Class Bldg.

Occupancy

Dwelling.

Nature of construction

Rebuild front porch and stairs

Work under building permit issued pursuant to above stated application has been completed in accordance with the laws pertaining thereto.

H. J. Kay

Building Inspector

10-1-46

Date

JOHN G. LITTLE, SUPERINTENDENT
BUREAU OF BUILDING INSPECTION

SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

BLDG. FORM

No.

35579

3 APPLICATION OF

FOR PERMIT TO MAKE
ADDITIONS, ALTERATION or REPAIRS
TO BUILDING

Location 1420 Taraval St

Total Cost \$ 2500

Filed April 12 1968

APPROVED:
APPROVED
Capt. Public Works
APR 29 1968

Alfred Goldblum
SUPERINTENDENT
BUREAU BUILDING INSPECTION

Superintendent, Bureau of Building Inspection

Permit No. 27206 319312

APR 29 1968

Issued 19

SE

REFER TO:

Bureau of Engineering ☐
BBI Struct. Engineer ☒
Boiler Inspector ☐
Art Commission ☐
Dept. of Public Health ☐
Dept. of Electricity ☐
Redevelopment Agency ☐
Parking Authority ☐

Approved 4/15 1968
Provided the following conditions are complied with:

[Signature]
Building Inspector, Bureau of Building Inspection

I agree to comply with all conditions or stipulations of the various Bureaus or Departments noted hereon.
J. F. Sullivan
Owner or Owner's Authorized Agent

Approved:

Department of Public Health

Approved:

Department of Electricity

Approved:

Art Commission

Approved:

Boiler Inspector

Approved:

Redevelopment Agency

Approved:

Parking Authority

No portion of building or structure or scaffolding used during construction to be closer than 6'0" to any wire containing more than 750 volts. See Sec. 385 California Penal Code.

Approved:

Zone CPC setbacks
Not reviewed by the Department of City Planning. Issuance of the requested permit constitutes no indication that use of this property does or does not conform to the City Planning Code.

Department of City Planning

Approved:

Bureau of Fire Prevention & Public Safety

Approved:

D. W. McGee
Civil Engineer, Bureau of Building Inspection

Approved:

Bureau of Engineering



CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU F435

Write in Ink—File Two Copies

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BLDG. FORM

CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS OR REPAIRS

APR 12 1968

3

Application is hereby made to the Department of Public Works of San Francisco for permission to build in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith and according to the description and for the purpose hereinafter set forth:

- (1) Location 1420 TARAVAL ST.
- (2) Total Cost (\$) 2500.00 (3) No. of Stories 2 (4) Basement or Cellar No
yes or no
- (5) Present Use of building Dwelling (6) No. of families 1
yes or no
- (7) Proposed Use of building " (8) No. of families 1
yes or no
- (9) Type of construction 5 (10) Residential 18.2
1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 Proposed Building Code Classification
- (11) Any other building on lot No (must be shown on plot plan if answer is yes.)
yes or no
- (12) Does this alteration create an additional story to the building? No
yes or no
- (13) Does this alteration create a horizontal extension to the building? No
yes or no
- (14) Does this alteration constitute a change of occupancy No
yes or no
- (15) Electrical work to be performed No (16) Plumbing work to be performed No
yes or no yes or no
- (17) Automobile runway to be altered or installed No
yes or no
- (18) Sidewalk over sub-sidewalk space to be repaired or altered No
yes or no
- (19) Will street space be used during construction? No
yes or no
- (20) Write in description of all work to be performed under this application:
(Reference to plans is not sufficient)

Underpin West Foundation Wall

- (21) Supervision of construction by T. F. Sullivan Co. Address 1375 Van Dyke St.
- (22) General Contractor T. F. Sullivan Co. California License No. 144215
Address 1375 Van Dyke St.
- (23) Architect or Engineer J. F. Mitchell California Certificate No. 2201 Filbert St.
(for design)
- (24) Architect or Engineer J. F. Mitchell California Certificate No. 2201 Filbert St.
(for construction)
- (25) I hereby certify and agree that if a permit is issued for the construction described in this application, all the provisions of the permit and all laws and ordinances applicable thereto will be complied with. I further agree to save San Francisco and its officials and employees harmless from all costs and damages which may accrue from use or occupancy of the sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk space or from anything else in connection with the work included in the permit. The foregoing covenant shall be binding upon the owner of said property, the applicant, their heirs, successors and assignees.
- (26) Owner Mr. Stavrou (Phone 632-4585)
Address 1420 Taraval St.

By T. F. Sullivan Address 1375 Van Dyke St.
Owner's Authorized Agent to be Owner's Authorized Architect, Engineer or General Contractor.
CERTIFICATE OF FINAL COMPLETION AND/OR PERMIT OF OCCUPANCY MUST BE OBTAINED ON COMPLETION OF WORK OR ALTERATION INVOLVING AN ENLARGEMENT OF THE BUILDING OR A CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY PURSUANT TO SEC. 808 AND 809, SAN FRANCISCO BUILDING CODE, BEFORE BUILDING IS OCCUPIED.

Pursuant to Sec. 304, San Francisco Building Code, the building permit shall be posted on job. Owner is responsible for approved plans and application being kept at building site.

APPROVAL OF THIS APPLICATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL FOR THE ELECTRICAL WIRING OR PLUMBING INSTALLATIONS. A SEPARATE PERMIT FOR THE WIRING AND PLUMBING MUST BE OBTAINED.

THIS IS NOT A BUILDING PERMIT. NO WORK SHALL BE STARTED UNTIL A BUILDING PERMIT IS ISSUED.

OFFICIAL COPY

SAN FRANCISCO **FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE ONLY** **CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO**

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS OR REPAIRS

APPROVED FOR PLANS: **APPROVED**
MAY 11 1982
SUPERINTENDING BUREAU BUILDING INSPECTION

DATE FILED: **4/29/82**
PERMIT NO.: **481398**

FILED FEE RECEIPT NO.: **109203**
ISSUED: **MAY 11 1982**

ESTIMATED COST OF JOB: **ABOUT \$80,000**

(1) STREET ADDRESS OF JOB: **1420 TARAVAL STREET**

APPROVED: **APR 30 1982**

DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING BUILDING		DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING AFTER PROPOSED ALTERATION	
(4A) TYPE OF CONSTR. 1-N 0-N 0	(5A) NUMBER OF STORIES OF OCCUPANCY: 2	(4A) TYPE OF CONSTR. 1-N 0-N 0	(5A) NUMBER OF STORIES OF OCCUPANCY: 2
(6A) NUMBER OF BASEMENTS AND CELLARS: 0	(7A) PRESENT USE: RESIDENCE	(6A) NUMBER OF BASEMENTS AND CELLARS: 0	(7A) PROPOSED USE: SAME
(8A) BLDG. CODE OCCUP. CLASS: I	(9A) NO. OF DWELLING UNITS: 1	(8A) BLDG. CODE OCCUP. CLASS: I	(9A) NO. OF DWELLING UNITS: 1
(10) IF YES, STATE NEW HEIGHT AT CENTER LINE OF FRONT: 0 FT. (11) DOES THIS ALTERATION CREATE DECK OR PORCH EXTENSION TO BUILDING? NO (12) WILL SIDEWALK OVER SUB SIDEWALK SPACE BE REPAIRED OR ALTERED? NO (13) WILL BUILDING EXTEND BEYOND PROPERTY LINE? NO (14) IS AUTO DRIVEWAY TO BE CONSTRUCTED OR ALTERED? NO (15) WILL STREET SPACE BE USED DURING CONSTRUCTION? NO (16) ANY OTHER EXISTING BLDG. ON LOT? (IF YES, SHOW ON PLAN) NO (17) DOES THIS ALTERATION CONSTITUTE A CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY? NO (18) ELECTRICAL WORK TO BE PERFORMED? NO (19) PLUMBING WORK TO BE PERFORMED? NO			
(20) GENERAL CONTRACTOR: NONE		(21) ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER (DESIGN): NONE	
(22) CONSTRUCTION LENDER (ENTER NAME AND BRANCH DESIGNATION IF ANY. IF THERE IS NO KNOWN CONSTRUCTION LENDER, ENTER "UNKNOWN").		(23) OWNER (CROSS OUT ONE): HELMUT MANDEL 2134-42 ME- S.F.	
(24) WRITE IN DESCRIPTION OF ALL WORK TO BE PERFORMED UNDER THIS APPLICATION (REFERENCE TO PLANS IS NOT SUFFICIENT): REPLACEMENT OF BUTTERS (EAST/WEST) AND LEADERS			

IMPORTANT NOTICES

No change shall be made in the character of the occupancy or use without first obtaining a Building Permit authorizing such change. See Sec. 103, 104 B, 104 C, 104 D, 502, 502.1, San Francisco Building Code and Sec. 104, San Francisco Housing Code.

No portion of building or structure or scaffolding used during construction, to be closer than 6'0" to any wire containing more than 750 volts. See Sec. 395, California Penal Code.

Pursuant to Sec. 302 A.8, San Francisco Building Code, the building permit shall be posted on the job. The owner is responsible for approved plans and application being kept at building site.

Grade lines as shown on drawings accompanying this application are assumed to be correct. If actual grade lines are not the same as shown revised drawings showing correct grade lines, cuts and fills together with complete details of retaining walls and wall footings required must be submitted to this bureau for approval.

ANY STIPULATION REQUIRED HEREIN OR BY CODE MAY BE APPEALED.

BUILDING NOT TO BE OCCUPIED UNTIL CERTIFICATE OF FINAL COMPLETION IS POSTED ON THE BUILDING OR PERMIT OR OCCUPANCY GRANTED, WHEN REQUIRED.

APPROVAL OF THIS APPLICATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL FOR THE ELECTRICAL WIRING OR PLUMBING INSTALLATIONS. A SEPARATE PERMIT FOR THE WIRING AND PLUMBING MUST BE OBTAINED. SEPARATE PERMITS ARE REQUIRED IF ANSWER IS "YES" TO ANY OF ABOVE QUESTIONS (15) (16) (17) (20) (21) or (22). THIS IS NOT A BUILDING PERMIT. NO WORK SHALL BE STARTED UNTIL A BUILDING PERMIT IS ISSUED.

In dwelling all insulating materials must have a clearance of not less than two inches from all electrical wires or equipment.

CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX

☒ OWNER ☐ ARCHITECT ☐ ENGINEER

☐ LESSEE ☐ AGENT WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY

☐ CONTRACTOR ☐ ATTORNEY IN FACT

APPLICANT'S CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY AND AGREE THAT IF A PERMIT IS ISSUED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION DESCRIBED IN THIS APPLICATION, ALL THE PROVISIONS OF THE PERMIT AND ALL LAWS AND ORDINANCES THERETO WILL BE COMPLIED WITH.

NOTICE TO APPLICANT

HOLD HARMLESS CLAUSE: The Permittee(s) by acceptance of this permit, agree(s) to indemnify and hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco from and against any and all claims, demands and actions for damages resulting from operations under this permit, regardless of negligence of the City and County of San Francisco, and to assume the defense of the City and County of San Francisco against all such claims, demands and actions.

In conformity with the provisions of Section 3800 of the Labor Code of the State of California, the applicant shall have on file, or file with the Central Permit Bureau, either Certificate (I) or (II) or (III) designated below or shall indicate item (IV) or (V) as below, whichever is applicable. If however, item (VI) is checked then item (V) must be checked as well. Mark the appropriate method of compliance below:

(I) Certificate of Consent to Self-insure issued by the Director of Industrial Relations.

(II) Certificate of Workman's Compensation Insurance issued by an admitted insurer.

(III) An exact copy or duplicate of (I) certified by the Director or (II) certified by the insurer.

(IV) The cost of the work to be performed is \$100 or less.

(V) I certify that in the performance of the work for which this Permit is issued, I shall not employ any person in any fashion so as to become subject to the workman's compensation laws of California. I further acknowledge that I understand, in the event that I should become subject to the workman's compensation provisions of the Labor Code of California and fail to comply therewith with the provisions of Section 3800 of the Labor Code, that the Permit herein applied for shall be deemed revoked.

(VI) I certify as the owner (or the agent of the owner) that in the performance of the work for which this Permit is issued, I will employ a contractor who complies with the workman's compensation laws of California and who has on file, or prior to the commencement of any work will file with the Central Permit Bureau, evidence that workman's compensation insurance is carried.

Signature: **[Signature]** Date: **4/29/82**

DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

BUILDING INSPECTOR, U.S. DEPT. OF BLDG. INSP.

NOTIFIED MR.

not reviewed by the Department or City Planning. Issuance of the requested permit constitutes no indication that use of this property does or does not conform to the City Planning Code.

NOTIFIED MR. TROTT

BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION & PUBLIC SAFETY

NOTIFIED ME

CIVIL ENGINEER, BUR. OF BLDG. INSPECTION

NOTIFIED MR.

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

NOTIFIED MR.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

NOTIFIED MR.

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

NOTIFIED MR.

RESIDENTIAL ENV. INSPECTOR, DIV. OF APT. & HOTEL INSP., B.B.M.

NOTIFIED MR

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

NOTIFIED MR

NUMBER OF ATTACHMENTS ☐

SIGNATURE OF CUSTOMER AS SHOWN ON ALTIMETER

Exhibit 6
9 of 14

CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU
450 McAllister Street
San Francisco, CA 94102

Appl. #

8203337

Address

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS

Licensed Contractor's Declaration

Pursuant to the Business and Professions Code Sec. 7031.5, I hereby affirm that I am licensed under the provisions of Chapter 9 (commencing with Sec. 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code, and that my license is in full force and effect.

License _____ License Class _____

Date _____ Contractor (print) _____

(signature) _____

Owner-Builder Declaration

I hereby affirm that I am exempt from the Contractor's License Law, Business and Professions Code (Sec. 7031.5). (Mark the appropriate box below.)



I, as owner of the property, or my employees with wages as their sole compensation will do the work, and the structure is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044). I further acknowledge that I understand and agree that in the event that any work is commenced contrary to the representations contained herein, that the Permit herein applied for shall be deemed cancelled.



I, as ~~owner~~ architect
I, as owner am contracting with licensed contractors to construct this project (Sec. 7044). I certify that at the time such contractors are selected I will have them file a copy of this form (Licensed Contractors Declaration) prior to the commencement of any work. I further acknowledge that I understand and agree that, in the event that said contractors fail to file a copy of the Declaration with the Central Permit Bureau, that the Permit herein applied for shall be deemed cancelled.



I am exempt under Business and Professions Code Sec. _____

Reason _____

Date

4/21/82

Owner (print) _____

(signature) _____

J. H. MARDEL

NOTICE: "Any violation of the Bus. & Prof. Code Sec. 7031.5 by any permit applicant shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500)." Bus. & Prof. Code Sec. 7031.5



CERTIFICATION OF AUTHORIZED AGENT

I hereby certify that for the purpose of filing an application for a building or other permit with the Central Permit Bureau, or completion of any form related to the S.F. Building Code, or to City and County ordinances and regulations, or to State laws and codes, I am the agent of the owner and am authorized to sign all documents connected with this application or permit.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'H. Mandel'.

Applicant's Signature

H. MANDEL

Type or Print Name

H0799252

Identification (Drivers Lic. No., etc.)

~~Owner/Leasee~~ ~~Contractor Name~~

Date

4/29/82



CERTIFICATION OF AUTHORIZED AGENT

I hereby certify that for the purpose of filing an application for a building or other permit with the Central Permit Bureau, or completion of any form related to the S.F. Building Code, or to City and County ordinances and regulations, or to State laws and codes, I am the agent of the owner and am authorized to sign all documents connected with this application or permit.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'H. Mandel'.

Applicant's Signature

H. MANDEL

Type or Print Name

H0799252

Identification (Drivers Lic. No., etc.)

~~Owner/Leasee~~ ~~Contractor Name~~

Date

4/29/82

OFFICIAL COPY



CERTIFICATION OF AUTHORIZED AGENT

I hereby certify that for the purpose of filing an application for a building or other permit with the Central Permit Bureau, or completion of any form related to the S.F. Building Code, or to City and County ordinances and regulations, or to State laws and codes, I am the agent of the owner and am authorized to sign all documents connected with this application or permit.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

M. J. Dolan

Applicant's Signature

MICHAEL JOSEPH DOLAN

Type or Print Name

B 206 2872

Identification (Drivers Lic. No., etc.)

LESTER

Owner/Lessee

5/11/1982

Date

F
DN



5/11/82

Please give to the
braves permit #820337

Thanking you

W. L. R.

H. MANDEL

2134-42 DR

S.F. CA. 94116

Specify... First American Title Company

225 SANSOME ST.	•	(415) 989-1300
5174 MISSION STREET	•	P.O. BOX 3078, RINCON ANNEX, S.F., CA 94104
1235 NORIEGA STREET	•	SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94112
312 WEST PORTAL AVENUE	•	SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94122
	•	SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94127



Density Without Demolition

Stephanie Meeks June 11, 2017

Tearing down old buildings won't make our cities more affordable or inviting. It's time to make better use of the buildings and spaces we already have.

As anyone who's tried to find an apartment lately can tell you firsthand, many of America's biggest cities are in the midst of a full-blown affordability crisis. All over the country, as young job-seekers and empty nesters both look to enjoy a more urban daily experience than offered by the previous suburban ideal, neighborhoods are struggling with skyrocketing housing and rental costs and surging development pressure.

We face some tough challenges in trying to navigate these pressures, but creating a false dichotomy between affordable housing and historic preservation should not be one of them. Creating affordable housing and retaining urban character are not at all competing goals. In fact, contrary to the conventional wisdom, they can most successfully be achieved in tandem.

This may seem surprising at first, especially given the debates now raging in several cities. Take Portland, for instance, where a highly contested state bill aimed at spurring affordable housing also threatens to weaken historic protections and, in so doing, foster a wave of demolition that only threatens to further raise the cost of homes there.* Last November, San Francisco voters rejected a hotly contested housing moratorium targeting the Mission District, a traditionally Latino neighborhood that has become the favorite of workers in the region's burgeoning tech sector. In Los Angeles, meanwhile, residents argued sharply over Measure S, a voter initiative that would have restricted any large-scale construction that did not conform to the city's planning guidelines.

Even in our most densely populated cities, parking takes up inordinate amounts of valuable urban space.

Unfortunately, the heated rhetoric in these cases suggests there is a natural opposition between affordability and community character. In fact, we can achieve both at the same time, as evidenced by the past several years of research at the National Trust. In city after city, we have found that neighborhoods with older, smaller buildings and mixed-age blocks tend to provide more units of affordable rental housing, defined as housing whose monthly rent is a third or less of that city's median income.

These areas also performed better along a host of other important social, economic, and environmental metrics. Across all 50 cities surveyed in our new Atlas of ReUrbanism, a comprehensive, block-by-block study of the American urban landscape, areas of older, smaller buildings and mixed-age blocks boast 33 percent more new business jobs, 46 percent more small business jobs, and 60 percent more women- and minority-owned businesses.

They are also denser than newer areas. As anywhere from Boston's North End to Miami's Little Havana can attest, relatively low-slung, human-scale neighborhoods with older fabric are the "missing middle" of cities and can achieve surprisingly high population densities.

Simply put, older blocks often offer more affordable housing options than newer areas of the city, while creating employment and entrepreneurial opportunities for urban residents of all incomes. At a time when cities are struggling with the high costs of adding new affordable housing, making better use of the tremendous adaptive potential of under-used existing buildings is a proven way forward that sidesteps many of the problems posed by demolition for new construction.

Of course, in many cities, new construction is also needed to keep pace with growing numbers of residents. But this new development doesn't have to dwarf established neighborhoods or demolish existing urban fabric to accommodate growth. Almost anywhere you look, there are opportunities for sensitive and compatible infill that can enrich urban character rather than diminish it.

**Statement of Appeal to Board of Supervisors of Conditional Use Authorization
Planning Case # 2018-011904CUA Building Permit Application 201808086754
1420 Taraval Street**

STATEMENT OF APPEAL (5 pages)

a) Set forth the part(s) of the decision the appeal is taken from:

Paragraph 9 (pages 10-11). **General Plan Compliance. Housing Element Objectives and Policies**

Paragraph 10 (pages 15-16)

Planning Code Section 101.1(b) establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies.

Paragraph 8 (pages 7-10)

iii. Whether the property is a “historical resource” under CEQA

iv. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse effect under CEQA

v. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;

vi. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;

ix. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;

Paragraph 7 (p.5-6)

A. Compatibility with the neighborhood or community per SF Planning Code 303

b) Set forth the reasons in support of your appeal

A Conditional Use refers to a use that is not principally permitted in a particular Zoning District, according to the CUA application packet. Conditional Uses require a Planning Commission hearing in order to determine if the proposed use is necessary or desirable to the neighborhood, whether it may potentially have a negative effect on the surrounding neighborhood, and whether the use complies with the San Francisco General Plan. Reasons for this appeal are:

1) Not consistent with the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element and SF Planning Code 101.1(b)

The 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with Objectives 2 and 3
***(see Exhibit A: San Francisco General Plan Housing Element-
Summary of Objectives and Policies attached hereto and incorporated***

by reference) and several policies of the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element. These include:

Policy 2.1 Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The 1420 Taraval project would replace naturally-affordable housing with market-rate housing and therefore is not consistent with Policy 2.1.

Policy 3.1 Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs

1420 Taraval is subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Three tenants who comprise three separate households (in that they are not a family unit) have naturally affordable rent. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.1

Policy 3.4 Preserve “naturally affordable” housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

1420 Taraval is a “naturally affordable” older housing type with annual property tax of \$1,869.32 for this fiscal year. The economics of demolishing existing rental property with a very low tax base and replacing it with market-rate housing with a tax base more than twenty times higher plus recovery of new construction costs (highest in the world in SF, according to the *New York Times*) further renders the existing housing type “naturally affordable” housing that should be preserved. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.4.

Further, the 1420 Taraval project is **not in compliance with the San Francisco Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** which provides for general plan consistency and implementation including Priority Policies 2 and 3 (***see Exhibit B: SF Planning Code Section 101.1(b) attached hereto and incorporated by reference***)

“That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.”

“That the City’s supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced.”

2) Decreases “naturally affordable” housing in the Parkside district

The existing 3-story structure currently houses at least 3 current tenants living cooperatively in a 3-bedroom house and paying naturally affordable rent for 2,176 square feet of space (725 square feet per person). In contrast, average rent in San Francisco is \$3,688 for an average-sized apartment of 747 square feet, according to RentCafe.

The proposed project would replace “naturally affordable” housing with market-rate housing. Considering that San Francisco has the highest housing construction costs in the world, only high-income tenants would be able to afford living in the proposed new structure.

It should be noted that it is misleading that the 3-bedroom, 3-story, 2,176 square foot house has been represented variously as a 2-bedroom and even a 1-bedroom house (see p. 10 of decision, bottom of page). According to the project plans, the second floor contains 4 good-sized rooms. The plans label two of the rooms as bedrooms and the other two rooms as family room and sitting room.

3) Displaces a minimum of 3 current tenants paying naturally affordable rent.

These tenants comprise 3 separate naturally-affordable rate households in that they arrived at 1420 Taraval at different times and are not part of a family unit. Multiple households living cooperatively and sharing existing structures are some of the most affordable housing available in San Francisco.

4) Destroys a rare historical resource and negatively impacts the look, feel and character of the Parkside district

The 1420 Taraval project would demolish one of Parkside’s earliest houses, a 1907-1909 craftsman which is the last remaining house in a row built by Hugh Keenan who also built the Grateful Dead house at 710

Ashbury Street. It was constructed following the 1906 earthquake. According to the Preservation Team Review Form attached to the CEQA Categorical Exception Determination **(see Exhibit C: Preservation Team Review Form attached hereto and incorporated by reference)**,

“The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.”

However, the subjective review concludes that the property “does not retain integrity due to significant alterations.”

According to Woody LaBounty, local historian and co-author of the Parkside District historic context statement adopted by the City of San Francisco, "With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity." **(see attached Exhibit D: Letter from local historian Woody LaBounty attached hereto and incorporated by reference)**. LaBounty also states that the only modifications are minor, utilitarian and “entirely reversible.” Further, LaBounty states “This proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District’s main street.”

In summary, the 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with the SF General Plan Housing Element and the project is not consistent with the Priority Policies of the SF Planning Code section 101.1(b) including affordable housing, existing housing and neighborhood character. Further, the Planning Department’s preservation team was correct in determining that 1420 Taraval is significant and a rare example but its subjective determination that the structure has lost integrity is not consistent with the views of local historians, preservationists and community members.

5) Demolition of the existing structure has a negative environmental impact.

There are significant negative environmental consequences of demolishing the existing structure. According to the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP), demolition and construction now account for 25% of the solid waste that ends up in US landfills each year. Also, hauling all of the debris to the dump is bad for climate change among many other environmental impacts.

6) Proposed project would cover up side windows of occupant apartments of small apartment building next door.

The 1420 Taraval project would cover up the side windows of the small apartment building next door at 1414 Taraval Street built in 1936. This will substantially impact the quality of life for existing occupants of 1414 Taraval Street next door to the project.

For all of the above reasons, the Sunset-Parkside Education Action Committee (SPEAK) respectfully requests that the Board of Supervisors exercise its oversight authority for the 1420 Taraval Street demolition and project.

I. SUMMARY OF OBJECTIVES & POLICIES

ISSUE 1: ADEQUATE SITES

OBJECTIVE 1

IDENTIFY AND MAKE AVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT ADEQUATE SITES TO MEET THE CITY'S HOUSING NEEDS, ESPECIALLY PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

POLICY 1.1

Plan for the full range of housing needs in the City and County of San Francisco, especially affordable housing.

POLICY 1.2

Focus housing growth and infrastructure necessary to support growth according to community plans. Complete planning underway in key opportunity areas, such as Treasure Island, Candlestick Park and Hunter's Point Shipyard..

POLICY 1.3

Work proactively to identify and secure opportunity sites for permanently affordable housing.

POLICY 1.4

Ensure community based planning processes are used to generate changes to land use controls.

POLICY 1.5

Consider secondary units in community planning processes where there is neighborhood support and when other neighborhood goals can be achieved, especially if that housing is made permanently affordable to lower-income households.

POLICY 1.6

Consider greater flexibility in number and size of units within established building envelopes in community based planning processes, especially if it can increase the number of affordable units in multi-family structures.

POLICY 1.7

Consider public health objectives when designating and promoting housing development sites.

POLICY 1.8

Promote mixed use development, and include housing, particularly permanently affordable housing, in new commercial,

institutional or other single use development projects.

POLICY 1.9

Require new commercial developments and higher educational institutions to meet the housing demand they generate, particularly the need for affordable housing for lower income workers and students.

POLICY 1.10

Support new housing projects, especially affordable housing, where households can easily rely on public transportation, walking and bicycling for the majority of daily trips.

ISSUE 2: CONSERVE AND IMPROVE EXISTING STOCK

OBJECTIVE 2

RETAIN EXISTING HOUSING UNITS, AND PROMOTE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS, WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING AFFORDABILITY.

POLICY 2.1

Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing, unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

POLICY 2.2

Retain existing housing by controlling the merger of residential units, except where a merger clearly creates new family housing.

POLICY 2.3

Prevent the removal or reduction of housing for parking.

POLICY 2.4

Promote improvements and continued maintenance to existing units to ensure long term habitation and safety.

POLICY 2.5

Encourage and support the seismic retrofitting of the existing housing stock.

POLICY 2.6

Ensure housing supply is not converted to de facto commercial use through short-term rentals.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROTECT THE AFFORDABILITY OF THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK, ESPECIALLY RENTAL UNITS.

POLICY 3.1

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

POLICY 3.2

Promote voluntary housing acquisition and rehabilitation to protect affordability for existing occupants.

POLICY 3.3

Maintain balance in affordability of existing housing stock by supporting affordable moderate ownership opportunities.

POLICY 3.4

Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

POLICY 3.5

Retain permanently affordable residential hotels and single room occupancy (SRO) units.

ISSUE 3: EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

OBJECTIVE 4

FOSTER A HOUSING STOCK THAT MEETS THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS ACROSS LIFECYCLES.

POLICY 4.1

Develop new housing, and encourage the remodeling of existing housing, for families with children.

POLICY 4.2

Provide a range of housing options for residents with special needs for housing support and services.

POLICY 4.3

Create housing for people with disabilities and aging adults by including universal design principles in new and rehabilitated housing units.

San Francisco Planning Code

SEC. 101.1. GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY AND IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) The General Plan shall be an integrated, internally consistent and compatible statement of policies for San Francisco. To fulfill this requirement, after extensive public participation and hearings, the Planning Commission shall in one action amend the General Plan by January 1, 1988.

(b) The following Priority Policies are hereby established. They shall be included in the preamble to the General Plan and shall be the basis upon which inconsistencies in the General Plan are resolved:

(1) That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

(2) That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

(3) That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

(4) That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

(5) That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

(6) That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

(7) That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved; and,

(8) That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

(c) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after November 4, 1986, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the Priority Policies established above.

(d) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after January 1, 1988, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the General Plan.

(e) Prior to issuing a permit for any project or adopting any legislation which requires an initial study under the California Environmental Quality Act, and prior to issuing a permit for any demolition, conversion or change of use, and prior to taking any action which requires a finding of consistency with the General Plan, the City shall find that the proposed project or legislation is consistent with the Priority Policies established above. For any such permit issued or legislation adopted after January 1, 1988 the City shall also find that the project is consistent with the General Plan.

(Added by Proposition M, 11/4/86; amended by Ord. [188-15](#), File No. 150871, App. 11/4/2015, Eff. 12/4/2015)



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW FORM

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Preservation Team Meeting Date:		Date of Form Completion	6/6/2019
----------------------------------------	--	--------------------------------	----------

PROJECT INFORMATION:		
Planner:	Address:	
Stephanie Cisneros/Melanie Bishop	1420 Taraval Street	
Block/Lot:	Cross Streets:	
2353/010	Taraval & 24th	
CEQA Category:	Art. 10/11:	BPA/Case No.:
B	N/A	2018-011904ENV

PURPOSE OF REVIEW:			PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> CEQA	<input type="radio"/> Article 10/11	<input type="radio"/> Preliminary/PIC	<input type="radio"/> Alteration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Demo/New Construction

DATE OF PLANS UNDER REVIEW:	N/A
------------------------------------	-----

PROJECT ISSUES:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the subject Property an eligible historic resource?
<input type="checkbox"/>	If so, are the proposed changes a significant impact?
Additional Notes:	
Submitted: Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017).	

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW:	
Category:	<input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C
Individual	Historic District/Context
Property is individually eligible for inclusion in a California Register under one or more of the following Criteria:	Property is in an eligible California Register Historic District/Context under one or more of the following Criteria:
Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>	Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="radio"/> Contributor <input type="radio"/> Non-Contributor

Complies with the Secretary's Standards/Art 10/Art 11:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input checked="" type="radio"/> N/A
CEQA Material Impairment to the individual historic resource:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
CEQA Material Impairment to the historic district:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Requires Design Revisions:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Defer to Residential Design Team:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	

PRESERVATION TEAM COMMENTS:
<p>According to the Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017) and information found in the Planning Department files, the subject property at 1420 Taraval Street contains a three-story over raised basement, single-family residence. According to the original construction permit, the building was constructed in 1909 by Hugh Keenan, who worked as a builder with architect Robert Dickie Cranston to construct homes primarily in the Haight Ashbury neighborhood during the 1890's. Notable examples of their work include 710 Ashbury and 459 Ashbury. The partnership lasted briefly, with Keenan branching out as the sole proprietor of a construction company, working primarily in the Parkside. Though it is not known exactly when the partnership between Cranston and Keenan dissolved, Hugh Keenan Construction Company appears in newspaper articles and city directories after 1900. Extensive alterations have been made to the subject property including the front addition of commercial space (1946), window replacement, reconstruction of front steps, and remodel of front porch. It is likely the latter changes were completed without a permit, as no permit records have been found to confirm the date of these alterations.</p> <p>The subject property is not located adjacent to any known historic resources (Category A properties) or within the boundaries of any identified historic district. The subject property is located within the Parkside neighborhood on a block that includes residences constructed between 1909-1968. The initial residential development of Parkside occurred between 26th & Ulloa and 32nd & Vicente in the form of "Parkside Cottages"; typically one-story six-room structures with a variety of facade styles available (Source: San Francisco's Historic Parkside District:1905-1957 Context Statement). The subject property was constructed shortly after this initial wave of development and reflects the early development of Parkside and the subject block of Taraval, which was primarily residential.</p> <p>A historical photo from 1914 included in the Historic Resource Evaluation Part I shows the block originally contained six properties built by Keenan that were similar in massing and style to 1420 Taraval. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two properties remaining. Hugh Keenan was on the board of directors of the Parkside Realty Company (Source: San Francisco Chronicle, 1905), and his construction company was responsible for the construction of several streets and block grading in Parkside. In an effort to develop the area and attract residents, the Parkside Realty Company also formed a sister agency, the Parkside Transit Company, a private corporation that assisted in bringing public transit to the area and therefore, more prospective residents.</p> <p>(continued)</p>

Signature of a Senior Preservation Planner / Preservation Coordinator:	Date:
 Digitally signed by Allison K. Vanderslice Date: 2019.06.07 11:08:07 -07'00'	

The subject block was primarily residential and largely undeveloped aside from the six properties constructed by Keenan until approximately 1938. The 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph of the subject block shows an increase in development with several larger scale properties constructed around the subject building. The 1950 Sanborn Map shows the property as it exists currently with the front commercial addition. Based on this historic documentation, it is likely the property added a commercial storefront to their existing property in order to accommodate new commercial development brought to the area by increased transit. Many properties like this exist along Taraval but have not been in use commercially in recent years. The property at 1420 Taraval tells the story of two separate waves of development in the Parkside along Taraval: the first initial wave of residential development occurring in the early 1900's and later, the development of the block commercially in the late 1930's and 1940's. Hugh Keenan Construction Company was integral in the development of Parkside as a neighborhood. The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside. However, the subject property does not retain integrity due to significant alterations over time including alterations to the commercial space which is no longer in use. The subject building is not eligible for listing in the California Register under any criteria as part of a historic district. The property at 1409 Taraval is a more intact representative example of single-family residential architecture from the early period of development in Parkside and is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.

February 24, 2020

Board of Supervisors
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: **Appeal of 2018-011904PRG (1420 Taraval Street)**

Supervisors:

I am the founder of Western Neighborhoods Project, a twenty-year-old nonprofit dedicated to the history of the city's west side, a co-author of the city-adopted Parkside District historic context statement, and a native San Franciscan who has spent years working and residing in the Parkside.

I have great respect for Planning's preservation staff, and since last summer have tried to work with them in recognizing the importance of the house at 1420 Taraval Street to the neighborhood's history, character, and early development. To staff's credit, they disagreed with the opinion of the consultant hired by the project sponsor and acknowledged that 1420 Taraval *was* a potential historic resource, specifically, **"an early and rare example of an early 20th century residence in the neighborhood."** Unfortunately, staff then decided that the building had lost integrity and was therefore not a resource.

This is one of a handful of the earliest house in the Parkside, with a distinctive Arts and Crafts style, in a highly visible part of the district at 24th and Taraval Streets. 1420 Taraval represents the first architectural style of this neighborhood before it was overrun by stucco Mediterranean styles in the 1920s and is the sole survivor of a row constructed by builder Hugh C. Keenan, a director of the firm responsible for the district's creation, the Parkside Realty Company.

The guidelines for analyzing a property's integrity are detailed, consisting of seven official criteria, but in the end, determination on whether integrity is lost is a fairly subjective decision. One criteria, for example, is "feeling." I contend that the historic nature of the building is evident at a glance, and certainly retains integrity to convey its significance. Planning staff cited loss of the original porch railings and posts and the replacement of the windows as the primary reasons for determining a loss of integrity. These are fairly minor and utilitarian issues with a 110-year-old building subject to the ocean breezes and fog of the Parkside, and entirely reversible alterations. 1420 Taraval still has its gable trim, knee braces, rafter tails, entry porch, and possibly its original shingle cladding. With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association, and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity. Please take a close look at the existing façade.

Members of the Planning Commission, rightly concerned about San Francisco's affordability crisis, have expressed a desire for the three units and commercial storefront this project proposes in replacement. But two additional **market rate units** will not change the dynamics of the real estate and rental market, and will not be in the financial reach of our teachers, fixed-income seniors, struggling families, or unhoused population. And there are many, many unrented commercial storefronts already on Taraval Street. This is not a neighborhood that needs another empty one.

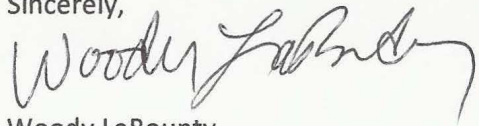
Of the more than 400 properties on Taraval Street from 17th Avenue to Ocean Beach there are only three known that predate World War I and only two of them have not been radically modified. **This**

proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District's main street. Taraval is rich with potential sites to increase density, but this isn't one of them.

San Francisco is a city known for distinctive neighborhoods. The Parkside's development and character was and is different than the rest of the greater Sunset District, but each time we lose one of these early buildings, the Parkside gets closer to a form of anonymity. When these handsome early homes are gone they're gone forever.

Despite the project architect claiming at the last hearing that there had been "not one objection" to the demolition of this historic house, a number of neighbors have worked with staff to try and stop its destruction since last July. As a last resort, we ask you to step in and save this building for the Parkside.

Sincerely,



Woody LaBounty



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020.



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020 (above), and in 1923 (far right in photo below).



From: [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: PLANNING DEPARTMENT APPEAL RESPONSE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020
Date: Monday, March 16, 2020 11:46:25 AM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Sent: Monday, March 16, 2020 11:41 AM

To: aeboken@gmail.com; speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com; pmandel@mgremediation.com; billpash@gmail.com; Justin A. Zucker <jzucker@reubenlaw.com>

Cc: Storrs, Bruce (DPW) <bruce.storrs@sfdpw.org>; Tse, Bernie (DPW) <bernie.tse@sfdpw.org>; Rivera, Javier (DPW) <javier.rivera@sfdpw.org>; Duran, Vanessa (DPW) <vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <lisa.gibson@sfgov.org>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <devyani.jain@sfgov.org>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <adam.varat@sfgov.org>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <joy.navarrete@sfgov.org>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <laura.lynch@sfgov.org>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <corey.teague@sfgov.org>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <scott.sanchez@sfgov.org>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <dan.sider@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <jonas.ionin@sfgov.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <katy.sullivan@sfgov.org>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <alec.longaway@sfgov.org>; BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative_aides@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net; Andrew Junius <ajunius@reubenlaw.com>; Jennica Dandan <jdandan@reubenlaw.com>

Subject: PLANNING DEPARTMENT APPEAL RESPONSE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020

Greetings,

Please find linked below an appeal response received by the Office of the Clerk of the Board from the Planning Department, regarding the Conditional Use Authorization appeal for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street project.

[Planning Department Appeal Response - March 16, 2020](#)

The hearing for this matter is scheduled for 3:00 p.m. before the Board on March 24, 2020.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Best regards,

Jocelyn Wong

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

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SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Conditional Use Authorization Appeal 1420 Taraval Street

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

DATE: March 16, 2020
TO: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
FROM: Rich Hillis, Planning Director – Planning Department (415) 558-6411
Linda Ajello Hoagland, Case Planner – Planning Department (415) 575-6823
RE: Board File No. 200261, Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA
Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization for 1420 Taraval Street
HEARING DATE: March 24, 2020
PROJECT SPONSOR: William Pashelinsky, 1937 Hayes Street, San Francisco, CA 94117
APPELLANTS: Eileen Bokenon, for Sunset Parkside Education Action Committee (SPEAK), 1329
-7th Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94122

INTRODUCTION

This memorandum and the attached documents are a response to the letters of appeal to the Board of Supervisors ("Board") regarding the Planning Commission's ("Commission") approval of the application for Conditional Use Authorization under Planning Department Case Number 2018-011904CUA pursuant to Planning Code Sections 303 (Conditional Use Authorization) and 317 (Demolition), to demolish an existing single-family home and replace it with mixed-use building comprised of three residential units over a commercial space.

This memorandum addresses the appeal to the Board, filed on March 2, 2020 by Eileen Bokenon, representing the Sunset Parkside Education Action Committee (SPEAK).

The decision before the Board is whether to uphold, overturn, or amend the Planning Commission's approval of an application for Conditional Use Authorization to demolish an existing single-family home and replace it with mixed-use building comprised of three residential units over a commercial space.

SITE DESCRIPTION & PRESENT USE

The Project is located on the north side of Taraval Street, between 24th and 25th Avenues; Lot 010 in Assessor's Block 2353 within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) Zoning District with a 65-A Height and Bulk District. The site is an approximately 2,500 square foot uphill sloping lot with 25 feet of frontage and a depth of 100 feet. The project site has an existing approximately 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home constructed circa 1900. The structure is currently used as a rental property with the current lease set to expire prior to the start of construction. There is no off-street parking for the property.

SURROUNDING PROPERTIES AND NEIGHBORHOOD

The subject property is in the Parkside neighborhood. Parcels within the immediate vicinity consist of two- to three-story single- and multi-family dwellings, single- and two-story commercial buildings and two- to four-story mixed-use buildings of varied design and construction dates. The block-face is characterized by two- to three-story buildings of mixed architectural style. The adjacent properties to the east and west are improved with a two-story commercial building and a three-story multi-family dwelling constructed in 1968 and 1936, respectively, and a three-story multi-family dwelling to the north, constructed in 1927. The surrounding properties are in the Taraval Street NCD, RH-1 (Residential-House, One-Family), and RM-1 (Residential-Mixed, Low Density) Zoning Districts. The subject property is also within .25-miles of stops for the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project includes the demolition of an existing 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home and construction of a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed use building (approximately 6,219 square feet) with three dwelling units, approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use, 1,392 square feet of open space through a combination of private and common opens space, including a roof deck, and three Class 1 bicycle parking spaces. No off-street parking is proposed. The Project includes a dwelling-unit mix consisting of three (approximately 1,600 square foot each), three-bedroom and two bath units.

BACKGROUND

On August 30, 2018, William Pashelinsky filed an application with the Planning Department for a Conditional Use Authorization to demolish an existing three-story single-family dwelling and construct a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed-use building with three dwelling units and 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use.

On December 12, 2019, the Planning Commission heard the proposed Conditional Use application for 1420 Taraval Street and continued the case to January 30, 2020. With this action, the Commission directed the applicant to provide more information and updated plans to better substantiate the Project. In response, the Project Sponsor submitted revised plans providing the following additional information and amendments:

1. Printing errors from the last packet of information were resolved, making the proposed elevations visible;
2. The location of the master bedroom and living room were reversed so the that the living room faced the street;
3. The rear yard roof deck was setback 5-feet from the eastern property line and planters were added along the north and east sides;
4. Planters were added on the north and south sides of the roof deck;
5. The location of elevator has been shifted further toward the rear of the building;
6. The width of the storefront display area was increased;
7. A 6-foot high opaque screen was added at the north and east sides of the roof deck to address privacy concerns; and
8. The 30-inch high roof parapet was eliminated.

No changes were made to the total building area, residential gross square footage, or number of residential units.

After reviewing the revised project, and taking public comment, the Planning Commission then voted unanimously, with three commissioners absent, to approve the project with conditions.

CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS

Planning Code Section 303 establishes criteria for the Commission to consider when reviewing all applications for Conditional Use approval. To approve the project, the Commission must find that these criteria have been met:

1. That the proposed use or feature, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable for, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community; and
2. That such use or feature as proposed will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity, with respect to aspects including but not limited to the following:
 - a. The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;
 - b. The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;
 - c. The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;
 - d. Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs; and
3. That such use or feature as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of this Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan.
4. That such use or feature as proposed will provide development that is in conformity with the stated purpose of the applicable Use District.

In addition, Planning Code Section 317 sets forth the following additional criteria that the Planning Commission shall consider in the review of applications for Residential Demolition:

1. Whether the property is free of a history of serious, continuing Code violations;
2. Whether the housing has been maintained in a decent, safe, and sanitary condition;
3. Whether the property is an "historical resource" under CEQA;
4. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse impact under CEQA;
5. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;
6. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;
7. Whether the project conserves existing housing to preserve cultural and economic neighborhood diversity;

8. Whether the project conserves neighborhood character to preserve neighborhood cultural and economic diversity;
9. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;
10. Whether the project increases the number of permanently affordable units as governed by Section 415;
11. Whether the project locates in-fill housing on appropriate sites in established neighborhoods;
12. Whether the project increases the number of family-sized units on-site;
13. Whether the project creates new supportive housing;
14. Whether the project is of superb architectural and urban design, meeting all relevant design guidelines, to enhance existing neighborhood character;
15. Whether the project increases the number of on-site Dwelling Units;
16. Whether the project increases the number of on-site bedrooms;
17. Whether or not the replacement project would maximize density on the subject lot; and
18. If replacing a building not subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance, whether the new project replaces all of the existing units with new Dwelling Units of a similar size and with the same number of bedrooms.

APPELLANT ISSUES AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT RESPONSES

ISSUE 1: The proposed project is not consistent with the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element and SF Planning Code 101.1 (b). The 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with Objectives 2 and 3.

The 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with Objectives 2 and 3 and several policies of the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element. These include:

Policy 2.1 Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The 1420 Taraval project would replace naturally affordable housing with market-rate housing and therefore is not consistent with Policy 2.1.

Policy 3.1 Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

1420 Taraval is subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Three tenants who comprise three separate households (in that they are not a family unit) have naturally affordable rent. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.1.

Policy 3.4 Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

1420 Taraval is a "naturally affordable" older housing type with annual property tax of \$1,869.32 for this fiscal year. The economics of demolishing existing rental property with a very low tax base and replacing it with market-rate housing with a tax base more than twenty times higher plus

recovery of new construction costs (highest in the world in SF, according to the New York Times) further renders the existing housing type "naturally affordable" housing that should be preserved. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.4.

Further, the 1420 Taraval project is not in compliance with the San Francisco Planning Code Section 101.1(b) which provides for general plan consistency and implementation including Priority Policies 2 and 3 (see Exhibit B: SF Planning Code Section 101.1(b) attached hereto and incorporated by reference)

"That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods."

"That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced."

RESPONSE 1: On balance, the Planning Commission found that the proposed project was consistent with the General Plan.

In passing resolution 20643, the Planning Commission acknowledged the loss of existing rental housing likely subject to rent control; however, it also found the project to be consistent with policies 4.1, 11.1, 11.2, 11.3, 11.4, and 11.5 of the Housing Element; policies 2.11, and 3.6 of the Recreational and Open Space Element; Policies 24.2, 24.4, 28.1, and 28.3, 34.3, 34.5 of the Transportation Element; and 1.2, 1.3, 2.6, of the Urban Design Element.

When making General Plan Consistency, the Planning Commission must often balance competing policies and come to a decision as to whether or not the proposed project is, on balance, consistent with the General Plan. In this case, the Commission found that, on balance, the proposed project was consistent with the General Plan. In addition to finding consistency with other policies in the General Plan, the Commission also found that the resulting project would include an increase of two new dwelling units, and a net addition of seven bedrooms.

ISSUE 2: The proposed project decreases "naturally affordable" housing in the Parkside district.

The existing three-story structure currently houses at least three current tenants living cooperatively in a three-bedroom house and paying naturally affordable rent for 2,176 square feet of space (725 square feet per person). In contrast, average rent in San Francisco is \$3,688 for an average-sized apartment of 747 square feet, according to RentCafe.

The proposed project would replace "naturally affordable" housing with market-rate housing. Considering that San Francisco has the highest housing construction costs in the world, only high-income tenants would be able to afford living in the proposed new structure.

It should be noted that it is misleading that the three-bedroom, three-story, 2,176 square foot house has been represented variously as a two-bedroom and even a one-bedroom house (seep. 10 of decision, bottom of page). According to the project plans, the second floor contains four good-sized rooms. The plans label two of the rooms as bedrooms and the other two rooms as family room and sitting room.

RESPONSE 2: The Planning Commission found that proposed project's benefits outweighed negative impacts associated with the loss of existing housing.

While the Project removes an older dwelling unit, which is generally considered more affordable than new construction, the project will add two family-sized dwelling units to the City's housing stock. This will result in three, three-bedroom units. In this instance the Planning Commission found that proposed project's benefits outweighed negative impacts associated with the loss of existing housing.

ISSUE 3: Displaces a minimum of three current tenants paying naturally affordable rent.

These tenants comprise three separate naturally affordable rate households in that they arrived at 1420 Taraval at different times and are not part of a family unit. Multiple households living cooperatively and sharing existing structures are some of the most affordable housing available in San Francisco.

RESPONSE 3: Tenant rights and eviction controls are under the purview of the Rent Board; the Planning Department and Commission are not qualified or authorized to adjudicate tenant displacement issues.

The existing single-family dwelling is used as a rental property. According to the applicant, the lease for the current tenant will expire prior to construction beginning on this project. Although the Planning Department assumes that the subject unit is subject to the Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance because it was constructed before 1979, the Department cannot definitively determine which aspects of the Ordinance are applicable. The Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance includes provisions for eviction controls, price controls, and other controls, and it is the purview of the Rent Board to determine which specific controls apply to a building or property.

ISSUE 4: Destroys a rare historical resource and negatively impacts the look, feel and character of the Parkside district.

The 1420 Taraval project would demolish one of Parkside's earliest houses, a 1907-1909 craftsman which is the last remaining house in a row built by Hugh Keenan who also built the Grateful Dead house at 710 Ashbury Street. It was constructed following the 1906 earthquake. According to the Preservation Team Review Form attached to the CEQA Categorical Exception Determination (see Exhibit C: Preservation Team Review Form attached hereto and incorporated by reference), "The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside."

However, the subjective review concludes that the property "does not retain integrity due to significant alterations."

According to Woody LaBounty, local historian and co-author of the Parkside District historic context statement adopted by the City of San Francisco, "With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity." (see attached Exhibit D: letter from local historian Woody LaBounty attached hereto and incorporated by reference). LaBounty also states that the only modifications are minor, utilitarian and

"entirely reversible." Further, LaBounty states "This proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District's main street."

In summary, the 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with the SF General Plan Housing Element and the project is not consistent with the Priority Policies of the SF Planning Code section 101.1 (b) including affordable housing, existing housing and neighborhood character. Further, the Planning Department's preservation team was correct in determining that 1420 Taraval is significant and a rare example but its subjective determination that the structure has lost integrity is not consistent with the views of local historians, preservationists and community members.

RESPONSE 4: The property does not retain historic integrity and appeals of the Planning Department's historic determination are adjudicated through the CEQA appeal process.

The appropriate way to appeal a historic determination is through the CEQA appeal process and not the CU appeal process because the historic determination is done as part of environmental review.

The subject property was found to be significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses. It was also found to be significant under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside. However, the subject property does not retain integrity due to significant alterations, including alterations to the vacant commercial space. Further, the subject building is not eligible for listing in the California Register as part of a historic district. To contrast, the property at 1409 Taraval is also significant under Criteria 1 and 3 for the same reasons the subject property is; however, 1409 Taraval is a more intact representative example of single-family residential architecture from the early period of development in Parkside.

ISSUE 5: Demolition of the existing structure has a negative environmental impact.

There are significant negative environmental consequences of demolishing the existing structure. According to the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP), demolition and construction now account for 25% of the solid waste that ends up in US landfills each year. Also, hauling all of the debris to the dump is bad for climate change among many other environmental impacts.

RESPONSE 5: San Francisco has strong construction and demolition debris disposal requirements, which are enforced by the San Francisco Department of the Environment.

Any person applying for a permit for full demolition of an existing structure must submit a Demolition Debris Recovery Plan (DDRP) to the San Francisco Department of the Environment (SFE). This report must provide for a minimum of 65% diversion from landfill of construction and demolition debris, including materials source separated for reuse or recycling. The DDRP must be submitted to and approved by SFE before the Department of Building Inspection will issue a Full Demolition Permit. The Planning Commission and the Planning Department do not have jurisdiction over debris disposal, and therefore it is not considered as part of the conditional use application.

ISSUE 6: Proposed project would cover up side windows of occupant apartments of small apartment building next door.

The 1420 Taraval project would cover up the side windows of the small apartment building next door at 1414 Taraval Street built in 1936. This will substantially impact the quality of life for existing occupants of 1414 Taraval Street next door to the project.

RESPONSE 6: Side windows are not protected under the Residential Design Guidelines or the Planning Code.

In general, property-line windows are not protected in the Residential Design Guidelines or the Planning Code. An exception would be if the property-line window was the only window onto a bedroom, the removal of which would make it incapable of remaining a bedroom. In this case, the two property-line windows that will be covered are in rooms with windows that have exposure onto the street. Further, the proposed project does match the adjacent property's lightwell, preserving light in the middle of the neighboring structure where exposure to the mid-block open space and the street are not available.

SUMMARY RESPONSE

The appellant brings up several issues in their application that are either not germane to the CU appeal, including the historic determination made by the Planning Department, tenant rights, or the City's demolition debris disposal requirements. The appellant also brings up the issue of property line windows, which are not protected by the Planning Code or the Residential Design Guidelines, except in limited circumstances. The remaining issues have to deal with the proposed project's compliance with the City's General Plan and the loss of existing sound housing. On these issues, the Planning Commission did consider the benefits of the proposed project against the impacts of losing one unit of sound existing housing. On that issue, the Planning Commission came to the conclusion that the loss of the one unit was offset by the construction of three new family-size units. It also found after considering the whole of the General Plan that, on balance the proposed project was consistent with the General Plan.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated in this document, in the attached Resolution, and in the Planning Department case file, the Planning Department recommends that the Board uphold the Planning Commission's decision in approving the Conditional Use authorization to demolish an existing single-family home and replace it with mixed-use building comprised of three residential units over a commercial space, and deny the requests from Appellants to overturn or modify the Commission's decision.

From: [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#); aeboken@gmail.com; speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com; pmandel@mgremediation.com; billpash@gmail.com; [Justin A. Zucker](#)
Cc: [Storrs, Bruce \(DPW\)](#); [Tse, Bernie \(DPW\)](#); [Rivera, Javier \(DPW\)](#); [Duran, Vanessa \(DPW\)](#); [Wong, Jason \(DPW\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [STACY, KATE \(CAT\)](#); [JENSEN, KRISTEN \(CAT\)](#); [Gibson, Lisa \(CPC\)](#); [Jain, Devyani \(CPC\)](#); [Varat, Adam \(CPC\)](#); [Rodgers, AnMarie \(CPC\)](#); [Navarrete, Joy \(CPC\)](#); [Lynch, Laura \(CPC\)](#); [Teague, Corey \(CPC\)](#); [Sanchez, Scott \(CPC\)](#); [Sider, Dan \(CPC\)](#); [Starr, Aaron \(CPC\)](#); [Ionin, Jonas \(CPC\)](#); [Ajello Hoagland, Linda \(CPC\)](#); [Rosenberg, Julie \(BOA\)](#); [Sullivan, Katy \(BOA\)](#); [Longaway, Alec \(BOA\)](#); [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); er@sonic.net; [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#)
Subject: APPEAL BRIEF AND SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020
Date: Friday, March 13, 2020 12:18:44 PM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

Good afternoon,

Please find linked below an appeal response brief from Justin Zucker of Reuben, Junius and Rose, LLP, representing the Project Sponsor, and supplemental appeal materials from Evan Rosen, on behalf of the Appellants, received by the Office of the Clerk of the Board regarding the Conditional Use Authorization Appeal for the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street.

[Project Sponsor - Appeal Response Brief - March 13, 2020](#)

[Appellants - Supplemental Appeal Materials - March 13, 2020](#)

The hearing for this matter is scheduled for a 3:00 p.m. special order before the Board on March 24, 2020.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102
(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163
brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

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public may inspect or copy.



March 12, 2020

Board of Supervisors
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street

Dear Supervisors:

I write in support of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee's appeal to deny the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street (Block 2353, Lot No. 010). Certification of Conditional Use Authorization 2018-011904CUA would demolish an excellent example of one of the Parkside District's few surviving early houses.

San Francisco Heritage (Heritage) is committed to the preservation of the city's unique architectural and cultural identity in every corner of the city. The Parkside and Supervisorial District 4 is woefully underrepresented on the city's official inventory of historic properties. Halting this project and retaining 1420 Taraval is consistent with city policy that "existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods." (Planning Code, Section 101.1(b).)

As one of the first houses built by builder Hugh C. Keenan for the Parkside District Realty Company, 1420 Taraval (built in 1907) is one of a small number of properties connected to the district's creation and early development. As recognized by Planning Department staff, the property is significant under evaluation guidelines for state historical resources under Criteria 1 and 3. Heritage disagrees with the subsequent CEQA categorical exemption determination claiming 1420 Taraval lacked sufficient physical integrity to be considered a historic resource.

The *Secretary of Interior's Standards for Treatment of Historic Properties* specifically contemplate—and provide guidance for reversing—minor alterations to older buildings such as 1420 Taraval. The house's porch pillars may have been altered and windows replaced, but 1420 Taraval survives overwhelmingly intact today. The integrity of properties in historically working-class neighborhoods should be considered contextually. If a simple change such as replacing windows were to become the threshold for determining loss of integrity, it would reinforce a perception that only civic structures and residences of the wealthy elite are worthy of recognition and protection.

Please uphold this appeal and deny this project. San Francisco Heritage is committed to working with the property owner and providing technical assistance to sensitively reverse alterations to the building, initiate designation of the house as a historic resource, secure any available preservation-based financial incentives, and explore appropriate ways to add residential units to the property while preserving the original home. As an example, neighboring properties are built to the lot line and Heritage encourages examining the feasibility of adding an Accessory Dwelling Unit in the backyard.

Sincerely,

Mike Buhler
President & CEO

**Statement of Appeal to Board of Supervisors of Conditional Use Authorization
Planning Case # 2018-011904CUA Building Permit Application 201808086754
1420 Taraval Street**

STATEMENT OF APPEAL (5 pages)

a) Set forth the part(s) of the decision the appeal is taken from:

Paragraph 9 (pages 10-11). **General Plan Compliance. Housing Element Objectives and Policies**

Paragraph 10 (pages 15-16)

Planning Code Section 101.1(b) establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies.

Paragraph 8 (pages 7-10)

iii. Whether the property is a “historical resource” under CEQA

iv. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse effect under CEQA

v. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;

vi. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;

ix. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;

Paragraph 7 (p.5-6)

A. Compatibility with the neighborhood or community per SF Planning Code 303

b) Set forth the reasons in support of your appeal

A Conditional Use refers to a use that is not principally permitted in a particular Zoning District, according to the CUA application packet. Conditional Uses require a Planning Commission hearing in order to determine if the proposed use is necessary or desirable to the neighborhood, whether it may potentially have a negative effect on the surrounding neighborhood, and whether the use complies with the San Francisco General Plan. Reasons for this appeal are:

1) Not consistent with the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element and SF Planning Code 101.1(b)

The 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with Objectives 2 and 3
***(see Exhibit A: San Francisco General Plan Housing Element-
Summary of Objectives and Policies attached hereto and incorporated***

by reference) and several policies of the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element. These include:

Policy 2.1 Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The 1420 Taraval project would replace naturally-affordable housing with market-rate housing and therefore is not consistent with Policy 2.1.

Policy 3.1 Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs

1420 Taraval is subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Three tenants who comprise three separate households (in that they are not a family unit) have naturally affordable rent. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.1

Policy 3.4 Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

1420 Taraval is a "naturally affordable" older housing type with annual property tax of \$1,869.32 for this fiscal year. The economics of demolishing existing rental property with a very low tax base and replacing it with market-rate housing with a tax base more than twenty times higher plus recovery of new construction costs (highest in the world in SF, according to the *New York Times*) further renders the existing housing type "naturally affordable" housing that should be preserved. Therefore, the project is not consistent with Policy 3.4.

Further, the 1420 Taraval project is **not in compliance with the San Francisco Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** which provides for general plan consistency and implementation including Priority Policies 2 and 3 (***see Exhibit B: SF Planning Code Section 101.1(b) attached hereto and incorporated by reference***)

"That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods."

“That the City’s supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced.”

2) Decreases “naturally affordable” housing in the Parkside district

The existing 3-story structure currently houses at least 3 current tenants living cooperatively in a 3-bedroom house and paying naturally affordable rent for 2,176 square feet of space (725 square feet per person). In contrast, average rent in San Francisco is \$3,688 for an average-sized apartment of 747 square feet, according to RentCafe.

The proposed project would replace “naturally affordable” housing with market-rate housing. Considering that San Francisco has the highest housing construction costs in the world, only high-income tenants would be able to afford living in the proposed new structure.

It should be noted that it is misleading that the 3-bedroom, 3-story, 2,176 square foot house has been represented variously as a 2-bedroom and even a 1-bedroom house (see p. 10 of decision, bottom of page). According to the project plans, the second floor contains 4 good-sized rooms. The plans label two of the rooms as bedrooms and the other two rooms as family room and sitting room.

3) Displaces a minimum of 3 current tenants paying naturally affordable rent.

These tenants comprise 3 separate naturally-affordable rate households in that they arrived at 1420 Taraval at different times and are not part of a family unit. Multiple households living cooperatively and sharing existing structures are some of the most affordable housing available in San Francisco.

4) Destroys a rare historical resource and negatively impacts the look, feel and character of the Parkside district

The 1420 Taraval project would demolish one of Parkside’s earliest houses, a 1907-1909 craftsman which is the last remaining house in a row built by Hugh Keenan who also built the Grateful Dead house at 710

Ashbury Street. It was constructed following the 1906 earthquake. According to the Preservation Team Review Form attached to the CEQA Categorical Exception Determination **(see Exhibit C: Preservation Team Review Form attached hereto and incorporated by reference)**,

“The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.”

However, the subjective review concludes that the property “does not retain integrity due to significant alterations.”

According to Woody LaBounty, local historian and co-author of the Parkside District historic context statement adopted by the City of San Francisco, "With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity." **(see attached Exhibit D: Letter from local historian Woody LaBounty attached hereto and incorporated by reference)**. LaBounty also states that the only modifications are minor, utilitarian and “entirely reversible.” Further, LaBounty states “This proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District’s main street.”

In summary, the 1420 Taraval project is not consistent with the SF General Plan Housing Element and the project is not consistent with the Priority Policies of the SF Planning Code section 101.1(b) including affordable housing, existing housing and neighborhood character. Further, the Planning Department’s preservation team was correct in determining that 1420 Taraval is significant and a rare example but its subjective determination that the structure has lost integrity is not consistent with the views of local historians, preservationists and community members.

5) Demolition of the existing structure has a negative environmental impact.

There are significant negative environmental consequences of demolishing the existing structure. According to the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP), demolition and construction now account for 25% of the solid waste that ends up in US landfills each year. Also, hauling all of the debris to the dump is bad for climate change among many other environmental impacts.

6) Proposed project would cover up side windows of occupant apartments of small apartment building next door.

The 1420 Taraval project would cover up the side windows of the small apartment building next door at 1414 Taraval Street built in 1936. This will substantially impact the quality of life for existing occupants of 1414 Taraval Street next door to the project.

For all of the above reasons, the Sunset-Parkside Education Action Committee (SPEAK) respectfully requests that the Board of Supervisors exercise its oversight authority for the 1420 Taraval Street demolition and project.

I. SUMMARY OF OBJECTIVES & POLICIES

ISSUE 1: ADEQUATE SITES

OBJECTIVE 1

IDENTIFY AND MAKE AVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT ADEQUATE SITES TO MEET THE CITY'S HOUSING NEEDS, ESPECIALLY PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

POLICY 1.1

Plan for the full range of housing needs in the City and County of San Francisco, especially affordable housing.

POLICY 1.2

Focus housing growth and infrastructure necessary to support growth according to community plans. Complete planning underway in key opportunity areas, such as Treasure Island, Candlestick Park and Hunter's Point Shipyard..

POLICY 1.3

Work proactively to identify and secure opportunity sites for permanently affordable housing.

POLICY 1.4

Ensure community based planning processes are used to generate changes to land use controls.

POLICY 1.5

Consider secondary units in community planning processes where there is neighborhood support and when other neighborhood goals can be achieved, especially if that housing is made permanently affordable to lower-income households.

POLICY 1.6

Consider greater flexibility in number and size of units within established building envelopes in community based planning processes, especially if it can increase the number of affordable units in multi-family structures.

POLICY 1.7

Consider public health objectives when designating and promoting housing development sites.

POLICY 1.8

Promote mixed use development, and include housing, particularly permanently affordable housing, in new commercial,

institutional or other single use development projects.

POLICY 1.9

Require new commercial developments and higher educational institutions to meet the housing demand they generate, particularly the need for affordable housing for lower income workers and students.

POLICY 1.10

Support new housing projects, especially affordable housing, where households can easily rely on public transportation, walking and bicycling for the majority of daily trips.

ISSUE 2: CONSERVE AND IMPROVE EXISTING STOCK

OBJECTIVE 2

RETAIN EXISTING HOUSING UNITS, AND PROMOTE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS, WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING AFFORDABILITY.

POLICY 2.1

Discourage the demolition of sound existing housing, unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

POLICY 2.2

Retain existing housing by controlling the merger of residential units, except where a merger clearly creates new family housing.

POLICY 2.3

Prevent the removal or reduction of housing for parking.

POLICY 2.4

Promote improvements and continued maintenance to existing units to ensure long term habitation and safety.

POLICY 2.5

Encourage and support the seismic retrofitting of the existing housing stock.

POLICY 2.6

Ensure housing supply is not converted to de facto commercial use through short-term rentals.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROTECT THE AFFORDABILITY OF THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK, ESPECIALLY RENTAL UNITS.

POLICY 3.1

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

POLICY 3.2

Promote voluntary housing acquisition and rehabilitation to protect affordability for existing occupants.

POLICY 3.3

Maintain balance in affordability of existing housing stock by supporting affordable moderate ownership opportunities.

POLICY 3.4

Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

POLICY 3.5

Retain permanently affordable residential hotels and single room occupancy (SRO) units.

ISSUE 3: EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

OBJECTIVE 4

FOSTER A HOUSING STOCK THAT MEETS THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS ACROSS LIFECYCLES.

POLICY 4.1

Develop new housing, and encourage the remodeling of existing housing, for families with children.

POLICY 4.2

Provide a range of housing options for residents with special needs for housing support and services.

POLICY 4.3

Create housing for people with disabilities and aging adults by including universal design principles in new and rehabilitated housing units.

San Francisco Planning Code

SEC. 101.1. GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY AND IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) The General Plan shall be an integrated, internally consistent and compatible statement of policies for San Francisco. To fulfill this requirement, after extensive public participation and hearings, the Planning Commission shall in one action amend the General Plan by January 1, 1988.

(b) The following Priority Policies are hereby established. They shall be included in the preamble to the General Plan and shall be the basis upon which inconsistencies in the General Plan are resolved:

(1) That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

(2) That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

(3) That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

(4) That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

(5) That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

(6) That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

(7) That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved; and,

(8) That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

(c) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after November 4, 1986, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the Priority Policies established above.

(d) The City may not adopt any zoning ordinance or development agreement authorized pursuant to Government Code Section 65865 after January 1, 1988, unless prior to that adoption it has specifically found that the ordinance or development agreement is consistent with the General Plan.

(e) Prior to issuing a permit for any project or adopting any legislation which requires an initial study under the California Environmental Quality Act, and prior to issuing a permit for any demolition, conversion or change of use, and prior to taking any action which requires a finding of consistency with the General Plan, the City shall find that the proposed project or legislation is consistent with the Priority Policies established above. For any such permit issued or legislation adopted after January 1, 1988 the City shall also find that the project is consistent with the General Plan.

(Added by Proposition M, 11/4/86; amended by Ord. [188-15](#), File No. 150871, App. 11/4/2015, Eff. 12/4/2015)



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW FORM

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Preservation Team Meeting Date:		Date of Form Completion	6/6/2019
----------------------------------------	--	--------------------------------	----------

PROJECT INFORMATION:		
Planner:	Address:	
Stephanie Cisneros/Melanie Bishop	1420 Taraval Street	
Block/Lot:	Cross Streets:	
2353/010	Taraval & 24th	
CEQA Category:	Art. 10/11:	BPA/Case No.:
B	N/A	2018-011904ENV

PURPOSE OF REVIEW:			PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> CEQA	<input type="radio"/> Article 10/11	<input type="radio"/> Preliminary/PIC	<input type="radio"/> Alteration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Demo/New Construction

DATE OF PLANS UNDER REVIEW:	N/A
------------------------------------	-----

PROJECT ISSUES:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the subject Property an eligible historic resource?
<input type="checkbox"/>	If so, are the proposed changes a significant impact?
Additional Notes:	
Submitted: Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017).	

