File No	200422	Committee Item No	8		
_		Board Item No.			

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee:	Land Use and Transportation Committee Date July 27, 2020						
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	Motion						
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	y: Erica Major Date July 23, 2020						
Completed by	y: Erica Major Date						

1	[Planning Code and Zoning Map - Balboa Reservoir Special Use District]							
2								
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa							
4	Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site							
5	generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east,							
6	Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the							
7	west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water							
8	pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along							
9	Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental							
10	Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight							
11	priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public							
12	necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.							
13	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font. Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.							
14	Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.							
15	Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.							
16	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.							
17								
18	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:							
19								
20	Section 1. Planning and Environmental Findings.							
21	(a) The Balboa Reservoir Project (the "Project") addresses the City's housing							
22	challenges by contributing to the City's goal of creating 5,000 housing units each year. The							
23	Project site was specifically identified in the General Plan for additional housing in close							
24	proximity to local and regional public transportation. The Project implements the goals and							
25	objectives of the General Plan Housing Element and of the 2009 Balboa Park Station Area							

- Plan that calls for the development of a mixed-use residential neighborhood on the west reservoir to address the citywide demand for housing. The Project also implements the goals of the City's 2014 Public Land for Housing program and the Surplus Public Lands Initiative (Proposition K), that the electorate passed in November 2015, by replacing an underused surface parking lot located on surplus public land with a substantial amount of new housing, including a high percentage of affordable housing.
 - (b) In companion legislation adopting a Development Agreement associated with the Project, the Board of Supervisors adopted the Planning Commission's environmental findings pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.), the CEQA Guidelines (14 Cal. Code Reg. Sections 15000 et seq.), and Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code. For purposes of the actions contemplated in this ordinance, the Board adopts these environmental findings as though fully set forth herein. A copy of said companion legislation is in Board of Supervisors File No. 200423 and its environmental findings are incorporated herein by reference.
 - (c) The Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 20732, adopted on May 28, 2020, made findings that the Project and actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board incorporates these findings by reference and adopts these findings as though fully set forth herein in relation to this ordinance. A copy of said Planning Commission resolution is in Board of Supervisors File No. 200635.
 - (d) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that this Planning Code amendment will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 20733, adopted on May 28, 2020, and the Board adopts such reasons as its own. A copy of said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200422 and is incorporated herein by reference.

1	Section 2. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 249.88, to read
2	as follows:
3	SEC. 249.88. BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
4	(a) Purpose and Boundaries. A Special Use District entitled the "Balboa Reservoir Special
5	Use District" (the SUD) is hereby established, bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean
6	Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to
7	the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline that is
8	adjacent to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south. The
9	precise boundaries of the SUD are shown on Sectional Map SU12 of the Zoning Map. The purpose of
10	the SUD is to implement the land use controls for the Balboa Reservoir Project, which is subject to a
11	Development Agreement, approved by the Board of Supervisors in the ordinance contained in Clerk of
12	the Board of Supervisors File No. 200423. The intent of the SUD is to establish a child- and family-
13	friendly mixed-use residential neighborhood. The Project will provide several benefits to the City, such
14	as a significant amount of new housing, including a high percentage of affordable and educator
15	housing, publicly accessible open space, a child care facility and community room, retail space, and
16	extensive infrastructure improvements, while creating jobs and a vibrant environmentally sustainable
17	community.
18	(b) Relationship to Other Planning Code Provisions. Applicable provisions of the Planning
19	Code shall control except as otherwise provided in this Section 249.88. If there is a conflict between
20	other provisions of the Planning Code and this Section 249.88, this Section 249.88 shall prevail.
21	(c) Relationship to Design Standards and Guidelines. The Design Standard and Guidelines
22	("DSG"), adopted by the Planning Commission by Motion No. 20734 on May 28, 2020, and as may be
23	amended from time to time, sets forth design standards and guidelines applicable within the SUD. A
24	copy of the DSG is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200423. Any
25	capitalized term in this Section 249.88, and not otherwise defined in this Section or elsewhere in the

1	Planning Code shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the DSG. This Section, the remainder of the
2	Planning Code, and the DSG shall be read and construed together so as to avoid any conflict to the
3	greatest extent possible. If there is a conflict between the DSG and either this Section or the remainder
4	of the Planning Code, this Section or the other provision of the Planning Code shall prevail. Subject to
5	this Section 249.88(c), if a later amendment to any provision of the Planning Code, including this
6	Section 249.88, results in a conflict with the DSG, such amended Planning Code provision shall
7	prevail. Amendments to the DSG may be made by the Planning Commission upon initiation by the
8	Planning Department or upon application by Developer, but if there is a conflict between an
9	amendment to the DSG and this Section or the remainder of the Planning Code, as applicable, this
10	Section or other provision of the Planning Code shall prevail unless and until such time as this Section
11	or the remainder of the Planning Code is amended to be consistent with the amendment to the DSG.
12	The Planning Director may approve minor amendments to the DSG to clarify its provisions. For the
13	purposes of this subsection (c), "minor amendments" shall be defined as amendments necessary to
14	clarify omissions or correct inadvertent mistakes in the DSG and are consistent with the intent of the
15	DSG, the SUD, the General Plan, and the Development Agreement.
16	(d) Relationship to the Development Agreement. This Section 249.88 shall be read and
17	construed consistent with the Development Agreement, and all development within the Project Site than
18	is subject to the Development Agreement shall satisfy the requirements of the Development Agreement
19	for so long as the Development Agreement remains in effect.
20	(e) Definitions. For purposes of this Section 249.88, the following definitions shall apply. If
21	not expressly superseded by definitions set forth in this subsection (e), all definitions of the Planning
22	Code shall apply.
23	"Active Use" means use that consists of a Retail Sales and Service, Entertainment, Arts,
24	Recreation, Child Care, Community Facility, or Residential use.
25	

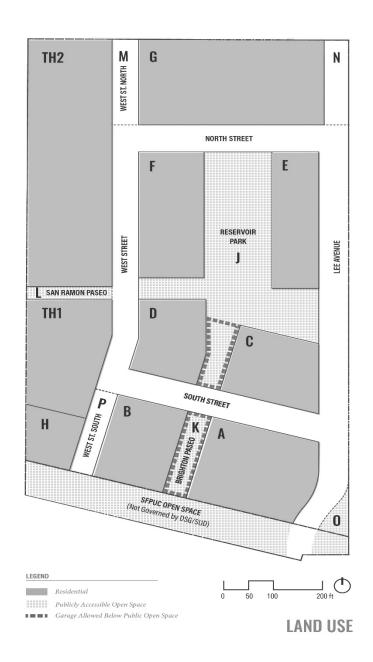
1	"Block" means a Building Project block or a Publicly Accessible Open Space block as depicted
2	on Figure 249.88-1.
3	"Building Project" or "Building" means the construction of a building or group of buildings
4	within the Project Site.
5	"Building Standards" means the standards applicable to Building Projects and any associated
6	privately-owned open spaces within the SUD, consisting of the standards specified in subsection (g)
7	below and the standards and guidelines designated as such in the DSG. It does not mean Building Code
8	requirements under either the California or San Francisco Building Codes, which this Section 249.88
9	and the DSG do not override.
10	"Cart" means a mobile structure used in conjunction with food service and/or retail uses, that
11	operates intermittently in a publicly accessible open space, and that is removed daily from such open
12	space during non-business hours.
13	"Design Standards and Guidelines" or "DSG" shall mean the Balboa Reservoir Design
14	Standards and Guidelines adopted by Planning Commission Motion No. 20734, and as may be
15	amended from time to time. The Design Standards and Guidelines is incorporated into this Section
16	249.88 by reference.
17	"Developer" means the BHC Balboa Builders, LLC, a California limited liability company, or
18	its successor(s). Developer also may be an applicant.
19	"Development Agreement" means the Development Agreement by and between the City and the
20	Developer, approved by the Board of Supervisors by the ordinance in Board File No. 200423, and as
21	may be amended from time to time.
22	"Development Phase Application" means an application for each Building phase of the Project
23	that describes at a minimum, the Block numbers, the Master Infrastructure Plan elements, and vertical
24	improvements proposed in the phase, including number and sizes of affordable housing units, number
25	and sizes of market rate housing units, and square footage of retail, arts activity, community facility

1	and child care square space, and publicly accessible open space. The Development Phase Application
2	also shall include a list of any requested Minor or Major Modifications that are contemplated to be
3	requested in the phase.
4	"Frontage" means the vertical exterior face or wall of a Building and its linear extent that is
5	adjacent to or fronts on a street, right-of-way, or open space.
6	"Kiosk" means a Building or other structure that is set upon the ground and is not attached to a
7	foundation, such as a shipping container, trailer, or similar structure, from which food service and/or
8	retail business is conducted. A Kiosk may operate in a Publicly Accessible Open Space, and remain in
9	place until the business operation is terminated or relocated.
10	"Major Modification" means a deviation of more than 10% from any dimensional or numerical
11	standard in the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, or in the DSG, except as explicitly prohibited per
12	subsection (g) below.
13	"Mass Reduction" means one or more breaks in a Building that reduce the horizontal scale of
14	the Building into discrete sections.
15	"Master Infrastructure Plan" or "MIP" shall mean the Balboa Reservoir Master
16	Infrastructure Plan approved by the Board of Supervisors as part of the Development Agreement and
17	found in Clerk of the Board of Supervisors File No. 200423, and as may be amended from time to time.
18	"Minor Modification" means a deviation of up to 10% from any dimensional or numerical
19	standard in the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, or in the DSG, except as explicitly prohibited per
20	subsection (g) below, or any deviation from any non-dimensional or non-numerical standard in the
21	<u>DSG.</u>
22	"Multifamily Housing" means a residential Building where multiple separate housing units for
23	residential inhabitants are contained within one Building.
24	"Privately-Owned Community Improvement," means those facilities and services that are
25	privately-owned and privately-maintained, at no cost to the City (other than any public financing set

1	forth in the Financing Plan, a Development Agreement exhibit), for the public benefit, but not
2	dedicated to the City. Privately-Owned Community Improvements include certain pedestrian paseos,
3	storm drainage facilities, publicly accessible open spaces.
4	"Project" means the Balboa Reservoir Project.
5	"Project Site" means the approximately 16.5 acre site shown on Figure 249.88-1 that is within
6	the SUD. The 80-foot wide strip of land along the southern boundary of the west basin that contains
7	SFPUC pipelines is regulated by the Development Agreement, but is not part of the Project Site or
8	within the SUD and remains within a P (Public) zoning district.
9	"Publicly Accessible Open Space" means a usable open space that is accessible to the public,
10	including an unenclosed park or garden at street grade or following the natural topography,
11	improvements to hillsides or other unimproved public areas, an unenclosed plaza at street grade, or an
12	unenclosed pedestrian pathway, or a shared pedestrian/vehicular right-of-way.
13	"Residential Use" means uses that provide housing for San Francisco residents, rather than
14	visitors, including Dwelling Units, Group Housing, Senior Housing, and Student Housing.
15	"Retail Sales and Services" means the use described in Section 102, except for Retail
16	Automobile Uses, Adult Business, Hotel, Motel, and Self-Storage.
17	"Step Back" means a reduction of one or more stories in a portion of one or more upper stories
18	of a Building.
19	"Streetwall" means a continuous façade of a Building and/or Buildings along a street
20	Frontage.
21	"Townhouse" means a single-family dwelling unit that shares a wall with another dwelling and
22	with direct access into the dwelling unit from a street or Publicly Accessible Open Space that does not
23	require access through a lobby, corridor, or other common indoor space shared with other housing
24	<u>units.</u>
25	

1	(f) Development Controls. This SUD, as established in Section 249.88, and other Planning
2	Code Sections referenced herein establish all zoning controls for the Project Site.
3	(g) Uses.
4	(1) Balboa Reservoir Special Use District Zoning Designations. As shown on the
5	Zoning Map, the SUD is co-terminus with the Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District (BR-MU). This
6	SUD, as established in Section 249.88, and other Planning Code Sections referenced herein establish
7	all zoning controls for the BR-MU district.
8	(2) Permitted Uses. The following Uses set forth in Table 249.88-1: Balboa Reservoir
9	Land Uses shall be permitted within the different Blocks of the SUD shown in Figure 249.88-1, where I
10	means Permitted Use and NP means Non-permitted Use. All other uses not stated are prohibited.
11	<i>///</i>
12	<i>///</i>
13	<i>///</i>
14	<i>III</i>
15	<i>III</i>
16	<i>III</i>
17	<i>III</i>
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Figure 249.88-1 Balboa Reservoir Land Use Map



1			Table 2	<u> 249.8</u>	88-1	Bali	boa .	Reserv	oir Land	Uses			
2													
3	Permitted Use Category	\boldsymbol{A}	В	C	D	E	F	\boldsymbol{G}	H	TH1	TH2	J	K, L, O
4													
5													
6													
7	Publicly Accessible	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
8	Open Space	_	_					_					
9	Residential Use	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P(1)	<i>P</i> (1)	NP	NP
10	Child Care	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P(4)	P(4)
11	Facility	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	- ()	- (-)
12	Community	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP
13	Facility (2),												
14	(3) Retail Sales	P	P	P	Р	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
15	and Services												
16	(2) Arts	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
17	Activities (2)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	111	111	111	141	111
18	Carts and	NP	NP	N	N	N	N	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP
19	Kiosks (5)			P	P	P	P						
20	Public	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	P(6)	NP
21	Parking											()	
22	Garage												
23													
24		<u>(1) (</u>	Only Town	hous	e un	its a	re a	<u>llowed</u>					
25		<u>(2) A</u>	All non-res	iden	tial ı	ises	<u>exce</u>	ept mul	ti-story p	arking gar	rages are	e allowe	d only

1	on the ground floor and below
2	(3) As defined in Section 102, except Health Care uses are not allowed
3	(4) Child care open space only
4	(5) Carts and Kiosks are allowed in Block J subject to Subsection (g)(8)(N)
5	(6) Below grade only as shown in Figure 249.88-1
6	(3) Temporary Uses. Temporary Uses are permitted consistent with Planning Code
7	Sections 205.1 through 205.4 for Neighborhood Commercial Districts.
8	(4) Interim Uses.
9	(A) Prior to completion of the Project, one or more Public or Private Parking
10	Lots, including construction worker parking lots, shall be permitted without regard to the provisions
11	regulating automobile parking set forth in Sections 155, 156, 303(t) or (u), and other provisions of
12	Article 1.5 of this Code, and such parking lot(s) shall not be required to be surrounded by a fence or
13	<u>wall.</u>
14	(B) Prior to completion of the Project, certain other interim uses may be
15	authorized for a period not to exceed five years by the Planning Director, without a public hearing if
16	the Planning Director finds that such Interim Use will not impede orderly development consistent with
17	this Section 249.88, the DSG, and the Development Agreement. Any authorization granted pursuant to
18	this subsection $249.88(g)(4)(B)$ shall not exempt the Developer from obtaining any other permit
19	required by law. Additional time for such uses may be authorized upon a new application for the
20	proposed Interim Use. Permitted Interim Uses shall include, but are not limited to:
21	(i) Retail Sales and Services;
22	(ii) Entertainment, Arts, and Recreation, including but not limited to
23	temporary art installations, exhibits, and sales, recreational facilities and uses (such as play and
24	climbing structures and outdoor fitness classes), and temporary structures to accommodate events
25	(such as stages, seating, and support facilities for patrons and operations):

1	(iii) Institutional Education Use, including but not limited to after-school
2	day camp and activities;
3	(iv) Site management service, administrative functions, and customer
4	amenities and associated loading;
5	(v) Rental or sales offices incidental to new development; and
6	(vi) Trailers, recreational vehicles, or other temporary housing for
7	construction workers, seasonal labor, or other workforce employment needs.
8	(5) Residential Density. The dwelling unit and group housing density limits applicable
9	in the RM-3 District, as it may be modified pursuant to Section 304, shall govern residential density
10	within the SUD. However, greater residential density than permitted in an RM-3 District may be
11	provided on individual Blocks, as long as the overall density of the SUD does not exceed the density
12	allowed in a RM-3 District, as it may be modified pursuant to Section 304, for the entire SUD.
13	(6) Minimum Dwelling Unit Mix. No less than 30% of the total aggregate number of
14	proposed dwelling units in the SUD shall contain at least two bedrooms, and no less than 10% of the
15	total aggregate number of proposed dwelling units in the SUD shall contain at least three bedrooms,
16	for a total of 40% of units with two bedrooms or more. The minimum dwelling unit mix may be less on
17	any individual Block than otherwise required provided the total dwelling unit mix in the SUD shall not
18	be less than the minimum dwelling unit mix upon completion of the Project.
19	(7) Floor Area Ratio. There shall be no floor-area-ratio limit within the SUD.
20	(8) Building Standards.
21	(A) Building Height. For purposes of the SUD, the height limits shall be as set
22	forth in Section Map HT12 of the Zoning Map and as further limited and detailed in Figure 249.88-2:
23	Building Height Maximums, and as further governed by this Section 249.88(g)(8)(A). The features set
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Figure 249.88-2 Height Limit Map

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21 22 not encroach into the required step back at upper floors as required below:

24 of 10 feet.

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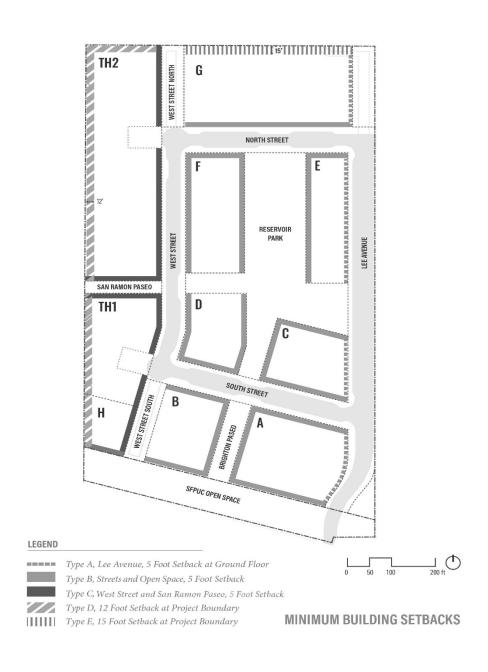
TH2 WEST STREET NORTH NORTH STREET RESERVOIR PARK WEST STREET LEE AVENUE TH1 SOUTH STREET SFPUC OPEN SPACE 3 Stories, 35 Feet 4 Stories, 48 Feet 6 Stories, 68 Feet **HEIGHT CONTROLS** 7 Stories, 78 Feet

the sum of the horizontal areas of said features do not exceed 40 percent of the rooftop area and do (i) Solar energy collection devices shall be allowed to a maximum height

forth in Section 260(b)(1) and those below may extend above the maximum allowable height provided

1	(ii) Rooftop enclosed utility sheds designed exclusively for the storage of
2	landscaping, gardening supplies, and related equipment for living roofs shall be allowed, provided they
3	do not exceed 100 square feet of gross area and a maximum height of 10 feet.
4	(iii) Projections above the allowable height necessary to accommodate
5	additional ceiling height at common amenity spaces located on the top floor shall be allowed to a
6	maximum ceiling height of 10 feet average measured to finished surface at ceiling.
7	(iv) Non-occupied architectural features, including wind screens shall be
8	allowed up to 8 feet above the allowable height.
9	(B) Building Bulk. There are no bulk limits in this SUD.
10	(C) Setbacks. Minimum setbacks of the façade of Buildings from street rights of
11	way and from publicly accessible open space shall be provided in the locations and depth shown in
12	<i>Figure 249.88-3.</i>
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Figure 249.88-3 Minimum Building Setbacks



1	(D) Streetwall. A streetwall is required at all Building frontages facing public
2	right of ways, publicly accessible open spaces, and paseos. The required streetwalls shall be located as
3	the setback line or at the property line where there is no setback control. Streetwalls may be offset
4	from the setback line or property line by not more than two feet towards the interior of the Block.
5	Streetwalls shall be provided at not less than 60% of the total area of the Building facade area.
6	Openings to interior courtyards and other breaks in the streetwall that are required under Mass
7	Reduction shall not count towards the required streetwall.
8	(E) Mass Reduction. Buildings taller than 48 feet with a frontage exceeding
9	180 feet in length shall incorporate at least one of the following Mass Reduction strategies:
10	(i) Exterior Recess. Provide a recess at Building exterior with a minimum
11	width of 15 feet and minimum depth of 10 feet from the Building wall extending vertically for height at least
12	75% of the height of the facade. The recess may start at second floor or may terminate at the top floor.
13	(ii) Vertical Elements. Provide a combination of elements consisting of
14	recess and/or projection with a minimum width of 10 feet, minimum depth of five feet, and extending
15	vertically for a height equal to at least 75% of the height of the facade. The cumulative base footprint area
16	of all vertical elements on a frontage shall equal a minimum of 150 square feet to qualify as a mass
17	reduction strategy. Balconies at vertical elements are allowed if the railings are visually differentiated from
18	the main facade.
19	(iii) Alternative means of satisfying the mass reduction requirement for all
20	Blocks shall be as set forth in the DSG.
21	(F) Step Backs at Upper Floors. Each of the Buildings on Blocks A, B, C, D, E,
22	F, and G shall provide one or more step backs at the top floor. The intent of the step backs is to
23	articulate Building silhouettes and to provide potential locations for roof terraces overlooking the
24	shared open space. The required height reduction along West Street shall not count towards the
25	required step back.

1	(i) Blocks A, C, and E shall provide a one-story contiguous step back
2	equal to 15% of the roof area or one-story non-contiguous step backs equal to 25% of the roof area.
3	The contiguous step backs shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of not less than 10 feet.
4	(ii) Blocks B, D, F, and G shall provide a top floor step back equal to
5	10% of the roof area. These step backs may be located in a single contiguous element or may be
6	comprised of multiple elements provided each step back area has a minimum horizontal dimension of
7	not less than 10 feet in all directions.
8	(G) Obstructions. At multifamily buildings, obstructions into setback areas
9	and/or public right of ways are allowed subject to compliance with Planning Code Section 136, in
10	accordance with the following exceptions: Obstructions into required setback areas and/or public right
11	of ways may be up to four feet in horizontal depth, subject to the other limitations set forth in Section
12	<u>136.</u>
13	(H) Setback Requirements; Waiver of Planning Code Sections 132, 133, and
14	134. Rear yard, side yard, or front yard setback requirements shall be set forth in the SUD and DSG in
15	lieu of the provisions of Section 132, 133, and 134.
16	(I) Unit Exposure. For all residential units, the required window (as defined by
17	Section 504 of the San Francisco Housing Code) of at least one room that meets the requirement of
18	Section 503 of the Housing Code shall face directly onto an open area of one of the following types:
19	(i) A public street, public alley, or paseo at least 25 feet in width in
20	Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G, and 20 feet in width in Blocks TH1, TH2, and H.
21	(ii) An open area, an inner court, or a space between separate Buildings
22	on the same Block, which is unobstructed (except for obstructions listed in Planning Code Section 136)
23	and is no less than 25 feet in every horizontal dimension in Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G or 20 feet in
24	every horizontal dimension in Blocks TH1, TH2, and H.
25	

1	(J) Usable Open Space. The usable open space requirement for dwelling units
2	shall be 40 square feet of private or common usable open space per unit. For Group Housing, the
3	minimum usable open space requirements shall be one-third the amount specified in this subsection (I)
4	for a dwelling unit. Required usable open space shall be on the same Block as the unit it serves.
5	Publicly Accessible Open Space, streets, and paseos on Blocks J, K, L, M, N, O, and P shall not count
6	towards the required on-site usable open space.
7	(i) Any space credited as private usable open space shall have a
8	minimum horizontal dimension of five feet and a minimum area of 35 square feet.
9	(ii) Any space credited as common usable open space shall have a
10	minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet and a minimum area of 150 square feet and 30 percent of the
11	common usable open space shall be planted.
12	(iii) Inner courts in which the enclosing Building walls are four stories
13	or more in height shall be large enough to inscribe a rectangular area 30 feet by 40 feet within the
14	enclosing walls.
15	(iv) Outer courts in which enclosing Building walls are four stories or
16	more shall be large enough to inscribe a rectangular area 25 feet by 25 feet within the enclosing walls.
17	(v) Space that is accessible for automobiles shall not count towards
18	usable open space in any Block.
19	(K) Ground Floor Floor-to-Floor Height. The minimum ground floor floor-to-
20	floor height of non-residential uses, lobbies and residential common areas shall be 15 feet in Blocks A,
21	B, C, and D and 12 feet in Blocks E and F. The minimum ground floor floor-to-floor height for
22	residential uses shall be 10 feet, except for townhouse units which shall have no minimum floor-to-floor
23	<u>height.</u>
24	(L) Ground Floor Activation. The ground floor activation standards set forth in
25	the DSG Chapter 7 shall apply in the SUD.

