File No	_200270	Committee Item No	4	
		Board Item No.		

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee:	Land Use and Transportation Committee Date July 27, 2020
	pervisors Meeting Date
	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analyst Report Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 – Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Public Correspondence
OTHER	(Use back side if additional space is needed)
	Housing Balance Rpt 10 040120
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Completed b	oy: <u>Erica Major</u> <u>Date</u> <u>July 22, 2020</u> ov: Erica Maior <u>Date</u>

[Bi-Annual Housing Balance Report No. 10]

Resolution receiving and approving the bi-annual Housing Balance Report No. 10, dated April 1, 2020, submitted as required by Planning Code, Section 103.

WHEREAS, On April 21, 2015, the Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance No. 53-15 amending the Planning Code to include a new Section 103 requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the Housing Balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing production; and

WHEREAS, Planning Code, Section 103, requires that bi-annual reports to be submitted to the Board of Supervisors by April 1, and October 1, of each year and will also be published on a visible and accessible page on the Planning Department's website; and

WHEREAS, The stated purpose of the Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting requirements are: a) to maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing Citywide and within neighborhoods; b) to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types; c) to preserve the mixed-income character of the City and its neighborhoods; d) to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single room occupancy hotel units; e) to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes; f) to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled communities; g) to ensure data on meeting affordable housing targets Citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development; and h) to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals; and

WHEREAS, In November 2014, San Francisco voters endorsed Proposition K, which set a goal of 33% of all new housing to be affordable to extremely low to moderate income households, the Housing Balance Report tracks performance towards meeting the goals set forth by Proposition K and the City's Housing Element; and

WHEREAS, The Planning Department submitted on April 1, 2020, for the Board's receipt and approval, the bi-annual Housing Balance Report covering the ten-year calendar period from January 1, 2010, through December 31, 2019, as required by Planning Code, Section 103; and

WHEREAS, The bi-annual report is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200270, and is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby receives and approves the bi-annual Housing Balance Report No. 10 submitted by the Planning Department.

MEMO

Notice of Electronic Transmittal

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax:

415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

Planning Department Report Housing Balance Report No. 10 9 March 2020

DATE:

9 March 2020

TO:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

FROM:

Rich Hillis, Director – Planning Department (415) 558-6411

Josh Switzky, Planning Department (415) 575-6815 Michelle Littlefield, Planning Department (415) 558-6251 Svetha Ambati, Planning Department (415) 575-9183

RE:

Housing Balance Report No. 10

HEARING DATE:

To be arranged. Informational item.

In compliance with San Francisco's Administrative Code Section 8.12.5 "Electronic Distribution of Multi-Page Documents," the Planning Department has attached the *Housing Balance Report No.* 10 in digital format.

A hard copy of this document is available from the Clerk of the Board.

Digital copies are also available on the Planning Department's web site from this link: https://sfplanning.org/housing-balance-report.



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MEMO

9 March 2020

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: 415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

Board of Supervisors 1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett Pl #244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors,

We are pleased to publish the tenth installment of the City's *Housing Balance Report*. This report covers the ten-year period from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2019.

The *Housing Balance Report* serves to monitor and report on the balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing production in order to inform the approval process for new housing development. The Housing Balance is defined as the proportion of all new affordable housing units to the total number of all new housing units for the 10-year Housing Balance Reporting Period.

Attached please find the City's Housing Balance Report No. 10.

ŞirAerely,

Rich Hillis

Director of Planning

Attachment: HousingBalance10_BOS.pdf



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MEMO

DATE:

9 March 2020

TO:

Honorable Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors

FROM:

Rich Hillis, Director of Planning

RE:

HOUSING BALANCE REPORT No. 10

1 January 2010 – 31 December 2019

STAFF CONTACT:

Svetha Ambati, (415) 575-9183

REVIEWED BY:

Michelle Littlefield, Data and Analytics Manager Joshua Switzky, Land Use & Community Planning

Program Manager

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

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SUMMARY

This report is submitted in compliance with Ordinance No. 53-15 requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the housing balance between new market rate and new affordable housing production. One of the stated purposes of the Housing Balance is "to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets Citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development." This report is the tenth in the series and covers the ten-year period from 1 January 2010 through 31 December 2019. The report is published twice annually in April and October.

The ordinance defines the "Housing Balance" as the proportion of all new affordable housing units to the total number of all new housing units for a 10-year "Housing Balance Period", accounting for any loss of units removed from "protected status." In addition, the reporting must include a calculation of "Projected Housing Balance" which is focused exclusively on forward-looking housing production and includes residential projects that have received approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, including projects under construction, permitted for construction, and those entitled but that have not yet received permits to commence construction.

In the 2010 Q1 -2019 Q4 Housing Balance Period, the Cumulative Housing Balance is 21.5%, which is higher than the previous period (20.5% for 2009Q3 – 2019 Q2). The expanded Citywide Cumulative Housing Balance is 28.6%, although this varies by Supervisor district. Distribution of the expanded Cumulative Housing Balance over the 11 Board of Supervisor Districts ranges from -178% (District 4) to 68% (District 5). This variation, especially with negative housing balances, is due to the larger number of units permanently withdrawn from

¹ Units under "protected status" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance.

rent control protection relative to the number of total net new units and net affordable units built in those districts.

The Projected Housing Balance Citywide is 22.7%, which is slightly higher than the previous 10-year period. The ordinance specifically directs the exclusion of master planned multi-phase development projects from the projected housing balance calculations until site permits are obtained. In addition to three named projects in the ordinance (Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island, Candlestick Point/Hunters Point Shipyard, and Parkmerced), another six master planned development projects were identified for exclusion as well: Pier 70, HopeSF (Potrero and Sunnydale), India Basin, Schlage Lock, and Mission Rock. Remaining phases from all eight projects will yield an additional 31,520 net new units, of which 23% (or about 7,101 units) would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

The Projected Housing Balance methodology as required by the ordinance is not necessarily an accurate predictor of current or future affordable housing production as it does not account for the expected (but not yet entitled or permitted) affordable housing projects with funding either in hand or expected by the City. Examples of these projects include those funded through inclusionary fees paid by housing projects otherwise included in the Balance calculation, jobshousing linkage fees paid by commercial development, voter-approved bonds, and other sources of funding. For the past ten years, affordable housing production has accounted for 26% of overall production. As of 2019 Q4, 25% of units that have received approved permits from DBI or are currently under construction will be affordable.