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW:	
Category:	<input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C
Individual	Historic District/Context
Property is individually eligible for inclusion in a California Register under one or more of the following Criteria:	Property is in an eligible California Register Historic District/Context under one or more of the following Criteria:
Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>	Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="radio"/> Contributor <input type="radio"/> Non-Contributor

Complies with the Secretary's Standards/Art 10/Art 11:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input checked="" type="radio"/> N/A
CEQA Material Impairment to the individual historic resource:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
CEQA Material Impairment to the historic district:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Requires Design Revisions:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Defer to Residential Design Team:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	

PRESERVATION TEAM COMMENTS:

According to the Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017) and information found in the Planning Department files, the subject property at 1420 Taraval Street contains a three-story over raised basement, single-family residence. According to the original construction permit, the building was constructed in 1909 by Hugh Keenan, who worked as a builder with architect Robert Dickie Cranston to construct homes primarily in the Haight Ashbury neighborhood during the 1890's. Notable examples of their work include 710 Ashbury and 459 Ashbury. The partnership lasted briefly, with Keenan branching out as the sole proprietor of a construction company, working primarily in the Parkside. Though it is not known exactly when the partnership between Cranston and Keenan dissolved, Hugh Keenan Construction Company appears in newspaper articles and city directories after 1900. Extensive alterations have been made to the subject property including the front addition of commercial space (1946), window replacement, reconstruction of front steps, and remodel of front porch. It is likely the latter changes were completed without a permit, as no permit records have been found to confirm the date of these alterations.

The subject property is not located adjacent to any known historic resources (Category A properties) or within the boundaries of any identified historic district. The subject property is located within the Parkside neighborhood on a block that includes residences constructed between 1909-1968. The initial residential development of Parkside occurred between 26th & Ulloa and 32nd & Vicente in the form of "Parkside Cottages"; typically one-story six-room structures with a variety of facade styles available (Source: San Francisco's Historic Parkside District:1905-1957 Context Statement). The subject property was constructed shortly after this initial wave of development and reflects the early development of Parkside and the subject block of Taraval, which was primarily residential.

A historical photo from 1914 included in the Historic Resource Evaluation Part I shows the block originally contained six properties built by Keenan that were similar in massing and style to 1420 Taraval. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two properties remaining. Hugh Keenan was on the board of directors of the Parkside Realty Company (Source: San Francisco Chronicle, 1905), and his construction company was responsible for the construction of several streets and block grading in Parkside. In an effort to develop the area and attract residents, the Parkside Realty Company also formed a sister agency, the Parkside Transit Company, a private corporation that assisted in bringing public transit to the area and therefore, more prospective residents.
(continued)

Signature of a Senior Preservation Planner / Preservation Coordinator:	Date:
 Digitally signed by Allison K. Vanderslice Date: 2019.06.07 11:08:07 -07'00'	

The subject block was primarily residential and largely undeveloped aside from the six properties constructed by Keenan until approximately 1938. The 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph of the subject block shows an increase in development with several larger scale properties constructed around the subject building. The 1950 Sanborn Map shows the property as it exists currently with the front commercial addition. Based on this historic documentation, it is likely the property added a commercial storefront to their existing property in order to accommodate new commercial development brought to the area by increased transit. Many properties like this exist along Taraval but have not been in use commercially in recent years. The property at 1420 Taraval tells the story of two separate waves of development in the Parkside along Taraval: the first initial wave of residential development occurring in the early 1900's and later, the development of the block commercially in the late 1930's and 1940's. Hugh Keenan Construction Company was integral in the development of Parkside as a neighborhood. The subject property is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and the later evolution to accommodate commercial uses and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside. However, the subject property does not retain integrity due to significant alterations over time including alterations to the commercial space which is no longer in use. The subject building is not eligible for listing in the California Register under any criteria as part of a historic district. The property at 1409 Taraval is a more intact representative example of single-family residential architecture from the early period of development in Parkside and is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.

February 24, 2020

Board of Supervisors
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: **Appeal of 2018-011904PRG (1420 Taraval Street)**

Supervisors:

I am the founder of Western Neighborhoods Project, a twenty-year-old nonprofit dedicated to the history of the city's west side, a co-author of the city-adopted Parkside District historic context statement, and a native San Franciscan who has spent years working and residing in the Parkside.

I have great respect for Planning's preservation staff, and since last summer have tried to work with them in recognizing the importance of the house at 1420 Taraval Street to the neighborhood's history, character, and early development. To staff's credit, they disagreed with the opinion of the consultant hired by the project sponsor and acknowledged that 1420 Taraval *was* a potential historic resource, specifically, **"an early and rare example of an early 20th century residence in the neighborhood."** Unfortunately, staff then decided that the building had lost integrity and was therefore not a resource.

This is one of a handful of the earliest house in the Parkside, with a distinctive Arts and Crafts style, in a highly visible part of the district at 24th and Taraval Streets. 1420 Taraval represents the first architectural style of this neighborhood before it was overrun by stucco Mediterranean styles in the 1920s and is the sole survivor of a row constructed by builder Hugh C. Keenan, a director of the firm responsible for the district's creation, the Parkside Realty Company.

The guidelines for analyzing a property's integrity are detailed, consisting of seven official criteria, but in the end, determination on whether integrity is lost is a fairly subjective decision. One criteria, for example, is "feeling." I contend that the historic nature of the building is evident at a glance, and certainly retains integrity to convey its significance. Planning staff cited loss of the original porch railings and posts and the replacement of the windows as the primary reasons for determining a loss of integrity. These are fairly minor and utilitarian issues with a 110-year-old building subject to the ocean breezes and fog of the Parkside, and entirely reversible alterations. 1420 Taraval still has its gable trim, knee braces, rafter tails, entry porch, and possibly its original shingle cladding. With proper contextual consideration of the materials, design, feeling, location, association, and setting, 1420 Taraval easily retains a majority of the seven aspects of historic integrity. Please take a close look at the existing façade.

Members of the Planning Commission, rightly concerned about San Francisco's affordability crisis, have expressed a desire for the three units and commercial storefront this project proposes in replacement. But two additional **market rate units** will not change the dynamics of the real estate and rental market, and will not be in the financial reach of our teachers, fixed-income seniors, struggling families, or unhoused population. And there are many, many unrented commercial storefronts already on Taraval Street. This is not a neighborhood that needs another empty one.

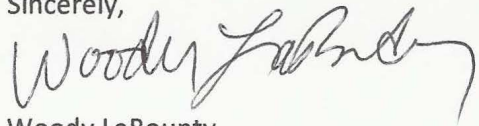
Of the more than 400 properties on Taraval Street from 17th Avenue to Ocean Beach there are only three known that predate World War I and only two of them have not been radically modified. **This**

proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District's main street. Taraval is rich with potential sites to increase density, but this isn't one of them.

San Francisco is a city known for distinctive neighborhoods. The Parkside's development and character was and is different than the rest of the greater Sunset District, but each time we lose one of these early buildings, the Parkside gets closer to a form of anonymity. When these handsome early homes are gone they're gone forever.

Despite the project architect claiming at the last hearing that there had been "not one objection" to the demolition of this historic house, a number of neighbors have worked with staff to try and stop its destruction since last July. As a last resort, we ask you to step in and save this building for the Parkside.

Sincerely,



Woody LaBounty



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020.



1420 Taraval Street, taken on January 1, 2020 (above), and in 1923 (far right in photo below).



REUBEN, JUNIUS & ROSE, LLP

Justin A. Zucker
jzucker@reubenlaw.com

March 13, 2020

Delivered Via Messenger and E-Mail (bos.legislation@sfgov.org)

President Norman Yee and Supervisors
San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
City Hall, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: 1420 Taraval Street, Block 2353, Lot 010
Opposition to Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization
Planning Department Case No.: 2018-011904CUA
BOS Hearing Date: March 24, 2020
BOS File No.: 200261
Our File No.: 11642.01

Dear President Yee and Supervisors:

Our office represents Peter Mandel the owner of the property at 1420 Taraval Street (the “Property”). Mr. Mandel proposes to demolish the existing 3-story, 2-bedroom, 2,176 square foot single-family home and construct a new 4-story, mixed-use building with three (3) family-sized, 3-bedroom dwelling units, 1,731 square feet of ground-floor commercial use, and 1,392 square feet of open space with no off-street parking (the “Project”).

The Conditional Use authorization was required pursuant to Planning Code Sections 303 and 317 for the demolition the existing dwelling to permit the construction of the new mixed-use building. On January 30, 2020, the Planning Commission approved the Project, granting Conditional Use authorization. The Sunset Parkside Education and Action Committee (“Appellant”) has appealed the Conditional Use authorization approval.

Because there are no valid grounds for the appeal and because this Project will: (1) replace an old single-family home with a neighborhood-compatible, mixed-use development with three (3) family-sized, 3-bedroom dwelling units; (2) provide sidewalk-activating commercial use; and (3) add streetscape improvements along the Taraval Street transit corridor, we respectfully request that the Board reject the appeal and uphold the Planning Commission’s unanimous approval and allow for the addition of much needed housing.

San Francisco Office
One Bush Street, Suite 600, San Francisco, CA 94104
tel: 415-567-9000 | fax: 415-399-9480

Oakland Office
827 Broadway, 2nd Floor, Oakland, CA 94607
tel: 510-527-5589

www.reubenlaw.com

A. PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND PROJECT SITE

The Property is improved with a 3-story, 2-bedroom, 2,176 square foot single-family home constructed in 1907. The existing single-family home has been determined to **not** be a historic resource and is classified as a Category C – No Historic Resource Present.¹

The Property is located in the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District along a transit corridor. The Property is located on north side of Taraval Street between 24th and 25th Avenue along the Muni L light rail. Surrounding uses include two- to four-story buildings, consisting of single-family homes, multi-family dwellings, commercial and mixed-use buildings. The block face is characterized by two- to three-story buildings of mixed architectural style.

Pursuant to Planning Code Section 317, Mr. Mandel sought and received Conditional Use authorization to demolish the existing 2,176 square foot, 2-bedroom single-family home and construct a 4-story mixed-use building with three (3) family-sized, 3-bedroom dwelling units, 1,731 square feet of ground-floor commercial use, and 1,392 square feet of open space.² The three (3) dwelling units range in size from 1,578 square feet to 1,632 square feet. The Project proposes no off-street parking. The Project includes three (3) Class 1 and two (2) Class 2 bicycle parking spaces. The Project makes public realm improvements, including adding one (1) tree to the streetscape.

Mr. Mandel has owned the Property for fifteen (15) years. Prior to his ownership, his father owned the Property for nearly two (2) decades. Mr. Mandel first lived at the property with some high school roommates, then got married and lived there with his wife. After the addition of a few children, the 2-bedroom home became no longer sufficient, and Mr. Mandel and his family moved out. He began renting the single-family home. Currently there are three (3) male tenants, none of which are of a protected class. Their single-family home lease expired at the end of last year and they are now month-to-month with an appreciation of the Project. Mr. Mandel and the tenants have reached an agreement. The tenants are voluntarily leaving upon extended notice three (3) to four (4) months out prior to construction starting.

Over the past two (2) years, Mr. Mandel has worked to refine and improve the Project, based on feedback from Planning Department staff and the Planning Commission. The Project's height has been reduced two- and one-half (2.5) feet at the request of the Planning Commission.³

B. CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS

When considering demolition of an existing dwelling, the Planning Commission shall approve the application and authorize Conditional Use if the facts presented establish the findings set forth in Planning Code Section 317(g)(5). Pursuant to Planning Code 303, the Planning

¹ November 27, 2019, CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination and September 20, 2019, Preservation Team Review Form (collectively "Cat.Ex.") attached as **Exhibit A**.

² January 30, 2020, Planning Commission Motion No. 20643 ("Motion No. 20643") attached as **Exhibit B**.

³ Motion No. 20643, p. 20.

Commission shall approve the application and authorize a Conditional Use if the facts presented establish the findings set forth in subsection (c).

The Planning Commission considered all of the criteria findings set forth in Planning Code Sections 303(c) and 317(g)(5).⁴ The Project meets and is consistent with the Conditional Use criteria set forth in Planning Code Section 303(c) and 317(g)(5). The Commission found that the Project is consistent with all applicable Planning Code requirements. When balancing the competing public interests of housing versus preservation of a building found to **not** be a historic resource, the Commission found in favor of adding housing, especially family-sized units.

Under the Conditional Use authorization for this Project, the Commission was required to find that the proposed Project was necessary and/or desirable and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and community, considering the proposed size and intensity; health, safety, and convenience factors; the nature of the proposed site, including the project size, shape and arrangement; accessibility, traffic, and adequacy of off-street parking and loading; and any relevant design guidelines, area plans, or elements of the General Plan. Based on the evidence presented, the Commission concluded that the Project is both necessary and desirable, and compatible with the neighborhood in that it will create a new mixed-used infill development within the Parkside neighborhood at a scale that appropriately preserves the diversity and vitality of the neighborhood. The Project is necessary and/or desirable for this neighborhood and the surrounding community because it will provide new opportunities for housing and ground-floor commercial use along a transit corridor. The Commission made appropriate findings in support of this determination.⁵

C. APPELLANT’S ARGUMENTS REGARDING CONDITIONAL USE APPROVAL

The Appellant sets forth six (6) arguments to support its appeal of the Conditional Use authorization approval. The discussion below addresses each of the Appellant’s six (6) arguments made in support of its appeal.

1. Project Inconsistency with General Plan and Priority Policies

Appellant’s Concern: “Not consistent with the San Francisco General Plan Housing Element and SF Planning Code.”

Mr. Mandel’s Response: At the January 30 hearing, the Planning Commission fully considered the merits of the Project, the objectives and policies of the General Plan, and the concerns of project opponents, including testimony by Appellant. Contrary to the Appellant’s argument, the Project is **not** inconsistent with the Section 101.1(b) Priority Policies. The Commission found the “Project complies with all relevant requirements and standards of the Planning Code and is consistent with objectives and policies of the General Plan.”⁶ Policy

⁴ Motion No. 20643, p. 5-10.

⁵ Motion No. 20643, p. 5-7.

⁶ Motion No. 20643, p. 7.

consistency determinations are made by the City's decision-making bodies, including the Planning Commission as part of the decision to approve or reject a project. In its approval of the Project's Conditional Use Authorization, the Planning Commission determined that the Project, on balance, is generally consistent with the objectives and policies of the General Plan and the Code's Priority Policies.⁷ The Appellant's claims are baseless and this appeal should be dismissed.

2. Decreases Naturally Affordable Housing

Appellant's Concern: "Decreases 'naturally affordable' housing in the Parkside district."

Mr. Mandel's Response: The Project calls for the net addition of two (2) new family-sized units. The Planning Commission found that the "existing single-family dwelling is not designated as affordable housing."⁸ Though older homes are generally more affordable due to age, the Project calls for the construction of three (3) family-sized dwellings ranging in size from 1,578 square feet to 1,632 square feet. The new dwellings are modestly sized 3-bedroom units and naturally affordable by design.

The Project adds much needed housing in the Parkside neighborhood along a transit corridor, where relatively few units of new housing have been built. The Project's location on the Muni L light rail line transit corridor furthers the Planning Department's goals set forth in its March 2020 Housing Affordability Strategies report.⁹ The Commission's approval of the Project's Conditional Use authorization should be affirmed.

3. Displaces Tenants

Appellant's Concern: "Displaces a minimum of 3 current tenants paying naturally affordable rent."

Mr. Mandel's Response: Though the existing single-family home is used as a rental property, the current lease expires prior to the start of construction.¹⁰ Currently there are three (3) male tenants, none of which are of a protected class. Their lease expired at the end of last year, and they are now month-to-month with an appreciation of the Project. Mr. Mandel and the tenants have reached an agreement in which the tenants are voluntarily leaving upon extended notice three (3) to four (4) months out prior to construction starting. Having balanced the facts and circumstances, the Planning Commission found the Project necessary and desirable for the Parkside neighborhood.

⁷ Motion No. 20643, p 10-16

⁸ Motion No. 20643, p. 15.

⁹ March 2020, San Francisco Housing Affordability Strategies attached as **Exhibit C**.

¹⁰ Motion No. 20643, p. 2.

4. Existing Home a Historic Resource and Project Incompatible with Neighborhood

Appellant's Concern: "Destroys a rare historical resource and negatively impacts the look, feel and character of the Parkside district."

Mr. Mandel's Response: The Planning Department has determined that the existing home is **not** a historic resource and the Planning Commission found the Project consistent with the neighborhood.

i. The Existing Home is not a Historic Resource – It is Category C

The existing home has been determined to **not** be historic and is classified as a Category C – No Historic Resource Present.¹¹ Extensive alterations have been made to the existing home, including front addition, replacement of shingle roofing with composite roofing, window replacement, reconstruction of front steps, and remodel of the front porch. With the addition of the commercial structure at the front of the Property, it appears that much of the original wood shingle at the first story was removed to accommodate the addition of the commercial structure and the new terrazzo front steps. In evaluating the existing home, the Planning Department Preservation Team found:

Though the property appears to be significant under Criterion 1 and Criterion 3, *the department has determined that much of the historic fabric original to the building's significance (1909) has been altered significantly or removed entirely such that it no longer retains sufficient integrity.* These changes include the front addition of commercial space (1946), replacement of shingle roofing with composite roofing (1928), window replacement (date unknown), reconstruction and reconfiguration of front steps (post-1950), and remodel of front porch (post-1950) . . . *Therefore, the property is not considered a historic resource* for the purpose of CEQA.¹² (emphasis added)

In addition, Tim Kelly Consulting "determined that 1420 Taraval Street is not eligible for individual listing in the California Register and is not located within a potential historic district."¹³ Based on the Planning Department's determination, as well as Tim Kelly Consulting, LLC's, the existing home is not a historic resource. It has lost its integrity and need not be preserved.

¹¹ Cat.Ex., p. 4.

¹² Cat.Ex., p. 8.

¹³ November 2017, Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 1420 Taraval Street attached as **Exhibit D**.

ii. The Planning Commission Found the Project Consistent with the Neighborhood

The Planning Commission found the construction of three (3) new family-sized dwelling units is necessary, desirable, and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and the larger City.¹⁴ The siting of the new building will be in conformity with the requirements of the Planning Code and consistent with the objectives of the Residential Design Guidelines. The overall scale, design, and materials of the proposed building is consistent with the block face and compliment the neighborhood character with a contemporary design. The proposed residential development is characteristic of other existing residential uses along Taraval Street and in the surrounding neighborhood. The inclusion of ground-floor commercial space is consistent with the purposes of the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District, protects the rear yard at residential levels, and is consistent with the Planning Code for mixed-use buildings in the Taraval Street NCD.¹⁵ In addition, the Commission found that the Project's rear setbacks "help to sculpt the building to minimize impacts and remain compatible with the neighborhood's two- to four-story buildings."¹⁶ The Project is not incompatible with the neighborhood.

5. Negative Environmental Impact

Appellant's Concern: "Demolition of the existing structure has a negative environmental impact . . . hauling all of the debris to the dump is bad for climate change among many other environmental impacts."

Mr. Mandel's Response: The existing home was constructed in 1907 and is not energy efficient. The Project calls for the construction of a new mixed-use building built to today's code standards, including Title 24's Building Energy Efficiency Standards and the Green Building Code. Complying with today's building standards, the Project will result in the net addition of two (2) new dwelling units that are significantly more energy efficient than the existing 2-bedroom single-family home. In addition, the Project will comply with the Construction Dust Control Ordinance (Ordinance 176-08), reducing the quantity of dust generated and protecting the health of the general public and of on-site workers. The Planning Commission found that the Project is not expected to generate dust or odor impacts.¹⁷

6. Covering Adjacent Building's Property Line Windows

Appellant's Concern: "Proposed project would cover up side windows of occupant apartments of small apartment building next door."

Mr. Mandel's Response: Property line windows and private views are not protected under Planning and Building Codes. The Project is within the minimum standards of the Residential

¹⁴ Motion No. 20643, p. 6.

¹⁵ Motion No. 20643, p. 7.

¹⁶ Motion No. 20643, p. 6.

¹⁷ Motion No. 20643, p. 6-7.

Design Guidelines to be expected when a reasonable building expansion is proposed. The proximity of the Project to the adjacent building is also within the reasonable tolerances to be expected when living in a dense urban environment such as San Francisco. The property line windows that will be affected by the Project are not the only windows to the adjacent impacted units, as the units on each floor also contain windows that face onto the street, the rear yard and/or a large existing lightwell that the Project matches; these windows will continue to provide considerable light and air access to the adjacent units.

D. CONCLUSION

The Planning Commission correctly granted Conditional Use authorization for the Project. The findings and facts support the determination. The creation of three (3) family-sized 3-bedroom dwelling units will add two (2) net new units to the City's housing stock along a transit corridor. The Project's ground-floor commercial use adds neighborhood-serving uses in the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District, activating the streetscape. Overall, the Project meets a range of the General Plan policies and goals and the Priority Policies under Planning Code Section 101.1(b).

An increase in the housing stock has been a longstanding priority policy of the City and the State. The Commission properly balanced the competing interests of housing versus preservation of a building found to not be an historic resource. Based on the above, and on the thorough and extensive record before you, we respectfully request that you deny the appeal and uphold the Planning Commission's unanimous decision approving Conditional Use authorization for the Project. Thank you for your careful consideration of this Project.

Very truly yours,

REUBEN, JUNIUS & ROSE, LLP



Justin A. Zucker

Enclosures:

- Exhibit A – November 27, 2019, CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination and September 20, 2019, Preservation Team Review Form
- Exhibit B – January 30, 2020, Planning Commission Motion No. 20643
- Exhibit C – March 2020, San Francisco Housing Affordability Strategies
- Exhibit D – November 2017, Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 1420 Taraval Street

cc: Supervisor Sandra Lee Fewer
Supervisor Catherine Stefani
Supervisor Aaron Peskin

Supervisor Gordon Mar

Supervisor Dean Preston

Supervisor Matt Haney

Supervisor Rafael Mandelman

Supervisor Hillary Ronen

Supervisor Shamann Walton

Supervisor Ahsha Safai

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

Linda Ajello-Hogland, Senior Planner

Stephanie Cisneros, Senior Planner, Preservation Tech Specialist

EXHIBIT A



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

CEQA Categorical Exemption Determination

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address		Block/Lot(s)
1420 TARAVAL ST		2353010
Case No.		Permit No.
2018-011904ENV		201808086753
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Addition/ Alteration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Demolition (requires HRE for Category B Building)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction
Project description for Planning Department approval. Demolition of existing single-family residence and construction of a new four-story mixed-use building with 3 residential units and 1,731 square feet of ground-level commercial use. The proposed building would be approximately 6,219 square feet in size and approximately 45 feet in height.		

STEP 1: EXEMPTION CLASS

The project has been determined to be categorically exempt under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Class 1 - Existing Facilities. Interior and exterior alterations; additions under 10,000 sq. ft.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Class 3 - New Construction. Up to three new single-family residences or six dwelling units in one building; commercial/office structures; utility extensions; change of use under 10,000 sq. ft. if principally permitted or with a CU.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Class 32 - In-Fill Development. New Construction of seven or more units or additions greater than 10,000 sq. ft. and meets the conditions described below: (a) The project is consistent with the applicable general plan designation and all applicable general plan policies as well as with applicable zoning designation and regulations. (b) The proposed development occurs within city limits on a project site of no more than 5 acres substantially surrounded by urban uses. (c) The project site has no value as habitat for endangered rare or threatened species. (d) Approval of the project would not result in any significant effects relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or water quality. (e) The site can be adequately served by all required utilities and public services. FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING USE ONLY
<input type="checkbox"/>	Class ____

STEP 2: CEQA IMPACTS

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

<input type="checkbox"/>	Air Quality: Would the project add new sensitive receptors (specifically, schools, day care facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities within an Air Pollution Exposure Zone? Does the project have the potential to emit substantial pollutant concentrations (e.g., backup diesel generators, heavy industry, diesel trucks, etc.)? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Air Pollution Exposure Zone)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hazardous Materials: If the project site is located on the Maher map or is suspected of containing hazardous materials (based on a previous use such as gas station, auto repair, dry cleaners, or heavy manufacturing, or a site with underground storage tanks): Would the project involve 50 cubic yards or more of soil disturbance - or a change of use from industrial to residential? <i>if the applicant presents documentation of enrollment in the San Francisco Department of Public Health (DPH) Maher program, a DPH waiver from the Maher program, or other documentation from Environmental Planning staff that hazardous material effects would be less than significant (refer to EP_ArcMap > Maher layer).</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Transportation: Does the project involve a child care facility or school with 30 or more students, or a location 1,500 sq. ft. or greater? Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety (hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Archeological Resources: Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non -archeological sensitive area? If yes, archeo review is required (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Archeological Sensitive Area)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or lot line adjustment on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography). If yes, Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Slope = or > 25%: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Topography) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Seismic: Landslide Zone: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Seismic: Liquefaction Zone: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) square footage expansion greater than 500 sq. ft. outside of the existing building footprint, (2) excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of soil, (3) new construction? (refer to EP_ArcMap > CEQA Catex Determination Layers > Seismic Hazard Zones) If box is checked, a geotechnical report will likely be required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
Comments and Planner Signature (optional): Don Lewis Prevision Design conducted a shadow analysis (dated November 25, 2019) and determined that the project would not result in new shadow on McCoppin Square.	

STEP 3: PROPERTY STATUS - HISTORIC RESOURCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

PROPERTY IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (refer to Property Information Map)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Category A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Category B: Potential Historical Resource (over 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 4.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Category C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 6.

STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

Check all that apply to the project.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.
<input type="checkbox"/>	2. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.
<input type="checkbox"/>	3. Window replacement that meets the Department's <i>Window Replacement Standards</i> . Does not include storefront window alterations.
<input type="checkbox"/>	4. Garage work. A new opening that meets the <i>Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts</i> , and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.
<input type="checkbox"/>	5. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
<input type="checkbox"/>	6. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
<input type="checkbox"/>	7. Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .
<input type="checkbox"/>	8. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.
Note: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6.

STEP 5: CEQA IMPACTS - ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

Check all that apply to the project.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4.
<input type="checkbox"/>	2. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces.
<input type="checkbox"/>	3. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character.
<input type="checkbox"/>	4. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
<input type="checkbox"/>	5. Raising the building in a manner that does not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.
<input type="checkbox"/>	6. Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.

<input type="checkbox"/>	7. Addition(s) , including mechanical equipment that are minimally visible from a public right-of-way and meet the <i>Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation</i> .
<input type="checkbox"/>	8. Other work consistent with the <i>Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties</i> (specify or add comments):
<input type="checkbox"/>	9. Other work that would not materially impair a historic district (specify or add comments): (Requires approval by Senior Preservation Planner/Preservation Coordinator)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10. Reclassification of property status. (Requires approval by Senior Preservation Planner/Preservation <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Reclassify to Category A a. Per HRER or PTR dated b. Other (specify): Per PTR form signed on 6/6/2019; revised on 9/23/2019 </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reclassify to Category C (attach HRER or PTR) </div> </div>
Note: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST sign below.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project can proceed with categorical exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with categorical exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.
Comments (optional):	
Preservation Planner Signature: Melanie Bishop	

STEP 6: CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION DETERMINATION
TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No further environmental review is required. The project is categorically exempt under CEQA. There are no unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.	
	Project Approval Action: Building Permit	Signature: Don Lewis
	If Discretionary Review before the Planning Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the project.	11/27/2019
Once signed or stamped and dated, this document constitutes a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code. In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of an exemption determination can only be filed within 30 days of the project receiving the approval action. Please note that other approval actions may be required for the project. Please contact the assigned planner for these approvals.		

STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address (If different than front page)		Block/Lot(s) (If different than front page)
1420 TARAVAL ST		2353/010
Case No.	Previous Building Permit No.	New Building Permit No.
2018-011904PRJ	201808086753	
Plans Dated	Previous Approval Action	New Approval Action
	Building Permit	
Modified Project Description:		

DETERMINATION IF PROJECT CONSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFICATION

Compared to the approved project, would the modified project:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;
<input type="checkbox"/>	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;
<input type="checkbox"/>	Result in demolition as defined under Planning Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Is any information being presented that was not known and could not have been known at the time of the original determination, that shows the originally approved project may no longer qualify for the exemption?
If at least one of the above boxes is checked, further environmental review is required.	

DETERMINATION OF NO SUBSTANTIAL MODIFICATION

<input type="checkbox"/>	The proposed modification would not result in any of the above changes.
If this box is checked, the proposed modifications are categorically exempt under CEQA, in accordance with prior project approval and no additional environmental review is required. This determination shall be posted on the Planning Department website and office and mailed to the applicant, City approving entities, and anyone requesting written notice. In accordance with Chapter 31, Sec 31.08j of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of this determination can be filed within 10 days of posting of this determination.	
Planner Name:	Date:



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW FORM

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Preservation Team Meeting Date:		Date of Form Completion	9/20/2019
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PROJECT INFORMATION:		
Planner:	Address:	
Stephanie Cisneros/Melanie Bishop	1420 Taraval Street	
Block/Lot:	Cross Streets:	
2353/010	Taraval & 24th	
CEQA Category:	Art. 10/11:	BPA/Case No.:
B	N/A	2018-011904ENV

PURPOSE OF REVIEW:			PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> CEQA	<input type="radio"/> Article 10/11	<input type="radio"/> Preliminary/PIC	<input type="radio"/> Alteration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Demo/New Construction

DATE OF PLANS UNDER REVIEW:	N/A
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PROJECT ISSUES:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the subject Property an eligible historic resource?
<input type="checkbox"/>	If so, are the proposed changes a significant impact?
Additional Notes:	
Submitted: Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017).	

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW:	
Category:	<input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C
Individual	Historic District/Context
Property is individually eligible for inclusion in a California Register under one or more of the following Criteria:	Property is in an eligible California Register Historic District/Context under one or more of the following Criteria:
Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 1 - Event: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 2 -Persons: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 3 - Architecture: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Criterion 4 - Info. Potential: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>	Period of Significance: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="radio"/> Contributor <input type="radio"/> Non-Contributor

Complies with the Secretary's Standards/Art 10/Art 11:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input checked="" type="radio"/> N/A
CEQA Material Impairment to the individual historic resource:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
CEQA Material Impairment to the historic district:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Requires Design Revisions:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Defer to Residential Design Team:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	

PRESERVATION TEAM COMMENTS:

According to the Historic Resource Evaluation Part 1 prepared by Tim Kelley Consulting, LLC (November 2017) and information found in the Planning Department files, the subject property at 1420 Taraval Street contains a three-story over raised basement, single-family residence. According to the original construction permit, the building was constructed in 1909 (Permit #24242) by Hugh Keenan. Extensive alterations have been made to the subject property including the front addition (1946), replacement of shingle roofing with composite roofing (1928), window replacement, reconstruction of front steps, and remodel of front porch. It is likely the latter changes were completed without a permit, as no permit records have been found to confirm the date of these alterations. With the addition of the commercial structure at the front of the property, it appears that much of the original wood shingle at the first story was removed to accommodate the addition of the commercial structure and the new terrazzo front steps. The first story appears to have been re-clad as it differs in pattern and size to the shingle at the second story. The front addition does not appear on the 1950 Sanborn Map of the subject block but does appear on the 1990s Sanborn Map. However, no city directory listings or newspaper articles were found to confirm that there was an existing commercial use at the subject property.

The subject property is located within the Parkside neighborhood on a block that includes residences constructed between 1909-1968. The initial residential development of Parkside occurred in early 1908 between 26th & Ulloa and 32nd & Vicente in the form of "Parkside Cottages"; typically, one-story six-room structures with a variety of facade styles available (Source: San Francisco's Parkside District Context Statement). An informal survey conducted in August 2007 as part of the Parkside Context Statement found that 60 of the original 62 cottages remain and are now surrounded by single family homes constructed in the more typical Sunset row house style of the 1920's and 1930's. These properties have not been officially evaluated by the department.

A historical photo from 1914 included in the Historic Resource Evaluation Part I shows the block originally contained six properties built by Keenan that were similar in massing and style to 1420 Taraval. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two properties remaining. The subject block was primarily residential and largely undeveloped aside from the six properties constructed by Keenan until approximately 1938. The 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph of the subject block shows an increase in development with several larger scale properties constructed around the subject building. Though Sanborn Maps and the 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph show an increase in development on the subject block in the 1940's and 1950's, further research was unable to confirm that

Signature of a Senior Preservation Planner / Preservation Coordinator:	Date:
Allison K. Vanderslice Digitally signed by Allison K. Vanderslice Date: 2019.09.20 16:10:33 -07'00'	

commercial use ever existed at the site. Many properties like this exist along Taraval but have not been in use commercially in recent years.

Hugh Keenan worked as a builder with architect Robert Dickie Cranston to construct homes primarily in the Haight Ashbury neighborhood during the 1890's. Notable examples of their work include 710 Ashbury and 459 Ashbury. The partnership lasted briefly, with Keenan branching out as the sole proprietor of a construction company, working primarily in the Parkside. Though it is not known exactly when the partnership between Cranston and Keenan dissolved, Hugh Keenan Construction Company appears in newspaper articles and city directories after 1900. Hugh Keenan was on the board of directors of the Parkside Realty Company and his construction company was responsible for the construction of several streets and block grading in Parkside.¹ In an effort to develop the area and attract residents, the Parkside Realty Company also formed a sister agency, the Parkside Transit Company, a private corporation that assisted in bringing public transit to the area and therefore, more prospective residents.

The subject property appears to be significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early wave of residential development of the Parkside and under Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside. The subject property was constructed as part of this initial wave of development and reflects the early development of the subject block of Taraval.

Since the subject property is relatively restrained, lacking ornamentation and architectural detail, the alterations and removal of historic fabric have a more significant impact on its integrity including the integrity of design, workmanship, materials, and feeling. The historic integrity of the subject property at 1420 Taraval is tied to the physical features of the property that were present during the period of time associated with its significance (1909). Though the property appears to be significant under Criterion 1 and Criterion 3, the department has determined that much of the historic fabric original to the building's significance (1909) has been altered significantly or removed entirely such that it no longer retains sufficient integrity. These changes include the front addition of commercial space (1946), replacement of shingle roofing with composite roofing (1928), window replacement (date unknown), reconstruction and reconfiguration of front steps (post-1950), and remodel of front porch (post-1950).

Additionally, the property at 1409 Taraval appears to be a more intact representative example of early single-family residential architecture from the early period of development in Parkside and is significant under Criterion 1 as part of the early residential development of Parkside and Criterion 3 as a rare example of early twentieth century residential architecture in the Parkside.

The subject property is not located adjacent to any known historic resources (Category A properties) or within the boundaries of any identified historic district. The subject property is on a block that lacks cohesion as it contains development in variety of styles from range of development periods and includes a combination of residential and commercial development. While there are a number of First Bay style residences in the Parkside, and such concentrations could be identified as an historic district, this property is not located in one of those concentrations.

Therefore, the property is not considered a historic resource for the purposes of CEQA.

¹ "Syndicate With Capital of Million Behind Project," *San Francisco Chronicle*, July 29, 1905.



1420 Taraval Street (Source: Google Maps)

EXHIBIT B



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Planning Commission Motion No. 20643

HEARING DATE: JANUARY 30, 2020

1650 Mission St.
Suite 400
San Francisco,
CA 94103-2479

Reception:
415.558.6378

Fax:
415.558.6409

Planning
Information:
415.558.6377

Record No.: 2018-011904CUA
Project Address: 1420 TARAVAL STREET
Zoning: Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) Zoning District
65-A Height and Bulk District
Taraval Street Restaurant Subdistrict
Block/Lot: 2353/010
Project Sponsor: William Pashelinsky
1937 Hayes Street
San Francisco, CA 94117
Property Owner: Peter Mandel
San Francisco, CA 94127
Staff Contact: Linda Ajello Hoagland, AICP – (415) 575-6823
linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org

ADOPTING FINDINGS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF A CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO PLANNING CODE SECTIONS 303 AND 317, TO DEMOLISH A 2,176 SQUARE FOOT, THREE-STORY SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE, AND CONSTRUCT A NEW, APPROXIMATELY 6,219 SQUARE FOOT, FOUR-STORY, 45-FOOT TALL, MIXED-USE BUILDING WITH THREE DWELLING UNITS AND APPROXIMATELY 1,731 SQUARE FEET OF GROUND FLOOR COMMERCIAL WITHIN THE TARAVAL STREET NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL (NCD) ZONING DISTRICT AND A 65-A HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICT, AND ADOPTING FINDINGS UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT.

PREAMBLE

On August 30, 2018, William Pashelinsky (hereinafter "Project Sponsor") filed Application No. 2018-011904CUA (hereinafter "Application") with the Planning Department (hereinafter "Department") for a Conditional Use Authorization to demolish an existing 3-story single family dwelling and construct a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed-use building with 3 dwelling units and 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use (hereinafter "Project") at 1420 Taraval Street, Block 2353 Lot 010 (hereinafter "Project Site").

The Project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") as a Class 1 and Class 3 categorical exemption.

On December 12, 2019, the San Francisco Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Conditional Use Authorization Application No. 2018-011904CUA. At the public hearing, the Planning Commission continued the Project to the public hearing on January 30, 2020.

www.sfplanning.org

The Planning Department Commission Secretary is the Custodian of Records; the File for Record No. 2018-011904CUA is located at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, California.

The Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of the applicant, Department staff, and other interested parties.

MOVED, that the Commission hereby authorizes the Conditional Use Authorization as requested in Application No. 2018-011904CUA, subject to the conditions contained in "EXHIBIT A" of this motion, based on the following findings:

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

1. The above recitals are accurate and constitute findings of this Commission.
2. **Project Description.** The Project includes the demolition of an existing 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home and construction of a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed use building (approximately 6,219 square feet) with 3 dwelling units, approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use, 1,392 square feet of open space through a combination of private and common opens space, including a roof deck, and 3 Class 1 bicycle parking spaces. No off-street parking is proposed. The Project includes a dwelling-unit mix consisting of 3 (approximately 1,600 square foot each), three-bedroom and 2 bath units.
3. **Site Description and Present Use.** The Project is located on the north side of Taraval Street, between 24th and 25th Avenues; Lot 010 in Assessor's Block 2353 within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) Zoning District with a 65-A Height and Bulk District. The site is an approximately 2,500 square foot uphill sloping lot with 25 feet of frontage and a depth of 100 feet. The project site has an existing approximately 2,176 square foot, three-story, single-family home constructed circa 1900. The structure is currently used as a rental property with the current lease expiring prior to the start of construction. There is no off-street parking for the property.
4. **Surrounding Properties and Neighborhood.** The subject property is located in the Parkside neighborhood. Parcels within the immediate vicinity consist of two- to three-story single- and multi-family dwellings, single- and two-story commercial buildings and two- to four-story mixed-use buildings of varied design and construction dates. The block-face is characterized by two- to three-story buildings of mixed architectural style. The adjacent properties to the east and west are improved with a two-story commercial building and a three-story multi-family dwelling constructed in 1968 and 1936, respectively, and a three-story multi-family dwelling to the north, constructed in 1927. The surrounding properties are located in the Taraval Street NCD, RH-1

(Residential-House, One-Family), and RM-1 (Residential-Mixed, Low Density) Zoning Districts. The subject property is also within .25-miles of stops for the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines.

5. **Public Outreach and Comments.** To date, the Department has received three comments expressing opposition to the demolition of the existing 1907 building due to its historical value in the neighborhood.
6. **Planning Code Compliance.** The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the relevant provisions of the Planning Code in the following manner:

- A. **Permitted Uses in Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.** Planning Code Section 733 states that residential and commercial uses are permitted within the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.

The Project would construct a four-story, mixed-use building with three dwelling units with ground floor commercial and, therefore complies with Planning Code Section 733.

- B. **Residential Demolition – Section 317.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 317, Conditional Use Authorization is required for applications proposing to demolish a residential unit in any Zoning District. The Code establishes criteria that the Planning Commission shall consider in the review of applications for residential demolition.

As the Project requires Conditional Use Authorization per the requirements of Section 317, the additional criteria specified under Section 317 have been incorporated as findings as part of this Motion (See Below).

- C. **Rear Yard.** Planning Code Section 134 requires a minimum rear yard equal to 25 percent of the total lot depth of the lot to be provided at the second story and at each succeeding level or story of the building, and at the first story if it contains a dwelling unit.

The Project site is 100 feet deep and provides a 25-foot rear yard at the second level (first residential level) and would comply with Planning Code Section 134.

- D. **Usable Open Space.** Planning Code Sections 135 and 733 require 100 square feet of usable open space per unit if private, or 133 square feet if common.

The Project provides approximately 558 square feet of private open space for unit one within the rear yard area and two, approximately 380 square foot, private roof decks for units two and three. The private open space areas for all units exceeds the 100 square feet required; therefore, the Project provides code-complying open space for all dwelling units.

- E. **Bird Safety.** Planning Code Section 139 outlines the standards for bird-safe buildings, including the requirements for location-related and feature-related hazards.

The subject lot is located within 300 feet of a possible Urban Bird Refuge as defined in Section 139, and the Project meets the requirements for feature-related hazards.

- F. **Dwelling Unit Exposure.** Planning Code Section 140 requires that at least one room of all dwelling units face onto a public street, rear yard or other open area that meets minimum requirements for area and horizontal dimensions. To meet exposure requirements, a public street, public alley, side yard or rear yard must be at least 25 feet in width.

The Project organizes the dwelling units to have exposure on Taraval Street or the code-complying rear yard; therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Section 140.

- G. **Shadow.** Planning Code Sections 147 and 295 restricts net new shadow, cast by structures exceeding a height of 40 feet, upon property under the jurisdiction of the Recreation and Park Commission. Any project in excess of 40 feet in height and found to cast net new shadow must be found by the Planning Commission, with comment from the General Manager of the Recreation and Parks Department, in consultation with the Recreation and Park Commission, to have no adverse impact upon the property under the jurisdiction of the Recreation and Park Commission.

A shadow analysis was prepared for the project determined that the proposed project would not cast shadows on any parks or open spaces at any time during the year.

- H. **Off-Street Parking.** Planning Code Section 151.1 does not require off-street parking for residential and non-residential uses and allows for a maximum of 1.5 parking spaces for each dwelling unit and a maximum of 1.5 per 500 square feet of occupied floor area, up to 20,000 where the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet for retail sales and service uses.

The Project does not provide any off-street parking space and, therefore complies with Planning Code Section 151.1.

- I. **Bicycle Parking.** Planning Code Section 155.2 requires at least one Class 1 bicycle parking space for each dwelling unit and one Class 2 space for every 20 dwelling units. Additional bicycle parking requirements apply based on classification of non-residential uses, at least two Class 2 spaces are required for retail sales and service uses.

The Project includes three dwelling units; therefore, the Project is required to provide three Class 1 bicycle parking spaces for residential uses and two Class 2 bicycle parking spaces for the non-residential uses. The Project will provide three Class 1 bicycle parking spaces and two Class 2 bicycle parking spaces. Therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Section 155.2

- J. **Height and Bulk.** Planning Code Sections 260 and 270 outlines the height and bulk districts within the City and County of San Francisco. Planning Code Section 270 defines the base of the building as the lowest portion of the building extending vertically to a streetwall height up to 1.25 times the width of the widest abutting street or 50 feet, whichever is more. There are no length or diagonal dimension limitations applicable to the base. The Project is located in a 65-A Height and Bulk District. Therefore, the proposed development is permitted up to a height of 65 feet and a 110-foot maximum length and 125-foot maximum diagonal for a height above 40 feet.

The Project proposes a building that will be approximately 45 feet tall, which is below the 65-foot height limit. Taraval Street is 80 feet in width, so the Project base would be considered 100 feet (80x1.25). Planning Code Section 270 states that there are no length or diagonal dimension limits applicable to the base and, therefore complies with the Planning Code and the Height and Bulk District.

- K. **Rear Yard Requirement.** Planning Code Section 134 requires a minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 45 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, except to the extent that a reduction in this requirement is permitted by averaging of the adjacent rear building walls. When averaging, the minimum rear yard allowed is 25%, but in no case less than 15 feet, and shall be provided at the ground level. Permitted projections into the rear yard are also permitted per Planning Code Section 136, such as a two-story addition projecting up to 12 feet into the rear yard with 5-foot side setbacks on each side for the length of the projection.

The subject property is 100 feet deep; and the average rear yard depth of the adjacent neighbors is 37 feet, 3 inches; therefore, the rear yard requirement is 37 feet, 3 inches. The Project, which includes a permitted single-story, 9-foot, 1-inch projection, complies with the rear yard requirements

- L. **Child Care Requirements for Residential Projects.** Planning Code Section 414A requires that any residential development project that results in additional space in an existing residential unit of more than 800 gross square feet shall comply with the imposition of the Residential Child Care Impact Fee requirement.

The Project proposes new construction of a building that results in two net new dwelling units. Therefore, the Project is subject to the Residential Child Care Impact Fee and must comply with the requirements outlined in Planning Code Section 414A

7. **Conditional Use Findings.** Planning Code Section 303 establishes criteria for the Planning Commission to consider when reviewing applications for Conditional Use authorization. On balance, the project complies with said criteria in that:

- A. The proposed new uses and building, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.

The use and size of the proposed project is compatible with the surrounding neighborhood. The proposal would demolish an existing, 2,176 square foot, single-family dwelling. The new building will contain approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial and three 3-bedroom dwelling units ranging in size from approximately 1,578 square feet to 1,672 square feet. The siting of the new building will be in conformity with the requirements of the Planning Code and consistent with the objectives of the Residential Design Guidelines. Overall, the construction of three new dwelling units is necessary and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and the larger City.

- B. The proposed project will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity. There are no features of the project that could be detrimental to the health, safety or convenience of those residing or working in the area, in that:

- (1) Nature of proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;

The Project includes a four-story massing along the street, which is appropriate given the context of the surrounding neighborhood. The proposed building provides rear setbacks, all which help to sculpt the building to minimize impacts and remain compatible with the neighborhood's two- to-four-story buildings.

- (2) The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;

The Project would not adversely affect public transit in the neighborhood. The Project site is located close to several MUNI bus lines, including the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines. The Project provides no off-street parking, which supports the City's transit first policies. Provision of bicycle storage areas along with the close proximity to mass transit is anticipated to encourage residents, employees and visitors to use alternate modes of transportation.

- (3) The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;

The Project will comply with Title 24 standards for noise insulation. The Project will also be subject to the standard conditions of approval for lighting and construction noise. Construction noise impacts would be less than significant because all construction activities would be conducted in compliance with the San Francisco Noise Ordinance (Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code, as amended May 2014). The SF Board of Supervisors approved the Construction Dust Control Ordinance (Ordinance 176-08, effective July 30, 2008) with the intent of reducing the quantity of dust generated during site preparation,

demolition and construction work in order to protect the health of the general public and of on-site workers, minimize public nuisance complaints, and to avoid orders to stop work by the Department of Building Inspection. Therefore, the Project would be required to follow specified practices to control construction dust and to comply with this ordinance. Overall, the Project is not expected to generate dust or odor impacts.

- (4) Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs;

The Project will provide the required number of street trees and bicycle parking along the public-rights-of-way.

- C. That the use as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of the Planning Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan.

The Project complies with all relevant requirements and standards of the Planning Code and is consistent with objectives and policies of the General Plan as detailed below.

- D. That the use as proposed would provide development that is in conformity with the purpose of the applicable Neighborhood Commercial District.

The proposed Project is consistent with the stated purposed of the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NCD) in that the commercial use is located at the ground floor, protects the rear yard at residential levels and is consistent with the Planning Code for mixed-use buildings in the Taraval Street NCD.

8. **Additional Findings pursuant to Section 317** establishes criteria for the Planning Commission to consider when reviewing applications for Residential Demolition. On balance, the Project does comply with said criteria in that:

- i. Whether the property is free of a history of serious, continuing Code violations;

A review of the Department of Building Inspection and the Planning Department databases showed no open enforcement cases or notices of violation for the subject property.

- ii. Whether the housing has been maintained in a decent, safe, and sanitary condition;

The existing dwelling is currently used as a rental and does not have any past code-violations.

- iii. Whether the property is an "historical resource" under CEQA;

Although the existing structure is more than 50 years old, a review of the supplemental information resulted in a determination that the structure is not a historical resource.

- iv. Whether the removal of the resource will have a substantial adverse impact under CEQA;

Not Applicable. The existing structure is not a historic resource.

- v. Whether the project converts rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy;

The Project does not convert rental housing to other forms of tenure or occupancy, as the existing building is a single-family residence and is used as such.

- vi. Whether the project removes rental units subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance or affordable housing;

The existing single-family dwelling is used as a rental property. Although the single-family dwelling is technically subject to the Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance because it is a residential building constructed before 1979, the Planning Department cannot definitively determine which aspects of the Ordinance are applicable. The Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance includes provisions for eviction controls, price controls, and other controls, and it is the purview of the Rent Board to determine which specific controls apply to a building or property. The Rent Board has confirmed that there are no database records, or any documentation indicating an eviction neither history nor eviction notices filed at the Rent Board for 1420 Taraval Street.

- vii. Whether the project conserves existing housing to preserve cultural and economic neighborhood diversity;

Although the Project proposes the demolition of an existing dwelling, the new construction will result in two additional dwelling units.

- viii. Whether the project conserves neighborhood character to preserve neighborhood cultural and economic diversity;

The Project conserves neighborhood character with appropriate scale, design, and materials, and improves cultural and economic diversity by constructing a mixed-use building with ground floor commercial and three dwelling units that are consistent with the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District. The proposed mixed-use development is characteristic of other existing residential buildings located along Taraval Street; two net new dwelling units would be added to the City's Housing Stock.

- ix. Whether the project protects the relative affordability of existing housing;

The Project removes an older dwelling unit, which is generally considered more affordable than a more recently constructed unit; however, the project will add two family-sized dwelling units to the City's Housing Stock.

- x. Whether the project increases the number of permanently affordable units as governed by Section 415;

The Project is not subject to the provisions of Planning Code Section 415, as the Project proposes less than ten units.

- xi. Whether the project locates in-fill housing on appropriate sites in established neighborhoods;

The Project proposes in-fill housing with a total of three dwelling units which is consistent with the varying neighborhood density. The proposed mixed-use development is characteristic of other existing residential buildings located along Taraval Street and in the surrounding neighborhood.

- xii. Whether the project increases the number of family-sized units on-site;

The Project proposes an opportunity for family-sized housing. Three 3-bedroom units are proposed within the new building. Currently, the property only contains one dwelling with two bedrooms.

- xiii. Whether the project creates new supportive housing;

The Project does not create new supportive housing.

- xiv. Whether the project is of superb architectural and urban design, meeting all relevant design guidelines, to enhance existing neighborhood character;

The overall scale, design, and materials of the proposed buildings are consistent with the block-face and compliment the neighborhood character with a contemporary design. The proposed residential development is characteristic of other existing residential uses along Taraval Street and in the surrounding neighborhood.

- xv. Whether the project increases the number of on-site Dwelling Units;

The Project will increase the number of on-site units from one dwelling unit to three dwelling units.

- xvi. Whether the project increases the number of on-site bedrooms.

The existing dwelling contains two bedrooms. The Project proposes a total of nine bedrooms between the three dwelling units.

- xvii. Whether or not the replacement project would maximize density on the subject lot; and

The maximum density for the subject property is three units (one dwelling unit per 800 square feet of lot area). The Project proposes the new construction of a mixed-use, three-unit building with ground floor commercial, maximizing the density permitted in the Taraval Street NCD Zoning District.

- xviii. If replacing a building not subject to the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance, whether the new project replaces all of the existing units with new Dwelling Units of a similar size and with the same number of bedrooms.

The existing single-family dwelling is currently used as a rental property. Although the single-family dwelling is technically subject to the Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance because it is a residential building constructed before 1979, the Planning Department cannot definitively determine which aspects of the Ordinance are applicable. The Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance includes provisions for eviction controls, price controls, and other controls, and it is the purview of the Rent Board to determine which specific controls apply to a building or property. The Rent Board has confirmed that there are no database records, nor any documentation indicating an eviction history nor eviction notices filed at the Rent Board for 1420 Taraval Street.

Regarding unit size and count, the existing dwelling unit has approximately 2,176 square feet of habitable area and two bedrooms. The proposed building contains three, 3-bedroom units. The new units provide more than the existing square footage and bedroom count.

9. **General Plan Compliance.** The Project is, on balance, consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

HOUSING ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 2:

RETAIN EXISTING HOUSING UNITS, AND PROMOTE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS, WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING AFFORDABILITY.

Policy 2.1:

Discourage the demolition of a sound existing housing unless the demolition results in a net increase in affordable housing.

The Project proposes to demolish an existing structure containing one bedroom and one bathroom to construct three new dwelling units each with two-bedrooms and thereby contributes to the general housing stock of the city.

**OBJECTIVE 3:
PROTECT THE AFFORDABILITY OF THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK, ESPECIALLY
RENTAL UNITS.**

Policy 3.1:

Preserve rental units, especially rent controlled units, to meet the City's affordable housing needs.

Policy 3.3:

Maintain balance in affordability of existing housing stock by supporting affordable moderate ownership opportunities.

Policy 3.4:

Preserve "naturally affordable" housing types, such as smaller and older ownership units.

While the Project will demolish an existing single-family dwelling, the new construction will result in an increase in the density of the property and contributes two net new dwelling units, a net addition of five bedrooms, to the existing housing stock.

**OBJECTIVE 4:
FOSTER A HOUSING STOCK THAT MEETS THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS ACROSS
LIFECYCLES.**

Policy 4.1:

Develop new housing, and encourage the remodeling of existing housing, for families with children.

The Project proposes to demolish a single-family residence with one bedroom to construct three dwelling units, each with 3-bedrooms which could accommodate families with children.

**OBJECTIVE 11:
SUPPORT AND RESPECT THE DIVERSE AND DISTINCT CHARACTER OF SAN
FRANCISCO'S NEIGHBORHOODS.**

Policy 11.1:

Promote the construction and rehabilitation of well-designed housing that emphasizes beauty, flexibility, and innovative design, and respect existing neighborhood character.

Policy 11.2:

Ensure implementation of accepted design standards in project approvals.

Policy 11.3

Ensure growth is accommodated without substantially and adversely impacting existing residential neighborhood character.

Policy 11.4

Continue to utilize zoning districts which conform to a generalized residential land use and density plan and the General Plan.

Policy 11.5

Ensure densities in established residential areas promote compatibility with prevailing neighborhood character.

The subject property is within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial Zoning District which allows for higher residential density than the existing single-family dwelling. The Project proposes a total of three dwelling units on a property located in a neighborhood consisting of two- to three-story single- and multi-family dwellings, single- and two-story commercial buildings and two- to four-story mixed-use buildings. Furthermore, the proposed new construction conforms to the Residential Design Guidelines and is appropriate in terms of material, scale, proportions and massing for the surrounding neighborhood.

RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 2:

INCREASE RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE TO MEET THE LONG-TERM NEEDS OF THE CITY AND BY REGION

Policy 2.11:

Assure that privately developed residential open spaces are usable, beautiful, and environmentally sustainable.

The Project proposes two roof decks that have potential for planters and additional landscaping.

OBJECTIVE 3:

IMPROVE ACCESS AND CONNECTIVITY TO OPEN SPACE

Policy 3.6:

Maintain, restore, expand and fund the urban forest.

The Project will add to the urban forest with the addition of a new street tree.

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 24:

IMPROVE THE AMBIENCE OF THE PEDESTRIAN ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 24.2:

Maintain and expand the planting of street trees and the infrastructure to support them.

Policy 24.4:

Preserve pedestrian-oriented building frontages.

The Project will install a new street tree along Taraval Street. Frontages are designed with transparent glass and intended for active spaces oriented at the pedestrian level.

OBJECTIVE 28:

PROVIDE SECURE AND CONVENIENT PARKING FACILITIES FOR BICYCLES.

Policy 28.1:

Provide secure bicycle parking in new governmental, commercial, and residential developments.

Policy 28.3:

Provide parking facilities which are safe, secure, and convenient.

The Project includes 3 Class 1 and 2 Class 2 bicycle parking spaces in secure, convenient locations.

OBJECTIVE 34:

RELATE THE AMOUNT OF PARKING IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS AND NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS TO THE CAPACITY OF THE CITY'S STREET SYSTEM AND LAND USE PATTERNS.

Policy 34.3:

Permit minimal or reduced off-street parking supply for new buildings in residential and commercial areas adjacent to transit centers and along transit preferential streets.

Policy 34.5:

Minimize the construction of new curb cuts in areas where on-street parking is in short supply and locate them in a manner such that they retain or minimally diminish the number of existing on-street parking spaces.

The Project does not provide any off-street vehicular parking, which complies with Planning Code Section 151.1.

URBAN DESIGN

OBJECTIVE 1:

EMPHASIS OF THE CHARACTERISTIC PATTERN WHICH GIVES TO THE CITY AND ITS NEIGHBORHOODS AN IMAGE, A SENSE OF PURPOSE, AND A MEANS OF ORIENTATION.

Policy 1.2:

Recognize, protect and reinforce the existing street pattern, especially as it is related to topography.

The Project proposes demolition of an existing single-family building to construct a mixed-use, three-family building with ground floor commercial use. Similar to other existing structures on the block-face, the new building proposes a ground floor commercial storefront with residential above.

Policy 1.3:

Recognize that buildings, when seen together, produce a total effect that characterizes the city and its districts.

The proposed façade and massing are compatible with the existing neighborhood character and development pattern, particularly because the proposed building is of a similar massing, width and height to the existing structures in the neighborhood. The ground floor commercial use continues the pattern of existing mixed-use buildings in the immediate area. The proposed façade and massing of the new building reflects the existing mixed architectural character, varying heights along the block face and will be in keeping with the neighborhood development pattern.

OBJECTIVE 2:

CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES WHICH PROVIDE A SENSE OF NATURE, CONTINUITY WITH THE PAST, AND FREEDOM FROM OVERCROWDING.

Policy 2.6:

Respect the character of older development nearby in the design of new buildings.

The massing of the replacement buildings' main front façades has been designed to be compatible with the prevailing street wall heights. Although interpreted in a contemporary architectural style, the proposed building proportions and exterior materials have been selected to be compatible with the adjacent buildings and the immediate neighborhood character.

10. **Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies. On balance, the project does comply with said policies in that:

- A. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses be enhanced.

Existing neighborhood-serving retail uses would not be displaced or otherwise adversely affected by the proposal, as the existing building does not contain commercial uses.

- B. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.

While the existing housing is proposed to be demolished, the replacement building would provide three dwelling units in a neighborhood made up of single-family residences to small multi-unit buildings of mixed architectural character, as well as commercial uses.

- C. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced,

The existing single-family dwelling is not designated as affordable housing. The three proposed dwelling units will also not be designated as affordable housing.

- D. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking.

The Project Site is served by nearby public transportation options. The subject property is within .25-miles of stops for the L and L-OWL MUNI transit lines. Future residents would be afforded proximity to a bus line. The Project also provides bicycle parking for residents and their guests.

- E. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced.

The Project does not involve the creation of commercial office development. The Project would enhance opportunities for resident employment and ownership in retail sales and service sectors by providing for new housing and commercial space, which will increase the diversity of the City's housing supply (a top priority in the City) and provide new potential neighborhood-serving uses and employment opportunities.

- F. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

The replacement structure would be constructed in compliance with San Francisco's current Building Code Standards and would meet all earthquake safety requirements.

- G. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved.

A City Landmark or historic building does not occupy the Project site.

- H. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

The Project will have no negative impact on existing parks and open spaces. The shadow analysis conducted for the Project concluded that no new shadows would be cast on Mc Coppin Park. The height of the proposed structure is compatible with the established neighborhood development.

11. The Project is consistent with and would promote the general and specific purposes of the Code provided under Section 101.1(b) in that, as designed, the Project would contribute to the character and stability of the neighborhood and would constitute a beneficial development.
12. The Commission hereby finds that approval of the Conditional Use Authorization would promote the health, safety and welfare of the City.

DECISION

That based upon the Record, the submissions by the Applicant, the staff of the Department and other interested parties, the oral testimony presented to this Commission at the public hearings, and all other written materials submitted by all parties, the Commission hereby **APPROVES Conditional Use Authorization Application No. 2018-011904CUA** subject to the following conditions attached hereto as "EXHIBIT A" in general conformance with plans on file, dated January 3, 2020, and stamped "EXHIBIT B", which is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

APPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF MOTION: Any aggrieved person may appeal this Conditional Use Authorization to the Board of Supervisors within thirty (30) days after the date of this Motion. The effective date of this Motion shall be the date of this Motion if not appealed (after the 30-day period has expired) OR the date of the decision of the Board of Supervisors if appealed to the Board of Supervisors. For further information, please contact the Board of Supervisors at (415) 554-5184, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Protest of Fee or Exaction: You may protest any fee or exaction subject to Government Code Section 66000 that is imposed as a condition of approval by following the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020. The protest must satisfy the requirements of Government Code Section 66020(a) and must be filed within 90 days of the date of the first approval or conditional approval of the development referencing the challenged fee or exaction. For purposes of Government Code Section 66020, the date of imposition of the fee shall be the date of the earliest discretionary approval by the City of the subject development.

If the City has not previously given Notice of an earlier discretionary approval of the project, the Planning Commission's adoption of this Motion, Resolution, Discretionary Review Action or the Zoning Administrator's Variance Decision Letter constitutes the approval or conditional approval of the development and the City hereby gives **NOTICE** that the 90-day protest period under Government Code Section 66020 has begun. If the City has already given Notice that the 90-day approval period has begun for the subject development, then this document does not re-commence the 90-day approval period.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on January 30, 2020.


Jonas P. Jönin
Commission Secretary

AYES: Diamond, Fung, Koppel, Moore
NAYS: None
ABSENT: Johnson, Melgar, Richards
ADOPTED: January 30, 2020

EXHIBIT A

AUTHORIZATION

This authorization is for a conditional use to demolish an existing 3-story single family dwelling and construct a new four-story, 45-ft tall, mixed-use building with 3 dwelling units and 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial use located at 1420 Taraval Street, Block 2353, and Lot 010 pursuant to Planning Code Section(s) 317 and 303 within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District; in general conformance with plans, dated January 3, 2020, and stamped "EXHIBIT B" included in the docket for Record No. 2018-011904CUA and subject to conditions of approval reviewed and approved by the Commission on January 30, 2020 under Motion No. 20643. This authorization and the conditions contained herein run with the property and not with a particular Project Sponsor, business, or operator.

RECORDATION OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Prior to the issuance of the building permit or commencement of use for the Project the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property. This Notice shall state that the project is subject to the conditions of approval contained herein and reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission on January 30, 2020 under Motion No. 20643.

PRINTING OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ON PLANS

The conditions of approval under the 'Exhibit A' of this Planning Commission Motion No. 20643 shall be reproduced on the Index Sheet of construction plans submitted with the site or building permit application for the Project. The Index Sheet of the construction plans shall reference to the Conditional Use authorization and any subsequent amendments or modifications.

SEVERABILITY

The Project shall comply with all applicable City codes and requirements. If any clause, sentence, section or any part of these conditions of approval is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or impair other remaining clauses, sentences, or sections of these conditions. This decision conveys no right to construct, or to receive a building permit. "Project Sponsor" shall include any subsequent responsible party.

CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS

Changes to the approved plans may be approved administratively by the Zoning Administrator. Significant changes and modifications of conditions shall require Planning Commission approval of a new Conditional Use authorization.

Conditions of Approval, Compliance, Monitoring, and Reporting

PERFORMANCE

1. **Validity.** The authorization and right vested by virtue of this action is valid for three (3) years from the effective date of the Motion. The Department of Building Inspection shall have issued a Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved use within this three-year period.
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org
2. **Expiration and Renewal.** Should a Building or Site Permit be sought after the three (3) year period has lapsed, the project sponsor must seek a renewal of this Authorization by filing an application for an amendment to the original Authorization or a new application for Authorization. Should the project sponsor decline to so file, and decline to withdraw the permit application, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing in order to consider the revocation of the Authorization. Should the Commission not revoke the Authorization following the closure of the public hearing, the Commission shall determine the extension of time for the continued validity of the Authorization.
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org
3. **Diligent Pursuit.** Once a site or Building Permit has been issued, construction must commence within the timeframe required by the Department of Building Inspection and be continued diligently to completion. Failure to do so shall be grounds for the Commission to consider revoking the approval if more than three (3) years have passed since this Authorization was approved.
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org
4. **Extension.** All time limits in the preceding three paragraphs may be extended at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator where implementation of the project is delayed by a public agency, an appeal or a legal challenge and only by the length of time for which such public agency, appeal or challenge has caused delay.
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org
5. **Conformity with Current Law.** No application for Building Permit, Site Permit, or other entitlement shall be approved unless it complies with all applicable provisions of City Codes in effect at the time of such approval.
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

DESIGN – COMPLIANCE AT PLAN STAGE

6. **Building Height.** The overall height of the building shall be reduced two- and one-half feet (six inches from each residential level and one-foot from the commercial).
7. **Final Materials.** The Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department on the building design. Final materials, glazing, color, texture, landscaping, and detailing shall be subject to Department staff review and approval. The architectural addenda shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance.
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org
8. **Garbage, Composting and Recycling Storage.** Space for the collection and storage of garbage, composting, and recycling shall be provided within enclosed areas on the property and clearly labeled and illustrated on the building permit plans. Space for the collection and storage of recyclable and compostable materials that meets the size, location, accessibility and other standards specified by the San Francisco Recycling Program shall be provided at the ground level of the buildings.
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org
9. **Rooftop Mechanical Equipment.** Pursuant to Planning Code 141, the Project Sponsor shall submit a roof plan to the Planning Department prior to Planning approval of the building permit application. Rooftop mechanical equipment, if any is proposed as part of the Project, is required to be screened so as not to be visible from any point at or below the roof level of the subject building.
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org
10. **Streetscape Plan.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 138.1, the Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department staff, in consultation with other City agencies, to refine the design and programming of the Streetscape Plan so that the plan generally meets the standards of the Better Streets Plan and all applicable City standards. The Project Sponsor shall complete final design of all required street improvements, including procurement of relevant City permits, prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, and shall complete construction of all required street improvements prior to issuance of first temporary certificate of occupancy.
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org
11. **Noise.** Plans submitted with the building permit application for the approved project shall incorporate acoustical insulation and other sound proofing measures to control noise.
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

PARKING AND TRAFFIC

12. **Bicycle Parking.** Pursuant to Planning Code Sections 155, 155.1, and 155.2, the Project shall provide no fewer than 3 bicycle parking spaces (3 Class 1 spaces for the residential portion of the Project and 2 Class 2 spaces for the commercial portion of the Project). SFMTA has final authority on the type, placement and number of Class 2 bicycle racks within the public ROW. Prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, the project sponsor shall contact the SFMTA Bike Parking Program at bikeparking@sfmta.com to coordinate the installation of on-street bicycle racks and ensure that the proposed bicycle racks meet the SFMTA's bicycle parking guidelines. Depending on local site conditions and anticipated demand, SFMTA may request the project sponsor pay an in-lieu fee for Class II bike racks required by the Planning Code.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

13. **Managing Traffic During Construction.** The Project Sponsor and construction contractor(s) shall coordinate with the Traffic Engineering and Transit Divisions of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), the Police Department, the Fire Department, the Planning Department, and other construction contractor(s) for any concurrent nearby Projects to manage traffic congestion and pedestrian circulation effects during construction of the Project.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

PROVISIONS

14. **Residential Child Care Impact Fee.** The Project is subject to the Residential Child Care Fee, as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 414A.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org

MONITORING - AFTER ENTITLEMENT

15. **Enforcement.** Violation of any of the Planning Department conditions of approval contained in this Motion or of any other provisions of Planning Code applicable to this Project shall be subject to the enforcement procedures and administrative penalties set forth under Planning Code Section 176 or Section 176.1. The Planning Department may also refer the violation complaints to other city departments and agencies for appropriate enforcement action under their jurisdiction.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

16. **Revocation due to Violation of Conditions.** Should implementation of this Project result in complaints from interested property owners, residents, or commercial lessees which are not resolved by the Project Sponsor and found to be in violation of the Planning Code and/or the specific conditions of approval for the Project as set forth in Exhibit A of this Motion, the Zoning

Administrator shall refer such complaints to the Commission, after which it may hold a public hearing on the matter to consider revocation of this authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

OPERATION

17. **Sidewalk Maintenance.** The Project Sponsor shall maintain the main entrance to the building and all sidewalks abutting the subject property in a clean and sanitary condition in compliance with the Department of Public Works Streets and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards.