1	(M) Parking Garages. The standards and guidelines for the location, depth,
2	and exterior frontages of parking garages set forth in the DSG Chapter 7 shall apply in the SUD. With
3	the exception of space allowed for parking and loading access, Building egress, and Building services,
4	above grade parking on any Block shall be wrapped at all stories with a liner of Active Use not less
5	than 20 feet in depth from all facades facing streets and Publicly Accessible Open Spaces.
6	(N) Signage. One identifying sign shall be permitted for each residential
7	Building, except for townhouse Blocks, where one identifying sign shall be permitted per Block. Sign
8	controls set forth in Section 607.1 for RC Districts shall apply to signs for non-residential uses.
9	(O) Carts and Kiosks. The standards and guidelines for Kiosks and Carts set
10	forth in the DSG shall apply in the SUD.
11	(9) Off-Street Automobile Parking and Loading. The location and design standards
12	for off-street automobile parking shall be governed by the DSG. There is no minimum off-street
13	parking or loading requirement for any use in the SUD, except that there shall be a minimum of 200
14	off-street parking spaces in the SUD, and that Buildings in Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G containing
15	100,000 gross square feet or more of residential space and a parking garage shall provide at least one
16	off-street loading space meeting the dimensional requirements of standard 7.24.2 of the DSG.
17	(A) Maximum Off-Street Parking. The number of off-street parking spaces
18	within this SUD shall not exceed the following:
19	Table 249.88-2: Maximum Off-Street Parking Spaces per Land Use

Land Use	Off-Street Parking Ratio
<u>Dwelling Units</u>	0.5 space per unit
Group Housing	1 space per three bedrooms
All Non-Residential Uses	1 space per 500 gross square feet of Occupied
	<u>Floor Area</u>

1 Public Parking 450 spaces

Parking amounts for dwelling units, group housing, and non-residential uses may be greater on any
individual Block than otherwise allowed by Table 249.88-2 provided the total number of spaces in the
SUD shall not exceed the maximum upon completion of the Project. The maximum number of spaces
for the Public Parking Garages shown in Table 249.88-2 shall be reduced by the number of parking
spaces for dwelling units or group housing that are allowed to be used as public parking during any
part of the day. In the event the Developer enters into an agreement with the adjacent property
owner(s) to fund or build off-site public parking on the property adjacent to the eastern edge of the
Project site, the maximum number of spaces for the Public Parking Garages also shall be reduced by
the number of such off-site parking spaces that the Developer provides. The Planning Director shall
determine whether these conditions are met pursuant to Transportation Exhibit, Exhibit J, of the
Development Agreement. Car share parking spaces shall be provided in the amounts set forth in
Section 166. The width and location of vehicular openings shall be as set forth in the DSG.
(B) Driveway and Loading Operations Plan. The purpose of a Driveway and
Loading Operations Plan (DLOP) is to reduce potential conflicts between driveway and loading
operations, such as passenger and freight loading activities, and pedestrians, bicycles, and vehicles.
The goal of the plan is to maximize utilization of off-street space to accommodate loading demand, and
to ensure that off-street loading is considered and attempted, to the extent physically and feasibly
possible, in the design of new Buildings. The Developer shall prepare a DLOP in accordance with the
Planning Code, Planning Department guidelines, and any standard environmental conditions.
(10) Bicycle Parking. Developer shall provide bicycle parking as required by the
Planning Code, except that there shall be a minimum of 30 Class I spaces that are designed to
accommodate oversized bicycles in the SUD.

1	(11) Waiver of Planning Code Section 138.1. The streetscape design set forth in the
2	Master Infrastructure Plan and DSG sets forth the standards for pedestrian and streetscape
3	improvements in the SUD.
4	(12) Waiver of Planning Code Section 169. The provisions of the Transportation
5	Demand Management Program shall apply as required under Sections 169 et seq. and any successor
6	Sections, except that Section 169.4(a)-(d) shall not apply to the Project because the Project has already
7	completed a Transportation Demand Management Plan and it is included as part of the Development
8	Agreement, Exhibit J.
9	(13) Compliance with Article 4 of the Planning Code.
10	(A) Inclusionary Housing Requirements. The provisions of Sections 415 et
11	seq. shall not apply, except as otherwise stipulated in the Development Agreement.
12	(B) Other Impact Fees. For so long as the Development Agreement remains in
13	effect, the Developer impact fees payable for any Building Project will be determined in accordance
14	with the Development Agreement.
15	(14) Relationship to State or Local Density Bonus Programs. In exchange for the
16	benefits expressed in the Development Agreement and this Section 249.88, and as set forth in the
17	Development Agreement, any Building Projects within the SUD shall not be eligible for additional
18	density or modifications to development standards allowed in any State or local law allowing
19	additional density or modifications to development in exchange for on-site affordable housing,
20	including but not limited to the State Density Bonus Law (California Government Code Sections 65915
21	et seq.), the Affordable Housing Bonus Program (Planning Code Sections 206 et seq.), and Planning
22	Code Sections 207 et seq.
23	(15) Modifications to Building Standards and Use Requirements.
24	(A) No Modifications or Variances. No variances, exceptions, modifications, or
25	other deviations from the requirements and standards of the Planning Code, including the SUD, and of

1	the DSG are permitted except through the procedures for granting of Minor and Major Modifications
2	established in the SUD. No modifications or variances are permitted for maximum Building height or
3	maximum automobile parking spaces.
4	(B) Modification of Other Building Standards and Use Requirements. A
5	dimensional or numerical standard may be modified only as provided in subsection (i), on a project-by
6	project basis. In order to grant a Minor or Major Modification, the Planning Director or Commission
7	must find that the proposed Minor or Major Modification achieves equal or superior design quality and
8	public benefit as strict compliance with the applicable standard and meets the intent of the SUD and
9	the DSG.
10	(C) Minor Modifications. The Planning Director may approve a Minor
11	Modification administratively in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (i).
12	(D) Major Modifications. The Planning Commission may approve an
13	application for a Major Modification in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (i).
14	(h) Project Review and Approval. In lieu of the procedures set forth in Planning Code Article
15	3, the following project review and approval procedures shall apply in the SUD.
16	(1) Purpose. The design review process for this SUD is intended to ensure that new
17	Building Projects are designed to complement the aesthetic quality of the development, exhibit high
18	quality architectural design, and promote the purpose of this SUD.
19	(2) Development Phase Application. Consistent with the Development Agreement, the
20	Developer shall submit a Development Phase Application to the Planning Director for approval, and
21	no development may be approved within a Development Phase until after the Planning Director issues
22	a Development Phase Application approval. The Development Phase Application process, as set forth
23	in the Development Agreement, is to ensure that all Publicly Accessible Open Space and Building
24	Projects within a development phase are consistent with the Development Agreement and the SUD.
25	Planning shall review Development Phase Applications within 30 days of receipt in order to determine

1	completeness. If the Planning Director fails to respond within such 30-day period, the Development
2	Phase Application will be deemed complete. The Planning Director shall act on a Development Phase
3	Application within 60 days after submittal of a complete Development Phase Application. Changes
4	proposed by the Planning Department will be reasonably considered by Developer, and changes
5	proposed by Developer will be reasonably considered by the Planning Department. If there are no
6	objections, or upon resolution of any differences, the Planning Director shall approve the Development
7	Phase Application with such revisions, comments, or requirements as may be permitted in accordance
8	with the terms of the Development Agreement and the phasing plan.
9	(3) Concurrent Submittal of Development Phase Application and Design Review
10	Application. Applications for design review may be submitted concurrently with or subsequent to a
11	Development Phase Application. When submitted concurrently, the time limits for the Planning
12	Department review of completeness and design review described in subsection (i) shall not commence
13	until after the Planning Director has issued a Development Phase Application approval. The Planning
14	Department shall approve only those applications for individual Buildings that are consistent with a
15	Development Phase Application approval. To ensure that Building Projects and Privately-Owned
16	Community Improvements meet the requirements of the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88,
17	and the DSG, Developer shall submit a Design Phase Application and receive approval from the
18	Planning Director, or, if required, the Planning Commission before obtaining any permits for the
19	applicable construction. Standards and limitations on design review approval are set forth in
20	subsection (i) below. Nothing in this Section 249.88 limits the Charter authority of any City
21	department or commission or the rights of City agencies to review and approve proposed infrastructure
22	as set forth in the Development Agreement.
23	(i) Design Review Applications and Process.
24	(1) Applications. Each design review application shall include the documents and
25	other materials necessary to determine consistency with the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, and

1	the DSG, including site plans, floor plans, sections, elevations, renderings, landscape plans, a DLOP,
2	and exterior material samples to illustrate the overall concept design of the proposed Buildings.
3	Design review applications also should contain information on dwelling unit count and type, parking,
4	and other building characteristics typical of Planning Department development applications. If
5	Developer requests a Major or Minor Modification, the application shall describe proposed changes in
6	reasonable detail, and to the satisfaction of the Planning Director, including narrative and supporting
7	images, if appropriate, and a statement of the purpose or benefits of the proposed Minor or Major
8	Modification(s). As part of design review application process, the Planning Director shall consult with
9	the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency regarding the Developer's DLOP.
10	(2) Completeness. Planning Department staff shall review the application for
11	completeness and advise the Developer in writing of any deficiencies within 30 days of the date of the
12	application or, if applicable, within 15 days after receipt of any supplemental information requested
13	pursuant to this section.
14	(3) Design Review of Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements.
15	(A) Building Pre-Application Meeting. Prior to submittal of a design review
16	application for a Building, the Developer shall conduct a minimum of one pre-application public
17	meeting. The meeting shall be conducted at, or within a one-mile radius of, the Project Site, but
18	otherwise subject to the Planning Department's pre-application meeting procedures, including but not
19	limited to the submittal of required meeting documentation. A Planning Department representative
20	shall be invited to such meeting.
21	(B) Publicly Accessible Open Space Outreach. Prior to submittal of a design
22	review application for a Publicly Accessible Open Space, the Developer shall conduct a minimum of
23	one pre-application public meeting on design of the Publicly Accessible Open Space. The Developer
24	shall conduct a minimum of one additional public meeting prior to any approval action on the
25	application. Additional meetings may be required at the discretion of the Planning Director. The

1	meetings shall be conducted at, or within a one-mile radius of, the Project Site, and the pre-application
2	meeting shall be subject to the Planning Department's pre-application meeting procedures, including
3	but not limited to, the submittal of required meeting documentation. Developer shall invite a Planning
4	Department representative to such meetings.
5	(C) Design Review Process. Following submittal of the design review
6	application, upon a determination of completeness, Planning Department staff shall conduct design
7	review and prepare a staff report determining compliance with this Section 249.88, the Planning Code,
8	and the DSG, including a recommendation regarding any Minor or Major Modifications sought. The
9	Planning Department staff shall deliver the report to the Developer and any third parties requesting
10	notice in writing, shall be kept on file, and shall be posted on the Department's website for public
11	review within 60 days of the determination of completeness. If Planning Department staff determines
12	that the design is not compliant with this Section 249.88, the Planning Code, or the DSG, the Developer
13	may resubmit the application, in which case the requirements of this subsection (i) for determination of
14	completeness, staff review, and determination of compliance, and delivery, filing, and posting of the
15	staff report, shall apply anew.
16	(4) Approvals and Public Hearings for Buildings and Privately-Owned Community
17	Improvements.
18	(A) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking No
19	Modifications. Within 10 days after the delivery and posting of the staff report on the design review
20	application, the Planning Director shall approve or disapprove the design based on its compliance with
21	the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88, the DSG, and the General Plan. If the design review
22	application is consistent with the numeric standards set forth in this Section 249.88 and the DSG, the
23	Planning Director's discretion to approve or disapprove the design review application shall be limited
24	to the Developer's consistency with the non-numeric and non-dimensional elements of the DSG and
25	the General Plan.

1	(B) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking Minor
2	Modifications. Within 10 days after the delivery and posting of the staff report on the design review
3	application including a Minor Modification, the Planning Director, shall approve or disapprove any
4	Minor Modification based on its compliance with the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88, the
5	DSG, and the General Plan. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 249.88, the Planning
6	Director, at his or her discretion, may refer any application that proposes a Minor Modification to the
7	Planning Commission if the Planning Director determines that the proposed Minor Modification does
8	not meet the intent of the DSG or the SUD.
9	(C) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking Minor
10	or Major Modifications. If the design review application seeks one or more Major Modifications, or ig
11	the Planning Director refers a design review application that proposed a Minor Modification to the
12	Planning Commission, the Planning Commission shall calendar the item for a public hearing, subject
13	to any required noticing. For purposes of this subsection (C), Minor Modifications and Major
14	Modifications shall be collectively referred to as Major Modifications. The Planning Commission's
15	review shall be limited to the proposed Major Modification. The Planning Commission shall consider
16	all comments from the public and the recommendations of the staff report and the Planning Director in
17	making a decision to approve or disapprove the granting of any Major Modifications.
18	(D) Notice of Hearings. In addition to complying with the notice requirements
19	of the Brown Act and the Sunshine Ordinance, notice of Planning Commission hearings shall be
20	provided as follows:
21	(i) by mail not less than 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, to the
22	Developer, to residents within 300 feet of the exterior boundaries of the property that is the subject of
23	the application, using for this purpose the names and addresses as shown on the citywide assessment
24	roll in the Office of the Tax Collector, and to any person who has requested such notice; and
25	

1	(ii) by posting on the subject property not less than 10 days prior to the
2	date of the hearing.
3	(j) Building Permits. Each building permit application submitted to the Department of
4	Building Inspection for Buildings shall be forwarded to the Planning Department for review of the
5	application's consistency with the authorizations granted pursuant to this Section 249.88.
6	(k) Discretionary Review. The Planning Department shall not accept, and the Planning
7	Commission shall not hear, requests for discretionary review for projects subject to this Section 249.88
8	(l) Change of Use. The Planning Department shall review each building permit application
9	that the Developer submits to the Department of Building Inspection for vertical improvements for
10	consistency with the authorizations granted pursuant to this Section 249.88. The Department of
11	Building Inspection shall not issue a permit for any vertical improvement or for occupancy that would
12	authorize a new use unless the Planning Department determines such permit is consistent with the
13	Building Standards set forth in the DSG.
14	
15	Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 263.35, to read
16	as follows:
17	SEC. 263.35. BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT AND THE 48/78-X
18	HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICTS.
19	In the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and the 48-X and 78-X Height and Bulk Districts,
20	heights are more specifically prescribed for each Block, as defined in Section 249.88, pursuant to
21	<i>Figure 249.88-2.</i>
22	
23	Section 4. The Planning Code is hereby amended in accordance with Planning Code
24	Section 106 by revising Sectional Map ZN12, Height Map HT12, and Special Use District Map
25	SU12 of the Zoning Map, as follows:

(a) To change the Zoning Map ZN12 as follows:

5 ///

(a) to one go the forming map in a series of		
Assessor's Parcels	Current Zoning to	Proposed Zoning to
(Block/Lot Numbers)	be Superseded	be Approved
3180/190, except for the 80-foot wide	Р	BR-MU
strip along the southern boundary		
containing SFPUC pipelines		

(b) To change the Height and Bulk Map HT12 as follows:

Assessor's Parcels	Height and Bulk	New Height and Bulk
(Block/Lot Numbers)	Districts	Districts
	Superseded	
3180/190, except for the 80-	40-X and 65-A	48-X for Blocks TH1,
foot wide strip along the southern		TH2, and H; 78-X for
boundary containing SFPUC		the remainder of the
pipelines		site

(c) To change the Special Use District Map SU12 by creating the new Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and assigning the following Parcels to be within the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District:

Assessor's Parcels (Block/Lot Numbers)	Special Use District
3180/190, except for the 80-foot wide strip along the	Balboa Reservoir
southern boundary containing SFPUC pipelines	Special Use District

Section 5. The Planning Code is hereby amended to revise Section 201 as follows:

To add the Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District, after the "Potrero Power Station Mixed Use District", as follows:

1		Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District	
2	(Also See Section 249.88(g)(1))		
3	<u>BR-MU</u>	Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District	
4		(Defined in Section 249.88(g)(1)_	

Section 6. The Figures presented in this ordinance (Figures 249.88-1 through 249.88-3) have been placed in the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors File No. 200422, and are incorporated herein by reference.

Section 7. Effective Date and Operative Date.

- (a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
- (b) This ordinance shall become operative only on (and no rights or duties are affected until) the later of (1) its effective date, as stated in subsection (a) above, or (2) the effective date of the ordinance approving the Development Agreement for the Project. A copy of said ordinance is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200423.

Section 8. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment

25 ///

1	additi	ions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under		
2	the of	fficial title of the ordinance.		
3				
4				
5		ROVED AS TO FORM:		
6	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney			
7	By:	<u>/s/ JOHN D. MALAMUT</u> JOHN D. MALAMUT		
8		Deputy City Attorney		
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REVISED LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

(Substituted, 7/7/2020)

[Planning Code and Zoning Map - Balboa Reservoir Special Use District]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Existing Law

The Balboa Reservoir Project (Project) is proposed to be developed on a parcel currently designated as Public (P) and under the jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission. The Project is located immediately to the west of the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus and just north of Ocean Avenue in the southwest part of San Francisco.

Amendments to Current Law

This Ordinance would add Section 249.88 to the Planning Code to establish the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District (SUD) for the entire Project site. The SUD would not apply to a retained Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south of the Project that will remain in Public zoning. The Ordinance would provide for permitted, non-permitted, temporary, and interim uses within the SUD. The legislation would create controls for development at the site, including ground floor and retail controls, building standards, maximum heights, off street parking including parking lot(s), dwelling unit exposure, bicycle parking, open space, streetscape improvements, inclusionary housing, and others. The SUD would provide mechanisms for modifying those standards in the future, on a case-by-case basis, and for reviewing and approving future development phases and vertical development.

The Ordinance also would add Planning Code Section 263.35 regarding the Balboa Reservoir SUD building heights and would amend the Zoning Map, to do the following:

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 1

- a) change the use of the site from P (Public) to BR-MU (Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use), with the exception of the Public Utilities Commission retained parcel which is excluded from the SUD;
- b) change the height and bulk from 40-X and 65-A to 48-X or 78-X depending on the particular block in the SUD, and
- c) add the SUD to the sectional map number 12.

The Ordinance also makes environmental findings and findings of consistency with the General Plan, eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1, and public necessity determination of Planning Code Section 302.

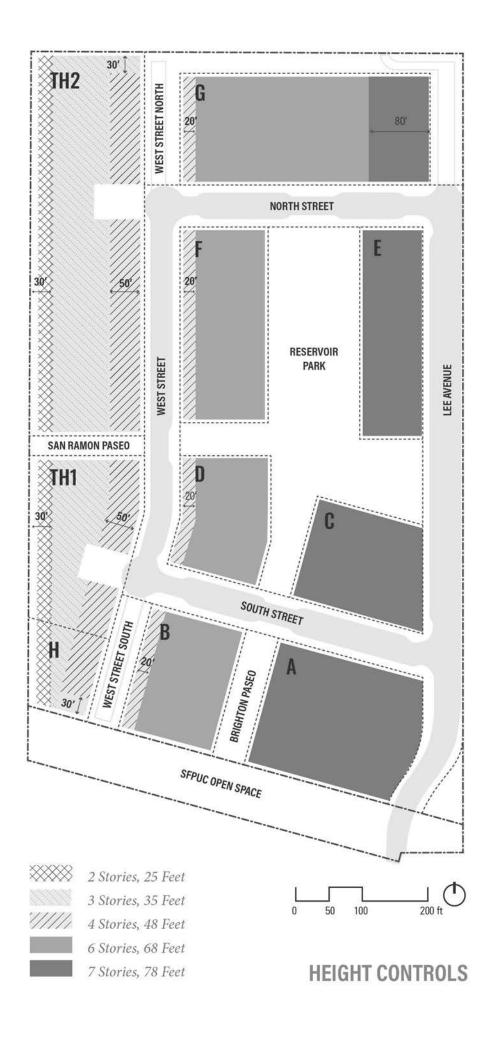
Background Information

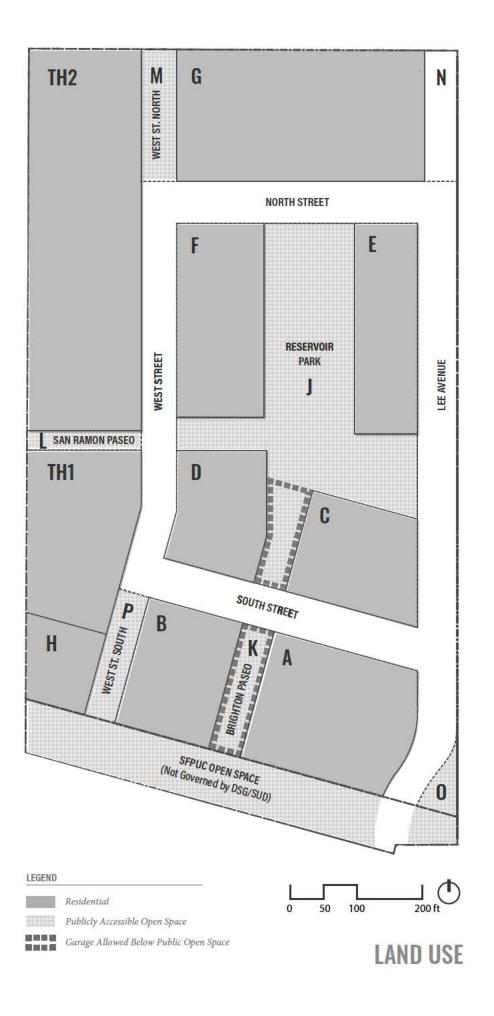
The Project addresses the City's housing challenges by contributing to the City's goal of creating 5,000 housing units each year. The Project site was specifically identified in the General Plan for additional housing in close proximity to local and regional public transportation. The Project implements the goals and objectives of the General Plan Housing Element and of the 2009 Balboa Park Station Area Plan that calls for the development of a mixed-use residential neighborhood on the west reservoir to address the Citywide demand for housing. The Project also implements the goals of the City's 2014 Public Land for Housing program and the Surplus Public Lands Initiative (Proposition K from 2015), by replacing an underused surface parking lot located on surplus public land with a substantial amount of new housing, including a high percentage of affordable housing.

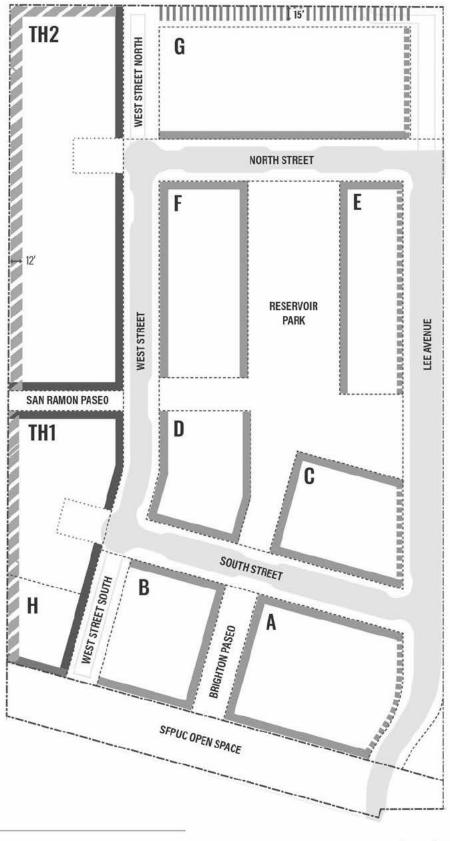
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Page 2







LEGEND



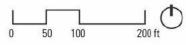
Type A, Lee Avenue, 5 Foot Setback at Ground Floor

Type B, Streets and Open Space, 5 Foot Setback

Type C, Townhouses, 5 Foot Setback

 $Type\,D,\,12\,Foot\,Setback\,at\,Project\,Boundary$

Type E, 15 Foot Setback at Project Boundary



Planning Commission Resolution No. 20733

HEARING DATE: MAY 28, 2020

Case No.: 2018-007883PCAMAP
Project: Balboa Reservoir Project

Existing Zoning: P (Public) Height-Bulk: 40-X, 65-A

Proposed Zoning: Balboa Reservoir Mixed-Use District (BR-MU)

Balboa Reservoir Special Use District

Proposed Height: 48-X and 78-X
Blocks/Lots: Block 3180/Lot 190

Project Sponsor: Reservoir Community Partners LLC,

Kearstin Dischinger, (415) 321-3515, kdischinger@bridgehousing.com

Staff Contact: Seung Yen Hong – (415) 575-9026, seungyen.hong@sfgov.org

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception:

415.558.6378

Fax: **415.558.6409**

Planning Information: **415.558.6377**

RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS APPROVE AMENDMENTS TO THE PLANNING CODE TO: (1) ESTABLISH THE BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT; (2) ESTABLISH THE BALBOA RESERVOIR MIXED USE DISTRICT; (3) AMEND ZONING MAP 12 TO REZONE THE PROJECT SITE FROM P (PUBLIC) TO BR-MU (BALBOA RESERVOIR-MIXED USE); (4) AMEND PLANNING CODE HEIGHT AND BULK MAP 12 TO INCREASE THE HEIGHT LIMIT AT THE PROJECT SITE FROM 40-X / 65-A TO 48-X / 78-X; (5) AMEND PLANNING CODE SPECIAL USE DISTRICT MAP 12 BY ZONING THE PROJECT SITE AS BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT; AND (6) ADOPT FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN AND PLANNING CODE SECTION 101.1 AND FINDINGS UNDER **FINDINGS AND UNDER PLANNING** CODE **SECTION** 302, THE **CALIFORNIA** ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT.