BACKGROUND

On 21 April 2015, the Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance No. 53-15 amending the *Planning Code* to include a new *Section 103* requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the Housing Balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing production. The *Housing Balance Report* will be submitted bi-annually by April 1 and October 1 of each year and will also be published on a visible and accessible page on the Planning Department's website. *Planning Code Section 103* also requires an annual hearing at the Board of Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with the City's housing production goals. (See *Appendix A* for complete text of Ordinance No. 53-15.) This hearing typically accompanies the April report.

The stated purposes for the Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting are: a) to maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing Citywide and within neighborhoods; b) to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types; c) to preserve the mixed-income character of the City and its neighborhoods; d) to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room occupancy hotel units; e) to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes; f) to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled communities; g) to ensure that data on meeting

affordable housing targets Citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development; and h) to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals.

Housing production targets adopted by the state and the Association of Bay Area Governments, and reflected in the City's *Housing Element*, last adopted in April 2015, calls for a minimum of 28,870 new units to be built in San Francisco between 2015 and 2022, including a minimum of 16,333 affordable units (57%² of the total). As mandated by law, the City provides the State Department of Housing and Community Development an annual progress report.³ In addition, in November 2014, San Francisco's voters endorsed Proposition K, which set as city policy a goal to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020, at least 33% of which will be affordable to low- and moderate-income households. ⁴ While the *Housing Balance Report* is intended to supplement analysis towards adopted City housing goals, the report and its calculations do not specifically track performance toward meeting goals set by the City's *Housing Element/RHNA* and Proposition K and are not comparable because the metrics and methodologies differ.

This *Housing Balance Report* was prepared from data gathered from other published sources including the Planning Department's annual *Housing Inventory* and quarterly *Pipeline Report* data, San Francisco Rent Board data, and data from the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development.

² The Ordinance inaccurately stated that "22% of new housing demands to be affordable to households of moderate means"; San Francisco's Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) allocation for moderate income households is 19% of total production goals.

³ Printed annual progress reports submitted by all California jurisdictions can be accessed here – http://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/housing-element/annual-progress-reports/index.php .-- or by calling HCD at 916-263-2911 for the latest reports as many jurisdictions now file reports online.

⁴ For tracking of the Prop K affordable housing goal, see https://sfmohcd.org.

CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE CALCULATION

Planning Code Section 103 calls for the Housing Balance "be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low, and moderate income affordable housing (all units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within the Housing Balance Period." The ordinance requires that the "Cumulative Housing Balance" be provided using two calculations: a) one consisting of net housing built within a 10 year Housing Balance period, less units withdrawn from protected status, plus net units in projects that have received both approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department and site permits from the Department of Building Inspection, and b) the addition of net units gained through acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable units, HOPE SF and RAD units⁵. "Protected units" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance.

Additional elements that figure into the Housing Balance include completed HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement, substantially rehabilitated units, and single-room occupancy hotel units (SROs). The equation below shows the second, expanded calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance.

[Net New Affordable Housing +
Completed Acquisitions & Rehabs + Completed
HOPE SF + RAD Public Housing Replacement +
Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units]
- [Units Removed from Protected Status]

EXPANDED CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE

[Net New Housing Built + Net Entitled & Permitted Units]

The first "Housing Balance Period" is a ten-year period starting with the first quarter of 2005 through the last quarter of 2014. Subsequent housing balance reports will cover the 10 years preceding the most recent quarter. This report covers January 2010 (Q1) through December 2019 (Q4).

4

⁵ HOPESF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Program units are deed-restricted affordable units that have been acquired and rehabilitated.

Table 1A below shows the Cumulative Housing Balance for 10-year 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4 period is 21.5% Citywide. With the addition of RAD units, the expanded Cumulative Housing Balance is 28.6%. The expanded Cumulative Housing Balance for the previous 10-year 2009 Q3 – 2019 Q2 period was slightly lower at 27.4%. In 2016, the Board of Supervisors revised the ordinance to include Owner Move-Ins (OMIs) 6 in the "Units Removed from Protected Status" section of the Housing Balance calculation. Although OMIs were not specifically called out by in the original Ordinance in the calculation of the Housing Balance, these were included in earlier reports because this type of no-fault eviction results in the loss of rent controlled units either permanently or for a period of time.

Table 1A
Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

BoS Districts	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions & Rehabs and Small Sites Completed	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
BoS District 1	234	21	(456)		416	278	-29.0%
BoS District 2	99	25	(277)	· 29	982	365	-9.2%
BoS District 3	257	112	(273)	244	1,027	504	22.2%
BoS District 4	26	-	(449)	10	64	168	-178.0%
BoS District 5	763	710	(311)	97	1,613	1,446	41.2%
BoS District 6	3,280	1,462	(141)	2,116	15,118	10,008	26.7%
BoS District 7	124	-	(219)	ı	555	1,118	-5.7%
BoS District 8	325	74	(577)	27	1,465	413	-8.0%
BoS District 9	209	196	(600)	800	947	1,943	20.9%
BoS District 10	1,723	-	(274)	1,362	5,663	4,530	27.6%
BoS District 11	41	21	(374)	131	160	415	-31.5%
TOTALS	7,081	2,621	(3,951)	4,816	28,010	21,188	21.5%

⁶ Owner Move-In (OMI) Evictions occur when a landlord or property owner recovers possession of a rental unit for the occupancy of the owner or relative of the owner for use as their principal residence for a period of at least 36 continuous months. This information is collected from the Rent Board.