For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works, 415-695-2017, <http://sfdpw.org>

18. **Community Liaison.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall appoint a community liaison officer to deal with the issues of concern to owners and occupants of nearby properties. The Project Sponsor shall provide the Zoning Administrator and all registered neighborhood groups for the area with written notice of the name, business address, and telephone number of the community liaison. Should the contact information change, the Zoning Administrator and registered neighborhood groups shall be made aware of such change. The community liaison shall report to the Zoning Administrator what issues, if any, are of concern to the community and what issues have not been resolved by the Project Sponsor.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

19. **Lighting.** All Project lighting shall be directed onto the Project site and immediately surrounding sidewalk area only, and designed and managed so as not to be a nuisance to adjacent residents. Nighttime lighting shall be the minimum necessary to ensure safety, but shall in no case be directed so as to constitute a nuisance to any surrounding property.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org

GENERAL NOTES:

INTENT OF DOCUMENTS:

It is the intent of these Contract Documents to establish a high quality of material and workmanship, but not necessarily to note and call for every last item of work to be done. Any item not specifically covered but deemed necessary for satisfactory completion of the work shall be accomplished by the Contractor in a manner consistent with the quality of the work without additional cost to the Owner. All materials and methods of installation shall be in accordance with industry standards and manufacturers recommendations.

A. All materials and workmanship shall conform to the requirements of the following codes and regulations and any other local and state laws and regulations:

San Francisco Building Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Fire Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Plumbing Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Electrical Code 2016 Edition
San Francisco Mechanical Code 2016 Edition

Verify all existing conditions and dimensions at the project site. Notify the Architect and/or Engineer of any discrepancies before beginning construction.

B. Provide adequate and proper shoring and bracing to maintain safe conditions at all times. The contractor shall be solely responsible for providing adequate shoring and bracing as required for protection of life and property during the construction of the project.

C. At all times the Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for all conditions at the jobsite, including safety of persons and property, and all necessary independent engineering reviews of these conditions. The Architects jobsite reviews are not intended nor shall they be construed to include a review of the adequacy of the contractors safety measures.

D. Unless otherwise shown or noted, all typical details shall used where applicable.

E. All details shall be construed typical at similar conditions.

F. All Drawing conflicts shall be brought to the attention of the Architect and/or Consulting Engineer for clarification before work proceeds.

G. The Contractor shall supply all labor, materials, equipment and services, including water and power, necessary for the proper execution of the work shown on these drawings. All materials shall be new and workmanship shall be good quality. All workman and subcontractors shall be skilled in their trade. Any inspections, special or otherwise, that are required by the building codes, local builing departments, on these plans shall be done by an independent inspection company.

H. Finishes: Replace patch, repair and refinish all existing surfaces affected by the new work. All new finishes shall match the adjacent surface. all surfaces shall align.

I. The General Contractor shall visit the site and familiarize themselves with the existing site conditions prior to finalizing of any proposal to the owner. The general Contractor shall be responsible to inform the owner or Architect of potential existing conditions that need to be addressed and or modified in order to complete the work as herein described in these Drawings.

J. The General Contractor shall be responsible for all means and methods of construction including but not limited to leveling, shimming, and blocking. The General Contractor shall make specific note of such items that can not be known prior to the commencement of construction.

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DRAWING INDEX:

- A 1.01 SITE AND ROOF PLAN, GENERAL NOTES, AND DRAWING INDEX
- A 1.02 SITE AND ROOF PLANS EXISTING
- A 2.01 FLOOR PLANS EXISTING
- A 2.02 FLOOR PLANS PROPOSED
- A 2.03 FLOOR PLANS PROPOSED
- A 2.03 FLOOR PLANS PROPOSED
- A 3.00 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
- A 3.01 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
- A 3.02 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
- A 3.03 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
- A 3.04 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
- A 4.01 BUILDING SECTION
- A 4.02 BUILDING SECTION
- C-2 GREEN BUILDING FOR SITE PERMIT CIVIL SURVEY

PROJECT INFORMATION:

ZONING: NCD TARAVAL NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

OCCUPANCY R-3
EXISTING USE: 1 FAMILY RESIDENCE
PROPOSED USE: THREE RESIDENTIAL UNITS OVER COMMERCIAL SPACE

PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT: 45'-4"

PROPOSED 4 STORIES

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: 3-A

BUILDING TO BE FIRE SPRINKLERED NFPA-13 R
WORK BY SEPERATE PERMIT

BLOCK 2353 LOT 010

SCOPE OF WORK:
NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

PROJECT STATISTICS

PROPOSED	COMMON	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	TOTAL
1ST FLOOR:	741 SF	0 SF	1,731 SF	2,472 SF
2ND FLOOR:	241 SF	1,602 SF	0 SF	1,843 SF
3RD FLOOR:	238 SF	1,578 SF	0 SF	1,816 SF
4TH FLOOR:	238 SF	1,632 SF	0 SF	1,870 SF
ROOF:	202 SF	0 SF	0 SF	202 SF
TOTAL	1,160 SF	4,812 SF	1,731 SF	8,203 SF

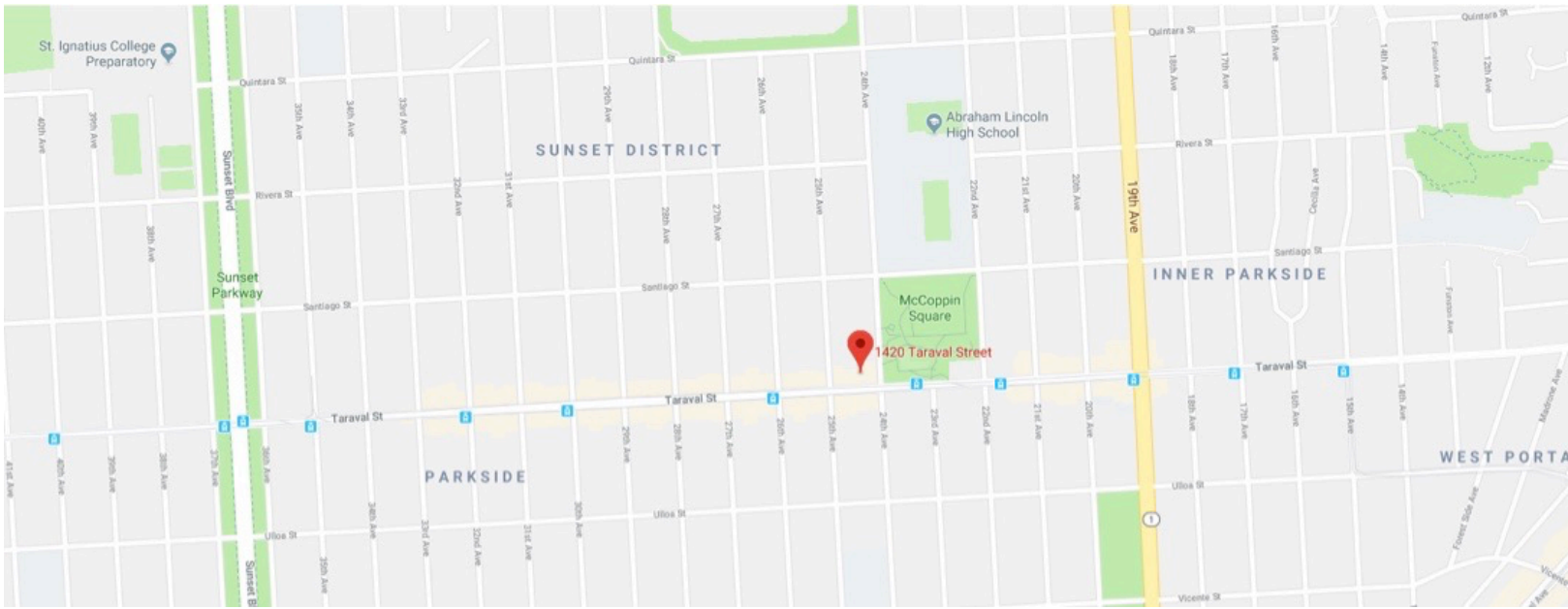
UNIT 1	1,602 SF
UNIT 2	1,578 SF
UNIT 3	1,632 SF

OPEN SPACE:

REQUIRED OPEN SPACE EA UNIT 300 SF	
UNIT 1	558 SF
UNIT 2	56 SF AT UNIT: REQUIRED OPEN SPACE PROVIDED AT ROOF DECK
UNIT 3	0 SF AT UNIT: OPEN SPACE PROVIDED AT ROOF DECK
ROOF	778 SF: DECK OPEN TO UNIT 2 AND 3

BIKE PARKING

3 CLASS A SPACES PROVIDED
SEE A 2.02 1ST FLOOR PLAN



VIICINITY MAP

ABBREVIATIONS:

@	AT	HGT./HT.	HEIGHT
CL	CENTERLINE	INSUL.	INSULATION
Ø	DIAMETER OR ROUND		
(E)	EXISTING	MFG.	MANUFACTURING
(N)	NEW	MAX.	MAXIMUM
(R)	REPLACE	MTL.	METAL
		MIN.	MINIMUM
		O.C.	ON CENTER
AFF	ABOVE FINISH FLOOR		
BM.	BEAM	PR.	PAIR
BLDG.	BUILDING	PKT.	POCKET
		P.T.	PRESSURE TREATED
CBC	CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE		
CLR.	CLEAR	REF.	REFRIGERATOR
CLOS.	CLOSET	REQ'D	REQUIRED
CONC.	CONCRETE	REQ'T	REQUIREMENT
		RTG.	RETAINING
DECK'G	DECKING	R & S	ROD AND SHELF
DET.	DETAIL	RM.	ROOM
DIA.	DIAMETER		
DISP.	DISPOSAL	SIM.	SIMILAR
DW.	DISHWASHER	S.C.	SOLID CORE
DR.	DOOR	SQ. FT.	SQUARE FOOT/FEET
DBL.	DOUBLE	STOR.	STORAGE
DN.	DOWN	STRUCT.	STRUCTURAL
DRWGS.	DRAWINGS		
D	DRYER		
		TEMP.	TEMPERED
EA.	EACH	TRANS.	TRANSPARENT
		TYP.	TYPICAL
F	FAHRENHEIT		
FIN.	FINISH	U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
F.R.	FIRE RATED		
FLR.	FLOOR		
FT.	FOOT OR FEET	V.I.F.	VERIFY IN FIELD
FR.	FRENCH		
FURN.	FURNISH	W	WASHER
FURR.	FURRING	WH.	WATER HEATER
		WP	WATERPROOF
		WDO.	WINDOW
		W/	WITH
		WD.	WOOD
GA.	GAUGE		
GL.	GLAZING		
GYP.	GYP SUM		
GYP.BD.	GYP SUM BOARD		

DRAWING SYMBOLS

- 101 DOOR NUMBER
- 201 WINDOW NUMBER
- 101 SKYLIGHT NUMBER
- 1 DRAWING REVISION
- 1 6.02 DETAIL NUMBER AND DRAWING REFERENCE
- 1 NOTE/ITEM NUMBER
- 0'-0" GRADE
- PL PROPERTY LINE
- 1 3.01 ELEV. NO. DRAWING REFERENCE

EXHIBIT
B

WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA.94117
415 379 3676
billpash@gmail.com

NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE
1420 TARAVAL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA.

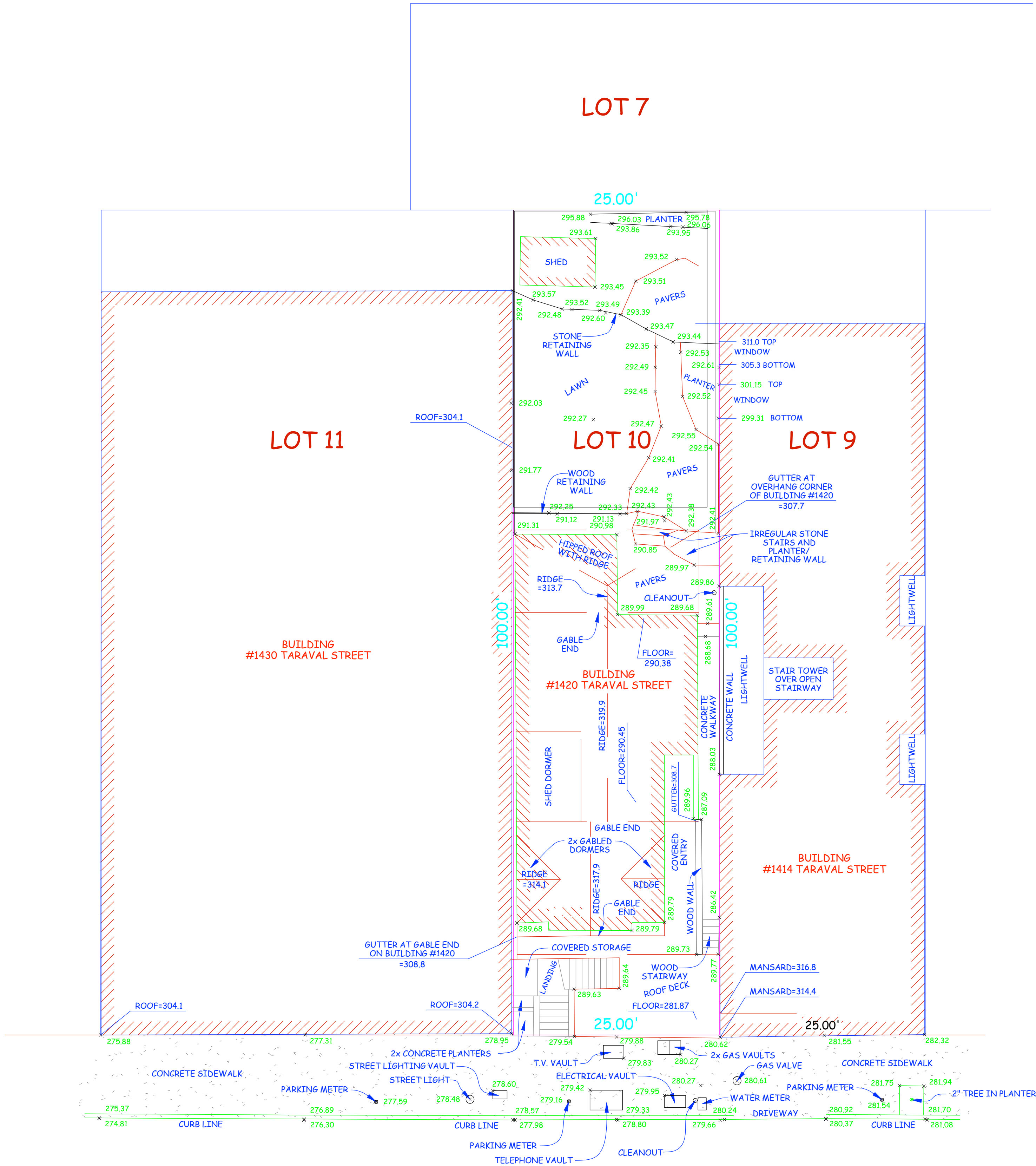
ALL IDEAS, DESIGNS, ARRANGEMENTS AND PLANS AS INDICATED OR REPRESENTED BY THIS DRAWING ARE OWNED BY AND ARE THE PROPERTY OF WILLIAM PASHELINSKY ARCHITECT AND WERE CREATED, EVOLVED AND DEVELOPED FOR USE ON AND IN CONNECTION WITH THIS SPECIFIC PROJECT. NONE OF THESE IDEAS, DESIGNS, ARRANGEMENTS OF PLANS SHALL BE USED BY OR DISCLOSED TO ANY PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION FOR ANY PURPOSE WHAT SO EVER WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF WILLIAM PASHELINSKY ARCHITECT

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
2	11.7/19	PLANNING REV

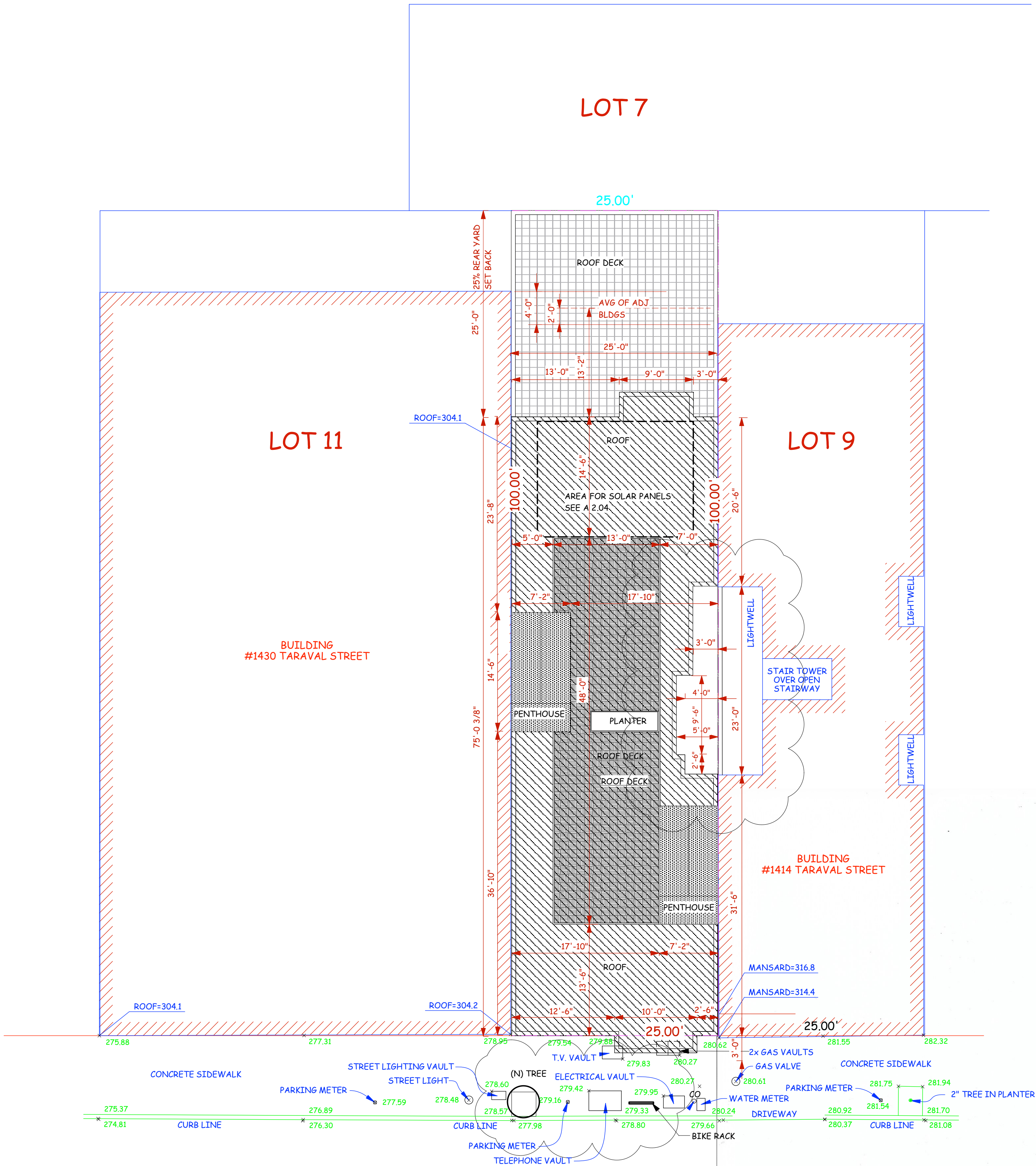
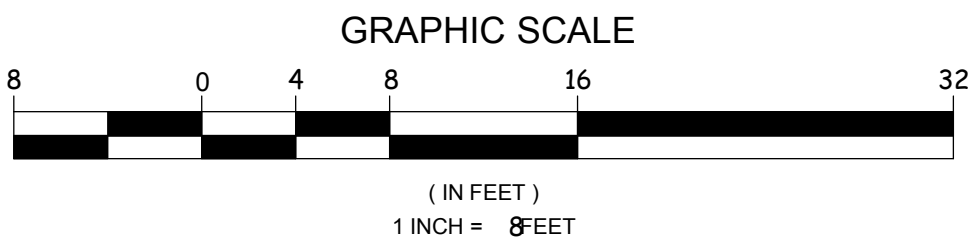
PROJECT NO. 2017.33
SHEET

A-1.01

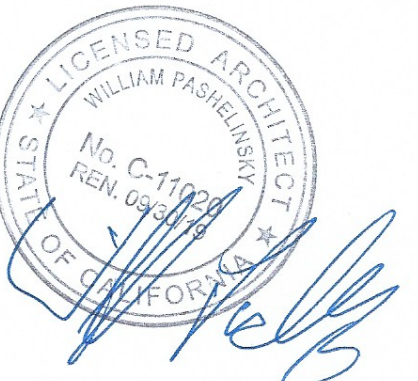
NEW 3 UNIT
RESIDENCE OVER
COMMERCIAL SPACE
1420 TARAVAL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA.



SITE PLAN (E)
1/8"=1'-0"



SITE PLAN (N)
1/8"=1'-0"



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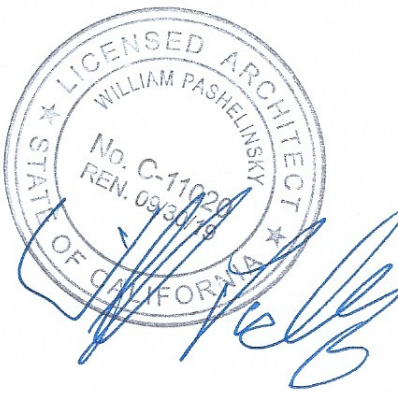
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	05.15.19	PLANNING REV

PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

A-1.02

NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE
OVER COMMERCIAL
SPACE

1420 TARAVAL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA

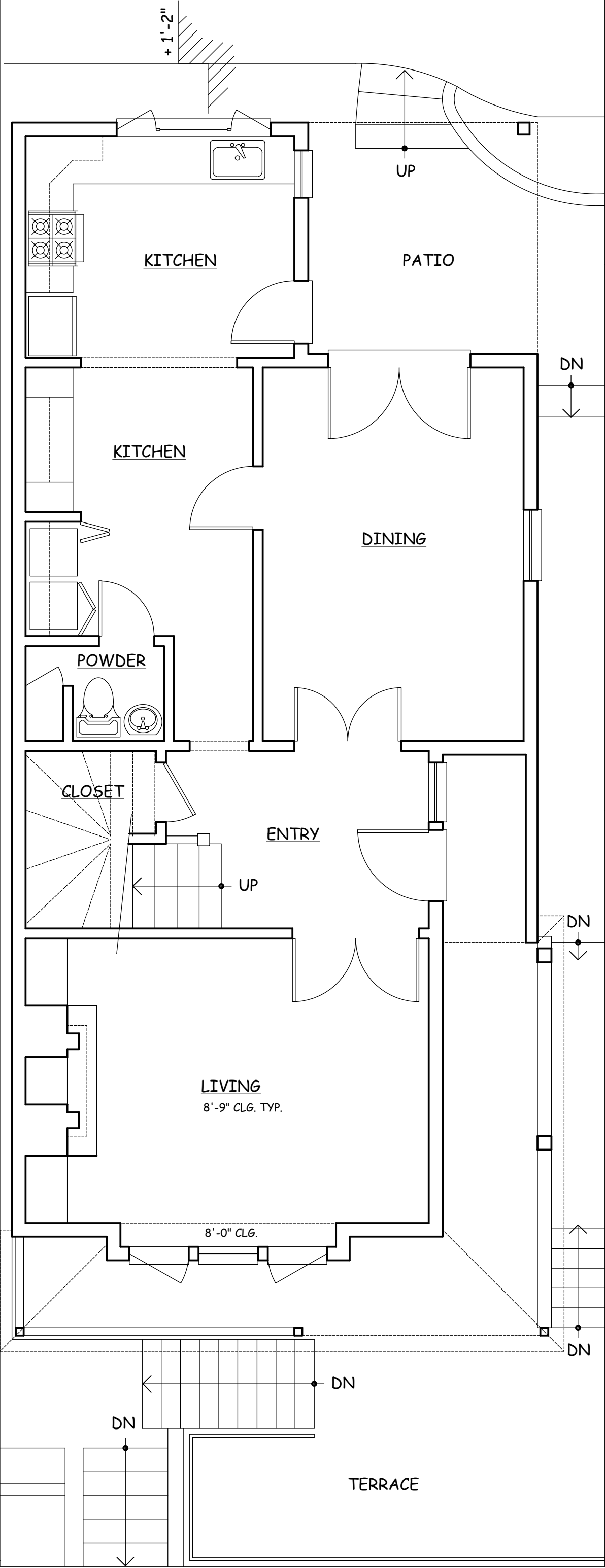


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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
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PROJECT NO. 2017.32
SHEET

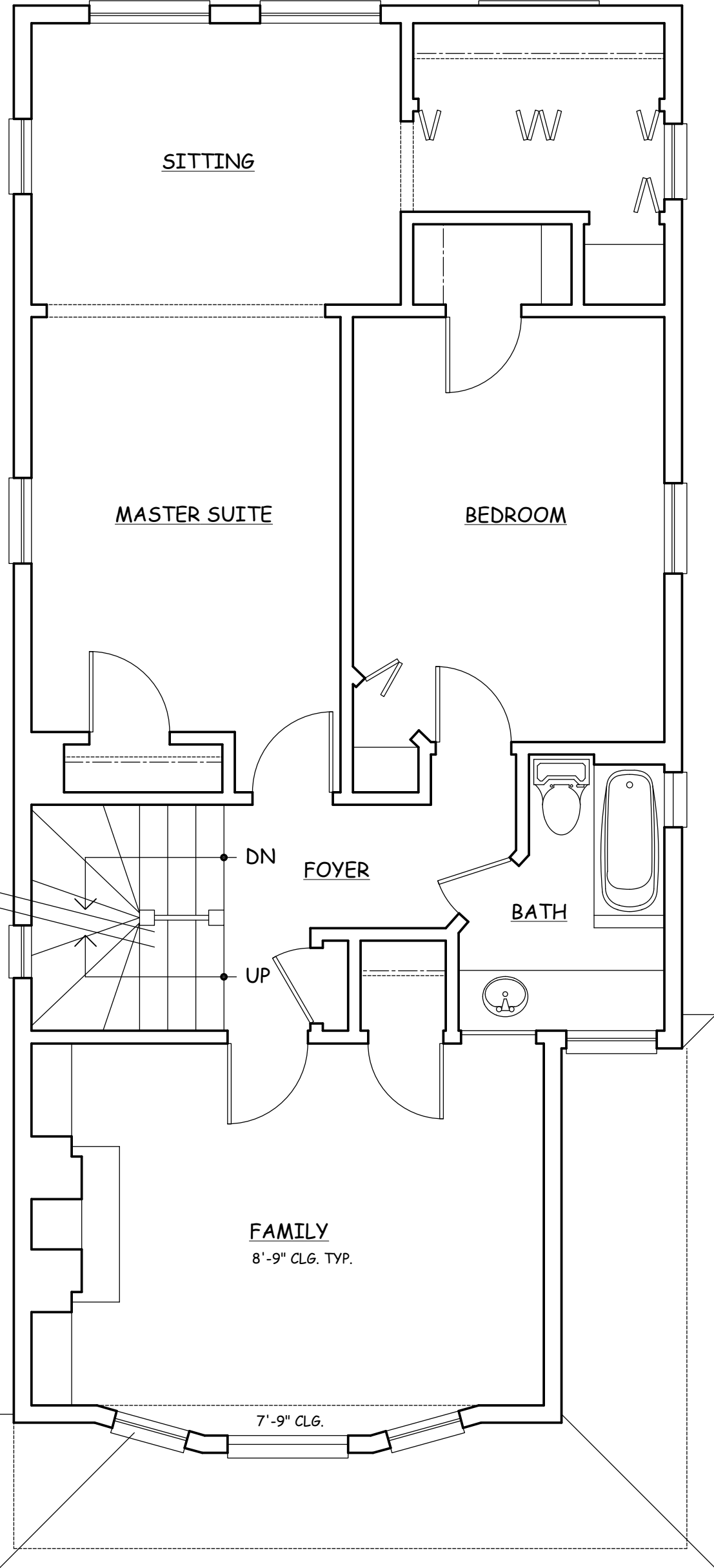
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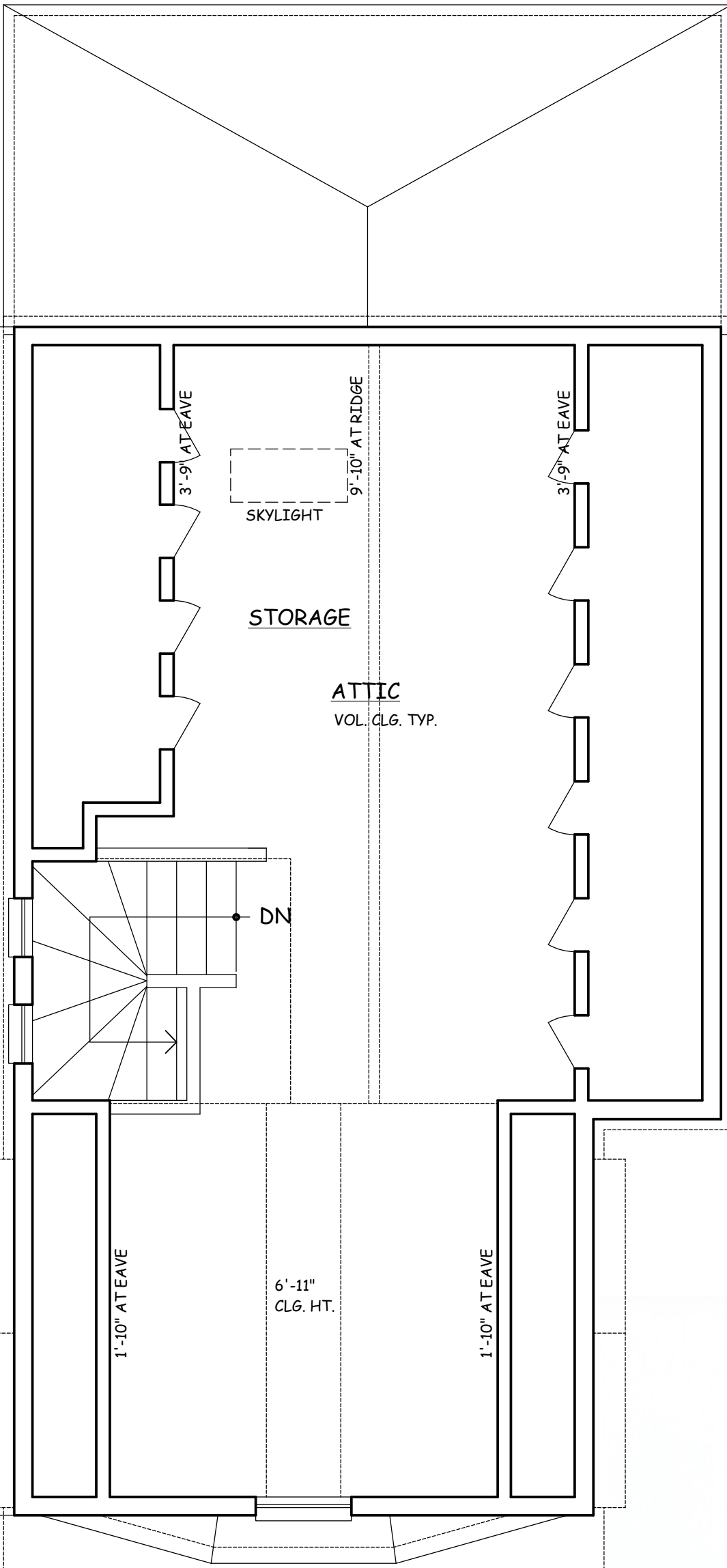
1ST FLOOR PLAN (E)
1/4"=1'-0"

EXISTING BUILDING STATS

1ST FLOOR:	865 SF
2ND FLOOR:	986 SF
3RD FLOOR:	325 SF
TOTAL:	2,176 SF

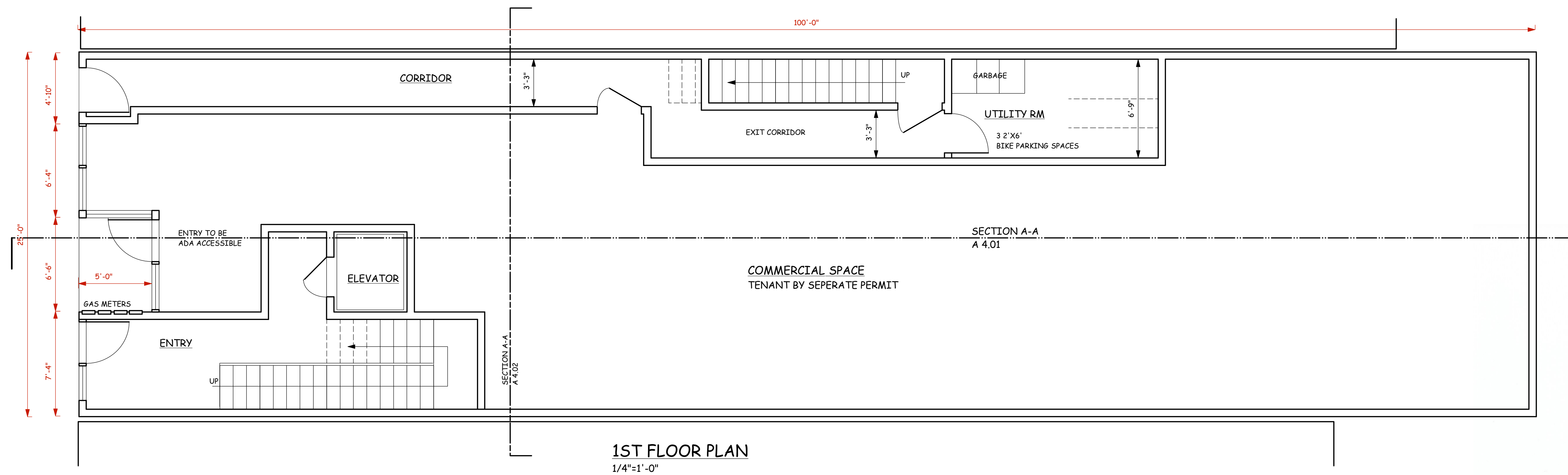
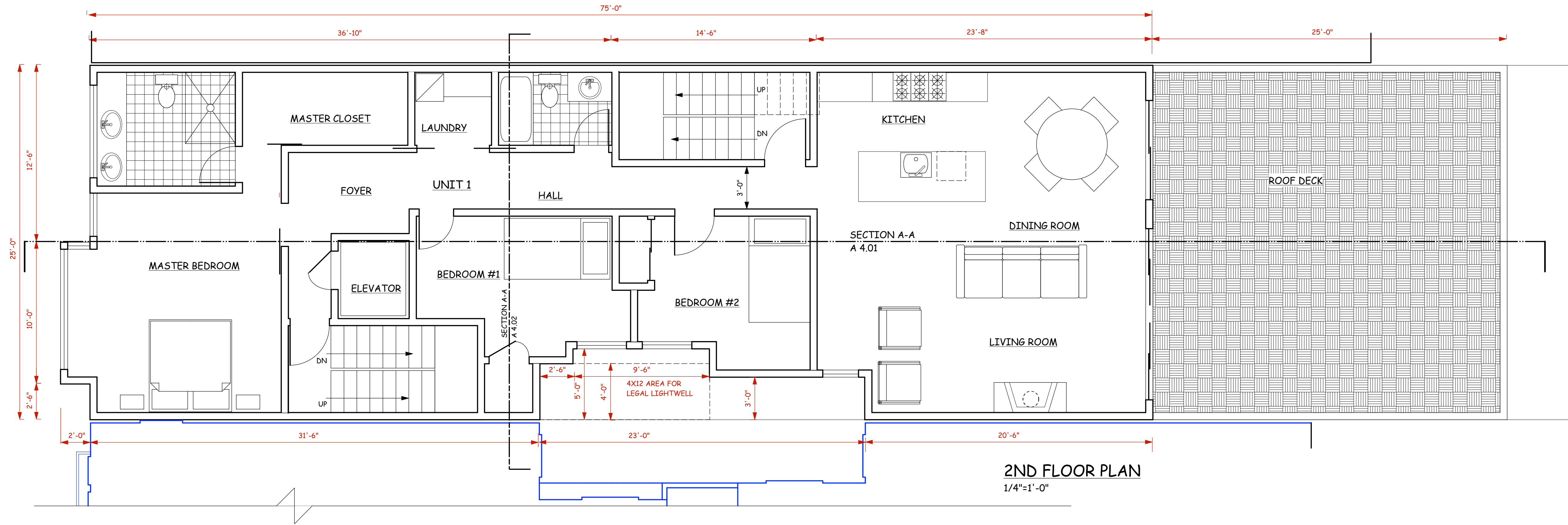


2ND FLOOR PLAN (E)
1/4"=1'-0"



3RD FLOOR PLAN (E)
1/4"=1'-0"

(E) BUILDING TO BE DEMOLISHED



WILLIAM PASHELINSKY ARCHITECT
 1937 HAYES STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
 415.379.9876
 billpash@gmail.com

NEW 3 UNIT RESIDENCE OVER COMMERCIAL SPACE
 1420 TARAVAL STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CA

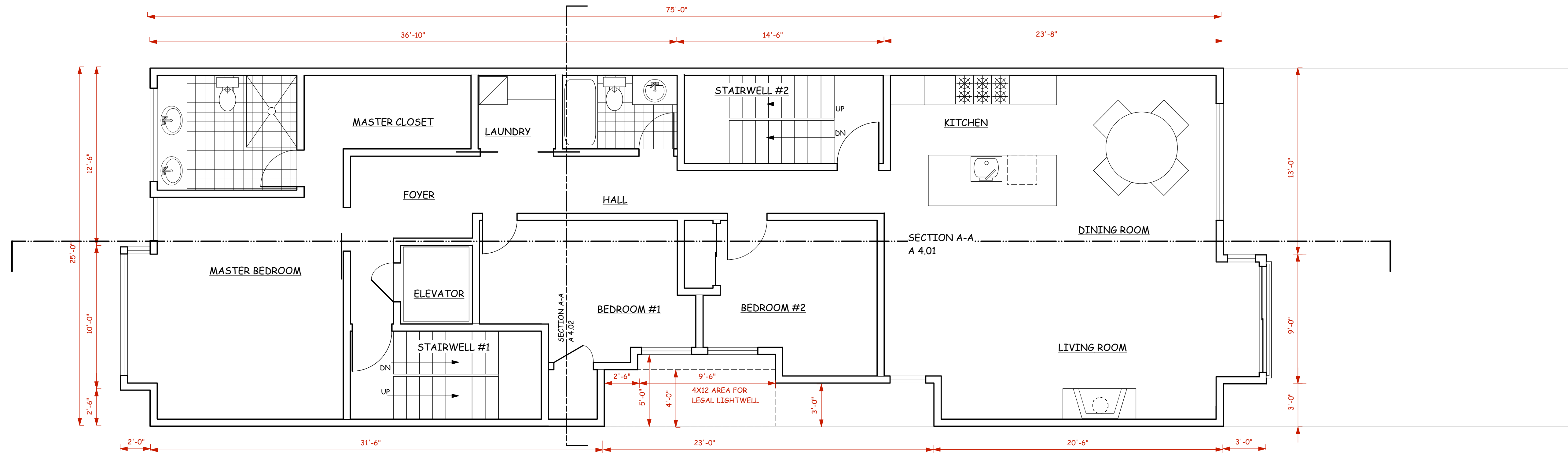


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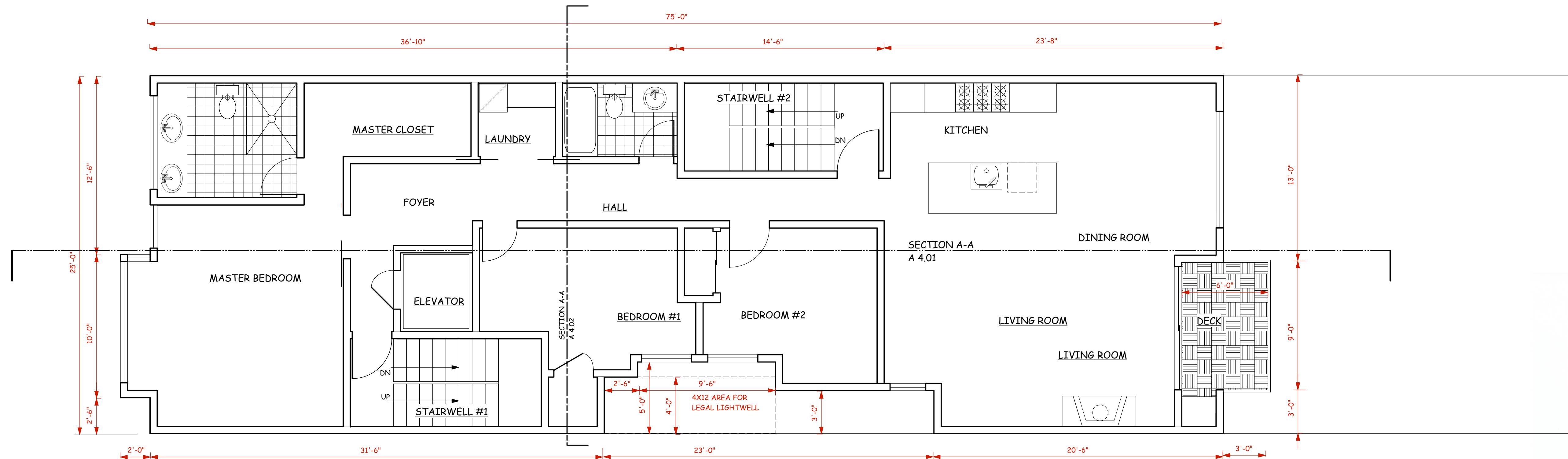
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4TH FLOOR PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"



3RD FLOOR PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"

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ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
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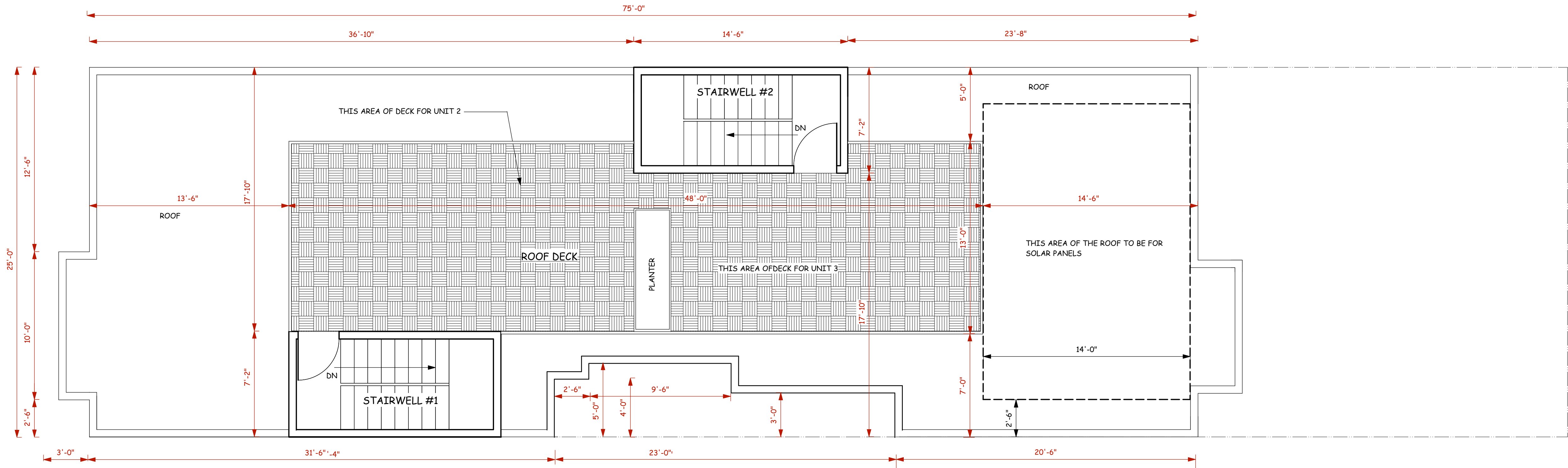


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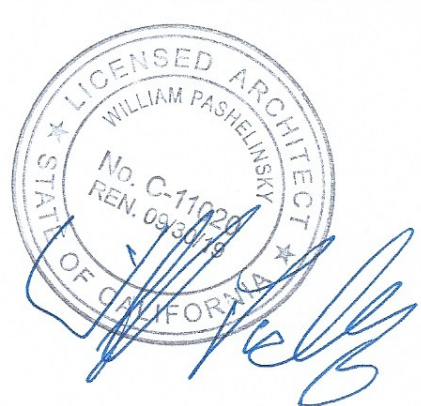
ROOF PLAN
1/4"=1'-0"

ROOF 1: 1,870 S.F.
STAIR PENTHOUSES: 206 S.F.
ALLOWABLE 1,870X.2= 374 S.F.

PER BETTER ROOF ORDINANCE
SOLAR PANELS TO BE PROVIDED
1,870X.15= 280 S.F.

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ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
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415 378 3676
billpash@gmail.com

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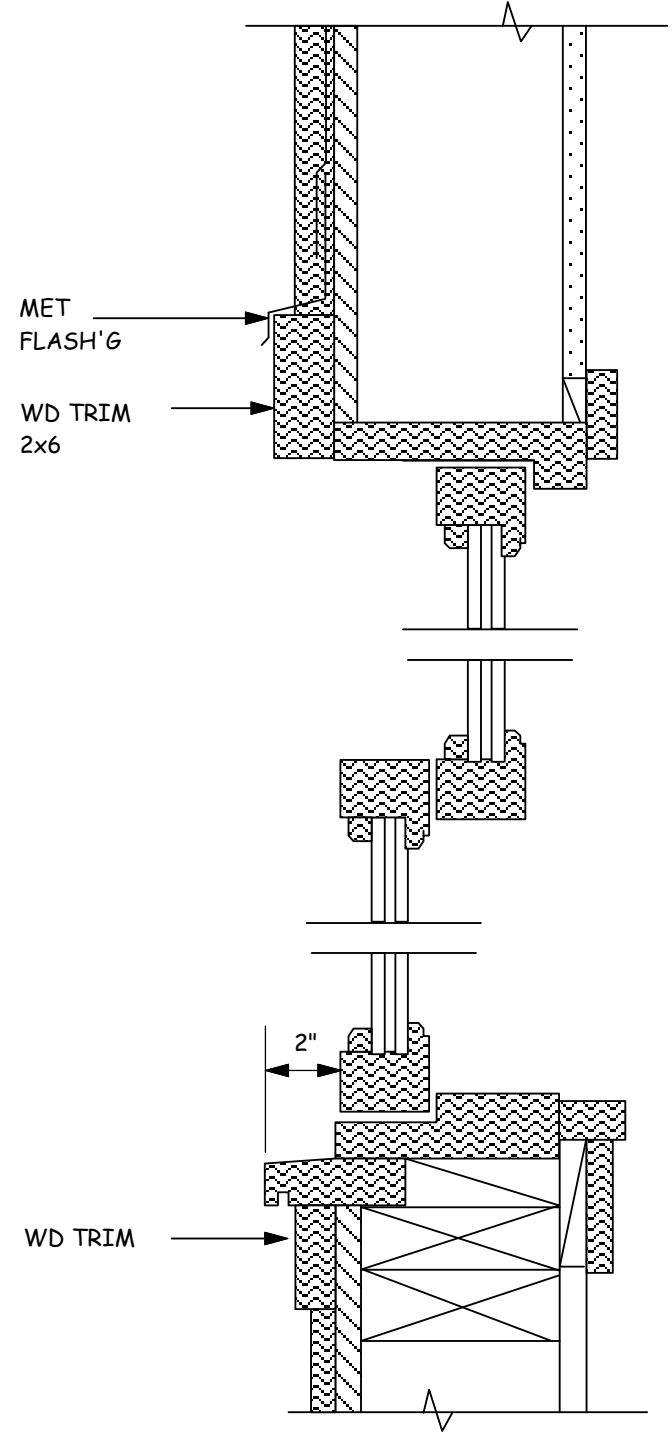


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A-3.00



1 TYP WINDOW DET DBL HUNG

MARVIN ALUM
CLAD WINDOW
TYP AT FRONT

NOTE: ALL WINDOWS AT FRONT ELEVATION
AND WEST TO BE ALUM CLAD

**WILLIAM PASHELINSKY
ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415 379 9676
billpash@gmail.com

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SPACE**
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3	21.21.19	PLANNING REV

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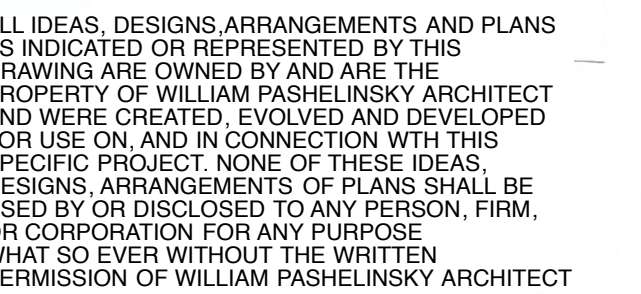
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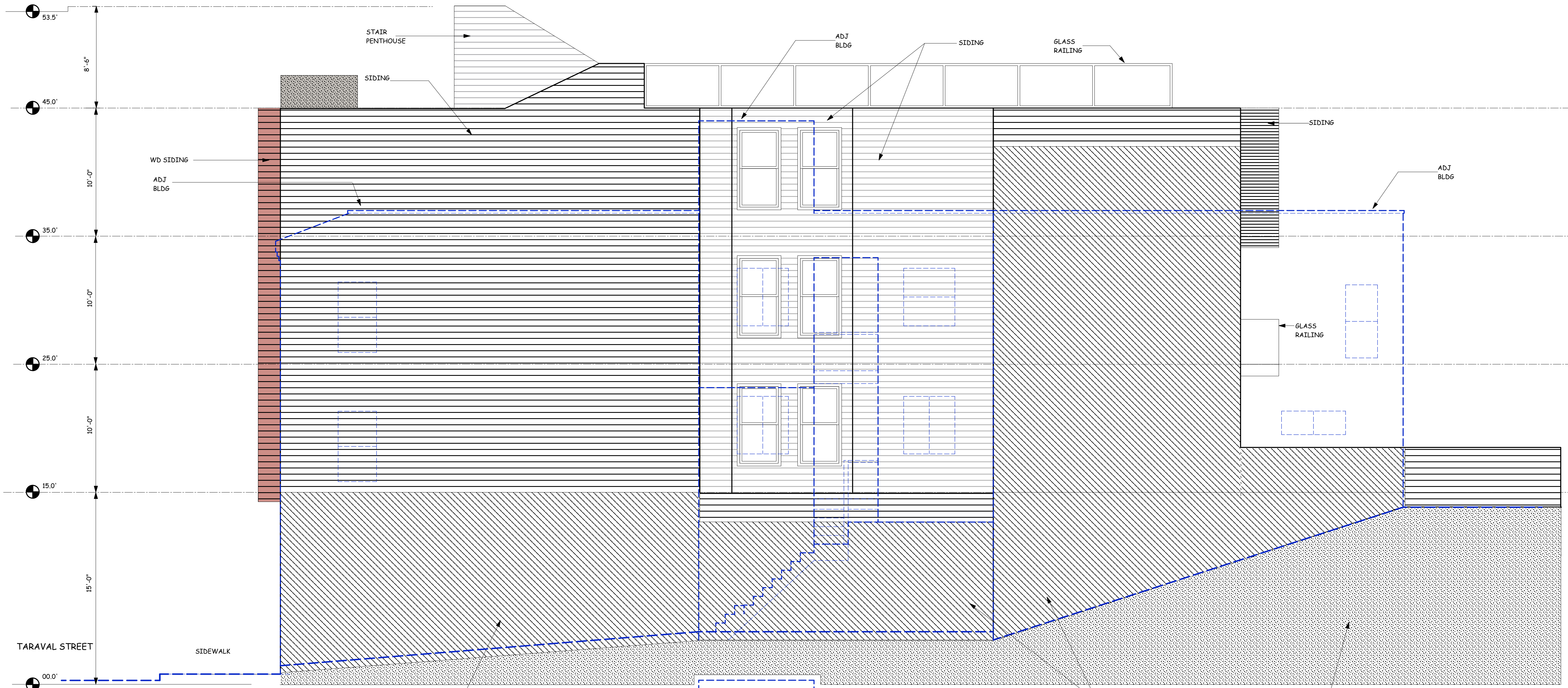

$$1/4'' = 1' - 0''$$


COMPOSITION SHINGLES

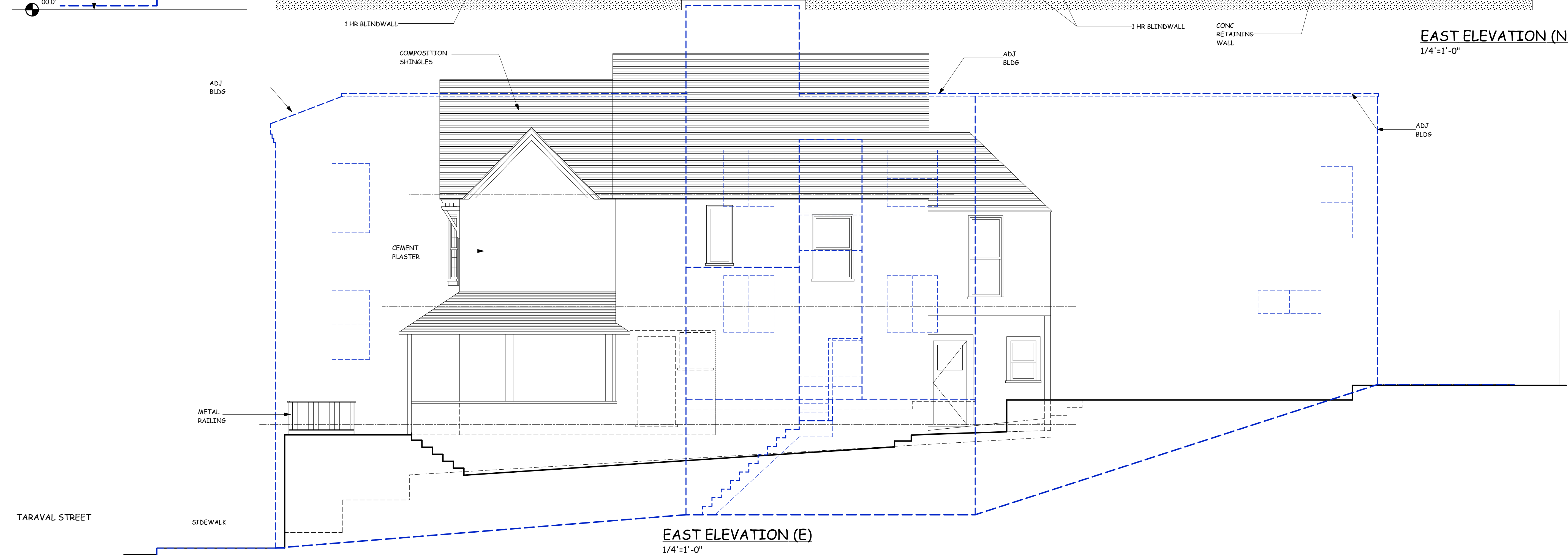
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PROJECT NO. 2017.32
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EXHIBIT B - 31



EAST ELEVATION (N)
1/4"=1'-0"



EAST ELEVATION (E)
1/4"=1'-0"

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ARCHITECT**

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SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415 379 9676
billpash@gmail.com

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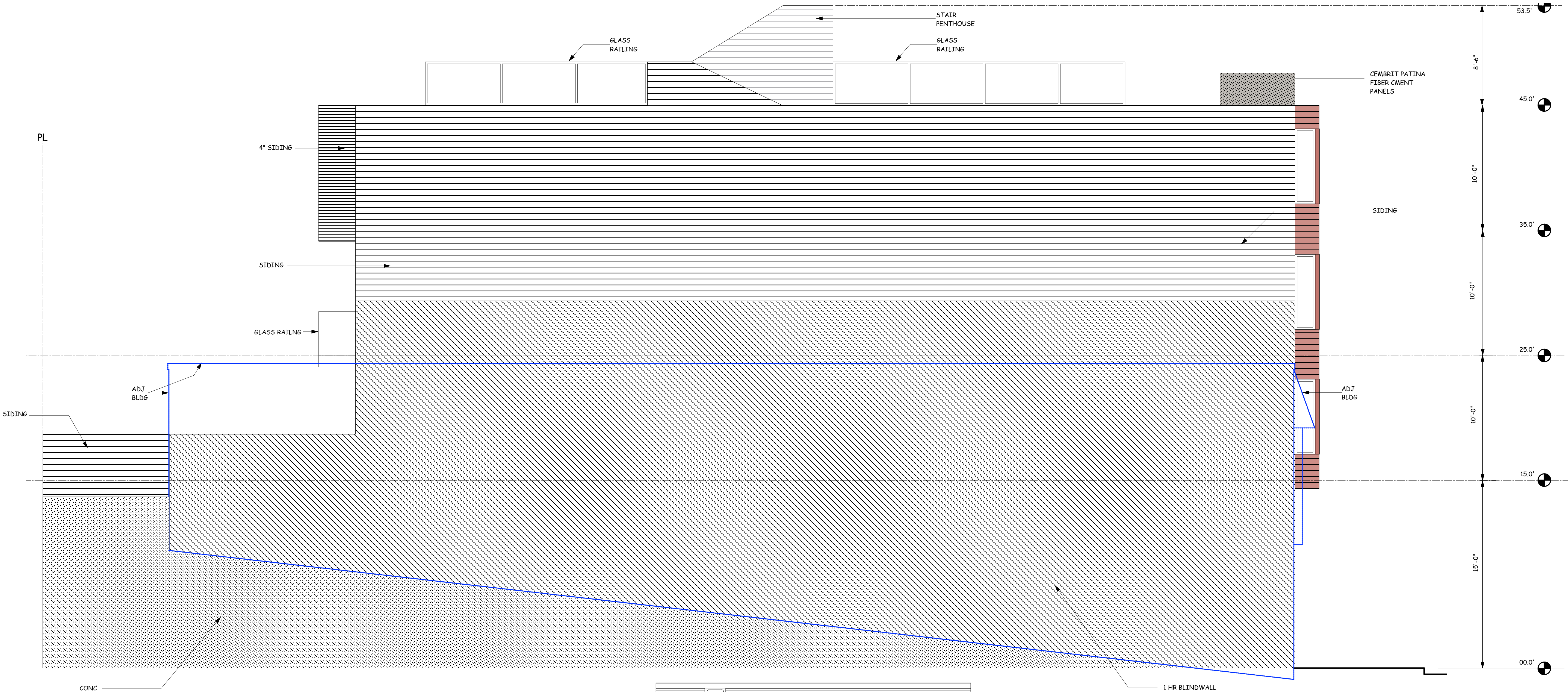
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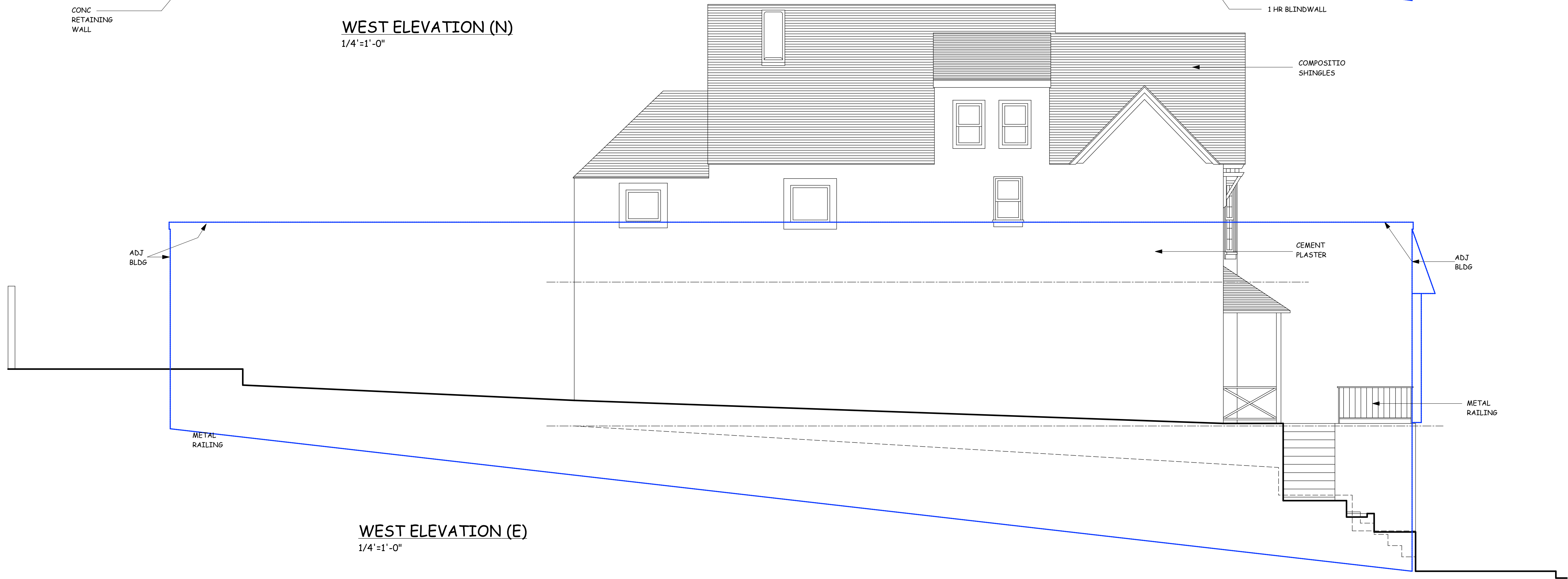
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WEST ELEVATION (N)
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WEST ELEVATION (E)
1/4"=1'-0"

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ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415 379 3676
billpash@gmail.com

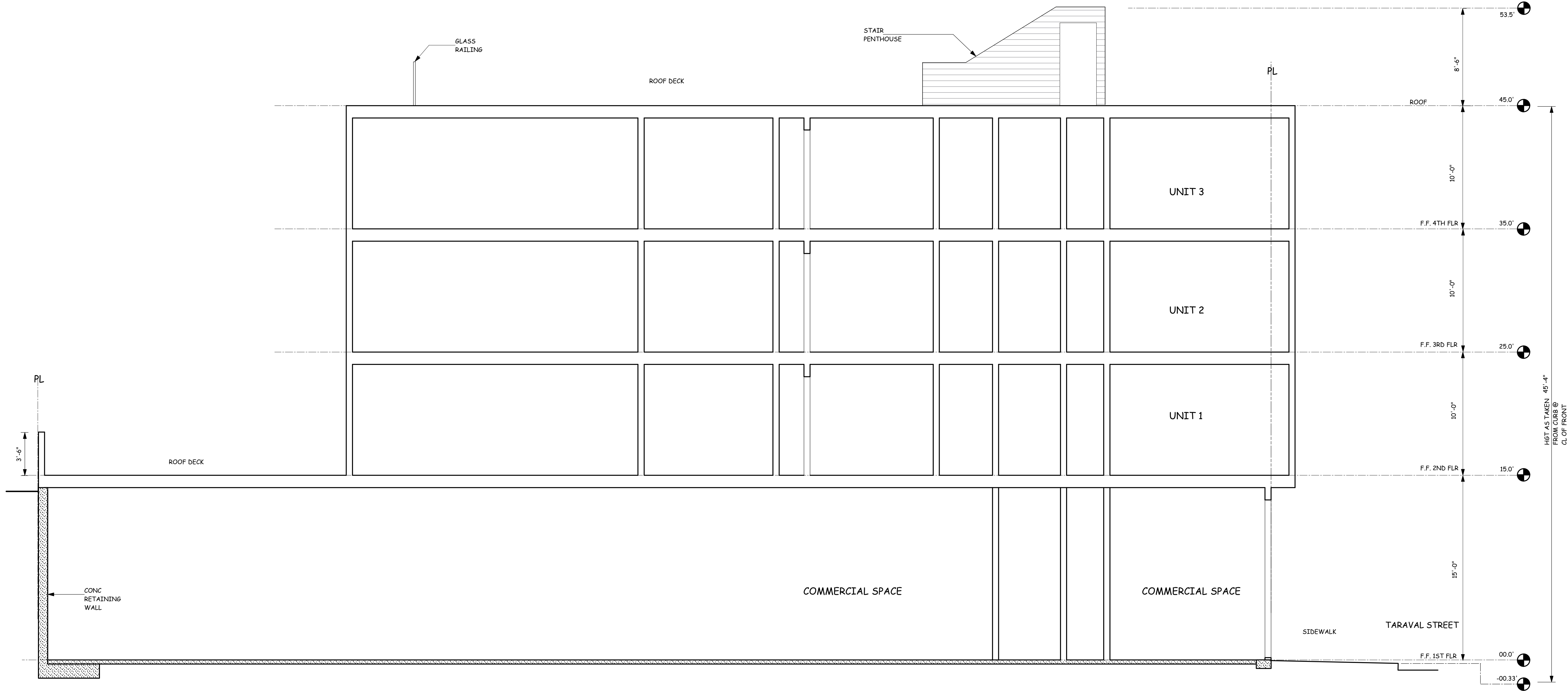
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SECTION A-A (N)
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ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117
415 379 3676
billpash@gmail.com

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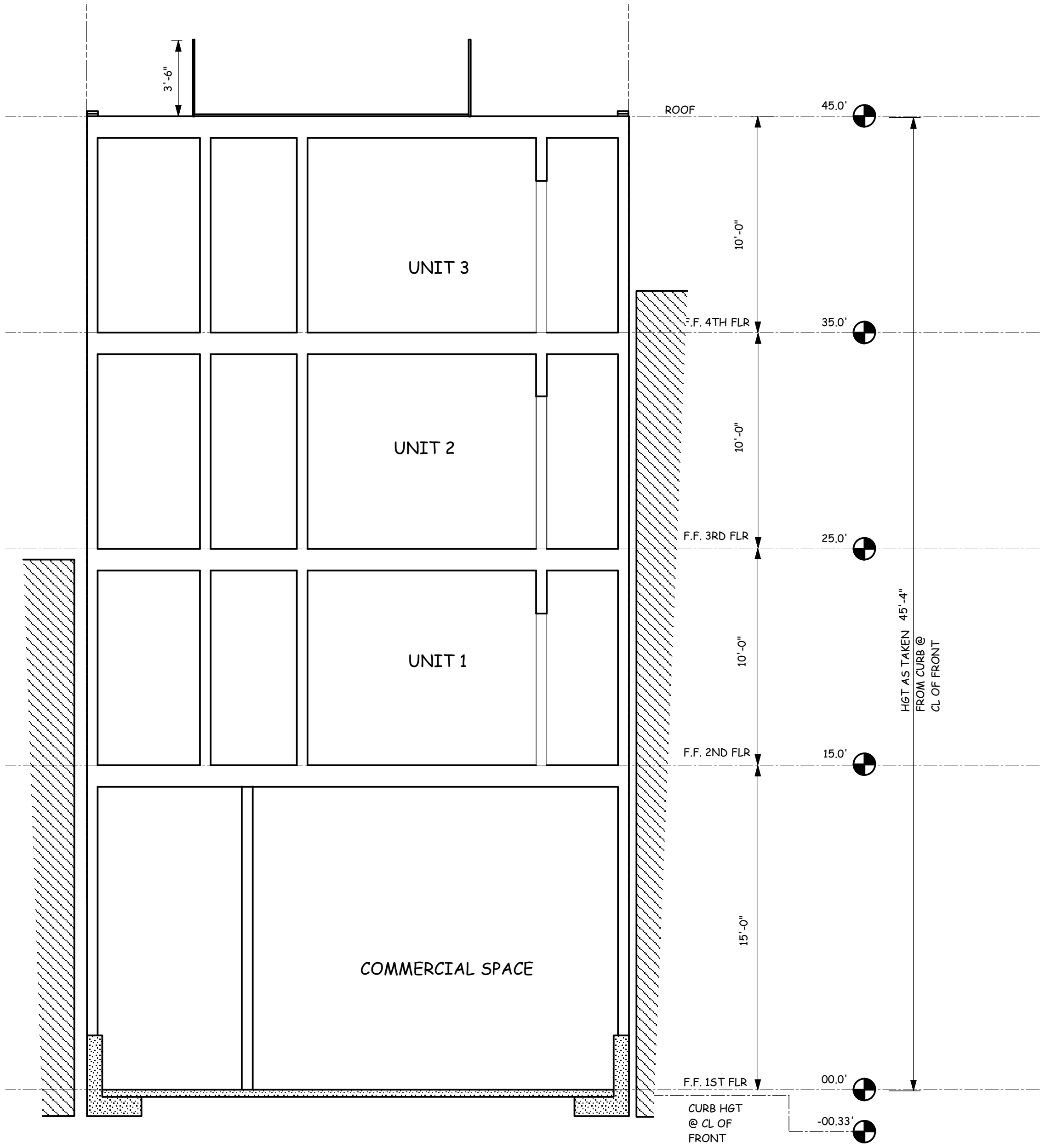


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SECTION B-B (N)
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ARCHITECT**
1937 HAYES STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA.94117
415 379 3676
billpash@gmail.com

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EXHIBIT C



FINAL REPORT - MARCH 2020

San Francisco Housing Affordability Strategies



San Francisco
Planning

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London Breed

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AnMarie Rodgers, *Director of Citywide Planning*
Miriam Chion, *Housing and Equity Manager*
Joshua Switzky, *Land Use and Community Planning Manager*
James Pappas, *Project Manager and Senior Policy Planner*
Allison Albericci, *Senior Architect and Urban Designer*
Andrea Nelson, *Senior Community Development Specialist*
Svetha Ambati, *Policy Planner and Data Analyst*
Paolo Ikezoe, *Senior Planner*
Michael Webster, *Cartographer and GIS Analyst*
Gary Chen, *Graphic Designer*
Maria de Alva, *Planner and Designer*
Reanna Tong, *Planner*
Carla de Mesa, *Senior Community Development Specialist*
Amiel Leaño Atanacio, *Intern*
David Escobedo, *Intern*

Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development

Daniel Adams, *Acting Director*
Teresa Yanga, *Director of Housing Research*
Amy Chan, *Director of Policy and Legislative Affairs*
Hugo Ramirez, *Community Development Program Manager*

Consultant Team

Sujata Srivastava, *Strategic Economics*
Jake Cummings, *Strategic Economics*
Evelyne St-Louis, *Strategic Economics*
Matthew Newman, *Blue Sky*
Shawn Blosser, *Blue Sky*
Rick Jacobus, *Street Level Advisors*
Lisa Abboud, *InterEthnica*
Mona Abboud, *InterEthnica*

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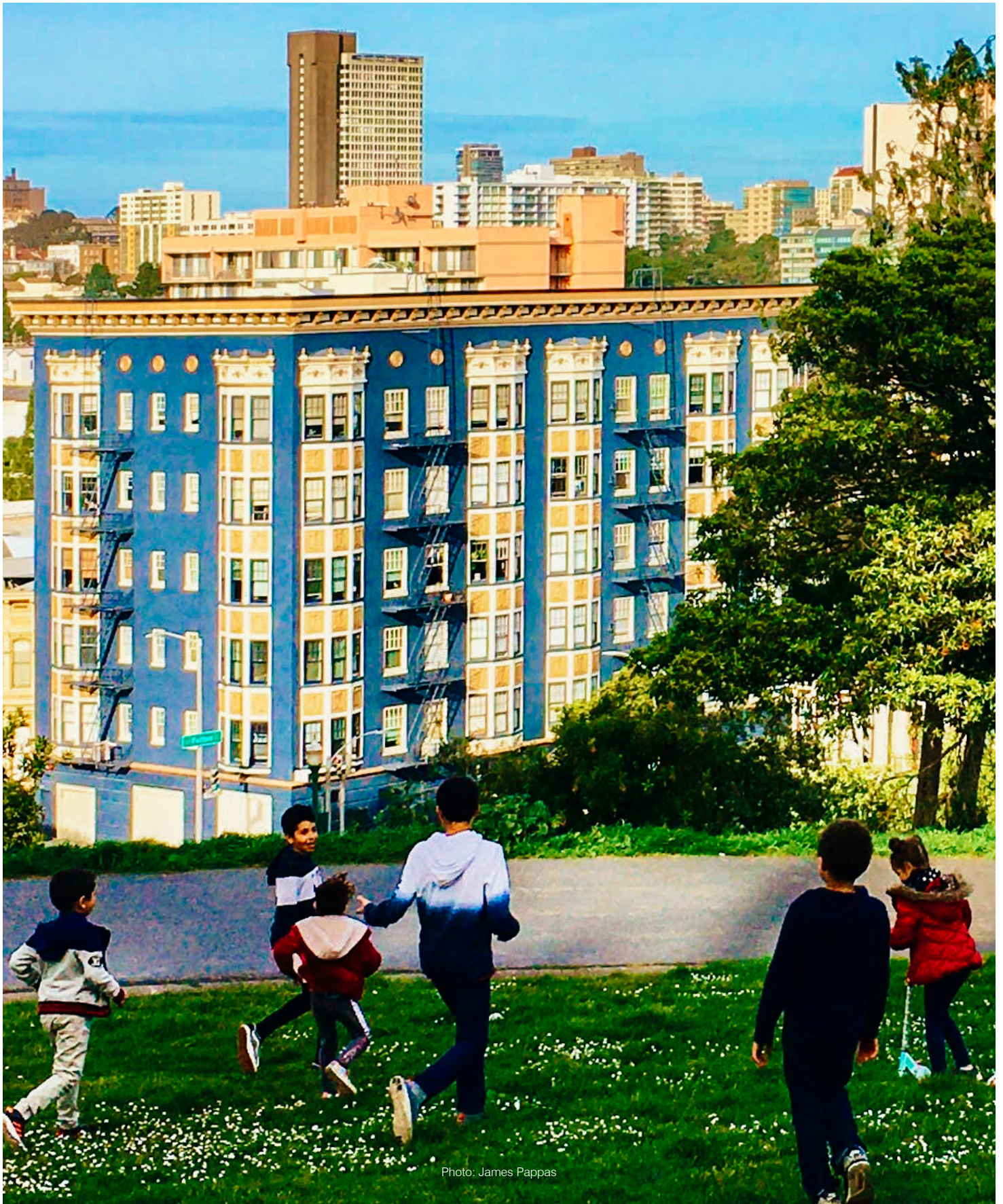


Photo: James Pappas

Executive Summary

The Housing Affordability Strategies (HAS) analyze how the City of San Francisco can improve housing affordability over the next 30 years, particularly for low- and moderate-income households. The HAS analyzed development feasibility, City policies, and public investments needed to achieve the City's housing targets created through both Mayoral action and the will of the voters: build 5,000 new housing units per year, at least one third of which should be permanently affordable at low and moderate incomes. In addition, the HAS analyzed programs to preserve affordable housing and to protect and stabilize residents. The purpose of the HAS is to help residents, City staff, and policy makers understand how different policies and funding strategies work together to address affordability and foster the diversity of our city. The analysis and outreach for the HAS will inform the 2022 Housing Element update.

