File No. 200681

Committee Item No. 32

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee: _____ Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date:

Date: June 30, 2020

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OTHER

\square	California State Assembly Bill No. 1436 - 06/10/20

Prepared by:	Lisa Lew	Date:	June 26, 2020
Prepared by:		Date:	

1	[Supporting California State Assembly Bill No. 1436 (Chiu) - Protecting Tenants from Rental Default During the COVID-19 State of Emergency]
2	
3	Resolution supporting California State Assembly Bill No. 1436, authored by Assembly
4	Member David Chiu, and co-authored by Assembly Members Rob Bonta, Lorena
5	Gonzalez, Miguel Santiago, and Buffy Wicks, to protect tenants from rental payment
6	default during the COVID-19 State of Emergency.
7	
8	WHEREAS, On March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a State of
9	Emergency to help California prepare for the COVID-19 pandemic by making additional
10	resources available, formalize emergency actions underway across multiple state agencies
11	and departments and to help the state prepare for a broader spread of COVID-19; and
12	WHEREAS, On March 27, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom issued an executive order
13	banning the enforcement of eviction orders for renters affected by COVID-19 through May 31,
14	2020, prohibiting landlords from evicting tenants for nonpayment of rent and prohibiting
15	enforcement of evictions by law enforcement or courts and requiring tenants to declare in
16	writing, no more than seven days after the rent comes due, that the tenant cannot pay all or
17	part of their rent due to COVID-19; and
18	WHEREAS, On May 29, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom issued an executive order
19	extending authorization for local governments to halt evictions for renters impacted by the
20	COVID-19 pandemic, through July 28, 2020; and
21	WHEREAS, The Judicial Council of California in April put a hold on evictions and
22	foreclosures as part of a response to the pandemic, which is scheduled to expire on August 3,
23	2020; and
24	WHEREAS, California has nearly 17 million renters, and San Francisco has nearly
25	600,000 renters; and

1 WHEREAS, Over half of the state's renters, and over 80% of low-income renters, are 2 rent-burdened, meaning they pay over 30% of their income towards rent and therefore have 3 less money to spend on other necessities like food, healthcare, transportation, and education; 4 and 5 WHEREAS, Many Californians were already struggling to afford high rents even before 6 the COVID-19 pandemic and now risk becoming homeless adding to the to the surging 7 unhoused population in the state; and 8 WHEREAS, The COVID-19 pandemic has pushed nearly 6 million Californians into 9 unemployment since March; and 10 WHEREAS, While it is unknown how many tenants have been unable to meet their rent 11 obligations for the past three months of rent that have come due so far, a recent U.S. Census 12 Bureau survey found that nearly 14% of California tenants did not pay or deferred their rent 13 last month, and more than 31% had no or only slight confidence that they would be able to 14 pay in June; and 15 WHEREAS, A wave of mass evictions following the COVID-19 pandemic will be 16 catastrophic to California; and 17 WHEREAS, On June 10, 2020, Assembly Member David Chiu introduced California 18 State Assembly Bill No. 1436 (AB 1436) to prevent a possible wave of evictions once temporary protections are lifted for millions of Californians who have lost their jobs in recent 19 20 months due to the COVID-19 pandemic; and 21 WHEREAS, AB 1436 will extend expiring tenant protections from Governor Gavin 22 Newsom's executive order; and 23 WHEREAS, While AB 1436 will not provide tenants with direct financial aid, it will 24 provide tenants fifteen months to pay back rent, prevent credit or default actions against 25 tenants for failure to pay rent during the State of Emergency, and will disallow the use of the

Supervisors Walton; Preston **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

1 unlawful detainer clause, which defines "continuing to possess the property without

2 permission of the landlord after defaulting on rent" as illegal and subject to court proceedings

3 in the case of a tenant who cannot pay rent during COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, AB 1436 will remove the threat of mass evictions during and after the
COVID-19 pandemic; and

6 WHEREAS, On June 16, 2020, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors passed similar 7 legislation, File No. 200375, an ordinance amending the Administrative Code permanently to 8 prohibit landlords from evicting residential tenants for non-payment of rent that was not paid 9 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and to prohibit landlords from imposing late fees, penalties, or 10 similar charges on such tenants; and making findings as required by the California Tenant 11 Protection Act of 2019; now, therefore, be it

- RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the California State
 Legislature to adopt a preemptive clause in the California Assembly Bill 1436 so that it does
 not affect local government laws that are stronger than the state law; and, be it
- FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors support the
 California Assembly Bill 1436 and urges the State Assembly and Senate to pass the bill if
 amended to include the preemptive clause allowing stronger local government laws on tenant
 protections relating to the COVID-19 pandemic; and, be it
- FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby directs the Clerk of the
 Board to transmit a copy of this Resolution to the California State Assembly and the California
 State Senate as well as the Bill's primary sponsor, Assembly Member David Chiu.
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Supervisors Walton; Preston **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 10, 2020

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 16, 2019

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 25, 2019

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 27, 2019

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2019-20 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1436

Introduced by Assembly Member Mark Stone Members Chiu, Bonta, Gonzalez, Santiago, and Wicks (Coauthors: Assembly Members Kalra, Nazarian, Quirk-Silva, and Luz Rivas) (Coauthors: Senators Allen, Durazo, Wieckowski, and Wiener)

February 22, 2019

An act to amend Section 11451.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to CalWORKs. An act to add Sections 1947.01, 1947.02, and 1947.03 to the Civil Code, and to add Section 1161.6 to the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to tenancy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1436, as amended, Mark Stone Chiu. CalWORKs: eligibility: income exemptions. Tenancy: rental payment default: state of emergency: COVID-19.

Existing law regulates specified terms and conditions of tenancies. Existing law authorizes a landlord to demand security at the beginning of a tenancy for residential property and specifies the purposes for which the security may be used, including, among others, compensating the landlord for the tenant's default in payment of rent.

This bill would prohibit a landlord from applying a security deposit or monthly rental payment for the satisfaction of an obligation other than the prospective month's rent if the obligation accrued during or within 90 days after the termination of a state of emergency related to COVID-19, except as specified. The bill would provide that a tenant who failed to pay rent that accrued during that period shall not be deemed to be in default and would prohibit any action for recovery of unpaid rent until 15 months after the state of emergency is terminated. The bill would prohibit certain entities, including a housing provider, from using an alleged default in rent that accrued during that period as a negative factor for the purpose of evaluating creditworthiness or for other specified purposes.

Existing law provides that a tenant is guilty of unlawful detainer if the tenant continues to possess the property without permission of the landlord after the tenant defaults on rent, among other reasons.

This bill would provide that a tenant is not guilty of unlawful detainer if the alleged default in payment of rent accrued during, or within 90 days after the termination of, a state of emergency related to COVID-19. The bill would require a landlord, in an action to recover a debt arising from an alleged default in rent accrued during that period to submit in the verified complaint or other document submitted under penalty of perjury the amount of any payments, mortgage forbearance, mortgage forgiveness, or property tax reduction obtained from the lender or local, state, or federal entities to offset, replace, or compensate the creditor for lost rental income, and would require a court to offset the amount of rental payments as specified.

Existing federal law provides for allocation of federal funds through the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant program to eligible states. Existing law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program, under which, through a combination of state and county funds and federal funds received through the TANF program, each county provides eash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families. Existing law continuously appropriates money from the General Fund to pay for a share of aid grant costs under the CalWORKs program. Existing law exempts certain income from the calculation of the family's income for purposes of determining eligibility for the CalWORKs program, including disability-based uncarned income, in accordance with specified provisions, depending upon whether or not that income exceeds \$225. This bill would incrementally increase the above amounts of exempted income on an annual basis, commencing on January 1, 2020. The bill would declare that no appropriation would be made for purposes of the bill pursuant to the provision continuously appropriating funds for the CalWORKs program. Because the bill would result in an increase in CalWORKs eligibility, thus increasing the duties of counties administering the CalWORKs program, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill also would delete an obsolete provision of existing law.

3

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes no. State-mandated local program: yes no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1947.01 is added to the Civil Code, 2 immediately following Section 1947, to read:

3 1947.01. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 1947, 1950.5, or any

4 other law, a landlord shall not apply a security deposit or monthly

5 rental payment tendered by that tenant to a satisfaction of an 6 obligation other than the prospective month's rent if the obligation

6 obligation other than the prospective month's rent if the obligation
7 accrued during, or within 90 days after the termination of, a state

8 of emergency related to COVID-19, unless the payment or security

9 is specifically designated by the tenant in writing to be in 10 satisfaction of the obligation.

(b) Any stipulation, settlement agreement, or other agreement,
including a lease agreement, that conflicts with or purports to
waive the provisions of this section is prohibited and is void as
contrary to public policy.

(c) For purposes of this section, "state of emergency" means
a state of emergency officially declared by the state, including,
but not limited to, the state of emergency proclamation issued by

18 the Governor on March 4, 2020, or a local emergency declared

19 in the jurisdiction in which the property is located.