Table 1B below shows the Expanded Cumulative Housing Balances for Board of Supervisor Districts ranging from -178% (District 4) to 68% (District 5). Negative balances in Districts 1 (-8.2%), 4 (-178%), and 11 (-32%) resulted from the larger numbers of units removed from protected status relative to the net new affordable housing and net new housing units built in those districts.

Table 1B
Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

BoS Districts	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions & Rehabs and Small Sites Completed	RAD Program and Hope SF Replacement Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
BoS District 1	234	21	144	(456)	-	416	278	-8.2%
BoS District 2	99	25	251	(277)	29	982	365	9.4%
BoS District 3	257	112	576	(273)	244	1,027	504	59.8%
BoS District 4	26	-	-	(449)	10	64	168	-178.0%
BoS District 5	763	710	806	(311)	97	1,613	1,446	67.5%
BoS District 6	3,280	1,462	560	(141)	2,116	15,118	10,008	29.0%
BoS District 7	124	-	109	(219)	_	555	1,118	0.8%
BoS District 8	325	74	330	(577)	27	1,465	413	9.5%
BoS District 9	209	196	268	(600)	800	947	1,943	30.2%
BoS District 10	1,723	-	436	(274)	1,362	5,663	4,530	31.9%
BoS District 11	41	21	-	(374)	131	160	415	-31.5%
TOTALS	7,081	2,621	3,480	(3,951)	4,816	28,010	21,188	28.6%

PROJECTED HOUSING BALANCE

Table 2 below summarizes residential projects that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department, have received an approved building permit from the Department of Building Inspection (DBI), or are currently under construction. Table 2 is the summary of Tables 3 and 4, thus providing a projected housing balance that includes any residential project that has received approval from the Planning Commission and Planning Department, as required by the ordinance.

Overall projected housing balance at the end of 2019 Q4 is 22.7%; for the previous 10-year reporting period, this projected balance was 24%. The projected balance is also expected to change as several major projects have yet to declare how their affordable housing requirements will be met. In addition, nine entitled major development projects – Treasure Island, Parkmerced, Candlestick Point/Hunters Point, Pier 70, HopeSF (Potrero and Sunnydale), India Basin, Schlage

Lock, and Mission Rock – are not included in the accounting until applications for building permits are filed or issued as specified in the ordinance. Remaining phases from these projects will yield an additional 31,520 net new units; 23% (or about 7,101 units) would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

As established by the ordinance, the Projected Housing Balance also does not account for affordable housing units that will be produced with current and future affordable housing funding (e.g. Inclusionary Housing Fee, Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee, bond funds), including funds owed or already paid by projects in a given reporting cycle. Those affordable housing units are produced several years after the fee is collected. Units produced through the fee typically serve lower income households than do the inclusionary units, including special needs populations requiring services, such as seniors, transitional aged youth, families, and veterans.

Table 2
Projected Housing Balance (Entitled, Permitted, and Under Construction Units), 2019 Q4

BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS District 1	-	_	-	••	***	278	0.0%
BoS District 2	-	-	6	23	29	365	7.9%
BoS District 3	-	10	-	234	244	504	48.4%
BoS District 4	-	-	10	-	10	168	6.0%
BoS District 5	-	22	58	17	97	1,446	6.7%
BoS District 6	-	578	327	1,211	2,116	10,008	21.1%
BoS District 7	-	-	-	-	-	1,118	0.0%
BoS District 8	-	-	25	2	27	413	6.5%
BoS District 9	94	563	56	87	800	1,943	41.2%
BoS District 10	-	335	63	964	1,362	4,530	30.1%
BoS District 11	_	-	-	131	131	415	0.0%
TOTALS	94	1,508	545	2,669	4,816	21,188	22.7%

Permitted and Under Construction Units

Table 3 below lists the number of units that have received approved building permits or are currently under construction in 2019 Q4.

Fifty percent of these units will be built in or are currently being built in District 6. Another 18 percent will be built in or are currently being built in District 10. Twenty-five percent of units that have received approved permits from DBI or are currently under construction will be affordable.

Table 3
Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, 2019 Q4

BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS District 1		-	-		-	274	0.0%
BoS District 2		-	6	23	29	315	9.2%
BoS District 3		10	-	234	244	477	51.2%
BoS District 4			7	-	7	156	4.5%
BoS District 5		22	58	. 8	88	1,078	8.2%
BoS District 6		520	302	1,098	1,920	8,521	22.5%
BoS District 7		-	_	·	-	1,117	0.0%
BoS District 8		-	22	-	22	373	5.9%
BoS District 9	94	563	37	86	780	1,685	46.3%
BoS District 10		322	63	701	1,086	3,126	34.7%
BoS District 11		_	-	131	131	415	0.0%
TOTALS	94	1,437	495	2,281	4,307	17,537	24.6%

Entitled Units

Table 4 below lists the number of units that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department in 2019 Q4. Nine entitled major development projects – Treasure Island, ParkMerced, Candlestick Point/Hunters Point, Pier 70, HopeSF (Potrero and Sunnydale), India Basin, Schlage Lock, and Mission Rock – are not included in the accounting as specified in the ordinance.

Forty-one percent of these units will be built in District 6. Fourteen percent of units that have received Planning entitlements will be affordable.

Table 4
Entitled Units without a Building Permit Issued, 2019 Q4

BoS District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS District 1	-	-	-	-	-	4	0.0%
BoS District 2	-	-	-	-	=	50	0.0%
BoS District 3	-	-			_	27	0.0%
BoS District 4	-	-	3	-	3	12	25.0%
BoS District 5		-	Ξ,	. 9	9	368	2.4%
BoS District 6	_	58	25	113	196	1,487	13.2%
BoS District 7	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.0%
BoS District 8	-	-	3	2	5	40	12.5%
BoS District 9	-	-	19	1	20	258	7.8%
BoS District 10	-	13	-	263	276	1,404	19.7%
BoS District 11		1	-	-	+	-	-
TOTALS	-	71	50	388	509	3,651	13.9%

CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE ELEMENTS

Because the scope covered by the Housing Balance calculation is broad, each element – or group of elements – will be discussed separately. The body of this report will account for figures at the Board of Supervisor district level. The breakdown of each element using the Planning Department District geographies, as required by *Section 103*, is provided separately in *Appendix B*. This is to ensure simple and uncluttered tables in the main body of the report.