Led by the San Francisco Planning Department (Planning), the HAS also incorporates input from other City agencies, including the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD), San Francisco Office of Housing Delivery, and the Office of Economic and Workforce Development (OEWD), and was informed by feedback from the community, advocates, researchers, and policy experts.

Key Challenges

- **Housing prices and rents have soared** and are increasingly out of reach for many residents, except for higher-income households.
- **Populations of people with low- and moderate-incomes, people of color, and families with children** are declining as housing costs increase.
- **People experiencing homelessness are increasing** in both the city and region.
- **Housing preservation and tenant protection** policies are strong but not sufficient.
- **Demand for housing near jobs, services, and transit is increasing** while supply is lacking in those locations.
- **Housing construction has not kept up** with job and population growth in the region.
- **Lack of regional investment in affordable housing** has aggravated affordability in San Francisco

Strategies

The HAS report focuses on the following question: What would it take to achieve the City's targets of 5,000 units per year with at least 1/3 affordable and increased community stability over the next 30 years? Four overarching strategies summarize key findings and represent a comprehensive approach to improving housing affordability:

1. Increase housing development potential with a focus on equitable development

The HAS analyzed three land use concepts that could lead to development of 150,000 housing units with at least one third permanently affordable by 2050. Each concept has different implications for equity and accessibility. The City could pursue one of these concepts alone or combine all three to expand housing choices. An equitable approach will require planning with communities, particularly communities of color and low income communities along with a focus on desegregation and access to opportunity.

- **East Side:** Expand housing capacity around Downtown and in light industrial areas.
- **Transit Corridors:** Expand housing capacity along transit corridors on the west, south, and north sides of the city.
- **Residential Districts:** Relax density restrictions in residential districts without changing height limits.

Each of the concepts for housing development will require investment in infrastructure (transit, utilities, schools, parks, cultural resources) in targeted areas.

2. Streamline approvals and permitting and reduce construction costs

- Simplify and shorten development approvals and permitting to increase certainty and lower risk.
- Facilitate the use of new construction materials (i.e. Cross-laminated-timber) and new technology (i.e. modular housing) to lower costs.
- Grow the pool of skilled labor by expanding construction apprenticeship programs and temporary housing for construction workers.

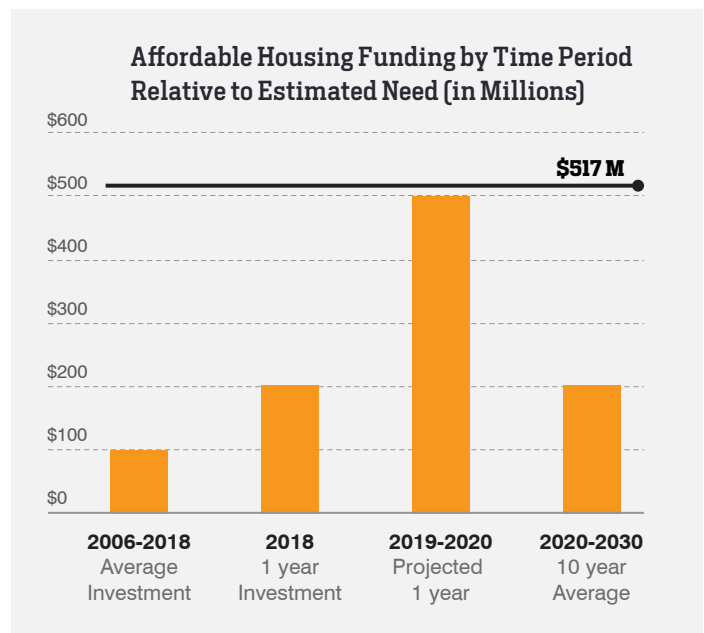
3. Expand and sustain funding to produce and preserve affordable housing

Annual production and preservation targets for market-rate and affordable housing are shown in the table below by estimated public and private investment.

Investment Type / Housing Type	Units
Private investment	
New market-rate units	3,330
New Inclusionary affordable units	640
City investment (includes OCII/ Redevelopment funding)	
New units in 100% Affordable buildings	1,030
Existing units become permanently affordable	400
Existing permanently affordable units rehabilitated	700

- The City would need an average of \$517 million (in 2020 dollars) per year to produce 1,000 city-funded affordable units and preserve 1,100 affordable units. The City is projected to nearly meet that funding need in FY19/20 but has fallen short in the past, and will need to expand funding in the future to meet the target.
- Potential future funding sources to bridge the gap between annual need of \$517 million and projected \$200 million could come from various sources: Future housing bonds; Gross Receipts tax (pending); Regional funding sources. Specific funding proposals will need to be developed by policy makers through a community process.

- Maximizing use of public and nonprofit-owned land for affordable housing could help lower costs.



4. Protect vulnerable residents and stabilize and preserve existing affordable housing

- Expand tenant services including legal services, counseling, and public education.
- Expand rental assistance programs.
- Expand housing services and outreach to the Black community and other historically discriminated groups to support repatriation and increased opportunity.
- Focus housing investments to implement Cultural Districts and preserve and rehabilitate housing serving vulnerable residents, for example SROs.

San Francisco can also help to address housing production, affordable funding, and tenant protection and stabilization through coordination with other cities and regional, state, and federal governments.

Policy issues related to the strategies above are further explored in four sections of this report: (1) Housing Development Feasibility and Costs, (2) Regulation of Housing Development, (3) Affordable Housing Funding, Production, and Preservation, and (4) Tenant Protection, Housing Stabilization, and Homelessness Services.





Photo : Bruce Damonte

The Housing Affordability Strategies (HAS) analyze how San Francisco can improve housing affordability, particularly for low- and moderate-income households

The Housing Affordability Strategies (HAS) analyze how San Francisco can improve housing affordability, particularly for low- and moderate-income households,¹ by looking at development feasibility, City policies, and public investments. The HAS is meant to help residents, City staff, and policy makers understand how different policies work together to meet housing targets to improve affordability. Analysis and public engagement for the HAS will inform the 2022 Housing Element.

The HAS is a San Francisco Planning Department (Planning) project in coordination with a consultant team with expertise in affordable housing policy, land use planning, housing market and financial feasibility analysis, econometric policy analysis, and community outreach and engagement. In addition, Planning and consultants worked with City agencies, particularly the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD), which provides most local funding for affordable housing development. The analysis was also informed by feedback from the community, advocates, researchers, and policy experts.

Key Challenges

Perhaps no issue facing San Francisco today is more pressing than rising housing costs and lack of housing affordable at low- and moderate-incomes. Housing affordability challenges take many forms in the city and region including:

- **Housing prices and rents have soared** and are increasingly out of reach for many residents, except for higher-income households.
- **Populations of people with low- and moderate-incomes, people of color, and families with children** are declining as housing costs increase.
- **People experiencing homelessness are increasing** in both the city and region.
- **Housing preservation and tenant protection** policies are strong but not sufficient.
- **Demand for housing near jobs, services, and transit is increasing** while supply is lacking in those locations.
- **Housing construction has not kept up** with job and population growth in the region.
- **Lack of regional investment in affordable housing has aggravated** affordability in San Francisco.

These challenges are shaped by major national policies. Unlike other countries, housing is not recognized as a right in the United States. In addition, federal and state government funding is not sufficient to provide quality, affordable housing to all regardless of income.² Furthermore, federal funding has declined for decades, as housing needs have increased.³

Key Questions

Working with fellow City agencies and the consultant team, and by listening to feedback from the public and a cross-section of housing policy advocates, Planning developed key questions to guide the analysis of the HAS report:

- What would it take to achieve 5,000 units with at least one third affordable per year and increased community stability over the next 30 years?
- How much does the City invest in affordable housing production and preservation for low- and moderate-income people and how can the City do more?
- Where have different types of housing been built in the past and what kind of housing could be added in the future?
- What are the policy and investment choices that can support new housing capacity?
- How can the City simplify the development approval process to support community goals and increase affordability?
- How can we better protect residents at risk of displacement and stabilize low- and moderate-income households in housing that they can afford?

Report Structure

Introduction. This section covers the purpose, structure, and outreach process for the HAS. It also includes a historic context of housing and racial and social equity conditions as well as the key assumptions that ground the policy analysis.

Housing affordability and development concepts. This section describes three different ways the City can add new housing and preserve and produce affordable housing.

Key policy issues. This section provides an analysis of key policies and investments to support the housing affordability and development concepts.

1. Housing Development Feasibility and Costs
2. Regulation of Housing Development
3. Affordable Housing Funding, Production, and Preservation
4. Tenant Protections, Housing Stabilization, and Homeless Services

Conclusion and community input. This section provides a synthesis of the analysis and preliminary responses from housing policy leaders and community focus groups.

Community and Stakeholder Engagement Process

Planning solicited feedback from the public, advocates, and housing policy experts to help inform the policy analysis that is the focus of the HAS (details on the input and participants can be found on the web page). Feedback was collected through the following venues:

- **Community Forums and Focus Groups.** December 2018 through February 2019, Planning partnered with the MOHCD and the Office of Economic and Workforce Development (OEWD) to hold 10 community forums in neighborhoods around the city to hear feedback on housing and community development needs. Planning facilitated two discussion groups on long-term housing planning as part of each forum, collected and organized the feedback in a summary document, and incorporated feedback into the HAS. In early 2020, a consultant team gathered input on key findings from diverse communities through focus groups. A summary is included in this report.
- **Technical Expert Group.** Planning recruited academics and researchers working on housing policy from UC Berkeley and other academic institutions and research organizations. Planning convened a meeting of this group and engaged with academics and researchers directly on housing policy ideas and methodologies to analyze housing policies.
- **Housing Policy Group.** Planning worked with other City agencies and community partners to reach out to organizations in San Francisco to participate in policy focus groups to provide feedback on housing affordability issues. Participating organizations include community-based nonprofit groups, tenants' organizations, property owners, regional nonprofits, lenders, foundations, contractors, and for-profit and nonprofit housing developers. In Winter 2019, consultants conducted a series of interviews with a cross-section of these organizations representing diverse perspectives. These interviews helped to inform initial policy considerations for the HAS. In Summer 2019, Planning and consultants organized focus group discussions with interested organizations to discuss major policy issues and potential policy approaches. In January 2020, Planning had three sessions to discuss preliminary findings.

San Francisco Housing Context

San Francisco's housing landscape has been changing since the Ohlone people first settled the peninsula and has continued through the city's many eras: the Spanish-Mexican mission and presidio that began the colonization of the city, the Gold Rush that sparked massive population growth, the 1906 Earthquake and fire that destroyed much of the city and required rapid rebuilding, the introduction of the streetcar and automobile that extended urban growth, the era of suburbanization around the Bay and decline in the city's population in the middle of the 20th Century, 1950s and 1960s urban renewal that demolished thousands of homes in Black and working class neighborhoods, renewed population growth since the 1980s, and recent waves of professional and high-income job growth since the 1990s have all transformed the city.

In 2018, San Francisco had 400,730 homes and 883,305⁴ residents and in January 2019, 8,011 people were experiencing homelessness.⁵

The city is majority renter households (65%) and a majority of renters live in rent-controlled (60%), multifamily buildings while a majority of homeowners live in single family homes.⁶

Permanently affordable housing represents 8.5% of all homes (33,000 units), mostly located on the city's east side.⁷ For context as of 2015, there were about 105,000 low-income renter households

(earning less than 80% of Area Median Income or AMI) and about 34,000 moderate-income renter households (earning between 80 and 120% of AMI).⁸

The city's housing production was low for decades up until 2000; after 2000, production in the city increased, but declined in the region.

- From 1960 to 1990 census data shows that San Francisco added fewer than 600 net new units per year while the Bay Area as a whole added nearly 37,000 units per year.
- From 1990 to 1999, San Francisco's housing production averaged 963 new homes per year, from 2000 to 2009 production averaged 2,302 homes per year, and from 2010 to 2019 it averaged 2,590 homes per year.⁹
- Regional housing production from 1990 to 2017 was less than 20,000 per year according to census data, a little more than half of what it had been in prior decades.
- From 1990 to 1999, affordable housing production in San Francisco averaged 334 homes (35% of the total) per year, from 2000 to 2009 average production doubled to 623 homes per year, and from 2010 to 2019 it averaged 692 homes per year.¹⁰
- Affordable and market rate production tend to rise and fall together, in part because market rate housing funds affordable and in part because both are tied to economic cycles- in the case of affordable because of higher city revenue/ funding.

FIGURE 1.
San Francisco Housing Production, 1990 - 2019

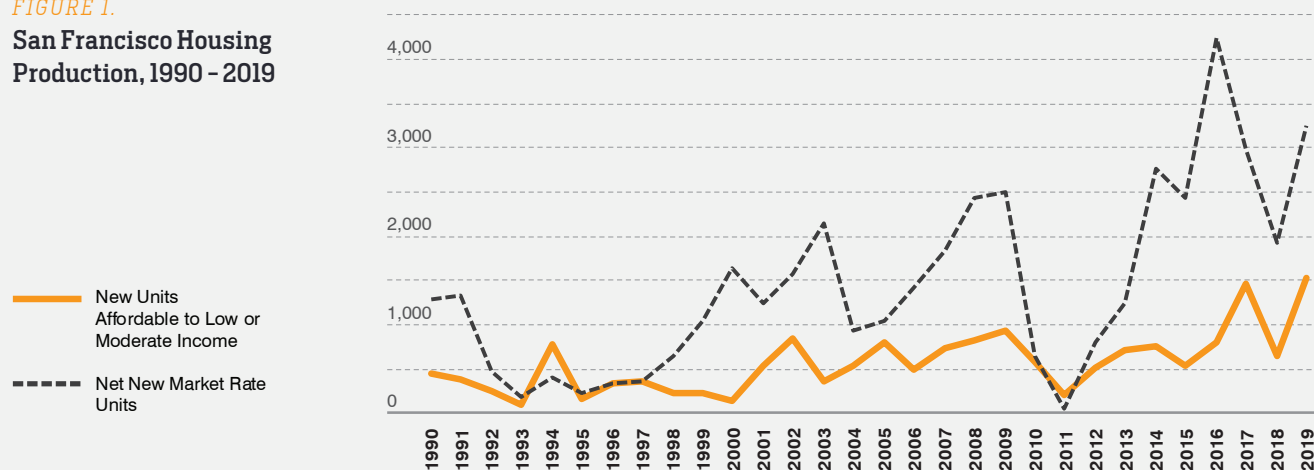
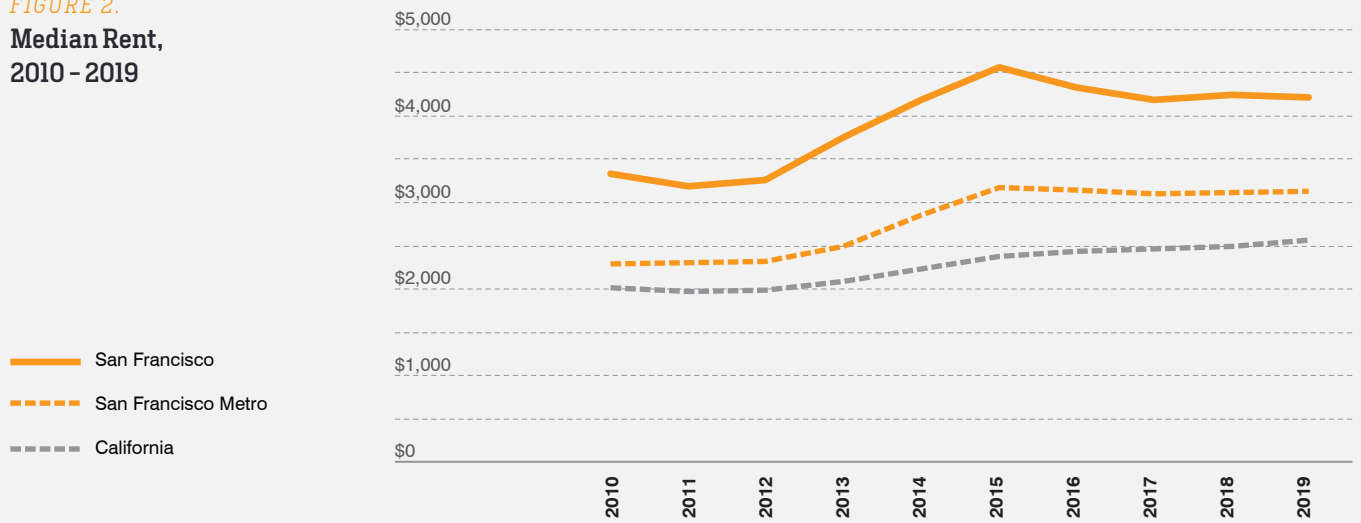
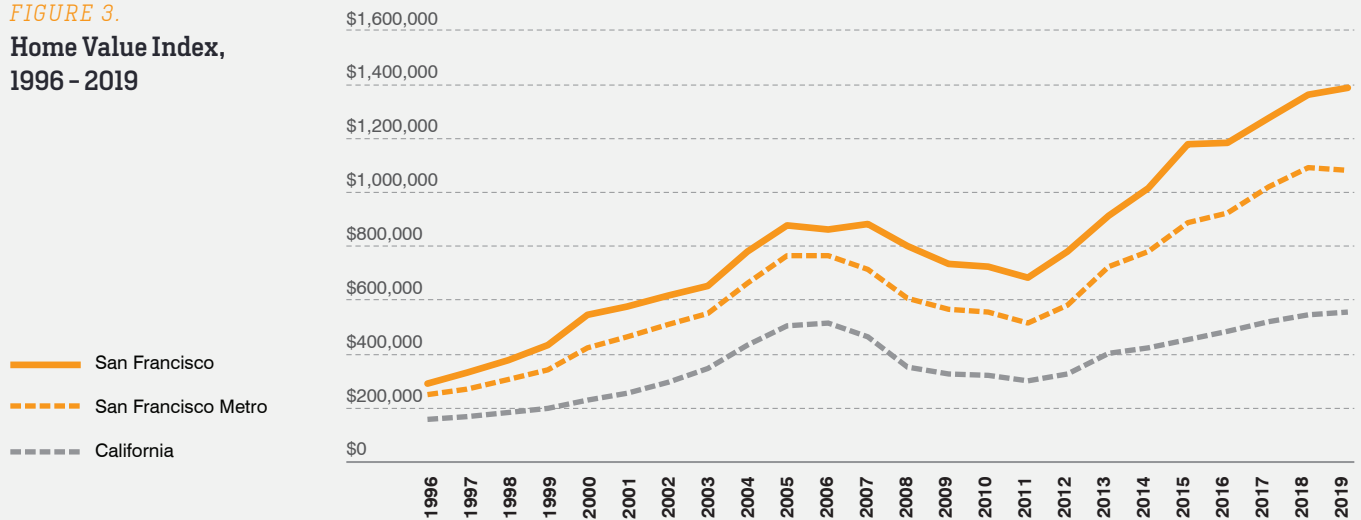


FIGURE 2.
Median Rent,
2010 - 2019



Source: Zillow

FIGURE 3.
Home Value Index,
1996 - 2019



Source: Zillow

Median rents and home prices have soared since the economic recovery that began in 2011 and are affordable only to higher income people.

Though median rents have stabilized and dropped since 2015, a household would need to earn about \$169,000 per year to afford the median rent in 2019. Home prices have nearly doubled since 2010 and more than quadrupled since the 1990s. A homebuyer would need to earn over \$307,000 per year to afford a home with a median price of \$1,387,278.



Photo: MOHCD

Racial and Social Equity Context

Sustaining San Francisco's racial, social, and economic diversity depends on the affordability and stability of housing. Growth of high wage industries, such as technology and professional services, has increased the number of high-income people in San Francisco and the region. Meanwhile, low- and moderate-income people in the city have dropped in number. These economic trends combined with historic discrimination and inequity impact communities of color. In the time span of 25 years, the proportion of the Black population in San Francisco was reduced by half, a far more rapid decline than the rest of the Bay Area.¹¹ Low-income households experienced the highest percentage of out-migration (4%) of any other income category between 2006 and 2015.¹²

Racial, Social, and Income Inequity and Housing

The following key findings illustrate the city's history of racial and social inequity as it relates to housing.

Growth in higher income households in San Francisco far outpaced housing growth for decades, putting increasing pressure on housing prices and rents.

- From 1990 to 2015, San Francisco added over 80,000 households with incomes above 120% of AMI but added just 31,019 new market-rate homes.¹³
- Higher income households have occupied a growing share of the city's rental and ownership housing in all housing types including a growing portion of the city's rent-controlled housing.¹⁴

The number of low- and moderate-income households in San Francisco has been dropping.

- From 1990 to 2015 the number of low-income and moderate-income households in the city dropped by 29,236.¹⁵
- Lower income renters face higher incidence of eviction and housing instability and fewer housing options than higher income households.¹⁶

Lower income households face a range of housing challenges.

- Low-income renters make up the vast majority (82%) of the estimated 82,000 cost-burdened renters (paying more than 30% of income in rent).¹⁷
- About half of cost-burdened renters (over 39,000) are severely burdened (paying more than 50% of income for rent).¹⁸
- 96% of severely burdened renters are low-income with the majority extremely low-income (earning less than 30% of AMI).¹⁹
- There are more than 33,000 cost-burdened owners spread among all income groups.²⁰
- Overcrowding mostly affects low-income households.²¹

Black, Latino, and Asian/Pacific Islander communities face greater housing challenges linked to income inequality and discrimination.²²

- Approximately 10% of the city's extremely low-income households are Black, while in 2015 Black people only comprised 5% of residents.²³
- Residents of color are far more likely to be low- or moderate-income than white residents.²⁴ Segregated white neighborhoods have more than double the incomes of segregated Black and Latino neighborhoods.²⁵
- Residents of color have higher cost burdens and more overcrowding.²⁶
- Black and Latino communities have a higher rate of renting.²⁷

- Residents of color face greater likelihood of eviction threats and housing instability.²⁸

Historic and Current Inequity in Housing Policy and Planning²⁹

Housing policy and land use planning have historically worsened racial and social inequity by excluding people of color from owning or renting in high opportunity areas, lending discrimination, prioritizing federal housing subsidies for higher income homeowners, and targeting communities of color and low-income neighborhoods for urban renewal. These policies directly contributed to lower wealth, health, and educational outcomes for people of color today. City agencies share responsibility to address this history with state and federal governments and private organizations. Discriminatory housing policies include:

- **Racial covenants** in property deeds restricted sales to people of color and religious minorities. Court rulings made these covenants illegal beginning in the late 1960s but covenants limited housing ownership for much of the 20th Century, part of a pattern of residential discrimination.
- **Redlining** was a federally sponsored and locally enforced and implemented practice that denied government-backed loans in neighborhoods and developments that were racially mixed or primarily people of color. Red lines on maps issued by government agencies excluded communities of color from loan programs that enabled home ownership for millions of white Americans, limiting homeownership and home improvement for people of color until the late 20th Century.
- **Renter and homebuyer discrimination** against people of color has been a challenge for much of the history of the United States and has continued through the recent mortgage crisis to today. Discrimination includes refusing to rent, sell, or even show property³⁰, directing people of color to certain neighborhoods, or targeting higher cost loans and financing to people of color.
- **Urban renewal** programs allowed cities to target "blighted" areas for redevelopment but in practice urban renewal usually targeted neighborhoods housing people of color and lower income renters for demolition, displacing thousands and damaging communities. Urban renewal's biggest

impact in San Francisco was in the Western Addition and South of Market.

- **Exclusionary zoning** uses land use rules to keep low- and moderate-income people, who are more likely to be people of color, out of higher income areas. Exclusionary zoning includes bans on multifamily housing or requirements for large lots or large yards for single-family homes. In San Francisco a majority of residential land is zoned for single-family or two-family homes, banning multifamily housing where low- and moderate-income people are more likely to live.
- **Federal housing programs mostly benefit higher income homeowners** including the mortgage interest and state and local tax deductions which yield the biggest benefits to owners of more expensive homes with higher mortgages and property taxes. These tax deductions cost the federal government far more than what is spent on housing programs for low-income people including housing choice vouchers and low-income housing tax credits.³¹

Addressing Historical Inequities

The City of San Francisco established the Office of Racial Equity in July 2019 to address racial inequities across the city and advance equitable outcomes for all our communities. Planning, along with other City agencies, is developing the Department's Racial and Social Equity Plan to address historic inequities and advance equity in community planning, policy development, and resource allocation.

The HAS report is an effort to address historical inequities by outlining concepts and policies for the city as a whole to substantially increase housing affordability and stability for low- and moderate-income households. The HAS also looks at policies to ensure that citywide efforts benefit people who have been harmed by past housing policies and programs, particularly the Black population. A comprehensive citywide framework can offer opportunities to keep our disadvantaged populations in place, house our homeless population, preserve and expand our existing affordable homes and produce new affordable homes for low- and moderate-income people and people of color. Together, these strategies can be scaled to reach our targets and reverse current inequity challenges.

Racial and Social Equity Indicators for Improvement

The City could measure its progress towards stability, increased opportunity, and access to affordable housing for vulnerable communities through key indicators. The indicators below have been adapted from Planning's **2019 Community Stabilization Report**:

San Francisco's vulnerable populations are gaining in stability when the following occurs:

- The Black population is increased.
- The populations of other racial groups that have been decreasing over time are increased (Native American/American Indian, Filipino, Samoan, and Vietnamese).
- Resources are maintained or increased to support housing needs of seniors, people living with disabilities, low-income households, people experiencing homelessness, youth, immigrants, LGBTQ+, refugees, linguistically isolated households, justice-involved individuals, and veterans.
- Income, health, and educational inequality is reduced between racial groups.
- Families with children, especially low- and moderate-income families, have housing choices throughout the city.

Past, present, and future San Francisco residents can find affordable housing opportunities when the following occurs:

- The proportion of low- and moderate-income households that are rent-burdened is decreased without loss of low- and moderate-income households.
- The number and types of evictions, including illegal evictions and buyouts is decreased.
- Income diversity within areas that are predominantly higher income is increased.
- The number of affordable housing units for low- and moderate-income residents is increased.

Assumptions for Housing Targets

The HAS uses key housing targets established by the elected leaders and residents of San Francisco and analyzes how different policies can help us meet these targets. These targets may shift based on future forecasts of regional population and job growth, assessment of critical needs, as well as the priorities established by residents and elected officials. The analysis contained in the HAS is designed to determine the policies and potential resources needed to meet current and future targets. These key housing targets include:

Produce an average of 5,000 new homes a year, adding 150,000 additional homes by 2050 . Mayor London Breed, along with former Mayor Edwin Lee, set a target to produce at least 5,000 homes per year. The city produced 5,000 units in a year just once (in 2016) in the last 40 years, though it came close in 2019 when 4,800 units were built. Housing production is important because new homes help meet the needs of a growing workforce and population as well as the needs of current residents looking for a new home due to changing circumstances such as a growing family, desire to start their own household, or desire to downsize. The 5,000 homes target is 35% higher than actual annual average production from 2014 to 2018 and 87% above the average from 2009 to 2018.

Produce an annual average of at least 1,667 homes affordable at very low-, low-, and moderate-incomes, or 50,000 affordable homes by 2050 (one third of new homes). Setting a target of one third of new homes affordable at very low-, low-, and moderate-incomes aligns with the goal for areas where substantial new housing is added in Proposition K, passed by voters in 2014. This number would not meet the full 2,042 affordable units per year target set for San Francisco in the 2015-2022 Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA). Furthermore, San Francisco's overall RHNA target is likely to increase in the next RHNA cycle as discussed in the upcoming capital plan. However, when additional targets for acquisition and preservation of existing homes as permanently affordable housing (described more below) and

addition of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) are considered, as required by state law, the RHNA targets could be met. It is also important to note that the target of 1,667 new affordable homes per year is 98% more than the city produced on average annually from 2014 to 2018 and 132% more than the annual average from 2009 to 2018 and will require significantly more public investment, incentives, cost reductions, and/or other strategies to achieve. Producing affordable homes at this scale would grow our permanently affordable stock from about 33,000 homes to over 83,000, more than doubling the affordable percentage from 8.5% to 18%.

Preserve 600-700 units of existing subsidized affordable housing per year. The City's portfolio of publicly funded affordable housing includes many aging properties in need of rehabilitation. In addition, some older properties funded by federal programs such as loans from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) may be at-risk of converting to market-rate housing when affordability requirements expire. Without intervention, there is the potential for loss of affordable housing and the displacement of residents. In the case of remaining large public housing sites, Potrero and Sunnysdale, the City is rebuilding existing public housing without displacing current residents through the HOPE SF program.

Preserve 400 apartments serving low- and moderate-income renters annually through acquisition of rent-controlled housing. The City's Small Sites program has funded nonprofit acquisition of hundreds of rent-controlled apartments occupied by low- and moderate-income tenants. Each year about 400 rent-controlled apartments are removed from protected status through the Ellis Act and owner move-in evictions. After an eviction, these units will no longer be affordable to low- and moderate-income renters. Acquisition can help preserve more housing as permanently affordable and stabilizes residents.

Concepts for Future Housing Development and Affordability

Photo: Bruce Damonte

The three concepts presented in this section offer different ways the City could meet the housing production and affordability targets outlined above. Each concept meets the goal of 150,000 new homes, including 50,000 affordable homes, by 2050, but differ in land use pattern and the scale of potential buildings, neighborhood feel and impacts, amount of public investment in affordable housing, and required infrastructure to serve current and future residents. Future policy could combine elements from each of these concepts. The three concepts are:

CONCEPT 1 East Side Focus: New homes would be added in taller, multifamily buildings near Downtown and in light industrial areas, intensifying recent growth patterns in the city's eastern neighborhoods.

CONCEPT 2 Transit Corridors Focus: New homes would be added in mid-rise multifamily buildings along transit lines that will receive major transit improvements.

CONCEPT 3 Residential District Focus: New homes would be added throughout the city's residential neighborhoods and neighborhood commercial corridors without major changes to heights.

Potential changes in land use controls were analyzed using an econometric model to estimate the amount of housing likely to be produced in each concept. The model uses data on past housing development and on current housing prices and construction costs (see Appendix for methodology) to predict the effects of potential land use changes and other policy changes on future housing production (New Multifamily Production – Model Estimate).

Each concept also includes nearly 40,000 units in large projects/development agreements that have been approved by the City. These projects make up the majority of San Francisco's pipeline of future housing development and includes redevelopment areas and projects such as Candlestick, Treasure Island, Park Merced, Pier 70, and Mission Rock. In addition to the large projects, each concept includes an estimate of ADUs produced based on recent trends.

Estimates on funding needed for affordable homes were developed based on recent affordable housing production and preservation costs, current inclusionary housing policy, and the number of inclusionary units likely in new market-rate buildings.

Protections for existing multifamily rental housing and historic structures apply to all of the concepts, including restrictions on demolition or conversion and higher levels of scrutiny for any development affecting these sites. In addition, affordable housing preservation targets assume increased investment in acquisition and rehabilitation of existing rental housing serving low- and moderate- income renters.

The report's policy analysis section contains more detailed information on policies including affordable housing production and preservation, protection and stabilization, land use and development rules, and housing finance and feasibility

TABLE 1.
HAS Baseline³² Estimate and Concept Targets for Future Housing Development by 2050

	Baseline	Target for 3 Concepts
New Multifamily Production – Model Estimate		
Market-rate	38,500	65,000
Inclusionary Affordable	8,300	13,000
Large Projects/ Development Agreements		
Market-rate	29,000	29,000
Inclusionary Affordable	6,200	6,200
OCII-funded units ¹	2,500	2,500
City Funded – 100% Affordable	10,580	28,300
Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)	6,000	6,000
Total Units	101,080	150,000
Total Affordable	27,580	50,000
% Affordable²	27%	33%

¹ OCII will fund affordable units committed to as part of the enforceable obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency before dissolution of Redevelopment.

² The Baseline affordable percentage of 27% is based on the recent historical average.



Photo: Sergio Ruiz, SPUR

CONCEPT 1**East Side Focus****Geography of Development**

In this concept the vast majority of new homes would be built in neighborhoods on the east side of the city close to Downtown, in light industrial areas, and neighborhoods near the eastern waterfront (light orange on map). This concept would expand the growth that has happened or is already planned in area plans and redevelopment areas such as Mission Bay, Transbay, Hunters Point/ Candlestick, Market and Octavia, and Eastern Neighborhoods (dark orange in map).

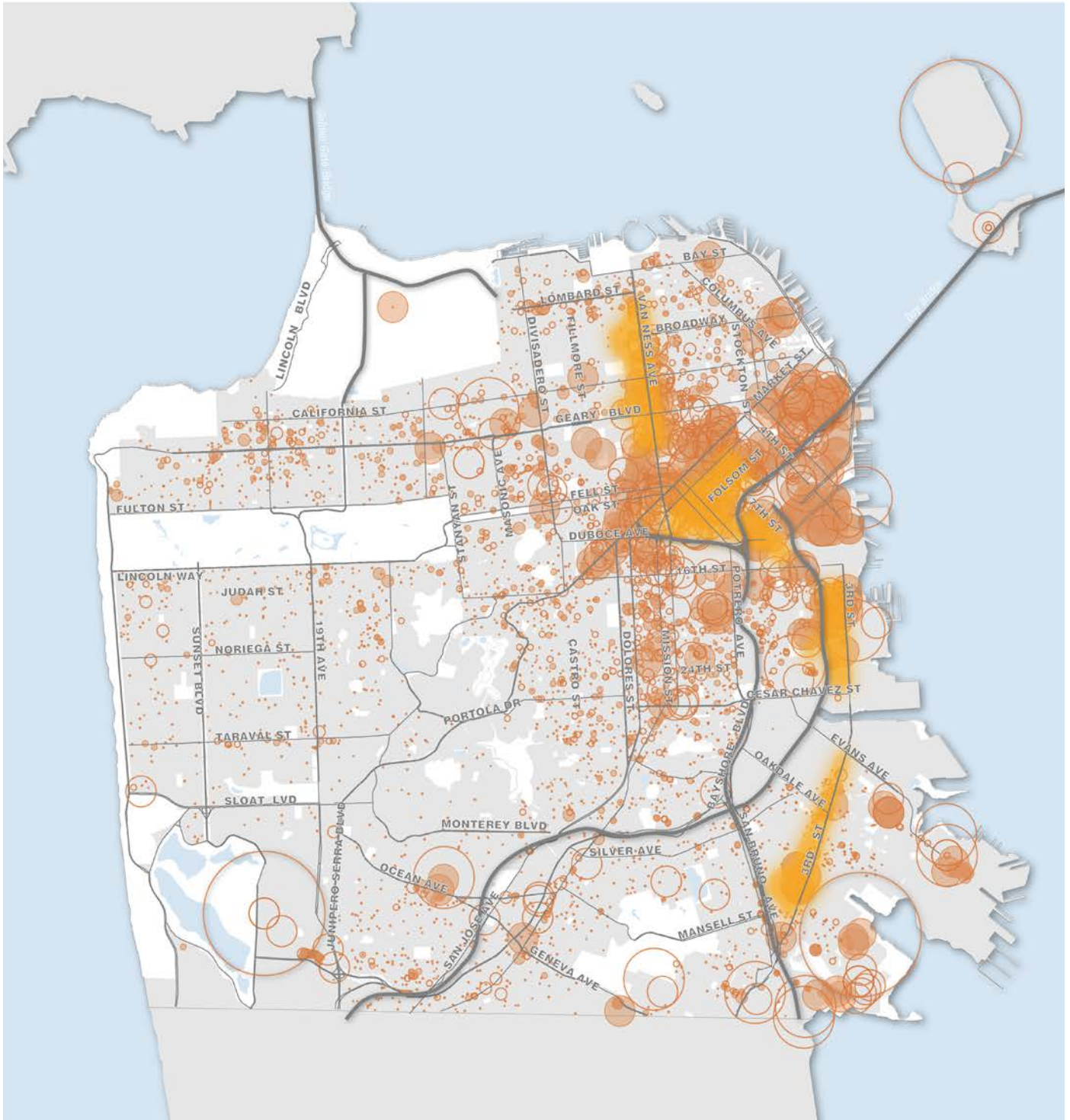
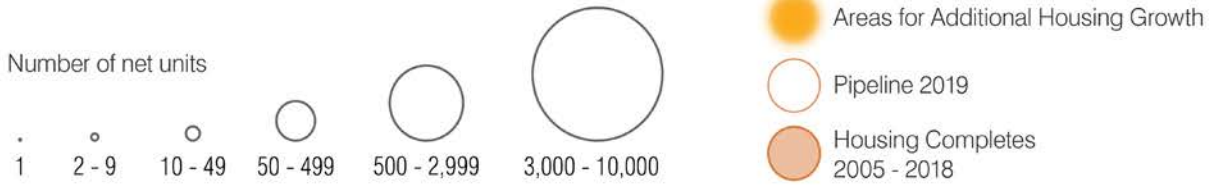
Growth on the western two-thirds of the city would be limited to a few large projects like Park Merced. Some homeowners would likely take advantage of the City's ADU program to add apartments to existing residential buildings. There would also be some new residential buildings added on neighborhood commercial streets but change would be limited in most west side neighborhoods.

Buildings and Neighborhoods

In this concept new homes would be added via taller buildings, including towers of 10 to 24 stories in locations closest to jobs and transit as well as mid-rise buildings of five to eight stories built in less central areas farther from the Downtown core. New housing and residents would add to busy, walkable neighborhoods filled with services, jobs, and activity. Allowing taller, denser buildings in more areas would create the opportunity to build far more homes overall and more inclusionary affordable homes by leveraging private investment. The east side already has numerous examples of this concept where areas near Downtown, light industrial areas, and former naval bases continue to be transformed into dense residential areas. While thousands of homes could be added in this concept, there would be significant change in some areas that currently have production, distribution, and repair ("PDR") space. PDR uses in these areas would likely be displaced and these jobs could leave the city.

Housing Affordability Strategy

East Side Concept



Impacts

Affordable Housing: This concept would likely generate more inclusionary housing than the other concepts by allowing more large buildings that are required to financially support more inclusionary units. Higher inclusionary production could lower the public funding needed to meet affordable housing targets by tens of millions of dollars annually.

Equity Concerns: This concept would continue recent trends that focus new development in or near low-income neighborhoods and communities of color on the east side of the city, potentially accelerating changes in these neighborhoods. All of San Francisco is under displacement pressure due to a limited amount of housing and strong local and regional economic growth that attracts many high-income people but people on the east side may suffer an undue share of the burdens associated with population growth and construction activity. While this concept would generate more affordable housing, the associated growth would also require increased investments, services, and programs to ensure the needs of existing lower income populations are being met and that these neighborhoods remain diverse and mixed-income, in addition to continuing citywide efforts to strengthen tenant protections and services.

Local Business and Jobs: Some of the areas where new housing would be added in this concept are currently zoned for PDR uses that provide space for blue collar jobs and diverse businesses that could be lost. Policies could strive to replace PDR space or prioritize key employment sites for PDR preservation. At the same time, intensified residential development could strengthen neighborhood businesses and bring new jobs in local services to neighborhoods where new development occurs.

Transportation and Greenhouse Gas (“GHG”) Reduction: This concept would put more residents in proximity to jobs and services encouraging use of existing transit as well as more walking and

biking, lower vehicle miles traveled, and lower GHG emissions.

Infrastructure Improvement: Concentrated development in a few areas of the east side of the city would require additional parks, playgrounds, and schools as well as transit and street improvements. New, large residential development in concentrated areas could generate significant funding for community benefits including new parks and playgrounds and improved streets and sidewalks to enhance the streetscape and public spaces in these neighborhoods. Because areas on the west side of the city would see far less new residential development, there could be less investment on the west side in transit and other public infrastructure.

Uneven Access: The west side of the city currently has many of the amenities such as large parks, Ocean Beach, and higher performing schools that are far from most renters and multifamily housing. Adding growth on the east side would exacerbate access concerns to west side amenities.



Photo: Bruce Damonte

CONCEPT 2

Transit Corridors

Geography of Development

In this concept, more new homes would be built along major transit lines and these lines would receive significant investments to accommodate additional ridership. Growth would be spread in major transit corridors in the north, south, and western parts of the city (light orange on map). Examples of this kind of neighborhood can be seen along some of San Francisco's streets including along Market Street between Castro Street and Van Ness Avenue, along Van Ness Avenue and Polk Street, along Mission and Valencia streets, along Third Street in Dogpatch and Bayview, and along Ocean Avenue near City College.

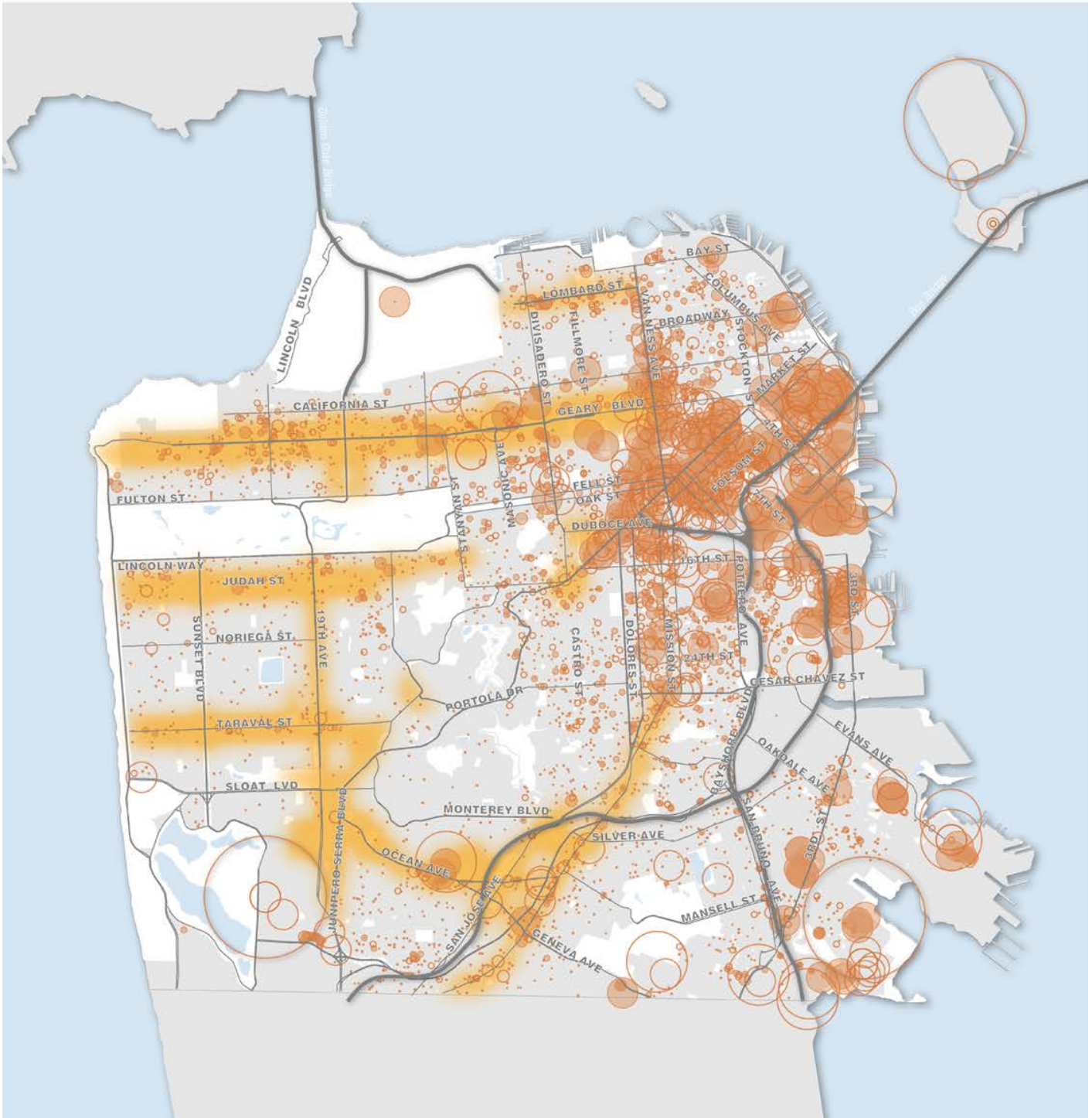
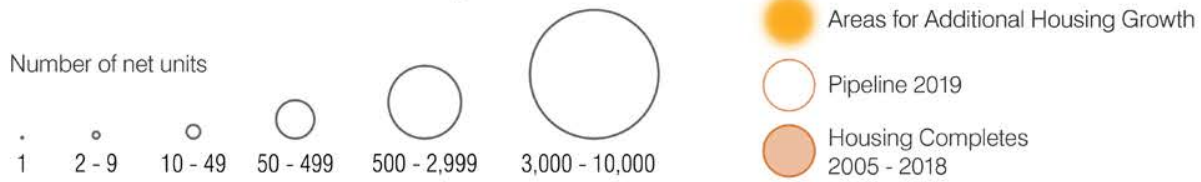
As with the other concepts, there would still be significant growth in area plans and redevelopment areas such as Mission Bay, Transbay, Hunters Point/ Candlestick, Market and Octavia, and Eastern Neighborhoods. There would also be large projects like Park Merced on the western side of the city. In

residential areas some property owners will also likely take advantage of the City's ADU program to add apartments to existing residential buildings.

Buildings and Neighborhoods

More multifamily buildings would be allowed in the blocks along upgraded transit corridors, mostly in midrise buildings of five to eight stories as well as in smaller buildings. Some homes would be added in towers of more than ten stories in a few places near major transit intersections, on wide streets, or in close proximity to major commercial and job centers. The resulting neighborhoods would be an active mix of ground floor commercial spaces and homes in both older and newer buildings. The blocks along transit would take on a distinct character with more activity and more multifamily residential buildings while nearby residential areas would remain lower scale. Existing apartment buildings would be protected but low-rise commercial buildings or single-family homes close to transit could be replaced with larger residential buildings.

Housing Affordability Strategy Transit Corridors Concept



Impacts

Affordable Housing: While new buildings in this scenario would generally be shorter than the east side concept, the transit corridor concept would still likely generate significant inclusionary housing. Higher inclusionary production could lower the public funding needed to meet affordable housing targets by tens of millions of dollars annually.

Equity Concerns: This concept would distribute development over a larger area of the city than it has been in the recent past, which could reduce concentrated neighborhood change. Displacement pressures are already widespread in the city. Additional protection and stabilization policies for current renters and existing multifamily housing serving those renters could help ensure new transit corridor residential districts retain a diversity of old and new housing and preserve existing residents.

Local Business and Jobs: Increased housing development could strengthen businesses in commercial corridors and along transit by placing thousands of new residents nearby and could also bring new jobs and local services in the transit corridor neighborhoods.

Transportation and GHG Reduction: This concept would put more residents in proximity to the city's rapid transit lines and would also create neighborhoods with more concentrated local services within walking distance, reducing the need to drive and lowering vehicle miles traveled and GHG emissions.

Infrastructure Improvement: This concept would be centered around existing transit lines that will receive significant investment and improved service. Concentrated development near transit would also generate impact fees to improve streets, public spaces, parks, and transit itself. While there will be more residents overall, existing residents could enjoy improved services and infrastructure in this scenario.

Expanded Access: More of San Francisco's residents would have better access to the large parks, the beach, and higher performing schools found in the western part of the city.



Photo: Sergio Ruiz, SPUR

CONCEPT 3**Residential District Growth****Geography of Development**

In this concept, San Francisco would allow more homes to be added in neighborhoods where the number of homes allowed is currently very limited. These changes would allow more homes on the majority of the city's residential land currently zoned to allow just one single-family home (RH-1) or two-family homes (RH-2) per lot. More homes would also be allowed in zoning districts such as residential mixed (RM) and neighborhood commercial (NC) that allow multifamily housing but limit the number of units based on the square footage of the lot (areas of potential change are shown in light orange on the map). The number of homes allowed on residential lots in this concept would be based on rules controlling the form of buildings including height, bulk, setbacks, design requirements, open space, and requirements for multi-bedroom units.

In this concept there would be no change to limits on building height, but density limits would be removed.

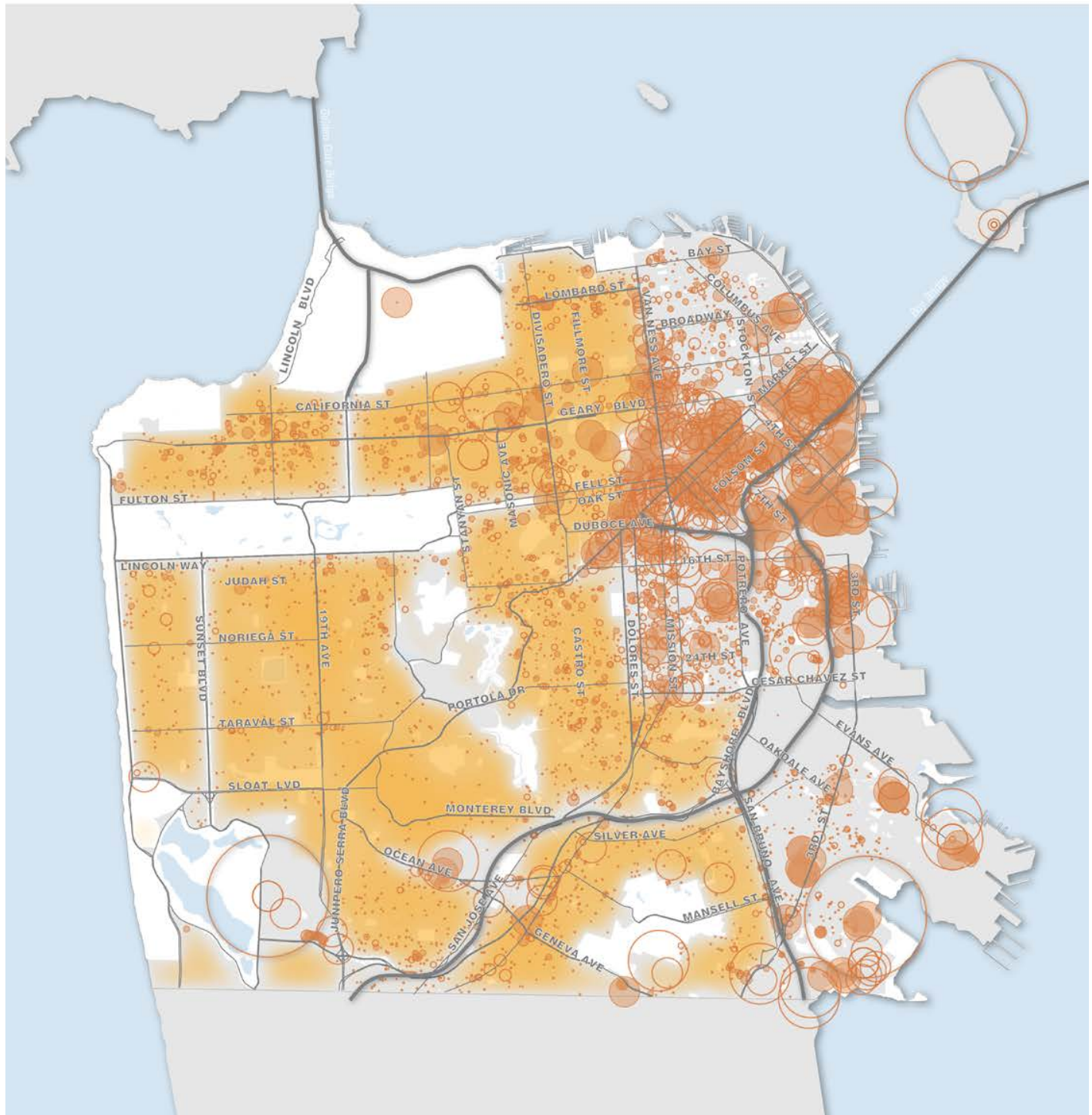
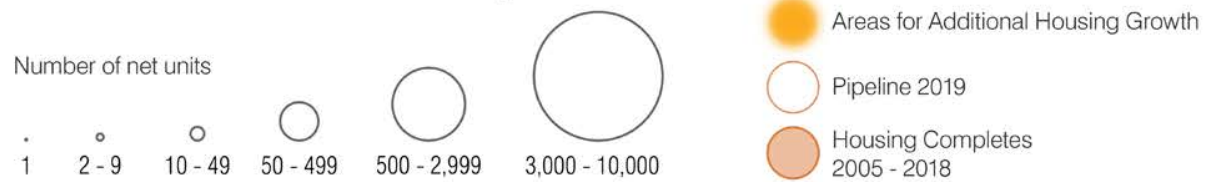
As with the transit corridor concept, there would still be significant development on major streets and commercial corridors because larger lots in these areas are attractive for development. In fact, housing development on these corridors is more likely than on the smaller residential lots nearby. As with the other concepts, there would still be significant growth in area plans and redevelopment areas such as Mission Bay, Transbay, Hunters Point/ Candlestick, Market and Octavia, and Eastern Neighborhoods (dark orange rings on map). There would also be large projects like Park Merced on the western side of the city. Property owners in residential areas could still take advantage of the ADU program but would have more flexibility to add a greater number of units.

Buildings and Neighborhoods

In this concept there would be no change in heights. Most new buildings on the west and south sides of the city would be the currently allowed four stories

Housing Affordability Strategy

Residential Growth Concept



or a few stories taller or shorter based on existing height limits. On commercial corridors, multifamily buildings would include ground floor commercial space with neighborhood-serving businesses. Some homeowners could also transform single-family homes into multifamily buildings according to rules on height, multibedroom units, and other form-based controls described above. However, the high value of single-family homes in San Francisco could make transformation of these homes unlikely. The resulting development pattern would be more dispersed than in other concepts.

Impacts

Financial Opportunities and Challenges: The smaller residential buildings envisioned in this concept are similar to past eras of housing development but differ from current development patterns and therefore are harder to analyze and predict. As a result, this concept requires lower construction cost assumptions to get the same amount of housing as other concepts. The changes in this concept could allow families to transform single family homes by adding units to make space for multiple generations or add new rental units to increase family income. However, transformation of small lots and single-family homes could be costly due to high construction costs and home prices that result in high per-unit land costs for the new units. New financing types and a new generation of smaller scale homebuilders could be needed for this concept to fully succeed.

Affordable Housing: Because height limits are unchanged in this concept, new buildings are smaller in scale than new buildings in the other concept and less likely to provide inclusionary homes, requiring more public subsidy for affordable housing.

Equity Concerns: Of all the concepts, this approach would distribute development most broadly in the city, reducing concentrated neighborhood change. Displacement pressures are widespread in the city and additional protection and stabilization policies could still be needed to help stabilize existing renters and multifamily housing.

Local Business and Jobs: In this concept a large portion of residential development would still be in neighborhood commercial corridors so some corridors could see more residents and activity. However, the more dispersed nature of development in this concept would not result in the same concentration of local businesses, jobs, and services as the other concepts.

Transportation and GHG Reduction: This concept could more widely distribute new housing around the city and residents could be farther from transit or neighborhood services. As a result, residents might rely more on cars generating more traffic and GHG emissions.

Infrastructure Improvement: Because development would be more dispersed in this concept, improvements in major transit lines might benefit fewer people. In addition, infrastructure needs could grow in neighborhoods around the city, but dispersed and lower-scale development might not generate the same community benefits or investments to address those needs.

Expanded Access: This concept would allow more housing and residents throughout San Francisco's neighborhoods allowing more access to the city's largest parks, the beach, and a range of schools and residential neighborhoods, providing more equitable access.

Summarizing Benefits & Challenges of Different Concepts

Each of the concepts for housing development could potentially accommodate significantly more housing than we have today, including substantially more affordable housing. However, the impacts on different neighborhoods, required public investment, and lifestyle implied by each concept could be very different. In the following table, we summarize similarities and differences among the concepts.

	Concept 1: East side Focus	Concept 2: Transit Corridors	Concept 3: Residential District Growth
Increase in Zoned Housing Capacity Over Baseline	19%	27%	41%
Share of Future Housing in Eastern 1/3 of City	75%	50%	50%
Share of 50,000 Affordable Units From Inclusionary	41%	39%	35%
Percentage Increase in Public Funds Needed for Affordable Housing	156%	167%	185%
150,000 Units Likely to Be Produced	Yes	Yes	<i>Depends partly on lower construction costs</i>
Over 40,000 Units in Large Projects	Yes	Yes	Yes
Need for New Transit Investments	Yes	Yes	Yes
Access to Existing Job Centers	Yes	Yes	
Access to Existing Community Facilities like parks		Yes	Yes
Change in Scale and Appearance of Buildings	Yes	Yes	<i>Possibly</i>

The three concepts illustrate that San Francisco could add similar amounts of housing in very different ways depending on the priorities of city residents. Each concept will likely need increased investment in public infrastructure including transit, streets, parks, and schools as well as increased and sustained affordable housing investment. Future housing policy could combine elements of each concept to create an approach that is stronger than any of the individual concepts alone.

Equity must be central to the future of housing planning and policy in San Francisco if the city is to reverse discriminatory policies and negative outcomes for communities of color and lower income San Franciscans. Segregated housing patterns can only be addressed by concerted efforts to create more diverse housing opportunities in more parts of the city. At the same time, special attention will need to be paid to the stabilization of existing communities of color and low-income communities along with the creation of additional housing in those neighborhoods. Specific investments will be needed to help communities that have been leaving the city, such as the Black community, to remain and return to San Francisco.

The following sections of the report look more in depth at key policy issues that will need to be addressed for any of the land use concepts to be successful and the city's housing targets to be met or exceeded. These policy issues include housing development feasibility and costs, regulation of housing development, affordable housing funding, and protection and stabilization policies and services for vulnerable residents.

Policy Issues

Photo: MOHCD

This section addresses core policy issues that need to be considered to implement any combination of the land use concepts discussed in the prior section. In order to meet the targets of 5,000 units per year with at least one third affordable, while increasing community stability the city will need a comprehensive approach of production and preservation of housing and protection of residents, particularly tenants. The core policy issues explored in this section were defined based on community and housing experts' input as well as analysis by consultants and staff. The policy issues that follow summarize challenges and opportunities ahead. Each of these policy issues is further developed in individual white papers with additional analysis of historic and current trends and future potential to scale current efforts to achieve the City's housing targets.

The first two policy issues discuss the economic and regulatory context for housing development. The third policy issue analyzes affordable housing policy and funding. The fourth policy issue highlights key community stability strategies.

1 Housing Development Feasibility and Costs

explains the key factors affecting whether new housing is likely to be built, including financing and investment sources, major costs including land and construction, housing markets and prices, and the financial factors affecting the decision to build. This summary also looks at potential policies and technologies that could lower costs.

2 Regulation of Housing Development

reviews how San Francisco has guided housing development over time with various rules, zoning regulations, and processes. The section also looks at how San Francisco could potentially encourage more multifamily housing, especially affordable housing, through changes to its housing planning, approvals, and permitting process.

3 Affordable Housing Funding, Production, and Preservation

analysis presents information on affordable housing funding, both past and future, housing production and preservation trends, and policies to produce and preserve affordable housing. It includes the assessment of the City funding needed to achieve production and preservation targets.

4 Tenant Protections, Housing Stabilization, and Homeless Services

complements the previous three policy issues with strategies to protect and care for the most vulnerable populations. It focuses on the community stability strategies that need to be implemented parallel to housing production and preservation. This section builds on extensive research and analysis included in the Community Stabilization Initiative (CSI) as well as the targets provided by the Strategic Framework developed by the City's Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (HSH).

Housing Development Feasibility and Costs

Reaching the City's targets for housing production and preservation depends on sustained development of both privately financed, market-rate housing, inclusionary affordable units, and publicly funded, affordable housing. The likelihood of housing construction depends on the relationship between development costs and prices/rents, which ultimately determines the financial feasibility of development. Development costs in the Bay Area and San Francisco have been soaring, creating a barrier to the production of all types of housing. This summary provides background on the financial considerations that drive private housing development, and how potential policies could help to lower the cost of development, and increase the feasibility and likelihood of new housing production citywide.

Financial Feasibility of Privately Financed Housing

Private real estate developers rely on a combination of equity and debt financing to obtain the capital necessary for development. Developers must demonstrate that a project is financially feasible to lenders, equity investors, and landowners. Each of these stakeholders has its own requirements and financial expectations:

- **Lenders.** Banks and other institutions that provide debt financing for development projects must be satisfied that the development project is at low enough risk of default. Lenders will only underwrite loans that meet certain financial performance benchmarks.
- **Equity investors.** Equity investors (e.g. pension funds, insurance companies, labor unions, sovereign funds) compare the expected risk and return to other opportunities, which could include other real estate projects or investments in businesses or stocks.
- **Landowners.** After factoring in project revenues and costs, a real estate project must still generate enough "residual land value" to purchase the land at a price that is attractive to the property owner.