WHEREAS, On April 28, 2020, Supervisor Norman Yee introduced an ordinance (Board File 200422) for Planning Code Amendments to establish the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District (herein "SUD"), and for Zoning Map Amendments by amending Zoning Maps ZN12, SU12 and HT12, for the Assessor's Blocks and Lots as listed above; and

WHEREAS, The Planning Code and Zoning Map Amendments would enable the development of the Balboa Reservoir Project ("Project"). Reservoir Community Partners ("Project Sponsor") submitted an application to the San Francisco Planning Department ("Department") for environmental review on May 31, 2018. The Project is located north of the Ocean Avenue Neighborhood Commercial District, west of the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus, east of the Westwood Park neighborhood, and south of Archbishop Riordan High School, also known as the Balboa Reservoir. The Project site, which is approximately 17.6 acres, is owned by the City and County of San Francisco ("City") under the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission ("SFPUC"). The Project site subject to Planning Code and Zoning Map Amendments does not include the 80-foot wide strip along the southern boundary containing SFPUC pipelines. The Project is a mixed-use development containing an integrated network of new publicly accessible parks and a mixed-use neighborhood. The Project includes up to 1.64

million gross square feet in new construction on 10 blocks and would provide approximately 1,100 residential units totaling about 1.3 million gross square feet. A total of up to 50 percent of the new units would be designated affordable to low- and moderate-income households and would include up to 150 units restricted to occupancy by educator households. The Project would contain approximately 10,000 gross square feet of childcare and community space, approximately 7,500 gross square feet of retail space, approximately 550 off-street residential parking spaces and up to 450 off-street parking spaces for use by the public. Maximum heights of new buildings would range between 25 feet and 78 feet. The tallest permitted building heights would generally be located toward Lee Avenue extension near the City College campus and step down westerly. The western side of the project site would build townhomes in order to provide a gradual transition to the lower prevailing heights in Westwood Park. The townhomes facing Westwood Park will be required to provide building setbacks to respect the character of Westwood Park. In addition, upper story setbacks will be required on almost every block on the Project site; and

WHEREAS, Approvals required for the Project include (1) certification of an Environmental Impact Report ("EIR"), (2) Planning Code and Zoning Map amendments, (3) General Plan Amendments, (4) Planning Code Text and Map Amendments, (5) the adoption of a Design Standards and Guidelines ("DSG") document to facilitate implementation, and (6) approval of the Project and a Development Agreement ("DA") between the Project Sponsor and the City and County of San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, These Planning Code Text Amendments would establish the BR-MU zoning district, establish the Balboa Reservoir SUD, would outline the land use controls for the Project site through the SUD, and would rezone the land currently zoned P (Public) to BR-MUD (Balboa Reservoir Mixed-Use District) designation that are more appropriate for the area and that allow the implementation of the Project. This rezoning also includes re-designating the height and bulk districts within the SUD from 40-X and 65-A to 48-X and 78-X; and

WHEREAS, On May 28, 2020, the Planning Commission reviewed and considered the Final EIR ("FEIR") for the Project and found the FEIR to be adequate, accurate and objective, thus reflecting the independent analysis and judgment of the Department and the Commission, and that the summary of comments and responses contained no significant revisions to the Draft EIR, and certified the FEIR for the Project in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), the CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 by Motion No. 20730; and

WHEREAS, On May 28, 2020, the Planning Commission adopted staff recommendations to approve the Project, as particularly defined in the Planning Commission's DA Resolution, and authorize the Planning Director to make a design decision on garage locations at the time of Development Phase Application approval; and

WHEREAS, On May 28, 2020, the Commission by Motion No. 20731 approved CEQA Findings, including adoption of a statement of overriding considerations and a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP"), under Case No. 2018-007883ENV, for approval of the Project, which findings, statement of overriding considerations and MMRP are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein; and

WHEREAS, On May 28, 2020, the Commission by Resolution No. 20732 found that the Project, including the actions contemplated in this Resolution, is on balance consistent with the General Plan, as it is

proposed to be amended, and the eight Priority Policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. That Resolution is incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein; and

WHEREAS, On May 28, 2020, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on the proposed Planning Code Text and Map Amendments and has considered the information included in the Planning Commission's files for these Amendments, the staff reports and presentations, public testimony and written comments, as well as the information provided about the Project from other City departments; and.

WHEREAS, An ordinance, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, approved as to form by the City Attorney, would establish the Balboa Reservoir SUD, and make other related Planning Code Map amendments; and

WHEREAS, Supervisor Yee, the sponsor of the ordinance, has proposed additional amendments to the Balboa Reservoir SUD that are attached to the staff report and are before the Planning Commission as part of its record for consideration and recommendation.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, That the Planning Commission hereby adopts the CEQA Findings for purposes of this action and finds that the Planning Code Text Amendments and Zoning Map Amendments promote the public welfare, convenience and necessity for the following reasons:

- 1. The Planning Code Amendments would help implement the Balboa Reservoir Project development, thereby evolving currently under-utilized land for needed housing, parks and open space, community facilities and amenities, and other related uses.
- 2. The Planning Code Amendments would help implement the Balboa Reservoir Project, which in turn will provide employment opportunities for local residents during construction and occupancy, as well as community facilities and parks for new and existing residents.
- 3. The Planning Code Amendments would help implement the Balboa Reservoir Project by enabling the creation of a mixed-use and sustainable neighborhood, with new infrastructure.
- 4. The Planning Code Amendments would enable the construction of a new vibrant, safe, and connected neighborhood, including new parks and open spaces. The Planning Code Amendments would help ensure a vibrant neighborhood with active streets and open spaces, high quality and well-designed buildings, and thoughtful relationships between buildings and the public realm.
- 5. The Planning Code Amendments would enable construction of new housing, including new onsite affordable housing and educator housing. The Project would create a new mixed-use neighborhood that would strengthen and complement nearby neighborhoods.
- 6. The Planning Code Amendments would help promote child-friendly development in the Balboa Reservoir neighborhood by providing a higher portion of 2 plus bedroom units and a range of amenities like a childcare center, cargo bicycle parking, and an ample amount of well-designed open spaces.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Commission finds the Balboa Reservoir Planning Code Amendments are in conformity with the General Plan, as it is proposed to be amended, and Planning Code Section 101.1 as set forth in Resolution No. 20732.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Commission hereby recommends that the Board of Supervisors adopt the Balboa Reservoir Planning Code and Zoning Map Amendments, in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, including Supervisor Yee's proposed amendments as shown in the Planning Department staff report.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on May 28, 2020.

Jonas P. Ionin

Commission Secretary

AYES: Chan, Diamond, Fung, Imperial, Johnson, Koppel, Moore

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ADOPTED: May 28, 2020

25

1	[Planning Code and Zoning Map - Balboa Reservoir Special Use District]
2	
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa
4	Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site
5	generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east,
6	Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the
7	west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water
8	pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along
9	Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental
10	Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan and the eight
11	priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public
12	necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.
13	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
14	Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font. Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.
15	Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.
16	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.
17	
18	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
19	
20	Section 1. Planning and Environmental Findings.
21	(a) The Balboa Reservoir Project (the "Project") addresses the City's housing
22	challenges by contributing to the City's goal of creating 5,000 housing units each year. The
23	Project site was specifically identified in the General Plan for additional housing in close
24	proximity to local and regional public transportation. The Project implements the goals and

objectives of the General Plan Housing Element and of the 2009 Balboa Park Station Area

1 Plan that calls for the development of a mixed-use residential neighborhood on the west 2 reservoir to address the citywide demand for housing. The Project also implements the goals 3 of the City's 2014 Public Land for Housing program and the Surplus Public Lands Initiative (Proposition K), that the electorate passed in November 2015, by replacing an underused 4 5 surface parking lot located on surplus public land with a substantial amount of new housing, 6 including a high percentage of affordable housing. 7 (b) In companion legislation adopting a Development Agreement associated with the 8 Project, the Board of Supervisors adopted environmental findings pursuant to the California 9 Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.), the CEQA Guidelines (14 Cal. Code Reg. Sections 15000 et seq.), and Chapter 31 of 10 the Administrative Code. The Board adopts these environmental findings as though fully set 11 12 forth herein in relation to this ordinance. A copy of said companion legislation is in Board of 13 Supervisors File No. _____ and its environmental findings are incorporated herein 14 by reference. (c) The Planning Commission, in its Motion No. _____ adopted on 15 _____, 2020, made findings that the Project and actions contemplated in this 16 17 ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and eight priority policies of 18 Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board incorporates these findings by reference and adopts these findings as though fully set forth herein in relation to this ordinance. A copy of 19 20 said Planning Commission Motion is in Board of Supervisors File No. ______. 21 (d) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that this Planning Code 22 amendment will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth 23 in Planning Commission Resolution No. _____ and adopted on _____, 2020, and the Board adopts such reasons as its own. A copy of said resolution is on file with 24 the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein 25

1	by reference.
2	
3	Section 2. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 249.88, to read
4	as follows:
5	SEC. 249.88. BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
6	(a) Purpose and Boundaries. A Special Use District entitled the "Balboa Reservoir Special
7	Use District" (the SUD) is hereby established, bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean
8	Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to
9	the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline that is
10	adjacent to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south. The
11	precise boundaries of the SUD are shown on Sectional Map SU12 of the Zoning Map. The purpose of
12	the SUD is to implement the land use controls for the Balboa Reservoir Project, which is subject to a
13	Development Agreement, approved by the Board of Supervisors in the ordinance contained in Clerk of
14	the Board of Supervisors File No The Project will provide several benefits to the City,
15	such as a significant amount of new housing, including a high percentage of affordable and educator
16	housing, publicly accessible open space, a child care and community facility, retail space, and extensive
17	infrastructure improvements, while creating jobs and a vibrant environmentally sustainable community.
18	(b) Relationship to Other Planning Code Provisions. Applicable provisions of the Planning
19	Code shall control except as otherwise provided in this Section 249.88. If there is a conflict between
20	other provisions of the Planning Code and this Section 249.88, this Section 249.88 shall prevail.
21	(c) Relationship to Design Standards and Guidelines. The Design Standard and Guidelines
22	("DSG"), adopted by the Planning Commission by Motion No on,
23	2020, and as may be periodically amended, sets forth design standards and guidelines applicable
24	within the SUD. A copy of the DSG is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No.
25	. Any capitalized term in this Section 249.88, and not otherwise defined in this Section

1	or elsewhere in the Planning Code shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the DSG. This Section, the
2	remainder of the Planning Code, and the DSG shall be read and construed together so as to avoid any
3	conflict to the greatest extent possible. If there is a conflict between the DSG and either this Section or
4	the remainder of the Planning Code, this Section or the other provision of the Planning Code shall
5	prevail. Subject to this Section 249.88(c), if a later amendment to any provision of the Planning Code,
6	including this Section 249.88, results in a conflict with the DSG, such amended Planning Code
7	provision shall prevail. Amendments to the DSG may be made by the Planning Commission upon
8	initiation by the Planning Department or upon application by Developer, but if there is a conflict
9	between an amendment to the DSG and this Section or the remainder of the Planning Code, as
10	applicable, this Section or other provision of the Planning Code shall prevail unless and until such time
11	as this Section or the remainder of the Planning Code is amended to be consistent with the amendment
12	to the DSG. The Planning Director may approve minor amendments to the DSG to clarify its
13	provisions. For the purposes of this subsection (c), "minor amendments" shall be defined as
14	amendments necessary to clarify omissions or correct inadvertent mistakes in the DSG and are
15	consistent with the intent of the DSG, the SUD, the General Plan, and the Development Agreement.
16	(d) Relationship to the Development Agreement. This Section 249.88 shall be read and
17	construed consistent with the Development Agreement, and all development within the Project Site that
18	is subject to the Development Agreement shall satisfy the requirements of the Development Agreement
19	for so long as the Development Agreement remains in effect.
20	(e) Definitions. For purposes of this Section 249.88, the following definitions shall apply. If
21	not expressly superseded by definitions set forth in this subsection (e), all definitions of the Planning
22	Code shall apply.
23	"Active Use" means use that consists of a Retail Sales and Service, Entertainment, Arts,
24	Recreation, Child Care, Community Facility, or Residential use.
25	

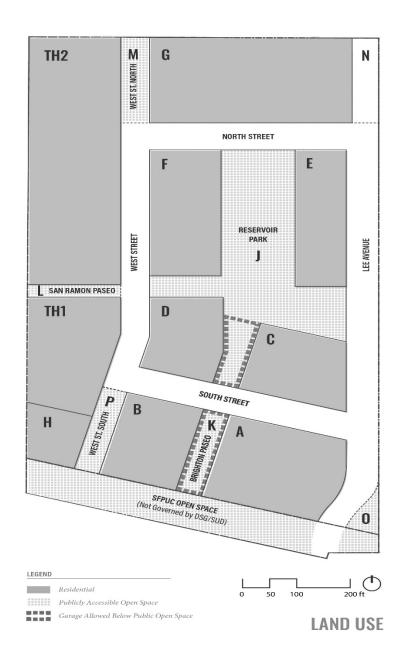
1	"Block" means a Building Project block or a Publicly Accessible Open Space block as depicted
2	on Figure 249.88-1.
3	"Building Project" or "Building" means the construction of a building or group of buildings
4	within the Project Site.
5	"Building Standards" means the standards applicable to Building Projects and any associated
6	privately-owned open spaces within the SUD, consisting of the standards specified in subsection (g)
7	below and the standards and guidelines designated as such in the DSG. It does not mean Building Code
8	requirements under either the California or San Francisco Building Codes, which this Section 249.88
9	and the DSG do not override.
10	"Cart" means a mobile structure used in conjunction with food service and/or retail uses, that
11	operates intermittently in a publicly accessible open space, and that is removed daily from such open
12	space during non-business hours.
13	"Design Standards and Guidelines" or "DSG" shall mean the Balboa Reservoir Design
14	Standards and Guidelines adopted by Planning Commission Motion No, as may be
15	amended from time to time. The Design Standards and Guidelines is incorporated into this Section
16	249.88 by reference.
17	"Developer" means the BHC Balboa Builders, LLC, a California limited liability company, or
18	its successor(s). Developer also may be an applicant.
19	"Development Agreement" means the Development Agreement by and between the City and the
20	Developer, approved by the Board of Supervisors by the ordinance in Board File No,
21	and as the Development Agreement may be amended from time to time.
22	"Development Phase Application" means an application for each Building phase of the Project
23	that describes at a minimum, the Block numbers, the Master Infrastructure Plan elements, and vertical
24	improvements proposed in the phase, including number and sizes of affordable housing units, number
25	and sizes of market rate housing units, and square footage of retail, arts activity, community facility

1	and child care square space, and publicly accessible open space. The Development Phase Application
2	also shall include a list of any requested Minor or Major Modifications that are contemplated to be
3	requested in the phase.
4	"Frontage" means the vertical exterior face or wall of a Building and its linear extent that is
5	adjacent to or fronts on a street, right-of-way, or open space.
6	"Kiosk" means a Building or other structure that is set upon the ground and is not attached to a
7	foundation, such as a shipping container, trailer, or similar structure, from which food service and/or
8	retail business is conducted. A Kiosk may operate in a Publicly Accessible Open Space, and remain in
9	place until the business operation is terminated or relocated.
10	"Major Modification" means a deviation of more than 10% from any dimensional or numerical
11	standard in the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, or in the DSG, except as explicitly prohibited per
12	subsection (g) below.
13	"Mass Reduction" means one or more breaks in a Building that reduce the horizontal scale of
14	the Building into discrete sections.
15	"Master Infrastructure Plan" or "MIP" shall mean the Balboa Reservoir Master
16	Infrastructure Plan approved by the Board of Supervisors as part of the Development Agreement and
17	found in Clerk of the Board of Supervisors File No. , and as may be amended from time
18	to time.
19	"Minor Modification" means a deviation of up to 10% from any dimensional or numerical
20	standard in the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, or in the DSG, except as explicitly prohibited per
21	subsection (g) below, or any deviation from any non-dimensional or non-numerical standard in the
22	<u>DSG.</u>
23	"Privately-Owned Community Improvement," means those facilities and services that are
24	privately-owned and privately-maintained, at no cost to the City (other than any public financing set
25	forth in the Financing Plan, a Development Agreement exhibit), for the public benefit, but not

1	dedicated to the City. Privately-Owned Community Improvements include certain pedestrian paseos,
2	storm drainage facilities, publicly accessible open spaces.
3	"Project" means the Balboa Reservoir Project.
4	"Project Site" means the approximately 16.5 acre site shown on Figure 249.88-1 that is within
5	the SUD. The 80-foot wide strip of land along the southern boundary of the west basin that contains
6	SFPUC pipelines is regulated by the Development Agreement, but is not part of the Project Site or
7	within the SUD and remains within a P (Public) zoning district.
8	"Publicly Accessible Open Space" means a usable open space that is accessible to the public,
9	including an unenclosed park or garden at street grade or following the natural topography,
10	improvements to hillsides or other unimproved public areas, an unenclosed plaza at street grade, or an
11	unenclosed pedestrian pathway, or a shared pedestrian/vehicular right-of-way.
12	"Residential Use" means uses that provide housing for San Francisco residents, rather than
13	visitors, including Dwelling Units, Group Housing, Senior Housing, and Student Housing.
14	"Multifamily Housing" means a residential Building where multiple separate housing units for
15	residential inhabitants are contained within one Building.
16	"Retail Sales and Services" means the use described in Section 102, except for Retail
17	Automobile Uses, Adult Business, Hotel, Motel, and Self-Storage.
18	"Step Back" means a reduction of one or more stories in a portion of one or more upper stories
19	<u>of a Building.</u>
20	"Streetwall" means a continuous façade of a Building and/or Buildings along a street
21	Frontage.
22	"Townhouse" means a single-family dwelling unit with at least two floors that shares a wall
23	with another dwelling and with direct access into the dwelling unit from a street or Publicly Accessible
24	Open Space that does not require access through a lobby, corridor, or other common indoor space
25	shared with other housing units.

1	(f) Development Controls. This SUD, as established in Section 249.88, and other Planning
2	Code Sections referenced herein establish all zoning controls for the Project Site.
3	(g) Uses.
4	(1) Balboa Reservoir Special Use District Zoning Designations. As shown on the
5	Zoning Map, the SUD is co-terminus with the Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District (BR-MU). This
6	SUD, as established in Section 249.88, and other Planning Code Sections referenced herein establish
7	all zoning controls for the BR-MU district.
8	(2) Permitted Uses. The following Uses set forth in Table 249.88-1: Balboa Reservoir
9	Land Uses shall be permitted within the different Blocks of the SUD shown in Figure 249.88-1, where I
10	means Permitted Use and NP means Non-permitted Use. All other uses not stated are prohibited.
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Figure 249.88-1 Balboa Reservoir Land Use Map

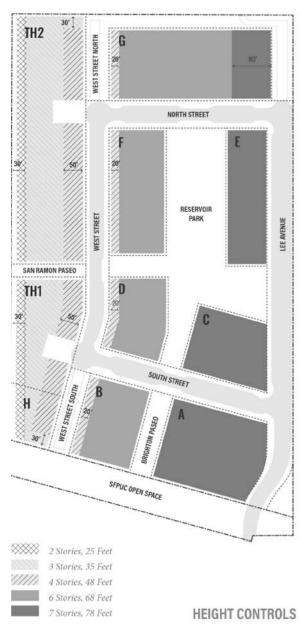


1			Table :	<u> 249.8</u>	88-1	Bal	boa .	Reserv	oir Land	l Uses			
2													
3	Permitted Use Category	\boldsymbol{A}	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	TH1	TH2	J	K, L, M, O,
4	0 7												P
5													
6													
7	Publicly Accessible	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
8	Open Space												
9	Residential Use	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P(1)	<i>P</i> (1)	NP	NP
10	Child Care	P	P	P	P	P	D	P	P	P	P	P(4)	P(4)
11	Facility	Γ	I	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ (4)	<i>I</i> (4)
12	Community	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP
13	Facility (2),												
14	(3) Retail Sales	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
15	and Services	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	1 V.F	IVI ^r	IVI	1 V.F	1 V.F
	(2)												
16	Arts	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
17	Activities (2)												
18	Carts and	NP	NP	N	N	N	N	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP
19	Kiosks (5)			P	P	P	P						
20	Public	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	<i>P</i> (6)	NP
21	Parking	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,12	- 1,-	2 (0)	1,1
22	Garage												
23													
24		(1)	Only Town	hous	อ บท	its a	ro a	llowed					
			-							1.		11	
25		<u>(2) </u>	All non-res	riden	tial i	ıses	ехсе	<u>ept mul</u>	<u>tı-story p</u>	parking gai	rages are	<u>e allowe</u>	<u>d only</u>

1	on the ground floor and below
2	(3) As defined in Section 102, except Health Care uses are not allowed
3	(4) Child care open space only
4	(5) Carts and Kiosks are allowed in Block J subject to Subsection (g)(8)(N)
5	(6) Below grade only as shown in Figure 249.88-1
6	(3) Temporary Uses. Temporary Uses are permitted consistent with Planning Code
7	Sections 205.1 through 205.4 for Neighborhood Commercial Districts.
8	(4) Interim Uses.
9	(A) Prior to completion of the Project, one or more Public or Private Parking
10	Lots, including construction worker parking lots, shall be permitted without regard to the provisions
11	regulating automobile parking set forth in Sections 155, 156, 303(t) or (u), and other provisions of
12	Article 1.5 of this Code, and such parking lot(s) shall not be required to be surrounded by a fence or
13	<u>wall.</u>
14	(B) Prior to completion of the Project, certain other interim uses may be
15	authorized for a period not to exceed five years by the Planning Director, without a public hearing if
16	the Planning Director finds that such Interim Use will not impede orderly development consistent with
17	this Section 249.88, the DSG, and the Development Agreement. Any authorization granted pursuant to
18	this subsection $249.88(g)(4)(B)$ shall not exempt the Developer from obtaining any other permit
19	required by law. Additional time for such uses may be authorized upon a new application for the
20	proposed Interim Use. Permitted Interim Uses shall include, but are not limited to:
21	(i) Retail Sales and Services;
22	(ii) Entertainment, Arts, and Recreation, including but not limited to
23	temporary art installations, exhibits, and sales, recreational facilities and uses (such as play and
24	climbing structures and outdoor fitness classes), and temporary structures to accommodate events
25	(such as stages, seating, and support facilities for patrons and operations):

1	(iii) Institutional Education Use, including but not limited to after-school
2	day camp and activities;
3	(iv) Site management service, administrative functions, and customer
4	amenities and associated loading;
5	(v) Rental or sales offices incidental to new development; and
6	(vi) Trailers, recreational vehicles, or other temporary housing for
7	construction workers, seasonal labor, or other workforce employment needs.
8	(5) Residential Density. The dwelling unit and group housing density limits applicable
9	in the RM-3 District, as it may be modified pursuant to Section 304, shall govern residential density
10	within the SUD. However, greater residential density than permitted in an RM-3 District may be
11	provided on individual Blocks, as long as the overall density of the SUD does not exceed the density
12	allowed in a RM-3 District, as it may be modified pursuant to Section 304, for the entire SUD.
13	(6) Minimum Dwelling Unit Mix. No less than 25% of the total aggregate number of
14	proposed dwelling units in the SUD shall contain at least two bedrooms, and no less than 10% of the
15	total aggregate number of proposed dwelling units in the SUD shall contain at least three bedrooms.
16	The minimum dwelling unit mix may be less on any individual Block than otherwise required provided
17	the total dwelling unit mix in the SUD shall not be less than the minimum dwelling unit mix upon
18	completion of the Project.
19	(7) Floor Area Ratio. There shall be no floor-area-ratio limit within the SUD.
20	(8) Building Standards.
21	(A) Building Height. For purposes of the SUD, the height limits shall be as set
22	forth in Section Map HT12 of the Zoning Map and as further limited and detailed in Figure 249.88-2:
23	Building Height Maximums, and as further governed by this Section 249.88(g)(8)(A). The features set
24	
25	///

Figure 249.88-2 Height Limit Map



1	forth in Section 260(b)(1) and those below may extend above the maximum allowable height provided
2	the sum of the horizontal areas of said features do not exceed 40 percent of the rooftop area and do
3	not encroach into the required step back at upper floors as required below:
4	(i) Solar energy collection devices shall be allowed to a maximum height
5	<u>of 10 feet.</u>
6	(ii) Rooftop enclosed utility sheds designed exclusively for the storage of
7	landscaping, gardening supplies, and related equipment for living roofs shall be allowed, provided they
8	do not exceed 100 square feet of gross area and a maximum height of 10 feet.
9	(iii) Projections above the allowable height necessary to accommodate
10	additional ceiling height at common amenity spaces located on the top floor shall be allowed to a
11	maximum ceiling height of 10 feet average measured to finished surface at ceiling.
12	(iv) Non-occupied architectural features, including wind screens shall be
13	allowed up to 8 feet above the allowable height.
14	(B) Building Bulk. There are no bulk limits in this SUD.
15	(C) Setbacks. Minimum setbacks of the façade of Buildings from street rights of
16	way and from publicly accessible open space shall be provided in the locations and depth shown in
17	<i>Figure 249.88-3.</i>
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1 Figure 249.88-3 Minimum Building Setbacks 2 TH2 WEST STREET NORTH 3 4 NORTH STREET 5 6 7 RESERVOIR 8 **NEST STREET** PARK 9 SAN RAMON PASEO 10 TH1 11 12 SOUTH STREET 13 14 15 SFPUC OPEN SPACE 16 17 LEGEND 18 ----Type A, Lee Avenue, 5 Foot Setback at Ground Floor Type B, Streets and Open Space, 5 Foot Setback 19 Type C, Townhouses, 5 Foot Setback Type D, 12 Foot Setback at Project Boundary 20 MINIMUM BUILDING SETBACKS | | | | | | | Type E, 15 Foot Setback at Project Boundary 21 22

(D) Streetwall. A streetwall is required at all Building frontages facing public right of ways, publicly accessible open spaces, and paseos. The required streetwalls shall be located at

23

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1	the setback line or at the property line where there is no setback control. Streetwalls may be offset
2	from the setback line or property line by not more than two feet towards the interior of the Block.
3	Streetwalls shall be provided at not less than 60% of the total area of the Building facade area.
4	Openings to interior courtyards and other breaks in the streetwall that are required under Mass
5	Reduction shall not count towards the required streetwall.
6	(E) Mass Reduction. Buildings taller than 40 feet with a frontage exceeding
7	180 feet in length shall incorporate at least one of the following Mass Reduction strategies:
8	(i) Exterior Recess. Provide a recess at Building exterior with a minimum
9	width of 15 feet and minimum depth of 10 feet from the Building wall extending vertically for height at least
10	75% of the height of the facade. The recess may start at second floor or may terminate at the top floor.
11	(ii) Vertical Elements. Provide a combination of elements consisting of
12	recess and/or projection with a minimum width of 10 feet, minimum depth of five feet, and extending
13	vertically for a height equal to at least 75% of the height of the facade. The cumulative base footprint area
14	of all vertical elements on a frontage shall equal a minimum of 150 square feet to qualify as a mass
15	reduction strategy. Balconies at vertical elements are allowed if the railings are visually differentiated from
16	the main facade.
17	(iii) Alternative means of satisfying the mass reduction requirement for all
18	Blocks shall be as set forth in the DSG.
19	(F) Step Backs at Upper Floors. Each of the Buildings on Blocks A, B, C, D, E,
20	F, and G shall provide one or more step backs at the top floor. The intent of the step backs is to
21	articulate Building silhouettes and to provide potential locations for roof terraces overlooking the
22	shared open space. The required height reduction along West Street shall not count towards the
23	required step back.
24	(i) Blocks A, C, and E shall provide a one-story contiguous step back
25	equal to 15% of the roof area or one-story non-contiguous step backs equal to 25% of the roof area.