Affordable Housing and Net New Housing Production

Table 5 below shows housing production between 2010 Q1 and 2019 Q4. This ten-year period resulted in a net addition of over 28,000 units to the City's housing stock, including 7,081 affordable units (or approximately 25%). Most of the net new housing units and affordable units built in the ten-year reporting period were in District 6 (15,118 and 3,280 respectively). District 10 follows with over 5,660 net new units, including 1,723 affordable units.

The table below also shows that approximately 25% of net new units built between 2010 Q1 and 2019 Q4 were affordable units. Over half (54%) of the affordable units built during that period were in District 6.

Table 5
New Housing Production by Affordability, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4⁷

BoS District	Very Low	Low	Moderate	Middle	Total Affordable Units	Total Net Units	Affordable Units as % of Total Net Units
BoS District 1	170	-	64	-	234	416	56.3%
BoS District 2	-	-	99	1	99	982	10.1%
BoS District 3	178	2	77	1	257	1,027	25.0%
BoS District 4	-	_	26	ı	26	64	40.6%
BoS District 5	335	290	138	-	763	1,613	47.3%
BoS District 6	1,391	1,529	337	23	3,280	15,118	21.7%
BoS District 7	70	29	25	1	124	555	22.3%
BoS District 8	117	99	109	-	325	1,465	22.2%
BoS District 9	93	40	76	-	209	947	22.1%
BoS District 10	936	605	182	-	1,723	5,663	30.4%
BoS District 11	_	2	39	-	41	160	25.6%
TOTAL	3,290	2,596	1,172	23	7,081	28,010	25.3%

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

⁷ It should be noted that units affordable to Extremely Very Low Income (EVLI) households are included under the Very Low Income (VLI) category because certain projects that benefit homeless individuals and families – groups considered as EVLI – have income eligibility caps at the VLI level.

Acquisition and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing Units

Table 6 below lists the number of units that have been rehabilitated and/or acquired between 2010 Q1 and 2019 Q4 to ensure permanent affordability. These are mostly single-room occupancy hotel units that are affordable to extremely very low and very low-income households.

Table 6a
Acquisitions and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

BoS District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
BoS District 2	1	25
BoS District 3	2	88
BoS District 5	5	690
BoS District 6	14	1,405
BoS District 8	1	40
BoS District 9	3	64
TOTALS	26	2,312

Small Sites Program

The San Francisco Small Sites Program (SSP) is an initiative of the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD) to acquire small rent-controlled buildings (with four to 25 units) where tenants are at risk of eviction through the Ellis Act 8 or owner move-ins. Since its inception in 2014, some 38 buildings with 309 units have been acquired.

Table 6b Small Sites Program, 2014-2019 Q4

BoS District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
BoS District 1	2	21
Bos District 3	2	24
BoS District 5	3	20
BoS District 6	5	57
BoS District 8	7	34
BoS District 9	18	132
BoS District 11	1	21
TOTALS	38	309

⁸ Ellis Act evictions occur when a landlord withdraws the rental unit from the residential rental housing market.

RAD Program

The San Francisco Housing Authority's Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program preserves at risk public and assisted housing projects. According to the Mayor's Office, RAD Phase I transferred 1,425 units to developers in December 2015. An additional 2,055 units were transferred as Phase II in 2016.

Table 7
RAD Affordable Units, 2015-2019 Q4

BoS District	No of Buildings	No of Units
BoS District 1	2	144
BoS District 2	3	251
BoS District 3	4	576
BoS District 5	6	806
BoS District 6	4	560
BoS District 7	1	109
BoS District 8	4	330
BoS District 9	2	268
BoS District 10	2	436
BoS District 11	-	-
TOTALS	28	3,480

Units Removed From Protected Status

San Francisco's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance protects tenants and preserves affordability of about 175,000 rental units by limiting annual rent increases. Landlords can, however, terminate tenants' leases through no-fault evictions including condo conversion, owner move-in, Ellis Act, demolition, and other reasons that are not the tenants' fault. The Housing Balance calculation takes into account units permanently withdrawn from rent stabilization as loss of affordable housing. The following no-fault evictions affect the supply of rent controlled units by removing units from the rental market: condo conversion, demolition, Ellis Act, and owner move-ins (OMIs). It should be noted that initially, OMIs were not specifically called out by the Ordinance to be included in the calculation. However, because owner move-ins have the effect of the losing rent controlled units either permanently or for a substantial period of time, these numbers are included in the Housing Balance calculation as intended by the legislation's sponsors. Some of these OMI units may return to being rentals and will still fall under the rent control ordinance. On 14 November 2016, the Board of Supervisors amended Planning Code Section 103 to include OMIs as part of the housing balance calculation.

Table 8 below shows the distribution of no-fault eviction notices issued between January 2010 and December 2019. Eviction notices have been commonly used as proxy for evictions. Owner Move-In and Ellis Act notices made up most of no-fault evictions (60% and 29% respectively). Distribution of these no-fault eviction notices is almost evenly dispersed, with Districts 9 and 8 leading (each at approximately 15% of the total units removed from protected status).

Table 8
Units Removed from Protected Status, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

BoS District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	Units Removed from Protected Status
BoS District 1	2	20	126	308	456
BoS District 2	18	9	71	179	277
BoS District 3	6	7	150	110	273
BoS District 4	-	69	76	304	449
BoS District 5	16	12	73	210	311
BoS District 6	-	75	55	11	141
BoS District 7	_	28	55	136	219
BoS District 8	26	26	211	314	577
BoS District 9	8	43	226	323	600
BoS District 10	2	26	47	199	274
BoS District 11	<u>-</u>	59	56	259	374
TOTALS	78	374	1,146	2,353	3,951

PERIODIC REPORTING AND ONLINE ACCESS

This report complies with the *Planning Code Section 103* requirement that the Planning Department publish and update the *Housing Balance Report* bi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. *Housing Balance Reports* are available online, as mandated by the ordinance, by going to this link: https://sfplanning.org/housing-balance-report.