A development project is feasible if it can achieve the required return and residual land value, after factoring in the development costs and revenues, which are described in more detail below. In San Francisco, lenders and equity investors typically require a 15 to 25% margin or return over their development costs. The expected return varies depending on the risks associated with securing entitlements, complexity, market conditions, and schedule.

Development Costs

Development costs include the following four categories:

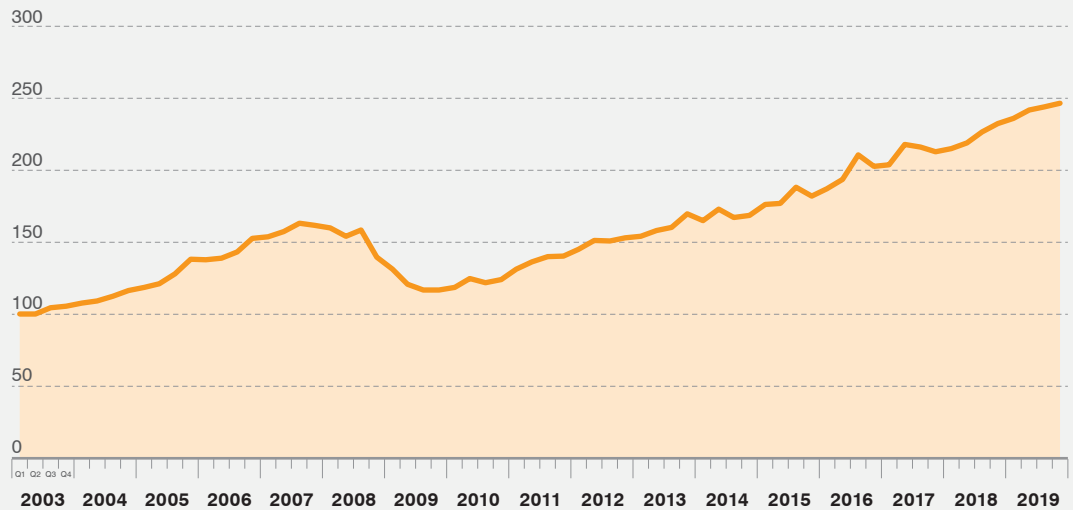
1. Direct or "hard" costs. Hard costs include the direct cost of constructing buildings and other improvements on site such as landscaping and infrastructure. Taller buildings with more development intensity are more expensive to build per unit because they require sturdier structural elements, higher standards of fire-proofing, and other amenities such as elevators. High-rise buildings are usually built with steel and/or reinforced concrete, a more expensive form of construction per square foot, whereas low-rise buildings can be made from less expensive wood frame construction.

Construction costs in San Francisco have been rising steadily over the last decade. In 2019, San Francisco had the highest construction costs in the world.³³ Construction bids have escalated rapidly since the Great Recession, at a compounded annual growth rate of 7.3% from 2011 to 2019.³⁴ Construction industry experts are projecting continued cost inflation of between 4.5 and 7.0 % in San Francisco in 2020.³⁵

According to interviews with developers and contractors, and a review of recent reports on construction costs, some of the factors that are affecting construction costs include:

- A shortage of experienced construction workers, combined with a booming construction market, with many major projects in the pipeline.³⁶
- Lack of competition from subcontractors, especially in specialized trades (electrical, plumbing, etc.), is driving up bids for new development projects.

FIGURE 7.
Construction Cost
Index



Source: TBD Consultants,
Construction Bid Index

- The impact of tariffs on the price of building materials, and uncertainty regarding future trade policies.³⁷

The use of innovative construction technologies has the potential to significantly reduce the cost of development, for both market-rate and affordable housing projects.³⁸ There are two types of technologies that have been explored for this strategy:

- **Modular construction**, which involves the production of residential units offsite. Individual units are prefabricated in a factory, and then assembled on-site. In recent years, several market-rate and affordable projects throughout the Bay Area have been using modular systems for new housing developments. Developers estimate that in some cases, modular construction can reduce overall construction costs and time by 15 to 30%.
- **Mass timber**, which involves the use of newly engineered materials like cross-laminated timber for residential buildings. Because these new technologies are untested in the U.S., they are presently more expensive than traditional wood construction. However, this dynamic is forecast to change in the next five to ten years, as building codes are updated, and the production of the material is scaled up. Mass timber provides a variety of efficiency and cost advantages

compared to conventional residential construction. Contractors estimate that mass timber could reduce overall construction costs by 15 to 25%.³⁹

2. Indirect or “soft” costs. Soft costs include indirect costs associated with the project, including professional fees for design and engineering, and other costs such as taxes, insurance, planning and permitting fees charged by the City, and the cost of financing.

3. Municipal impact fees and inclusionary housing requirements. Municipal impact fees are fees charged to offset the impact of development on City services and the community at large. In San Francisco, impact fees vary by neighborhood, as many areas have imposed additional fees or special taxes for affordable housing, neighborhood infrastructure, or other community facilities. The City’s Inclusionary Affordable Housing policy requires private housing development to provide affordable units either onsite or offsite, or to pay in-lieu fees.⁴⁰

4. Land cost. Generally speaking, land costs are determined by location and the types and intensity of uses allowed by zoning. Based on market research for different areas of the city, the value of land can range from \$200 to more than \$1,000 per square foot, depending on the location and the density permitted by zoning.⁴¹

Revenues

Revenue sources for housing development consist of the rents collected (for rental apartments) or sales revenues (for-sale townhomes and condominiums). Some projects have other smaller sources of revenue, including parking leases, and commercial lease revenues in mixed use developments.

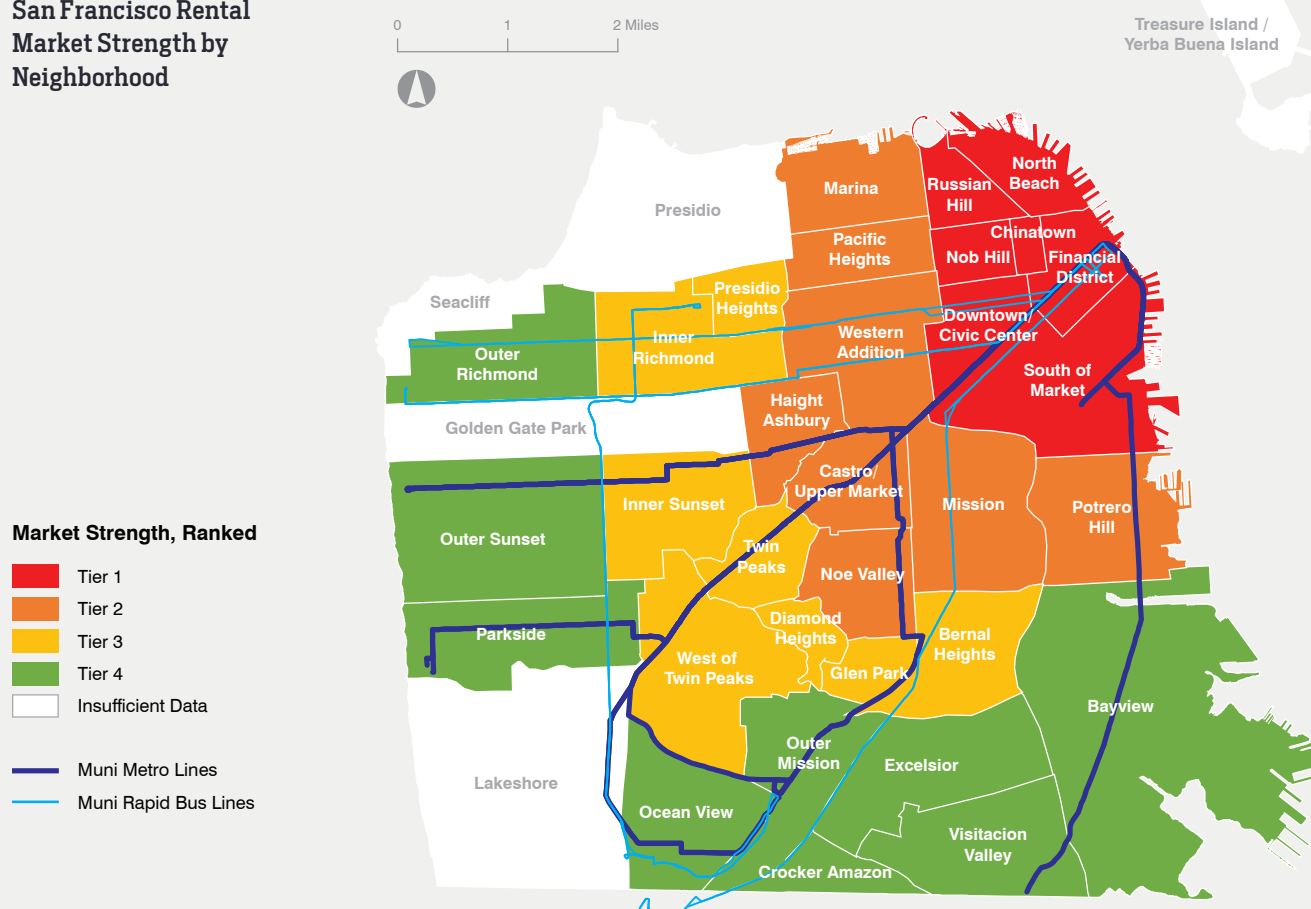
Location matters a great deal for revenues; different areas of the city command varying sales prices and rents, based on their proximity to jobs and transportation, neighborhood services and amenities, and safety and desirability. The map in Figure 8 illustrates four levels of market strength based on apartment rent data and recent development activity.

Tier 1 Downtown Core submarkets include the northeastern section of San Francisco where new development activity is strong, including high-rise housing projects. The rents are highest in these areas due to the proximity to amenities, major transit corridors, and Downtown jobs.

Tier 2 Central Ring submarkets represent areas where rents are not as high as Tier 1 but have attracted low-rise and mid-rise multifamily housing projects.

Tier 3 Outer Ring and **Tier 4 Western and Southern** submarkets: have has sporadic multifamily housing development. Many of the neighborhoods in these areas are dominated by single-family homes, where larger scale housing development is not permitted.

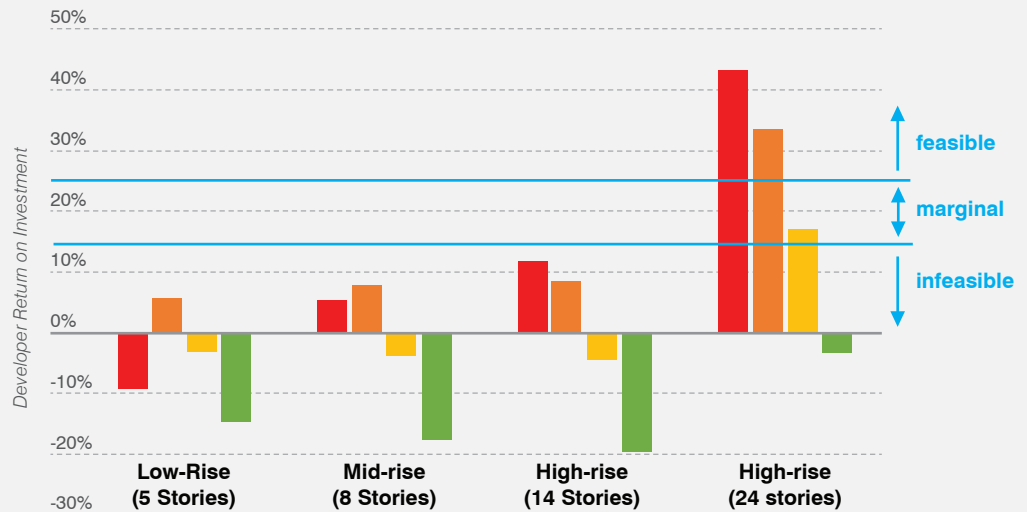
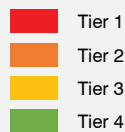
FIGURE 8.
San Francisco Rental
Market Strength by
Neighborhood



Source: City of San Francisco, 2019;
Strategic Economics, 2020.

FIGURE 9.

Typical Pro Forma Developer Return by Building Type and Submarket under Current Development Cost and Market Conditions



*Note: Tier 1 Downtown Core, Tier 2 Inner-Ring Neighborhoods, Tier 3 Outer-Ring Neighborhoods, and Tier 4 Western and Southern Neighborhoods

Source: Strategic Economics, 2019

Feasibility of Residential Development in San Francisco Today

- Despite extremely strong demand for housing, development feasibility is a challenge for many parts of the Bay Area, including in many areas of San Francisco. In recent years, rising development costs region-wide have outpaced the rate of growth in rents, which has prevented production.
- Under current market conditions and development costs, taller high-rises (more than 20 stories) are generally more financially feasible than other building types in the strongest submarkets (Tier 1 and Tier 2). This is because new, high-rise developments can generate revenues that can offset the cost of development.
- Recently, some low- and mid-rise housing projects have been completed in San Francisco, especially in Tier 2 submarkets, but developers have reported that these building types are more challenging to finance now with the current development cost structure.⁴²

Strategies to Improve Feasibility

There are a variety of policy tools that could ease development costs and stimulate production across a wider range of building types and in more submarkets. These include strategies to reduce construction costs, reduce fees on development, public investments in infrastructure and amenities, and encouraging smaller scale infill projects in lower density neighborhoods.

Update regulations to facilitate mass timber and modular construction. As the construction innovations become more widespread, and more production facilities become active, the adoption of mass timber and modular construction could reduce hard costs by between 15 to 30%, according to estimates from developers and contractors. The cost reduction could significantly improve the financial feasibility of housing.

The City of San Francisco can put policies in place to facilitate the transition to new construction technologies by updating building codes and permitting processes. San Francisco's building code would need to adopt new standards for mass timber technologies to be implemented at a larger scale, especially for taller buildings.

Workforce development. The City of San Francisco can coordinate with community-based organizations, labor, and workforce training programs to ensure that there is a growing number of workers and sub-contractors. Workforce development programs in the construction industry are important both for conventional housing development and for preparing workers for off-site manufacturing and construction jobs using newer technologies.

Impact fee and area fees. Citywide impact fees are estimated to be, on average, approximately \$25 per gross square foot of building area. These fees are higher in plan areas that are upzoned, such as special use districts (SUDs). In submarkets where market-rate development is less financially feasible, reducing the City fee structure may enable more housing, especially in Tier 2 and Tier 3 submarkets.

City investments in infrastructure and neighborhood amenities can help to support new housing development in inactive submarkets. The City can play a lead role in strengthening development markets by supplying infrastructure and improving amenities in Tier 3 and Tier 4 neighborhoods that are not seeing much new housing development, in order to spur the addition of new market-rate and affordable housing in these areas.

Encourage “small-scale infill” development in single-family neighborhoods. Many of the lower density neighborhoods in San Francisco have very small parcels, making it difficult to assemble the land required for larger projects. Rezoning those neighborhoods where currently single-family homes predominate could create significant new opportunities for small scale development, ranging from duplexes to buildings with over 20 units.

Adoption of Streamlined Environmental Review and Approvals Processes can increase clarity, shorten development timelines, and lower risk for developments, thereby lowering costs and increasing likelihood that housing is built. Projects can receive streamlined environmental review and streamlined design review if the project is on a site already covered by an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) completed as part of an area plan, where changes to zoning, heights, design guidelines, and other development regulations are created for a whole

neighborhood or broad areas through extensive engagement with communities. Streamlined approvals can also be granted to specific kinds of projects, such as projects that provide higher than average amounts of affordable units or add housing to existing buildings, such as ADUs. For more on policies and regulations to support the development of housing see the following policy summary on Regulation of Housing Development.

Regulation of Housing Development

Development regulations govern how land can be used in San Francisco and ultimately control both where and how much housing can be built. Implementation of any of the changes included in the land use concepts for future housing development described earlier would need to be implemented through changes to San Francisco's development regulations. The city has a notoriously complex system of development regulations, developed over time to serve the changing context of a growing, diverse, and unique city. After a brief history of development regulation in San Francisco, this section provides an overview of the main local tools that guide housing development and impact affordability. It also includes a perspective on potential future regulatory strategies to support housing affordability.

Brief History of Development Regulation

Early Housing Development in San Francisco:

Up until 1920, San Francisco grew with little development regulation. An early ordinance from the 1850s regulated the location of slaughter houses, however, specific regulation of land uses and buildings was not the rule. The first residential areas were compact and restricted geographically by limited transportation routes. By the early 1900s, cable car and electric streetcar lines allowed residential neighborhoods to expand outward from the historic commercial center, west through Pacific Heights and the Western Addition to the Richmond, southwest to Upper Market, Castro and Noe Valley, and south through the Mission. These neighborhoods were characterized by diverse scales, styles and types of housing – a mix of hotels, boarding houses, apartments, flats, triplexes, duplexes, townhouses, and single-family homes – often in vibrant, walkable communities. Many of San Francisco's quintessential neighborhoods feature a range of residential buildings with a remarkable variety of housing units that may not be obvious based on the appearances of buildings.

Introduction of Development Regulations: As urbanization progressed, cities across the United

States faced growth challenges including public health and sanitation, waste disposal, water quality and distribution, and housing and infrastructure capacity. In response, cities began to enact formal development regulations. In 1921, San Francisco passed its first true Zoning Ordinance, focused on the avoidance of nuisance and other conflicts resulting from proximate incompatible uses.⁴³ The ordinance was limited in scope, and did not include height limits, setbacks, or open space requirements and other now-common controls. Over time, however, San Francisco's system of development regulation became increasingly complex and restrictive – first with new use zones, more specific use definitions and restrictions, form controls, and open space requirements.

Development Regulation and Equity:

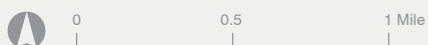
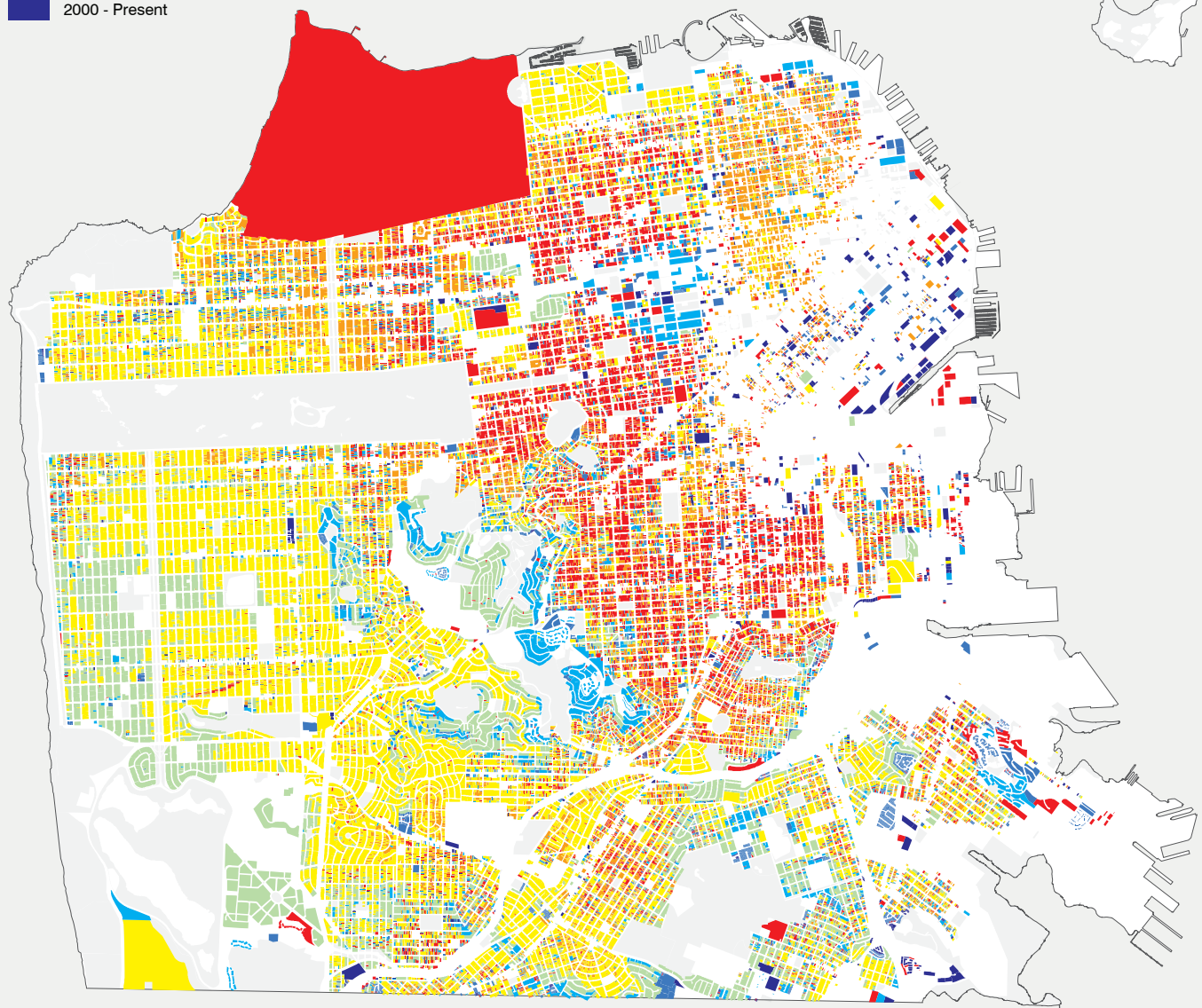
Discrimination in San Francisco building and housing policies began at least 50 years before the adoption of the Zoning Ordinance. The 1870 Cubic Air Ordinance imposed fines and jail time on landlords and renters who lived in rooming houses primarily found in Chinatown that did not meet requirements of 500 cubic feet of air per person.⁴⁴ Chinese immigrant laborers lived in these crowded rooming houses largely because they were not able to rent or own in other areas due to discriminatory housing practices.⁴⁵ In the 1880s San Francisco targeted Chinese-owned laundries by selectively enforcing a rule that laundries be located in brick buildings (most laundries at the time were in wooden buildings). Chinese laundry owners ultimately won their discrimination case in the U.S. Supreme Court.

Beginning after WWI, discriminatory federal housing policy, and banking, real estate, and development practices, divided the city spatially; pushing low-income communities and communities of color to older, more-central neighborhoods, and middle class and affluent populations into newer more remote suburban neighborhoods, often limited to single-family homes. Once discriminatory practices were legally prohibited, restrictive zoning continued to limit multifamily housing, restricting access to affluent neighborhoods for people of color and low-income people. Furthermore, the introduction over time of increasingly restrictive density limits⁴⁶ has resulted

FIGURE 10.
All Housing by Year Built

Year Built

- Up to 1906
- 1907 - 1919
- 1920 - 1941
- 1942 - 1960
- 1961 - 1978
- 1979 - 1999
- 2000 - Present



in a high percentage of the city's population living in multifamily residential buildings in neighborhoods where these buildings could not be built today.⁴⁷

Concentration of Modern Housing Development:

More recently, San Francisco has completed a number of areas plans and development agreements which increase housing capacity in select areas, mostly on the eastern side of the city. As a result, housing development today is overwhelmingly concentrated in a few neighborhoods where zoning or developments agreements allow multifamily buildings. About 70% of all new housing, including new affordable housing, has been built in just five neighborhoods on the east side of the city and nearly 90% of housing development is concentrated in 10 out of the city's 39 Planning Analysis neighborhoods.

The pipeline of future housing development, shown in Figure 11B, is similarly concentrated in a limited number of neighborhoods on the east side of San Francisco. The eastern side of the city also happens to be where a large portion of San Francisco's vulnerable populations live, meaning those groups are disproportionately impacted by change. There are many additional neighborhoods of relatively greater socio-economic stability and resources in other parts of the city that could offer housing possibilities in the future. In addition, much of the city's future housing development is concentrated in a few large projects with considerable infrastructure needs such as Candlestick, Hunters Point, and Treasure Island. Completion of this housing will come over many years or even decades as these complex projects are built out.

Types of Development Regulation

The General Plan: The General Plan is the foundation for local land use planning. It is the embodiment of San Francisco's vision for the future, serving to guide the City's evolution and growth over time. The General Plan provides a comprehensive set of objectives and policies that influence how we live, work, and move about, as well as the quality and character of the city. The General Plan reflects community values and priorities through its public adoption process, ensuring both private development and

public action conform to this vision. All land use ordinances and policies flow from the General Plan and development projects must be found to be consistent with the General Plan for approval. In addition to planning the physical city, the City Charter requires consideration of social, economic, and environmental factors.⁴⁸

The Planning Code: While regulations affecting development are found in many parts of the Municipal Code, most of San Francisco's development controls reside in the Planning Code, created in part to: 1) guide growth in accordance with the City's General Plan; 2) protect the character and promote the use of areas of the city for the benefit of its residents; and 3) secure safety from hazards, provide property access, and maintain environmental quality (including adequate light, air, and privacy) indispensable for beneficial property use and the retention of value.⁴⁹ While San Francisco's system of development regulations has historically proven useful in advancing these and other City priorities, current Planning Code controls also create considerable obstacles to advancing greater housing affordability.

After 100 years of additions, San Francisco's Planning Code has become a labyrinth. The current Planning Code comprises nearly 840,000 words detailing the regulatory framework for 116 distinct Land Uses within 207 zoning and Special Use Districts (some limited to a single lot).⁵⁰ Moreover, the Code is frequently amended, creating additional administrative challenges for timely project review and approval.⁵¹ Procedural requirements add time to the development process and, since time costs money, further drive up the cost of housing production, which impacts housing affordability.

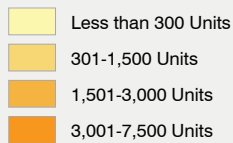
Key types of development regulation, established by the Planning Code, include zoning controls, design guidelines, process for project review and approval, and the application of required fees.

Zoning Controls: The most common and widely recognized category of development regulations are the prescriptive, codified controls known as zoning controls.⁵² In San Francisco, zoning specifies how land can be utilized, the conditions for use allowed or required, and any limitations which apply. For example, zoning regulation controls:⁵³

FIGURE 11A.

Housing Production by Neighborhoods

Net Units



Housing production and pipeline- both market-rate and affordable- are concentrated where area plans have been completed. Nearly all recent and planned housing, including affordable housing, is concentrated in a few neighborhoods on the city's eastern third.

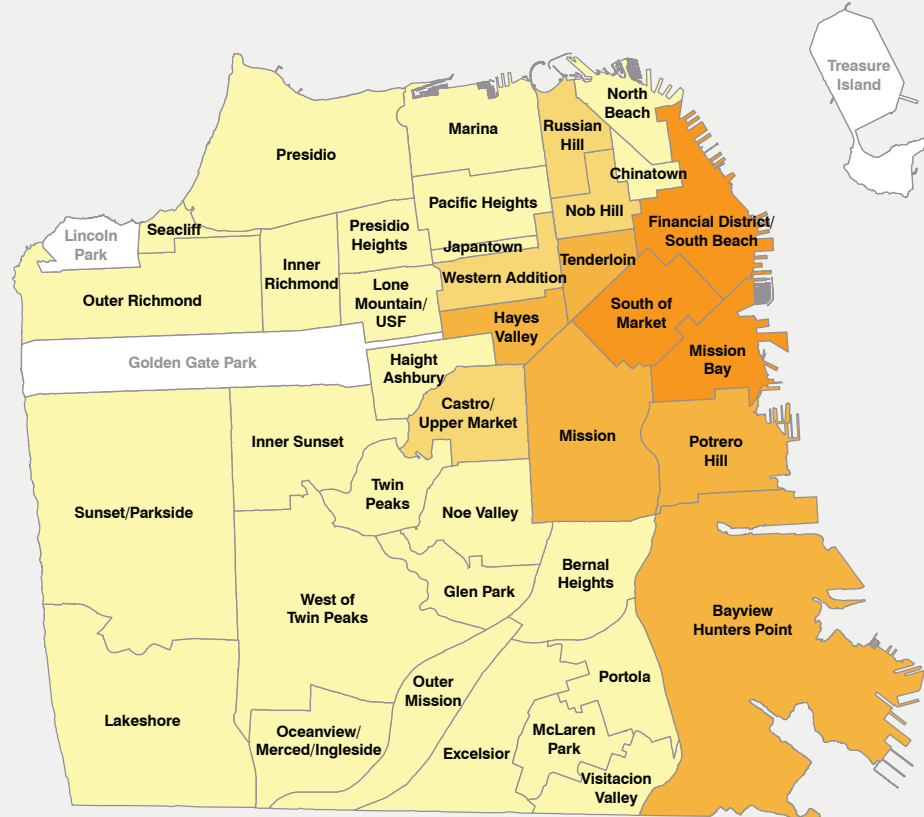


FIGURE 11B.

Housing Pipeline by Neighborhoods

Net Units

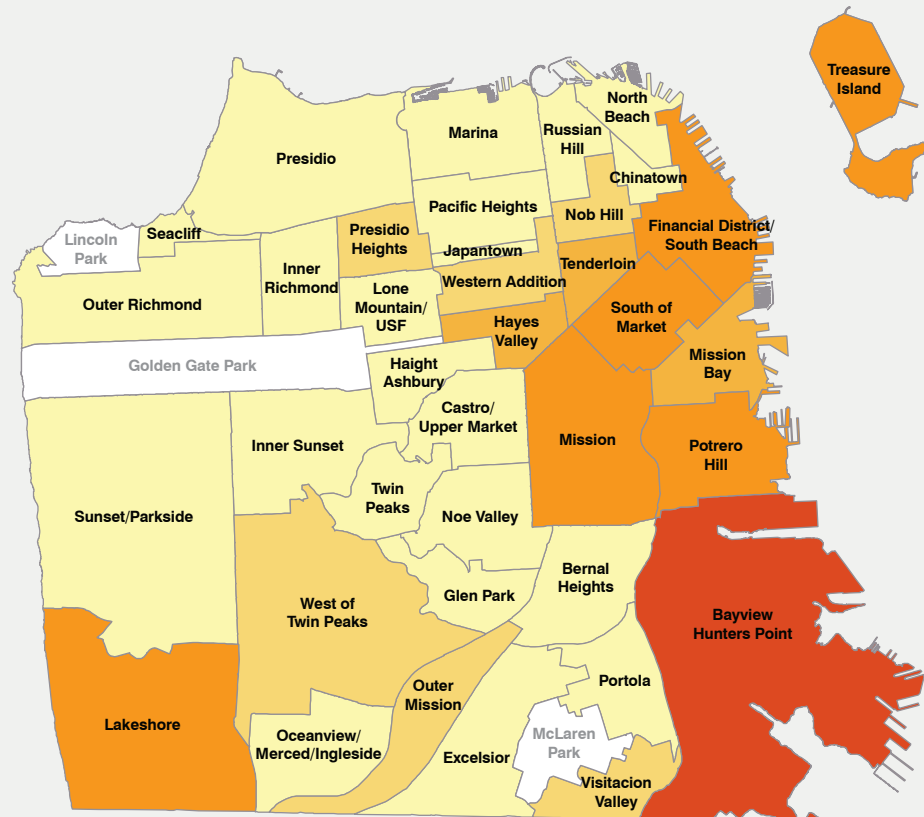
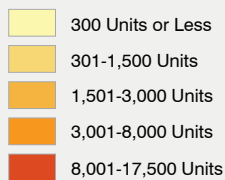
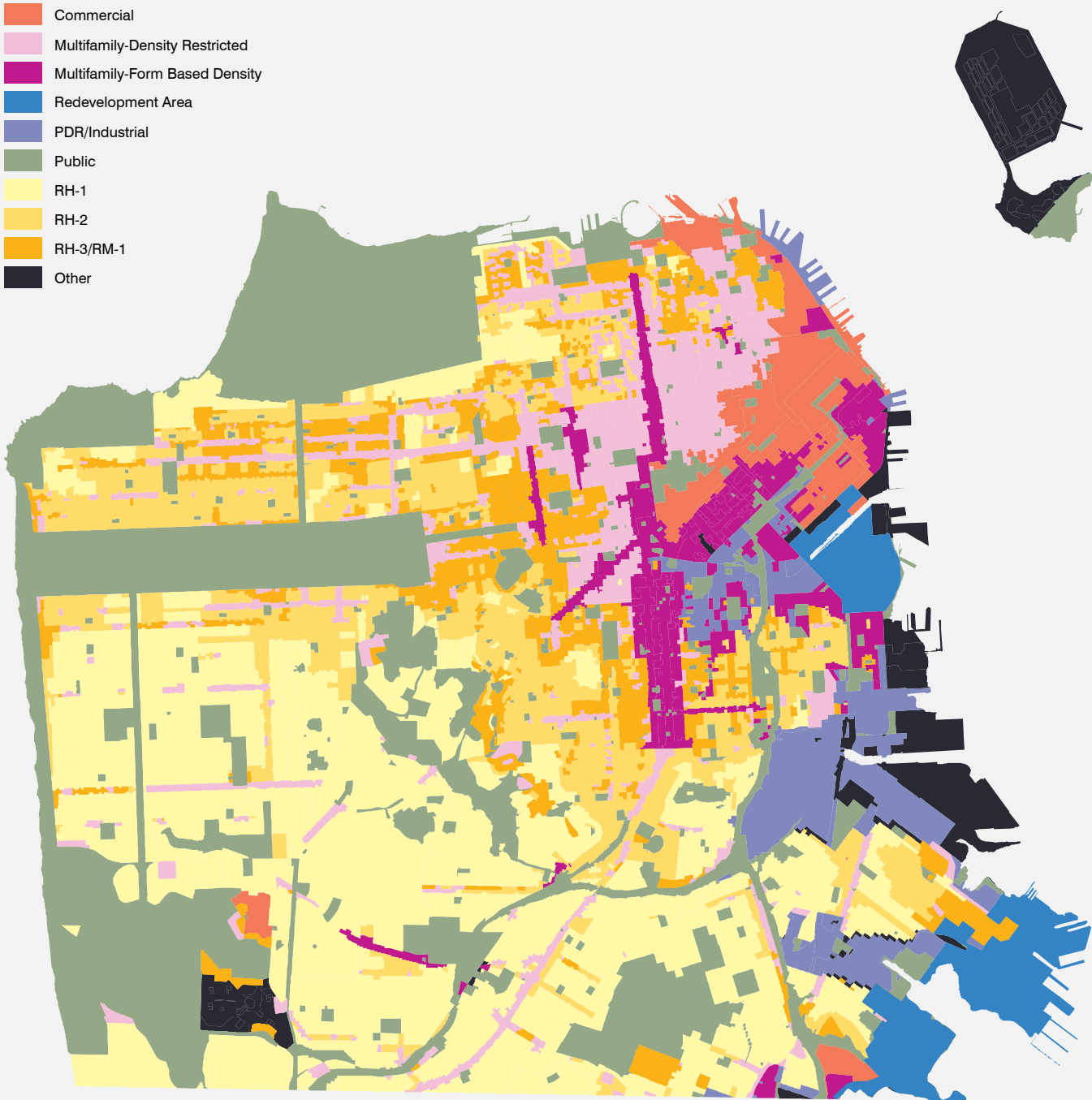


FIGURE 13.
Housing Affordability Strategy Zoning Categories

Zoning Categories

- Commercial
- Multifamily-Density Restricted
- Multifamily-Form Based Density
- Redevelopment Area
- PDR/Industrial
- Public
- RH-1
- RH-2
- RH-3/RM-1
- Other



- determine how land is allotted in use zones and what types of uses are allowed within each zone;
- limit the intensity of a use on a site – the floor area of a commercial use, the number of dwelling units, etc.;
- govern sizes, heights, and shapes of buildings and, in some cases, required space between buildings;
- require accommodations for access and service such as bicycle parking spaces, or loading;
- designate certain structures or districts as historically or culturally relevant and invoke standards for retention of resources.

60% of land in San Francisco is zoned to allow residential uses. 33% of the total land area is reserved for public uses including open space (such as parks and playgrounds) and institutions (such as public schools and universities), and about 7% is zoned for industrial and PDR uses. Of land zoned to allow residential uses, the largest portion, 41%, is reserved for single-family homes (RH-1) while another 18% allows up to two homes (RH-2) per lot. Multifamily housing of more than three units is allowed on just 30% of residentially zoned land, in multi-family, mixed use, and commercial zoning districts.

As a result of the City's zoning controls, 90% of all new housing and 80% of affordable housing built since 2005 has been added in just a few zoning districts. The limited areas of the city where zoning allows multifamily housing explains why nearly all housing is built in just a few neighborhoods. These areas either have had zoning in place that allows multifamily housing or have had recent area plans, redevelopment areas, or specially negotiated development agreements that allow multifamily housing to be built. Figure 13 shows the limited extent of where multifamily housing is allowed in San Francisco, overwhelmingly located on the east side of the city.

Design Guidelines: In addition to Zoning, the City has adopted Design Guidelines to provide contextual controls that supplement the zoning standards. Guidelines implement the Urban Design policies of the City by reinforcing compatibility with local

character, placemaking, livability, and sustainability based on the conditions unique to a specific site. Design guidelines are interpreted by professional staff experienced in urban design and architecture and applied on the basis of precedent for consistency, clarity, and predictability over time.

Process and Fees: Together, the zoning controls and applicable guidelines establish what can and cannot be built on a site. After this is determined, a development project faces procedural requirements related to the review and approval (or disapproval) and various application and impact fees assessed by the City. Procedural requirements include staff review for compliance with applicable zoning and design guideline requirements, environmental review (as necessitated by the California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA), public notification and hearings, and discretionary review. Procedural requirements are intended to ensure appropriate administrative and public vetting of projects to determine consistency with the General Plan and to identify, avoid, and/or mitigate potential impacts.

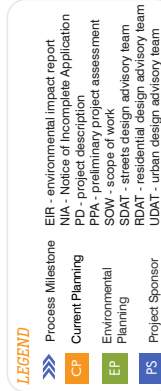
Procedures take time to complete, which can indirectly add cost to a project. In most California jurisdictions, development projects are subject to either ministerial or discretionary processes. San Francisco's Charter establishes that every project is discretionary, unless exempted from local discretion by state law. State law further requires that all discretionary projects receive CEQA review. The reliance on discretion for all San Francisco planning review, results in the application of CEQA to a large body of projects that would be ministerial in the rest of the state. Various fees imposed on a project by the City, to cover the costs of reviewing and processing applications or to mitigate the impacts created by new development, directly add to the cost of a housing development project as well.⁵⁴

State and Local Reforms

In recent years, state and local authorities have begun to alter development regulations to address the acute housing shortage and affordability crisis. In a shift away from long-standing deference toward local control of development, California has taken action both to increase housing capacity and reduce project approval time with laws such as SB-35,

Project Intake, Environmental Review & Approval Process

This flowchart provides an overview of Planning Department's project review and approval procedures for projects with two or more housing units.



The California State Density Bonus Law (passed in the 1970s but now seeing more frequent use), the Housing Accountability Act, and the Housing Crisis Act of 2019 (SB-330). These state laws offer the only true ministerial approval paths for development in San Francisco. Within local authority, San Francisco has updated its local Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program, introduced bonuses for increased affordability with HOME-SF, embraced ADUs, and implemented ministerial approval for 100% Affordable Housing projects. Following the issuance of Mayor Edwin Lee's Executive Directive 17-02, Planning undertook a comprehensive process improvement effort⁵⁵ to enhance regulatory and development review functions and streamline the approval of housing projects.⁵⁶

Potential Regulatory Reforms to Support Housing Development and Affordability

In addition to the actions already taken, there remain opportunities to evolve local development regulations to increase housing capacity, diversify supply, improve mobility, support production, and speed/ease project approval processes. Such changes would be necessary to implement all or part of the concepts for future housing development explored earlier in the report. Potential strategies include:

- Consider future changes to development regulations through an Equity Lens. Such a lens could include analyzing and seeking community feedback on what groups benefit, are placed at risk, or might be disproportionately impacted by potential changes to land use regulations. Examples of equitable land use policy approaches include:
 - » Prioritize desegregation and expansion of housing opportunities throughout the city.
 - » Emphasize community stabilization along with creation of new housing in land use planning and housing policy in neighborhoods with concentrations of people of color and people with lower incomes.
 - » Continue to expand input from communities of color and low- and moderate-income people in land use planning and housing policy making.

- Increase zoned housing capacity through changes to zoning controls, for example:
 - » Area plans with programmatic EIRs and/or expansion of existing bonus programs to increase housing capacity in low-density neighborhoods.
 - » Shift from unit-based to form-based density controls citywide.
 - » Condition future institutional growth on housing production as part of Institutional Master Plans (IMPs) for large institutions like universities.
- Streamline and simplify the project approval process, with an emphasis on additional streamlining for projects that provide affordable housing:
 - » Modernize the Planning Code;⁵⁷
 - » Expand administrative/ministerial review and approval;
 - » Reform Discretionary Review.

By continuing to innovate San Francisco's system of development regulations, the City can more effectively address housing affordability while protecting health, welfare, environmental sustainability and resiliency, and other key city priorities.

Affordable Housing Funding, Production, and Preservation

San Francisco currently has about 33,000 permanently affordable housing units. These units have been built over decades with a combination of federal, state, and local programs. The HAS looks at strategies to increase affordable housing by 1,667 units and preserve 1,100 units each year through various policies and investments. Key topics include:

- Public funding to produce and preserve housing.
- Production trends in affordable housing including both publicly subsidized affordable housing and inclusionary housing leveraged through market-rate development.
- Preservation of affordable housing and different types of preservation investments.
- Production of ADUs which are more likely to be affordable due to size and lower construction costs but are not required to be affordable at a particular income level.

The section closes with policies to produce more affordable housing- in particular the need for sustained, substantial funding.

Affordable Housing Funding

Producing and preserving affordable housing is primarily accomplished by stitching together a complex array of subsidies and financing. Subsidies help cover the gap between the cost of building or acquiring housing and what lower income households can afford to pay. Nearly all available funding sources at the federal, state, and local levels serve households earning 80 percent of Area Median Income (AMI) or less. Very few sources are available for moderate- and middle-income households. In addition, providing affordability for the lowest income residents or those who need more services requires additional subsidy.

Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) are the primary funding source for affordable housing

development and rehabilitation, offering a federal tax credit in exchange for private equity investment in affordable housing projects.

Federal funding for affordable housing (Section 8, HOME, CDBG, and Affordable Housing Program) has been flat or in decline over the last two decades. Federal Housing Choice Vouchers (known as Section 8) help 9,500 San Francisco households afford rent in the market. Vouchers are limited by lack of federal funding and are estimated to be available to about a quarter of income-qualifying renters nationally.⁵⁸

State funding has increased with the 2017 and 2019 housing packages and voter approval of a state affordable housing bond that funds local affordable housing development.

Local funding is crucial to leverage state and federal funding sources, which typically do not cover all development costs. San Francisco has various sources of local funding including:

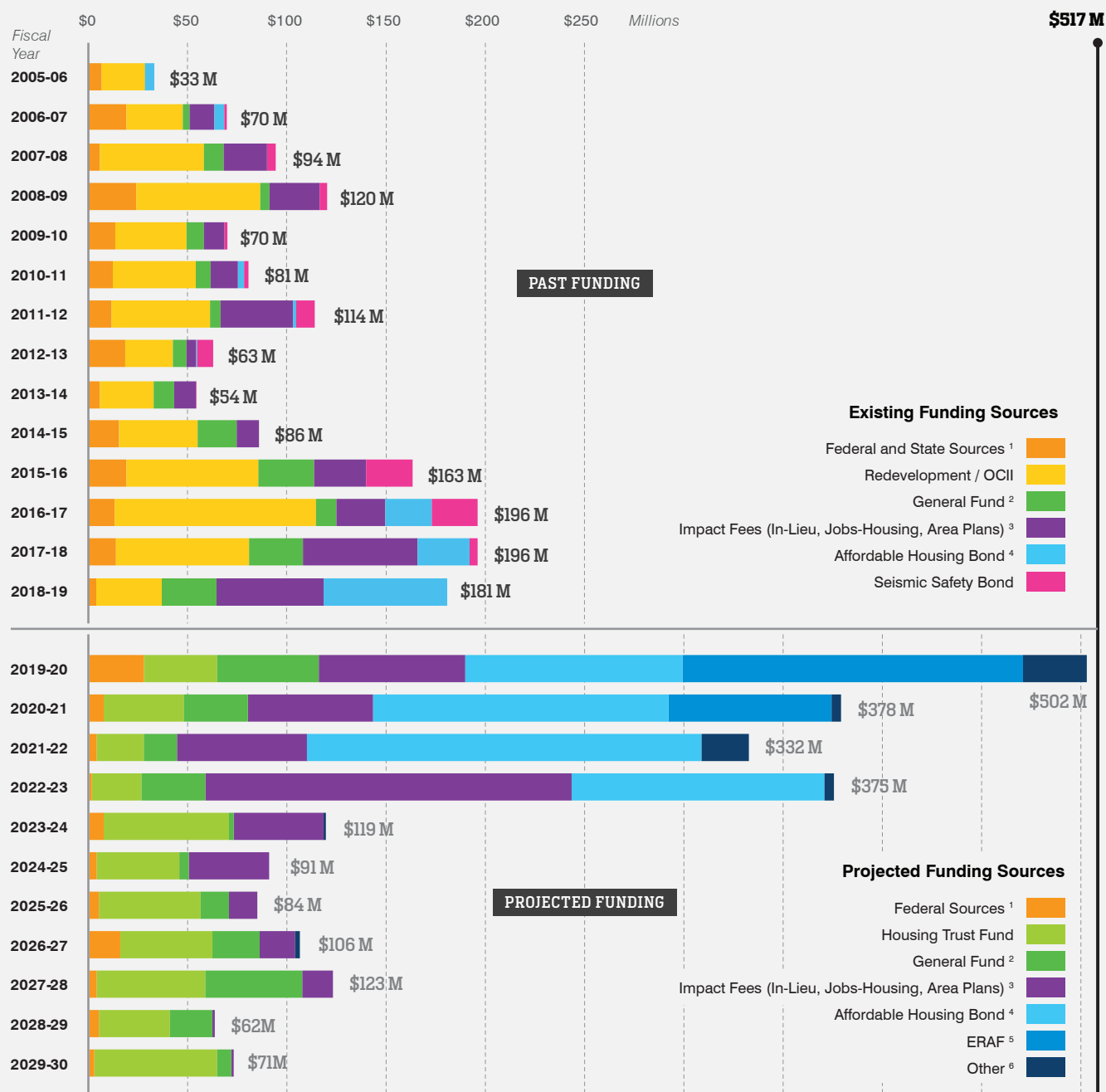
- **Affordable housing bonds** approved by voters;
- **General Fund** revenue invested per voter mandates and allocations by elected officials;
- **Development impact fees**, including in-lieu fees paid by housing developers through the Inclusionary Housing Program, jobs-housing linkage fees paid by developers of commercial space, and area fees collected in special zoning districts;
- **Former Redevelopment funding** already committed in enforceable obligations for affordable housing before Redevelopment ended and now administered by the Office of Community Investment and Infrastructure (OCII).

Historically, San Francisco's annual affordable housing funding has fluctuated from a low of \$33 million to a high of nearly \$200 million recently, varying based on economic and political conditions.

San Francisco will need approximately \$517 million in annual funding in today's dollars to produce 1,667 affordable units per year and preserve 1,100 more units. See the Technical Appendix for more on affordable housing costs.

FIGURE 14.

Affordable Housing Expenditures by Source Past (2006-2019) and Projected (2020-2030)



Note: OCII will fund about 2,500 new affordable units on specific sites to meet its enforceable obligations in coming years and these units are accounted for in the 50,000 unit, 30-year total. Redevelopment and OCII are included in past expenditures above because they were the main affordable housing funding source. Projected expenditures by funding source shown above and the \$517 million estimate of annual funding need are for MOHCD-funded affordable units and do not include OCII.

(1) Includes HOME and CDBG

(2) Includes land sales and Certificates of Participation (COPs)

(3) Includes area-specific fees, inclusionary housing fees, and jobs-housing linkage fees

(4) Includes 2015 Proposition A and 2019 Proposition A housing bonds In 2019

(5) The Board of Supervisors passed an ordinance to establish the use of excess Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) revenue for affordable housing production and preservation

(6) Includes Citywide Development Agreements, Condominium Conversions fees, Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund (LMIHAF), and other project-specific revenue

Source: Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, San Francisco Planning Department, and Strategic Economics, 2020.

- While local funding is projected this year to nearly meet the estimated funding target, in future years funding declines- especially past 2023.

In 2019 to 2020 San Francisco will invest about \$500 million in affordable housing production and preservation, slightly below the \$517 million in public funding estimated to be necessary to meet affordable housing production and preservation targets. The 2019 to 2020 is a funding peak after a period of increasing investment in affordable housing. Over the last 15 years, however, San Francisco had averaged close to \$110 million per year in funding for affordable housing. Looking toward the future, San Francisco's funding for affordable housing looks strong through 2022 to 2023 thanks to various sources of funding. However, funding will drop far below the amount necessary to achieve housing targets after 2023 without the creation of additional funding sources.

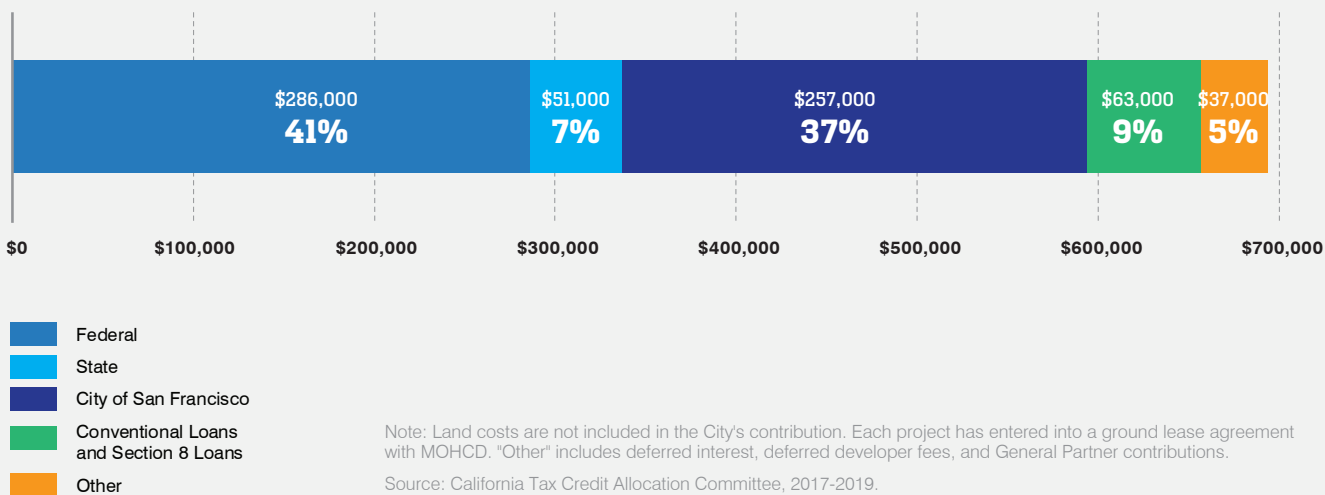
How Funding Comes Together for Deed-Restricted, 100% Affordable Housing

Based on a review of projects that received tax credit funding from 2017 to 2019, the total development cost for affordable housing in San Francisco is estimated at about **\$693,000 per unit**.⁵⁹ Major funding comes from various sources:

- **Federal sources**, especially LIHTC, are the largest funding source for affordable housing at 41%.
- **San Francisco's local funding was \$257,000** per affordable unit or 37% of total costs. Local funding as a share of total sources is higher in San Francisco than other Bay Area cities.
- **State sources** such as the Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities program and Multifamily Housing Program have provided 7% of funding and will likely see some increase.
- **Conventional loans from private banks** provide permanent financing to affordable housing developments. Loans are backed by rents and at times supplemented by project-based vouchers.
- **Publicly-owned land and City purchases of land** have provided the main sources of housing development sites, helping to lower development costs and promote permanent affordability. Nearly all the sites where new affordable development occurred from 2017 to 2019 were owned by MOHCD or MOHCD provided an acquisition loan. Acquiring privately-owned sites for affordable housing development would add a cost of approximately \$100,000 per unit. Maximizing use of public land to support affordable housing, recognizing that there are competing public needs, could help lower affordable housing costs. In addition partnering with nonprofit institutions with available land could offer an additional path to acquire sites for affordable housing more cheaply.

FIGURE 15.

Funding Stack for a Sample of Recent Affordable Housing Projects in San Francisco



Affordable Housing Production Trends

New affordable housing is produced in two main ways:

1. **100% affordable housing projects**, funded by combining various public subsidies (as described above) and
2. **Inclusionary affordable units** produced by private housing developments.

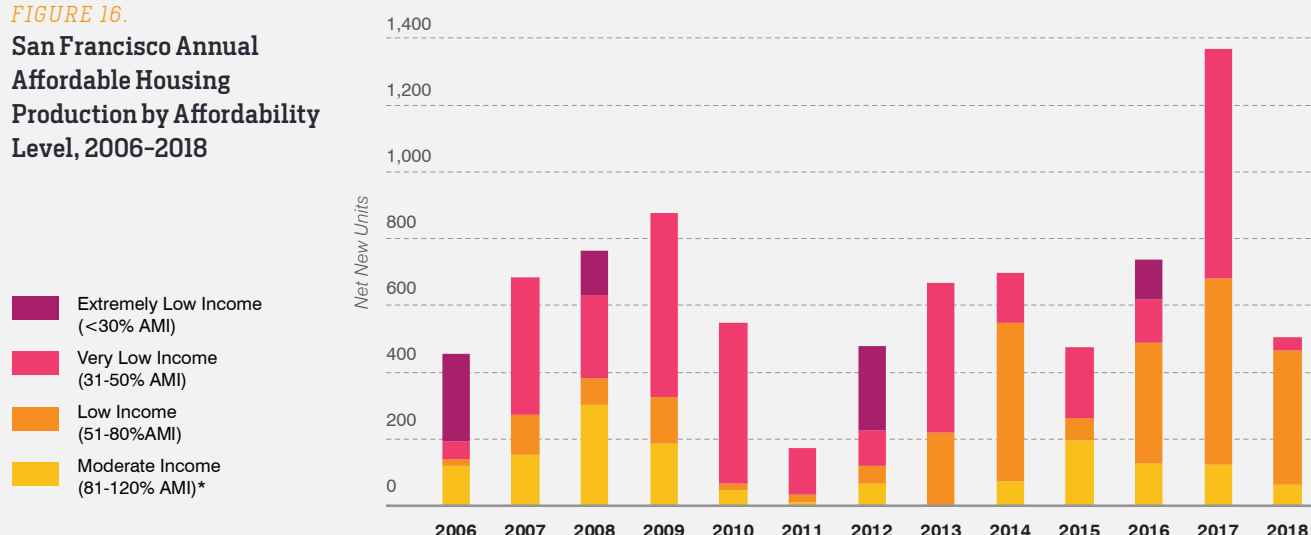
From 2006 to 2018, San Francisco produced 8,425 affordable housing units, which represented about 24% of all new housing production from 2006 to 2018.⁶⁰

- On average 436 homes in 100% affordable buildings were built per year, about 2/3 of the total.
- Private development produced on average 210 Inclusionary affordable units per year though private development also produced 100% affordable units through in-lieu fees paid.
- Affordable housing production, both 100% affordable and inclusionary, increased as the economy recovered after 2011 and more funding was provided and private investment increased.

The majority of affordable housing has been built in San Francisco's eastern neighborhoods, such as the Mission, the Tenderloin, South of Market, the Western Addition, and Bayview Hunters Point. Furthermore, because most new market-rate development has occurred in the eastern neighborhoods, the majority of new inclusionary units are also in these areas. Most of the affordable housing built from 2006 to 2018 target very low- and low-income households. 43% of new affordable homes are affordable at very low incomes, and 30% are affordable at low incomes. ELI and moderate-income units represented 9% and 17% of new homes, respectively.

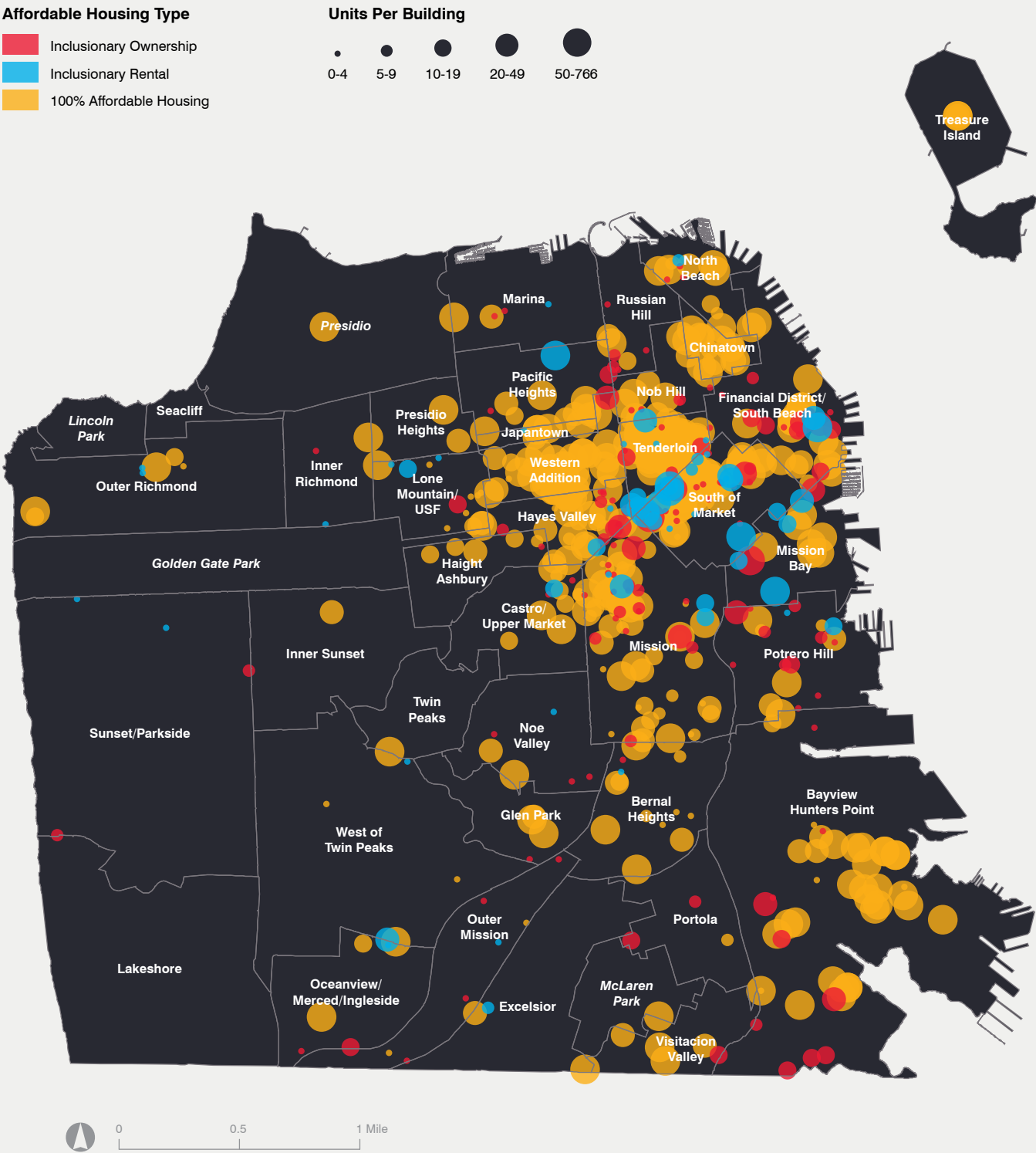
Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) serves people exiting homelessness who have both housing and service needs. For most PSH residents, there is a significant gap between what they can afford to pay and the cost of developing the unit and operating on-site social services. The City of San Francisco's Local Operating Subsidy Program (LOSP) helps address the operating funding gap by providing additional operating subsidy for PSH units in 100% affordable housing. The City invested about \$9.2 million in 2018 to 2019 from the General Fund in LOSP, or \$7,900 per unit.⁶¹ The City plans to nearly double the number of LOSP PSH units over the next four years and funding will increase to over \$25 million, not including services. Without a specific funding source, LOSP's impact on the City's General Fund will continue to grow over time.

FIGURE 16.
San Francisco Annual Affordable Housing Production by Affordability Level, 2006-2018



Source: City of San Francisco Planning Department Housing Inventory Reports, 2006 to 2018; Strategic Economics, 2020.

FIGURE 17.
Location of Affordable Housing Units in San Francisco by Type and Number of Units Per Building, 2018



San Francisco's Inclusionary Housing Program

has gone through multiple iterations in the last decade. Developers may choose from several options, including building affordable units on-site, building affordable units off-site, or paying an in-lieu fee. Specific requirements vary by building size, tenure, and neighborhood. Because requirements have changed over time, and because the production of inclusionary units depends on market-rate development activity, the total number of inclusionary units produced varies from year to year. When market-rate development dropped significantly during the Great Recession, very few inclusionary units were produced. More recently, San Francisco's Inclusionary Housing Program has produced hundreds of inclusionary units and contributed in-lieu fee revenues. However, as the requirements are escalating, and development costs continue to increase, the financial feasibility of market-rate development may be challenged (see Development Feasibility and Costs Section).

Preservation of Affordable Housing

From 2006 to 2018, San Francisco preserved about 5,100 affordable units. There are two major types of housing preservation activity in San Francisco:

Rehabilitation and preservation of existing 100% affordable projects focuses on ensuring the long-term affordability and rehabilitation or, if necessary, rebuilding of existing subsidized affordable housing.

- **Public housing units** were built from the 1940s to the 1970s but over time federal operating funding was cut and building conditions worsened. Nearly 4,000 public housing units have been rehabilitated and rebuilt and transferred to nonprofit ownership in recent years through local and federal programs including the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program and HOPE SF. The remaining public housing sites, Potrero and Sunnyside, which include multiple buildings and hundreds of units spread over several acres, will be rebuilt in coming years through the locally funded HOPE SF program. Current residents will remain on-site as buildings are built, avoiding displacement caused by earlier public housing rebuilding. Because both sites require major infrastructure investment,

estimated per unit local funding will be higher at \$399,000.

- **US Department of Housing and Urban development (HUD) assisted housing** built from the 1960s to the 2000s includes thousands of units including some with expiring affordability restrictions and substantial rehabilitation needs. Federal funds are limited and HUD housing will require local public investment to maintain these units over the long term. Per unit costs for preservation of HUD and MOHCD portfolio units are estimated at an average of \$110,000 per unit.
- **MOHCD portfolio preservation** helps to maintain or rehabilitate existing affordable housing built in prior decades. MOHCD oversees an extensive portfolio of over 25,000 units including buildings it has funded as well as buildings formerly overseen by the San Francisco Housing Authority and former Redevelopment Agency.

Acquisition of privately-owned, unsubsidized multifamily housing for conversion to permanently affordable housing.

Preservation of this type helps remove apartment buildings serving lower income renters from the speculative market, maintaining affordability and stabilizing tenants. San Francisco's **Small Sites Program (SSP)**, created in 2014, provides permanent financing to convert multifamily rental buildings serving low- and moderate-income renters with 5 to 25 units to permanently affordable housing. As of late 2019, a total of 308 units in 38 buildings have been acquired and preserved for very low- and low-income renters.⁶² SSP units have been concentrated in the Tenderloin, Mission/Bernal Heights, and Excelsior. SSP activities could expand to more neighborhoods in the city's west side (Districts 1, 4, and 7).⁶³

While total development costs for SSP are lower than for new 100% affordable housing units (approximately \$497,000 per unit), the City's local funding contribution is higher.⁶⁴ The local funding was about \$339,000 per unit, or 80 percent of total development costs.⁶⁵ There is no dedicated funding source for SSP, but the City has used existing funding sources (including in-lieu fees, affordable housing bonds, and the Housing Trust Fund) for the program.

ADUs

New or legalized secondary units added to existing structures, also called ADUs, are another housing type that can contribute to housing affordability city-wide. The City of San Francisco plays an important role in supporting property owners but does not currently fund the production of ADUs. Although ADUs are not deed-restricted or subsidized, they may be affordable to moderate income households. However, rents are ultimately set at the discretion of property owners.⁶⁶

From 2006 to 2018, nearly 800 ADUs were produced or legalized citywide, equivalent to about 60 ADUs produced or legalized annually. The last few years have seen an upward trend in ADU production or legalization, due to recent efforts at the state and local level to facilitate ADU production and legalization from a regulatory and financial perspective.

Policies to Sustain and Expand Affordable Housing Production and Preservation

Sustained funding for affordable housing is key to achieving the City's production and preservation targets. Specific funding proposals will need to be developed by policy makers through a community process. For example, the City could meet funding needs with approaches such as:

- As available, dedicate general fund revenue to fund affordable housing and homeless services, for example by continuing to use local revenue increases and windfalls such as ERAF funds (Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund).
- Work to resolve the impasse over a gross receipts tax increase for affordable housing and homeless services from 2018's Proposition C through a legal agreement or an additional ballot measure.
- Continue to place affordable housing bonds on the ballot as part of a regular capital funding cycle to generate affordable housing funding (affordable housing has been added to the City's capital planning process along with other infrastructure, a prerequisite to be part of the regular bond cycle).

San Francisco could consider funding sources used in other cities to fund affordable housing.

- Washington D.C. dedicates a set portion of property transfer tax revenue to affordable housing (currently transfer taxes in San Francisco are dedicated to other budget priorities and transfer tax revenue is volatile, rising and falling with real estate market activity).
- Vancouver has implemented a levy on unoccupied homes, raising millions of dollars in revenue and potentially returning vacant homes to the housing market.
- A number of cities including New York offer tax abatements to incentivize inclusion of affordable housing in market rate developments. In addition, New York has a local income tax that helps to fund its general fund, including housing investments. Currently these approaches are preempted by California state law. San Francisco could work with other cities and state elected officials to make changes to state law to allow tax abatements or a local income tax to fund affordable housing.
- The city could also consider and study the option of creating a public bank to help finance affordable housing, among other public goods, as is being discussed and studied in other cities.⁶⁷

San Francisco can also continue to support regional, state, and federal initiatives to fund affordable housing, rent assistance, and homeless services.

- Work with other cities and regional organizations to pass a regional housing funding bond.
- Continue to advocate for additional state and federal funds to provide affordable housing and address homelessness.

As with multifamily housing more generally, increased affordable housing production would be helped by policy changes that lower development costs and expand where multifamily housing can be built. These policies are discussed more in the preceding policy sections on Housing Development Feasibility and Costs and Regulation of Housing Development.

Tenant Protection, Housing Stabilization and Homelessness Services

While new housing development and production and preservation of permanently affordable housing are essential long term approaches to improving affordability, San Francisco's policies and programs to protect tenants, stabilize residents in current housing, prevent homelessness, and provide shelter and supportive housing are immediate and direct approaches to address housing affordability and instability for our most vulnerable residents. These policies and programs can help people who have lost their housing and help residents with very low-, low- and moderate-incomes, especially those at-risk of displacement, remain in their communities.

This section builds on the Community Stabilization Initiative Report and Inventory of policies and programs. The Community Stabilization Initiative includes an assessment of the City's efforts and identifies key priorities for future consideration to enhance existing programs or to explore the implementation of new programs. The policy priorities presented here include services, subsidies, and data reporting and analysis. Given the wide range of policies analyzed and the limited scope and budget of both the HAS and Community Stabilization projects, it was not possible to identify specific targets for the programs discussed below. However, the underlying need, purpose, design, and, where possible, cost have been analyzed (more details are available in the accompanying white paper).

In addition to policies related to protection and stabilization, this policy summary presents key goals and policy priorities from the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (HSH) 5-year Strategic Framework that guides the City's efforts to address homelessness.

Existing Tenant Protection and Housing Stabilization Policies and Programs

The City has strong programs to protect existing residents. They have helped retain our income and racial diversity and protected our most disadvantaged communities.