1	The contiguous step backs shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of not less than 20 feet.
2	(ii) Blocks B, D, F, and G shall provide a top floor step back equal to
3	10% of the roof area. These step backs may be located in a single contiguous element or may be
4	comprised of multiple elements provided each step back area has a minimum horizontal dimension of
5	not less than 10 feet in all directions.
6	(G) Setback Requirements; Waiver of Planning Code Sections 132, 133, and
7	134. Rear yard, side yard, or front yard setback requirements shall be set forth in the SUD and DSG in
8	lieu of the provisions of Section 132, 133, and 134.
9	(H) Unit Exposure. For all residential units, the required window (as defined
10	by Section 504 of the San Francisco Housing Code) of at least one room that meets the requirement of
11	Section 503 of the Housing Code shall face directly onto an open area of one of the following types:
12	(i) A public street, public alley, or paseo at least 25 feet in width in
13	Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G, and 20 feet in width in Blocks TH1, TH2, and H.
14	(ii) An open area, an inner court, or a space between separate Buildings
15	on the same Block, which is unobstructed (except for obstructions listed in Planning Code Section 136)
16	and is no less than 25 feet in every horizontal dimension in Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G or 20 feet in
17	every horizontal dimension in Blocks TH1, TH2, and H.
18	(I) Usable Open Space. The usable open space requirement for dwelling units
19	shall be 40 square feet of private or common usable open space per unit. For Group Housing, the
20	minimum usable open space requirements shall be one-third the amount specified in this subsection (I)
21	for a dwelling unit. Required usable open space shall be on the same Block as the unit it serves.
22	Publicly Accessible Open Space, streets, and paseos on Blocks J, K, L, M, N, O, and P shall not count
23	towards the required on-site usable open space.
24	(i) Any space credited as private usable open space shall have a
25	minimum horizontal dimension of five feet and a minimum area of 35 square feet.

1	(ii) Any space credited as common usable open space shall have a
2	minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet and a minimum area of 150 square feet.
3	(iii) Inner courts in which the enclosing Building walls are four stories
4	or more in height shall be large enough to inscribe a rectangular area 30 feet by 40 feet within the
5	enclosing walls.
6	(iv) Outer courts in which enclosing Building walls are four stories or
7	more shall be large enough to inscribe a rectangular area 25 feet by 25 feet within the enclosing walls.
8	(v) Space that is accessible for automobiles shall not count towards
9	usable open space in any Block.
10	(J) Ground Floor Floor-to-Floor Height. The minimum ground floor floor-to-
11	floor height of non-residential uses, lobbies and residential common areas shall be 15 feet in Blocks A,
12	B, C, and D and 12 feet in Blocks E and F. The minimum ground floor floor-to-floor height for
13	residential uses shall be 10 feet, except for townhouse units which shall have no minimum floor-to-floor
14	<u>height.</u>
15	(K) Ground Floor Activation. The ground floor activation standards set forth
16	in Sections 7.10, 7.20, and 7.21 of the DSG shall apply in the SUD.
17	(L) Parking Garages. The standards and guidelines for the location, depth,
18	and exterior frontages of parking garages set forth in Section 7.20 and 7.21 of the DSG shall apply in
19	the SUD. With the exception of space allowed for parking and loading access, Building egress, and
20	Building services, above grade parking on any Block shall be wrapped at all stories with a liner of
21	Active Use not less than 20 feet in depth from all facades facing streets and Publicly Accessible Open
22	<u>Spaces.</u>
23	(M) Signage. One identifying sign shall be permitted for each residential
24	Building, except for townhouse Blocks, where one identifying sign shall be permitted per Block. Sign
25	controls set forth in Section 607.1 for RC Districts shall apply to signs for non-residential uses.

1	(N) Carts and Kiosks. The standards and guidelines for Kiosks and Carts set
2	forth in the DSG shall apply in the SUD.
3	(9) Off-Street Automobile Parking and Loading. The location and design standards
4	for off-street automobile parking shall be governed by the DSG. There is no minimum off-street
5	parking or loading requirement for any use in the SUD, except that there shall be a minimum of 200
6	off-street parking spaces in the SUD, and that Buildings in Blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, and G containing
7	100,000 gross square feet or more of residential space and a parking garage shall provide at least one
8	off-street loading space meeting the dimensional requirements of standard 7.24.2 of the DSG.
9	(A) Maximum Off-Street Parking. The number of off-street parking spaces
10	within this SUD shall not exceed the following:

Table 249.88-2: Maximum Off-Street Parking Spaces per Land Use

Land Use	Off-Street Parking Ratio
<u>Dwelling Units</u>	0.5 space per unit
Group Housing	1 space per three bedrooms
All Non-Residential Uses	1 space per 500 gross square feet of Occupied
	<u>Floor Area</u>
Public Parking	450 spaces

Parking amounts for dwelling units, group housing, and non-residential uses may be greater on any individual Block than otherwise allowed by Table 249.88-2 provided the total number of spaces in the SUD shall not exceed the maximum upon completion of the Project. The maximum number of spaces for the Public Parking Garages shown in Table 249.88-2 shall be reduced if the parking spaces for dwelling units or group housing are allowed to be used as public parking during any part of the day.

The maximum number of spaces for the Public Parking Garages also shall be reduced in the event the Developer enters into an agreement with adjacent property owner(s) to fund or build public parking on

1	the adjacent site to the east of the Project. The Planning Director shall determine whether these
2	conditions are met pursuant to Transportation Exhibit, Exhibit J, of the Development Agreement. Car
3	share parking spaces shall be provided in the amounts set forth in Section 166. The width and location
4	of vehicular openings shall be as set forth in the DSG.
5	(B) Driveway and Loading Operations Plan. The purpose of a Driveway and
6	Loading Operations Plan (DLOP) is to reduce potential conflicts between driveway and loading
7	operations, such as passenger and freight loading activities, and pedestrians, bicycles, and vehicles.
8	The goal of the plan is to maximize utilization of off-street space to accommodate loading demand, and
9	to ensure that off-street loading is considered and attempted, to the extent physically and feasibly
10	possible, in the design of new Buildings. The Developer shall prepare a DLOP in accordance with the
11	Planning Code, Planning Department guidelines, and any standard environmental conditions.
12	(10) Bicycle Parking. Bicycle parking shall be provided as required by the Planning
13	<u>Code.</u>
14	(11) Waiver of Planning Code Section 138.1. The streetscape design set forth in the
15	Master Infrastructure Plan and DSG sets forth the standards for pedestrian and streetscape
16	improvements in the SUD.
17	(12) Waiver of Planning Code Section 169. The transportation demand management
18	provisions included in the Development Agreement shall govern in the SUD in lieu of the provisions of
19	Section 169.
20	(13) Compliance with Article 4 of the Planning Code.
21	(A) Inclusionary Housing Requirements. The provisions of Sections 415 et
22	seq. shall not apply, except as otherwise stipulated in the Development Agreement.
23	(B) Other Impact Fees. For so long as the Development Agreement remains in
24	effect, the Developer impact fees payable for any Building Project will be determined in accordance
25	with the Development Agreement.

1	(14) Relationship to State or Local Density Bonus Programs. In exchange for the
2	benefits expressed in the Development Agreement and this Section 249.88, and as set forth in the
3	Development Agreement, any Building Projects within the SUD shall not be eligible for additional
4	density or modifications to development standards allowed in any State or local law allowing
5	additional density or modifications to development in exchange for on-site affordable housing,
6	including but not limited to the State Density Bonus Law (California Government Code Sections 65915
7	et seq.), the Affordable Housing Bonus Program (Planning Code Sections 206 et seq.), and Planning
8	Code Sections 207 et seq.
9	(15) Modifications to Building Standards and Use Requirements.
10	(A) No Modifications or Variances. No variances, exceptions, modifications, or
11	other deviations from the requirements and standards of the Planning Code, including the SUD, and of
12	the DSG are permitted except through the procedures for granting of Minor and Major Modifications
13	established in the SUD. No modifications or variances are permitted for maximum Building height or
14	maximum automobile parking spaces.
15	(B) Modification of Other Building Standards and Use Requirements. A
16	dimensional or numerical standard may be modified only as provided in subsection (i), on a project-by-
17	project basis. In order to grant a Minor or Major Modification, the Planning Director or Commission
18	must find that the proposed Minor or Major Modification achieves equal or superior design quality and
19	public benefit as strict compliance with the applicable standard and meets the intent of the SUD and
20	the DSG.
21	(C) Minor Modifications. The Planning Director may approve a Minor
22	Modification administratively in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (i).
23	(D) Major Modifications. The Planning Commission may approve an
24	application for a Major Modification in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (i).
25	

1	(h) Project Review and Approval. In lieu of the procedures set forth in Planning Code Article
2	3, the following project review and approval procedures shall apply in the SUD.
3	(1) Purpose. The design review process for this SUD is intended to ensure that new
4	Building Projects are designed to complement the aesthetic quality of the development, exhibit high
5	quality architectural design, and promote the purpose of this SUD.
6	(2) Development Phase Application. Consistent with the Development Agreement, the
7	Developer shall submit a Development Phase Application to the Planning Director for approval, and
8	no development may be approved within a Development Phase until after the Planning Director issues
9	a Development Phase Application approval. The Development Phase Application process, as set forth
10	in the Development Agreement, is to ensure that all Publicly Accessible Open Space and Building
11	Projects within a development phase are consistent with the Development Agreement and the SUD.
12	Planning shall review Development Phase Applications within 30 days of receipt in order to determine
13	completeness. If the Planning Director fails to respond within such 30-day period, the Development
14	Phase Application will be deemed complete. The Planning Director shall act on a Development Phase
15	Application within 60 days after submittal of a complete Development Phase Application. Changes
16	proposed by the Planning Department will be reasonably considered by Developer, and changes
17	proposed by Developer will be reasonably considered by the Planning Department. If there are no
18	objections, or upon resolution of any differences, the Planning Director shall approve the Development
19	Phase Application with such revisions, comments, or requirements as may be permitted in accordance
20	with the terms of the Development Agreement and the phasing plan.
21	(3) Concurrent Submittal of Development Phase Application and Design Review
22	Application. Applications for design review may be submitted concurrently with or subsequent to a
23	Development Phase Application. When submitted concurrently, the time limits for the Planning
24	Department review of completeness and design review described in subsection (i) shall not commence
25	until after the Planning Director has issued a Development Phase Application approval. The Planning

2	Development Phase Application approval. To ensure that Building Projects and Privately-Owned
3	Community Improvements meet the requirements of the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88,
4	and the DSG, Developer shall submit a Design Phase Application and receive approval from the
5	Planning Director, or, if required, the Planning Commission before obtaining any permits for the
6	applicable construction. Standards and limitations on design review approval are set forth in
7	subsection (i) below. Nothing in this Section 249.88 limits the Charter authority of any City
8	department or commission or the rights of City agencies to review and approve proposed infrastructure
9	as set forth in the Development Agreement.
10	(i) Design Review Applications and Process.
11	(1) Applications. Each design review application shall include the documents and
12	other materials necessary to determine consistency with the Planning Code, this Section 249.88, and
13	the DSG, including site plans, floor plans, sections, elevations, renderings, landscape plans, a DLOP,
14	and exterior material samples to illustrate the overall concept design of the proposed Buildings.
15	Design review applications also should contain information on dwelling unit count and type, parking,
16	and other building characteristics typical of Planning Department development applications. If
17	Developer requests a Major or Minor Modification, the application shall describe proposed changes in
18	reasonable detail, and to the satisfaction of the Planning Director, including narrative and supporting
19	images, if appropriate, and a statement of the purpose or benefits of the proposed Minor or Major
20	Modification(s). As part of design review application process, the Planning Director shall consult with
21	the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency regarding the Developer's DLOP.
22	(2) Completeness. Planning Department staff shall review the application for
23	completeness and advise the Developer in writing of any deficiencies within 30 days of the date of the
24	application or, if applicable, within 15 days after receipt of any supplemental information requested
25	pursuant to this section.

Department shall approve only those applications for individual Buildings that are consistent with a

1	(3) Design Review of Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements.
2	(A) Building Pre-Application Meeting. Prior to submittal of a design review
3	application for a Building, the Developer shall conduct a minimum of one pre-application public
4	meeting. The meeting shall be conducted at, or within a one-mile radius of, the Project Site, but
5	otherwise subject to the Planning Department's pre-application meeting procedures, including but not
6	limited to the submittal of required meeting documentation. A Planning Department representative
7	shall be invited to such meeting.
8	(B) Publicly Accessible Open Space Outreach. Prior to submittal of a design
9	review application for a Publicly Accessible Open Space, the Developer shall conduct a minimum of
10	one pre-application public meeting on design of the Publicly Accessible Open Space. The Developer
11	shall conduct a minimum of one additional public meeting prior to any approval action on the
12	application. Additional meetings may be required at the discretion of the Planning Director. The
13	meetings shall be conducted at, or within a one-mile radius of, the Project Site, and the pre-application
14	meeting shall be subject to the Planning Department's pre-application meeting procedures, including
15	but not limited to, the submittal of required meeting documentation. Developer shall invite a Planning
16	Department representative to such meetings.
17	(C) Design Review Process. Following submittal of the design review
18	application, upon a determination of completeness, Planning Department staff shall conduct design
19	review and prepare a staff report determining compliance with this Section 249.88, the Planning Code,
20	and the DSG, including a recommendation regarding any Minor or Major Modifications sought. The
21	Planning Department staff shall deliver the report to the Developer and any third parties requesting
22	notice in writing, shall be kept on file, and shall be posted on the Department's website for public
23	review within 60 days of the determination of completeness. If Planning Department staff determines
24	that the design is not compliant with this Section 249.88, the Planning Code, or the DSG, the Developer
25	may resubmit the application, in which case the requirements of this subsection (i) for determination of

1	completeness, staff review, and determination of compliance, and delivery, filing, and posting of the
2	staff report, shall apply anew.
3	(4) Approvals and Public Hearings for Buildings and Privately-Owned Community
4	Improvements.
5	(A) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking No
6	Modifications. Within 10 days after the delivery and posting of the staff report on the design review
7	application, the Planning Director shall approve or disapprove the design based on its compliance with
8	the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88, the DSG, and the General Plan. If the design review
9	application is consistent with the numeric standards set forth in this Section 249.88 and the DSG, the
10	Planning Director's discretion to approve or disapprove the design review application shall be limited
11	to the Developer's consistency with the non-numeric and non-dimensional elements of the DSG and
12	the General Plan.
13	(B) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking Minor
14	Modifications. Within 10 days after the delivery and posting of the staff report on the design review
15	application including a Minor Modification, the Planning Director, shall approve or disapprove any
16	Minor Modification based on its compliance with the Planning Code, including this Section 249.88, the
17	DSG, and the General Plan. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 249.88, the Planning
18	Director, at his or her discretion, may refer any application that proposes a Minor Modification to the
19	Planning Commission if the Planning Director determines that the proposed Minor Modification does
20	not meet the intent of the DSG or the SUD.
21	(C) Buildings and Privately-Owned Community Improvements Seeking Minor
22	or Major Modifications. If the design review application seeks one or more Major Modifications, or if
23	the Planning Director refers a design review application that proposed a Minor Modification to the
24	Planning Commission, the Planning Commission shall calendar the item for a public hearing, subject
25	to any required noticing. For purposes of this subsection (C), Minor Modifications and Major

1	Modifications shall be collectively referred to as Major Modifications. The Planning Commission's
2	review shall be limited to the proposed Major Modification. The Planning Commission shall consider
3	all comments from the public and the recommendations of the staff report and the Planning Director in
4	making a decision to approve or disapprove the granting of any Major Modifications.
5	(D) Notice of Hearings. In addition to complying with the notice requirements
6	of the Brown Act and the Sunshine Ordinance, notice of Planning Commission hearings shall be
7	provided as follows:
8	(i) by mail not less than 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, to the
9	Developer, to residents within 300 feet of the exterior boundaries of the property that is the subject of
10	the application, using for this purpose the names and addresses as shown on the citywide assessment
11	roll in the Office of the Tax Collector, and to any person who has requested such notice; and
12	(ii) by posting on the subject property not less than 10 days prior to the
13	date of the hearing.
14	(j) Building Permits. Each building permit application submitted to the Department of
15	Building Inspection for Buildings shall be forwarded to the Planning Department for review of the
16	application's consistency with the authorizations granted pursuant to this Section 249.88.
17	(k) Discretionary Review. The Planning Department shall not accept, and the Planning
18	Commission shall not hear, requests for discretionary review for projects subject to this Section 249.88
19	(1) Change of Use. The Planning Department shall review each building permit application
20	that the Developer submits to the Department of Building Inspection for vertical improvements for
21	consistency with the authorizations granted pursuant to this Section 249.88. The Department of
22	Building Inspection shall not issue a permit for any Vertical Improvement or for occupancy that would
23	authorize a new use unless the Planning Department determines such permit is consistent with the
24	Building Standards set forth in the DSG.
25	

1	Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 263.35, to read
2	as follows:
3	SEC. 263.35. BALBOA RESERVOIR SPECIAL USE DISTRICT AND THE 48/78-X
4	HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICTS.
5	In the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and the 48-X and 78-X Height and Bulk Districts,
6	heights are more specifically prescribed for each Block, as defined in Section 249.88, pursuant to
7	<i>Figure 249.88-2</i>
8	
9	Section 4. The Planning Code is hereby amended in accordance with Planning Code
10	Section 106 by revising Sectional Map ZN12, Height Map HT12, and Special Use District Map
11	SU12 of the Zoning Map, as follows:

(a) To change the Zoning Map ZN12 as follows:

Assessor's Parcels (Block/Lot	Current Zoning to	Proposed Zoning to
Numbers)	be Superseded	be Approved
3180/190, except for the 80-foot wide	Р	BR-MU
strip along the southern boundary		
containing SFPUC pipelines		

(b) To change the Height and Bulk Map HT12 as follows:

Assessor's Parcels	Height and Bulk	New Height and Bulk
(Block/Lot Numbers)	Districts	Districts
	Superseded	
3180/190, except for the 80-	40-X and 65-A	48-X for Blocks TH1,
foot wide strip along the southern		TH2, and H; 78-X for
boundary containing SFPUC		the remainder of the
pipelines		site

Reset
 Reset

(c) To change the Special Use District Map SU12 by creating the new Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and assigning the following Parcels to be within the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District:

Assessor's Parcels (Block/Lot Numbers)	Special Use District
3180/190, except for the 80-foot wide strip along the	Balboa Reservoir
southern boundary containing SFPUC pipelines	Special Use District

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Section 5. The Planning Code is hereby amended to revise Section 201 as follows:

To add the Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District, after the "Potrero Power Station Mixed Use District", as follows:

Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District		
(Also See Section 249.88 $(g)(1)$)		
<u>BR-MU</u>	Balboa Reservoir Mixed Use District	
	(Defined in Section 249.88(g)(1)	

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Section 6. The Figures presented in this ordinance (Figures 249.88-1 through 249.88-3) have been placed in the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors File No. _______, and are incorporated herein by reference.

19

20

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Section 7. Effective Date and Operative Date.

21 (a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs 22 when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not 23 sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the

Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

25 ///

1	(b) This ordinance shall become operative only on (and no rights or duties are affected
2	until) the later of (1) its effective date, as stated in subsection (a) above, or (2) the effective
3	date of the ordinance approving the Development Agreement for the Project. A copy of said
4	ordinance is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No
5	
6	Section 8. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
7	intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
8	numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
9	Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
10	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
11	the official title of the ordinance.
12	
13	
14	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
15	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
16	By: /s/ JOHN D. MALAMUT
17	JOHN D. MALAMUT Deputy City Attorney
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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

May 6, 2020

Planning Commission Attn: Jonas Ionin 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Commissioners:

On April 28, 2020, Supervisor Yee introduced the following legislation:

File No. 200422

Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

File No. 200423

Ordinance approving a Development Agreement between the City and County of San Francisco and Reservoir Community Partners, LLC, for the Balboa Reservoir Project (at the approximately 17.6-acre site located generally north of the Ocean Avenue commercial district, west of the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus, east of the Westwood Park neighborhood, and south of Archbishop Riordan High School), with various public benefits, including 50% affordable housing and approximately four acres of publicly accessible parks and open space; making findings under the California Environmental Quality Act, findings of conformity with the General Plan, and with the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1(b), and findings of public convenience, necessity, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302; approving development impact fees and waiving any conflicting provisions in Planning Code, Article 4, or Administrative Code, Article 10; confirming compliance with or waiving certain provisions of Administrative Code, Section 6.22, and Chapters 14B, 23, 41B, 56, 82, and 83, Planning Code, Sections 169, 138.1, 414A, 415, and 422, Public Works Code, Section 806(d), Subdivision Code, Section 1348, and Health Code, Section 12B; and ratifying certain actions taken in connection therewith, as defined herein

Board of Supervisors Land Use and Transportation Committee Referral for Planning Commission Page 2

The proposed ordinance is being transmitted pursuant to Planning Code, Section 302(b), for public hearing and recommendation. The ordinance is pending before the Land Use and Transportation Committee and will be scheduled for hearing upon receipt of your response.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

c: Rich Hillis, Director
Scott Sanchez, Zoning Administrator
Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer
AnMarie Rodgers, Legislative Affairs
Devyani Jain, Deputy Environmental Review Officer
Adam Varat, Acting Director of Citywide Planning
Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
Andrea Ruiz-Esquide, Deputy City Attorney
Joy Navarrete, Major Environmental Analysis

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May 6, 2020

File Nos. 200422 200423

Lisa Gibson Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On April 28, 2020, Supervisor Yee submitted the following legislation:

File No. 200422

Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

File No. 200423

Ordinance approving a Development Agreement between the City and County of San Francisco and Reservoir Community Partners, LLC, for the Balboa Reservoir Project (at the approximately 17.6-acre site located generally north of the Ocean Avenue commercial district, west of the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus, east of the Westwood Park neighborhood, and south of Archbishop Riordan High School), with various public benefits, including 50% affordable housing and approximately four acres of publicly accessible parks and open space; making findings under the California Environmental Quality Act, findings of conformity with the General Plan, and with the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1(b), and findings of public convenience, necessity, and welfare under

Board of Supervisors Land Use and Transportation Referral for CEQA Page 2

Planning Code, Section 302; approving development impact fees and waiving any conflicting provisions in Planning Code, Article 4, or Administrative Code, Article 10; confirming compliance with or waiving certain provisions of Administrative Code, Section 6.22, and Chapters 14B, 23, 41B, 56, 82, and 83, Planning Code, Sections 169, 138.1, 414A, 415, and 422, Public Works Code, Section 806(d), Subdivision Code, Section 1348, and Health Code, Section 12B; and ratifying certain actions taken in connection therewith, as defined herein.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

Jui fign Major

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Don Lewis, Environmental Planning

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July 10, 2020

Planning Commission Attn: Jonas Ionin 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Commissioners:

On July 7, 2020, Supervisor Yee introduced the following legislation:

File No. 200422-2

Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

The proposed ordinance is being transmitted pursuant to Planning Code, Section 302(b), for public hearing and recommendation. The ordinance is pending before the Land Use and Transportation Committee and will be scheduled for hearing upon receipt of your response.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

c: Rich Hillis, Director
Scott Sanchez, Zoning Administrator
Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer
AnMarie Rodgers, Legislative Affairs
Devyani Jain, Deputy Environmental Review Officer
Adam Varat, Acting Director of Citywide Planning
Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
Andrea Ruiz-Esquide, Deputy City Attorney
Joy Navarrete, Major Environmental Analysis

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TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

July 10, 2020

File No. 200422-2

Lisa Gibson Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On July 7, 2020, Supervisor Yee submitted the following substitute legislation:

File No. 200422-2

Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This substitute legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Don Lewis, Environmental Planning From: Board of Supervisors, (BOS)

To: <u>BOS-Supervisors</u>
Cc: <u>Major, Erica (BOS)</u>

Subject: FW: Support for Balboa Reservoir Special Use District (200422)

Date: Thursday, May 14, 2020 8:33:37 AM

From: Avinash Kar <avinashkar2@yahoo.com> Sent: Wednesday, May 13, 2020 6:42 PM

To: Board of Supervisors, (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>

Subject: Support for Balboa Reservoir Special Use District

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I write to express support for the planned development on what is currently the parking lot adjacent to City College. The plan to build significant affordable and market rate housing is a step in the right direction to make the city more affordable and to have private developers cover a significant part of the cost. I live within a mile of the location and am fully supportive of the proposal--I think it will add commercial activity, energy, and vitality to the area--and am glad that Supervisor Yee is representing that perspective for our supervisory district.

With my thanks, Avinash Kar 141 Dorado Terrace San Francisco, CA 94112 From: aj

To: <u>Major, Erica (BOS)</u>

Cc: Peskin, Aaron (BOS); Preston, Dean (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS); Public Lands for Public Good

Subject: For file # 200422 & 200423 Fw: 4/28/2020 Legislation Introduced: Balboa Reservoir Project SUD and

Development Agreement

Date: Monday, May 18, 2020 8:07:33 PM

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Hi Erica,

Did you get this 4/28/2020 submission for Land Use & Transportation Committee? It was written before the SUD and DA legislation had been officially introduced.

Thanks for taking care of it.