ANNUAL HEARING

An annual hearing on the Housing Balance before the Board of Supervisors will be scheduled by April 1 of each year. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, the Department of Building Inspection, and the City Economist will present strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing balance consistent with the City's housing goals at this annual hearing. The ordinance also requires that MOHCD will determine the amount of funding needed to bring the City into the required minimum 33% should the cumulative housing balance fall below that threshold.

APPENDIX A Ordinance 53-15

AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 4/6/15 FILE NO. 150029 ORDINANCE NO. 53-15 [Planning Code - City Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting] 2 Ordinance amending the Planning Code to require the Planning Department to monitor 3 4 the balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing, and publish 5 a bi-annual Housing Balance Report; requiring an annual hearing at the Board of 6 Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals; and making 7 8 environmental findings, Planning Code, Section 302 findings, and findings of 9 consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, 10 Section 101.1. 11 NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font. Additions to Codes are in single-underline italies Times New Roman font. Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italies Times New Roman font. 12 Board amendment additions are in double underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code 13 14 subsections or parts of tables. 15 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: 16 17 18 Section 1, Findings. (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this 19 20 ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of 21 Supervisors in File No. 150029 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board of 22 23 Supervisors affirms this determination. (b) On March 19, 2015, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 19337, adopted 24 25 findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the

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adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 150029, and is incorporated herein by reference.

(c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that this Planning Code Amendment will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 150029 and the Board incorporates such reasons herein by reference.

Section 2. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding new Section 103 to read as follows:

SEC. 103. HOUSING BALANCE MONITORING AND REPORTING.

(a) Purposes. To maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing Citywide and within neighborhoods, to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types, to preserve the mixed income character of the City and its neighborhoods, to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room-occupancy hotel units, to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes, to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled community, to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets City-wide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development, and to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals, there is hereby established a requirement, as detailed in this Section 103, to monitor and regularly report on the housing balance between market rate housing and affordable housing.

(b) Findings.

(1) In November 2014, the City voters enacted Proposition K, which established City policy to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020. More than 50% of this housing would be affordable for middle-class households, with at least 33% affordable for low- and moderate-

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income households, and the City is expected to develop strategies to achieve that goal. This section

103 sets forth a method to track performance toward the City's Housing Element goals and the nearterm Proposition K goal that 33% of all new housing shall be affordable housing, as defined herein.

(2) The City's rent stabilized and permanently affordable housing stock serves very low-, low-, and moderate-income families, long-time residents, elderly seniors, disabled persons and others. The City seeks to achieve and maintain an appropriate balance between market rate housing and affordable housing City-wide and within neighborhoods because the availability of decent housing and a suitable living environment for every San Franciscan is of vital importance. Attainment of the City's housing goals requires the cooperative participation of government and the private sector to expand housing apportunities to accommodate housing needs for San Franciscans at all economic levels and to respond to the unique needs of each neighborhood where housing will be located.

(3) For tenants in unsubsidized housing, affordability is often preserved by the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance's limitations on the size of allowable rent increases during a tenancy. As documented in the Budget and Legislative Analyst's October 2013 Policy Analysis Report on Tenant Displacement, San Francisco is experiencing a rise in units withdrawn from rent controls. Such rises often accompany periods of sharp increases in property values and housing prices. From 1998 through 2013, the Rent Board reported a total of 13,027 no-fault evictions (i.e., evictions in which the tenant had not violated any lease terms, but the owner sought to regain possession of the unit). Total evictions of all types have increased by 38,2% from Rent Board Year (i.e. from March through February) 2010 to Rent Board Year 2013. During the same period, Ellis Act evictions far outpaced other evictions, increasing by 169,8% from 43 in Rent Board Year 2010 to 116 in Rent Board Year 2013. These numbers do not capture the large number of owner buyouts of tenants, which contribute further to the loss of rent-stabilized units from the housing market. Any fair assessment of the affordable housing balance must incorporate into the calculation units withdrawn from rent stabilization.

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(4) Pursuant to Government Code Section 65584, the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG), in coordination with the California State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), determines the Bay Area's regional housing need based on regional trends, projected job growth, and existing needs. The regional housing needs assessment (RHNA) determination includes production targets addressing housing needs of a range of household income categories. For the RHNA period covering 2015 through 2022, ABAG has projected that at least 38% of new housing demands for San Francisco will be from very low and low income households (households earning under 80% of area median income), and another 22% of new housing demands to be affordable to households of moderate means (earning between 80% and 120% of area median income). Market-rate housing is considered housing with no income limits or special requirements attached.

(5) The Housing Element of the City's General Plan states: "Based on the growing population, and smart growth goals of providing housing in central areas like San Francisco, near jobs and transit, the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), with the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG), estimates that in the current 2015-2022 Housing Element period San Francisco must plan for the capacity for roughly 28,870 new units. 57% of which should be suitable for housing for the extremely low, very low, low and moderate income households to meet its share of the region's projected housing demand." Objective 1 of the Housing Element states that the City should "identify and make available for development adequate sites to meet the City's housing needs, especially permanently affordable housing." Objective 7 states that San Francisco's projected affordable housing needs for outpace the capacity for the City to secure subsidies for new affordable units.

(6) In 2012, the City enacted Ordinance 237-12, the "Housing Preservation and Production Ordinance," codified in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4, to require Planning Department staff to regularly report data on progress toward meeting San Francisco's quantified

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production goals for different household income levels as provided in the General Plan's Housing Element. That Ordinance requires data on the number of units in all stages of the housing production process at various affordability levels to be included in staff reports on all proposed projects of five residential units or more and in quarterly housing production reports to the Planning Commission. The Planning Department has long tracked the number of affordable housing units and total number of housing units built throughout the City and in specific areas and should be able to track the ratio called for in this Section 103.