Rent Control and Just Cause Eviction: Most rental housing in San Francisco is subject to rent control, providing relative affordability and stability to a large share of the city's low- and moderate-income households.⁶⁸ In general, the City's Rent Control Ordinance applies to buildings that have two or more units and were certified for occupancy prior to June 13th, 1979. The City also has Just Cause Eviction rules for all tenants that limit evictions to specified causes, broadly classified as at-fault (for example failure to pay rent or breach of the terms of a lease) and no-fault (for example owner move-in or Ellis Act evictions). Local rent control is limited by the state Costa-Hawkins law passed in 1995.

Tenant Services: There was an average of 1,585 eviction notices filed at the Rent Board over 2017 and 2018. Of these, 570 were no-fault (capital improvement, condo conversion, demolition, owner move-in, or Ellis Act) eviction notices in 2017.⁶⁹ To address these challenges, San Francisco manages numerous eviction-related legal services; tenants rights counseling, education and outreach; mediation services; and rental assistance to support and protect tenants.

Housing Stabilization: San Francisco has several policies in place to preserve rent-controlled housing and protect current residents including demolition controls, condominium conversion controls, Short-Term Rental regulation and enforcement, Single-Room Occupancy (SRO) protections, and the Small Sites Program.

Potential Protection and Stabilization Policies and Programs

Despite strong tenant protection and housing stabilization policies in the city, additional efforts are needed to support our residents at risk of displacement. Based on input from community-based organizations and residents and in close coordination with City agencies and the Mayor's Office, the

following potential protection and stabilization policies and programs were identified in the Community Stabilization Initiative.

Tenant Protections and Services

A Housing Inventory or Registry would provide information about each housing unit's rental status, owner, tenant(s), vacancy, property management, rent amount, unit and property characteristics, rental terms and conditions, and annual registration fee.⁷⁰ This Inventory could provide insights into decontrol of units over time or potential vacant unit tax. Planning and the Rent Board could collaborate to establish and maintain a registry.⁷¹

Tenant Services Expansion could help more tenants in need through the following: legal defense; counseling, education, and outreach; and tenant and landlord mediation services to support and protect tenants. To expand tenant services, the City could increase funding for local legal aid partners to do impact litigation and affirmative legal work. Mediation services could serve tenants who receive eviction notices for minor lease violations. The City could shift from a complaint-based system to a proactive and affirmative enforcement system.

Rental Assistance is offered to tenants who are either severely rent burdened, who are facing an unexpected crisis and cannot make rent, or who would not otherwise income-qualify for affordable housing. An expanded rent subsidy program for specific underserved populations and rent burdened households could reduce the number of displaced households at a lower cost than producing a new unit over the short term.

Strengthening Local Authority to Protect Tenants in collaboration with other cities, the state, and the public, building on Assembly Bill 1482, the City could support state legislation to reform Costa-Hawkins and the Ellis Act to allow local jurisdictions to adjust local rent and eviction controls to meet local challenges.

Stabilize and Grow Existing Housing Stock

Preservation of Unauthorized Units (UDUs) would help to retain apartments added to existing homes or buildings without legal permits. UDUs are typically

created from storage rooms, garages, or basements (30,000 to 50,000 units estimated in 2008). UDUs are more likely to be affordable to low- and moderate-income renters. Broadening the City's policy to retain UDUs, adjusting existing codes and programs, exploring financing tools, and expanding data sources may stem the loss of illegal units. The City could support a loan program to assist low-income homeowners to bring illegal units up to code.

ADU programs could help to incentivize the addition of housing units to existing single family homes. ADUs provide more homes of smaller sizes and lower construction costs. While the number of ADUs is growing, lack of financing options can make it difficult for moderate and low-income property owners to utilize the program. An ADU incentives pilot program would identify qualified low- and moderate-income homeowner applicants, assess their properties for ADU potential and identify loan or financing programs.

Preserve Single Resident Occupancy Hotels (SROs) and other housing types serving lower income renters through preservation acquisitions, tenant and owner outreach, as well as enforcement.

Expand housing development options to support intergenerational and growing household needs, including multifamily housing and density adjustments. (See the residential growth concept and housing feasibility and development regulation sections for related information)

Stabilizing and Supporting Communities

Expand Outreach and Services to Reverse Impacts of Discrimination and Displacement particularly for Black people and other groups that have suffered due to government actions and private discrimination. The City could expand outreach to communities that have been displaced to raise awareness of and facilitate applications to housing programs including affordable rental and ownership programs. The City could explore additional preferences for affordable housing to help address the long-term impacts of historic discrimination as well as expand culturally competent services to help people at-risk of displacement, for example renters in public and affordable housing and rent-controlled housing.

The Cultural Districts initiative aims to bring resources to stabilize communities facing displacement, and to preserve, strengthen and promote cultural assets and diverse communities. The recently formalized program of cultural districts created the opportunity for community-led cultural district processes to craft Cultural History, Housing and Economic Stabilization Strategies (CHHESS) for each district and move towards implementation. There is an opportunity to build program capacity to do more in existing districts and potentially expand to areas where the program might be needed in the future. Affordable housing investments can also be coordinated to strengthen cultural district communities.

Homelessness Services and Supportive Housing Programs

In 2016, the City created the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (HSH) to address the ongoing issue of homelessness in the city. With the creation of HSH, the City created a Five-Year Strategic Framework⁷² which includes

metric-driven goals:

- End family homelessness by December 2022
- Reduce chronic homelessness 50% by December 2022
- Reduce youth homelessness 50% by December 2022
- Add 1,000 Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) units from 2019 to 2021
- Add 700 temporary shelter beds from 2019 to 2021

There has been significant expansion of temporary shelters, including aviation centers, in recent years. Since 2018, the City added 709 new shelter beds and 475 more beds are in the pipeline to open in 2020.

HSH's budget has grown to expand housing and services, with \$285 million invested in fiscal year 2018 to 2019 and \$368 million in 2019 to 2020. Federal and state funding provide approximately a

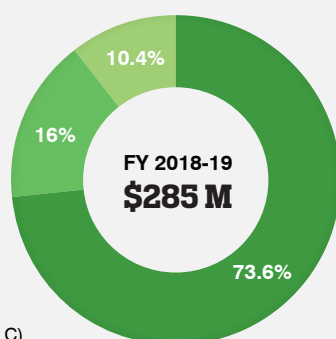
FIGURE 18.

HSH FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20 Operating Budget

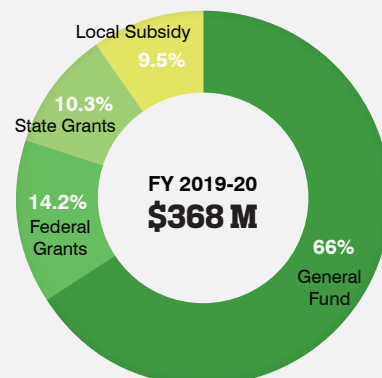
Funding by Source



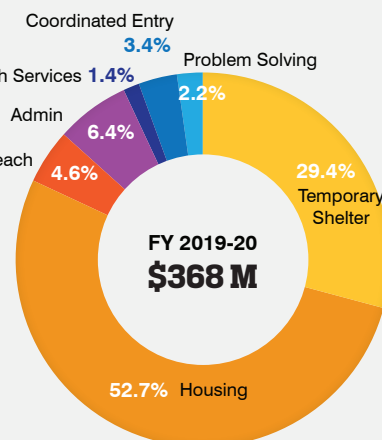
Expenditures by Type



FUNDING



EXPENDITURE



quarter of HSH funding with local funding providing the remainder of the budget. Local funding from the City's General Fund was over \$240 million in 2019-2020. A majority of HSH funding is dedicated to ongoing housing subsidies and the operation of permanent supportive housing for formerly homeless households. Expansion of affordable housing development, as described in the HAS, would also help expand permanent supportive housing and help more people exit homelessness.

The City's core programs to prevent homelessness and provide supportive housing include:

- **Permanent supportive housing:** HSH provides permanent supportive housing (PSH), combining housing and support services, to formerly homeless people with complex medical, mental health, and/or substance use diagnoses. HSH secures PSH units in part through master leases in buildings throughout the city. HSH also funds PSH units in MOHCD-funded affordable developments through the LOSP program, subsidizing operations and services for formerly homeless people.
 - **Rapid Rehousing program (RRH)** is designed for a wide variety of individuals and families. It provides time-limited rental assistance and services for people leaving homelessness. The goals are to help people obtain housing quickly, increase self-sufficiency, and remain housed. Rapid Rehousing includes housing identification, temporary rent assistance, and case management.
 - **Temporary shelter:** Navigation Centers and existing shelters provide temporary shelter for homeless individuals and families on the street. HSH has opened eight Navigation Centers since 2015, and six are currently in operation.
 - **Street outreach:** The SF Homeless Outreach Team (HOT) is funded by HSH through nonprofit Heluna Health. HOT services are offered from morning until 10 pm on weekdays with services also available on weekends. HOT includes dispatch and outreach of skilled teams, working neighborhood beats to address different needs of homeless individuals in the city. Clients can also access a walk-in Behavior Health Access Center and Treatment Access Program. The Healthy Streets Operation Center (HSOC) collaborates with other City departments to address conditions of living on the streets and includes the outreach-focused Encampment Resolution Team (ERT).
 - **Healthcare and support services:** The City offers a range of services to meet health and support service needs of homeless people. The City's Sobering Center provides a safe place for rest and assessment for people who are intoxicated on the street. Whole Person Care is a partnership between HSH, the Department of Public Health (DPH), and the Human Services Agency (HSA) to provide care for people identified as high users of multiple systems (such as hospitals or shelters). Project Homeless Connect activates volunteer to connect with anyone experiencing homelessness in San Francisco.
 - **Coordinated entry** organizes the Homelessness Response System with a common population specific assessment that directs people to appropriate services based on three categories 1) length of time homeless, 2) vulnerability, and 3) barriers to housing.
 - **Problem solving** addresses and prevents homelessness by helping people to: return immediately to housing without having to enter temporary shelter or a housing program and utilizes safe and available permanent and temporary housing options. It may offer a range of one-time assistance, including eviction prevention, legal services, relocation programs (Homeward Bound), family reunification, mediation, move in assistance, and flexible grants to address issues related to housing and employment.
 - **The Housing ladder** offers opportunities for residents of PSH or RRH to move outside of the Homelessness Response System (e.g. the Moving On Initiative).
- In addition to the above programs, HSH also works with other City agencies, such as DPH and the Fire Department, to offer programs for homeless persons and/or families. For more information on affordable housing and LOSP, see the Affordable Housing Funding, Production, and Preservation section.

Conclusion

Photo: Tim Griffith

The HAS project offers a comprehensive approach to improve affordability in San Francisco through a range of strategies to achieve the city's housing targets of producing 5,000 new units with one third affordable and preserving 1,100 existing units as permanently affordable housing annually for the next 30 years. Increased housing production and sustained investment in affordable housing production and preservation are essential ways to improve housing affordability over the long term. At the same time, protection and stabilization programs and homeless services are essential to assist our most vulnerable residents with the pressing housing challenges of today.

Building on the HAS, the analysis and outreach completed will inform the update of the Housing Element for 2022. The HAS will also support the development and implementation of citywide housing policy and neighborhood-level housing planning initiatives.

The three concepts for future housing development presented in the HAS illustrate that the city can accommodate 150,000 housing units by focusing on the east side, the transit corridors, the residential districts, or a combination of these three concepts that could be stronger than just one approach. Residents and policy makers can consider the opportunities and challenges of each concept to select land use policies that achieve the city's overall housing targets while addressing community needs. Each land use concept would require both public and private housing investments.

In 2020 the City's expected affordable housing funding is very close to the needed average of \$517 million per year. While this year is much higher than past or expected future trends, it illustrates the potential for the city to address the production and preservation of affordable housing. Public funding is complemented by the funding coming from new private investment to deliver the targeted housing units.

Housing development also requires public investments in infrastructure, including schools, public spaces, and transit and other transportation infrastructure in particular. The City is working to improve transportation infrastructure and policies to meet the needs of a growing city, improve mobility for residents, workers, and visitors, and lower GHG emissions. The City is also identifying long term transportation investments and strategies to address current and future transportation needs.

Given ongoing displacement pressures in San Francisco, the city will need continuing investment in tenant services, rental assistance, and housing preservation, particularly in communities of color. In addition, the City's housing investments must be coordinated with efforts to create supportive housing and provide shelter and services to formerly homeless people as well as those currently unhoused.

Reaching housing targets will require increasing housing opportunities across neighborhoods along with efforts to lower development costs including simplification of the entitlement process and reduction of construction costs. Increasing certainty and lowering risk through the entitlement process improvements can support private investment, particularly for small multifamily buildings. Local and regional economic strategies to expand the construction workforce and introduce new construction technology can reduce construction costs to make more housing construction and rehabilitation projects viable.

The implementation of any combination of land use concepts and housing strategies depends on the ability of our various communities, housing leaders, and policy makers to support an extra effort to bring the policy changes and public and private resources that can allow San Francisco to address housing affordability at a comprehensive scale and over the long term.

Summaries of Community Input

Photo: MOHCD



APPENDIX

Housing Affordability Strategy Focus Groups — Summary Report

Key Take-Aways and Emerging Themes

As part of the Housing Affordability Strategies process, the San Francisco Planning Department (SF Planning) secured the services of InterEthnica (IE), a multicultural marketing and research firm, to conduct a series of 5 non-traditional focus groups with participants representative of the City's diverse residents. Our discussions gauged to understand participants' reactions, opinions, and perspectives of the three Housing Affordability Strategy Concepts developed by SF Planning to meet the Mayoral and Voter-approved goals to build 5,000 housing units per year for the next 30 years reaching the ultimate goal of 150,000 units with one third, or 50,000, permanently affordable at low and moderate incomes.

IE recruited residents from all demographics, including persons with limited English Proficiency (LEP), and low, moderate, and middle-income levels. Every group included representation from a variety of housing circumstances ranging from unhoused, couch surfing, SROs, housing projects, subsidized housing, senior housing, co-ops, apartments, condos, to single-family homes. Robust outreach was conducted, ensuring the focus group participants represented a diversity of age, length of residency, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, household sizes, and family structures.

167
INTERVIEWEES

48
PARTICIPANTS

3
LANGUAGES

A total of 167 interested participants were interviewed, and 60 people were selected for the 50 available seats. We moderated a total of five focus groups, including one in Chinese, one in Spanish, and three in English. A total of 48 people participated in the groups, and each received a stipend. The focus groups took place during the early evenings and on Saturdays to accommodate participants' schedules.

This summary highlights the key observations that emerged during this qualitative phase of the research. It includes quotes and commentaries and describes the observed emotions of individuals and the group as a whole as they participated in this hot topic discussion and shared their feelings and comments about the Housing Affordability Strategy Concepts. The feedback and perspectives gathered during these focus groups may be used to inform SF Planning's Housing Affordability Strategy Concepts.

The focus groups were emotionally charged. Discussions revealed that while most participants expressed a deep sense of pride in being a San Franciscan and intend to stay in the City, almost all communicated concern about the lack of affordable housing and the changing character of their neighborhood and the City itself. A few participants shared that they have already decided to leave. Stated reasons for leaving are not only related to cost, but specifically the loss of people of color, sense of community, and cultural flavor.

“With our growing population it makes sense to me to build taller buildings. That way more people will have homes using less space.”

Oceanview Resident



Some participants expressed fear, sadness, and frustration about changes they see and experience in the City, such as increasing numbers of homeless people and decreasing numbers of communities of color, human feces on the sidewalks, and the closure of neighborhood restaurants and shops. Still, other participants maintain hope for what the future of San Francisco holds in store for them, their friends, families, and members of their communities. United by the topic, these groups of people unknown to one another, laughed, cried, comforted, and encouraged each other as they discussed their housing experiences. Some participants shared stories that conveyed a longing for what the City use to be, while others shared ideas on how affordable housing could positively impact the City.

“I was raised in a six-bedroom Victorian owned by my parents. The Fillmore was beautiful back then, and I was proud to live there. The neighbors all knew one another, and we worked together as a community.”

75 Year Resident of Rosa Park's Senior Housing A.K.A. the Pink Palace

Group #1	<p>When: Wednesday, January 29, 2020, 4:00 pm–6:00 pm</p> <p>Location: 60 Rausch Street</p> <p>Participants: 11 (6 male and 5 female)</p> <p>Language: Chinese</p> <p>Age range: 23–67</p> <p>Neighborhoods: Tenderloin, Sunset, Richmond, Chinatown, Visitation Valley, Oceanview, SoMa, Outer Mission, Mission, Sunnyside</p> <p>Length of Residency: 2–21 years</p> <p>Families with Children under 18: 4</p> <p>Housing Status: 5 own, 4 rent (one in an SRO), 2 living with relatives</p> <p>Income levels: 4: <25K, 3: 25K–50K, 1: 50k–75k, 3: 75K–100K</p> <p>All born in: China</p> <p><i>One person living with a disability</i></p>
Group #2	<p>When: Wednesday, January 30, 2020, 6:30 pm–8:30 pm</p> <p>Location: 60 Rausch Street</p> <p>Participants: 10 (6 male and 4 female)</p> <p>Language: Spanish</p> <p>Age range: 23–67</p> <p>Neighborhoods: Lower Haight, Cole Valley, Alamo Square, Mission, Excelsior District, Sunnyvale, Richmond District, Noe Valley, North Beach, Outer Excelsior</p> <p>Length of Residency: 2–29 years</p> <p>Families with Children under 18: 2</p> <p>Housing Status: 2 own, 7 rent, 1 living with relatives</p> <p>Income levels: 4: <25K, 3: 25K–50 K, 2: 50k–75k, 1: 75K–100K</p> <p>Born in: Mexico, Spain, Peru, and the Dominican Republic</p>



Group #3	<p>When: Saturday, February 1, 2020, 3:00 am–5:00 pm</p> <p>Location: 60 Rausch Street</p> <p>Participants: 7 (5 female and 2 male)</p> <p>Language: English</p> <p>Age range: 20–75</p> <p>Neighborhoods: Bayview and Western Addition</p> <p>Length of Residency: 20–69 years</p> <p>Families with Children under 18: 1</p> <p>Housing Status: 1 owns, one couch surfs or stays in shelters, 2 live in co-ops, rent, 1 lives in Rosa Parks Senior Housing, relatives 2 live in Low income subsidized housing (Price Hall)</p> <p>Income levels: 3: <25K, 1: 25K–50K, 1: 50k–75k, 1: 75K–100K, 1: 100K–150K</p> <p><i>One person with a walker</i></p>
Group #4	<p>When: Saturday, February 8, 2020, 11:00 am–2:00 pm</p> <p>Location: 60 Rausch Street</p> <p>Participants: 10 (6 female and 4 male)</p> <p>Language: English</p> <p>Age range: 23–67</p> <p>Neighborhoods: SoMa, Parkside, Mission, Ingleside, Bayview, Richmond District, Pacific Heights</p> <p>Length of Residency: 6–33 years</p> <p>Families with Children under 18: 3</p> <p>Housing Status: 2 own, 7 rent, 1 living with relatives</p> <p>Income levels: 1: <25k, 3: 25k– 0k, 1: 50k–75k, 1: 75k–100k, 1: 100k –125k 2: 125k–150k, 1: >150k</p> <p>Born in: US, Turkey, South Korea, and Germany</p>
Group #5	<p>When: Saturday, February 8, 2020, 4:30 pm–6:30 pm</p> <p>Location: 60 Rausch Street</p> <p>Participants: 10 (4 male and 6 female)</p> <p>Language: English</p> <p>Age range: 23–67</p> <p>Neighborhoods: Castro, Cathedral Hill, SoMa, Outer Sunset, Hayes Valley, Russian Hill, Twin Peaks, Tenderloin, Portola, Bernal Heights</p> <p>Length of Residency: 6–50 years</p> <p>Families with Children under 18: 2</p> <p>Housing Status: 1 own, 8 rent, 1 living with relatives</p> <p>Income levels: 4: <25K, 2: 25K–50K, 2: 50k–75k, 2: 75K–100K</p> <p>Born in: US, UK, China, Peru, Argentina, and France</p>

To preserve anonymity, participants' names have been removed, and gender-neutral pronouns are used whenever possible. Some demographic information is shared, allowing readers the opportunity to find that they share similarities with participants.



Separated by topic are Summary findings gathered across all of the focus groups.

Setting the Stage

After an interactive Ice Breaker designed to help people feel relaxed and give the moderator insights about the participants, we provided the groups with an overview of the Housing



Affordability Strategy: the background, purpose, and goals. We then presented the three concepts to the focus groups and had participants provide their opinions, consider trade-offs, and identify the obstacles and opportunities of each concept. Participants engaged in small group visioning activities designed to reveal which social and physical priorities they felt would be necessary to create vibrant, diverse, and livable neighborhoods of the future. Finally, we asked participants to think about their preferred concept for the future and share what is getting in the way of the City achieving this future?

East Side Focus Discussion

This concept features many new tall buildings added on the East Side of the City with busy, walkable neighborhoods filled with services, jobs, and activities.

Trade-off discussed: Some areas of the East Side currently do not allow residential development or restrict height to four or five stories. Allowing taller buildings in more areas will create opportunities to build far more affordable homes.

Initially, people in most groups reacted positively to the East Side focus concept, with many stating that they were willing to support height increase policy changes so the community could benefit from more housing units.

- Some said that since buildings are already going up in that area, it makes sense to continue building
- Build on the East Side because there is space
- They seem to know how to develop and run these types of buildings well on the East Side, so they should do more of it
- If it is faster and less expensive to build on the East Side

But after further discussion the reaction to the East Side Concept included:

- Public transportation is already overcrowded, slow, and unsafe in that area
- Landfilled area susceptible to earthquakes
- Issues related to toxins in the environment
- Unsafe area
- Sea-level rise may affect the East Side
- More buildings will make it feel like New York not San Francisco
- Tall buildings will ruin the Skyline



When the groups were asked about building heights, there was a marked difference between long-time residents and newer arrivals. Particularly because foreign-born residents often come from places where towers are commonplace they did not oppose higher building heights as long as the buildings are constructed to withstand earthquakes. Alternatively, people who identified as African American or Black, or had lived for a long time in the City were mostly against towers.

One participant stated, “They (the City) tried that before and failed. (Referring to the Towers in Visitacion Valley)

- It does not seem like an equitable solution, putting all of the low-income people in the same area with toxins and lousy transportation.
- If developers do not maintain elevators, towers will become unsafe.

When asked what might make taller buildings appealing, participants said:

- Buildings should be constructed in the sunshine and not cast shadows on nearby housing.
- Boards or commissions overseeing building maintenance and safety need to be inclusive and reflect the diversity of the area and select residents fairly.

The development of an affordable housing waiting list that prioritizes people in this order in addition to income:

1. Length of residence in the neighborhood
2. People of color, specifically African Americans
3. Native-born San Franciscans

When asked to choose the number one social priority to create a vibrant, diverse, and livable neighborhood on the East Side participants shared these results:
(see tables on next page)



Social Priority Choices

	Families	Economic Diversity	Racial/Ethnic Diversity	Family-Owned Businesses	Age diversity (seniors, youth, middle-aged residents)	Other: Accessibility	Other: LGBTQ Diversity
Chinese Language Group	5	6	0	0	0	0	0
Spanish Language Group	3	3	0	2	2	0	0
English Group Western Addition Focus	2	2	2	0	1	0	0
English Group Morning	1	3	4	0	1	1 (easy access to transportation and accessibility for persons with disabilities)	0
English Group Afternoon	2	5	2	0	1	1	1

Physical Priority Choices

	Transit (Public, Sidewalks & Bike lanes)	Outdoor Space (Parks, Trees & Parklets)	Community Service Centers (Senior services, Clinics, Community Centers)	Private Open Space (Patios, Courtyards & Rooftops)	Retail Corridor Access to Local Jobs, Local Shops, Local Restaurants (Ethnic), Grocery Stores, Farmer's Markets
Chinese language Group	3	1	1	1	4
Spanish Language Group	3	2	2	0	3
English Group Western Addition Focus	1	2	2	1	1
English Group Morning	3	2	3	0	2
English Group Afternoon	3	1	3	0	3



Concept 2: Next Stop Home (20 minutes)

Visual support for Concept 2: Includes a generalized map of transit line from SF Planning alongside an activated small neighborhood street, with mid-height buildings, restaurants with outdoor seating, and a variety of people including those with strollers, a dog on a leash, and laptop computers.

Potential Benefits

This concept was well-received by most participants; it made sense to them to build along transit corridors. Most participants do not own cars and depend only on the bikes, public transit, walking, and rideshare. However, many participants shared their concern about public transportation still needing a tremendous amount of improvements to meet the demands of the ridership. Comparisons were made to other cities around the world where public transit is considerably faster, cleaner, safer, and on-time. Many participants responded well to disbursement of the new buildings to areas beyond the East Side. People liked the idea of the use of mid-rise buildings to provide affordable housing options.

“I really want to move out of my parents’ home, but I don’t want to leave the City. Affordable housing could be just the ticket for me.”

Resident living on the West Side in his parents’ house

Most participants saw many benefits to building along major transit corridors including:

- More income for small local restaurants and shops that are already located along the transit corridors
- An opportunity for families to rent affordable units and stay in the City
- The ability to live near parents
- More job opportunities outside of the downtown areas
- Access to a variety of housing stock
- Possibility of increasing the value of current housing stock
- More diversity
- With 40% of affordable units being 2–3 bedrooms, many expressed hope that felt this affordable housing concept would give them the opportunity to stay in the City
- Less people would need to drive cars

“It would be so nice to go to the beach and have something to do, places to eat, shop, and hang out with your friends and families.”

Resident living in the Sunset

Potential Barriers

Some homeowners and people that live on the West Side or along major transit corridors expressed serious concern about how this concept might affect the current racial demographic and change characteristics of the West Side communities.

- Transit system will need to improve
- Racial diversity scares some of the older community members who want to keep the local shops and restaurants
- Family-owned businesses get priced out of their spaces



Concept 3: Residential Neighborhood Growth

Visual representation: varied low-height buildings, and a family-style neighborhood showing some ground-level floor space. Maintains neighborhood characteristics with a bit more density than for which the current situation allows. Participants were asked if they would support allocating more public funds to reach the City's affordable housing goals, considering that the residential Neighborhood Growth Concept is less likely to generate as much affordable housing from private investment as the other concepts.

Approximately 60% said they were not interested in paying more taxes and hoped the City would be able to find funds to support this approach. However, a surprisingly high number of participants said they believe in taxes but have a distrust in government and would want a high level of transparency.

Benefits

SF Natives expressed the most interest in this concept, especially those who have children under the age of 18 and dream of living in a single-family dwelling with a little yard. Most participants like the idea of the housing being spread throughout the City because it gives people the most choice in where they might choose to live.

“Thank you so much for this opportunity to speak. I was ready to move out of San Francisco before this discussion. I’m now re-thinking my position knowing that SF does care about people and community. I’m very grateful for today!”

Resident living in the Sunset

Barriers

Three main barriers were discussed:

- Quantity; Whether this concept could really meet the affordable housing goals
- Cost; Would the City and citizens support the allocation of the necessary funds
- Time; Would this concept take much longer to get approval because there would be so many individual units.

Conclusion

Nearly all of the participants expressed deep desperation for affordable housing regardless of their level of education, income level, or current housing situation. Some participants said they were sad and have already given up on the living in the City. Others felt that the concepts are just a drop in the bucket, but nearly all felt the Housing Affordability Strategy was a positive step in the right direction. While reactions to the concepts varied, most participants stated some combination of the concepts would be a good thing for their communities and the City.

Participants offered ideas about what fair and equitable placement in the low and moderate-income units would mean to them while maintaining the character and diversity of their neighborhoods and the City at large. One person described a SF Natives First program wherein people from low-income households would get bumped up the low-income waitlist. “The city has records of who attended

“I don’t know how you found me, but I have never received an invitation to participate in anything like this before. The public meetings in the Fillmore are always happening when I am at work, and that makes me think they don’t really want to hear from me. Anytime you need my input or help to spread the news to members in my community, you just let me know.”

Resident living in the Fillmore



public school from kindergarten through high school and college too; use those records and don't give low-income housing units away to newcomers to our city." This same participant broke down and cried when asked why do I have to be number 1,500 on a waitlist for low-income housing, why can't I get a job and help my family without them losing their place or getting their rent raised, why?

Participants expressed gratitude for being invited to participate in the group, and some asked how they could stay involved with the Housing Affordability Strategies in the future.

Summary of Housing Policy Group Feedback

As part of the HAS process, the Planning Department convened a Housing Policy Group consisting of key leaders within organizations that regularly comment on housing policies and programs in the city. The department solicited applications for this group and received expressions of interest from people representing 45 organizations and ultimately decided to invite all applicants to participate. The organizations represented included tenant advocacy, real estate industry organizations, both non-profit and for-profit real estate developers, and social service organizations among others.

To focus the group's discussions, Street Level Advisors conducted confidential individual interviews with a sample of participants in Winter 2019. In July and August of 2019, we held 6 small group discussions with Housing Policy Group Members – each session focused on a specific aspect of the City's housing affordability challenge. These discussions helped Planning to orient the research conducted in this project to address questions that were seen as most critical by stakeholders. Then, in early February of 2020, following the completion of the majority of the research, we convened an additional three focus group sessions to review preliminary results and reflect on the emerging analysis.

This summary is intended to highlight some of the discussion points, comments or concerns with the greatest relevance to the development of the Housing Strategies report and the ongoing research.

Initial Policy Framing Discussions (July/Aug 2019)

Where Should Housing Go? Participants were somewhat mixed in their opinions about the likelihood of adding significant housing through upzoning single family neighborhoods but there was near consensus about the desirability of increasing densities along transit corridors.

A number of participants were enthusiastic about the idea of setting citywide growth targets, allocating

that growth to specific neighborhoods and allowing communities to develop local plans to accommodate that growth.

There was surprising agreement among participants in the 'where should housing go' discussion that the city would need to invest more energy into neighborhood level planning processes (of one form or another) if we wanted to see more housing built in every neighborhood. Even people who were highly skeptical of planning agreed that some kind of hybrid approach was necessary: not top down, not bottom up but community level plans with citywide accountability.

Housing Balance/Income Targeting: Participants in the two Housing Balance discussions generally agreed that San Francisco should set a goal of 1/3 of all housing being income restricted and permanently affordable. The suggestion was not to require 1/3 in new buildings but to require the maximum that is feasible through inclusionary zoning and then provide public subsidy for new construction and preservation with the goal of achieving an overall target of 33%.

There was a suggestion that the project pay particular attention to the assumptions about demolition. There are some approaches to new development which would require relatively greater levels of demolition. There also seemed to be a difference between demolition of single-family homes (Which often don't displace tenants) and demolition of multi-family rental stock.

There was general agreement that the city should focus on market and regulatory tools to encourage middle income housing while reserving scarce subsidy funds for households with the greatest needs.

There was consensus that the city should identify additional tax revenue sources to support development of lower income housing.

There was agreement that the sizes (number of bedrooms) of new units are shrinking and that this contributes to the loss of middle-income families. There was a suggestion that policy changes could lead to more 'family sized' units being built.

Preservation: Participants in the two Preservation discussions agreed that purchasing and preserving existing buildings as permanently affordable housing offered important benefits that were distinct from the benefits of new construction. In particular, preservation strategies are the only tools that offer immediate benefit to tenants at risk of displacement.

There was broad agreement that the Small Sites program offered a promising first step which could be scaled up to a more significant program.

Scaling up a preservation program will require new and different capacity than the current affordable housing delivery system.

Participants were uncertain about whether preservation projects were more costly or more cost efficient than new construction but most agreed that rising costs for new construction have made preservation more competitive.

Housing Innovation: Participants discussed the potential and limits of a number of cost saving innovations including Cross Laminated Timber, Modular Construction and Co-living.

The general conclusion was that, with the possible exception of modular construction, these innovations (and others like them which have not been identified yet) are coming to San Francisco regardless of the City's policy choices. The main question for the city is how quickly they will be implemented.

As we project future growth, it seems reasonable to assume that development will benefit from cost saving innovations including the ideas discussed and others that have not been identified yet.

Feedback Sessions (January 2020)

Housing Needs and Challenges. We presented a selection of the context data from the HAS report and answered stakeholder questions. Most questions focused on the historical production data. Several people found the summary of current programs and production discouraging because, the city is clearly doing a lot but the problem seems to be growing faster. One participant noted that the historical data

about income levels served shows that the city is able to adjust who benefits from affordable housing through changes in policy. Another noted that it would be more effective to build affordable housing during down markets, if there were a way to do that. There was general agreement that the history showed that the city can't rely on any one approach to producing affordable housing. One participant said 'we need more tricks up our sleeve.'

Concepts for Future Housing Development. We presented the three concepts to these stakeholder groups and asked for feedback. In particular we asked participants to identify the advantages and challenges for each approach, to discuss who would benefit and who would bear any negative burdens from each approach and to identify specific resources required for each strategy to succeed.

East Side Focus

Advantages

- Some participants saw this as the most 'natural' or most familiar approach to growth. Both developers and neighbors know how to manage building on the east side
- More housing would be built close to jobs
- These areas are already transit rich
- More high rise development offers environmental benefits

Disadvantages

- Others saw this as the approach that has been failing us for the past several decades
- This approach struck many as less equitable because it concentrates building in lower income areas
- Many expressed concern about further gentrification
- There was a concern about seismic issues because much of SOMA is on landfill
- One participant saw this approach as harming people on the west side who would receive less investment in their neighborhoods

Transit Corridors

Advantages

- There was much enthusiasm for this approach because it was seen as spreading the benefits and burdens of growth more equitably
- Some felt that the housing built on these corridors might be more likely to be family serving
- Building on the west side offers improved access to existing parks and schools
- State Cap and Trade funds might be easier to access if projects are not concentrated
- Reduces sprawl
- Adds housing in areas where there are existing small businesses
- Supports a greater diversity of housing types
- “Really opens up the city in a positive way”

Disadvantages

- This approach was seen as having high political risks because of potential community opposition to increased density/height.
- This approach would require new relationships and capacity for community engagement
- Might drive speculation and drive up costs in some neighborhoods
- There is a risk that infrastructure investments might not happen in time to support this strategy

Residential District Growth

Advantages

- Most participants saw this concept as the least threatening/most politically appealing in terms of public reaction to density
- Would create a niche for small local homebuilders – create an economic development opportunity
- Because lower density projects have lower per foot costs, these homes could sell/rent for less

– though they might not

- It might be easier to sustain this kind of growth in a down market
- Eliminating density limits but continuing to limit height would encourage smaller units

Disadvantages

- There were some concerns about whether this approach would really produce the projected number of new units
- This approach would produce fewer inclusionary units
- These projects might be less likely to use union labor
- This requires some kind of ongoing organizing strategy to ensure public acceptance
- There would likely be neighborhood concerns about parking

Other Observations:

Nearly all of the focus group participants felt that the city should draw on all of the concepts in order to maximize opportunities for housing. Among the concepts the Transit Corridors generated the most enthusiasm.

Infrastructure: Most people agreed that the proposed level of growth in both transit corridor and residential growth concepts would require expanded transit and other infrastructure (including commercial resources like grocery stores). Some people saw that as a barrier to implementation of this strategy while others saw that as a benefit because more building would make that transit investment more likely to happen (both financially and politically). There was some worry that the city would adopt a housing strategy without making the required infrastructure investment and fall short of the growth targets as a result.

Displacement: There was disagreement about which of the concepts would pose the greatest

displacement risk. Most agreed that the residential growth scenario might have the least negative impact on existing tenants in part because more growth would occur in areas dominated by homeowners who are less likely to be displaced. Some felt that building on transit corridors on the west side would similarly result in less displacement than building primarily on the east side. Others saw the proposed areas for growth on the east side as mainly commercial while the west side corridors include many existing apartment buildings which could be at greater risk of demolition. One participant observed that we would need a rental registry to really understand where the displacement risk was greatest. Everyone agreed that we need stronger tenant protections to reduce the displacement risks from any of these concepts.

Income levels: Several participants stressed the importance of addressing the question of which members of the community new housing will serve. Simply counting 'affordable' units does not tell us much about what income group. And similarly, for market rate buildings, public acceptance of additional density may be related to people's sense of who the units will serve. Will they be rented to 'people like me?' Some participants felt that the Residential Growth concept might be somewhat more likely to produce slightly lower cost market rate units.

Filling the Gap

We presented projections for the likely market rate and affordable development associated with the alternatives and estimates for the future need for additional affordable housing subsidy.

There was some concern that the goal of 1/3 of units being permanently affordable was not based on an analysis of need. It is likely that the need for affordable units significantly exceeds this level. Some participants suggested the RHNA might provide an additional or even better target. One participant suggested being careful to identify these goals as minimums not maximums – we need to build at least this much.

Other participants expressed concern that the proposed financial needs seemed very high and could lead some portions of the public to resist

increasing funding because we were not likely to provide 'enough' money.

There was a widespread concern about voter 'fatigue' limiting the amount of future affordable housing bond funds. We are investing a lot today but it may be difficult to sustain this level of public support over decades. This concern led many to conclude that success in achieving the proposed targets would require identification of additional sustainable sources of funding which did not require 2/3 majority votes.

Participants suggested a few other potential sources for affordable housing funding:

- Public bank could reduce costs by replacing expensive private capital
- Tax abatements (currently prohibited in CA)
- Reform of the state's Proposition 13 through a "Split roll" property tax system for commercial and residential property could provide some increase in tax revenue which could support affordable housing
- Vacancy tax
- Tax on corporations
- Tax on generators of additional workforce demand

Technical Appendix

Vera Haile Senior Housing. Photo by David Wakely

This technical appendix describes the approach, assumptions, and data sources used by Blue Sky Consulting Group and Strategic Economics for the regression analysis, the financial feasibility analysis, and the affordable housing analysis.

Regression Analysis

In order to estimate the impact of different housing policies on the extent and location of new housing development in San Francisco, the Blue Sky Consulting Group conducted an analysis of the San Francisco housing market during the period 2001-2018, examining the relationship between the extent of multifamily residential housing development and economic and parcel-specific factors that may influence the likelihood of development. The results of this analysis comprised the basis for a simulation model which uses information about the characteristics of each of the approximately 150,000 parcels in the city together with data on previous housing development and market conditions to estimate the likelihood of multifamily housing development. Specifically, the model estimates the likelihood of development based on several key explanatory variables, including prices, construction costs, land use and zoning, and the “development potential” of individual sites measured as the ratio of potential building size to current size.

Using these variables, the model allows for development of estimates of the number of units that are likely to be built based on current zoning and economic conditions as well as in response to policy changes that, for example, decrease costs (such as a fee reduction) or increase development potential (for example by allowing for additional building height).

Methodology

The housing market analysis was conducted using a logistic regression in which the likelihood of market-rate multifamily housing development (the dependent or outcome variable) was estimated based on a series of independent (explanatory variables), including construction costs, housing prices, and parcel-specific characteristics including contemporaneous zoning category, current residential use or historical designation, current permissible building size (envelope), and development potential (ratio of permissible to existing building size). Results of the regression analysis are presented in Figure 1, which shows that each of the key explanatory variables was highly statistically significant. Most importantly, these results show that changes in construction cost or

development potential have a statistically significant association with the likelihood of development, allowing for use of these variables in developing a simulation model to estimate likely development under a series of concepts developed by Planning.

In order to develop the simulation model results, a baseline scenario was developed in which the number of likely units to be developed over the next 30 years was estimated based on specified baseline economic conditions and current zoning. Next, three individual concepts were developed by Planning specifying changes in zoning and density, and the resulting change in likely residential development was modeled for each scenario. Large project areas, such as Treasure Island or Mission Bay, were modeled separately by Planning, and the resulting units were added to the simulation model totals. The number of (non-inclusionary) affordable units and accessory dwelling units were also estimated by Planning separately from the simulation model and added to model results to produce total unit estimates for each scenario.

Data Sources

In order to conduct this analysis, data for each of the more than 150,000 parcels in the City was collected from Planning. In addition, data was collected on each of the multifamily residential projects completed anywhere in the city during the study period. For each parcel, information was collected regarding the existing land use, zoning, and the potential for future development (i.e. the ratio of allowable building size to current building size). Where factors have changed over time (for example with respect to zoning) data was collected for each year, 2001 - 2018. In order to create the development potential variable, a potential building envelop measure was constructed for each parcel in each of the model years. This variable used information about parcel area, setbacks, density limits, and maximum allowable building height to construct the measure used in the regression model. In addition, information about housing prices and construction costs were included in the model data set for each of the study years.

TABLE A1.
Regression Analysis Results

Explanatory Variables - Descriptions	Values for Selected Model	
	coeff	Prob>Chi Sq
Intercept	(10.2835)	0.0000
Parcel has Historic Status (Dummy Variable)	(0.5213)	0.0000
Parcel has Existing Residential Use (Dummy Variable)	(1.1345)	0.0000
SF Housing Price Index (Zillow), Real	0.0511	0.0000
Federal Reserve Multifamily Housing Index, Real	(0.0391)	0.0000
Potential Building Envelope in 1000 sq ft	0.0007	0.0199
Potential Building Envelope / Existing sq ft	0.0763	0.0000
Zoning Dummy Variables:		
Zoning = Office/Commercial	3.2714	0.0000
Zoning = Density Restricted Multifamily	2.7671	0.0000
Zoning = Form Based Multifamily	3.6281	0.0000
Zoning = Industrial / Production, Distribution & Repair	2.2291	0.0000
Zoning = Public/Open Space	(1.4265)	0.1561
Zoning = Redevelopment Area	3.6509	0.0000
Zoning = Residential 2-Family (2 Units per Lot)	1.3510	0.0000
Zoning = Residential 3-Family or Residential Mixed-1 (1/800 sqft)	1.4429	0.0000

Note: Omitted zoning variable is RH1 (Residential Single Family); coefficients shaded in yellow are statistically significant at the 95 percent level.

Financial Feasibility Analysis

Strategic Economics analyzed the financial feasibility of new multi-family housing development (25 units or larger) in different neighborhoods of San Francisco. The analysis was designed to provide an understanding of the factors that determine whether new development projects are likely to move forward under current (2020) market conditions and development costs.

Methodology

Strategic Economics developed a static pro forma model, a commonly used tool to assess the financial feasibility of a new development project. This method tallies all development costs and revenues, and calculates the return/profit to determine whether a project is likely to attract investment. Strategic Economics analyzed four types of large-scale residential development “prototypes” that represent potential buildings at different scales that could be constructed in San Francisco:

- A low-rise building prototype with five stories of residential area
- A mid-rise building prototype with eight stories of residential area
- A high-rise building prototype with 14 stories of residential area
- A high-rise building prototype with 24 stories of residential area

For the purposes of this analysis, all the building prototypes were analyzed as rental apartment developments.

Financial feasibility was tested for each building prototypes using assumptions about revenues and costs, described below.

Cost Assumptions and Data Sources

To arrive at assumptions about development costs, Strategic Economics reviewed feasibility studies completed for the City of San Francisco in the last 2-3 years:

- “Mission-San Jose PDA Housing Feasibility Study,” Keyser Marston and Associates, 2019
- “Inclusionary Housing Feasibility Update,” Republic Urban, 2019
- “Inclusionary Housing Analysis of Divisadero and Fillmore Street Rezoning,” Office of the Controller, City and County of San Francisco, 2018
- “Financial Analysis of Use of State Density Bonus Provisions in Non-Density Controlled Sites: Florida Street and Bryant Street Prototypes,” Keyser Marston Associates, 2018
- “30 Otis Street Historic Alternatives Economic Analysis,” ALH Urban & Regional Economics, 2018
- “450 O’Farrell Street Development Feasibility Review and Evaluation,” Environmental and Planning Systems, 2017
- “Financial Analysis: Eastern Neighborhoods Community Benefits Study,” Keyser Marston Associates, 2017
- Multiple feasibility studies for The Hub in Market-Octavia, Strategic Economics, 2016-2019
- Additional feasibility studies and construction cost estimates for other high-cost Bay Area cities

These studies included a mixture of low-rise, mid-rise, and high-rise building types. Representative cost assumptions for each building type were drawn from these examples and organized into four categories:

- **Hard costs** include the direct cost of constructing buildings and other onsite improvements such as landscaping and infrastructure. Per unit hard costs vary by building type, reflecting the different types of construction (e.g., concrete, steel, and/or wood-frame) and different types of parking. Based on the review of previous feasibility studies, typical hard costs were assumed to range from \$360,000 per unit for low-rise construction to \$450,000 per unit for high-rise construction. Hard costs, which can represent between 50 to 75 percent of total development costs, do not vary by location within San Francisco.
- **Soft costs** include indirect costs associated with the project, including professional fees for design and engineering, and other costs such as taxes, insurance, planning and permitting fees charged by the City, and the cost of financing. Based on the review of previous feasibility studies, typical

soft costs range from \$94,000 per unit for low-rise construction to \$109,000 per unit for high-rise construction, or 15 to 18 percent of total development costs, excluding impact fees.

- **Municipal impact fees** are soft costs that have been itemized separately in this analysis: these are fees charged to offset the impact of development on City services and the community at large. Based on the review of previous feasibility studies, citywide impact fees were estimated to range between \$21,000 per unit for low-rises to \$23,000 per unit for high-rises (three to four percent of development costs). These amounts exclude any special district fees or the City's Inclusionary Affordable Housing requirement. Special district fees raise costs and can represent an additional burden on development in areas where they apply. The Inclusionary Affordable Housing requirement was modeled as a reduction in revenues from satisfying the requirement with affordable units on site (see next section).
- **Land costs** assumptions were determined by reviewing the above feasibility studies and comparable land sales in San Francisco. Strategic Economics analyzed recent land sales from the Costar, a real estate database. In San Francisco, land costs vary by location and zoning capacity, ranging from \$200 to \$1,000 per square foot.

Revenue Assumptions

The revenues generated by the development of rental apartments are closely tied to the market rent levels, which vary across the city. Using rent data from Costar and from comparable, recently completed projects, Strategic Economics estimated average rents for four different submarket tiers with the city. For the high rise building prototypes, the rent assumptions included a rent premium for the views and amenities offered in luxury towers. Average monthly rent for each prototype ranged from \$2,719 to \$5,538 per unit depending on location and building type.

The pro forma analysis assumed that all projects would comply with San Francisco's Inclusionary Affordable Housing requirement for 2020, which requires that private development projects citywide

include at least 20 percent of units at below-market rate, affordable to lower income households. For the purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that the below market rate (BMR) units would be provided on-site at an average rent of \$1,800 per month. The rental revenues from market-rate and BMR units were converted to an overall building capitalized value using the income capitalization approach. The income capitalization approach used standard assumptions for vacancy and operating expenses, and the current market capitalization rate for multi-family rental development in San Francisco.

Return/Profit Assumptions

Based on the capitalized value and development costs determined in the pro forma, Strategic Economics calculated the return on investment for each building type and submarket tier. The threshold return on investment of apartment projects to be financially feasible in San Francisco generally ranges from 15 to 25 percent above total development costs.

Policy Concepts

Strategic Economics used the pro forma model described above to test the impact of policy concepts on feasibility of development. Two major policy concepts with the potential to reduce development costs were analyzed:

- **Reduction of construction costs** through the use of emerging technologies. Nascent technologies such as cross-laminated timber (CLT) and modular construction have the potential to reduce hard costs once they become more widely adopted. To evaluate the impact of these efficiency gains, Strategic Economics tested a concept with construction costs reduced by 15 percent from current 2020 levels.
- **Reduce impact fees.** Citywide impact fees are estimated to be, on average, approximately \$25 per gross square foot of building area, excluding the inclusionary affordable housing requirement. Strategic Economics tested the impact of reducing fees on feasibility.

Affordable Housing Analysis

Strategic Economics reviewed available reports and data to estimate the cost of meeting the HAS production and preservation goals.

New MOHCD Units

For new production, Strategic Economics reviewed reports from the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (TCAC) for 11 affordable housing projects that received tax credits from 2017 to 2018. The project-based data was verified through qualitative

information provided by MOHCD. Based on a review of these projects, Strategic Economics estimated that the City of San Francisco has contributed an average of \$257,000 per unit for new affordable housing development projects, excluding land costs.

Land Costs

In addition to the funding gap shown above, there is also a cost associated with acquiring new sites for affordable housing development. Based on a review of recent land transactions from Costar Group, a real estate database, the average cost of land zoned for low and mid-rise development is \$450 per square foot in San Francisco.

TABLE A2.
Sample of Recent
Affordable Housing
Projects in
San Francisco

Project Name	Total Units	Project Type *
1950 Mission Street	157	Non-Targeted
2060 Folsom Family Housing (Casa Adelante)	127	Large Family
88 Broadway	125	Non-Targeted
735 Davis	53	Seniors
Mission Bay South Block 6 West	152	Non-Targeted
490 South Van Ness Ave	81	Non-Targeted
1990 Folsom	143	Non-Targeted
Eddy & Taylor Family Housing	113	Non-Targeted
455 Fell	108	Large Family
1150 Third Street (Mission Bay South Block 3 East)	119	Special Needs
1296 Shotwell Senior Housing	94	Seniors

Note that all projects in the sample use 4 percent Low Income Housing Tax Credits.

*Non-targeted affordable housing developments serve many types of low income households including a significant percentage of supportive housing units for people who are formerly homeless in nearly all 100% affordable housing developments.

Source: California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, 2017-2018.

TABLE A4.
Land Cost
Assumptions

Assumptions		
Number of affordable MOHCD funded units	472	units per year
Gross area per unit ¹	1,000	square feet
Number of residential stories ²	6	stories
Lot coverage	0.75	% of lot
Floor-area-ratio	4.50	
Land area required	104,889	square feet of land per year
Average cost of land ³	\$450	per square foot
Land costs ³	\$100,000	per unit
Annual land acquisition costs ³	\$47,200,000	per year

¹ Includes non-leasable space in building.

² Assumes new affordable housing developments would be in seven-story buildings with six stories of residential units and non-residential space on the ground floor.

Sources: SF Planning, Costar Group; Strategic Economics

Assuming that most affordable housing projects built by MOHCD would be in mid-rise buildings with six stories of residential units, and a floor-area-ratio of 4.50, this translates to land costs of approximately \$100,000 per unit. The HAS establishes a target of 943 MOHCD-funded affordable units each year. MOHCD has used public sites or land dedication to accommodate about half of recent 100% affordable development. This pattern implies the need to acquire sites that could accommodate half the MOHCD funded affordable units or 472 units per year. This assumption translates into land acquisition costs of \$47.2 million per year.

Preservation of Existing Affordable Units

Strategic Economics also calculated the cost of preserving an existing MOHCD-monitored units that may be at risk of being converted to market-rate. The estimated cost of \$110,000 per unit is based on preliminary estimates from MOHCD for the Capital Plan.

Preservation Acquisitions/ Small Sites

Based on data from 2014 to 2019 collected by Planning and MOHCD, the City of San Francisco's total funding contribution to Small Sites averaged around \$339,000 per unit. This represents 80 percent of total development costs, estimated at \$497,000 per unit.

Large Projects (HOPE SF, Treasure Island)

The cost of preserving and replacing affordable units (including housing and infrastructure) at HOPE SF sites, Treasure Island, and other large projects was estimated based on data from Planning. The average cost to the City is estimated at approximately \$399,000 per unit.

After multiplying the per unit cost estimates with the HAS targets for production and preservation, the total local funding gap is estimated at \$517 million per year.

TABLE A5.





Estimated Annual Local Funding Gap for Production and Preservation Goals

New Production Units	
30 Year Total MOHCD Funded Affordable Units (includes 2,400 new units in large projects)	28,300
Annual Average MOHCD Funded Units	943
Typical Local Gap Unit	\$ 257,000
Average Annual Funding Gap for MOHCD Funded New Production	\$ 242,436,667
Land for New Production	
Annual Average MOHCD Funded Units	943
Number of MOHCD Units Requiring Land Acquisition	472
Estimated Land Cost per Unit	\$ 100,000
Average Annual Funding Gap for MOHCD Funded New Production	\$ 47,166,667
Preservation	
Rebuilt Units in Large Projects (Hope SF, Treasure Island)	1,829
Preservation of Existing Affordable Units	18,431
Preservation Acquisitions/Small Sites	12,000
Preservation Local Funding Gap (Per Unit)	
Rebuilt Units in Large Projects (Hope SF, Treasure Island)	\$ 399,235
Preservation of Existing Affordable Units	\$ 110,000
Preservation Acquisitions/Small Sites	\$ 339,000
Preservation Local Funding Gap (Annual)	
Large Projects (Hope SF, Treasure Island)	\$ 24,340,033
Preservation of Existing Affordable Units	\$ 67,580,333
Preservation Acquisitions/Small Sites	\$ 135,600,000
Average Annual Funding Gap for Preservation	\$ 227,520,367
Annual Local Funding Gap - Production + Preservation	\$ 517,123,700






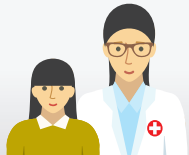










Sources: SF Planning, MOHCD, Street Level Advisors, Strategic Economics.

Who lives in affordable housing?

Annual Median Income, by Household Size

	 1 Person	 2 People	 3 People	 4 People
Very Low-Income Households <i>Earn up to 55% of Area Median Income</i>	\$47,400	\$54,200	\$60,950	\$67,750
Low-Income Households <i>Earn up to 80% of Area Median Income</i>	\$68,950	\$78,800	\$88,700	\$98,500
Moderate-Income Households <i>Earn up to 110% of Area Median Income</i>	\$94,800	\$108,350	\$121,950	\$135,450
Middle-Income Households <i>Earn up to 130% of Area Median Income</i>	\$112,050	\$128,050	\$144,100	\$160,100

Annual Median Household Income Examples

1 person household at 25% AMI   A retiree receiving social security \$18,000	1 person household at 35% AMI   A cashier living alone \$31,150	2 person household at 55% AMI   A nursing assistant with a child \$53,670	4 person household at 60% AMI   A housekeeper ^A and a janitor ^B with two children \$71,340
3 person household at 85% AMI   An entry level police officer with a stay at home partner and child \$89,860	4 person household at 100% AMI   An entry level fire fighter ^C and a childcare worker ^D with two children \$117,300	3 person household at 120% AMI   A carpenter ^E and a first year school social worker ^F with a child \$130,037	2 person household at 130% AMI   Two first year SFUSD teachers ^G \$126,916

A. Housekeeper \$39,800 B. Janitor \$31,540 C. Entry level firefighter \$81,040 D. Childcare worker \$36,260 E. Carpenter \$63,570 F. First year social worker \$66,467 G. First year SFUSD teacher \$63,458
 Source: California Employment Development Department Occupational Employment Statistics 2019 San Francisco and San Mateo Counties Metropolitan Area, San Francisco Department of Human Resources, San Francisco Police Department, San Francisco Unified School District

Endnotes

- 1 MOHCD provides the following 2019 income categories for a family of three: very low-income: 0-50% Area Median Income (AMI) or \$55,450; low-income: 50-80% AMI or \$88,700; moderate-income: 80-120% AMI or \$133,000; above moderate-income: 120-150% AMI or \$166,300; upper income: 150% AMI+ or \$166,300
- 2 According to analysis by the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP) only a quarter of very low income households that income qualify receive federal housing assistance and federal housing funding has stagnated or declined in recent years. http://apps.cbpp.org/shareables_housing_unmet/chart.html
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- 4 ACS 2018 1 Year estimates of Units in Structure and Total Population
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- 6 Housing Needs and Trends Report (2018). San Francisco Planning Department Online: https://default.sfplanning.org/publications_reports/Housing-Needs-and-Trends-Report-2018.pdf
- 7 Ibid
- 8 San Francisco Planning Department analysis of IPUMS-USA data
- 9 San Francisco housing production data 1990-2019 from annual Housing Inventory Reports published by the San Francisco Planning Department
- 10 Affordable housing production data 1990-2019 from annual Housing Inventory Reports published by the San Francisco Planning Department
- 11 Housing Needs and Trends Report (2018). San Francisco Planning Department. Note: In comparison, the Bay Area's overall Black population had been 8 percent in 1990 and had decreased to 6 percent over the next 15 years
- 12 Ibid. Note: Migration rate is defined as the number of individuals who moved in or out of San Francisco in a given year, as a percentage of the number of people in that income group in that year. The rate is calculated as an annual average over the 10-year period 2006 to 2015
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- 16 Ibid
- 17 Planning Department analysis of IPUMS USA and Census ACS data
- 18 Planning Department analysis of ACS Data
- 19 Planning Department analysis of IPUMS USA data
- 20 Ibid
- 21 Housing Needs and Trends Report. (2018). San Francisco Planning Department
- 22 Ibid
- 23 Ibid
- 24 Ibid
- 25 In the Bay Area, segregated white neighborhoods have more than double the household incomes (\$123,701 v. \$48,843) and home values (\$899,765 v. \$440,620) of highly segregated Black and/or Latino neighborhoods.
- 26 Ibid
- 27 Housing Needs and Trends Report. (2018). San Francisco Planning Department
- 28 Ibid
- 29 For additional reading about the history of San Francisco's inequity in housing policy, refer to: African American Citywide Historic Context Statement, January 2016. Online: https://default.sfplanning.org/Preservation/african_american_HCS/AfricanAmericanHistoricContextStatement_Draft_Jan2016.pdf and Report of the San Francisco Mayor's Task Force on African-American Out-Migration, 2009. Online: <http://bayviewmagic.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/4/2010/02/AA-OutMigration-TF-1.pdf>
- 30 The experience of famed SF Giants centerfielder Willie Mays and his wife Marguerite offers an example of housing discrimination from 1950s San Francisco. LaBounty, Woody., (2000). "Willie Mays on Miraloma Drive." Online: <http://www.outsidelands.org/sw5.php>
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- 37 National Multifamily Housing Council, Quarterly Survey of Apartment Market Conditions, 1st Quarter 2019; Turner and Townsend, International Construction Market Survey, 2019
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- 46 Notable downzoning legislation in 1960, 1964, and 1978 reduced housing capacity of the City's Outer Neighborhoods
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- 48 San Francisco City & County Charter Section 4.105. [http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/charter_sf/articleivexecutivebranch-boardscommissio?f=templates\\$fn=default.htm\\$3.0\\$vid=amlegal:sanfrancisco_ca\\$anc=JD_4.105](http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/charter_sf/articleivexecutivebranch-boardscommissio?f=templates$fn=default.htm$3.0$vid=amlegal:sanfrancisco_ca$anc=JD_4.105)
- 49 City and County of San Francisco, Planning Code § 101. Purposes.
- 50 Planning code word count does not include the Code Interpretations and 33 Guidelines Documents that supplement the Planning Code.
- 51 San Francisco's Planning Code has been amended 24 times per year in each in 2019 and 2018.
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San Francisco
Planning

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT
1650 MISSION STREET
SUITE 400
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103

sfplanning.org

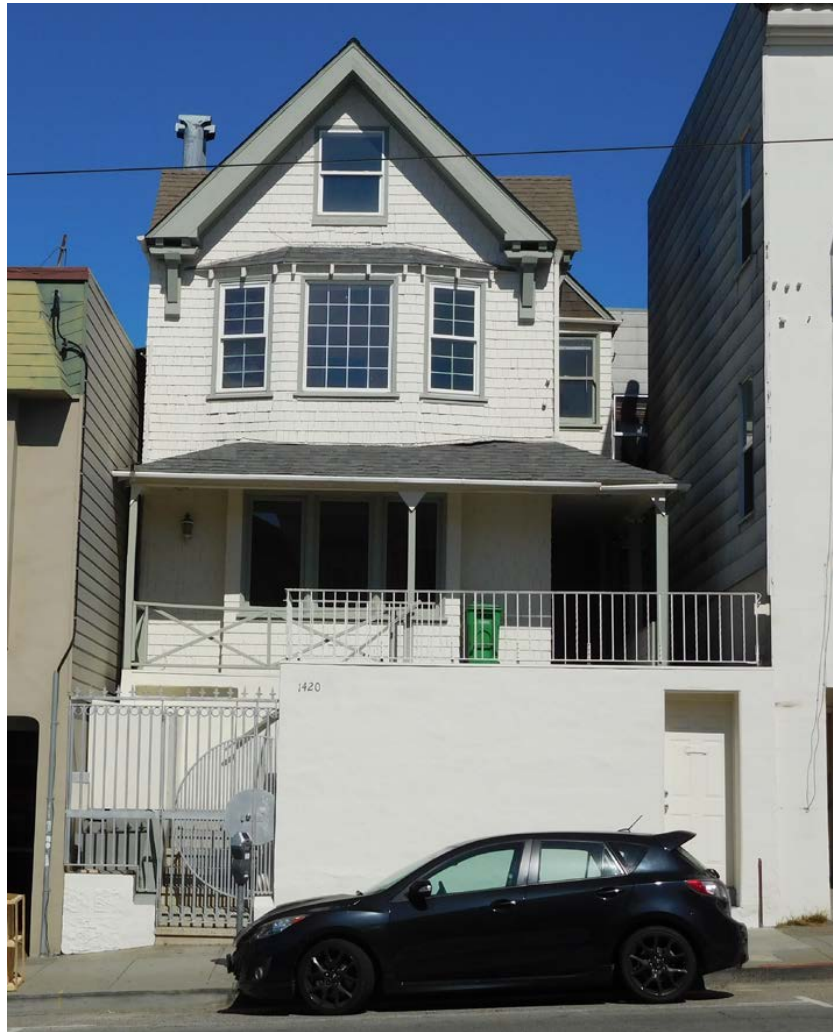
    /sfplanning

EXHIBIT D

HISTORICAL RESOURCE EVALUATION PART 1

1420 TARAVAL STREET

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA



TIM KELLEY CONSULTING, LLC

HISTORICAL RESOURCES

2912 DIAMOND STREET #330

SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94131

415.337-5824

TIM@TIMKELLEYCONSULTING.COM

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I. INTRODUCTION

Tim Kelley Consulting (TKC) was engaged to conduct a Historical Resource Evaluation (HRE) for 1420 Taraval Street, a three story over basement single-family residence constructed in 1909 in the Parkside neighborhood. A scoping discussion with Stephanie Cisneros of the Planning Department on October 10, 2017 identified an area to be visually examined in the vicinity of the subject property, specifically Taraval Street between 24th and 25th Avenues. TKC also used draft survey findings from the San Francisco Planning Department's Commercial Corridors Survey to evaluate whether this building is part of a commercial corridor historic district. This report investigates whether the subject building is eligible for individual listing in the California Register of Historical Resources and whether it is located in a potential historic district.

II. SUMMARY

TKC has determined that 1420 Taraval Street is not eligible for individual listing in the California Register and is not located within a potential historic district.

III. CURRENT HISTORIC STATUS

On November 3, 2017 TKC consulted the San Francisco Planning Department Property Information Map (PIM) to determine whether the property was identified in any recognized register of historical resources. The PIM listed the following Preservation information for the subject property.

HISTORIC EVALUATION:

Parcel:	2353010
Building Name:	
Address:	1420 TARAVAL ST
Planning Dept. Historic Resource Status:	B - Unknown / Age Eligible

Neighborhood Commercial Corridors Historic Resources Survey in Progress.
Check historic resource status with Preservation Planning Staff.

ARTICLE 10 DESIGNATED HISTORIC DISTRICTS AND LANDMARKS:

None

ARTICLE 11 PRESERVATION DESIGNATION:

None

NATIONAL REGISTER HISTORIC DISTRICTS:

None

CALIFORNIA REGISTER HISTORIC DISTRICTS:

None

HISTORIC RESOURCE EVALUATION RESPONSES:

None

HISTORIC SURVEYS:

None

HISTORIC CONTEXT STATEMENTS:

None

LEGACY BUSINESS REGISTRY:

None

ARCHITECTURE:

Unknown

IV. DESCRIPTION

A. Site

1420 Taraval Street sits on the north side of the Taraval between 24th and 25th Avenues. The street and the parcel both slope down very slightly to the west. The subject building is set back slightly from the front lot line, with a basement level projecting volume sitting at the right side lot line and extending to the sidewalk. There is a metal security gate to the left of the projecting volume. The building abuts its neighbor to the left and is separated by a few feet from its neighbor to the right. The surrounding buildings all sit at their front lot lines.



Figure 1: 1240 Taraval Street

B. Exterior

1420 Taraval Street is a three story over basement single family residence clad in stucco at the basement level and wood shingles at all other levels and capped with a compound gable roof. The building is roughly rectangular in plan, with a cut out on the front right side, the projecting addition at the front right side basement level, and another projecting volume in the rear. There is a recessed above grade pedestrian door on the right side of the projecting basement volume (**Figure 2**). To the left of this, enclosed by the metal security gate, a concrete and terrazzo quarter turn stair leads to the first story (**Figure 3**). At the first story, a metal railing

encloses the flat roof of the projecting volume. A shed roof supported by square posts projects from the primary building, creating a covered porch across the front of the façade. At the center of this façade, there is a square bay window with three wood sash windows. At the right, the primary entrance is in the cutout, which is shaded by the projecting shed overhang (**Figure 4**). The second story features at center a shallow canted bay with a large vinyl sash fixed window flanked by smaller vinyl sash double hung windows, all with false muntins. The canted bay is topped with a shed roof with exposed false rafter tails. In the gable peak is a vinyl sash double hung window. The gable terminates with a projecting box cornice, with false rafter tails and brackets at the outer lower corners. At the right, there is a wood sash double hung window on the second story of the cutout (**Figure 5**). The roof shape, visible from the street and from aerial views, features two large gabled dormers near the front, a shed roof dormer behind on the left, and a hip roof section at the rear.



Figure 2: Basement level



Figure 3: Entry steps



Figure 4: First story



Figure 5: Upper stories

V. HISTORIC CONTEXT

A. Neighborhood

The Parkside neighborhood, a sub-section of the larger Sunset district, is bounded by Rivera and Quintara streets to the north, 14th Avenue to the east, Wawona Street and Sloat Boulevard to the south, and the Pacific Ocean to the west.

In 1905, the Parkside Realty Company began purchasing lots in the area now known as Parkside in order to develop the large tract of land into a residential neighborhood, including providing the necessary sewer lines, street and block grading, and establishing gas, electric, water, and transportation services. To sell lots and homes, the company also had to overcome public perception that the area was a distant wilderness. The lack of streetcar access was the major hurdle to the Parkside subdivision's success. The Parkside Transit Company was incorporated in late 1905, with the intent of bringing a streetcar line to the neighborhood. Before the line could be built, however, the whole city of San Francisco was met with disaster.

The Parkside District wasn't materially affected by the 1906 earthquake and fire, but building plans had to be delayed while all resources, planning decisions, utility installation and repair, and construction materials went to the task of rebuilding San Francisco's core. The reconstruction period seemed an ideal time to market the Parkside Realty Company's plan of selling starter homes to former renters. Indeed, districts such as the Richmond, Sunnyside and Outer Mission, located outside the fire line that catered to these buyers and had reliable mass transportation, experienced a boom in population in the decade after the disaster. For the Parkside Realty Company, it was a matter of getting the resources to build the cottages before prospective buyers moved to Oakland, Berkeley, or other San Francisco neighborhoods.

Additionally, property owners who had purchased lots in the Parkside prior to the earthquake still waited for their new streetcar line. A single line track was laid in June 1908. It ran south on 20th Avenue from H Street to T Street, then turned west, reaching 33rd Avenue before turning south again and continuing a few more blocks to Sloat Boulevard. The line was a fraction of the Parkside Transit Company's initial vision, but it provided a means of commuting downtown.

In early 1908, the Parkside Realty Company finally began construction. It used two marketing strategies, selling speculative land to investors, while simultaneously constructing homes for residents. The company started erecting 62 cottages that snaked from the corner of 26th Avenue and Ulloa Street southwest around a ridgeline of sand dunes to 32nd Avenue and Vicente Street. Each block between Ulloa and Vicente had groups of three to seven houses facing each other across graded but unpaved streets. This sprinkling of construction on seven blocks may have been a way to "seed" the district, getting the first residents to spread across the neighborhood.