Best, Alvin

----- Forwarded Message ----- From: aj <ajahjah@att.net>

To: Board of Supervisors <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>; brent.jalipa@sfgov.org

<bre><bre>c-brent.jalipa@sfgov.org>; jocelyn.wong@sfgov.orgjocelyn.wong@sfgov.org>; lisa.lew@sfgov.org

lisa.lew@sfgov.org>

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good <publiclandsforpublicgood@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2020, 03:05:24 PM PDT

Subject: 4/28/2020 Legislation Introduced: Balboa Reservoir Project SUD and Development Agreement

BOS:

Several years ago, SFCTA had authorized Prop K monies for a Balboa Area TDM Study.

Out of that authorization, Nelson /Nygaard produced a Balboa Area TDM Framework.

Essentially, the TDM Framework is being promoted as providing measures that would effectively mitigate harms to the existing setting of City College and neighborhoods that would be generated by the Reservoir Project

However, the TDM measures are fundamentally aspirational without any enforceable means to prevent new Reservoir residents - - especially the well-heeled occupants of the 550 market-rate units-- from using, or owning cars.

Ultimately, despite the TDM measures, car use by the new residents will cause delays to MUNI service. The limited roadway network that surrounds the Reservoir parcel makes any effective practical improvements by SFMTA negligible.

Existing MUNI service in the Reservoir Project area is far from achieving the Charter-mandated 85% reliability performance.

The Reservoir Project will inevitably make MUNI service worse.

On 4/28/2020, legislation will be introduced to create a Special Use District that will replace the current P-Public zoning.

Despite the deceptive marketing of the Reservoir Project as 50% affordable, Reservoir Community Partners' breakdown will actually be 550 market-rate units, and only 363 affordable.

RCP cannot legitimately claim credit for the 187 "additional affordable" units that will come from public monies.

Don't facilitate stealth privatization of public lands with SUD.

Instead of the SUD, keep the Reservoir parcel #3180's zoned as Public...... Existing P zoning which already allows for 100% affordable housing.

There is no need to rezone to SUD, other than to facilitate privatization of public property.

Alvin Ja, District 7

From: a

To: CPC-Commissions Secretary; Koppel, Joel (CPC); Moore, Kathrin (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Fung, Frank

(CPC); Diamond, Susan (CPC); Imperial, Theresa (CPC); Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Hood,

Donna (PUC)

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; ccsfheat@gmail.com; CCSF Collective; Joshua Sabatini; JK Dineen; Roland Li; Tim

Redmonds; Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez

Subject: Balboa Reservoir Final SEIR: Not objective, not accurate

Date: Tuesday, May 26, 2020 4:22:42 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Planning Commission, Land Use & Transportation Committee, BOS, PUC:

Certification requires that the EIR be "adequate, accurate, and objective."

The Final Supplemental EIR fails the requirements of being accurate, and objective.

The two volumes of the Final Supplemental EIR look impressive if judged by heft and size. However, heft and size do not equate to being accurate and objective. Quantity does not equal quality.

NOT OBJECTIVE

The Reservoir Project is sponsored by the Planning Department. Environmental Review has been performed by the Environmental Planning Division of the same Planning Department sponsor. Will the dog bite the hand that feeds it?

The EIR is not objective. The conclusions of the EIR are driven by the desired outcome of facilitating the sponsor's (Planning Dept) Project. Just as for the Iraq War, the "facts" are fixed around the policy. (See below for details)

The Response To Comments consisted entirely of figuring out ways to dismiss unfavorable comments. Comments were not evaluated on their merits, but on how to dismiss them. The AB900 records show that no independent evaluation of comments were done. The Environmental Planning Division worked closely with the OEWD and Avalon Bay to craft appropriately favorable Responses.

NOT ACCURATE

Driven by "facts" being needed to be fixed around the policy, "facts" are not accurate. Examples:

- No significant impact on City College
- Cherry-picking of 220 public parking spaces from the City College TDM Study
- Project will not contribute significantly to Transit Delay

- Cumulative Transit Delay will be significant only after City College's Facilities Master Plan (which is a replacement program)
- CEQA Findings estimates the 17.6 acre parcel's value at \$11.2 million; while a comp shows a 0.3 acre parcel at 16th/Shotwell to be \$10 million.
 On a per-acre basis, the Reservoir is a minuscule 1.9% of the 16th Street parcel's value. How accurate could that be?!

- The EIR concludes that there is no significant impact on City College. How plausible is that?!
- The EIR concludes that there is no significant Transit Delay due to the new Project. It concludes that Cumulative Transit Delay will happen only due to City College's future Facilities Master Plan, which consists of replacement projects. What the EIR does is reverse cause and effect.
- The EIR uses tautological/circular argument in responding to comments on the draft EIR. The method used is:
 - EIR--"A";
 - Comment--not "A" due to xyz;
 - Response To Comment--reiterate "A", without addressing xyz.
- The Final EIR has replaced unfavorable data regarding Transit Delay (see TR-4 Transit Delay critique, below)

TRANSIT DELAY

SUPPLEMENTAL EIR CONTRADICTS PROGRAM EIR'S FINDING OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSIT DELAY

- The SEIR concludes that there will less-than-significant impact on transit delay (Impact TR-4) from the Reservoir Project. This directly contradicts the Program EIR's conclusion:
 - "...ingress...from Lee Avenue [westbound right turn-only ingress to Lee Extension] would result in significant adverse transportation impacts. As a consequence, Access Option #1 is rejected from further consideration as part of the Area Plan. (FEIR, p.191)

4-MINUTE THRESHOLD OF SIGNIFICANCE FOR TRANSIT DELAY IS AN UNSUPPORTED ASSERTION, LACKING SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE

- The Final SEIR uses a quantitative threshold of significance of 4-minute Reservoir-related Transit Delay. In other words, Transit Delay is considered insignificant unless the Project contributes 4 minutes of delay to a MUNI line. In the real world of MUNI passengers and operators, a 4-minute delay in a short stretch near the Reservoir is extremely significant.
- The establishment of a quantitative threshold of significance is required to be based on "substantial evidence." The Final SEIR

claims that substantial evidence for the 4-minute threshold of significance is contained in Planning Dept's "Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines." Contrary to the claim of "substantial evidence", the 4-minute significance criterion contained in the TIA Guidelines is only an assertion, without any evidence whatsoever. The "substantial evidence" for the 4-minute delay significance criterion consists of this one sentence: "For individual Muni routes, if the project would result in transit delay greater than or equal to four minutes, then it might result in a significant impact." This one sentence constitutes the entirety of the claimed "substantial evidence" in the TIA Guidelines. This one sentence appears in the body of the TIA Guidelines and in the Appendix I "Public Transit Memorandum." However, repetition of a one-sentence assertion does not constitute "substantial evidence."

The 4-minutes late significance threshold only serves as a "Get Out of Jail Free card" for the Project's real-world significant contribution to Transit Delay.

REMOVAL OF UNFAVORABLE DATA IN FINAL SEIR

- The draft SEIR contained Transit Delay data that was found to be unfavorable to the Project.
 - Kittelson Associates (EIR Transportation Analysis contractor) data from Table 3.B-18 "Transit Delay Analysis" was computed to show Reservoir-related delay of 1 minute 55 seconds for a 7-minute running time route segment--a 27.4% increase over the scheduled 7-minute running time between two 43 Masonic scheduled timepoints. Table 3.B-18 was replaced in the Final SEIR to eliminate the unfavorable Reservoir-related Transit Delay.
 - The draft SEIR assessed Transit Delay for Geneva Avenue between City College Terminal and Balboa Park Station. This segment is travelled by the 8 Bayshore and the 43 Masonic. The data for this segment has been eliminated and Table 3.B-8 has been replaced. The new Table 3.B-8 eliminates the 8 Bayshore from assessment entirely, disappeared! Once again, unfavorable data has been eliminated from the Final SEIR.

INADEQUATE MITIGATION MEASURES

- The Final SEIR contains three new Transit Delay Mitigation Measures: 1) Signal timing modifications at Ocean/Brighton, 2)
 Signal timing modifications at Ocean/Lee, 3) Boarding island for southbound 43 at Frida Kahlo/Ocean.
 - These mitigation measures are "finger in the dyke" measures that are incommensurate with the root problem. The fundamental unsolvable problem is the limited roadway network surrounding the landlocked Project. That is why the Balboa Park Area Final Program EIR had determined that a

Lee Extension ingress "would result in significant adverse transportation impacts. As a consequence, Access Option #1 is rejected from further consideration as part of the Area Plan."

The Final SEIR is not objective; it is not accurate.

The Final SEIR should not be judged on quantity. It must be judged on quality.

If based on quality, it does not deserve certification.

Please think independently and critically. Don't just be a rubber stamp to Staff.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja

0

From:

Cc:

To: CPC-Commissions Secretary; Koppel, Joel (CPC); Moore, Kathrin (CPC); Imperial, Theresa (CPC); Fung, Frank

(CPC); Diamond, Susan (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Major, Erica (BOS); Board of

Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS); Hood, Donna (PUC); Jon Winston;

sunnyside.balboa.reservoir; cgodinez; mikeahrens5; Peter Tham; jumpstreet1983; marktang.cac@gmail.com

Public Lands for Public Good; ccsfheat@gmail.com

Subject: Sale price of PUC Reservoir--a scandal Date: Monday, May 25, 2020 2:49:56 PM

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Planning Commission, Land Use Committee (File 200422 & 200423), BOS, PUC:

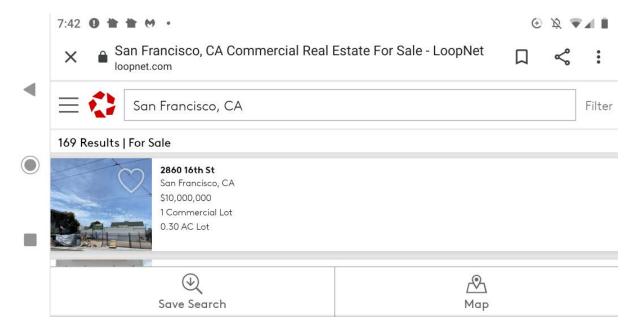
A hidden treasure for the developers is contained in Attachment A, "CEQA Findings" https://commissions.sfplanning.org/cpcpackets/2018-007883GPAPCAMAPDVA.pdf

The hidden treasure is the estimated price of the PUC Reservoir parcel 3180-190.

From page 21 of Attachment A (p. 1231 of the 2,256-page PDF):

"The expected land cost is estimated at approximately \$11.2 million."

In comparison a **0.3 acre** lot at 16th/Shotwell is selling for **\$10 million**....while the 17.6 acre PUC parcel is \$11.2 million?!



The lot on 24th Street comes to \$33.33 million/acre; the Reservoir lot = a mere \$0.64 million/acre.

The PUC lot's estimated price computes to only **1.9% of the 24th Street** lot on a per acre basis!

Can you say Privatization Scam?!

Alvin Ja, District 7

From:

To:

CPC-Commissions Secretary; Koppel, Joel (CPC); Moore, Kathrin (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Fung, Frank (CPC); Imperial, Theresa (CPC); Diamond, Susan (CPC); Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Hood,

Donna (PUC); BRCAC (ECN)

Subject: Balboa Reservoir--False Advertising Date: Sunday, May 24, 2020 7:49:49 PM

FALSE ADVERTISING BAIT & SWITCH (2).pdf Attachments:

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Planning Commission, Land Use Committee (Files 200422 & 200423), BOS, PUC, **BRCAC**:

Attached is a City College stakeholder presentation.

BALBOA RESERVOIR PROJECT: FALSE ADVERTISING BAIT & SWITCH

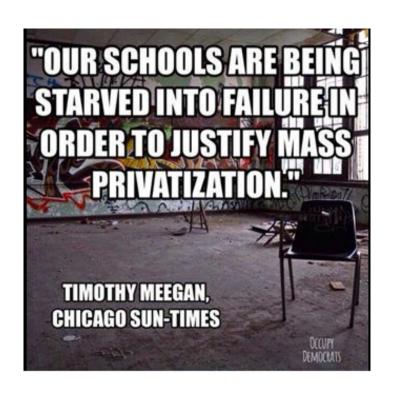
Achieving Buy-In:

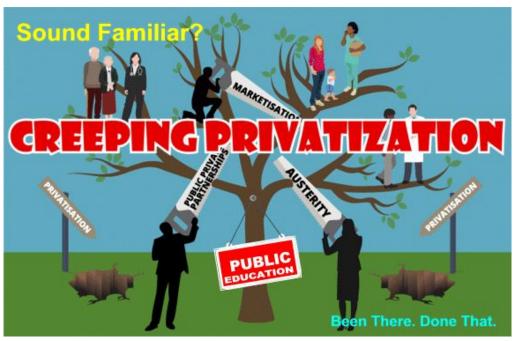
"Affordable Housing"

Affordable "In Perpetuity"

ACHIEVING BUY-IN:

For a PRIVATIZATION SCAM





50% AFFORDABLE!!

The sales pitch:
550 market-rate
units will subsidize
550 affordable
units.



The U.S. has a shortage of more than **7.2 MILLION** rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income renter households.





REALITY IS TURNED ON ITS HEAD

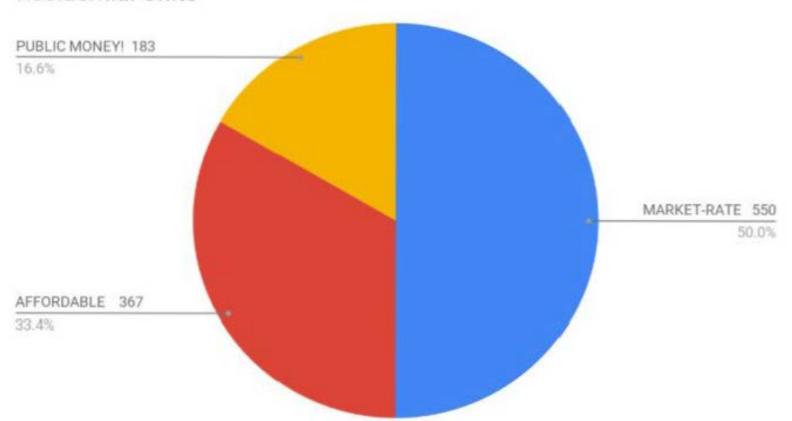
The reality is that public land (probably to be sold for cheap!) will be subsidizing 550 market-rate units.

"Affordable housing" is a marketing ploy to facilitate privatization.



THE REALITY

Residential Units



OTHER PEOPLE'S (OUR!) MONEY



From the Development Agreement:

"Project's ability to achieve an overall affordability level of 50% is predicated on **Developer's receipt** of City's Affordable Funding Share."

AFFORDABLE "IN PERPETUITY"

The LIE from Principles & Parameters:

Principle #1:

Build new housing for people at a range of income levels.



Parameters: a. Make at least 50% of total housing units **permanently affordable in perpetuity** to low (up to 55% of Area Median Income (AMI)), moderate (up to 120% of AMI), and middle-income (up to 150% AMI) households, provided that this can be achieved while also ensuring project feasibility and providing the economic return to SFPUC ratepayers that is required by law...

1. Make at least 33% of total housing units **permanently affordable in perpetuity** to low or moderate-income households, consistent with Proposition K (2014).

Development Agreement: Affordable for 57 years

57 # **6**

The TRUTH from Development Agreement:

"Affordability Restrictions. (a) Each Affordable Parcel will be subject to a recorded regulatory agreement approved by MOHCD to maintain affordability levels for the life of the Project or fifty-seven (57) years, whichever is longer, ..."

WHY A HOUSING SHORTAGE?

Is it because of:

- Excessive bureaucracy and regulations?
- NIMBY resistance?
- Insufficient supply relative to demand?



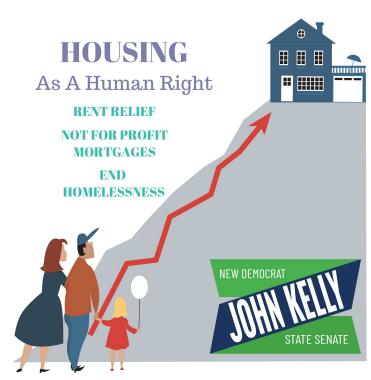
MAIN REASON FOR HOUSING SHORTAGE

Housing has a:

- USE VALUE for people as shelter;
- VALUE AS A COMMODITY for trading

HOUSING CONSTRUCTION IS CAPITAL INTENSIVE

- Investment goes to where there is high Rate-of-Return on Investment
 - There is little or no profit in affordable housing



NOT SIMPLY SUPPLY & DEMAND

YIMBY'S SAY: JUST BUILD MORE HOUSING!

This is simple-minded trickle-down economics.

What's important is what they call "financial feasibility."

Affordable housing is not financially feasible. Affordable housing will not attract investment, simply because it is not profitable enough.

The "Build! Build!" Argument:

Increase the supply of luxury housing. Affordable housing will trickle down.

Have you noticed affordable housing trickling down in the Mission?

Or SOMA?

Building more luxury housing

just creates more luxury housing!

And drives up prices in surrounding neighborhoods.



PRIVATIZATION: "PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP"

The Reservoir Project is an example of trickle-down economics.

Advantage accrues to the 1%, while crumbs (affordable units) fall to a mere handful of the multitudes of common people in need of basic shelter.

No matter how much profitable market-rate housing is built, the crumbs will be unable to satisfy the housing needs of the populace.

CRUMBS ARE NOT ENOUGH!



From: aj

Cc:

To: CPC-Commissions Secretary; Koppel, Joel (CPC); Moore, Kathrin (CPC); Imperial, Theresa (CPC); Diamond,

Susan (CPC); Fung, Frank (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Major, Erica (BOS); Clerk of the Board Alberto Quintanilla; MTABoard; Boomer, Roberta (MTA); BRCAC (ECN); Jon Winston; sunnyside.balboa.reservoir;

jumpstreet1983; cgodinez; Peter Tham; marktang.cac@gmail.com; rmuehlbauer; mikeahrens5

Robert Feinbaum; Cat Carter; DPH - thea; SNA BRC

Subject: Balboa Reservoir Final EIR: Significance Threshold for Transit Delay

Date: Sunday, May 24, 2020 12:48:18 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Planning Commission, Land Use & Transportation Committee (File 200422, 200423), SFCTA, SFMTA, BRCAC:

Planning Dept Staff contends that its 4-minute Threshold of Significance for Transit Delay is supported by substantial evidence. This contention is false.

The claimed "substantial evidence" consists of a one-sentence assertion in the Planning Department's "Transportation Assessment Guideline" and in its Appendix I "Public Transit Memorandum." That one-sentence "substantial evidence", in its entirety, consists of:

"For individual Muni routes, if the project would result in transit delay greater than or equal to four minutes, then it might result in a significant impact."

4-MINUTE THRESHOLD OF SIGNIFICANCE FOR TRANSIT DELAY IS AN UNSUPPORTED ASSERTION, LACKING SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE

- The Final SEIR uses a quantitative threshold of significance of 4-minute Reservoir-related Transit Delay. In other words, Transit Delay is considered insignificant unless the Project contributes 4 minutes of delay to a MUNI line. In the real world of MUNI passengers and operators, a 4-minute delay in a short stretch near the Reservoir is extremely significant.
- The establishment of a quantitative threshold of significance is required to be based on "substantial evidence." The Final SEIR claims that substantial evidence for the 4-minute threshold of significance is contained in Planning Dept's "Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines." Contrary to the claim of "substantial evidence", the 4-minute significance criterion contained in the TIA Guidelines is only an assertion, without any evidence whatsoever. The "substantial evidence" for the 4-minute delay significance criterion consists of this one sentence: "For individual Muni routes, if the project would result in transit delay greater than or equal to four minutes, then it might result in a significant impact." This one sentence constitutes the entirety of the claimed "substantial evidence" in the TIA Guidelines. This one sentence appears in the body of the TIA Guidelines and, again, in the Appendix I "Public Transit Memorandum." However, repetition of a onesentence assertion does not constitute "substantial evidence."
- Planning Staff repeatedly cites the City Charter Section 8A.103 (c)1 as justification for the Project's 4-minute threshold of significance. 8A.103

- (c)1 sets a lateness standard for MUNI at scheduled timepoints. The MUNI on-time performance criterion was not meant to allow the Reservoir Project to add an additional 4-minute delay on top of the pre-existing MUNI lateness standard. Isn't this simple common sense that a project that adds an additional 4-minute delay over and above pre-existing MUNI delay would be significant?!
- The 4-minutes late significance threshold only serves as a "Get Out of Jail Free card" for the Project's real-world significant contribution to Transit Delay.

submitted by: Alvin Ja, District 7 From: Public Lands for Public Good

To:

Board of Supervisors, (BOS); CPC-Commissions Secretary; Koppel, Joel (CPC); Moore, Kathrin (CPC); Johnson, Milicent (CPC); Imperial, Theresa (CPC); Fung, Frank (CPC); Diamond, Susan (CPC); Hood, Donna (PUC); Major,

Erica (BOS)

Cc: ajahjah@att.net

Subject: please be sure to complete the public record Wednesday, May 20, 2020 5:07:15 PM Date:

BalboaReservoir-SF PlanningCommission 2020-04-09-FINAL.pptx Attachments:

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted

Please be sure to put the attached presentation that I gave at the 4/9/2020 Planning Commission meeting into the public record.

Thank you.

Wynd Kaufmyn



SF Planning Commission Thursday April 9, 2020 Presentation:

Opposition to Agenda Item 16b: Initiation General Plan Amendment (GPA)



What is the purpose of Initiation GPA?

In the world of urban planning developments are guided by high level plans/policy.

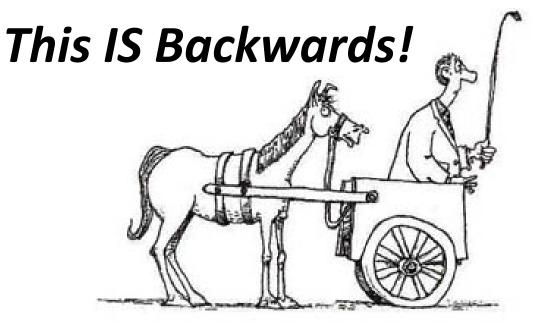
- City & County's General Plan
- Balboa Park Station Area Plan (BPS Area Plan)

Any proposed development in the area of the BPS should conform with these plans.

The Proposed Balboa Reservoir Project does not.

So you are being asked to Initiate a General Plan Amendment which will make substantial changes to the City & County's General Plan and the associated Balboa Park Station Area Plan.

Isn't this backwards?



The General Plan and BPS Area Plan are intended to serve as guidelines and directives for future development.

If a proposed development is non-conforming, then that development must be changed, not the overriding policy.

The project sponsors knowingly drew up the Reservoir Project's Principles & Parameters in conflict with higher level General Plan /BPS Area Plan specs.

In particular the developer's proposal deviates from the BPS Area Plan wrt:

- 1. Open Space
- 2. Housing
- 3. Height Limits

The GPA will have significant adverse effects on one of the city's most beloved and respected institutions.



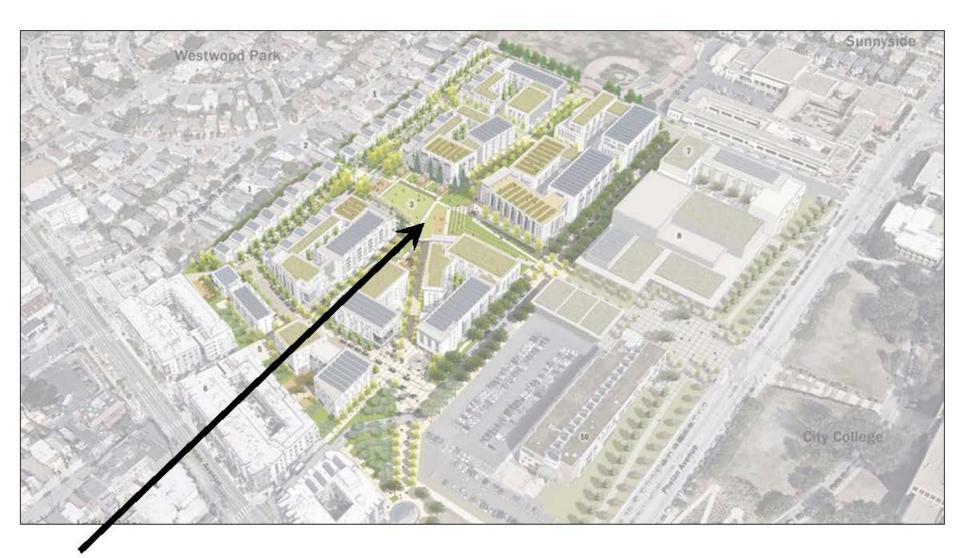
Amendments to the Open Space Element

- The General Plan and BPS Area Plan have open space taking up at least 50% - 90% of the 17.6 acre PUC Reservoir.
- The GPA shrinks it down to 11%





The Reality



This little sliver is the green space you saw in the previous slide.

Amendments to the Housing Element

- The Balboa Park Station Area Plan's Housing Element proposed 425-500 units.
- The General Plan Amendment allows for 1100+ units.
- This has environmental impacts that cannot be mitigated:
 - 1. Traffic congestion
 - 2. Construction pollution
 - 3. Noise



The Facts

Of the proposed 1100 units, 550 (50%) will be market-rate and only 363 (33%) units from developer will be affordable.

		Approximat	ely 1,100 Units T	otal	
50% Market-Rate Units		50% Affordable Units			
		Developer Subsidy		City Subsidy	
		18% Low Income Units	15% Moderate Income Units	17% "Additional" Affordable U	
Rental Apartments	For Sale Townhomes	Rental Apartments 55% AMI	Rental Apartments 120% AMI	Rental Apartments 55% AMI and 120% AMI	For Sale Units
AvalonBay	AvalonBay BRIDGE (Sell Lots)	BRIDGE Mission Housing	BRIDGE	BRIDGE Mission Housing	Habitat for Humanity

The remaining 187 (17%) units will be affordable only with notyet-procured public financing.