1 SEC. 2. Section 1947.02 is added to the Civil Code, immediately 2 following Section 1947.01, to read:

3 1947.02. (a) (1) A tenant who failed to perform an obligation 4 to pay rent that accrued during, or within 90 days after the 5 termination of, a state of emergency related to COVID-19 shall 6 not be deemed to be in default of the obligation, and no action to 7 recover unpaid rent may be pursued, until 15 months after the 8 state or local state of emergency is lifted.

9 (2) For purposes of this section, "state of emergency" means 10 a state of emergency officially declared by the state, including,

10 *a state of emergency officially declared by the state, including,* 11 *but not limited to, the state of emergency proclamation issued by*

12 the Governor on March 4, 2020, or a local emergency declared

13 *in the jurisdiction in which the property is located.*

14 (b) (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a landlord from 15 recovering unpaid rent by written agreement with the tenant, provided that the agreement does not exceed the actual amount of 16 17 the debt, does not attorney's fees or costs, late fees, penalties, or 18 interest related to the unpaid rent, and the debt is offset by the 19 amount of any payments, mortgage forbearance, mortgage 20 forgiveness, or property tax reduction obtained from local, state, 21 or federal entities that were provided to the landlord to offset, 22 replace, or compensate the landlord for decreased rental income 23 or provided as financial assistance intended to avoid foreclosure

24 of the subject property.

25 (2) The agreement shall not require the tenant to vacate the 26 premises as a condition of satisfying the unpaid rent obligation.

(3) A landlord shall notify the tenant in writing of their rightsunder this section before the agreement is signed.

(4) Any agreement with a tenant regarding the payment of rent
shall be in writing and shall adhere to the requirements of Section
1632.

32 (c) A landlord shall not charge a tenant fees assessed for late 33 payment of rent that accrued during the state of emergency or 34 within 90 days thereafter, nor may the landlord charge fees to a 35 tenant for services previously provided by the landlord, as compensation for purported damages for late payment of rent that 36 37 accrued during the state of emergency or within 90 days thereafter. 38 A landlord shall not provide different terms or conditions of 39 tenancy or withhold a service or amenity based on whether a tenant 40 repays or agrees to repay all or any portion of unpaid rent.

(d) A landlord shall not harass, threaten, or seek to intimidate
 a tenant in order to obtain a tenant's payment or agreement to
 pay any portion of unpaid rent or to obtain a tenant's vacation of
 the property because of a tenant's failure to pay rent.

(e) Any stipulation, settlement agreement, or other agreement,
including a lease agreement, that conflicts with or purports to
waive the provisions of this section is prohibited and is void as
contrary to public policy.

9 SEC. 3. Section 1947.03 is added to the Civil Code, immediately 10 following Section 1947.02, to read:

11 1947.03. (a) A housing provider, credit reporting agency, 12 tenant screening company, or other entity that evaluates tenants 13 on behalf of a housing provider shall not use an alleged default in rent that accrued during, or within 90 days after the termination 14 15 of, a state of emergency related to COVID-19 as a negative factor 16 for the purpose of evaluating creditworthiness or as the basis for 17 a negative reference to a prospective housing provider, regardless 18 of whether a report is received alleging default in the payment of

19 *rent*.

20 (b) For purposes of this section, "state of emergency" means

21 a state of emergency officially declared by the state, including,

22 but not limited to, the state of emergency proclamation issued by

23 the Governor on March 4, 2020, or a local emergency declared

in the jurisdiction in which the property is located.
SEC. 4. Section 1161.6 is added to the Code of Civil Procedure,

26 immediately following Section 1161.5, to read:

1161.6. (a) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of Section 1161, 27 28 a tenant is not guilty of unlawful detainer if the alleged default in 29 payment of rent accrued during, or within 90 days after the 30 termination of, a state of emergency related to COVID-19. Nothing 31 in this section shall prohibit a landlord from seeking to recover 32 unpaid rent through other civil remedies or by written agreement with the tenant. It shall be unlawful to terminate a tenancy in 33 34 retaliation for a default in rent that is subject to this subdivision. 35 Any stipulation, settlement agreement, or other agreement, 36 including a lease agreement, that conflicts with or purports to 37 waive the provisions of this subdivision is prohibited and is void 38 as contrary to public policy.