These Parkside cottages came in six varieties of façade styles with essentially identical floor plans. The cottages were approximately 800 square feet (20 x 40 feet) on one story with two bedrooms and one bath. The existence of the cottages, combined with advertising and the housing shortage caused by the 1906 earthquake and fire, worked in the Parkside Realty Company's favor. Privately constructed homes joined the cottages and by the summer of 1908

some 100 residences in the new development were occupied. However, growth did taper off after the initial offering. By the mid-1920s, the Parkside Realty Company appears to have stopped construction of their own buildings, instead allowing other home-building operations and small-scale construction companies to buy and build on its lots. The Lang Realty Company emerged as the major builder in the Parkside at this time, erecting over 200 homes in 1926 and 1927. Many smaller building companies, such as F.M. Biggam, Jas. Arnott and Sons, and others became active in the Parkside at this time, usually focusing on no more than four to eight homes at a time. Stucco facades with one-story-over-garage floor plans emerged as the dominant architectural style in this era.

During the home-building boom of the late 1920s, the Sunset and Parkside districts were the focus of renewed interest from real estate firms and construction companies, particularly after the opening of the Sunset Tunnel in April 1925. Prominent developers of the Parkside and Sunset from the 1920s to 1950s were the Gellerts (Sunstream Homes and Standard Building Company), Henry Doelger, Ray Galli, Lang Realty Company, Chris McKeon (Happy Homes Building Company), and the Meyer brothers. These merchant builders were often family-run businesses concerned with building affordable homes quickly on the standard city grid in a range of facades to suit current tastes. None of these builders employed architects, although they did use building designers. The builders borrowed ideas from one another and kept track of which floor plans and façade styles were selling best.

Before World War II, styles were a mixture of Spanish (red tile roofs), Second Empire, English Tudor, and Colonial. After the war, period revival detailing was less common, both to control costs and to offer a “modern” look. The results are homes that are so similar it is difficult to identify the builder.

Shops and services grew along Taraval Street, and boomed with housing construction in the 1920s. The primary shopping area for the Parkside extended from 17th Avenue to 24th Avenue. Stores and businesses sprang up more or less spontaneously along the L streetcar line during the 1920s to serve the growing population, a typical pattern in the Bay Area. A subsidiary shopping area also grew along Vicente Street between 22nd and 24th Avenues.

Development in the Parkside and Sunset was fueled by a desire to own a home. The Parkside grew into a heterogeneous area of single family homes inhabited by Irish and other western Europeans during the 1920s through the 1940s. The creation of the Federal Housing Administration in 1934 helped encouraged home ownership with low down payments and long term mortgages, during the economic down turn of the Depression era. This greatly spurred the construction and sales of single-family homes in the Sunset/Parkside, , with the construction and establishment of businesses, flats, and apartment structures lagging behind.

Single-family homes make up the vast majority of the housing in the Parkside District. Most were originally built in the 1920s and 1930s as one-story over garage with floor plans of five to six rooms, designed for small families. The smaller cottages built by the Parkside Realty Company in 1908 have almost all been raised to accompany basement garages. Larger family homes of Craftsmen and Edwardian styles built in the 1910s and early 1920s have front setbacks from 8-15 feet, and a few feature a garage as a side or back-of-lot structure. Flats and small apartment buildings/complexes, most dating from the 1940s and 1950s, are usually found at corner intersections along the streetcar line on Taraval Street. Flats, with one residence per floor, generally are two-story over garage.

The Parkside District's commercial structures are limited to Taraval Street, 19th Avenue, and small sections of Vicente Street. Single story retail buildings are intermixed with two- to four-story structures that feature housing or office space over ground floor retail. Some larger commercial buildings run half or the full length of a block, with space for four to seven individual businesses on the street. Styles range from Mission revival to Art Deco to Streamline Moderne. Larger commercial buildings originally created as automotive garages and food markets, have in many cases been repurposed as offices or housing. The former Parkside Theater on Taraval near 19th Avenue, for instance, is now used as condominiums and a childcare center.

B. Project Site History

The first Sanborn map for this area was published in 1915 (**Figure 6**). The subject block is vacant apart from the subject building and four other buildings with identical or very similar footprints. The subject building is illustrated as a two story single family residence. The building is roughly rectangular in plan, with a cutout on the front right corner and a small one story projection at the rear. A porch spans the front of the building, including the cutout. There is a small one story structure at the rear of the parcel.

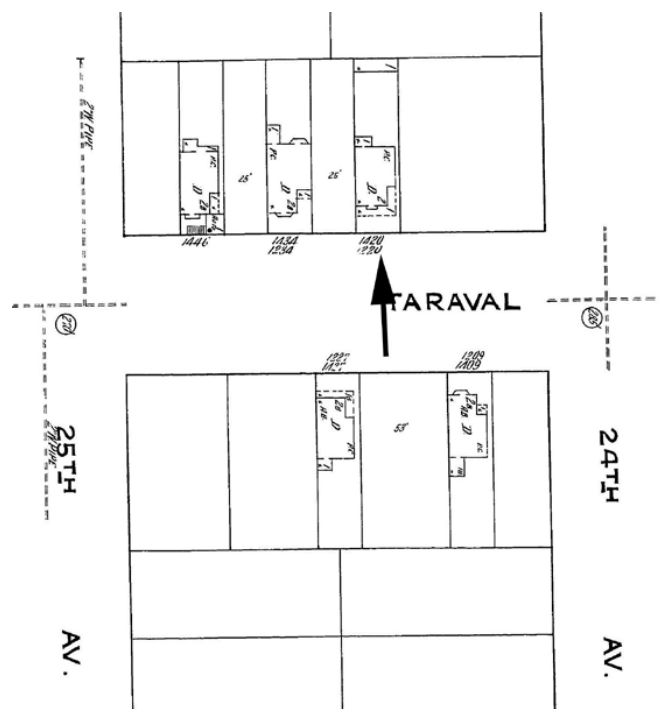


Figure 6: 1915 Sanborn Map 1420 Taraval Street noted with arrow.

The 1928 Sanborn Map shows the same level of development on the subject block, with continued modifications to the existing buildings (**Figure 7**). The subject building retains the same footprint, except for the rear volume, which now spans the entire back of the building.

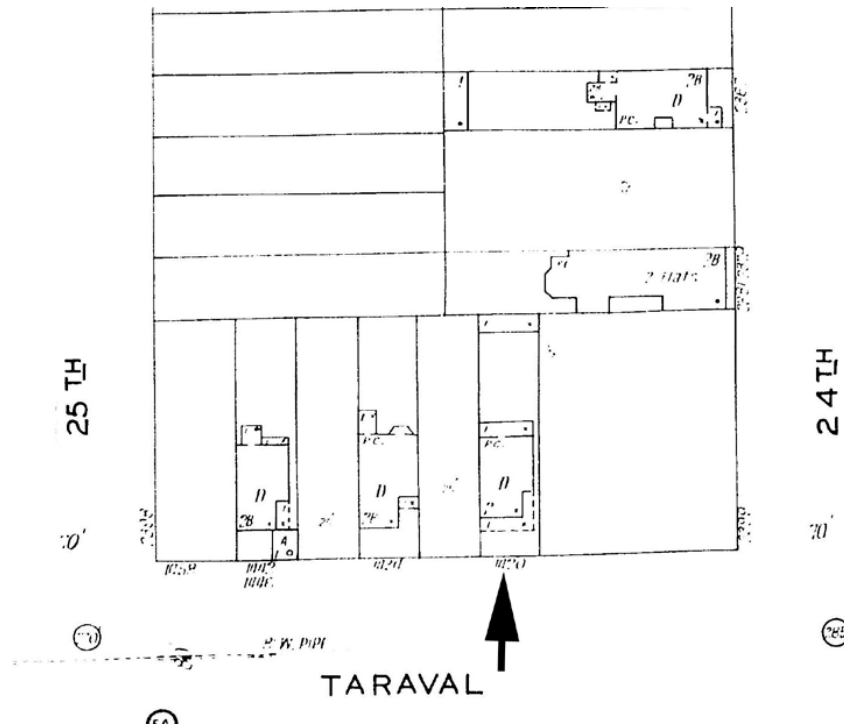


Figure 7: 1928 Sanborn Map 1420 Taraval Street noted with arrow.

The 1938 Harrison Ryker aerial photograph shows an increase in development on the subject block, with larger scale buildings being constructed around the subject building and the other original buildings on the block (**Figure 8**). The subject building appears the same as on the 1928 Sanborn Map.



Figure 8: 1938 aerial photograph 1420 Taraval Street noted with arrow.

The 1950 Sanborn Map reveals the nature of the new development seen on the 1938 photograph, specifically apartment buildings and apartments over commercial (**Figure 9**). The subject building retains the same footprint as seen on previous maps.

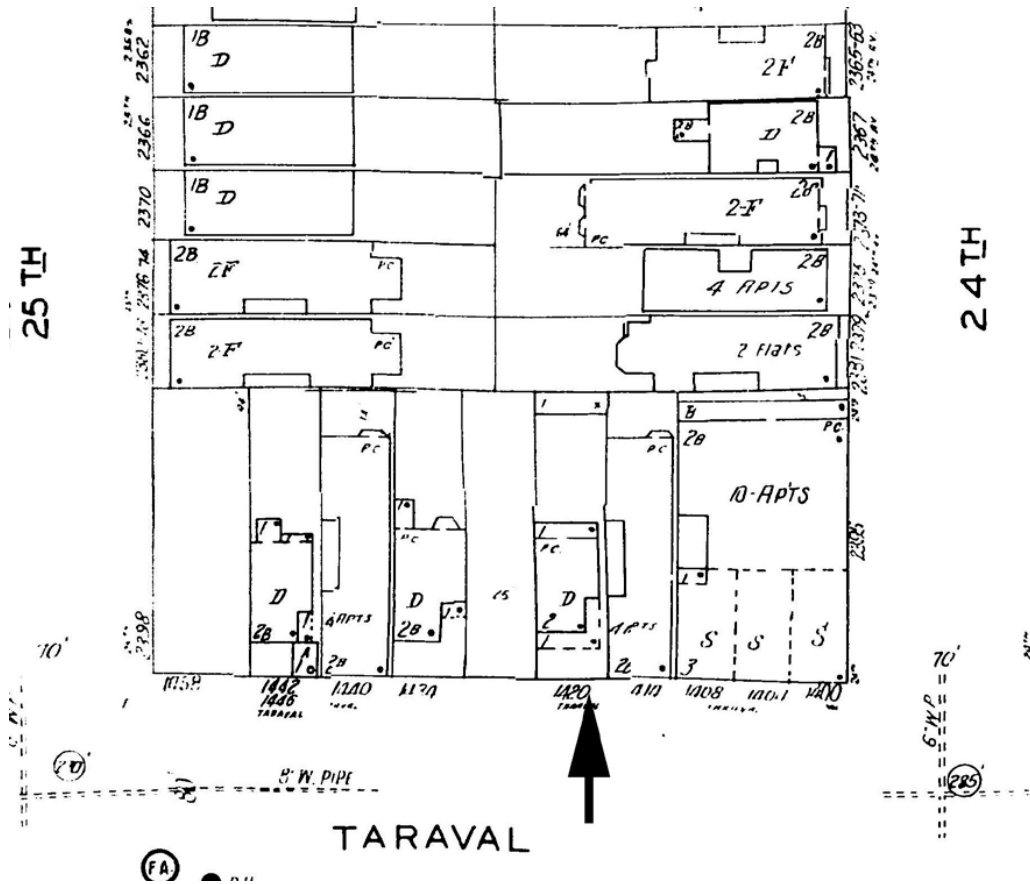


Figure 9: 1950 Sanborn Map with 1420 Taraval Street noted with arrow.

The 1990s Sanborn Map shows the area completely infilled (**Figure 10**). The subject building now has the front addition. Otherwise it retains the same footprint as seen on the 1928 Sanborn map, although the front one story porch is incorrectly illustrated as enclosed. The rear addition, which spanned the entire rear façade, is illustrated as only spanning part of the façade, as seen in the earlier maps. The new front projecting addition is illustrated as a one story volume labeled “A” for automobile, though it is unclear if it was ever used as a garage. The other two historic buildings, seen with the subject building in the previous maps, have been replaced with multi-family housing.

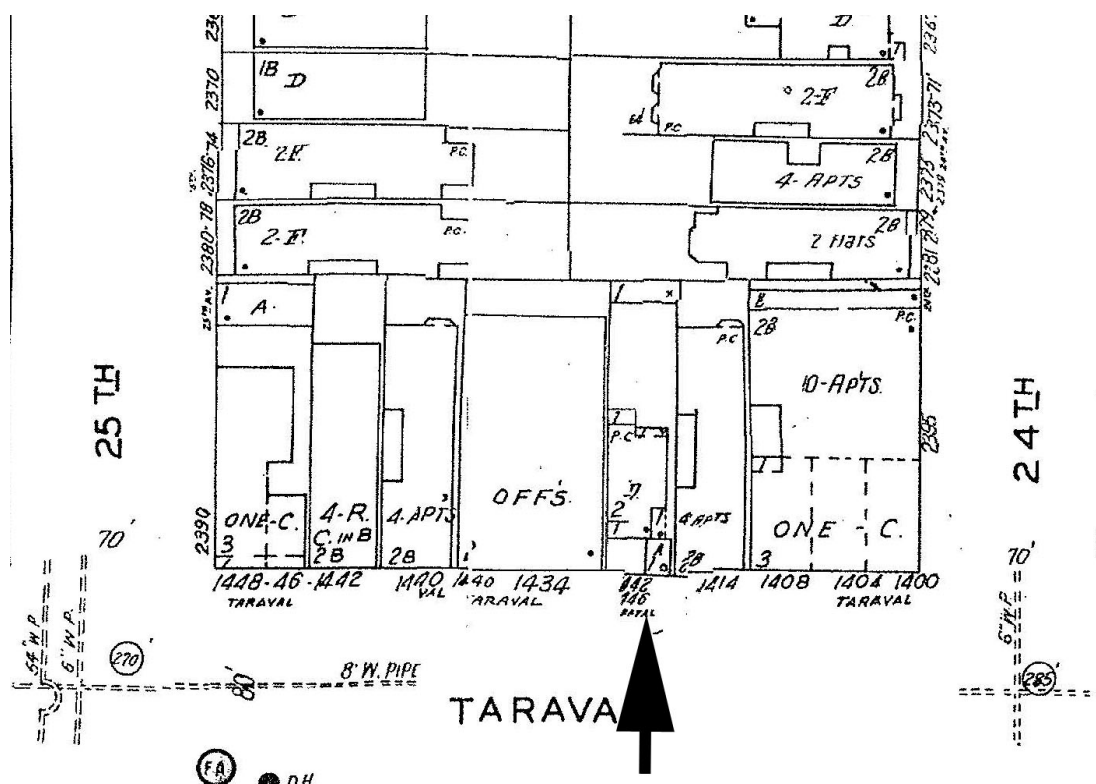


Figure 10: 1990s Sanborn Map with 1420 Taraval Street noted with arrow.

C. Construction Chronology

According to the original construction permit, 1420 Taraval was constructed in 1909 by Hugh Keenan. Alterations to the building include: modern windows; reconstructed front steps; remodeled front porch including railings and posts; and the ground level one-story garage, which currently has a pedestrian door but not a garage door.

Hugh Keenan Construction Company

Hugh Keenan emigrated from Ireland and began his career as a builder as early as 1880.¹ In the 1890s, he partnered with architect Robert Dickie Cranston and constructed Victorians in the Haight Ashbury neighborhood. Notable examples of these designs include 710 Ashbury and 459 Ashbury. The partnership was short lived, and Keenan resumed his work as a sole

¹ United States Census 1880, San Francisco County, Enumeration District 216

proprietor construction company. Keenan died in 1934.² No historic resources were located constructed by Keenan after his partnership with Cranston.

Based upon the historic photos seen below (**Figures 11 and 12**), it appears that Keenan most likely constructed six homes similar to the subject building on this block. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two remaining.



Figure 11: Taraval St looking West circa 1914. Subject building noted with arrow
Source: San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Historic Photos Collection

² California Death Index 1905-1939



Figure 12: Taraval St looking east circa 1923. Subject property noted with arrow.

Source: OpenSFHistory.org, wnp36.03101

D. Permit Record

The following permits were found in Department of Building Inspection files for the subject property:

- Permit #24242, June 25, 1909 – To build a two-story single family building
- Permit #83161, May 23, 1946 – Store under the existing building 18' x 20'. (Note: This probably refers to construction of the front addition, but there are no listings for a commercial use at the address. A Certificate of Completion dated October 1, 1946 for a different permit number mentions only reconstruction of the front porch and stairs.)
- Permit #355770, April 12, 1968 – Underpin west foundation wall
- Permit #481398, May 11, 1982 – Replacement of gutters (east/west) and leaders

Copies of the permits are in the Appendix to this report.

E. Architectural Style

The subject property can be best described as vernacular with Shingle elements. Unlike formal styles of architecture, vernacular architecture is not characterized by stylistic design elements.

In San Francisco, the Shingle style is often referred to as the First Bay Tradition, adapted for construction on narrow city lots. Popular from 1880-1915, the Shingle style dispensed with the complex building surfaces of the Queen Anne style and used simple shingles for all surfaces. These buildings are characterized by symmetry with bulges, incisions and cavities enshrouded by a “skin” of patterned shingles. Usually featuring restrained, small-scale ornamentation, Shingle buildings often feature decorative details such as Palladian windows.³

F. Owners and Occupants

The first owners, Thomas Morris and C. Henry Forsland, did not reside at the property. Emmanuel, Alexander, Gustave, and George Stavrou were brothers. They initially used the subject property as a rental investment (from 1924-1937), then George and Alex Stavrou resided there until their deaths in 1959 and 1981.

Table 1: Owners of 1420 Taraval Street

Name	Date	Occupation
Hugh Keenan Construction Co	1909 – 2/27/1913	Contractor
Thomas Carroll Morris	2/27/1913 – 7/8/1914	Purchasing Agent
Vivian Morris	7/8/1914 – 5/15/1915	Wife of Thomas
C. Henry Forsland	5/18/1915 – 5/16/1916	Secretary
Nann M. Forsland	5/16/1916 – 3/20/1918	Wife of C. Henry
Hugh Keenan	3/20/1918 – 8/5/1918	Contractor

³ San Francisco Preservation Bulletin No. 18: Residential and Commercial Architectural Periods and Styles in San Francisco

John J. and Gertrude Enright	8/5/1918 – 8/16/1924	Boiler maker
Emmanuel, Alexander, and George Stavrou	8/16/1924 – 6/19/1932	Emmanuel – cook; Alexander – cook; confectioner; George - waiter
Emmanuel Stavrou	8/16/1932 – 5/13/1939	Cook
Gustav, Alexander, and George Stavrou, Elaine Riga	5/13/1939 – 9/11/1939	Gustav – Restaurant worker; Alexander – cook; confectioner; George - waiter
Alexander Stavrou	9/13/1939 – 5/6/1958	Alexander – cook, confectioner
Alexander and George Stavrou	5/6/1958 – 9/15/1976	Alexander – cook, confectioner; George - waiter
George Stavrou and Helmut Mandel	9/15/1976 – 1/3/1977	George- waiter Helmut- Insurance Agent
Helmut Mandel	1/3/1977 – 1/13/2005	Insurance Agent
Peter and Paula Mandel	1/13/2005 - current	

Table 2: Occupants of 1420 Taraval Street

Date	Name	Occupation
1916 - 1919	Robert N. Powers	Pastor Parkside Pres.Church
1920 – 1924	John Enright	Boilermaker
1930	Alice Ledonas	Teacher
1938 – 1959	Alexander Stavrou	Cook
1938 - 1981	George Stavrou	Waiter, cook
1982	Octavia Mandel	Nurse

VI. EVALUATION OF HISTORIC STATUS

The subject property was evaluated to determine if it is eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, either individually or as a contributor to a historic district. The California Register is an authoritative guide to significant architectural, archaeological and

historical resources in the State of California. Resources can be listed in the California Register through a number of methods. State Historical Landmarks and National Register-eligible properties (both listed and formal determinations of eligibility) are automatically listed. Properties can also be nominated to the California Register by local governments, private organizations or citizens. This includes properties identified in historical resource surveys with Status Codes of 1 to 5 and resources designated as local landmarks or listed by city or county ordinance. The evaluative criteria used by the California Register for determining eligibility are closely based on those developed for use by the National Park Service for the National Register. In order to be eligible for listing in the California Register a property must be demonstrated to be significant under one or more of the following criteria:

Criterion 1 (Event): Resources that are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of local or regional history, or the cultural heritage of California or the United States.

Criterion 2 (Person): Resources that are associated with the lives of persons important to local, California, or national history.

Criterion 3 (Architecture): Resources that embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, region, or method of construction, or represent the work of a master, or possess high artistic values.

Criterion 4 (Information Potential): Resources or sites that have yielded or have the potential to yield information important to the prehistory or history of the local area, California or the nation.

The following section examines the subject property's eligibility for listing in the California Register under those criteria.

A. Individual Eligibility

- Criterion 1 (Events)

1420 Taraval Street is not eligible for individual listing in the California Register under Criterion 1. It was constructed in 1909 during the early residential development of the area. The area was later predominantly developed for commercial use, and many of the earlier residential buildings were replaced. This building did not make an individually significant contribution to the development of the neighborhood. Nor did it make a significant contribution to the broad patterns of local or regional history, or the cultural heritage of California. Thus the property is not eligible for listing in the California Register under Criterion 1.

- Criterion 2 (Persons)

This building is not eligible for individual listing in the California Register under Criterion 2. It is not associated with any significant persons in the history of San Francisco or the State of California, as none of the owners or occupants was listed in the San Francisco Biography Collection or newspaper indexes or otherwise indicated to be important to the history of San Francisco or the State of California. Thus the property is not eligible for listing in the California Register under Criterion 2.

- Criterion 3 (Architecture)

This building is not eligible for individual listing in the California Register under Criterion 3. 1420 Taraval was constructed by contractor Hugh Keenan. He is not considered a master builder. This building does not embody distinctive characteristics of a type, period, region, or method of construction, represent the work of a master, or possess high artistic values. Thus the property is not eligible for listing in the California Register under any aspect of Criterion 3.

- Criterion 4 (Information Potential)

This criterion ordinarily refers to potential archeological value. A full analysis of archeological value is beyond the scope of this report. The property does not appear eligible for individual listing on the California Register under Criterion 4.

B. District

A property may also become eligible for listing on the California Register as a contributor to a historic district. Guidelines define a district as an area that “possesses a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites, buildings, structures, or objects united historically

or aesthetically by plan or physical development.”⁴ To be listed on the California Register, the district itself must be eligible under the criteria already discussed. The documentation of the district must enumerate all properties within it, identifying each as a contributor or non-contributor. The district itself, as well as each of its contributors, then become historical resources.

The subject block is not formally identified at present as a historic district. To investigate whether a historic district potentially exists in the area, TKC conducted a search of nearby HRERs and visually examined the surrounding buildings. Per the scoping agreement of October 10, 20, the examined area includes Taraval Street between 24th and 25th Avenues. Additionally, TKC reviewed the draft survey findings from the Neighborhood Corridor Survey provided by the Planning Department to evaluate this area as a potential district.

The area contains 16 properties constructed between 1909 and 1992 and ranging in height from one to three stories (contextual photographs are available in the Appendix). Currently, there are no HRERs in the vicinity. The following table lists the property address, parcel number, construction date (per the Assessor’s Office) and use. The subject property is in italics.

Table 3: Buildings located on Taraval between 24th and 25th Avenues

Address	Parcel Number	Construction Date	Building Use
1400-08 Taraval	2353/008	1928	Multiple-family/commercial
1414 Taraval	2353/009	1936	Apartment
<i>1420 Taraval</i>	<i>2353/010</i>	<i>1909</i>	<i>Single-family</i>
1430-34 Taraval	2353/011	1968	Commercial
1440 Taraval	2353/012	1937	Apartment
1442 Taraval	2353/013	1992	Single-family
1444 Taraval	2353/014	1951	Commercial
2401 24 th Ave	2401/001	1923	Apartment
1409 Taraval	2401/043	1912	Commercial

⁴ Office of Historic Preservation, 1995.

1415-19 Taraval	2401/042	1948	Multiple-family/commercial
1421-25 Taraval	2401/041	1924	Multiple-family
1427-29 Taraval	2401/040	1933	Multiple-family
1433-35 Taraval	2401/039	1925	Commercial
1439 Taraval	2401/038	1925	Commercial
1445-47 Taraval	2401/037	1900	Multiple-family/commercial
1455 Taraval	2401/036	1954	Commercial

No HRERs were found in the area.

Findings:

The adjacent neighborhood contains a mix of commercial and residential buildings. The earliest development in this block and block face consisted of six residential building similar to the subject building. In the 1920s, most of these buildings were replaced with commercial and multiple-family buildings. The subject building and 1409 Taraval are the only two similar buildings that remain (the history of 1445-47 Taraval is unknown). Taraval Street from 12th through 46th Avenues contains mostly commercial and/or mixed-use buildings. A reconnaissance survey of this area was conducted during the research of the "Neighborhood Commercial Buildings, 1865-1965, Historic Context Statement." A small section of the area was found to contain a potential commercial historic district (2109-2201 Taraval) and a few buildings were determined to be eligible as individual resources.⁵ The block examined for this report was not found to be a potential historic district, and this report concurs with those findings.

VII. INTEGRITY

In addition to being determined eligible under at least one of the four California Register criteria, a property deemed to be significant must also retain sufficient historical integrity. The concept of integrity is essential to identifying the important physical characteristics of historical resources and hence, evaluating adverse change. For the purposes of the California Register,

⁵ "Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District (NC-2) 12th Avenue – 46th Avenue," San Francisco Planning Department, Undated.

integrity is defined as the authenticity of an historical resource's physical identity evidenced by the survival of characteristics that existed during the resource's period of significance.

Historical resources eligible for listing in the California Register must meet one of the criteria of significance described in section 4852(b) of this chapter and retain enough of their historic character or appearance to be recognizable as historical resources and to convey the reasons for their significance. “⁶ Integrity is evaluated with regard to the retention of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.”⁷ . These aspects, which are based closely on the National Register, are location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. *National Register Bulletin 15, How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation* defines these seven characteristics:

- *Location* is the place where the historic property was constructed.
- *Design* is the combination of elements that create the form, plans, space, structure and style of the property.
- *Setting* addresses the physical environment of the historic property inclusive of the landscape and spatial relationships of the building/s.
- *Materials* refer to the physical elements that were combined or deposited during a particular period of time and in a particular pattern of configuration to form the historic property.
- *Workmanship* is the physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture or people during any given period in history.
- *Feeling* is the property's expression of the aesthetic or historic sense of a particular period of time.
- *Association* is the direct link between an important historic event or person and a historic property.

This building is not a historical resource, therefore no period of significance can be determined. For information purposes, the building has been extensively altered over the years as detailed above.

⁶ California Code of Regulations Title 14, Chapter 11.5

⁷ *ibid*

VIII. CONCLUSION

1420 Taraval Street is not individually eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources. The property is not located in a potential historic district. .

IX. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service. *National Register Bulletin 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, D.C.: National Park Service, rev. ed. 1998.

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San Francisco Office of the Assessor-Recorder. Deeds, maps, and *Sales Ledgers*.

San Francisco Bureau of Building Inspection, Records Management.

Sanborn Maps, San Francisco California, 1915, 1928, 1950, 1990s,

X. APPENDIX

NORTH SIDE OF TARAVAL BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH AVENUES





SOUTH SIDE OF TARAVAL BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH AVENUES





Permits for 1240 Taraval Street

[illegible]

OFFICIAL COPY



Applicant must indicate in ink correctly and distinctly on the back of this sheet, a diagram of the lot with street, alleys, location of existing buildings on the lot, if any, and location and dimensions of proposed buildings. Plans and Specifications must be fastened together.

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT

FRAME BUILDING

Application is hereby made to the Board of Public Works of the City and County of San Francisco for permission to build frame building on the lot situated at the north side of T Street in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith.

All provisions of the building law shall be complied with in the erection of said building, whether specified herein or not. Estimated cost of building \$ 3,500.00 Building to be occupied as a dwelling by No. 1 families.

Size of Lot 25 feet front 25 feet rear 120 feet deep.

Size of proposed building 22 ft. by 37 ft. Extreme height of building 35 ft.

Height in clear of cellar 3 ft. Height in clear of first story 8 ft 6 in

Height in clear of second story 9 ft 4 in Height in clear of third story

Height in clear of fourth story Height in clear of fifth story

Foundation to be of, material concrete thickness 8 inches.

Size footings 12 inches. Greatest height 2 ft

Size of studs in basement 2 by 6 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in first story 2 by 4 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in second story 2 by 4 inches 16 inches on centers.

Size of studs in third story by inches inches on centers.

Size of studs in fourth story by inches inches on centers.

Size of studs in fifth story by inches inches on centers.

Wall covering to be of material and shingles

First floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 12 ft.

Second floor joists 2 by 10 inches 16 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 12 ft.

Third floor joists by inches inches on centers. Longest span between supports ft.

Fourth floor joists by inches inches on centers. Longest span between supports ft.

Fifth floor joists by inches inches on centers. Longest span between supports ft.

Rafters 2 by 4 inches 22 inches on centers. Longest span between supports 11 ft.

Roof covered with shingles Steep or flat?

Studs in bearing partitions by inches 16 inches on centers. Bearing partitions must be same as outside ones.

Chimneys of hard cotton lined with plastered

Any gas grates? 1 Any patent flues? 3 Is the building to be heated, and how?

Any opening to basement in sidewalk? Any elevator, freight-passage or dumb?

There are to be 2 stairways 4 x 8 ft. wide located front corner

I hereby agree to save, indemnify and keep harmless the City and County of San Francisco against all liabilities, judgments, costs and expenses which may in anywise accrue against said city and county in consequence of the granting of this permit, or from the use or occupancy of any sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk placed by virtue thereof, and will in all things strictly comply with the conditions of this permit.

Name of Architect

Address

Name of Builder Hugh H. Korman Const. Co.

Address 300 Webster St.

By H. H. Korman Owner

Address 300 Webster St.

By H. H. Korman

(Note—The owner's name must be signed by himself or by his Architect or authorized Agent.)

OFFICIAL COPY

SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

BLDG. FORM -
No. 3 APPLICATION FOR
PERMIT TO MAKE
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS OR REPAIRS
TO BUILDING

Owner
Alex Savaral

Location 1420 Taraval St.

Cost \$ 750.00

Filed MAY 28 1946

Approved: MAY 2 1946

Superintendent Bureau of Building Inspection

Permit No. 83161

Issued JUN 12 1946

Report favorable

H.F. King
5/28/46

Workmen's Compensation Insurance
Policy or Certificate filed with Central
Permit Bureau ☐

No Workmen's Compensation Insurance
Policy or Certificate on file for
reason of exclusion checked: ☐

(a) No one to be employed ☐

(b) Casual labor only to be
employed ☐

(c) Services or labor to be performed
in return for aid or sustenance
only, received from any religious,
charitable or relief organization ☐

Approved: Superintendent Bureau of Building Inspection

Zoning: C

Approved: City Planning Commission

Approved: Director of Public Health

Approved: Department of Electricity

Approved: Bureau of Engineering

Approved: Art Commission

Bureau of Fire Prevention and Investigation

Constructed and install on building to satisfaction of Bureau of Fire Prevention the following fire protection equipment and appliances:

F. D. (Dry) Standpipes

Wet Standpipes

Hose Reels

Tanks

Down Pipes

Automatic Fire Pumps

Automatic Sprinkler System

Water Service Connection

Ground Floor Pipe Casings

Refrigeration

Incinerators

APPROVED: FRANK P. KELLY, Chief
Division of Fire Prevention and Investigation

By D. J. M. = K

OFFICIAL COPY

SAN FRANCISCO PERMIT BUREAU F. NO. 455

Write in Ink—File Two Copies

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU

BLDG. FORM

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT

ALTERATION

RECEIVED MAY 28 1946

Application is hereby made to the Department of Public Works of the City and County of San Francisco for permission to build in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith and according to the description and for the purpose hereinafter set forth:

(1) Location 1420 Taraval st

(2) Present use of building Family Dwelling No. of families one

(3) Use of building hereafter Residence No. of families one

(4) Total Cost \$ 750.00

(5) Description of work to be done Work under the existing building 18' x 20'

(6) APPLICANT MUST FILL OUT COMPENSATION INSURANCE DATA ON REVERSE SIDE.

(1) Supervision of construction by Peter E. Vukicich

Address 1442 Taraval st

I hereby certify and agree, if a permit is issued, that all the provisions of the BUILDING LAW, THE BUILDING ZONE ORDINANCES, SET-BACK LINE REQUIREMENTS AND THE FIRE ORDINANCES OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO and the STATE HOUSING ACT OF CALIFORNIA will be complied with, whether herein specified or not; and I hereby agree to save, indemnify and keep harmless the City and County of San Francisco against all liabilities, judgments, costs and expenses which may in anywise accrue against said city and county in consequence of the granting of this permit, or from the use or occupancy of any sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk placed by virtue thereof, and will in all things strictly comply with the conditions of this permit.

(8) Architect

Certificate No. _____ License No. _____
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address _____

(9) Engineer

Certificate No. _____ License No. _____
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address _____

(10) Plans and specifications prepared by
Other than Architect or Engineer

Address _____

(11) Contractor Peter E. Vukicich

License No. 15031 License No. 1281
State of California _____ City and County of San Francisco _____

Address 1442 Taraval st

(12) Owner Alex Stavros

Address 1420 Taraval st

By Peter E. Vukicich Owner's Authorized Agent.

THE DEPARTMENT WILL CALL UP TELEPHONE NO. Montana 2568
IF ANY ALTERATIONS OR CHANGES ARE NECESSARY ON THE PLANS SUBMITTED.



C. P. B. Copy \$750.00
Est. Cost

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BUREAU OF BUILDING INSPECTION

CERTIFICATE OF FINAL COMPLETION

For work described in building permit application number 89133

1420 Taraval St. Street
Home No. Alter one story & basement frame
Class Bldg. dwelling. Occupancy
Nature of construction Rebuild front porch and stairs

Work under building permit issued pursuant to above stated application has been completed in accordance with the laws pertaining thereto.

H. J. Kay 10-1-46
Building Inspector
Date

John G. Little
JOHN G. LITTLE, SUPERINTENDENT
BUREAU OF BUILDING INSPECTION / 3

OFFICIAL COPY

SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING INSPECTION

BLDG. FORM No. 355-10

3 APPLICATION OF
FOR PERMIT TO MAKE
ADDITIONS, ALTERATION or REPAIRS
TO BUILDING

Location: 1420 Taraval St.

Total Cost: \$2,500.00
Filed: April 12, 1968

APPROVED
APR 22 1968
S. J. Sullivan
SUPERVISOR
BUILDING INSPECTION

Superintendent, Bureau of Building Inspection
Permit No. 319312
APR 22 1968

Issued: 19

REFER TO:
Bureau of Engineering ☐
Bldg. Inspr. ☒
Art Commission ☐
Dept. of Public Health ☐
Dept. of Electricity ☐
Redevelopment Agency ☐
Parking Authority ☐
Approved: 4/18/68 1968
Provided the following conditions are complied with:

Approved: Department of Public Health
Approved: Department of Electricity
Approved: Art Commission
Approved: Boiler Inspection
Approved: Redevelopment Agency
Approved: Parking Authority

Approved: Bureau of Engineering
CPC Staff
Zone: 1420 Taraval St.
No portion of building or structure or scaffolding used during construction to be closer than 6'0" to any wire containing more than 750 volts. See Sec. 385 California Penal Code.

Approved: Bureau of Engineering

Owner or Owner's Authorized Agent
S. J. Sullivan

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SAN FRANCISCO
CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU F435
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BUILDING INSPECTION

Write in Ink—File Two Copies

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS OR REPAIRS

CENTRAL PERMIT BUREAU
APR 12 1968

3

Application is hereby made to the Department of Public Works of San Francisco for permission to build in accordance with the plans and specifications submitted herewith and according to the description and for the purpose hereinafter set forth:

(1) Location 1420 TARAVAL ST.

(2) Total Cost (\$) 2000.00 (3) No. of Stories 2 (4) Basement or Cellar No

(5) Present Use of building Dwelling (6) No. of families yes or no

(7) Proposed Use of building 1 (8) No. of families 1

(9) Type of construction 5 (10) Residential Proposed Building Code Classification 1P2

(11) Any other building on lot No (must be shown on plot plan if answer is yes,)

(12) Does this alteration create an additional story to the building? No

(13) Does this alteration create a horizontal extension to the building? No

(14) Does this alteration constitute a change of occupancy No

(15) Electrical work to be performed No (16) Plumbing work to be performed No

(17) Automobile runway to be altered or installed No

(18) Sidewalk over sub-sidewalk space to be repaired or altered No

(19) Will street space be used during construction? No

(20) Write in description of all work to be performed under this application:
(Reference to plans is not sufficient)

Underpin West Foundation Wall

(21) Supervision of construction by _____ Address _____

(22) General Contractor T. Sullivan Co. Address 1375 Van Dyke St. California License No. 144895

(23) Architect or Engineer J.E. Mitchell Address 2201 Filbert St. California Certificate No. _____

(24) Architect or Engineer (for construction) _____ California Certificate No. _____

(25) I hereby certify and agree that if a permit is issued for the construction described in this application, all the provisions of the permit and all laws and ordinances applicable thereto will be complied with. I further agree to save San Francisco and its officials and employees harmless from all costs and damages which may accrue from use or occupancy of the sidewalk, street or sub-sidewalk space or from anything else in connection with the work included in the permit. The foregoing covenant shall be binding upon the owner of said property, the applicant, their heirs, successors and assignees.

(26) Owner Mr. Stavros Address 1420 Taraval St. (Phone 822-4680)

By T. E. Sullivan Address 1375 Van Dyke St.
Owner's Authorized Agent to be Owner's Authorized Architect, Engineer or General Contractor.

CERTIFICATE OF FINAL COMPLETION AND/OR PERMIT OF OCCUPANCY MUST BE OBTAINED ON COMPLETION OF WORK OR ALTERATION INVOLVING AN ENLARGEMENT OF THE BUILDING OR A CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY PURSUANT TO SEC. 808 AND 809, SAN FRANCISCO BUILDING CODE, BEFORE BUILDING IS OCCUPIED.

Pursuant to Sec. 804, San Francisco Building Code, the building permit shall be posted on job. Owner is responsible for approved plans and application being kept at building site.

APPROVAL OF THIS APPLICATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL FOR THE ELECTRICAL WIRING OR PLUMBING INSTALLATIONS. A SEPARATE PERMIT FOR THE WIRING AND PLUMBING MUST BE OBTAINED.

THIS IS NOT A BUILDING PERMIT. NO WORK SHALL BE STARTED UNTIL A BUILDING PERMIT IS ISSUED.

OFFICIAL COPY

DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE ONLY

APPROVED FOR PERMIT MAY 03 1982

APPROVED
Dept. Public Works

MAY 11 1982

EXHIBIT

RECORDS SECTION

DATE FILED 4/29/82

FILED NO. 109223

PERMIT NO. 481348

MAY 11 1982

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKSAPPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT
ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS OR REPAIRSAPPLICATION IS HEREBY MADE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
OF SAN FRANCISCO FOR A PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT WITH
THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS SUBMITTED HEREWITH AND ACCORDING
TO THE DESCRIPTION AND FOR THE PURPOSE HEREINAFTER SET FORTH:

1. STREET ADDRESS OF JOB

1420 TARAVAL STREET

APR 30 1982

2. ESTIMATED COST OF JOB

ABOUT \$80-100 K

1. TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION		2. NUMBER OF STORIES OF EXISTING BUILDING		3. NUMBER OF BASEMENTS AND CELLARS		4. BLDG. CODE OCCUP. CLASS		5. NO. OF DWELLING UNITS	
10	10	2	0	0	0	I	1	1	
DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING AFTER PROPOSED ALTERATION									
16. TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION		17. NUMBER OF STORIES OF EXISTING BUILDING		18. NUMBER OF BASEMENTS AND CELLARS		19. BLDG. CODE OCCUP. CLASS		20. NO. OF DWELLING UNITS	
10	10	2	0	0	0	I	1	1	
17. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17A. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17B. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17C. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
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17Q. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17R. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17S. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
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17U. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
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17X. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17Y. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
17Z. DOES THIS ALTERATION INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING?									
18. GENERAL CONTRACTOR									
19. ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER (DESIGN)									
20. CONSTRUCTION UNDER OTHER NAME AND DESIGNATION (F. 101)									
21. REPAIRS OR RECONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING BUILDING (REFERENCE TO PLANS IS NOT SUPPORTED)									
REPAIRMENT OF GUTTERS (EAST/WEST) AND LEADERS									

IMPORTANT NOTICES

No change shall be made in the character of the occupancy or use without first obtaining a Building Permit authorizing such change. See Sec. 104.8, 104.9, 104.10, 104.11, 104.12, 104.13, 104.14, 104.15, 104.16, 104.17, 104.18, 104.19, 104.20, 104.21, 104.22, 104.23, 104.24, 104.25, 104.26, 104.27, 104.28, 104.29, 104.30, 104.31, 104.32, 104.33, 104.34, 104.35, 104.36, 104.37, 104.38, 104.39, 104.40, 104.41, 104.42, 104.43, 104.44, 104.45, 104.46, 104.47, 104.48, 104.49, 104.50, 104.51, 104.52, 104.53, 104.54, 104.55, 104.56, 104.57, 104.58, 104.59, 104.60, 104.61, 104.62, 104.63, 104.64, 104.65, 104.66, 104.67, 104.68, 104.69, 104.70, 104.71, 104.72, 104.73, 104.74, 104.75, 104.76, 104.77, 104.78, 104.79, 104.80, 104.81, 104.82, 104.83, 104.84, 104.85, 104.86, 104.87, 104.88, 104.89, 104.90, 104.91, 104.92, 104.93, 104.94, 104.95, 104.96, 104.97, 104.98, 104.99, 105.00, 105.01, 105.02, 105.03, 105.04, 105.05, 105.06, 105.07, 105.08, 105.09, 105.10, 105.11, 105.12, 105.13, 105.14, 105.15, 105.16, 105.17, 105.18, 105.19, 105.20, 105.21, 105.22, 105.23, 105.24, 105.25, 105.26, 105.27, 105.28, 105.29, 105.30, 105.31, 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OFFICIAL COPY

DEPARTMENT OF
BUILDING INSPECTION

CONDITIONS AND STIPULATIONS

APPROVED:	DATE:	REASON:
<i>Steve Brown</i> BUILDING INSPECTOR, BUREAU OF BLDG. INSP.		
APPROVED:	DATE:	REASON:
<i>5/4/72</i> DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING		
APPROVED:	DATE:	REASON:
BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION & PUBLIC SAFETY	DATE:	REASON:
CIVIL ENGINEER, BUREAU OF BLDG. INSPECTION	DATE:	REASON:
BUREAU OF ENGINEERING	DATE:	REASON:
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH	DATE:	REASON:
REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY	DATE:	REASON:
RESIDENTIAL ENV. INSPECTOR, DIV. OF APPL. & HOTEL INSP., B.B.T.	DATE:	REASON:
APPROVED:	DATE:	REASON:

HOLD SECTION - NOTE DATES AND NAMES OF ALL PERSONS NOTIFIED DURING PROCESSING

I AGREE TO COMPLY WITH ALL CONDITIONS OR STIPULATIONS OF THE VARIOUS BUREAUS OR DEPARTMENTS NOTED ON THIS APPLICATION, AND ATTACHED STATEMENTS OF CONDITIONS OR STIPULATIONS, WHICH ARE HEREBY MADE A PART OF THIS APPLICATION.
NUMBER OF ATTACHMENTS ☐
Mr. J. Dolan
SIGNATURE OF OWNER (LESSOR OR AUTHORIZED AGENT FOR OWNER OR LESSEE)

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Subject: FW: File No. 200261. Case No. 2018-011904CUA
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 2:38:00 PM
Attachments: [Affidavit Pre-Application Meeting 1420 Taraval.pdf](#)

From: lee_prop@yahoo.com <lee_prop@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 2:00 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: File No. 200261. Case No. 2018-011904CUA

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

6-21-2020

Appeal in the public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street (Block No.2353,Lot.010) demolish and rebuilt. Planning case No. 2018-011904CUA

The property at 1420 Taraval Street was built in early 1907, with the 2nd and 3rd floors set back around 10 feet from the sidewalk, as well as at least three feet of detached distance from our property. Our 4-unit property next door at 1414 Taraval Street was built in 1936, all of the windows on the west side are original, and those two 3-story buildings are detached at least three feet apart. All of the residents who live in our 4-unit building enjoy beautiful views, natural and healthy sunlight from the west side windows, good quality air circulation, and a greater sense of safety during emergency evacuations, etc.

In their new project, the owner plans to rebuild a four-story 45-foot tall new building to replace the current 3-story much shorter old building. If the new building is attached to our property, it will completely block our windows on the west side. This will have a significant effect on our residents' living conditions. Covering the windows would block out the natural lighting, wasting more electricity to turn on artificial electric lights during the daytime and increasing the utility bills. Additionally, blocking the windows would impact the views on the west side and air circulation, which would cause health problems for tenants as well as financial loss for us. the value of our property will decrease if our original built windows were to be blocked by the next door new project. That is really unfair to us - who will compensate us?

When the pre-application meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval street on April 12, 2018, my husband Anthony (Tony) Lee and myself were out of the country. My son Ben Lee attended the meeting to express our concerns and opposition that their new project would cover up our west side windows of our apartment building. His attendance was not recorded but "Tony Lee" was printed on the sign in sheet instead. Ben's oppositions were not included in the summary of discussion from the pre-application meeting report signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California (please see attachment). This is a very serious and alarming infraction.

I spoke with Mr. Peter Mandel, the owner of 1420 Taraval Street, several times, and he always verbally agreed to our concerns and promised that he would ask his architect Mr Wiliam Pashelinsky to correct the plan. But he never followed up with any corresponding actions. He also talked to me over the phone and said that he would send an email to Mr William Pashelinsky and copy to me. But I never received any email from him or the copy he supposedly sent to Mr. Pashelinsky.

He was not only perfunctory to us, but the official pre-application meeting report also omitted all of our questions/concerns, as well as any project sponsor response. Since the City Planning was misled by the project sponsor's falsified report. according to the Affidavit he signed (Attachment P.1, No. 3. ...) I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit". Any decisions made based on their untrue statements should be invalid. Thank you

Owner of 1414 Taraval Street
Olivia Lee
230 Stonecrest Dr.
San Francisco, CA 94132

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

1. I have conducted a **Pre-Application Meeting** for the proposed new construction or alteration prior to submitting any entitlement (Building Permit, Variance, Conditional Use, etc.) in accordance with Planning Commission Pre-Application Policy.
2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address)
on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
 Meeting Time: 6pm
 Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
 Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
4. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
5. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
6. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
7. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
8. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
9. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
10. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
11. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
12. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
13. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:

From: [SchuT](#)
To: [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [MandelmanStaff, \[BOS\]](#); [Bintliff, Jacob \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Peskin, Aaron \(BOS\)](#); [Ronen, Hillary](#); [Preston, Dean \(BOS\)](#); [Stefani, Catherine \(BOS\)](#); [Mar, Gordon \(BOS\)](#); [Fewer, Sandra \(BOS\)](#); [Yee, Norman \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Haney, Matt \(BOS\)](#); asha.safai@sfgov.org; [Hepner, Lee \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm Item June 23rd Comments
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:25:45 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor Mandelman,

I am writing as a District 8 resident to support the SPEAK Appeal of this CUA.

The arguments made in the Appeal to deny the Demolition are correct.

The property is naturally affordable as is. The replacement will not be.

Please consider this point as well as the other logical and cogent reasons to not demolish 1420 Taraval Street including the points in the support letter from Heritage.

Please carefully read the Appeal and preserve naturally affordable housing.

And all stay well and stay safe during this ongoing emergency.

Thank You

Sincerely,

Georgia Schuttish

Noe Valley Resident

Sent from my iPad

From: [SchuT](#)
To: [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [MandelmanStaff, \[BOS\]](#); [Bintliff, Jacob \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Peskin, Aaron \(BOS\)](#); [Ronen, Hillary](#); [Preston, Dean \(BOS\)](#); [Stefani, Catherine \(BOS\)](#); [Mar, Gordon \(BOS\)](#); [Fewer, Sandra \(BOS\)](#); [Yee, Norman \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Haney, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Safai, Ahsha \(BOS\)](#); [Hepner, Lee \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm Item June 23rd Comments
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:47:02 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor Mandelman,

I am writing as a District 8 resident to support the SPEAK Appeal of this CUA.

The arguments made in the Appeal to deny the Demolition are correct.

The property is naturally affordable as is. The replacement will not be.

Please consider this point as well as the other logical and cogent reasons to not demolish 1420 Taraval Street including the points in the support letter from Heritage.

Please carefully read the Appeal and preserve naturally affordable housing.

And all stay well and stay safe during this ongoing emergency.

Thank You

Sincerely,

Georgia Schuttish

Noe Valley Resident

Sent from my iPad

From: [Betty Wang](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street, planning case No 2018-011904CJA
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 4:47:20 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

- Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

I was a school teacher before I retired. I understand that the owner of 1420 Taraval St, Mr. Peter Mandel, and his architect Mr. William Pashelnsky submitted a falsified report in their affidavit regarding conducting a pre-application meeting. Their sworn statement includes several inaccuracies relating to the sign-in sheet and lists of concerns/responses in order to mislead city officials to approve their new building plan. This is very damaging to the interests and values of the entire neighborhood.

Their immoral and deceitful actions can not be tolerated and need to be stopped. Both of them must be punished. Let the SF Board of Supervisors lead and help citizens to promote this society, city, and county to be fair, honest, and peaceful. Thank you

Betty Wang

From: [Gregory Miller](#)
To: [Haney, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Mar, Gordon \(BOS\)](#); [Peskin, Aaron \(BOS\)](#); [Preston, Dean \(BOS\)](#); [Fewer, Sandra \(BOS\)](#); [Ronen, Hillary](#); Asha.Safai@sfgov.org; [Stefani, Catherine \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Yee, Norman \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Please Support the Appeal of 1420 Taraval Project and deny the demolition request
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 10:50:29 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Supervisors,

As an owner of another historic home in San Francisco and a fan of these wonderful old homes, I ask you to support the appeal of 1420 Taraval and vote against the conditional use authorization for the 1420 Taraval Street demolition.

Sincerely,

Greg Miller

42nd Avenue

From: [Kathy Howard](#)
To: [Haney, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Mar, Gordon \(BOS\)](#); [Peskin, Aaron \(BOS\)](#); [Preston, Dean \(BOS\)](#); [Fewer, Sandra \(BOS\)](#); [Ronen, Hillary](#); Asha.Safai@sfgov.org; [Stefani, Catherine \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Yee, Norman \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Support for Appeal of 1420 Taraval Project
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 10:51:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisors,

As a member of the Sunset Parkside Education-Action Committee (SPEAK) and an owner of another historic home in San Francisco, I ask you to support the appeal of 1420 Taraval and vote against the conditional use authorization for the 1420 Taraval Street demolition.

The 1420 Taraval project would demolish one of the few historical resources in the Parkside district. The 1907-1909 craftsman is the last remaining house in a row built by Hugh Keenan, who also built the Grateful Dead house at 710 Ashbury Street. According to local historian Woody LaBounty, "This proposed project would destroy one of the last, best, early buildings on the Parkside District's main street."

1420 Taraval is one of the oldest houses in the Parkside district and is integral to the character of the district's main street. The demolition would negatively impact the look, feel and character of the neighborhood.

Demolition and new construction negatively impact the environment. The most environmentally responsible building is one that preserves existing housing stock.

The Parkside and Supervisorial District 4 are underrepresented on the city's official inventory of historic properties. According to Mike Buhler, president of SF Heritage, "If a simple change such as replacing windows were to become the threshold for determining loss of integrity, it would reinforce a perception that only civic structures and residences of the wealthy elite are worthy of recognition and protection."

There are alternatives to demolition of 1420 Taraval that will both preserve naturally affordable housing and create new affordable housing. These include adaptive reuse of the existing structure and ensuring that tenant windows next door are not blocked.

The conditional use authorization for 1420 Taraval should be denied.

Sincerely,

Katherine Howard
District 4

From: [Olivia Lee](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Fw: Appeal in the public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street demolish and rebuilt. Planning case No.2018-011904CUA
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 12:15:59 PM
Attachments: [Affidavit Pre-Application Meeting 1420 Taraval.pdf](#)

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

As the immediate neighbor located next door at 1414 Taraval Street, we are directly impacted on our residents' living condition, health issue and financial loss by the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street. I am urging you to vote against the conditional use authorization for 1420 Taraval Street in file #200261 on the Board of Supervisors agenda on Jun 23, 2020.

The property at 1420 Taraval Street was built in early 1907, with the 2nd and 3rd floors set back around 10 feet from the sidewalk, as well as at least three feet of detached distance from our property. Our 4-unit property next door at 1414 Taraval Street was built in 1936, all of the windows on the west side are original, and those two 3-story buildings are detached at least three feet apart. All of the residents who live in our 4-unit building enjoy beautiful views, natural and healthy sunlight from the west side windows, good quality air circulation, and a greater sense of safety during emergency evacuations, etc.

In their new project, the owner plans to rebuild a four-story 45-foot tall new building to replace the current 3-story much shorter old building. If the new building is attached to our property, it will completely block our windows on the west side. This will have a significant effect on our residents' living conditions. Covering the windows would block out the natural lighting, wasting more electricity to turn on artificial electric lights during the daytime and increasing the utility bills. Additionally, blocking the windows would impact the views on the west side and air circulation, which would cause health problems for tenants as well as financial loss for us. the value of our property will decrease if our original built windows were to be blocked by the next door new project. That is really unfair to us - who will compensate us?

When the pre-application meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval street on April 12, 2018, my husband Anthony (Tony) Lee and myself were out of the country. My son Ben Lee attended the meeting to express our concerns and opposition that their new project would cover up our west side windows of our apartment building. His attendance was not recorded but "Tony Lee" was printed on the sign in sheet instead. Ben's oppositions were not included in the summary of discussion from the pre-application meeting report signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California (please see attachment). This is a very serious and alarming infraction.

I spoke with Mr. Peter Mandel, the owner of 1420 Taraval Street, several times, and he always verbally agreed to our concerns and promised that he would ask his architect Mr Wiliam Pashelinsky to correct the plan. But he never followed up with any corresponding actions. He also talked to me over the phone and said that he would send an email to Mr William Pashelinsky and copy to me. But I never received any email from him or the copy he supposedly sent to Mr. Pashelinsky.

He was not only perfunctory to us, but the official pre-application meeting report also omitted all of our questions/concerns, as well as any project sponsor response. Since the City Planning was misled by the project sponsor's falsified report. according to the Affidavit he signed (Attachment P.1, No. 3. ...) "I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit". Any decisions made based on their untrue statements should be invalid.

Thank you very much

Owner of 1414 Taraval Street
Olivia Lee
230 Stonecrest Dr.
San Francisco, CA 94132

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

1. I have conducted a **Pre-Application Meeting** for the proposed new construction or alteration prior to submitting any entitlement (Building Permit, Variance, Conditional Use, etc.) in accordance with Planning Commission Pre-Application Policy.
2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address)
on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				
Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2.				
3.				<input type="checkbox"/>
4.				<input type="checkbox"/>
5.				<input type="checkbox"/>
6.				<input type="checkbox"/>
7.				<input type="checkbox"/>
8.				<input type="checkbox"/>
9.				<input type="checkbox"/>
10.				<input type="checkbox"/>
11.				<input type="checkbox"/>
12.				<input type="checkbox"/>
13.				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm item June 23rd Comments
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 5:42:00 PM

-----Original Message-----

From: SchuT <schuttishtr@sbcglobal.net>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:34 PM
To: Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; MandelmanStaff, [BOS] <mandelmanstaff@sfgov.org>; Bintliff, Jacob (BOS) <jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org>; Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Cc: Peskin, Aaron (BOS) <aaron.peskin@sfgov.org>; Ronen, Hillary <hillary.ronen@sfgov.org>; Preston, Dean (BOS) <dean.preston@sfgov.org>; Stefani, Catherine (BOS) <catherine.stefani@sfgov.org>; Mar, Gordon (BOS) <gordon.mar@sfgov.org>; Fewer, Sandra (BOS) <sandra.fewer@sfgov.org>; Yee, Norman (BOS) <norman.yee@sfgov.org>; Walton, Shamann (BOS) <shamann.walton@sfgov.org>; Haney, Matt (BOS) <matt.haney@sfgov.org>; asha.safai@sfgov.org; Hepner, Lee (BOS) <lee.hepner@sfgov.org>
Subject: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm item June 23rd Comments

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor Mandelman,

I am writing as a District 8 resident to support the SPEAK Appeal of this CUA.

The arguments made in the Appeal to deny the Demolition are correct.

The property is naturally affordable as is. The replacement will not be.

Please consider this point as well as the other logical and cogent reasons to not demolish 1420 Taraval Street including the points in the support letter from Heritage.

Please carefully read the Appeal and preserve naturally affordable housing.

And all stay well and stay safe during this ongoing emergency.

Thank You

Sincerely,

Georgia Schuttish

Noe Valley Resident

Sent from my iPad

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street, planning case No.2018-011904CUA
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 5:48:00 PM

From: Betty Wang <yi9wang@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:47 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: Public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street, planning case No.2018-011904CUA

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

- Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board, City Hall

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, Ca 94102

I was a school teacher before I retired. I understand that the owner of 1420 Taraval St, Mr. Peter Mandel, and his architect Mr. William Pashelinsky submitted a falsified report in their affidavit regarding conducting a pre-application meeting. Their sworn statement includes several inaccuracies relating to the sign-in sheet and lists of concerns/responses in order to mislead city officials to approve their new building plan. This is very damaging to the interests and values of the entire neighborhood.

Their immoral and deceitful actions can not be tolerated and need to be stopped. Both of them must be punished. Let the SF Board of Supervisors lead and help citizens to promote this society, city, and county to be fair, honest, and peaceful. Thank you

Betty Wang

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Appeal in the public File No. 200261, Planning case No.2018-011904CUA, for 1420 Taraval Street demolish and rebuilt.
Date: Wednesday, June 24, 2020 8:21:00 AM
Attachments: [Affidavit Pre-Application Meeting 1420 Taraval.pdf](#)

From: lee_prop@yahoo.com <lee_prop@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 11:40 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: Appeal in the public File No. 200261, Planning case No.2018-011904CUA, for 1420 Taraval Street demolish and rebuilt.

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

June 21, 2020

As the owner of 1414 Taraval Street who is personally impacted by the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, I am urging you to vote against the conditional use authorization for 1420 Taraval Street in file #200261 on the Board of Supervisors agenda for Jun 23, 2020. These are the reasons why I'm asking you to vote No on the conditional use authorization:

When the pre-application meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval street on April 12, 2018, I was out of the country. My son Ben Lee attend the meeting to express our concerns and opposition in that the project would cover up the side windows of our apartment building. His attendance was not recorded (see attachment page 2 on the meeting sign-in sheet) and his oppositions were not included in the summary of discussion from the pre-application meeting report (see attachment page 3) signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California. Furthermore, my name was printed on the sign in sheet (see attachment page 2) when I clearly was not there. This is a very serious and alarming infraction. I ask you to vote no on this project and request revocation of the permit to investigate the perjury.

Furthermore, we have several major concerns:

The property at 1420 Taraval Street was built in 1907, with the 2nd nd 3rd floors set back around 10 feet from the sidewalk. Our 4-unit property next door at 1414 Taraval Street was built in 1936, all of the windows on the west side are original, and the two 3-story buildings have been detached with at least three feet of distance between the two properties over 80 years.

- 1. The owner of 1420 Taraval St. plans to rebuild a new building attached to our property, and it will completely cover our westside windows. This will block out the natural light, wasting more electricity to turn on electric lights during the daytime and increasing the utility bills.**
- 2. Rebuilding a new attached building that blocks the windows would also negatively impact the air circulation and sunlight of our building, which would cause health problems for tenants.**
- 3. Tenants, especially in the front two units, are currently able to see street and ocean views from the only side window. They can also look down the street to check the L Taraval streetcar**

coming from this window, so they know when they need to leave to catch the streetcar. If the city passes this request to build, it will ruin the tenants' views and inconvenience their commutes.

4. If the city allows the owner to rebuild as planned, it will have a significant negative effect on our tenants' living conditions, causing them to complain and renegotiate the rent, at a further financial loss to us. Who is going to compensate our loss?

5. The value of our property will decrease if our original windows were to be blocked by the next door new project. That is really unfair to us. Who will compensate us?

Therefore, we have ask that instead of completely block our windows they leave at least three feet of space outside our windows.

On the official pre-application meeting report, all of our questions/concerns, as well as any project sponsor response was omitted. Since the City Planning was misled by the project sponsor's falsified report, according to the Affidavit he signed, Any decisions made based on their untrue statements should be invalid. Thank you

Owner of 1414 Taraval Street

Anthony Lee
230 Stonecrest Dr.
San Francisco, CA 94132

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

1. I have conducted a **Pre-Application Meeting** for the proposed new construction or alteration prior to submitting any entitlement (Building Permit, Variance, Conditional Use, etc.) in accordance with Planning Commission Pre-Application Policy.
2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address) on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
 Meeting Time: 6pm
 Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
 Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.				<input type="checkbox"/>
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8.				<input type="checkbox"/>
9.				<input type="checkbox"/>
10.				<input type="checkbox"/>
11.				<input type="checkbox"/>
12.				<input type="checkbox"/>
13.				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street, planning case No.2018-011904CUA
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 5:48:39 PM

From: Betty Wang <yi9wang@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:47 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: Public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street, planning case No.2018-011904CUA

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- Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board, City Hall

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, Ca 94102

I was a school teacher before I retired. I understand that the owner of 1420 Taraval St, Mr. Peter Mandel, and his architect Mr. William Pashelinsky submitted a falsified report in their affidavit regarding conducting a pre-application meeting. Their sworn statement includes several inaccuracies relating to the sign-in sheet and lists of concerns/responses in order to mislead city officials to approve their new building plan. This is very damaging to the interests and values of the entire neighborhood.

Their immoral and deceitful actions can not be tolerated and need to be stopped. Both of them must be punished. Let the SF Board of Supervisors lead and help citizens to promote this society, city, and county to be fair, honest, and peaceful. Thank you

Betty Wang

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm item June 23rd Comments
Date: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 5:42:27 PM

-----Original Message-----

From: SchuT <schuttishtr@sbcglobal.net>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 6:34 PM
To: Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; MandelmanStaff, [BOS] <mandelmanstaff@sfgov.org>; Bintliff, Jacob (BOS) <jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org>; Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Cc: Peskin, Aaron (BOS) <aaron.peskin@sfgov.org>; Ronen, Hillary <hillary.ronen@sfgov.org>; Preston, Dean (BOS) <dean.preston@sfgov.org>; Stefani, Catherine (BOS) <catherine.stefani@sfgov.org>; Mar, Gordon (BOS) <gordon.mar@sfgov.org>; Fewer, Sandra (BOS) <sandra.fewer@sfgov.org>; Yee, Norman (BOS) <norman.yee@sfgov.org>; Walton, Shamann (BOS) <shamann.walton@sfgov.org>; Haney, Matt (BOS) <matt.haney@sfgov.org>; asha.safai@sfgov.org; Hepner, Lee (BOS) <lee.hepner@sfgov.org>
Subject: 1420 Taraval Street File No. 200261 3:00 pm item June 23rd Comments

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor Mandelman,

I am writing as a District 8 resident to support the SPEAK Appeal of this CUA.

The arguments made in the Appeal to deny the Demolition are correct.

The property is naturally affordable as is. The replacement will not be.

Please consider this point as well as the other logical and cogent reasons to not demolish 1420 Taraval Street including the points in the support letter from Heritage.

Please carefully read the Appeal and preserve naturally affordable housing.

And all stay well and stay safe during this ongoing emergency.

Thank You

Sincerely,

Georgia Schuttish

Noe Valley Resident

Sent from my iPad

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: File No. 200261. Case No. 2018-011904CUA
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 2:30:30 PM
Attachments: [Affidavit Pre-Application Meeting 1420 Taraval.pdf](#)

Hello,

For File No. 200261.

Thanks,

Jackie Hickey
Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, City Hall, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Phone: (415) 554-5184 | Direct: (415) 554-7701
jacqueline.hickey@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org

From: lee_prop@yahoo.com <lee_prop@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 2:00 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: File No. 200261. Case No. 2018-011904CUA

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

6-21-2020

Appeal in the public File No. 200261 for 1420 Taraval Street (Block No.2353,Lot.010) demolish and rebuilt. Planning case No. 2018-011904CUA

The property at 1420 Taraval Street was built in early 1907, with the 2nd and 3rd floors set back around 10 feet from the sidewalk, as well as at least three feet of detached distance from our property. Our 4-unit property next door at 1414 Taraval Street was built in 1936, all of the windows on the west side are original, and those two 3-story buildings are detached at least three feet apart. All of the residents who live in our 4-unit building enjoy beautiful views, natural and healthy sunlight from the west side windows, good quality air circulation, and a greater sense of safety during emergency evacuations, etc.

In their new project, the owner plans to rebuild a four-story 45-foot tall new building to replace the current 3-story much shorter old building. If the new building is attached to our property, it will completely block our windows on the west side. This will have a significant effect on our residents' living conditions. Covering the windows would block out the natural lighting, wasting more electricity to turn on artificial electric lights during the daytime and increasing the utility bills. Additionally, blocking the windows would impact the views on the west side and air circulation, which would cause health problems for tenants as well as financial loss for us. the value of our property will decrease if our original built windows were to be blocked by the next door new project. That is really unfair to us - who will compensate us?

When the pre-application meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval street on April 12, 2018, my husband Anthony (Tony) Lee and myself were out of the country. My son Ben Lee attended the meeting to express our concerns and opposition that their new project would cover up our west side windows of our apartment building. His attendance was not recorded but "Tony Lee" was printed on the sign in sheet instead. Ben's oppositions were not included in the summary of discussion from the pre-application meeting report signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California (please see attachment). This is a very serious and alarming infraction.

I spoke with Mr. Peter Mandel, the owner of 1420 Taraval Street, several times, and he always verbally agreed to our concerns and promised that he would ask his architect Mr Wiliam Pashelinsky to correct the plan. But he never followed up with any corresponding actions. He also talked to me over the phone and said that he would send an email to Mr William Pashelinsky and copy to me. But I never received any email from him or the copy he supposedly sent to Mr. Pashelinsky.

He was not only perfunctory to us, but the official pre-application meeting report also omitted all of our questions/concerns, as well as any project sponsor response. Since the City Planning was misled by the project sponsor's falsified report. according to the Affidavit he signed (Attachment P.1, No. 3. ...) I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit". Any decisions made based on their untrue statements should be invalid. Thank you

Owner of 1414 Taraval Street
Olivia Lee
230 Stonecrest Dr.
San Francisco, CA 94132

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

1. I have conducted a **Pre-Application Meeting** for the proposed new construction or alteration prior to submitting any entitlement (Building Permit, Variance, Conditional Use, etc.) in accordance with Planning Commission Pre-Application Policy.
2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address)
on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
 Meeting Time: 6pm
 Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
 Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
 Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.				<input type="checkbox"/>
4.				<input type="checkbox"/>
5.				<input type="checkbox"/>
6.				<input type="checkbox"/>
7.				<input type="checkbox"/>
8.				<input type="checkbox"/>
9.				<input type="checkbox"/>
10.				<input type="checkbox"/>
11.				<input type="checkbox"/>
12.				<input type="checkbox"/>
13.				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:



1420

Leaning
PLACE

June 20th, 2020

To: San Francisco Board of Supervisors

From: Current tenants of 1420 Taraval St. San Francisco

Please be advised that our landlord, Mr. Peter Mandel has disclosed his future plans for demolishing the current 1420 residence. He has made us aware that he plans to construct a 3 unit/ 1 commercial space building located at 1420 Taraval Site. He has stated that he would provide us at least 3 months time frame in order for us to vacate the premises once he submits to us a written notice to terminate the rental agreement. He has also agreed to provide us with a no-fault eviction buyout agreement as per San Francisco law. And he has stated that there is no set date for this notice at present time.

In terms of paying rent, Mr. Mandel had agreed to forestall payments during the COVID-19 emergency due to the city wide stay at home order, which impacted 2 of the tenants here who became temporarily unemployed. He had in no way threatened us with eviction during the emergency, and in fact had not put a timeline on repayment. We have begun repayment of the rent we owed and have had a generally very positive relationship with Mr. Mandel and appreciate his understanding.