Affordable... TO WHOM?

 The definition of "affordable" has been heavily influenced by the SF Real Estate Association. It includes someone earning \$129,300/year.

 Avalon rents are \$3300-\$10,000/mo.

 They are NOT for longtime Excelsior, Ingleside, or Sunnyside residents. Or City College students or workers.



SF Needs Truly Affordable Housing for All

Rents less than 30% of a family income



Public Land should not be privatized



The housing crisis in SF is an affordable housing crisis.

Building market rate housing does not help the affordable housing crisis.

Public Land should not be privatized



The biggest barrier to affordable housing construction is the price of land. Irreplaceable public land should not be turned over to private developers.

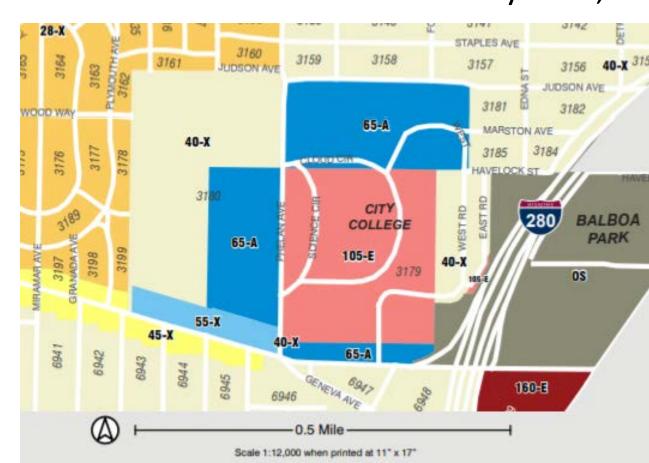
Amendments to the Height Limits

Planning Dept Staff asserts that the current PUC Reservoir bulk-height zoning is 40-X and 65-A.

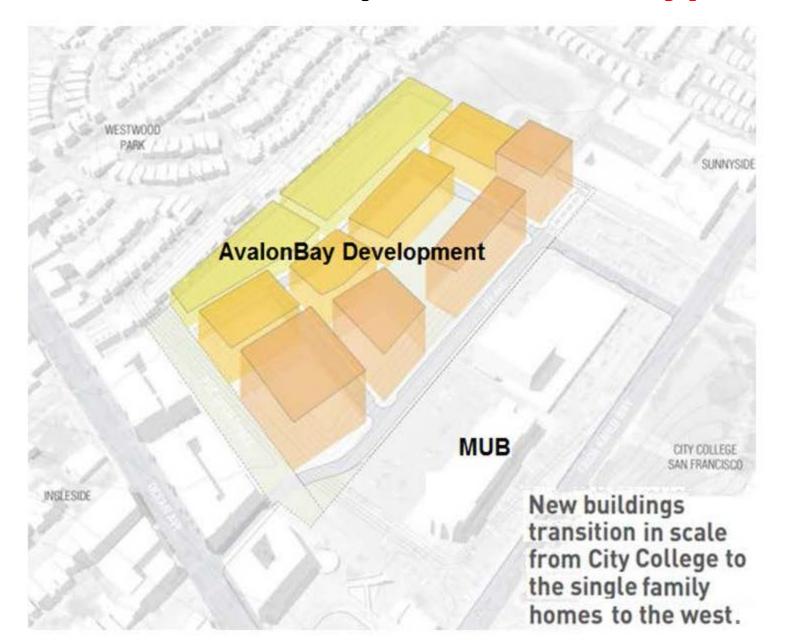
But the BPS Area Plan shows the PUC Reservoir as only 40 ft,

not 65 ft.

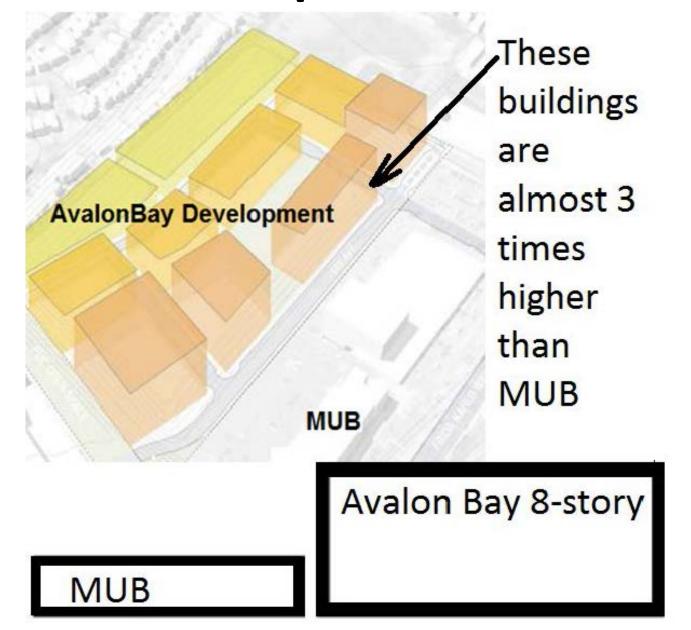
As shown in this Zoning Map, the 65-A zoning applies *solely* to the CCSF Reservoir; not to PUC Reservoir.



Avalon's Proposal: The Hype



Avalon's Proposal: The Reality



Now is NOT the Time



The world will look much different on 'the other side' of the pandemic. Though we cannot stop all business as usual, we should definitely delay decisions that could further hurt the working classes of San Francisco who have lost so much and will require assistance in jobs and housing during the recovery effort. We know City College will be one of the drivers of that effort.

The Commission should not make a decision about such an important issue during a virtual meeting. This issue is too important to be handled this way, and deprives many stakeholders of a chance to participate. A decision should be postponed until the coronavirus crisis has passed and a live, in-person meeting can be held.

Vote NO on Initiation of GPA

Now is not the time.

The Reservoir Project should conform to the SF General Plan and BPS Area Plan.

These high-level plans should not be amended to fit the Reservoir Project.

There are too many adverse consequences of the currently proposed Balboa Reservoir Project.

The General Plan Amendment facilitates the privatization of public land.

MOST IMPORTANT:

Public Land Must Stay in Public Hands and used for the common good. and used for the common good.



Not one square foot of irreplaceable public land to a private developer!

Not one square foot of irreplaceable public land for gentrification, privatization, or displacement.

From:

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS); Maybaum, Erica (BOS);

Hood, Donna (PUC); jdineen@sfchronicle.com

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; ccsfheat@gmail.com; CCSF Collective; SNA BRC; JK Dineen; Roland Li; Joshua

<u>Sabatini</u>

Subject: Scandalous property valuation for Balboa Reservoir Project--Comps

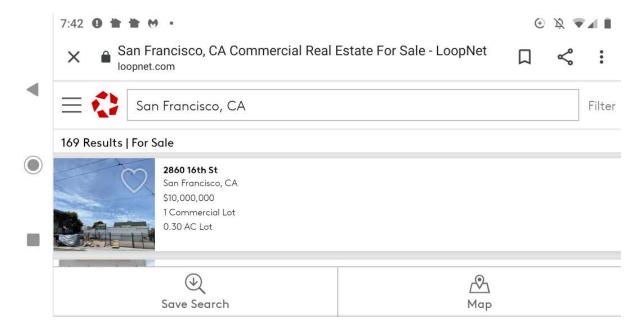
Date: Saturday, May 30, 2020 2:54:32 PM

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Land Use & Transportation Committee (Files 4200422 & 200423) , Supervisor Yee, BOS, PUC:

INFO REGARDING PROPERTY VALUATION IN RELATION TO BALBOA RESERVOIR:

- 1. The Balboa Reservoir Final EIR's CEQA Findings that were revealed last week showed that the estimated value of the 17.6 acre PUC property is \$11.2 million;
- 2. A 0.3 acre lot at 16th/Shotwell is going for \$10 million;



3. The new City College-Reservoir Project Access Easement Agreement's Lee Extension and North Street's 0.35 acre lot (\$15,032 sq ft.) is valued at \$3.8 million. Bal. Res., Access Easement agreement, 2020.tiff



Comparing the three properties on a per-square foot basis, from low to high:

Reservoir Project: \$14.61 /sq ft

Lee Ext, North St: \$250. /sq ft

16th/Shotwell: \$765. /sq ft

Is something out of whack here?!

--aj

From: a

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Hood, Donna (PUC); BRCAC (ECN)

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; roland.li@sfchronicle.com; Laura Waxmann;

imojadad@sfexaminer.com; JK Dineen; Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez; Joshua Sabatini; SNA BRC

Subject: Privatization giveaway price of Reservoir lot--98% discount

Date: Monday, June 1, 2020 5:51:36 PM

Attachments: dataURI-1591059075092

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Land Use & Transportation Committee (File 200422 & 200423), BOS, PUC, BRCAC:

I've been contending since the beginning of the "public engagement process" that the Project is a privatization scam that uses "affordable housing" as a false advertising ploy.

The 'privatization scam' allegation has now been supported by documentation. The CEQA Finding that was released one week prior to the 5/28/2020 Planning Commission meeting revealed an estimated value for the PUC Reservoir.

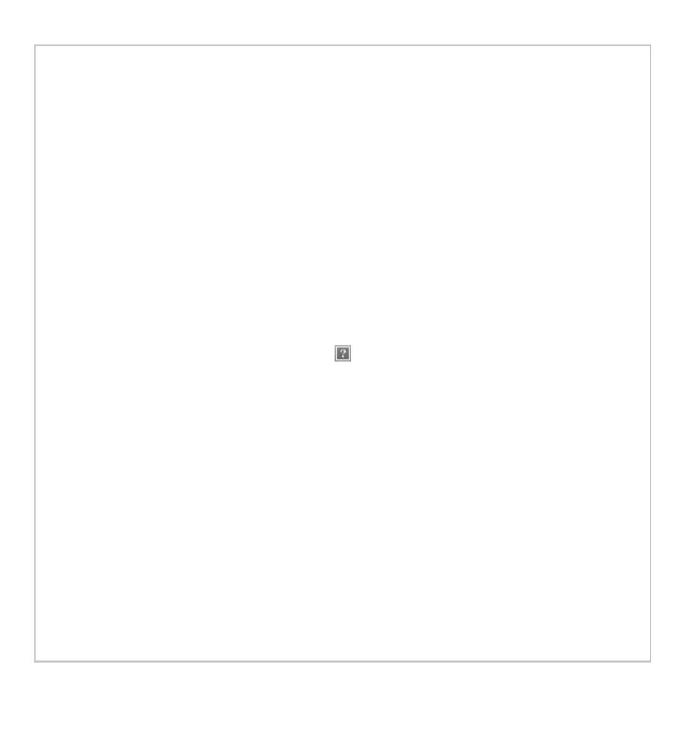
Actually, I was surprised that the estimated valuation was even contained in the packet that was prepared by Planning Dept Staff for the Planning Commission meeting. I thought they would keep it secret until PUC sale approval was on deck.

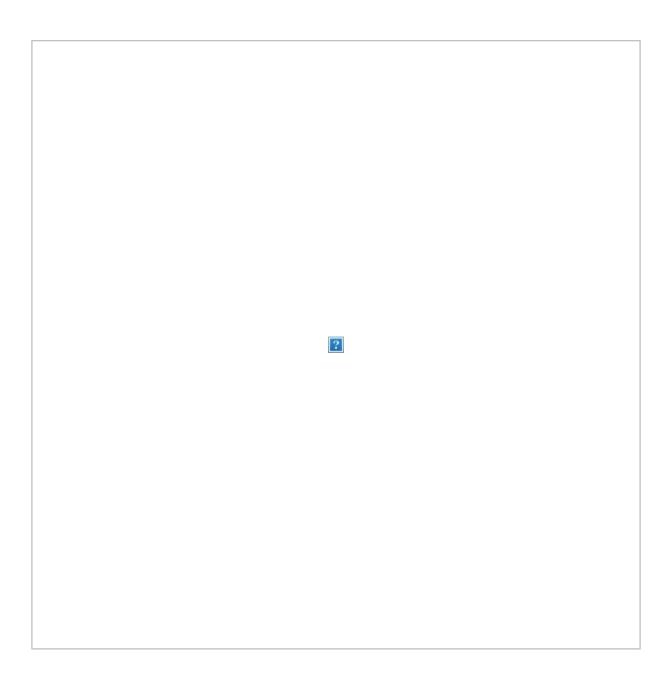
But, whether intentionally or not, they did reveal the estimated valuation for the 17.6 acre Reservoir lot.

For those who missed it, according to the CEQA Findings, the PUC Reservoir's estimated valuation is \$11.2 million.

Today, I found another for-sale property that can be used for comparison:

Subject: 636 Capp/21st & 22nd--\$618/sq ft





From low to high, I present valuations of four properties:

LOCATION	PRICE	AREA	PRICE/SQ FT
PUC Reservoir	\$ 11.2 Million	766,656 sq ft	\$ 14.61
		(17.6 acres)	
SFCCD Reservoir (Lee Extension, North Street), to be ceded to Reservoir Project	\$ 3.8 Million	15,032 sq ft	\$253.
636 Capp Street	\$ 2.5 Million	4,046 sq ft	\$618.

16 th Street/Shotwell	\$ 10 Million	13,068 sq ft	\$768.
		(0.30 acre)	

The Project's price-per-square foot is \$14.61. This is a mere 2% of market rate.

The \$11.2 Million sweetheart deal for the privatization scam must be opposed.

Gifting Avalon Bay a 98% discount off the actual land value will be criminal negligence and/or corruption by City Officials.

Do not be corrupted by developer forces.

Alvin Ja, District 7

From: aj

To: Hood, Donna (PUC); Major, Erica (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS); Maybaum, Erica (BOS); Board of

Supervisors, (BOS); BRCAC (ECN); Cityattorney

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; SNA BRC

Subject: Balboa Reservoir Appraisal Required by Adm Code 23.3

Date: Tuesday, June 9, 2020 6:51:05 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources

PUC, Land & Transportation Committee, BOS, BRCAC, City Attorney:

In previous submittals I had raised the issue of the \$ 11.2 Million valuation of the PUC Reservoir. It's a valuation that had been kept a secret from the public until about 5/21/2020......And even then, it was still hidden deep within a 2,256-page Planning Commission packet.

This \$ 11.2 Million estimated valuation for the 17.6 acre (766,656 sq ft) equates to \$14.61 per square foot.

INDEPENDENT, OBJECTIVE APPRAISAL REQUIRED

\$14.61 per square foot pricing for the Reservoir parcel constitutes a 98% discount off market rate. This valuation is highly suspect in its provenance (backroom pay to play deal?) and requires an objective appraisal to avoid the public getting ripped off.

In line with the dubious \$ 11.2 Million valuation, Administrative Code 23.3 REQUIRES an appraisal:

If the Director of Property determines the fair market value of Real Property that the City intends to Acquire or Convey exceeds \$10,000 and the proposed Acquisition is not a donation, the Director of Property shall obtain an Appraisal for the Real Property.

Despite an objective need and Administrative Code requirement for an independent and objective appraisal of the 17.6 acre parcel, you as the Board of Supervisors, are being asked to approve the following language on page 10 of the proposed Development Agreement Ordinance which purposefully violates 23.3:

The Board of Supervisors finds that due to current exigencies, the number of analyses of the Project that have been conducted, and the depth of analysis and sophistication required to appraise the Project Site, an Appraisal Review of the Project Site is **not necessary and waives the Administrative Code Section 23.3 requirement** of an Appraisal Review as it relates to the Project Site.

CORRUPTION INVESTIGATION NEEDED

"Not necssary?!....Waive a requirement!? This is manifestation of pure criminality and corruption.

City Attorney Herrera:

Please initiate a full investigation of corruption in this Privatization Scam.

Alvin Ja, District 7

From: aj

To: Boomer, Roberta (MTA); MTABoard

Cc: Major, Erica (BOS); CPC-Commissions Secretary; Cat Carter; DPH - thea; Robert Feinbaum; BRCAC (ECN); SNA BRC

Subject: Comment #1 for 6/16/2020 SFMTA meeting--Item 11 Balboa Reservoir EIR on transit delay

Date: Monday, June 15, 2020 12:42:22 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

SFMTA Board, Balboa Reservoir CAC:

An EIR is supposed to be "adequate, accurate, and objective."

The Balboa Reservoir EIR fails the requirements for being accurate and objective. The Project's facts have been--like the facts to justify the Iraq War-- fixed around the policy.

SUPPLEMENTAL EIR CONTRADICTS PROGRAM EIR'S FINDING OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSIT DELAY

 The SEIR concludes that there will less-than-significant impact on transit delay (Impact TR-4) from the Reservoir Project. This directly contradicts the Balboa Park Station Program EIR's conclusion:

"...ingress...from Lee Avenue [westbound right turn-only ingress to Lee Extension] would result in significant adverse transportation impacts. As a consequence, Access Option #1 is rejected from further consideration as part of the Area Plan. (FEIR, p.191)

4-MINUTE THRESHOLD OF SIGNIFICANCE FOR TRANSIT DELAY IS AN UNSUPPORTED ASSERTION, LACKING SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE

- The Final SEIR uses a quantitative threshold of significance of 4-minute Reservoir-related Transit Delay. In other words, Transit Delay is considered insignificant unless the Project contributes 4 minutes of delay to a MUNI line. In the real world of MUNI passengers and operators, a 4-minute delay in a short stretch near the Reservoir is extremely significant.
- The establishment of a quantitative threshold of significance is required to be based on "substantial evidence." The Final SEIR claims that substantial evidence for the 4-minute threshold of significance is contained in Planning Dept's "Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines." Contrary to the claim of "substantial evidence", the 4-minute significance criterion contained in the TIA Guidelines is only an assertion, without any evidence whatsoever. The "substantial evidence" for the 4-minute delay significance criterion consists of this one sentence: "For individual Muni routes, if the project would result in transit delay greater than or equal to four minutes, then it might result in a significant impact." This one sentence constitutes the entirety of the claimed "substantial evidence" in the TIA Guidelines. This one sentence appears in the body of the TIA Guidelines and in the Appendix I "Public Transit Memorandum." However, repetition of a one-sentence assertion does not constitute "substantial evidence."
- The 4-minutes late significance threshold only serves as a "Get Out of Jail Free card" for the Project's real-world significant contribution to Transit Delay.

REMOVAL OF UNFAVORABLE DATA IN FINAL SEIR

- The draft SEIR contained Transit Delay data that was found to be unfavorable to the Project.
 - Kittelson Associates (EIR Transportation Analysis contractor) data from Table 3.B-18 "Transit Delay Analysis" was computed to show Reservoir-related delay of 1 minute 55 seconds for a 7-minute running time route segment--a 27.4% increase over the scheduled 7-minute running time between two 43 Masonic scheduled timepoints. Table 3.B-18 was replaced in the Final SEIR to eliminate the unfavorable Reservoir-related Transit Delay.
 - The draft SEIR assessed Transit Delay for Geneva Avenue between City College Terminal and Balboa Park Station. This segment is travelled by the 8 Bayshore and the 43 Masonic. The data for this segment has been eliminated and Table 3.B-8 has been replaced. The new Table 3.B-8 eliminates the 8 Bayshore from assessment entirely, disappeared! Once again, unfavorable data has been eliminated from the Final SEIR.
 - In place of the removed data, the Final SEIR replaced the original unfavorable data with new data. The new, more favorable, data was collected on 12/18/2019—Finals Week, before Xmas. Finals Week just before Xmas is not representative of a normal school day.

• INADEQUATE MITIGATION MEASURES

- The Final SEIR contains three new Transit Delay Mitigation Measures: 1) Signal timing modifications at Ocean/Brighton, 2) Signal timing modifications at Ocean/Lee, 3) Boarding island for southbound 43 at Frida Kahlo/Ocean.
 - These mitigation measures are "finger in the dyke" measures that are incommensurate with the root problem. The fundamental unsolvable problem is the limited roadway network surrounding the Project. That is why the Balboa Park Station Area Final Program EIR had determined that a Lee Extension ingress "would result in significant adverse transportation impacts. As a consequence, Access Option #1 is rejected from further consideration as part of the Area Plan."

Don't just be an unthinking rubber stamp to an EIR that is neither objective nor accurate.

--Alvin Ja, retired MUNI Operator/Inspector/Dispatcher/Instructor; Main author of original 3rd Street Rail Operator Training manual

From: aj

To: <u>Jon Winston; sunnyside.balboa.reservoir; cgodinez; tang.mark; jumpstreet1983; mikeahrens5; Brigitte Davila;</u>

Peter Tham

Cc: BRCAC (ECN); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS); Major, Erica (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS); Peskin, Aaron

(BOS); PrestonStaff (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS)

Subject: 3rd comment for 6/15/2020 CAC--CA & City Subsidies totaling \$124.2 Million

Date: Saturday, June 13, 2020 10:08:01 PM

Attachments: dataURI-1591059075092

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

CAC Members--

Please familiarized yourselves with the fine print that is contained in the 2256-page PDF Planning Commission packet. You will find that the fine print diverges from the marketing PR of the Reservoir Project.

Here are some examples of Bait & Switch that contrasts the marketing hype with the actual content of the Development Agreement:

- affordable in perpetuity vs. Development Agreement's 57 years
- **50%** affordable vs. **33%** in DA [17% will be from "City's Affordable Funding Share", which is our own public money--aj]
- market-rate subsidizing affordable units vs. \$124.2 Million in State and City subsidies for affordable units
- Fair market return for ratepayers vs. \$11.2M giveaway price

The following was submitted on Friday 6/12/2020:

Sent: Friday, June 12, 2020, 11:17:37 PM PDT

Subject: EPS Feasibility Memo: Evidence of the myth of 'market-rate housing

subsidizing affordable units'

PUC, Land Use & Transportation Committee, BOS, BRCAC, Planning Commission:

Subject: EPS Feasibility Memo--Evidence of the myth/deception of market-rate housing subsidizing affordable units

Page 1250 of the 2256-page Planning Commission packet https://commissions.sfplanning.org/cpcpackets/2018-007883GPAPCAMAPDVA.pdf contains an EPS Feasibility Memo. Within the Memo is a "Table 1." Table 1 is essentially a profit-loss statement for the Reservoir Project.

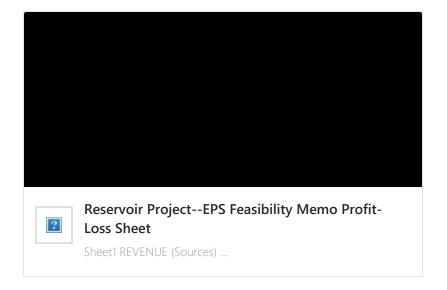
Table 1 has two sections:

Uses (equivalent to 'Expenditures' plus 'Profit' of a standard profit/loss statement),

• **Sources** (equivalent to 'Revenue' of a standard P/L statement)

Table 1 is not in a standard profit/loss statement format.

Here, for clarity and transparency, I present Table 1 in a standard profit/loss statement format. Additionally, I have returned the \$40 Million CA grants (from MHP and AHSC Programs) amount back to the Revenue section where it belongs...instead of the \$40M amount being hidden in a footnote in Table 1: Reservoir Project--EPS Feasibility Memo Profit-Loss Sheet



The "Affordable Housing Program" (Exhiibit D of the Development Agreement, on p. 1580 of 2256-page Planning Commission packet) specifies the City's Affordable Funding Share to be \$239K per unit. Thus for 187 City-subsidized units, RCP will receive \$44.693 Million (187 units X \$239K).

It is unclear if "Uses" in Table 1 includes the costs for the 187 "additional affordable" City-subsidized units.

Neither does Table 1 include the \$44.7 Million that Reservoir Community Partners is expecting to receive from the "City's Affordable Funding Share."

Despite the unclarity in Table 1, the "Affordable Housing Program" of the Development Agreement states:

Developer will cause at least 50% of the total number of dwelling units constructed on the Project Site to be Affordable Units. Developer will be responsible for the pre-development, planning, permitting, construction, and management of all

Affordable Units. The Parties agree that the Project's ability to achieve an overall affordability level of 50% is predicated on Developer's receipt of City's Affordable Funding Share.

THE MYTH/DECEPTION OF MARKET-RATE HOUSING SUBSIDIZING AFFORDABLE UNITS

The Reservoir Project has been promoted as 550 units subsidizing 550 affordable units. With the recent release of the Development Agreement, this can be shown to be a myth and to be deceptive advertising.

The EPS Feasibility Memo and Development Agreement provides evidence for fact that the affordable units will be subsidized by public monies. State and City funding is expected to total \$124.2 Million:

- \$79.5 M from State grants
 - \$39.5M from Statewide Park Program (SPP) and Infill Infrastructure Grant (IIG) Program,
 - \$40.0M from Multifamily Housing Program (MHP) and Affordable Housing
 & Sustainable Communities Program (AHSC);
- \$44.7 M from "City's Affordable Funding Share."

PROPORTION OF PUBLIC FUNDING FOR PROJECT: 55-69%

Because of the unclarity of whether Table 1 covers the 187 City-subsidized units or not, here are two calculations: 1) for the Table 1 "Uses" figures that would cover all 550 units; 2) for the Table 1 "Uses" figures that would cover only the Developer's 363 affordable units:

In both cases, public sources of funds total \$124.2 Million (\$39.5M + \$40M + \$44.7M)

The proportion of public monies for the Project depends on whether or not the Table 1 figures cover the 187 City-subsidized units:

- 1. If 187 City-subsidized units are covered: \$124.2M / \$180.6M cost = 69%
- 2. If 187 City units are not covered: \$124.2M / (\$180.6M + \$44.7M) = 55%

So in either case, well over half (55-69%) of the funding of affordable units will be paid for with public monies ,while Avalon Bay will get **at least half or more** of the total number of units.

From this, it should be evident that, in reality, the public will be subsidizing the private developer by:

- Privatization of public land, which will be given up in perpetuity for a scandalous 98%-discounted price of \$11.2 Million;
- Instead of the marketing sweet-talk of affordability "in perpetuity", affordability will only be assured for 57 years.