(7) As the private market has embarked upon, and government officials have urged, an ambitious program to produce significant amounts of new housing in the City, the limited remaining available land makes it essential to assess the impact of the approval of new market rate housing developments on the availability of land for affordable housing and to encourage the deployment of resources to provide such housing.

(c) Housing Balance Calculation.

(1) For purposes of this Section 103, "Housing Balance" shall be defined as the proportion of all new housing units affordable to households of extremely low, very low, low or moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq., as such provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period.

(2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter.

(3) For each year that data is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department shall report net housing construction by income levels, as well as units that have been withdrawn from protection afforded by City law, such as laws providing for rent-controlled and single resident occupancy (SRO) units. The affordable housing categories shall include net new units, as well as existing units that were previously not restricted by deed or regulatory agreement that are acquired for

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1	preservation as permanently affordable housing as determined by the Mayor's Office of Housing and
2	Community Development (MOHCD) (not including refinancing or other rehabilitation under existing
3	ownership), protected by deed or regulatory agreement for a minimum of 55 years. The report shall
4	include, by year, and for the latest quarter, all units that have received Temporary Certificates of
5	Occupancy within that year, a separate category for units that obtained a site or building permit, and
6	another category for units that have received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning
7	Department, but have not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except any
8	entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance Period). Master
9	planned entitlements, including but not limited to such greas as Treasure Island, Hunters Point
10	Shipyard and Park Merced, shall not be included in this latter category until individual building
11	entitlements or site permits are approved for specific housing projects. For each year or approval
12	status, the following categories shall be separately reported:
13	(A) Extremely Low Income Units, which are units available to individuals or
.14	families making between 0-30% Area Median Income (AMI) as defined in California Health & Safety
15	Code Section 50106, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 0-30% AMI;
16	(B) Very Low Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
17	making between 30-50% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50105, and are
18	subject to price or rent restrictions between 30-50% AMI:
19	(C) Lower Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
20	making between 50-80% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50079.5, and are
21	subject to price or rent restrictions between 50-80% AMI:
22	(D) Moderate Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
23	making between 80-120% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 80-120% AMI;
24	(E) Middle Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
25	making between 120-150% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 120-150% AMI;

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(F) Market-rate units, which are units not subject to any deed or regulatory agreement with price restrictions;

(G) Housing units withdrawn from protected status, including units withdrawn from rent control (except those units otherwise converted into permanently affordable housing), including all units that have been subject to rent control under the San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance but that a property owner removes permanently from the rental market through condominium conversion pursuant to Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(9), demolition or alterations (including dwelling unit mergers), or permanent removal pursuant to Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(10) or removal pursuant to the Ellis Act under Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(13);

(H) Public housing replacement units and substantially rehabilitated units through the HOPE SF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) programs, as well as other substantial rehabilitation programs managed by MOHCD.

(4) The Housing Balance shall be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low and moderate income affordable housing units (all units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance shall also provide two calculations:

(A) the Cumulative Housing Balance, consisting of housing units that have already been constructed (and received a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy or other certificate that would allow occupancy of the units) within the 10-year Housing Balance Period, plus those units that have obtained a site or building permit. A separate calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance shall also be provided, which includes HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement and substantially rehabilitated units (but not including general rehabilitation / maintenance of public housing or other affordable housing units) that have received Temporary Certificates of Occupancy

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within the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance Reports will show the Cumulative Housing Balance with and without public housing included in the calculation; and

(B) the Projected Housing Balance, which shall include any residential project that has received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, even if the housing project has not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except any entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance period). Master planned entitlements shall not be included in the calculation until individual building entitlements or site permits are approved.

(d) Bi-annual Housing Balance Reports. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Section 103By June 1, 2015, the Planning Department shall calculate the Cumulative and Projected Housing Balance for the most recent two quarters City-wide, by Supervisorial District, Plan Area, and by neighborhood Planning Districts, as defined in the annual Housing Inventory, and publish it as an easily visible and accessible page devoted to Housing Balance and Monitoring and Reporting on the Planning Department's website. By August September, 1st and February March, 1st of each year, the Planning Department shall publish and update the Housing Balance Report, and present this report at an informational hearing to the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors, as well as to any relevant body with geographic purview over a plan area upon request, along with the other quarterly reporting requirements of Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4. The annual report to the Board of Supervisors shall be accepted by resolution of the Board, which resolution shall be introduced by the Planning Department. The Housing Balance Report shall also be incorporated into the Annual Planning Commission Housing Hearing and Annual Report to the Board of Supervisors required in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4.

(e) Annual Hearing by Board of Supervisors.

(1) The Board of Supervisors shall hold a public Housing Balance hearing on an annual basis by April 1 of each year, to consider progress towards the City's affordable housing goals.

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including the goal of a minimum 33% affordable housing to low and moderate income households, as well as the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals by income category. The first hearing shall occur no later than 30 days after the effective date of this ordinance, and by April 1 of each year thereafter.