We also fully support the 3 unit/ 1 commercial space project that Mr. Mandel is proposing. The city of San Francisco is in desperate need of additional housing and such a project will provide a partial solution. Likewise, it will provide employment during these times of uncertainty with COVID-19.

Sincerely,

DocuSigned by:

C9D42BBCABE6468...

Mr. Austen Jones _____

DocuSigned by:
PETER M REISEMAN
D7AB00C2EE96472...

Mr. Peter Reiseman _____

DocuSigned by:

C91E754222CB4D7...

Mr. Samuel Diaz _____

From: [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Appeal in the public File No. 200261, Planning case No.2018-011904CUA, for 1420 Taraval Street demolish and rebuilt.
Date: Wednesday, June 24, 2020 8:21:08 AM
Attachments: [Affidavit Pre-Application Meeting 1420 Taraval.pdf](#)

From: lee_prop@yahoo.com <lee_prop@yahoo.com>
Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 11:40 PM
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: Appeal in the public File No. 200261, Planning case No.2018-011904CUA, for 1420 Taraval Street demolish and rebuilt.

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, Ca 94102

June 21, 2020

As the owner of 1414 Taraval Street who is personally impacted by the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, I am urging you to vote against the conditional use authorization for 1420 Taraval Street in file #200261 on the Board of Supervisors agenda for Jun 23, 2020. These are the reasons why I'm asking you to vote No on the conditional use authorization:

When the pre-application meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval street on April 12, 2018, I was out of the country. My son Ben Lee attend the meeting to express our concerns and opposition in that the project would cover up the side windows of our apartment building. His attendance was not recorded (see attachment page 2 on the meeting sign-in sheet) and his oppositions were not included in the summary of discussion from the pre-application meeting report (see attachment page 3) signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California. Furthermore, my name was printed on the sign in sheet (see attachment page 2) when I clearly was not there. This is a very serious and alarming infraction. I ask you to vote no on this project and request revocation of the permit to investigate the perjury.

Furthermore, we have several major concerns:

The property at 1420 Taraval Street was built in 1907, with the 2nd nd 3rd floors set back around 10 feet from the sidewalk. Our 4-unit property next door at 1414 Taraval Street was built in 1936, all of the windows on the west side are original, and the two 3-story buildings have been detached with at least three feet of distance between the two properties over 80 years.

- 1. The owner of 1420 Taraval St. plans to rebuild a new building attached to our property, and it will completely cover our westside windows. This will block out the natural light, wasting more electricity to turn on electric lights during the daytime and increasing the utility bills.**
- 2. Rebuilding a new attached building that blocks the windows would also negatively impact the air circulation and sunlight of our building, which would cause health problems for tenants.**
- 3. Tenants, especially in the front two units, are currently able to see street and ocean views from the only side window. They can also look down the street to check the L Taraval streetcar**

coming from this window, so they know when they need to leave to catch the streetcar. If the city passes this request to build, it will ruin the tenants' views and inconvenience their commutes.

4. If the city allows the owner to rebuild as planned, it will have a significant negative effect on our tenants' living conditions, causing them to complain and renegotiate the rent, at a further financial loss to us. Who is going to compensate our loss?

5. The value of our property will decrease if our original windows were to be blocked by the next door new project. That is really unfair to us. Who will compensate us?

Therefore, we have ask that instead of completely block our windows they leave at least three feet of space outside our windows.

On the official pre-application meeting report, all of our questions/concerns, as well as any project sponsor response was omitted. Since the City Planning was misled by the project sponsor's falsified report, according to the Affidavit he signed, Any decisions made based on their untrue statements should be invalid. Thank you

Owner of 1414 Taraval Street

Anthony Lee
230 Stonecrest Dr.
San Francisco, CA 94132

Affidavit of Conducting a Pre-Application Meeting, Sign-in Sheet and Issues/Responses submittal

I, William Pashelinsky, do hereby declare as follows:
(print name)

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2. The meeting was conducted at 1420 Taraval Street (location/address)
on 4.12.18 (date) from 6-7 pm (time).
3. I have included the mailing list, meeting initiation, sign-in sheet, issue/response summary, and reduced plans with the entitlement Application. I understand that I am responsible for the accuracy of this information and that erroneous information may lead to suspension or revocation of the permit.
4. I have prepared these materials in good faith and to the best of my ability.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED ON THIS DAY, June 18th, 2019 IN SAN FRANCISCO

William Pashelinsky

Signature

William Pashelinsky

Name (type or print)

Architect

Relationship to Project, e.g., Owner, Agent
(if Agent, give business name and profession)

1420 Taraval Street

Project Address

Pre-Application Meeting Sign-in Sheet

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashelinsky

Please print your name below, state your address and/or affiliation with a neighborhood group, and provide your phone number. Providing your name below does not represent support or opposition to the project; it is for documentation purposes only.

NAME/ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE #	EMAIL	SEND PLANS
Eileen Boken Sunset Parkside			aeboken@gmail.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. Education and action Committee				
Tony Lee			lee.prop@yahoo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____				
3. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
4. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
5. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
6. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
7. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
8. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
9. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
10. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
11. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
12. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>
13. _____				<input type="checkbox"/>

Summary of discussion from the Pre-Application Meeting

Meeting Date: 4/12/18
Meeting Time: 6 pm
Meeting Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Project Address: 1420 Taraval Street
Property Owner Name: Peter Mandel
Project Sponsor/Representative: William Pashleinsky

Please summarize the questions/comments and your response from the Pre-Application meeting in the space below. Please state if/how the project has been modified in response to any concerns.

Question/Concern #1 by (name of concerned neighbor/neighborhood group):

General discussion of plans

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #2:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #3:

Project Sponsor Response:

Question/Concern #4:



From: [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: 1420 Taraval st, SF Ca Victorian house
Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 9:27:45 AM

For file

Alisa Somera

Legislative Deputy Director
San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102
415.554.7711 direct | 415.554.5163 fax
alisa.somera@sfgov.org

(VIRTUAL APPOINTMENTS) To schedule a “virtual” meeting with me (on Microsoft Teams), please ask and I can answer your questions in real time.

Due to the current COVID-19 health emergency and the Shelter in Place Order, the Office of the Clerk of the Board is working remotely while providing complete access to the legislative process and our services.

Click [HERE](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form.

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

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**Disclosures:** *Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.*

---

**From:** Peskin, Aaron (BOS) <aaron.peskin@sfgov.org>  
**Sent:** Sunday, June 21, 2020 7:38 PM  
**To:** Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>  
**Subject:** Fwd: 1420 Taraval st, SF Ca Victorian house

For the record

---

**From:** [sunnydale66@aol.com](mailto:sunnydale66@aol.com) <[sunnydale66@aol.com](mailto:sunnydale66@aol.com)>  
**Sent:** Sunday, June 21, 2020 1:55:42 PM  
**To:** Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <[rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org](mailto:rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org)>; Mar, Gordon (BOS) <[gordon.mar@sfgov.org](mailto:gordon.mar@sfgov.org)>; Peskin, Aaron (BOS) <[aaron.peskin@sfgov.org](mailto:aaron.peskin@sfgov.org)>; Preston, Dean (BOS)

<[dean.preston@sfgov.org](mailto:dean.preston@sfgov.org)>; Fewer, Sandra (BOS) <[sandra.fewer@sfgov.org](mailto:sandra.fewer@sfgov.org)>;  
[hilary.ronen@sfgov.org](mailto:hilary.ronen@sfgov.org) <[hilary.ronen@sfgov.org](mailto:hilary.ronen@sfgov.org)>; [asha.safai@sfgov.org](mailto:asha.safai@sfgov.org) <[asha.safai@sfgov.org](mailto:asha.safai@sfgov.org)>;  
Stefani, Catherine (BOS) <[catherine.stefani@sfgov.org](mailto:catherine.stefani@sfgov.org)>; Walton, Shamann (BOS)  
<[shamann.walton@sfgov.org](mailto:shamann.walton@sfgov.org)>; Yee, Norman (BOS) <[norman.yee@sfgov.org](mailto:norman.yee@sfgov.org)>; Haney, Matt (BOS)  
<[matt.haney@sfgov.org](mailto:matt.haney@sfgov.org)>

**Subject:** 1420 Taraval st, SF Ca Victorian house

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Wanting to send a letter because I can't call during the session on Tuesday, SF cannot lose anymore of the history, too much is already gone and way too many people can't live there or afford to live there already. There's so many unlivable spaces that can be used to build on instead of taking down a beautiful home.

Please take the time to understand what damage you are doing to this once beautiful city by the bay when you make decisions to destroy some of the most beautiful homes already there.

Thank you  
Helen Mesquita



**From:** [Gillian Pressman](#)  
**To:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** Letter of Support for 1420 Taraval Project  
**Date:** Wednesday, May 20, 2020 2:31:49 PM  
**Attachments:** [1420 Taraval Letter of Support\\_YIMBY Action.pdf](#)

---

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

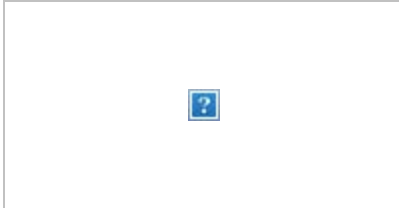
Dear Board of Supervisors,

On behalf of YIMBY Action, we are pleased to support the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street. Our letter of support is attached.

Gillian

**Gillian Pressman**

Director of Development | Pronouns: she/her



c. (914)-874-4973

e. [gillian@yimbyaction.org](mailto:gillian@yimbyaction.org)

**[Become a member of YIMBY Action now!](#)**



YIMBY Action advocates for welcoming communities where everyone can thrive.  
yimbyaction.org

## Board of Supervisors

City of San Francisco

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

*May 20, 2020*

### **RE: Support for Redevelopment of 1420 Taraval into a mixed use building with 3 units**

Dear Board of Supervisors:

YIMBY Action is pleased to support the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street. This project would convert an existing single family home into a mixed-use building with 3 housing units, adding a net increase of 2 housing units. This project will help address our citywide housing shortage and in particular, our need for more homes in transit-accessible and opportunity-rich areas like the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial District. It is also critical that historically exclusionary areas like the Sunset District commit to building more housing and welcoming more neighbors.

YIMBY Action is a network of pro-housing activists fighting for more inclusive housing policies. Our vision is an integrated society where every person has access to a safe, affordable home near jobs, services, and opportunity.

San Francisco's severe housing shortage is causing skyrocketing homelessness and poverty, crippling our economy, and leading to debilitating commutes that

exacerbate our global climate crisis. These impacts fall disproportionately on our city's low-income workers and families, and disproportionately deny access to opportunity to communities of color. This project will help address the housing shortage and ensure a welcoming San Francisco where everyone can thrive.

Best regards,

Laura Foote

YIMBY Action, Executive Director



YIMBY Action advocates for welcoming communities where everyone can thrive.  
[yimbyaction.org](http://yimbyaction.org)

**From:** [Board of Supervisors, \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [BOS-Supervisors](#)  
**Cc:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** FW: Save 1420 Taraval St. from demolition.  
**Date:** Monday, May 18, 2020 9:44:07 AM

---

Hello,

The attached is for File No. 200261.

Thank you,

Jackie Hickey  
Board of Supervisors  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, City Hall, Room 244  
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689  
Phone: (415) 554-5184 | Direct: (415) 554-7701  
[jacqueline.hickey@sfgov.org](mailto:jacqueline.hickey@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)

-----Original Message-----

From: Ken Reuther <[lagniappe92@gmail.com](mailto:lagniappe92@gmail.com)>  
Sent: Sunday, May 17, 2020 9:40 AM  
To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <[board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org](mailto:board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org)>  
Subject: Save 1420 Taraval St. from demolition.

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Please stop the demolition of 1420 Taraval St.

It is a historic home that must be preserved!

---

**From:** Megan G. Smith <smith\_megan@att.net>  
**Sent:** Monday, March 23, 2020 3:10 PM  
**To:** BOS Legislation, (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS); Fewer, Sandra (BOS); Stefani, Catherine (BOS); Peskin, Aaron (BOS); gordonmar@sfgov.org; Preston, Dean (BOS); Haney, Matt (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Mandelman, Rafael (BOS); Ronen, Hillary; Walton, Shamann (BOS)  
**Cc:** Mike Buhler  
**Subject:** Save 1420 Taraval Street  
**Attachments:** SF Heritage - 1420 Taraval Appeal (SUPPORT)-1.pdf  
**Categories:** 200261

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisors,

Please do not allow the demolition of 1420 Taraval Street to take place.

If a house has been noted as worth saving by San Francisco Heritage, it should be saved. I attach a copy of Heritage's letter which you all received earlier in the month.

The house dates from 1907 & was built by Hugh Keenan of Cranston & Keenan who built the Grateful Dead house at 710 Ashbury St.

I am a longtime member of the Victorian Alliance and these historic houses matter to the fabric of our city for charm and educational purposes, not to mention the tourist dollars.

Thank you,  
Megan

Megan Smith  
415 285-2881

This message may contain confidential information. Please notify me if you receive it in error and delete it.





March 12, 2020

Board of Supervisors  
1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place  
San Francisco, CA 94102

**RE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street**

Dear Supervisors:

I write in support of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee's appeal to deny the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street (Block 2353, Lot No. 010). Certification of Conditional Use Authorization 2018-011904CUA would demolish an excellent example of one of the Parkside District's few surviving early houses.

San Francisco Heritage (Heritage) is committed to the preservation of the city's unique architectural and cultural identity in every corner of the city. The Parkside and Supervisorial District 4 is woefully underrepresented on the city's official inventory of historic properties. Halting this project and retaining 1420 Taraval is consistent with city policy that "existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods." (Planning Code, Section 101.1(b).)

As one of the first houses built by builder Hugh C. Keenan for the Parkside District Realty Company, 1420 Taraval (built in 1907) is one of a small number of properties connected to the district's creation and early development. As recognized by Planning Department staff, the property is significant under evaluation guidelines for state historical resources under Criteria 1 and 3. Heritage disagrees with the subsequent CEQA categorical exemption determination claiming 1420 Taraval lacked sufficient physical integrity to be considered a historic resource.

The *Secretary of Interior's Standards for Treatment of Historic Properties* specifically contemplate—and provide guidance for reversing—minor alterations to older buildings such as 1420 Taraval. The house's porch pillars may have been altered and windows replaced, but 1420 Taraval survives overwhelmingly intact today. The integrity of properties in historically working-class neighborhoods should be considered contextually. If a simple change such as replacing windows were to become the threshold for determining loss of integrity, it would reinforce a perception that only civic structures and residences of the wealthy elite are worthy of recognition and protection.

Please uphold this appeal and deny this project. San Francisco Heritage is committed to working with the property owner and providing technical assistance to sensitively reverse alterations to the building, initiate designation of the house as a historic resource, secure any available preservation-based financial incentives, and explore appropriate ways to add residential units to the property while preserving the original home. As an example, neighboring properties are built to the lot line and Heritage encourages examining the feasibility of adding an Accessory Dwelling Unit in the backyard.

Sincerely,

Mike Buhler  
President & CEO

**From:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#); [aeboken@gmail.com](mailto:aeboken@gmail.com); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](mailto:speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](mailto:pmandel@mgremediation.com); [billpash](#); [Justin A. Zucker](#)  
**Cc:** [er@sonic.net](mailto:er@sonic.net); [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [Mchugh, Eileen \(BOS\)](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** CLERK'S CORRESPONDENCE TO APPELLANTS AND PROJECT SPONSORS: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing to a Future Date  
**Date:** Tuesday, April 21, 2020 1:18:08 PM  
**Attachments:** [Appeals Letter 04.20.20.pdf](#)  
[image001.png](#)

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Good afternoon,

Please find attached correspondence from the Clerk of the Board regarding pending appeal hearings, which is being sent to all appellants, project sponsors, and interested parties.

If you have any questions or concerns in the meantime, please reach out and our team will be diligently reviewing and addressing all issues as timely as possible. We thank you for your patience during this time.

Best regards,

**Jocelyn Wong**

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



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**From:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <[bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org)>

**Sent:** Friday, March 20, 2020 11:08 AM

**To:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <[bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org)>; [aeboken@gmail.com](mailto:aeboken@gmail.com); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](mailto:speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](mailto:pmandel@mgremediation.com); [billpash@gmail.com](mailto:billpash@gmail.com); Justin A. Zucker <[jjzucker@reubenlaw.com](mailto:jjzucker@reubenlaw.com)>

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<vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <lisa.gibson@sfgov.org>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <devyani.jain@sfgov.org>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <adam.varat@sfgov.org>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <joy.navarrete@sfgov.org>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <laura.lynch@sfgov.org>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <corey.teague@sfgov.org>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <scott.sanchez@sfgov.org>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <dan.sider@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <jonas.ionin@sfgov.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <katy.sullivan@sfgov.org>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <alec.longaway@sfgov.org>; BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative\_aides@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net; Andrew Junius <ajunius@reubenlaw.com>; Jennica Dandan <jdandan@reubenlaw.com>

**Subject:** INDEFINITE CONTINUANCE OF HEARING: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing to a Future Date

Good morning,

In accordance with Governor Gavin Newsom's statewide order for all residents to "Stay at Home" - and the numerous preceding local and state proclamations, orders and supplemental directions - aggressive directives have been issued to slow down and reduce the spread of the COVID-19 virus. Therefore, the Board of Supervisors – in conjunction with advice from the City Attorney that is consistent with all local, state and federal orders – will be continuing all special orders and appeals to the Board indefinitely until the emergency is over. The President of the Board will decide future scheduling of each continued matter for an appropriate meeting at a later date. We will provide Appellants and all parties involved with updates as soon as additional direction is received.

The Board of Supervisors and the Office of the Clerk of the Board are committed to providing members of the public with as much access as possible during this health crisis. We appreciate your patience as we are handling a number of critical issues while working remotely. If you have any questions or concerns in the meantime, please reach out and our team will be diligently reviewing and addressing all issues as timely as possible.

Thank you for your patience.

**Brent Jalipa**

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

[brent.jalipa@sfgov.org](mailto:brent.jalipa@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



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**From:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <[bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org)>

**Sent:** Friday, March 13, 2020 3:51 PM

**To:** [aeboken@gmail.com](mailto:aeboken@gmail.com); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](mailto:speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](mailto:pmandel@mgremediation.com); [billpash@gmail.com](mailto:billpash@gmail.com); Justin A. Zucker <[jzucker@reubenlaw.com](mailto:jzucker@reubenlaw.com)>

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**Subject:** HEARING NOTICE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020

Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.**, to hear an appeal of a Conditional Use Authorization, for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street project.

Please find the following link to the hearing notice for the matter:

**[Public Hearing Notice - March 13, 2020](#)**

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Best regards,

**Jocelyn Wong**

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



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**BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



**City Hall**  
**1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244**  
**San Francisco 94102-4689**  
**Tel. No. 554-5184**  
**Fax No. 554-5163**  
**TDD/TTY No. 544-5227**

April 21, 2020

Dear Appellant/Project Sponsor or interested party,

I am writing to share an update with you about the Board of Supervisors' meetings during the COVID-19 emergency, and to provide you with information on the status of your appeal.

Since the Shelter-in-Place Order was put into effect in mid-March, our Department has been working diligently to install technology to allow the Board of Supervisors to continue to meet and do its essential work. To date, we have developed a remote system that allows the Board of Supervisors to convene relatively simple meetings, with participation by the Supervisors, representatives from City Departments, and members of the public who wish to provide comment. But that system cannot yet ensure equitable and consistent access by multiple interested parties who may wish to make presentations, as typically occurs at a hearing on an appeal.

In an emergency order dated March 11, 2020, Mayor London N. Breed suspended all local deadlines imposed on policy bodies to the extent that the policy body cannot meet and comply with the deadline due to the public health emergency. Because the Board of Supervisors cannot currently meet to hold hearings on appeals in a way that ensures access by all interested parties, local deadlines for scheduling and acting on such appeals have been suspended by the mayoral order.

We continue to work on essential issues related to the emergency and want to assure you that we are simultaneously challenging ourselves and our partners to expand the remote system that will allow robust hearings, such as your appeal.

Once we have figured out the technical challenges and begin scheduling appeals, please be assured that we will provide notice of the new hearing date in the same manner that notice was originally given, and to the same interested parties. Our meticulous staff are tracking your matter and will be in touch as the discussions for scheduling resume. While we wish we could provide an exact timeframe, please know that we are doing everything we can to expedite solutions and hope to have resolutions soon.

Again, we want to thank you for your patience and apologize for this significant disruption and inconvenience.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Angela Calvillo".

Angela Calvillo  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors  
City and County of San Francisco

**From:** [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [BOS Legislation. \(BOS\)](#); [aeboken@gmail.com](mailto:aeboken@gmail.com); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](mailto:speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](mailto:pmandel@mgremediation.com); [billpash@gmail.com](mailto:billpash@gmail.com); [Justin A. Zucker](#)  
**Cc:** [Storrs, Bruce \(DPW\)](#); [Tse, Bernie \(DPW\)](#); [Rivera, Javier \(DPW\)](#); [Duran, Vanessa \(DPW\)](#); [Wong, Jason \(DPW\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [STACY, KATE \(CAT\)](#); [JENSEN, KRISTEN \(CAT\)](#); [Gibson, Lisa \(CPC\)](#); [Jain, Devyani \(CPC\)](#); [Varat, Adam \(CPC\)](#); [Rodgers, AnMarie \(CPC\)](#); [Navarrete, Joy \(CPC\)](#); [Lynch, Laura \(CPC\)](#); [Teague, Corey \(CPC\)](#); [Sanchez, Scott \(CPC\)](#); [Sider, Dan \(CPC\)](#); [Starr, Aaron \(CPC\)](#); [Ionin, Jonas \(CPC\)](#); [Ajello Hoagland, Linda \(CPC\)](#); [Rosenberg, Julie \(BOA\)](#); [Sullivan, Katy \(BOA\)](#); [Longaway, Alec \(BOA\)](#); [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [er@sonic.net](mailto:er@sonic.net); [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#)  
**Subject:** INDEFINITE CONTINUANCE OF HEARING: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing to a Future Date  
**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 11:08:09 AM  
**Attachments:** [image001.png](#)

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**Sent:** Friday, March 13, 2020 3:51 PM

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**Cc:** Storrs, Bruce (DPW) <Bruce.Storrs@sfdpw.org>; Tse, Bernie (DPW) <bernie.tse@sfdpw.org>; Rivera, Javier (DPW) <Javier.Rivera@sfdpw.org>; Duran, Vanessa (DPW) <vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <lisa.gibson@sfgov.org>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <devyani.jain@sfgov.org>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <adam.varat@sfgov.org>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <joy.navarrete@sfgov.org>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <laura.lynch@sfgov.org>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <corey.teague@sfgov.org>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <scott.sanchez@sfgov.org>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <dan.sider@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <jonas.ionin@sfgov.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <katy.sullivan@sfgov.org>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <alec.longaway@sfgov.org>; BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative\_aides@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net; Andrew Junius <ajunius@reubenlaw.com>; Jennica Dandan <jdandan@reubenlaw.com>; BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>

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***Jocelyn Wong***

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**To:** [aeboken@gmail.com](#); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](#); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](#); [billpash](#); [Justin A. Zucker](#)  
**Cc:** [Storrs, Bruce \(DPW\)](#); [Tse, Bernie \(DPW\)](#); [Rivera, Javier \(DPW\)](#); [Duran, Vanessa \(DPW\)](#); [Wong, Jason \(DPW\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [STACY, KATE \(CAT\)](#); [JENSEN, KRISTEN \(CAT\)](#); [Gibson, Lisa \(CPC\)](#); [Jain, Devyani \(CPC\)](#); [Varat, Adam \(CPC\)](#); [Rodgers, AnMarie \(CPC\)](#); [Navarrete, Joy \(CPC\)](#); [Lynch, Laura \(CPC\)](#); [Teague, Corey \(CPC\)](#); [Sanchez, Scott \(CPC\)](#); [Sider, Dan \(CPC\)](#); [Starr, Aaron \(CPC\)](#); [Ionin, Jonas \(CPC\)](#); [Ajello Hoagland, Linda \(CPC\)](#); [Rosenberg, Julie \(BOA\)](#); [Sullivan, Katy \(BOA\)](#); [Longaway, Alec \(BOA\)](#); [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [er@sonic.net](#); [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** HEARING NOTICE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing June 23, 2020  
**Date:** Friday, June 12, 2020 1:52:06 PM  
**Attachments:** [image001.png](#)

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Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a remote hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **June 23, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.**, to hear an appeal of a Conditional Use Authorization, for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street project. Notice of the hearing has been provided in the same manner it was originally given, by email and by mail via USPS.

Please find the following link to the hearing notice for the matter:

**[Public Hearing Notice - June 12 2020](#)**

Prior to the hearing, you will be provided with instructions and best practices on accessing and participating in the remote hearing.

If there is additional material you wish to be included for the Board Agenda Packet for the hearing, please email an electronic copy by Thursday, June 18, 2020, at noon to [bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org). Any materials received after this date, will still be distributed to all parties and be included in the official file.

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

**[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)**

Best regards,

***Jocelyn Wong***

San Francisco Board of Supervisors  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco, CA 94102  
T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163  
[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)

**(VIRTUAL APPOINTMENTS)** To schedule a “virtual” meeting with me (on Microsoft Teams), please ask and I can answer your questions in real time.

*Due to the current COVID-19 health emergency and the Shelter in Place Order, the Office of the Clerk of the Board is working remotely while providing complete access to the legislative process and our services*





Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

**Disclosures:** Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

---

**From:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>

**Sent:** Friday, March 20, 2020 11:08 AM

**To:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>; aeboken@gmail.com; speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com; pmandel@mgremediation.com; billpash@gmail.com; Justin A. Zucker <jzucker@reubenlaw.com>

**Cc:** Storrs, Bruce (DPW) <Bruce.Storrs@sfdpw.org>; Tse, Bernie (DPW) <bernie.tse@sfdpw.org>; Rivera, Javier (DPW) <Javier.Rivera@sfdpw.org>; Duran, Vanessa (DPW) <vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <lisa.gibson@sfgov.org>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <devyani.jain@sfgov.org>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <adam.varat@sfgov.org>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <joy.navarrete@sfgov.org>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <laura.lynch@sfgov.org>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <corey.teague@sfgov.org>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <scott.sanchez@sfgov.org>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <dan.sider@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <jonas.ionin@sfgov.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <katy.sullivan@sfgov.org>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <alec.longaway@sfgov.org>; BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative\_aides@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net; Andrew Junius <ajunius@reubenlaw.com>; Jennica Dandan <jdandan@reubenlaw.com>

**Subject:** INDEFINITE CONTINUANCE OF HEARING: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing to a Future Date

Good morning,

In accordance with Governor Gavin Newsom's statewide order for all residents to "Stay at Home" - and the numerous preceding local and state proclamations, orders and supplemental directions - aggressive directives have been issued to slow down and reduce the spread of the COVID-19 virus.

Therefore, the Board of Supervisors – in conjunction with advice from the City Attorney that is consistent with all local, state and federal orders – will be continuing all special orders and appeals to the Board indefinitely until the emergency is over. The President of the Board will decide future scheduling of each continued matter for an appropriate meeting at a later date. We will provide Appellants and all parties involved with updates as soon as additional direction is received.

The Board of Supervisors and the Office of the Clerk of the Board are committed to providing members of the public with as much access as possible during this health crisis. We appreciate your patience as we are handling a number of critical issues while working remotely. If you have any questions or concerns in the meantime, please reach out and our team will be diligently reviewing and addressing all issues as timely as possible.

Thank you for your patience.

**Brent Jalipa**

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco, CA 94102  
(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163  
[brent.jalipa@sfgov.org](mailto:brent.jalipa@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

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---

**From:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <[bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org)>

**Sent:** Friday, March 13, 2020 3:51 PM

**To:** [aeboken@gmail.com](mailto:aeboken@gmail.com); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](mailto:speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](mailto:pmandel@mgremediation.com); [billpash@gmail.com](mailto:billpash@gmail.com); Justin A. Zucker <[jzucker@reubenlaw.com](mailto:jzucker@reubenlaw.com)>

**Cc:** Storrs, Bruce (DPW) <[Bruce.Storrs@sfdpw.org](mailto:Bruce.Storrs@sfdpw.org)>; Tse, Bernie (DPW) <[bernie.tse@sfdpw.org](mailto:bernie.tse@sfdpw.org)>; Rivera, Javier (DPW) <[Javier.Rivera@sfdpw.org](mailto:Javier.Rivera@sfdpw.org)>; Duran, Vanessa (DPW) <[vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org](mailto:vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org)>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <[jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org](mailto:jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org)>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <[Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org](mailto:Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org)>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <[Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org](mailto:Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org)>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <[Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org](mailto:Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org)>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <[lisa.gibson@sfgov.org](mailto:lisa.gibson@sfgov.org)>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <[devyani.jain@sfgov.org](mailto:devyani.jain@sfgov.org)>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <[adam.varat@sfgov.org](mailto:adam.varat@sfgov.org)>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <[anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org](mailto:anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org)>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <[joy.navarrete@sfgov.org](mailto:joy.navarrete@sfgov.org)>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <[laura.lynch@sfgov.org](mailto:laura.lynch@sfgov.org)>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <[corey.teague@sfgov.org](mailto:corey.teague@sfgov.org)>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <[scott.sanchez@sfgov.org](mailto:scott.sanchez@sfgov.org)>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <[dan.sider@sfgov.org](mailto:dan.sider@sfgov.org)>; Starr,

Aaron (CPC) <[aaron.starr@sfgov.org](mailto:aaron.starr@sfgov.org)>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <[jonas.ionin@sfgov.org](mailto:jonas.ionin@sfgov.org)>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <[linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org](mailto:linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org)>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <[julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org](mailto:julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org)>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <[katy.sullivan@sfgov.org](mailto:katy.sullivan@sfgov.org)>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <[alec.longaway@sfgov.org](mailto:alec.longaway@sfgov.org)>; BOS-Supervisors <[bos-supervisors@sfgov.org](mailto:bos-supervisors@sfgov.org)>; BOS-Legislative Aides <[bos-legislative\\_aides@sfgov.org](mailto:bos-legislative_aides@sfgov.org)>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <[angela.calvillo@sfgov.org](mailto:angela.calvillo@sfgov.org)>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <[alisa.somera@sfgov.org](mailto:alisa.somera@sfgov.org)>; [er@sonic.net](mailto:er@sonic.net); Andrew Junius <[ajunius@reubenlaw.com](mailto:ajunius@reubenlaw.com)>; Jennica Dandan <[jdandan@reubenlaw.com](mailto:jdandan@reubenlaw.com)>; BOS Legislation, (BOS) <[bos.legislation@sfgov.org](mailto:bos.legislation@sfgov.org)>

**Subject:** HEARING NOTICE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020

Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.**, to hear an appeal of a Conditional Use Authorization, for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street project.

Please find the following link to the hearing notice for the matter:

**[Public Hearing Notice - March 13, 2020](#)**

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Best regards,

**Jocelyn Wong**

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco 94102-4689  
Tel. No. 554-5184  
Fax No. 554-5163  
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

## NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Sent via Email and U.S. Postal Service

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a remote public hearing to consider the following appeal and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

**Date:** Tuesday, June 23, 2020

**Time:** 3:00 p.m.

**Location:** REMOTE MEETING VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE

Watch: [www.sfgovtv.org](http://www.sfgovtv.org)

Watch: SF Cable Channel 26 once the meeting starts, the telephone number and access code will be displayed on the screen.

Public Comment Call-In: <https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call>

**Subject:** **File No. 200261.** Hearing of persons interested in or objecting to the certification of Conditional Use Authorization pursuant to Planning Code, Sections 303 and 317, for a proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 2353, Lot No. 010, identified in Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA, issued by the Planning Commission by Motion No. 20643, dated January 30, 2020, to demolish a 2,176 square foot, three-store single-family residence, and construct a new approximately 6,219 square foot, four-story, 45-foot tall, mixed-use building with three dwelling units and approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial (NCD) Zoning District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District. (District 4) (Appellant: Eileen Boken, on behalf of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee) (Filed March 2, 2020)

On March 17, 2020, the Board of Supervisors authorized their Board and Committee meetings to convene remotely and allow for remote public comment due to the Coronavirus - 19 pandemic. Therefore, Board of Supervisors meetings that are held through videoconferencing will allow remote public comment. Visit the SFGovTV website ([www.sfgovtv.org](http://www.sfgovtv.org)) to stream the live meetings or watch them on demand.



**PUBLIC COMMENT CALL-IN**

**WATCH:** SF Cable Channel 26, once the meeting starts, and the telephone number and access code will be displayed on the screen; or

**VISIT:** <https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call>

Please visit the Board's website (<https://sfbos.org/city-board-response-covid-19>) regularly to be updated on the City's response to COVID-19 and how the legislative process may be impacted.

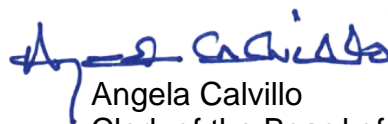
In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearing on this matter may submit written comments prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made as part of the official public record in this matter and shall be brought to the attention of the Board of Supervisors. Written comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA, 94102 or sent via email ([board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org](mailto:board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org)). Information relating to this matter is available in the Office of the Clerk of the Board or the Board of Supervisors' Legislative Research Center (<https://sfbos.org/legislative-research-center-lrc>). Agenda information relating to this matter will be available for public review on Friday, June 19, 2020.

For any questions about this hearing, please contact one of the Legislative Clerks:

Lisa Lew ([lisa.lew@sfgov.org](mailto:lisa.lew@sfgov.org) ~ (415) 554-7718)

Jocelyn Wong ([jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) ~ (415) 554-7702)

***Please Note:*** The Department is open for business, but employees are working from home. Please allow 48 hours for us to return your call or email.



Angela Calvillo  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors  
City and County of San Francisco

**From:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [aeboken@gmail.com](#); [speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com](#); [pmandel@mgremediation.com](#); [billpash@gmail.com](#); [Justin A. Zucker](#)  
**Cc:** [Storrs, Bruce \(DPW\)](#); [Tse, Bernie \(DPW\)](#); [Rivera, Javier \(DPW\)](#); [Duran, Vanessa \(DPW\)](#); [Wong, Jason \(DPW\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [STACY, KATE \(CAT\)](#); [JENSEN, KRISTEN \(CAT\)](#); [Gibson, Lisa \(CPC\)](#); [Jain, Devyani \(CPC\)](#); [Varat, Adam \(CPC\)](#); [Rodgers, AnMarie \(CPC\)](#); [Navarrete, Joy \(CPC\)](#); [Lynch, Laura \(CPC\)](#); [Teague, Corey \(CPC\)](#); [Sanchez, Scott \(CPC\)](#); [Sider, Dan \(CPC\)](#); [Starr, Aaron \(CPC\)](#); [Ionin, Jonas \(CPC\)](#); [Ajello Hoagland, Linda \(CPC\)](#); [Rosenberg, Julie \(BOA\)](#); [Sullivan, Katy \(BOA\)](#); [Longaway, Alec \(BOA\)](#); [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [er@sonic.net](#); [Andrew Junius](#); [Jennica Dandan](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** HEARING NOTICE: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020  
**Date:** Friday, March 13, 2020 3:50:59 PM  
**Attachments:** [image001.png](#)

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Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.**, to hear an appeal of a Conditional Use Authorization, for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street project.

Please find the following link to the hearing notice for the matter:

**[Public Hearing Notice - March 13, 2020](#)**

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Best regards,

**Jocelyn Wong**

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco 94102-4689  
Tel. No. 554-5184  
Fax No. 554-5163  
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

## NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a public hearing to consider the following appeal and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

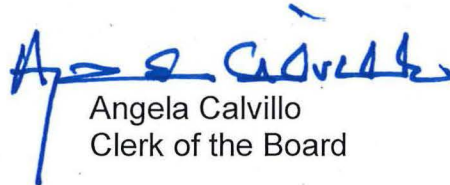
**Date:** Tuesday, March 24, 2020

**Time:** 3:00 p.m.

**Location:** Legislative Chamber, City Hall, Room 250  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett, Place, San Francisco, CA 94102

**Subject:** **File No. 200261.** Hearing of persons interested in or objecting to the certification of Conditional Use Authorization pursuant to Planning Code, Sections 303 and 317, for a proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 2353, Lot No. 010, identified in Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA, issued by the Planning Commission by Motion No. 20643, dated January 30, 2020, to demolish a 2,176 square foot, three-store single-family residence, and construct a new approximately 6,219 square foot, four-story, 45-foot tall, mixed-use building with three dwelling units and approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial (NCD) Zoning District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District. (District 4) (Appellant: Eileen Boken, on behalf of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee) (Filed March 2, 2020)

In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearing on this matter may submit written comments to the City prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made part of the official public record in this matter, and shall be brought to the attention of the Board of Supervisors. Written comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA, 94102. Information relating to this matter can be found in the Legislative Research Center at [sfgov.legistar.com/legislation](http://sfgov.legistar.com/legislation). Meeting agenda information relating to this matter will be available for public review on Friday, March 20, 2020.



Angela Calvillo  
Clerk of the Board



BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco 94102-4689  
Tel. No. 554-5184  
Fax No. 554-5163  
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

**PROOF OF MAILING**

Legislative File No. 200261

Description of Items: Hearing - Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - 176 Notices Mailed

I, Richard Lagunte, an employee of the City and County of San Francisco, mailed the above described document(s) by depositing the sealed items with the United States Postal Service (USPS) with the postage fully prepaid as follows:

Date: June 12, 2020

Time: 3:30 p.m.

USPS Location: Repro Pick-up Box in the Clerk of the Board's Office (Rm 244)

Mailbox/Mailslot Pick-Up Times (if applicable): N/A

Signature: 

Instructions: Upon completion, original must be filed in the above referenced file.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco 94102-4689  
Tel. No. 554-5184  
Fax No. 554-5163  
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

PROOF OF MAILING

Legislative File No. 200261

Description of Items: Hearing - Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - 176 Notices Mailed


I, Jocelyn Wong, an employee of the City and County of San Francisco, mailed the above described document(s) by depositing the sealed items with the United States Postal Service (USPS) with the postage fully prepaid as follows:

Date: March 13, 2020

Time: 3:45 pm

USPS Location: Repro Pick-up Box in the Clerk of the Board's Office (Rm 244)

Mailbox/Mailslot Pick-Up Times (if applicable): N/A

Signature: 

Instructions: Upon completion, original must be filed in the above referenced file.

**From:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [Ko, Yvonne \(CPC\)](#)  
**Cc:** [BOS-Operations](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** APPEAL CHECK PICKUP: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020  
**Date:** Wednesday, March 11, 2020 8:25:37 AM  
**Attachments:** [image001.png](#)

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Good morning,

A check for the appeal filing fee for the Conditional Use Authorization appeal of the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street is ready to be picked up here in the Clerk's Office, weekdays from 8:00 a.m. through 5:00 p.m. A fee waiver was not filed for this appeal.

Best regards,

***Jocelyn Wong***

San Francisco Board of Supervisors  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco, CA 94102  
T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163  
[jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org](mailto:jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)

---

**From:** BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, March 10, 2020 4:57 PM  
**To:** aeboken@gmail.com; speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com; pmandel@mgremediation.com; billpash@gmail.com  
**Cc:** Storrs, Bruce (DPW) <Bruce.Storrs@sfdpw.org>; Tse, Bernie (DPW) <bernie.tse@sfdpw.org>; Rivera, Javier (DPW) <Javier.Rivera@sfdpw.org>; Duran, Vanessa (DPW) <vanessa.duran@sfdpw.org>; Wong, Jason (DPW) <jason.c.wong1@sfdpw.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; STACY, KATE (CAT) <Kate.Stacy@sfcityatty.org>; JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT) <Kristen.Jensen@sfcityatty.org>; Gibson, Lisa (CPC) <lisa.gibson@sfgov.org>; Jain, Devyani (CPC) <devyani.jain@sfgov.org>; Varat, Adam (CPC) <adam.varat@sfgov.org>; Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC) <anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org>; Navarrete, Joy (CPC) <joy.navarrete@sfgov.org>; Lynch, Laura (CPC) <laura.lynch@sfgov.org>; Teague, Corey (CPC) <corey.teague@sfgov.org>; Sanchez, Scott (CPC) <scott.sanchez@sfgov.org>; Sider, Dan (CPC) <dan.sider@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>; Ionin, Jonas (CPC) <jonas.ionin@sfgov.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Rosenberg, Julie (BOA) <julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org>; Sullivan, Katy (BOA) <katy.sullivan@sfgov.org>; Longaway, Alec (BOA) <alec.longaway@sfgov.org>; BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative\_aides@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net  
**Subject:** Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020

Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.** Please find linked below a letter of appeal filed regarding the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, as well as direct links to the City Surveyor's determination of the sufficiency of the filing signatures for the appeal, and an informational letter from the Clerk of the Board.

[Conditional Use Authorization Appeal Letter - March 2, 2020](#)

-

[Public Works Memo - March 6, 2020](#)

[Clerk of the Board Letter - March 10, 2020](#)

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Please note that the hearing date is swiftly approaching. Our office must notice this appeal hearing on Friday, March 13, 2020. If you have any special recipients for the hearing notice, kindly provide the list of addresses for interested parties in spreadsheet format to us by 12:00pm, Thursday, March 12, 2020.

Regards,

**Brent Jalipa**

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

[brent.jalipa@sfgov.org](mailto:brent.jalipa@sfgov.org) | [www.sfbos.org](http://www.sfbos.org)



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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco 94102-4689  
Tel. No. 554-5184  
Fax No. 554-5163  
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

March 11, 2020

File Nos. 200261-200264

Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA

Received from the Board of Supervisors Clerk's Office one check payment in the amount of Six Hundred Forty Dollars (\$640), representing the filing fee paid by Eileen Boken for the appeal of the Conditional Use Authorization for the proposed 1420 Taraval Street Project.

Planning Department  
By:

Tony Yeung  
Print Name

[Signature] 3/11/20  
Signature and Date



**From:** [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#)  
**To:** [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)  
**Subject:** FW: FW: Proposed one-week continuance for 1420 Taraval CUA Appeal  
**Date:** Wednesday, June 24, 2020 10:45:56 AM  
**Attachments:** [ATT00001.png](#)  
**Importance:** High

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*Alisa Somera*

Legislative Deputy Director  
San Francisco Board of Supervisors  
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244  
San Francisco, CA 94102  
415.554.7711 direct | 415.554.5163 fax  
[alisa.somera@sfgov.org](mailto:alisa.somera@sfgov.org)

**(VIRTUAL APPOINTMENTS)** To schedule a “virtual” meeting with me (on Microsoft Teams), please ask and I can answer your questions in real time.

*Due to the current COVID-19 health emergency and the Shelter in Place Order, the Office of the Clerk of the Board is working remotely while providing complete access to the legislative process and our services.*

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The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

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From: Evan Rosen <er@sonic.net>

Sent: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 10:02 AM

To: Ng, Wilson (BOS) <wilson.l.ng@sfgov.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT)

<Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; GIVNER, JON (CAT) <Jon.Givner@sfcityatty.org>; Wong, Jocelyn (BOS) <jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Jalipa, Brent (BOS) <brent.jalipa@sfgov.org>; Lew, Lisa (BOS) <lisa.lew@sfgov.org>

Cc: Ausra Eileen Boken <aeboken@gmail.com>; BOS-IT <BOS-IT@sfgov.org>; Quan, Daisy (BOS) <daisy.quan@sfgov.org>; Mar, Gordon (BOS) <gordon.mar@sfgov.org>; BOS-Operations <bos-

operations@sfgov.org>; er@sonic.net

Subject: Re: FW: Proposed one-week continuance for 1420 Taraval CUA Appeal

Importance: High

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

To the Clerk and City Attorney:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Appellant has not agreed to any continuance of this matter and opposes a continuance.

The Appellant will be at City Hall today as scheduled and expects that the Clerk will provide a PC with Microsoft Teams with videoconferencing and PowerPoint capability in the Clerk's office or other neutral location to accommodate the Appellant as the Clerk has agreed. As you know, the Clerk's office has gone to great lengths in recent days to arrange digital divide accommodation.

Accordingly, the Appellant has the following questions/concerns:

- 1) The Clerk's office has committed to accommodating the Appellant with a PC with Microsoft Teams videoconferencing and the ability to run PowerPoint slides. Please confirm that the Clerk will accommodate Appellant in the Clerk's office or other neutral location rather than in any supervisor's office.
- 2) The Appellant intends to comment on the proposed continuance and is insisting that the Clerk confirm that the PC with Microsoft Teams videoconferencing will be available to the Appellant so that she can comment via video on the proposed continuance. Please confirm that the Appellant will be able to comment on the proposed continuance via video conferencing from a PC in the Clerk's office or other neutral location and will be technically equipped to move forward with the appeal/public hearing as indicated on the Agenda.
- 3) Which staff member from the Clerk's office will be present to assist the Appellant with any technical or other issues? What is that person's cell phone number?

Please respond no later than 12:00 Noon today.

Thank you.

Eileen Boken
President, Sunset Parkside Education-Action Committee (SPEAK)
Appellant

On 6/23/2020 8:23 AM, Ng, Wilson (BOS) wrote:

Dear Eileen Boken and Evan Rosen,

This is to inform you that the Office of the Clerk of the Board has been advised that Supervisor Mar intends to propose a one-week continuance of the subject item at today's Board meeting.

As you know, an accommodation has been arranged for Eileen Boken today in City Hall, room 244, for digital access. You are still welcome to come in to City Hall today at 1:45pm if you require access to a computer to watch the proceedings.

However, if – given this new information – you do not intend to come in to City Hall today to access the public computer, please advise so that we may inform the Sheriff's Office and our staff accordingly.

Sincerely,

—

Wilson L. Ng

Deputy Director of Operations

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Phone: (415) 554-7725

Web: www.sfbos.org

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From: Quan, Daisy (BOS) <daisy.quan@sfgov.org>

Sent: Monday, June 22, 2020 8:13 PM

To: Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>

Cc: Mar, Gordon (BOS) <gordon.mar@sfgov.org>; Low, Jen (BOS) <jen.low@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; Ng, Wilson (BOS) <wilson.l.ng@sfgov.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC) <linda.ajellohoagland@sfgov.org>; Cisneros, Stephanie (CPC) <stephanie.cisneros@sfgov.org>; Starr, Aaron (CPC) <aaron.starr@sfgov.org>

Subject: Proposed one-week continuance for 1420 Taraval CUA Appeal

Hi Angela,

Supervisor Mar intends to propose a one week continuance at tomorrow's board meeting for item 34, the hearing on the appeal of the 1420 Taraval CUA. I made attempts to reach out to the appellant by email, phone, and text message, and left a voicemail. I also spoke with the project sponsor's counsel and they are fine with it.

I've copied folks who I think need to be informed but please let me know if others need to be included. I will inform my counterparts separately.

Thank you!

Daisy Quan
Legislative Aide
Supervisor Gordon Mar
415.554.7462

For Covid-19 updates | WWW.SF.GOV | Dial 311 | Text COVID19SF to 888-777

From: [Ng, Wilson \(BOS\)](#)
To: er@sonic.net; [Ausra Eileen Boken](#)
Cc: [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Jocelyn \(BOS\)](#); [Jalipa, Brent \(BOS\)](#); [PEARSON, ANNE \(CAT\)](#); [GIVNER, JON \(CAT\)](#); [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#); [Lew, Lisa \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Digital Divide Accommodation
Date: Thursday, June 18, 2020 5:42:00 PM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

Dear Eileen Boken,

Please see responses inline below in red.

—
Wilson L. Ng

Deputy Director of Operations

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Phone: (415) 554-7725

Web: www.sfbos.org

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From: Evan Rosen <er@sonic.net>

Sent: Thursday, June 18, 2020 12:33 AM

To: Ng, Wilson (BOS) <wilson.l.ng@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Wong, Jocelyn (BOS) <jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org>; Jalipa, Brent (BOS) <brent.jalipa@sfgov.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; GIVNER, JON (CAT) <Jon.Givner@sfcityatty.org>

Cc: Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; Ausra Eileen Boken <aeboken@gmail.com>; er@sonic.net

Subject: Re: Digital Divide Accommodation

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors

Jocelyn Wong, Clerk Staff of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors

Brent Jalipa, Clerk Staff of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Wilson Ng, Deputy Director of Operations of the Clerk of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney of San Francisco
Jon Givner, Team Leader, Government Team, City Attorney of San Francisco

I am in receipt of the below email dated June 17, 2020 from Wilson Ng of the Clerk's office regarding the Clerk's proposal to bridge the digital divide for this Appellant and schedule the appeal/public hearing on Tuesday. The proposal puts me at increased risk in that I'm a member of a high-risk population. I have several time-sensitive and critical questions/clarifications as follows:

1) I'm a member of a high-risk population, and the Clerk's proposal would put me at increased risk twice. Also, the Clerk's proposal would seem to violate the Stay at Home order two times during the emergency. Would the Mayor need to approve opening City Hall two times for this purpose for a high-risk individual?

No. The Shelter in Place Health Officer exempts performing or accessing essential governmental functions, as determined by the governmental entity performing those functions. Refer to Health Order and Directives [here](#).

2) What are the Clerk's proposed logistics of getting the hard copy of my appeal presentation to the Clerk for scanning? Would a high-risk Appellant need to make a separate trip to City Hall to drop off the hard copy? Alternatively, what time would I be able to access City Hall on Tuesday so that there would be sufficient time before the appeal/hearing begins for the Clerk to scan my hard copy presentation, publish the presentation, attach the presentation to the legislative item and check the order of the slides with me?

You may mail your presentation to our office, contingent that it is received by our office prior to the scheduled date of your appeal.

Office of the Clerk of the Board
Attn: Legislative Division
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Alternatively, you may solicit resources on your own accord to scan and email the slides to bos-legislative_services@sfgov.org prior to the scheduled date of your appeal.

Lastly, you may also provide it to the Clerk of the Board staff on the day-of, prior to the start of the meeting, if you need to load your presentation. Note that it is your responsibility to verify the content and order of the slides before submittal.

The subject appeal item(s) are scheduled for the Tuesday, June 23, 2020, 2:00pm Board meeting. You may arrive up to 15 minutes in advance of the scheduled meeting time if preparation is needed.

3) What is the name and cell phone number of the Sheriff's deputy who will be assigned to the Grove Street entrance to City Hall on Tuesday? Would the Clerk inform the deputy that a high-risk person has been approved to access City Hall at that time?

Protocol for accessing City Hall is provided in the prior email, restated below. The Sheriff's Office can

be reached at (415) 554-7225.

[...] we will be providing your name to Sheriff's Office to grant entry through the Grove Street entrance on the scheduled day so that you may access the public computer located in our office. Please ensure that you bring a form of government issued photo identification for entry. Modifications will also be made to the public work station to ensure sufficient social distancing. In accordance with Sheriff's Office directive, please note that walking around non-designated areas of the building is not allowed, and you will be required to exit the building upon conclusion of your item(s) of business.

Staff will be wearing face coverings and adhering to social distancing guidelines. High touch surfaces will be disinfected. You are also required to wear face coverings and adhere to social distancing guidelines at all times.

4) If there were a problem accessing City Hall, logistics, PC access, network issues and the like on Tuesday, who is the contact at the Clerk's office and that person's cell phone number? Will this person be at City Hall with me?

Clerk of the Board staff will be present on site. The Office of the Clerk of the Board can be reached at (415) 554-5184.

5) Would I be able to use the restroom while at City Hall?

Yes.

6) Would the PC the Clerk proposes to provide be equipped with videoconferencing capability so that the Supervisors can see me while I'm presenting?

Yes.

7) Would the PC be strictly for viewing the proceedings or would I use the audio/video capability to present?

There is audio/video capability.

8) Is there a special phone number for the Appellant to present that is different from the public comment queue phone number?

Yes. Legislative Clerks will be reaching out to all parties to confirm the details and structure of the hearing.

9) Would I be able to yield some of my 10-minute appeal time to at least one other speaker? What are the logistics of switching from one Appellant speaker to another during a remote appeal/public hearing?

The total time allocated for the Appellant(s) presentation is normally ten (10) minutes, and three (3) minutes for rebuttal, subject to the President and Board's confirmation on the day of the hearing. Legislative Clerks will be reaching out to all parties to confirm the details and structure of the hearing.

How the allotted time will be shared and exchanged amongst Appellant(s) who want to speak is at your discretion. For a seamless and efficient presentation, it is generally recommended that no

more than two (2) Appellants present. If you anticipate additional Appellants, please contact Alisa Somera, Deputy Director of Legislative Services, at Alisa.Somera@sfgov.org to coordinate logistics and advise how you envision the structure of your presentation.

Note that the digital access accommodation will be provided to Eileen Boken – the requestor and subject Appellant. If there is an additional Appellant(s) who will be speaking during the allotted appeal period that also requires accommodation, we will need you to provide us with their names so that we can submit it to the Sheriff's Office, as they will need to adhere to all City Hall security protocols for access.

10) Are other supporters who have assisted with the appeal permitted to comment during the public comment session or would they need to speak during the initial appeal presentation?

Only Appellant(s) speak during the allotted appeal period. Supporters or members of the public are to participate during the public comment period via the remote dial in instructions contained on the agenda. Non-Appellants or general members of the public will not be provided access into City Hall as it is not a public meeting venue during the COVID-19 state of emergency.

11) Considering that the appeal/public hearing on the 95 Nordhoff Street project is also scheduled for Tuesday, would the 1420 Taraval Street appeal/public hearing follow the 95 Nordhoff Street hearing? If so, would the Clerk and the Sheriff's Department staff City Hall after 5 pm considering that two appeals/public hearings on the same day may take considerable time?

Staff is available after 5pm as needed.

Please provide a substantive response by 12:00 Noon on Thursday, June 18, 2020.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Eileen Boken

Appellant

President, Sunset Parkside Education-Action Committee (SPEAK)

On 6/17/2020 3:57 PM, Ng, Wilson (BOS) wrote:

Dear Eileen Boken,

In consultation with staff and counsel, given your technological constraints, our office will be providing you – the appellant of the subject file – with public access to a computer on Tuesday, June 23, 2020, for the duration of the scheduled meeting. Our office is located at 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, City Hall, Room 244, and a public computer will be set up and provided to you for use by the front reception area.

Please note that due to the current COVID-19 State of Emergency, City Hall is currently

closed to the public. However, we will be providing your name to Sheriff's Office to grant entry through the Grove Street entrance on the scheduled day so that you may access the public computer located in our office. Please ensure that you bring a form of government issued photo identification for entry. Modifications will also be made to the public work station to ensure sufficient social distancing. In accordance with Sheriff's Office directive, please note that walking around non-designated areas of the building is not allowed, and you will be required to exit the building upon conclusion of your item(s) of business.

With regard to using the overhead projector, please note that City Hall media services are not online as meetings are conducted remotely during the COVID-19 State of Emergency. Since you indicated that you have a hard copy presentation, please submit any documents to the Clerk of the Board in advance of the meeting, so that our office may publish your presentation slides and attach them to the legislative item.

Documents may be remitted to our office at:

Office of the Clerk of the Board
Attn: Legislative Division
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Sincerely,

Wilson L. Ng

Deputy Director of Operations

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Phone: (415) 554-7725

Web: www.sfbos.org

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From: Ng, Wilson (BOS)

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 5:32 PM

To: er@sonic.net; Ausra Eileen Boken <aeboken@gmail.com>

Cc: Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Wong, Jocelyn (BOS) <jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org>; Jalipa, Brent (BOS) <brent.jalipa@sfgov.org>; PEARSON,

ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; Givner, Jon (CAT) <Jon.Givner@sfcityatty.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>
Subject: RE: Digital Divide Accommodation

Dear Eileen Boken,

On behalf of the Office of the Clerk of the Board, I am confirming receipt of your inquiry. Our office will be glad to consider the merits of your request for accommodation, but will require additional time to consult with our staff and counsel. We will keep you apprised of updates.

Sincerely,

Wilson L. Ng
Deputy Director of Operations

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

Phone: (415) 554-7725
Web: www.sfbos.org

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[...]

From: Evan Rosen <er@sonic.net>
Sent: Sunday, June 14, 2020 11:45 PM
To: Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Wong, Jocelyn (BOS) <jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org>; Jalipa, Brent (BOS) <brent.jalipa@sfgov.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT) <Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; GIVNER, JON (CAT) <Jon.Givner@sfcityatty.org>
Cc: Ausra Eileen Boken <aeboken@gmail.com>
Subject: Digital Divide Accommodation

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Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Jocelyn Wong, Clerk Staff of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Brent Jalipa, Clerk Staff of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney of San Francisco
Jon Givner, Team Leader, Government Team, City Attorney of San Francisco

I'm the Appellant on behalf of SPEAK in the conditional use authorization appeal/public hearing for the 1420 Taraval Street project file #200261 scheduled for a remote phone-in hearing on Tuesday, June 23, 2020 before the Board of Supervisors.

This is a request for information regarding accommodation due to my severe technological constraints and a request for information regarding steps the Clerk will take to bridge the "digital divide" as discussed by the San Francisco Human Rights Commission.

My technological constraints are as follows:

1) I do not own a TV or a PC. The only technology I own is a low-end smart phone that has difficulty handling live streams. My phone will not allow me to call into a queue to present my appeal while simultaneously viewing the proceedings. Yet it is necessary for me to view the testimony of others so that I can effectively respond. Therefore, it would be necessary for the Clerk to pause the proceedings while I'm in a waiting queue on the phone, each time I transition from testifying to viewing the proceedings and from viewing the proceedings back to my testimony. Please provide information regarding digital divide accommodation the Clerk will make so that I can effectively present my case on behalf of SPEAK and our Sunset/Parkside community.

2) The visual presentation I have developed requires an overhead projector. I do not own a scanner nor do I have PowerPoint capability. I have the hard copies of the pages. Therefore, please provide information on the digital divide accommodation the Clerk will make so that I can present my visual aids as an integral part of the appeal.

This appellant is by no means the only person with very limited access or no access to technology who intends to present/speak at this and other public hearings. Clearly, if the Clerk intends to proceed with remote call-in appeals/public hearings in the early stages of Reopening San Francisco, it is reasonable to expect that the Clerk will make digital divide accommodation to ensure equitable and consistent access.

Please respond by 5pm on Monday, June 15, 2020 with information on digital divide accommodation for this Appellant and other members of the public/community.

Sincerely,

Eileen Boken
Appellant
President, Sunset Parkside Education-Action Committee (SPEAK)

Lew, Lisa (BOS)

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)
Sent: Tuesday, March 10, 2020 4:57 PM
To: aebroken@gmail.com; speaksanfrancisco@yahoo.com; pmandel@mgremediation.com; billpash@gmail.com
Cc: Storrs, Bruce (DPW); Tse, Bernie (DPW); Rivera, Javier (DPW); Duran, Vanessa (DPW); Wong, Jason (DPW); PEARSON, ANNE (CAT); STACY, KATE (CAT); JENSEN, KRISTEN (CAT); Gibson, Lisa (CPC); Jain, Devyani (CPC); Varat, Adam (CPC); Rodgers, AnMarie (CPC); Navarrete, Joy (CPC); Lynch, Laura (CPC); Teague, Corey (CPC); Sanchez, Scott (CPC); Sider, Dan (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Ionin, Jonas (CPC); Ajello Hoagland, Linda (CPC); Rosenberg, Julie (BOA); Sullivan, Katy (BOA); Longaway, Alec (BOA); BOS-Supervisors; BOS-Legislative Aides; Calvillo, Angela (BOS); Somera, Alisa (BOS); BOS Legislation, (BOS); er@sonic.net
Subject: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street - Appeal Hearing on March 24, 2020
Categories: 200261

Good afternoon,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board has scheduled a hearing for Special Order before the Board of Supervisors on **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.** Please find linked below a letter of appeal filed regarding the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, as well as direct links to the City Surveyor's determination of the sufficiency of the filing signatures for the appeal, and an informational letter from the Clerk of the Board.

[Conditional Use Authorization Appeal Letter - March 2, 2020](#)

[Public Works Memo - March 6, 2020](#)

[Clerk of the Board Letter - March 10, 2020](#)

I invite you to review the entire matter on our [Legislative Research Center](#) by following the link below:

[Board of Supervisors File No. 200261](#)

Please note that the hearing date is swiftly approaching. Our office must notice this appeal hearing on Friday, March 13, 2020. If you have any special recipients for the hearing notice, kindly provide the list of addresses for interested parties in spreadsheet format to us by 12:00pm, Thursday, March 12, 2020.

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102
(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163
brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

Disclosures: Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

March 10, 2020

Eileen Boken
Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee
1329 Seventh Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94122

Subject: File No. 200261 - Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - Proposed Project at 1420 Taraval Street

Dear Ms. Boken,

The appeal filing period for the Conditional Use approval for the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street closed on March 2, 2020.

The City and County Surveyor has informed the Board of Supervisors in a letter received March 9, 2020, (copy attached), that the signatures represented with your appeal filing on March 2, 2020, have been checked pursuant to the Planning Code, and represent owners of more than 20% of the property involved and are sufficient for an appeal.

Pursuant to Planning Code, Section 308.1, a hearing date has been scheduled for **March 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.**, at the Board of Supervisors meeting to be held in City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Legislative Chamber, Room 250, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Please provide to the Clerk's Office by noon:

12 days prior to the hearing: names and addresses of interested parties to be notified of the hearing, in spreadsheet format; and

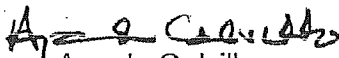
11 days prior to the hearing: any documentation which you may want available to the Board members prior to the hearing.

For the above, the Clerk's office requests one electronic file (sent to bos.legislation@sfgov.org) and two copies of the documentation for distribution.

NOTE: If electronic versions of the documentation are not available, please submit 18 hard copies of the materials to the Clerk's Office for distribution. If you are unable to make the deadlines prescribed above, it is your responsibility to ensure that all parties receive copies of the materials.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Legislative Clerks, Brent Jalipa, at (415) 554-7712, Lisa Lew, at (415) 554-7718; or Jocelyn Wong, at (415) 554-7702.

Very truly yours,


Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

c: Bruce Storrs, Public Works
Bernie Tse, Public Works
Javier Rivera, Public Works
Vanessa Duran, Public Works
Jason Wong, Public Works
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney
Kate Stacy, Deputy City Attorney
Kristen Jensen, Deputy City Attorney
Lisa Gibson, Planning Department
Devyani Jain, Planning Department
Adam Varat, Planning Department
AnMarie Rodgers, Planning Department
Joy Navarette, Planning Department
Laura Lynch, Planning Department
Corey Teague, Planning Department
Scott Sanchez, Planning Department
Dan Sider, Planning Department
Aaron Starr, Planning Department
Jonas Ionin, Planning Commission
Linda Ajello-Hoagland, Planning Department
Julie Rosenberg, Board of Appeals
Katy Sullivan, Board of Appeals
Alec Longaway, Board of Appeals



London N. Breed
Mayor

Mohammed Nuru
Director

Bruce R. Storrs P.L.S.
City and County Surveyor

Bureau of Street Use & Mapping
1155 Market St., 3rd floor
San Francisco, CA 94103
tel (415) 554-5827
Subdivision.Mapping@sfdpw.org

sfpublicworks.org
facebook.com/sfpublicworks
twitter.com/sfpublicworks

March 06, 2020

Ms. Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
City Hall – Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA
1420 Taraval Street – Conditional Use Authorization Appeal
APN 2353 LOT 010

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

This letter is in response to your March 2, 2020 request for our Department to check the sufficiency of the signatures with respect to the above referenced appeal. Please be advised that per our calculations the appellants' signatures represent 26.73% of area, which is greater than 20% of the area involved and therefore is enough for an appeal.

Sincerely,

Bruce R. Storrs, P.L.S.
City & County Surveyor

Lew, Lisa (BOS)

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)
Sent: Tuesday, March 3, 2020 9:26 AM
To: Storrs, Bruce (DPW)
Subject: Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - Proposed Project at 1420 Taraval Street - Verification of Signatures
Attachments: COB Ltr 030320.pdf; Appeal Ltr 030220.pdf
Categories: 200261

Good morning Mr. Storrs,

The Office of the Clerk of the Board is in receipt of an appeal of the Conditional Use Authorization for the proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street. The appeal was filed by Eileen Boken, on behalf of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee, on March 2, 2020.

Please find attached the appeal filing packet, and a letter requesting verification of signatures submitted with the appeal filing, starting on page 3 of the Appeal Ltr.pdf.

Kindly review for verification of signatures. Thank you.

Regards,

Brent Jalipa

Legislative Clerk

Board of Supervisors - Clerk's Office

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

(415) 554-7712 | Fax: (415) 554-5163

brent.jalipa@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

March 3, 2020

Bruce R. Storrs
City and County Surveyor, Public Works
1155 Market Street, 3rd Floor
San Francisco, CA 94103

**Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA
1420 Taraval Street - Conditional Use Authorization Appeal**


Dear Mr. Storrs:

The Office of the Clerk of the Board is in receipt of an appeal filed by Eileen Boken, on behalf of Sunset Parkside Education and Action Committee, from the decision of the Planning Commission on January 30, 2020, relating to the approval of a Conditional Use Authorization (Case No. 2018-011904CUA) to demolish a 2,176 square foot, three-story single-family residence, and construct a new, approximately 6,209 square foot, four-story, 45-foot tall, mixed-use building with three dwelling units and approximately 1,731 square feet of ground-floor commercial (NCD) Zoning District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District, and adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act for a proposed project located at:

1420 Taraval Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 2353, Lot No. 010

By copy of this letter, the City and County Surveyor is requested to determine the sufficiency of the signatures in regard to the percentage of the area represented by the appellant. Please submit your determination no later than 5:00 p.m. on March 6, 2020.

Sincerely,


Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

Conditional Use Appeal
Determination of Sufficiency of Signatures
1420 Taraval Street

c: Bruce Storrs, Public Works
Bernie Tse, Public Works
Javier Rivera, Public Works
Vanessa Duran, Public Works
Jason Wong, Public Works
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney
Kate Stacy, Deputy City Attorney
Kristen Jensen, Deputy City Attorney
Lisa Gibson, Planning Department
Devyani Jain, Planning Department
Adam Varat, Planning Department
Joy Navarette, Planning Department
Laura Lynch, Planning Department
Corey Teague, Planning Department
Scott Sanchez, Planning Department
Dan Sider, Planning Department
Aaron Starr, Planning Department
Jonas Ionin, Planning Commission
Linda Ajello-Hoagland, Planning Department
Julie Rosenberg, Board of Appeals
Katy Sullivan, Board of Appeals
Alec Longaway, Board of Appeals

Print Form

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp
or meeting date

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

- ☐ 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).
- ☐ 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.
- ☒ 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.
- ☐ 4. Request for letter beginning : "Supervisor [] inquiries"
- ☐ 5. City Attorney Request.
- ☐ 6. Call File No. [] from Committee.
- ☐ 7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).
- ☐ 8. Substitute Legislation File No. []
- ☐ 9. Reactivate File No. []
- ☐ 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on []

Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following:

- ☐ Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission ☐ Ethics Commission
- ☐ Planning Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission

Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form.

Sponsor(s):

Clerk of the Board

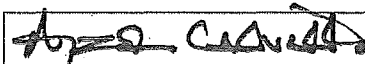
Subject:

Hearing - Appeal of Conditional Use Authorization - 1420 Taraval Street

The text is listed:

Hearing of persons interested in or objecting to the certification of Conditional Use Authorization pursuant to Planning Code, Sections 303 and 317, for a proposed project at 1420 Taraval Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 2353, Lot No. 010, identified in Planning Case No. 2018-011904CUA, issued by the Planning Commission by Motion No. 20643, dated January 30, 2020, to demolish a 2,176 square foot, three-store single-family residence, and construct a new approximately 6,219 square foot, four-story, 45-foot tall, mixed-use building with three dwelling units and approximately 1,731 square feet of ground floor commercial within the Taraval Street Neighborhood Commercial (NCD) Zoning District and a 65-A Height and Bulk District. (District 4) (Appellant: Eileen Boken, on behalf of the Sunset-Parkside Education and Action Committee) (Filed March 2, 2020)

Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:



For Clerk's Use Only

File No. 200261