I urge all Supervisors to resist the temptations that the private developers dangle in front of you. Don't be a party to corruption and privatization of public lands at a giveaway price.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja, District 7 From: a

To: Hood, Donna (PUC); Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS);

Maybaum, Erica (BOS); BRCAC (ECN); CPC-Commissions Secretary

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; Defend City College Alliance; SNA BRC

Subject: EPS Feasibility Memo: Evidence of the myth of "market-rate housing subsidizing affordable units"

Date: Friday, June 12, 2020 11:17:44 PM

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PUC, Land Use & Transportation Committee, BOS, BRCAC, Planning Commission:

Subject: EPS Feasibility Memo--Evidence of the myth/deception of market-rate housing subsidizing affordable units

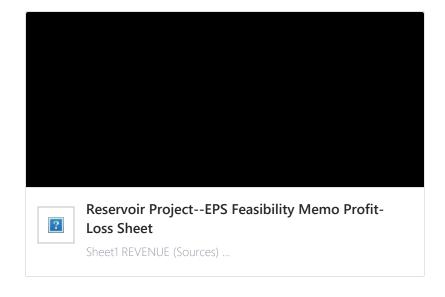
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From this, it should be evident that, in reality, the public will be subsidizing the private developer by:

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Sincerely, Alvin Ja, District 7 From: aj

To: <u>Hood, Donna (PUC)</u>

Cc: Major, Erica (BOS): Defend City College Alliance; Board of Supervisors, (BOS); SNA BRC: Public Lands for Public

Good; ccsfheat@gmail.com; CCSF Collective; CPC-Commissions Secretary; Laura Waxmann; JK Dineen; Roland Li; Tim Redmonds; megan.cassidy@sfchronicle.com; Phil Matier; Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez; Ida Mojadad; Joshua

<u>Sabatini</u>

Subject: Valuation of Balboa Reservoir--Still scandalous

Date: Thursday, June 18, 2020 6:08:34 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Hi Donna,

Thank you for taking care of this submission for Item 10 of the 6/23/2020 agenda.

Best,

aj

PUC Commissioners:

The estimated valuation for the PUC Reservoir was released in documents provided for the Planning Commission's May 28,2020 meeting.

The valuation was very well hidden. The \$11.2 Million valuation was contained deep within the 2,256-page PDF document provided to the Planning Commission. Curiously, the valuation was not contained in any of the Executive Summaries.

There's another curious point in the 2256-page PDF document. The 2256-page PDF contains the proposed Ordinance for the approval of the Development Agreement. The proposed Ordinance curiously "waives" Administrative Code 23.3's requirement for an appraisal.....as being unneeded.

JUNE APPRAISAL

Apparently, 'the powers-that-be' have figured out that it would be better to have an appraisal to justify the Reservoir Project Privatization Scam, since the estimated valuation and the waiver of Section 23.3 had been uncovered/exposed.

The material released today (6/18) for the June 23 PUC meeting now shows that an appraisal was just done in June--this month. This more recent valuation shows a valuation of \$11.4 Million for 16.4 acres (714,637 sq ft.) This hurry-up June appraisal kicks up the valuation somewhat: From \$14.61/sq ft. to \$15.95/ Sq ft.

\$15.95/ Sq ft. is still ridiculously and scandalously low. Whatever lame "community benefits" that are touted as justification for the low price can't legitimize the giveaway price that benefits the private for-profit developer.

FRANCISCO RESERVOIR

PUC Resolution 14-0113 (7/8/2014) authorized the sale of Francisco Reservoir to the Park & Rec Dept. This was a sale of PUC property to another **public agency**.

Francisco Reservoir's 3.29 acres was sold to Rec &Park for \$9.9 Million. This equated to \$69.06/sq ft in 2014.

BALBOA RESERVOIR vs. FRANCISCO RESERVOIR

Does it make any sense that a **private developer would**, on a price per square foot basis, **pay only 23.1% of what a public agency had to pay 6 years ago?!** Can you spell "corruption"?

CURRENT COMPARABLES

I've already documented in detail how the Reservoir Project is actually a privatization scam. It's a Bait & Switch scam in which the marketing hype and PR diverges from the actual terms contained in the Development Agreement. Please review those earlier submissions.

For your convenience, I will just provide herein a comparative Table that was contained in an earlier submission. It has been updated to reflect the newer information contained in the 6/23 PUC meeting material.

The updated \$15.95/sq ft price is still a 98% discount off the market.

I, along with many others, urge you to vote against this giveaway of Public land to the private sector.

Do not subsidize Avalon Bay with public land and public monies.

LOCATION	PRICE	AREA	PRICE/SQ FT
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<u>Sabatini</u>

Subject: CORRECTION Re: Valuation of Balboa Reservoir--Still scandalous

Date: Thursday, June 18, 2020 6:34:22 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

correction to Table to show: 16.4 ACRES (instead of 17.6 acres)

On Thursday, June 18, 2020, 06:08:26 PM PDT, aj <ajahjah@att.net> wrote:

Hi Donna,

Thank you for taking care of this submission for Item 10 of the 6/23/2020 agenda.

Best,

aj

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SFCCD Reservoir (Lee Ext, North Street), Ceded to Reservoir Project in 2020	\$ 3.8 Million	15,032 sq ft	\$253.
636 Capp Street	\$ 2.5 Million	4,046 sq ft	\$618.
th	\$ 10 Million	13,068 sq ft	\$768.

16 Street/Shotwell		
	(0.30 acre)	

Sincerely,

Alvin Ja, District 7

From: aj

To: Hood, Donna (PUC); Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS)

Cc: Public Lands for Public Good; Defend City College Alliance; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; SNA BRC

Subject: Another comparison: sale of Burnett parcel, PUC Res 17-0088 (4/25/2017)

Date: Saturday, June 20, 2020 6:29:18 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

PUC Commissioners:

The proposed sale price of the Reservoir to Reservoir Community Partners is highly suspect.

In a previous submission I had presented the price per sq ft for the 2014 sale of the Francisco Reservoir to the Recreation & Park Dept, another public agency.

Here, I provide another comparison:

PUC Resolution 17-0088 (4/25/2017) sold PUC's Block 2719C Lot 23, a 3,429-sq ft "steep and irregularly undeveloped" parcel, located near 411 Burnett to a private party.

An appraisal was performed by Associated Right of Way Services, Inc:

The \$1,500,000 sales price is based on a 2015 appraisal report by MAI appraiser Associated Right of Way Services (ARWS). The ARWS report stated that the fair market value at SFPUC Parcel at \$1,200,000 and the combined SFPUC Parcel and SFPW Parcel at \$1,500,000.

The PUC parcel 2719C-23 had an area of 3,429 square feet and was appraised at \$1.2 Million:

This computes to \$349.96/ sq ft for a steep, irregularly shaped parcel (\$1.2M / 3429 sq ft = \$349.96 / sq ft).

By any reasonable measure, the valuation for the sale to the private, for-profit Avalon Bay joint venture at \$15.95 / sq ft is way out of whack.

Do not give away the Reservoir in this Privatization Scam.

Do not be a party to corruption between developers and City officials.

Sincerely,

Alvin Ja, District 7 ratepayer

From: a

To: <u>Major, Erica (BOS)</u>

Subject: Fw: Comment on Chron article: "S.F. to sell housing site at big discount."

Date: Sunday, June 21, 2020 6:05:53 PM

Attachments: Appraisal for North Street, Lee Extension.PDF

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Subject: Comment on Chron article: "S.F. to sell housing site at big discount."

PUC Commissioners, Land & Transportation Committee, BOS:

The fact that the City & County is willing to part with the PUC at a scandalously low price has finally hit the Chron. The Chron carried a story today on the sale price of the Reservoir, "S.F. to sell housing site at big discount."

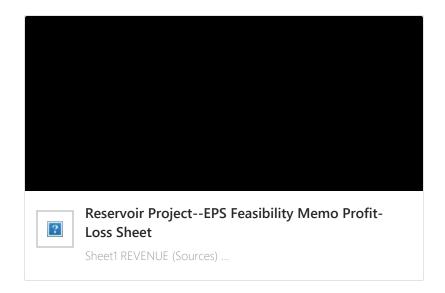
1. The article's "50% discount from fair market value" is but an opinion provided by Clifford Advisory. Objectively, the discount is much larger. According to Investopia: "In its simplest sense, fair market value (FMV) is the price that an asset would sell for on the open market."

On the open market, a \$11.4 Million price tag would invite a feeding frenzy from potential buyers. On the open market, the price would be bid much, much higher than \$15.95/sq ft. Even doubling it to \$32/ squ ft would still be far off the mark in the open market.

Although hidden from public view until now, a scandalously low price was in all likelihood a 'wink, wink, nod, nod' understanding in backroom dealings from many years ago.

- 2. City College is being asked to cede property for the Reservoir Project's Lee Avenue Extension and North Street. An appraisal was performed for the transfer which equated to \$250/ sq ft. (Appraisal attached). Compare this to the PUC Reservoir Purchase and Sale Agreement at \$15.95/ sq ft.
- 3. The article says that 366 affordable units will cost the developers about \$91.5 Million. What the article fails to inform the reader is that a Financial Feasibility Memo conducted by Economic & Planning Systems, Inc. Reservoir Project--EPS Feasibility Memo Profit-Loss Sheet shows that the developers expect to receive \$79.5 Million in State grants for 363 (not 366) units: \$39.5M from CA Statewide Park Program & CA Infill Infrastructure Grant Program; and \$40M from CA Multifamily Housing Program & CA Affordable Housing & Sustainable Communities Program. What this means is that 87% of the developers share of

363 units of affordable housing will be paid for with public funds anyway!



4. How long will affordability last? Contrary to the deceptive advertising of "permanent" affordability, the Development Agreement states:

Affordability Restrictions.

- (a) Each Affordable Parcel will be subject to a recorded regulatory agreement approved
- by MOHCD to maintain affordability levels for the life of the Project or fifty-seven (57) years,
- 5. To make sure that this Privatization Scam goes through without too many problems, the Development Agreement's Schedule 2-2, Schedule of Code Waivers will bypass Administrative Code 23.3's REQUIREMENT for appraisal review:

In recognition of the Fiscal Feasibility Report adopted by the Board of Supervisor as

Resolution 85-18 and the depth of analysis and sophistication required to appraise the

Project Site in connection with the sale of the Project Site, the Appraisal Review required

by Section 23.3 is waived.

What kind of sophistry is this?! So an Appraisal Review is not needed because it's too hard to do?! This is f.....g bullshit! And in regard to the BOS Budget Analyst Fiscal Feasibility Report, see my next item.

6. The BOS Budget Analyst's Fiscal Feasibility Report questioned ownership of the 17% "additional affordable."

The Development Agreement requires the City to pay for the 17% "additional

affordable," Yet the Development Agreement does not give ownership of the 187 "additional affordable" units or of the land to the City & County which is paying for it! Furthermore, affordability restrictions on these unit end in 57 years!

Also, ownership of the land on which the additional 17 percent of affordable housing would be built has not been defined. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD) could potentially own the land and enter into long term ground leases with affordable housing developers, which is the current practice of MOHCD. The Board of Supervisors should request MOHCD to report back to the Board of Supervisors early in the process of negotiations between the City and Reservoir Community Partners on...(b) whether the City will own any land on which 100 percent affordable housing developments are constructed; and (c) conformance of the additional 17 percent affordable housing units to City policy and requirements.

7. The Reservoir Project has been effectively marketed as providing a big contribution to address our housing crisis. However the deceptive marketing diverges from the actual terms of the Development Agreement.

From this, it should be evident that, in reality, the public will be subsidizing the private developer by:

- Privatization of public land, which will be given up in perpetuity for a scandalous 98%-discounted price of \$11.4 Million;
- Instead of the marketing sweet-talk of affordability "in perpetuity", affordability will only be assured for 57 years.
- Providing \$124.2 Million in public monies (\$79.5M from State and \$ 124.2M from "City's Affordable Share") to fund the cost of 550 affordable units.
- Avalon Bay will be essentially be getting 550 market-rate units for free, plus practically free land from us, the 99%......in exchange for 363 affordable-for-57year units, for which 87% of costs will come from public funds.

Hiding the giveaway price of the PUC Reservoir until your 6/23/2020 meeting is highly suspicious. In any transaction, isn't common sense to ask about price in the early stages of any transaction?

The fact that price has been hidden until now points to there being a culture of corruption in high places in SF Government. You need to recognize that the Reservoir Project is objectively a Privatization Scam but deceptively and falsely marketed as "market-rate subsidizing affordable." Facts should matter to you in your deliberations, not deceptive advertising.

Don't be a party to corruption and privatization of public lands at a giveaway price.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja, D7 ratepayer From: aj

To: <u>Hood, Donna (PUC)</u>; <u>Major, Erica (BOS)</u>; <u>Board of Supervisors, (BOS)</u>

Cc: JK Dineen; Roland Li; tthadani@sfchronicle.com; megan.cassidy@sfchronicle.com; Joshua Sabatini; Ida Mojadad;

Laura Waxmann; Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez; Tim Redmonds; Public Lands for Public Good; Defend City College

Alliance; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; SNA BRC

Subject: Fair market value of PUC Reservoir Date: Monday, June 22, 2020 2:53:17 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

PUC, Land & Transportation Committee, BOS:

Chron's JK Dineen wrote yesterday about selling the Reservoir at a "bargain-basement price."

The Purchase and Sale Agreement would sell the Reservoir at \$15.95/ sq ft which the Avalon Bay joint venture would own in perpetuity. You cannot even get a one-month rental for anything at \$16/ sq ft!

Clifford Advisory's appraisal of the PUC property at \$11.4 Million is a concocted valuation. A valid real estate fair market valuation (FMV) is supposed to reflect its value on the open market. An FMV that is arrived at as a result of collusion and collaboration is not a valid FMV.

FMV is supposed to be arrived at in an "arm's length transaction." The PSA's FMV of \$11.4 Million fails this standard.

ATTEMPTED CIRCUMVENTION OF APPRAISAL and APPRAISAL REVIEW (Adm Code 23.3)

Indicative of the corruption and collusion in the entire Balboa Reservoir Project process is the fact the Ordinance for the Development Agreement, as well as the DA's own Schedule 2-2 "Waiver of Codes" call for circumventing Administrative Code 23.3's REQUIREMENT for appraisal and appraisal review.

The intent of City offficials was to sneak through the bargain-basement price without ANY appraisal. The Clifford Advisory appraisal was commissioned only because the scandalously low price had unexpectedly been identified by the public deep within a 2256-page PDF Planning Commission packet.

The Clifford Advisory appraisal was only comissioned in June.....only a few weeks prior to the PUC meeting. The purpose of the Clifford Advisory appraisal iwas essentially an attempt to cover tracks.

Here, I provide you with definitions of "Fair Market Value" and "arm's length transaction."

Redfin:

Definition of Fair Market Value

Fair market value is the home price that a buyer and seller in an **arm's-length transaction** would be willing to agree upon on the open market. For example, if a son buys a home from his mother at an unusually low price, that price is not the fair market value because it was not an arm's-length transaction. The mother would sell the home at a much higher price if she sold it on the open market to an unrelated buyer.

Investopedia:

What Is an Arm's Length Transaction?

An arm's length transaction refers to a business deal in which buyers and sellers act independently without one party influencing the other. These types of sales assert that both parties act in their own self-interest and are not subject to pressure from the other party; furthermore, it assures others that there is no collusion between the buyer and seller.

If nothing else, this should ring alarms in your head about the validity of the Clifford Advisory appraisal. Secondly, this should have you wondering why language that bypasses both appraisal and appraisal review would appear in the DA Ordinance, and the Development Agreement itself.

What kind of alarms?.....CORRUPTION.

The main way FMV's are arrived at are via "comps." How does the Balboa Reservoir's \$15.95/ sq ft compare with:

- Francisco Reservoir to Rec & Park, 2014-- \$69.06/ sq ft
- SFCCD Lee Extension & North Road to Reservoir Project, 2020 --\$250/ sq ft
- 636 Capp -- asking \$618/ sq ft
- 16th/Shotwell-- asking \$768/ sq ft

Please don't join the culture of corruption in City offices. Do not approve the bargainbasement PSA.

If you're willing to sell it for cheap, sell to City College, instead. Not to a private, forprofit joint venture.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja, D7 ratepayer From: Board of Supervisors, (BOS)

To: Major, Erica (BOS)
Subject: FW: Balboa Reservoir

Date: Wednesday, June 24, 2020 10:34:12 AM

From: Zoe Eichen <zoellen@gmail.com> **Sent:** Monday, June 22, 2020 1:51 PM

Subject: Balboa Reservoir

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Plans for privatizing the Balboa Reservoir land represents a willful contradiction and private undermining of the public interest as indicated by the support of Prop A, and evidence shows that building 1100 mostly market-rate homes on the Balboa Reservoir site will make the San Francisco affordable housing crisis worse, and building it without making sure the pollution is contained. Land, water, air pollution will endanger the health of the people and natural resources that are near the construction site. This includes TWO schools, Riordan High School and CCSF Ocean, and a local apartment complex.

The environmental impact report on the private Balboa Reservoir Project identified three significant damaging environmental impacts that cannot be mitigated: construction noise, air pollution, and transportation problems that will go on for as long as a decade or more, causing health and safety issues for neighbors, children, students, and district employees, and disrupting classroom effectiveness for both Riordan High School and CCSF, making education even more difficult and unsupported for students.

I demand that you reserve Balboa Reservoir and keep it safe for the sake of its environment and the people who inhabit the space nearby. At the very least, this project must be stopped unless there is a specific plan to mitigate pollution as much as possible.

Sincerely,

Zoellen Eichen, SF resident and CCSF student

From: a

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS)

Cc: BRCAC (ECN); SNA BRC; Public Lands for Public Good; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; Safai, Ahsha

(BOS); MandelmanStaff, [BOS]; Peskin, Aaron (BOS); Stefani, Catherine (BOS); Preston, Dean (BOS); Mar, Cordon (BOS); Pescon Staff (BOS); Happy, Matt (BOS); Fower, Sandra (BOS); Walton, Shamann (BOS)

Gordon (BOS); RonenStaff (BOS); Haney, Matt (BOS); Fewer, Sandra (BOS); Walton, Shamann (BOS)

Subject: Looking 57 years forward when affordability ends

Date: Saturday, June 27, 2020 7:35:23 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Land & Transportation Committee, BOS, BRCAC, D7 Supervisor Yee:

The Balboa Reservoir Development Agreement's affordability restriction expires after 57 years. 57 years is not "in perpetuity" as it had been deceptively marketed by OEWD, Planning Dept, and Avalon-Bridge.

The situation described in the San Mateo Daily Journal article below should serve as a warning of what lies ahead.

Foster City residents living in affordable units are encountering a crisis because of expiration of affordability restrictions. The same will happen at the Balboa Project.

After 57 years, the patient Reservoir developers will have hit the jackpot when they own everything without restrictions that they bought at a giveaway price.

Don'tbe party to this Privatization Scam!

Here's the Foster City story:

Affordable rents to expire at Foster City apartment building

More than 70 facing massive rent increases they say they can't afford

By Zachary Clark Daily Journal staff Mar 7, 2020

A Foster City apartment building's below-market rate program will soon expire, causing 74 renters, including seniors with disabilities and families, to face rent increases with some more than six times what they currently pay.

Located at 700 Bounty Drive and owned by Essex Property Trust, the 490-unit Foster's Landing Apartments entered into an agreement with the city in 1986 to keep 15% of units affordable for more than three decades. That agreement will soon sunset.

On Dec. 31, 40 of the building's below-market rate units will become market-rate ones, while rents for the other 24 affordable units will become market rate over the next two years.

While the residents aren't being evicted from their apartments, the enormous rent increases will mean many if not all of them will have to relocate. They're fearful they'll be forced to leave an area that has been their home for decades and some are worried they'll soon be homeless.

"This leaves a lot of families in a very vulnerable place," said Corrine Warren, whose mother has been a resident at Foster's Landing for 33 years. "This has caused my mom a lot of stress. We're not sure what to do. We don't know what's going to happen."

Residents of the below-market rate units at Foster's Landing currently pay in rent 30% of their monthly income. For Warren's mother, that comes out to \$800 per month for a two-bedroom apartment. Starting Jan. 1, she'll have to pay around \$4,200 per month for it.

Barbara Grossetti, also a Foster's Landing resident, currently pays \$500 a month for an apartment that by the same time will likely cost about \$3,200 per month.

"We have disabled people, people in their 90s here, families, single parents and seniors like me living on Social Security," she said. "They have nowhere to go. They'll be homeless.

"Legally [Essex] has the right to do this, but morally they don't," she added. "It's all about greed, that's what it comes down to. They'll get so much money for these apartments."

Grossetti moved into Foster's Landing three years ago after being on an affordable housing wait list for six years. She said at the time she wasn't told her below-market rate rents will soon expire.

The tenants acknowledge Essex's legal right to charge market rate rents, but feel they should at least be granted more time to find a new home.

"Since my mother has been there 33 years I think it's fair to give her one to three years time before the new rates begin," Warren said. "But even then it'd be really difficult to find anything. I've called a few places and the wait list is between five and 10 years."

Essex only wanted to comment on the situation in a statement. In it, Barb Pak, a senior vice president for the company, said notifications were sent to residents over a year ago "to provide ample time to prepare for the transition" with follow-up notifications delivered recently.

"The city is aware of all tenants who have expiring leases and we hope the city will help provide alternatives," the statement adds. Essex purchased the building and assumed the affordable housing agreement with the city in 2014.

At a meeting Monday, Charlie Bronitsky, a former Foster

City mayor and land use lawyer, asked the current council to discuss the situation at its next meeting and form a committee to explore potential solutions for the tenants. The council appeared amenable to his proposal.

Councilman Sam Hindi has already began working with the tenants as well as the office of U.S. Rep. Jackie Speier, D-San Mateo, to see what can be done to support the tenants.

"It's a tragedy," he said of the tenants' uncertain future. "The city wants to preserve all these below-market rate units no question about it. We need all hands on deck and I will not leave any stone unturned to try to get safety and a roof over the heads of our residents."

Bronitsky said he's only in the beginning stages of researching what can be done to assist, but has already concluded recently-passed state laws, including Assembly Bill 1482, do not apply in this case. Assembly Bill 1482 created rent caps in California and went into effect in January.

He said some are asking charitable organizations to help with the tenants' rent. Councilmembers are also exploring the feasibility of placing the tenants at the top of affordable housing lists elsewhere.

Other potential actions include the adoption of an urgency rent control ordinance or the council could choose to subsidize the tenant's rents or provide relocation assistance, among other actions. Officials are also engaging the nonprofit community to see what can be done.

Bronitsky hopes a solution can be arrived at voluntarily and said he's trying to arrange meetings with Essex to do so.

Assistant City Manager Dante Hall said the city has met with Essex representatives on multiple occasions and is still working with them on potential solutions.

"We don't want to say they're not being cooperative," he said. "Essex is still thinking about it and we're trying to find out if we can bring in some partners or if we can find some other ways to take care of families. Hopefully we find a resolution."

On the bright side, Hindi said no other affordable apartment complex in the city will expire until 2050.

From: aj

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Wong, Linda (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS)

Cc: Peskin, Aaron (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS); Stefani, Catherine (BOS); Preston, Dean (BOS); Mar, Gordon (BOS);

RonenStaff (BOS); Haney, Matt (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); MandelmanStaff, [BOS]; Fewer, Sandra (BOS); Walton, Shamann (BOS); SNA BRC; Public Lands for Public Good; Defend City College Alliance; CCSF Collective;

ccsfheat@gmail.com

Subject: BOS Budget & Legislative Analyst Report vs. Reservoir Development Agreement

Date: Sunday, June 28, 2020 7:52:15 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Land Use and Transportation Committee, Budget & Finance Committee, BOS:

The enacting Ordinance for the Development Agreement states:

The Board of Supervisors finds that due to current exigencies, the number of analyses of the Project that have been conducted, and the depth of analysis and

sophistication required to appraise the Project Site, an Appraisal Review of the Project Site is not necessary and waives the Administrative Code Section 23.3 requirement of an Appraisal Review as it relates to the Project Site.

Schedule 2-2 of the Development Agreeement states:

In recognition of the Fiscal Feasibility Report adopted by the Board of Supervisor as

Resolution 85-18 and the depth of analysis and sophistication required to appraise the Project Site in connection with the sale of the Project Site, the Appraisal Review required by Section 23.3 is waived.

Resolution 85-18's Budget & Legislative Analyst's Fiscal Feasibility Report is cited to support bypassing Appraisal Review. However, the Budget & Legislative Analyst Report says the exact opposite. This is what the 3/9/2018 Report **really** says:

The price that Reservoir Community Partners will pay SFPUC to acquire the site will be informed by a cash flow analysis that takes into account the development's 33 percent affordability requirement, and by an independent appraisal and appraisal review conducted in accordance with the requirements set out in Administrative Code Chapter 23.

RECOMMENDATION: Preparation of a rigorous, independent cash flow analysis...to ensure that land price paid to SFPUC ...are maximized.

The Budget & Legislative Analyst Report affirmatively calls for compliance with the requirements of Administrative Code 23.3 to protect the public interest. Instead, the Enacting Ordinance and the Development surrenders the public interest to by gifting public land to a private developer joint venture for dirt cheap.

Do not approve the enacting Ordinance for the Development Agreement. Do not waive the requirement of Administrative Code 23.3 for independent, objective Appraisal Review.

Protect the public interest. Do not be a party to a corrupt permanent giveaway of public land at \$15.95 per square feet.

Alvin Ja, D7

From: a

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Wong, Linda (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS)

Cc: Phil Matier; JK Dineen; Roland Li; Laura Waxmann; Ida Mojadad; Joshua Sabatini; Joe Fitzgerald Rodriguez; Tim

Redmonds

Subject: No to a culture of corruption

Date: Monday, June 29, 2020 11:35:29 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources

Land Use & Transportation Committee, Budget & Finance Committee, BOS:

As you should know by now, Planning Commission, SFMTA, and PUC have all approved the necessary elements to facilitate the final approvals of the Balboa Reservoir Project.