(2) The hearing shall include reporting by the Planning Department, which shall present the latest Housing Balance Report City-wide and by Supervisorial District and Planning District: the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, by the Department of Building Inspection, and the City Economist on strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing halance in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals. If the Cumulative Housing Balance has fallen below 33% in any year, MOHCD shall determine how much funding is required to bring the City into a minimum 33% Housing Balance and the Mayor shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a strategy to accomplish the minimum of 33% Housing Balance. City Departments shall at minimum report on the following issues relevant to the annual Housing Balance hearing: MOHCD shall report on the annual and projected progress by income category in accordance with the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals, projected shortfalls and gaps in funding and site control, and progress toward the City's Neighborhood Stabilization goals for acquiring and preserving the affordability of existing rental units in neighborhoods with high concentrations of low and moderate income households or historically high levels of evictions; the Planning Department shall report on current and proposed zoning and land use policies that affect the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals; the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development shall report on current and proposed major development projects, dedicated public sites, and policies that affect the

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City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals; the Rent Board shall report on the 1 withdrawal or addition of rent-controlled units and current or proposed policies that affect these 2 numbers; the Department of Building Inspection shall report on the withdrawal or addition of 3 Residential Hotel units and current or proposed policies that affect these numbers; and the City Economist shall report on annual and projected job growth by the income categories specified in the 5 City's General Plan Housing Element. 6 7 (3) All reports and presentation materials from the annual Housing Balance hearing shall be maintained by year for public access on the Planning Department's website on its page 8 devoted to Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting, 9 10 11 Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the 12 ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board 13 of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance. 14 15 APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney 16 17 18 Ву: 19 Deputy City Attorney 20 n/Jegana\as2015\1500366\01006068.doc 21 22 23 24 25

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

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City and County of San Francisco Tails Ordinance

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlian B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-1689

File Number: 150029

Date Passed: April 21, 2016

Ordinance amonding the Planning Code to require the Planning Department to monitor the balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing, and publish a bi-annual Housing Balance Report; requiring an annual hearing at the Board of Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals; and making environmental findings, Planning Code, Section 302, findings, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

April 06, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - AMENDEO, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

April 05, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED

April 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - PASSED, ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang, Wiener and Yee

April 21, 2015 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Ayalos, Breed, Campos, Christenson, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang, Wiener and Yee

File No. 150029

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 4/21/2015 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

Renede

Data Approved

City and County of San Francisco

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Printed of 1:43 pm on 4/22/15

APPENDIX B CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE REPORT No 10 TABLES BY PLANNING DISTRICTS

Table 1A
Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

Planning Districts	New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions & Rehabs and Small Sites Completed	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Entitled Affordable Units Permitted	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
0 Presidio	_	_	-	-	161	-	0.0%
1 Richmond	285	21	(512)	23	482	242	-25.3%
2 Marina	43	25	(163)	6	318	219	-16.6%
3 Northeast	244	112	(288)	236	837	451	23.6%
4 Downtown	1,300	1,359	(119)	802	4,395	4,321	38.3%
5 Western Addition	668	674	(174)	63	1,757	984	44.9%
6 Buena Vista	306	81	(190)	37	1,109	659	13.2%
7 Central	71	6	(310)	7	347	159	-44.7%
8 Mission	348	266	(550)	1,078	1,538	3,913	21.0%
9 South of Market	2,256	27	(119)	1,941	14,093	7,163	19.3%
10 South Bayshore	1,290	_	(103)	307	2,139	1,041	47.0%
11 Bernal Heights	12	29	(178)	1	59	62	-112.4%
12 South Central	78	21	(433)	305	64	646	-4.1%
13 Ingleside	132	-	(189)	-	555	1,099	-3.4%
14 Inner Sunset	26	·	(174)	-	100	62	-91.4%
15 Outer Sunset	22	-	(449)	10	56	167	-187.0%
TOTALS	7,081	2,621	(3,951)	4,816	28,010	21,188	21.5%

 $^{{\}bf *Treasure\ island\ developments\ permitted\ are\ included\ as\ part\ of\ Planning\ District\ 9\ South\ of\ Market.}$

Table 1B Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

Planning Districts	New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions & Rehabs and Small Sites Completed	RAD Program & HopeSF Replacement Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Entitled Affordable Units Permitted	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
0 Presidio	_	-	-	-	_	161	-	0.0%
1 Richmond	285	21	144	(512)	23	482	242	-5.4%
2 Marina	43	25	138	(163)	6	318	219	9.1%
3 Northeast	244	112	576	(288)	236	837	451	68.3%
4 Downtown	1,300	1,359	284	(119)	802	4,395	4,321	41.6%
5 Western Addition	668	674	919	(174)	63	1,757	984	78.4%
6 Buena Vista	306	81	132	(190)	37	1,109	659	20.7%
7 Central	71	6	107	(310)	7	347	159	-23.5%
8 Mission	348	266	91	(550)	1,078	1,538	3,913	22.6%
9 South of Market	2,256	27	276	(119)	1,941	14,093	7,163	20.6%
10 South Bayshore	1,290	-	436	(103)	307	2,139	1,041	60.7%
11 Bernal Heights	12	29	268	(178)	1	59	62	109.1%
12 South Central	78	21	-	(433)	305	64	646	-4.1%
13 Ingleside	132	_	-	(189)		555	1,099	-3.4%
14 Inner Sunset	26	-	109	(174)	-	1.00	62	-24.1%
15 Outer Sunset	22	-	-	(449)	10	56	167	-187.0%
TOTALS	7,081	2,621	3,480	(3,951)	4,816	28,010	21,188	28.6%

^{*}Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 2
Projected Housing Balance (Entitled, Permitted, and Under Construction Units), 2019 Q4

Planning Districts	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	ТВD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1 Richmond	-	-	_	23	23	242	9.5%
2 Marina	-	_	6	, ` -	6	219	2.7%
3 Northeast	-	2	-	234	236	451	52.3%
4 Downtown	-	193	70	539	802	4,321	18.6%
5 Western Addition	-	18	28	17	63	984	6.4%
6 Buena Vista	-	4	33	-	37	659	5.6%
7 Central	-	-	5	2	7	159	4.4%
8 Mission	94	686	88	210	1,078	3,913	27.5%
9 South of Market	-	438	298	1,205	1,941	7,163	27.1%
10 South Bayshore	-	_		307	307	1,041	29.5%
11 Bernal Heights	-	-	-	1	1	62	1.6%
12 South Central	-	167	7	131	305	646	47.2%
13 Ingleside	-	_	-	-	-	1,099	0.0%
14 Inner Sunset	- ,	-	-	-	-	62	0.0%
15 Outer Sunset	_	-	10	-	10	167	6.0%
TOTALS	94	1,508	545	2,669	4,816	21,188	22.7%