39 (b) (1) In any action to recover a debt arising from an alleged 40 default in rent that accrued during, or within 90 days after the

1

termination of, a state of emergency related to COVID-19, the

2 creditor shall set forth in the verified complaint or other document 3 submitted under penalty of perjury the amount of any payments, 4 mortgage forbearance, mortgage forgiveness, or property tax 5 reduction during the relevant time period obtained from any local, state, or federal entity that were provided to the landlord to offset, 6 7 replace, or compensate the landlord for decreased rental income 8 or provided as financial assistance intended to avoid foreclosure 9 of the subject property. In any judgment on the debt, the court shall offset the amount of these payments by the portion of the 10

11 financial assistance fairly attributable to the rental unit in question.

12 The defendant may present evidence that the creditor received

13 relief designed to offset debt related to the rental unit in question,

14 and any agreement in satisfaction of such a debt shall be void if

it fails to account for receipt of payments described in this section. (2) In any action described in subdivision (a), the creditor shall

17 not be entitled to recover fees assessed against a tenant for late18 payment of rent.

19 (c) For purposes of this section, "state of emergency" means

a state of emergency officially declared by the state, including,
but not limited to, the state of emergency proclamation issued by

but not limited to, the state of emergency proclamation issued by
the Governor on March 4, 2020, or a local emergency declared

in the jurisdiction in which the property is located.

24 SEC. 5. The provisions of this bill are severable. If any

25 provision of this bill or its application is held invalid, that invalidity

26 shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given

27 *effect without the invalid provision or application.*

28 SECTION 1. Section 11451.5 of the Welfare and Institutions
 29 Code is amended to read:

30 11451.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), the

31 following income shall be exempt from the calculation of the

income of the family for purposes of subdivision (a) of Section
 11450:

34 (1) If disability-based uncarned income does not exceed two
 35 hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225), both of the following amounts:

36 (A) All disability-based uncarned income, plus any amount of

37 not otherwise exempt earned income equal to the amount of the

38 difference between the amount of disability-based uncarned income

39 and two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225).

1 (B) Fifty percent of all not otherwise exempt earned income in 2 excess of the amount applied to meet the differential applied in

- 3 subparagraph (A).
- 4 (2) If disability-based uncarned income exceeds two hundred
 5 twenty-five dollars (\$225), both of the following amounts:
- 6 (A) All of the first two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225) in
 7 disability-based uncarned income.
- 8 (B) Fifty percent of all earned income.
- 9 (b) For purposes of this section:
- 10 (1) Earned income means gross income received as wages,
- 11 salary, employer-provided sick leave benefits, commissions, or
- 12 profits from activities such as a business enterprise or farming in
- which the recipient is engaged as a self-employed individual or as
 an employee.
- 15 (2) Disability-based uncarned income means state disability
- 16 insurance benefits, private disability insurance benefits, temporary
- 17 workers' compensation benefits, social security disability benefits,
- 18 and any veteran's disability compensation.
- 19 (3) Uncarned income means any income not described in
 20 paragraph (1) or (2).
- 21 (c) Each two-hundred-twenty-five-dollar (\$225) amount
- 22 specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of, and subparagraphs (A) of
- paragraphs (1) and (2) of, subdivision (a), shall be increased as
 follows:
- 25 (1) Effective January 1, 2020, to five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 26 (2) Effective January 1, 2021, to five hundred fifty dollars 27 (\$550).
- 28 (3) Effective January 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, to six
- 29 hundred dollars (\$600). The amount of exempted income shall be
- 30 increased on January 1 of each subsequent year by an amount equal
- to the increase in the California Necessities Index for the most
 recent fiscal year.
- 33 SEC. 2. No appropriation pursuant to Section 15200 of the
- Welfare and Institutions Code shall be made for the purposes of
 this act.
- 36 SEC. 3. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that
- 37 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to
- 38 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

AB 1436

- pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

0

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).					
 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. 					
 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. 					
4. Request for letter beginning :"Supervisor	inquiries"				
5. City Attorney Request.					
6. Call File No. from Committee.					
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).					
8. Substitute Legislation File No.					
9. Reactivate File No.					
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on					
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following	g:				
Small Business Commission Vouth Commission Ethics Comm	ission				
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission					
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative	Form				
Sponsor(s):					
Walton, Preston					
Subject:					
Supporting California State Assembly Bill No. 1436 (Chiu) – Protecting Tenants from Rental Defa COVID-19 State of Emergency	ult During the				
The text is listed:					
Resolution supporting California Assembly Bill No. 1436, authored by Assembly Member David Chiu, and co- authored by Assembly Members Rob Bonta, Lorena Gonzalez, Miguel Santiago, and Buffy Wicks, to protect tenants from rental payment default during the COVID-19 State of Emergency.					
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: /s/ Shamann Walton					

For Clerk's Use Only