You should also know by now that the Reservoir Project's Purchase & Sales Agreement (PSA) gives away 16.4 acres for a pittance, in the dirt-cheap amount of \$11.4 Million.

You should furthermore know that the Enacting Ordinance for the Development Agreement, as well as Schedule 2-2 of the Development Agreement itself, forego Administrative Code 23.3's appraisal requirements, which is in direct contradiction to your 2018 Budget & Legislative Analyst Report's recommendation.

The US Attorney and FBI Press Release of 6/24/2020 (incidentally, one day following PUC's approval of the \$11.4M sale) regarding corruption in SF City government stated:

He [US Attorney David Anderson] added, "As this investigation continues, the breadth and depth of the identified misconduct is widening. To everyone with a piece of public corruption in San Francisco, please understand that here in federal court we will distinguish sharply between those who cooperate and those who do not. If you love San Francisco, and regret your misconduct, you still have an opportunity to do the right thing. Run, don't walk, to the FBI, before it is too late for you to cooperate."

"Today's announcement is part of a complex, ongoing FBI investigation into public corruption in San Francisco city government," said FBI's Special Agent in Charge John F. Bennett. "This type of unscrupulous behavior erodes trust in our municipal departments and will not be tolerated. The FBI is committed to investigating any individual or company involved and hold them accountable."

Please, don't be foolish enough to be part of giving away public property for cheap in what amounts to be a Privatization Scam.

And please, even if you have no direct involvement, take up the advice of US Attorney Anderson to report what you know about the suspiciously low Reservoir valuation, and the 'who, how, why' of the waiver of Administrative Code 23.3:

".....we will distinguish sharply between those who cooperate and those who do not. If you love San Francisco, and regret your misconduct, you still have an opportunity to do the right thing. Run, don't walk, to the FBI, before it is too late for you to cooperate."

Please don't be a part of a culture of corruption.

Sincerely,

Alvin Ja, D7

From: Michael Adams

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Wong, Linda (BOS)

Subject: Fwd: Transit and traffic issues regarding CCSF

Date: Saturday, July 4, 2020 12:24:19 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources

To:

Erica Major, clerk for Land Use & Transportation Committee Linda Wong, clerk for Budget & Finance Committee,

Please include the message below in the official public comment files for the Balboa Reservoir Project.

This message was sent to all Supervisors. If you have questions, please let me know.

Thank you.

Michael Adams, San Francisco voter

----Original Message-----

From: Michael Adams <facilitato@aol.com>

To: Dean.Preston@sfgov.org <Dean.Preston@sfgov.org>; Sandra.Fewer@sfgov.org <Sandra.Fewer@sfgov.org>; Matt.Haney@sfgov.org <Matt.Haney@sfgov.org>;

MandelmanStaff@sfgov.org <MandelmanStaff@sfgov.org>; Gordon.Mar@sfgov.org

<Gordon.Mar@sfgov.org>; Aaron.Peskin@sfgov.org <Aaron.Peskin@sfgov.org>;

Hillary.Ronen@sfgov.org <Hillary.Ronen@sfgov.org>; Ahsha.Safai@sfgov.org

<Ahsha.Safai@sfgov.org>; Catherine.Stefani@sfgov.org <Catherine.Stefani@sfgov.org>;

Shamann.Walton@sfgov.org <Shamann.Walton@sfgov.org>; norman.yee@sfgov.org

<norman.yee@sfgov.org> Sent: Fri, Jul 3, 2020 7:45 pm

Subject: Transit and traffic issues regarding CCSF

Dear Supervisors

Your role in the protection of City College access for students, faculty and staff is approaching, by way of the extremely questionable process of privatizing the CCSF West Parking lot, otherwise known as the Balboa Reservoir, in a suspiciously favorable deal with private developers.. Others have provided you with shortcomings of the impact studies, including traffic and transit issues. Now we have the new reality that Muni Bus lines will be severely and permanently impacted by current conditions in all of San Francisco.

On the front page of today's 'SF Chronicle'. (July 3). On the front page is a timely and relevant article: "Most MUNI

bus lines unlikely to return" It projects a permanent loss of 40 of 68

bus lines as people decide to use cars to enhance social distancing rather than crowd onto buses and trains. The CCSF West Parking lot (Balboa) will be needed even more. This new existing condition is important. The most reasonable remedy is more clear than ever, that being the transfer of the CCSF west parking lot to CCSF. Please make this happen.

Michael Adams, voter

From: aj

To: BRCAC (ECN); Major, Erica (BOS); Wong, Linda (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Low,

Jen (BOS)

Cc: <u>Jon Winston; cgodinez; mikeahrens5; sunnyside.balboa.reservoir; Brigitte Davila; Peter Tham;</u>

marktang.cac@gmail.com; jumpstreet1983; rmuehlbauer; SNA BRC

Subject: Non-conformity of Development Agreement with Principles & Parameters

Date: Tuesday, July 7, 2020 2:26:53 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BRCAC, Land Use & Transportation Committee, Budget & Finance Committee, BOS, Files 200422, 200423, 200635:

As the Reservoir Project approvals reach the final stages, I urge a review of how the Development Agreement conforms with the Principles & Parameters:

Preamble:

- Transportation and Neighborhood Congestion: Traffic congestion and the availability of street parking are already major problems facing the local community. No development proposal is likely to garner community support if it would worsen these conditions.
- City College: The community cares deeply about City College's long-term health and growth. We are especially concerned that the Balboa Reservoir development will displace a surface parking lot currently utilized by City College students. It will be critical for the Balboa Reservoir developer to work with City College to address parking needs by identifying alternative parking and transportation solutions that do not compromise students' ability to access their education.
- Affordable Housing: Members of the CAC and the community are deeply concerned about housing affordability. We would like to see a significant proportion of the housing at Balboa Reservoir be affordable to a combination of low, moderate, and middle-income people. However, housing cannot come at the cost of increased congestion.

Principles & Parameters:

HOUSING

Principle #1: Build new housing for people at a range of income levels. Parameters:

a. Make at least 50% of total housing units permanently affordable in perpetuity to low (up to 55% of Area Median Income (AMI)), moderate (up to 120% of AMI), and middleincome (up to 150% AMI) households, provided that this can be achieved while also ensuring project feasibility and providing the economic return to SFPUC ratepayers that is required by law.

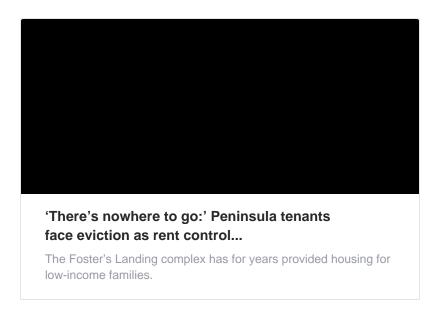
1. Make at least 33% of total housing units permanently affordable in perpetuity to low or moderate-income households, consistent with Proposition K (2014).

aj comment:

Contrary to "permanently affordable in perpetuity" the Development Agreement's Exhibit D 'AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM' states:

- 4. Affordability Restrictions.
- (a) Each Affordable Parcel will be subject to a recorded regulatory agreement approved by MOHCD to maintain affordability levels for the life of the Project or fifty-seven (57) years,

A cautionary tale for people to look into the future, 57 years from now: 'There's nowhere to go:' Peninsula tenants face eviction as rent control expires



https://www.smdailyjournal.com/news/local/affordable-rents-to-expire-at-foster-city-apartment-building/article_198deaa8-6024-11ea-9440-33aa98e33239.html
Principle #3: Help to alleviate City's undersupply of housing. Parameters:
 b. Create housing without compromising the quality of design or construction or outpacing needed transportation infrastructure.
aj comment: The Transit Mitigation Measures in the Development Agreement has 3 elements: 1) A boarding island for the southbound 43 Masonic at Frida Kahlo/Ocean-Geneva; 2) Signal timing changes at Ocean/Brighton with no westbound to southbound left turns, and protected EB to NB left turn phase;3) Signal timing changes at Ocean/Plymouth (?! shouldn't this be Lee?!!) with no

WB to SB left turns, and protected EB to NB left turn phase.

These 3 mitigation measures are token measures that are incommensurate with transit delay that will be caused by the 1,100-unit project. The limiting factor is the fact that the 1100-unit project will only have ingress/egress at Lee and at one location on Kahlo Way. Tinkering with signal changes and adding a boarding island will not be able to solve the inherent problem of the limited roadway access to a landlocked parcel.

TRANSPORTATION

Principle #1: Manage parking availability for onsite residents while managing parking to meet City College enrollment goals and coordinating with City parking policies for the surrounding neighborhoods.

c. Working with City College and the City, describe an appropriate parking and transportation demand management plan that accommodates all appropriate City College student and employee demand at full enrollment, including access to the City College's future Performing Arts and Education Center. The TDM plan (including assumptions such as data and projections) should be coordinated with City College and consistent with recommendations in the forthcoming Balboa Area TDM Plan. If expert analysis demonstrates that shared parking is a viable approach, explore accommodating City College affiliates and other non-residents in shared parking facilities (garages where the same parking spaces are utilized by residents during non-peak hours and accessible to all others, including City College students and employees at other times).

aj comment:

The Development Agreement does not conform with this Principle. The Development Agreement calls for an absolute maximum of 450 spaces, deliberately ignoring "full enrollment, including access to the...future PAEC." The Fehr & Peers CCSF TDM & Parking Plan--which accounts for PAEC--shows " there would be unserved demand for around 980 to 1,767 parking spaces."

PROJECT'S RELATIONSHIP TO CITY COLLEGE

Principle #3: In coordination with City College, design and implement the project's transportation program in such a way that also creates new sustainable transportation opportunities for City College students, faculty, and staff.

b. Working with City College and the City, develop an appropriate parking and TDM strategy that accommodates City College students and employees. If expert analysis demonstrates that shared parking is a viable approach, explore accommodating City College affiliates and other non-residents in shared parking facilities (garages where

the same parking spaces are utilized by residents during non-peak hours and accessible to all others, including City College students, faculty, and staff, at other times).

aj comment:

The Development Agreement does not conform with this Principle. The Development Agreement calls for an absolute maximum of 450 spaces. And if nobody had been looking at the fine print, the DA would only specify 220 spaces, based on a cherry-picked figure from the Fehr Peers TDM Study. Even the current 450 spaces deliberately ignores "full enrollment, including access to the...future PAEC."

The Fehr & Peers CCSF TDM & Parking Plan--which does account for PAEC-shows " there would be unserved demand for around 980 to 1,767 parking spaces."

c. Phase the project in such a way that changes to the current parking lot can occur gradually, allowing for incremental adaptations rather than the wholesale removal of all parking spaces at once.

aj comment:

The Development Agreement does not conform with Principle 3c. Exhibit J of the DA, "Transportation" states:

b. Interim Parking

During the initial site-wide grading phase of construction of the Project no publicly-available parking spaces will be provided.

Principle #4: To ensure that the Balboa Reservoir project is sensitive to City College's mission and operations, work with City College and its master planning consultants to ensure that the Balboa Reservoir site plan and City College's forthcoming new Facilities Master Plan are well coordinated and complementary.

b. Assume that City College's planned Performing Arts & Education Center, designed for City College property immediately to the east of the Balboa Reservoir site, will be built. Working with City College and the City, describe an appropriate parking and transportation demand management plan that accommodates access to the future Performing Arts and Education Center (see Transportation parameter 1c).

aj comment:

The Development Agreement does not conform with this Principle. The Development Agreement calls for an absolute maximum of 450 spaces. And if nobody had been looking at the fine print, the DA would only specify 220 spaces, based on a cherry-picked figure from the Fehr Peers TDM Study. Even

the current 450 spaces deliberately ignores "full enrollment, including access to the...future PAEC."

The Fehr & Peers CCSF TDM & Parking Plan--which does account for PAEC-shows " there would be unserved demand for around 980 to 1,767 parking spaces."

--Alvin Ja

From: a

To: Major, Erica (BOS); Wong, Linda (BOS); Board of Supervisors, (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS)

Cc: SNA BRC; Public Lands for Public Good; CCSF Collective; ccsfheat@gmail.com; Defend City College Alliance

Subject: Falllacy of "developer equity and project revenues" subsidizing affordable unit

Date: Wednesday, July 8, 2020 5:09:47 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Land Use & Transportation Committee, Budget & Finance Committee, BOS (Files 200422, 200423, 200635):

One of the key assumptions of the Balboa Reservoir Project is the concept of Public-Private Partnership in which market-rate housing would be subsidizing affordable housing.

However, this assumption that the citizenry would benefit substantially from the market-rate units helping to pay for the affordable units is not borne out by information contained in the Economic & Planning Systems, Inc's (EPS) 5/12/2020 Fiscal Feasibility Memo (p. 1247 of 2256-page

PDF <u>https://commissions.sfplanning.org/cpcpackets/2018-007883GPAPCAMAPDVA.pdf</u>).

Here is a simple summary drawn from the EPS Memo regarding who's actually paying for the affordable units:

Of the 550 affordable units:

- Developer pays for 234 units (\$72.5 Million) = 42.5% of 550 affordable units
- State of CA pays for 129 units (\$40 Million) = 23.5% of 550 affordable units
- City of SF pays for 187 units (\$44.7 Million) = 34.0% of 550 affordable units

So, of the 550 affordable units, 316 units (57.5%) will be paid for with public funds, and only 42.5% will be paid for from "developer equity and project revenues"!

Budget & Legislative Analyst Report, File 18-0163 (3/9/2018)

The Budget & Legislative Analyst's determination of feasibility and responsibility rested on the assumption that, associated with the 550 market-rate units, developer equity and revenue would subsidize 363 affordable units.

The March 2018 Budget & Legislative Analyst's Fiscal Feasibility & Responsibility Report assumes--incorrectly-- that the developer's 363 affordable units would be financed by "developer equity and project revenues."

This assumption is not borne out in fact, based on information contained in the 5/12/2020 EPS Memo.

"Key Points" of the Budget & Legislative Analyst Report's Executive Summary states:

Key Points

• The Balboa Reservoir is a 17-acre site adjacent to San Francisco City CollegeThe development is approximately 1,100 housing units, of which 50 percent would be market rate and 33 percent would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households, funded by developer equity and project revenues. The remaining 17 percent of housing units would be affordable housing, funded by City and other sources not yet identified.

Information provided by the 5/12/2020 EPS Memo shows that the assumption that the developer's 363 affordable units **will not** really be funded fully by developer equity and revenue. The reality is that the developer is expecting its 363 affordable units to be subsidized substantially with public funding.

The EPS Memo estimates that its 363 affordable units to cost \$112.5 Million.

Of the \$112.5 Million cost, the developer expects to pay \$72.5 Million, and State grants to pay \$40.0 Million. In other words, instead of the market-rate units subsidizing 363 units, the State of California will be subsidizing 36% of the developer's responsibility for 363 affordable units.

Of the 550 affordable units:

- Developer pays for 234 units (\$72.5 Million) = 42.5% of 550 affordable units @ \$310K/ unit
- State of CA pays for 129 units (\$40 Million) = 23.5% of 550 affordable units @ \$310K/ unit
- City of SF pays for 187 units (\$44.7 Million) = 34.0% of 550 affordable units @ \$239K/ unit

The Reservoir Project's reliance on \$40 Million in public funds to subsidize the developer's 363 units invalidates the the 3/2018 Budget Analyst determination because the Report's assumption of "developer equity and project revuenues" is untrue.

Do not approve the Reservoir Project.

Do not facilitate this Privatization Scam.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja, District 7 From: aj

To: <u>Major, Erica (BOS)</u>

Cc: Peskin, Aaron (BOS); Safai, Ahsha (BOS); Stefani, Catherine (BOS); Preston, Dean (BOS); Mar, Gordon (BOS);

RonenStaff (BOS); Haney, Matt (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); MandelmanStaff, [BOS]; Fewer, Sandra (BOS);

Walton, Shamann (BOS)

Subject: CORRECTED NUMBERS FOR "Fallacy of "developer equity and project revenues" subsidizing affordable units"

Date: Thursday, July 9, 2020 5:50:45 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Hi Erica.

I goofed on my previous submission. Here's the corrected version.

Sorry for the inconvenience!

--aj

Supervisors:

Here are **corrected numbers** for my 7/8/2020 submission of "Fallacy of 'developer equity and project revenues' subsidizing affordable units."

I had omitted `\$39.5 Million of CA funds that is expected to subsidize the developer's 363 affordable units. The \$39.5M will come from CA Statewide Park Program and CA Infill Infrastructure Grant Program.

The corrected numbers show the following breakdown:

Of the 550 affordable units:

- Developer pays for 106 units (\$72.5M- \$39.5M= \$33.0 Million) = 19.3% of 550 affordable units
- State of CA pays for 257 units (\$79.5 Million) = 46.7% of 550 affordable units
- City of SF pays for 187 units (\$44.7 Million) = 34.0% of 550 affordable units

aj
Sorry for the error!

Land Use & Transportation Committee, Budget & Finance Committee, BOS (Files 200422, 200423, 200635):

One of the key assumptions of the Balboa Reservoir Project is the concept of Public-Private Partnership in which market-rate housing would be subsidizing affordable

housing.

However, this assumption that the citizenry would benefit substantially from the market-rate units helping to pay for the affordable units is not borne out by information contained in the Economic & Planning Systems, Inc's (EPS) 5/12/2020 Fiscal Feasibility Memo (p. 1247 of 2256-page PDF https://commissions.stplanning.org/cpcpackets/2018-007883GPAPCAMAPDVA.pdf).

Here is a simple summary drawn from the EPS Memo regarding who's actually paying for the affordable units:

Of the 550 affordable units:

- Developer pays for 106 units (\$72.5M- \$39.5M= \$33.0 Million) = 19.3% of 550 affordable units
- State of CA pays for 257 units (\$79.5 Million) = 46.7% of 550 affordable units
- City of SF pays for 187 units (\$44.7 Million) = 34.0% of 550 affordable units

So, of the 550 affordable units, **444** units (**80.7**%) will be paid for with public funds, and only **19.3**% will be paid for from "developer equity and project revenues"!

Budget & Legislative Analyst Report, File 18-0163 (3/9/2018)

The Budget & Legislative Analyst's determination of feasibility and responsibility rested on the assumption that, associated with the 550 market-rate units, developer equity and revenue would subsidize 363 affordable units.

The March 2018 Budget & Legislative Analyst's Fiscal Feasibility & Responsibility Report assumes--incorrectly-- that the developer's 363 affordable units would be financed by "developer equity and project revenues."

This assumption is not borne out in fact, based on information contained in the 5/12/2020 EPS Memo.

"Key Points" of the Budget & Legislative Analyst Report's Executive Summary states:

Key Points

• The Balboa Reservoir is a 17-acre site adjacent to San Francisco City CollegeThe development is approximately 1,100 housing units, of which 50 percent would be market rate and 33 percent would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households, funded by developer equity and project revenues. The remaining 17 percent of housing units would be affordable housing, funded by City and other sources not yet identified.

Information provided by the 5/12/2020 EPS Memo shows that the assumption that the developer's 363 affordable units **will not** really be funded fully by developer equity and revenue. The reality is that the developer is expecting its 363 affordable units to be subsidized substantially with public funding.

The EPS Memo estimates that its 363 affordable units to cost \$112.5 Million.

Of the \$112.5 Million cost, the developer expects to pay \$33.0 Million (\$72.5M less \$39.5M from CA Statewide Park Program & CA Infill Infrastructure Program), and for (MHP & AHSC) State grants to pay \$40.0 Million.

In other words, instead of the market-rate units subsidizing 363 units, the State of California will be subsidizing **70.7**% of the developer's responsibility for 363 affordable units.

Of the 550 affordable units:

- Developer pays for 106 units (\$33.0 Million) = 19.3% of 550 affordable units @ \$310K/ unit
- State of CA pays for 257 units (\$79.5 Million) = 46.7% of 550 affordable units
 @ \$310K/ unit
- City of SF pays for 187 units (\$44.7 Million) = 34.0% of 550 affordable units @ \$239K/ unit

The Reservoir Project's reliance on \$79.5 Million in public funds to subsidize 70.7% of the developer's 363 units invalidates the 3/2018 Budget Analyst determination of fiscal feasibility and responsibility because the Report's assumption of "developer equity and project revuenues" is untrue.

Do not approve the Reservoir Project.

Do not facilitate this Privatization Scam.

Sincerely, Alvin Ja, District 7

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
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Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Sent via U.S. Postal Service

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Land Use and Transportation Committee of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a remote public hearing to consider the following matters and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

Date: July 27, 2020

Time: 1:30 p.m.

Location: REMOTE MEETING VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE

Watch: www.sfgovtv.org

Watch: SF Cable Channel 26 once the meeting starts, the telephone

number and access code will be displayed on the screen.

Public Comment Call-In: https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call

Subject: Balboa Reservoir Project

File No. 200635. Ordinance amending the General Plan to revise the Balboa Park Station Area Plan, the Recreation and Open Space Element, and the Land Use Index, to reflect the Balboa Reservoir Project; amending the Housing Element in regard to the design of housing for families with children; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making public necessity, convenience, and general welfare findings under Planning Code, Section 340.

File No. 200422. Ordinance amending the Planning Code and Zoning Map to create the Balboa Reservoir Special Use District and rezone the Balboa Reservoir west basin project site generally bounded by the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus to the east, Archbishop Riordan High School to the north, the Westwood Park neighborhood to the west, and a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission parcel containing a water pipeline running parallel to a mixed-use multifamily residential development along Ocean Avenue to the south; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency under the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Budget and Finance Committee of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a remote public hearing to consider the following matters and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

Date: July 29, 2020

Time: 10:30 a.m.

Location: REMOTE MEETING VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE

Watch: www.sfgovtv.org

Watch: SF Cable Channel 26 once the meeting starts, the telephone

number and access code will be displayed on the screen.

Public Comment Call-In: https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call

Subject: Balboa Reservoir Project

File No. 200423. Ordinance approving a Development Agreement between the City and County of San Francisco and Reservoir Community Partners, LLC, for the Balboa Reservoir Project (at the approximately 17.6-acre site located generally north of the Ocean Avenue commercial district, west of the City College of San Francisco Ocean Campus, east of the Westwood Park neighborhood, and south of Archbishop Riordan High School), with various public benefits, including 50% affordable housing and approximately 4 acres of publicly accessible parks and open space; making findings under the California Environmental Quality Act, findings of conformity with the General Plan, and with the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1(b), and findings of public convenience, necessity, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302; approving development impact fees and waiving any conflicting provision in Planning Code, Article 4, or Administrative Code, Article 10; confirming compliance with or waiving certain provisions of Administrative Code, Section 6.22 and Chapters 14B, 23, 41B, 56, 82, and 83, Planning Code, Sections 169, 138.1, and 414A, 415, and 422, Public Works Code, Section 806(d), Subdivision Code, Section 1348, and Health Code, Article 12C; and ratifying certain actions taken in connection therewith.

File No. 200740. Resolution approving and authorizing the execution of an Agreement for Sale of Real Estate for the conveyance by the City, acting through the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission, to Reservoir Community Partners, LLC of approximately 16.4 acres of real property in Assessor's Parcel Block No. 3180, Lot 190, located near Ocean Avenue and Frida Kahlo Way, San Francisco, California for \$11.4 million; adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act; adopting findings that the conveyance is consistent with the General Plan and the priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1; authorizing the Director of Property and/or the SFPUC's General Manager to execute the Agreement for Sale of Real Estate and related documents for the sale of the property, including an Open Space License, Promissory Note, Deed of Trust, Amended and Restated Easement Agreement and Deed, Declaration of Restrictions, and Recognition Agreement; and authorizing the Director of Property and/or the SFPUC's General Manager to make certain modifications, and take certain actions in furtherance of this Resolution.

On March 17, 2020, the Board of Supervisors authorized their Board and Committee meetings to convene remotely and allow for remote public comment due to the Coronavirus -19 pandemic. Therefore, Board of Supervisors meetings that are held through videoconferencing will allow remote public comment. Visit the SFGovTV website (www.sfgovtv.org) to stream the live meetings or watch them on demand.

PUBLIC COMMENT CALL-IN

WATCH: SF Cable Channel 26, once the meeting starts, and the telephone number and access code will be displayed on the screen; or

VISIT: https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call

Please visit the Board's website (https://sfbos.org/city-board-response-covid-19) regularly to be updated on the City's response to COVID-19 and how the legislative process may be impacted.

In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearings on these matters may submit written comments prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made as part of the official public record in these matters and shall be brought to the attention of the Board of Supervisors. Written comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA, 94102 or sent via email (board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org). Information relating to these matters are available in the Office of the Clerk of the Board or the Board of Supervisors' Legislative Research Center (https://sfbos.org/legislative-research-center-lrc). Agenda information relating to these matters will be available for public review on Friday, July 24, 2020.

For any questions about these hearings, please contact the Assistant Clerk for the Land Use and Transportation Committee and/or the Assistant Clerk for the Budget and Finance Committee:

Erica Major (<u>Erica.Major@sfgov.org</u> – (415) 554-4441) Linda Wong (<u>Linda.Wong@sfgov.org</u> – (415) 554-7719)

Please Note: The Department is open for business, but employees are working from home. Please allow 48 hours for us to return your call or email.

Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco **Print Form**

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): ✓ 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment). 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. 4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor inquiries" 5. City Attorney Request. from Committee. 6. Call File No. 7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No. 9. Reactivate File No. 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission Ethics Commission **Building Inspection Commission ◯** Planning Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form. Sponsor(s): Supervisor Yee Subject: Planning Code and Zoning Map - Balboa Reservoir Special Use District The text is listed: See attached.

Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: /s/Norman Yee

For Clerk's Use Only