^{*}Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 3
Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, 2019 Q4

Planning Districts	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1 Richmond		_		23	23	220	10.5%
2 Marina		-	6	-	6	190	3.2%
3 Northeast		2	-	234	236	432	54.6%
4 Downtown		170	70	526	766	3,590	21.3%
5 Western Addition		18	28	8	54	917	5.9%
6 Buena Vista		4	30		. 34	333	10.2%
7 Central		-	5	-	5	149	3.4%
8 Mission	94	673	69	110	946	3,291	28.7%
9 South of Market		403	273	1,143	1,819	5,773	31.5%
10 South Bayshore		-	1	106	106	621	17.1%
11 Bernal Heights		-	<u>.</u> '	-	. -	61	0.0%
12 South Central		167	7	131	305	646	47.2%
13 Ingleside		-	-		-	1,099	0.0%
14 Inner Sunset		1	-	-	-	60	0.0%
15 Outer Sunset		-	7	-	7	155	4.5%
TOTALS	94	1,437	495	2,281	4,307	17,537	24.6%

^{*}Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 4
Entitled Units without a Building Permit Issued, 2019 Q4

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
1 Richmond	-	-		, -	-	22	0.0%
2 Marina	-	_		-	-	29	0.0%
3 Northeast	-	-	-	-	-	19	0.0%
4 Downtown	-	23	 .	13	36	731	4.9%
5 Western Addition	-	_	-	9	9	67	13.4%
6 Buena Vista	-	-	3	-	3	326	0.9%
7 Central	_	-	-	2	2	10	20.0%
8 Mission	-	13	19	100	132	622	21.2%
9 South of Market	-	35	25	62	122	1,390	8.8%
10 South Bayshore	-	-	-	201	201	420	47.9%
11 Bernal Heights	-	-	· -	1	1	1	100.0%
12 South Central	-	-	-	-	_	-	0.0%
13 Ingleside	-	_	-	-	-	_	0.0%
14 Inner Sunset	-	÷	-	-	_	2	0.0%
15 Outer Sunset	-	-	3	-	3	12	25.0%
TOTALS	-	71	50	388	509	3,651	13.9%

Table 5
New Housing Production by Affordability, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

Planning Districts	Very Low	Low	Moderate	Middle Income	Total Affordable Units	Total Net Units	Affordable Units as % of Total Net Units
0 Presidio	-	-	•	-	-	161	0.0%
1 Richmond	207	12	66	-	285	482	59.1%
2 Marina	-	-	43	_	43	318	13.5%
3 Northeast	178	2	64	- '	244	837	29.2%
4 Downtown	601	468	208	23	1,300	4,395	29.6%
5 Western Addition	266	278	124	-	668	1,757	38.0%
6 Buena Vista	149	81	76	-	306	1,109	27.6%
7 Central	-	18	53	-	71	347	20.5%
8 Mission	169	81	98	-	348	1,538	22.6%
9 South of Market	774	1,271	211	-	2,256	14,093	16.0%
10 South Bayshore	822	354	114		1,290	2,139	60.3%
11 Bernal Heights	-	-	12	-	12	59	20.3%
12 South Central	54	2	22	-	78	64	121.9%
13 Ingleside	70	29	33	-	132	555	23.8%
14 Inner Sunset	-	-	26	-	26	100	26.0%
15 Outer Sunset	-	-	22	_	22	56	39.3%
TOTALS	3,290	2,596	1,172	23	7,081	28,010	25.3%

Table 6a Acquisitions and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
2 Marina	1	25
3 Northeast	2	88
4 Downtown	13	1,329
5 Western Addition	3	661
6 Buena Vista	3	69
8 Mission	4	140
TOTALS	26	2,312

Table 6b Small Sites Program Acquisitions, 2014 – 2019 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
1 Richmond	-2	21
3 Northeast	2	24
4 Downtown	3	30
5 Western Addition	2	13
6 Buena Vista	2	12
7 Central	1	6
8 Mission	. 16	126
9 South of Market	2	27
11 Bernal Heights	7	29
12 South Central	1	21
TOTALS	38	309

Table 7
RAD Affordable Units, 2015 – 2019 Q4

Planning District	No of Buildings	No of Units
1 Richmond	2	144
2 Marina	2	138
3 Northeast	4	576
4 Downtown	3	284
5 Western Addition	7	919
6 Buena Vista	2	132
7 Central	1	107
8 Mission	1	91
9 South of Market	1	276
10 South Bayshore	2	436
11 Bernal Heights	2	268
12 South Central		-
13 Ingleside	-	-
14 Inner Sunset	1	109
15 Outer Sunset	-	_
TOTALS	28	3,480

Table 8
Units Removed from Protected Status, 2010 Q1 – 2019 Q4

Planning District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	Total Units Permanently Lost
1 Richmond	4	24	148	336	512
2 Marina	11	4	34	114	163
3 Northeast	11	8	148	121	288
4 Downtown	-	68	48	3	119
5 Western Addition	7	7	31	129	174
6 Buena Vista	5	3	71	111	190
7 Central	23	14	79	194	310
8 Mission	4	30	270	246	550
9 South of Market	2	18	34	65	119
10 South Bayshore	_	11	12	80	103
11 Bernal Heights	6	18	53	101	178
12 South Central	-	53	55	325	433
13 Ingleside	_	35	28	126	189
14 Inner Sunset	5	12	59	98	174
15 Outer Sunset	_	69	76	304	449
Totals	78	374	1,146	2,353	3,951

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO

2020 MATime ostapp 12: 35

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment). 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. inquiries" 4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor 5. City Attorney Request. 6. Call File No. from Committee. 7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No. 9. Reactivate File No. 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission Ethics Commission Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form. Sponsor(s): Mar Subject: Bi-Annual Housing Balance Report No. 11 The text is listed: Resolution receiving and approving the bi-annual Housing Balance Report No. 10, dated April 1, 2020, submitted as required by Planning Code, Section 103. Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:

For Clerk's Use Only