File No	_200214	Committee Item No	2	
·		Board Item No.		

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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	oy: Erica Major Date Dov: Erica Maior Date	July 23, 2020

NOTE:

[Planning Code - Conditional Use Review and Approval Process - Priority Processing and Reduced Application Fee for Certain Uses of Commercial Space]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.

Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.

Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italies Times New Roman font.

Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.

Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.

Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

- (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200214 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this determination.
- (b) On May 28, 2020 the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 20725, adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The

Board adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 200214 ___, and is incorporated herein by reference.

(c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board of Supervisors finds that this ordinance will serve the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 20725.

Section 2. Article 3 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 303.2, to read as follows:

SEC. 303.2. PRIORITY PROCESSING FOR CERTAIN USES IN COMMERCIAL SPACE:

EXPEDITED CONDITIONAL USE REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCESS AND REDUCED

APPLICATION FEE.

(a) Findings.

- (1) In April 2013, the Planning Commission adopted the Small Business Priority

 Processing Pilot Program. The stated goal of the pilot program was to accelerate the review of certain small business applications without compromising the review times of other applications.
- (2) Building on the success of the pilot program, Planning Department staff in consultation with staff from the Office of Small Business proposed expanding the program to additional types of applications. The expanded program was adopted by the Planning Commission in February 2015 and renamed the Community Business Priority Processing Program. As expressed in the Commission's adoption Resolution No. 19323, the intent was to support the business community—especially small and mid-sized businesses—and to increase efficiencies in the way the Commission and Department handle related applications.
- (3) By enacting this Section 303.2, the Board of Supervisors underscores the importance of small and mid-sized businesses to the economic vitality of San Francisco's neighborhoods and to the City as a whole, its residents, and visitors. The intent of this Section 303.2 is

to expedite the review and hearing process for these vital small and mid-sized businesses without
compromising public notice and input or the review times of other applications, and to build upon the
success of the Community Business Priority Process Program by expanding the scope of eligible
projects and ensuring that all eligible projects are considered accordingly.

- (b) Priority Processing for Certain Uses. Applications for Conditional Use authorization that comply with the requirements of subsection (c) are eligible for priority processing and a prorated application fee. Eligibility for priority processing shall not require any application separate from a completed application for Conditional Use authorization. Unless modified by this Section 303.2, the provisions of Section 303 shall apply.
- (c) Eligibility for Priority Processing. An application for a Conditional Use authorization qualifies for priority processing ("eligible application") pursuant to this Section 303.2 if it complies with all of the following requirements:
 - (1) It pertains exclusively to Non-Residential Uses;
- (2) It is limited to changes of use, tenant improvements, or other interior or storefront work;
 - (3) It does not involve the removal of any Dwelling Units;
 - (4) It does not involve a Formula Retail use;
 - (5) It does not propose or require the consolidation of multiple storefronts;
- (6) It does not seek to provide off-street parking in a quantity beyond that allowed as of right;
- (7) It does not seek to establish, expand, or intensify activities during hours of operation beyond those permitted as of right;
- (8) It does not seek to sell alcoholic beverages for either on-site or off-premises consumption, excepting beer and/or wine sold in conjunction with the operation of a Bona Fide Eating Place; and

- (2) any member of the Planning Commission requests that the item be removed from the Commission's consent calendar; or
- (3) any neighborhood organization maintained on a list by the Planning Department pursuant to subsection 311(d)(4) submits within 60 days of the submission of a complete Conditional Use authorization application, or at any point prior to the Planning Commission's scheduled hearing, a letter of opposition or written request that the item be removed from the Commission's consent calendar.
- (f) Reduced Application Fee; Fee Refund. The fee for an application that meets the priority processing requirements of subsection (c) shall be 50% of the otherwise applicable fee established by Section 350 of this Code. If the Planning Commission does not hold a hearing on a Conditional Use application that is eligible for priority processing within 90 days of the date the application is deemed complete, or within the additional time allotted if the Commission continues the matter pursuant to subsection (e), the applicant shall be entitled to a full refund of the application fee.
- (g) Report to the Board of Supervisors. One year from the effective date of this Section 303.2 and for three years thereafter on an annual basis, the Planning Department shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a report showing the number and percentage of eligible applications that are considered within 90 days of the date the Department has deemed the application complete and the reason or reasons why eligible applications were not heard within 90 days, if any.

Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the

ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS, J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

Deputy City Attorney

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LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Planning Code - Conditional Use Review and Approval Process - Priority Processing and Reduced Application Fee for Certain Uses of Commercial Space]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Existing Law

Planning Code Section 303 establishes procedures for the Planning Commission's review and determination of applications for Conditional Use authorization.

Amendments to Current Law

This ordinance adds a new section that expedites the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process for certain uses of commercial space. Applications that comply with the eligibility requirements are entitled to a Planning Commission hearing within 90 days of the application's submittal, unless that time is extended by the Commission, and a reduced application fee.

In order to be qualify for priority processing and a reduced fee, an application must: 1) pertain exclusively to non-residential uses, 2) be limited to interior or store-front work, 3) not involve a Formula Retail use or the removal of any dwelling units, 4) not propose or require the consolidation of multiple storefronts, 5) not seek additional off-street parking, or the expansion or intensification of hours of use, beyond those permitted as of right, 6) not seek to sell alcoholic beverages except for beer and/or wine sold in conjunction with a Bona Fide Eating Place, and 7) not seek to establish or expand an adult entertainment use, bar, drive-up facility, fringe financial service, medical cannabis dispensary, nighttime entertainment, non-retail sales and service closed to the public, a tobacco paraphernalia establishment, or a wireless communication facility.

Background Information

In April, 2013, the Planning Commission adopted the Small Business Priority Processing Pilot Program, the stated goal of which was to accelerate the review of certain small business applications without compromising the review times of other applications. Building on the success of the pilot program, Planning Department staff in consultation with staff from the Office of Small Business proposed expanding the program to additional types of applications.

In February, 2017, the Planning Commission adopted the expanded program, which was renamed the Community Business Priority Processing Program. This ordinance builds upon the success of the Community Business Priority Process Program by expanding the scope of eligible projects and ensuring that all eligible projects are considered. The intent of this ordinance is to expedite the review and hearing process for vital small and mid-sized businesses without compromising public notice and input or the review times of other applications, and its enactment underscores the importance of small and mid-sized businesses to the economic vitality of San Francisco's neighborhoods and to the City as a whole, its residents and visitors.

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City Hall
Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
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Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

March 3, 2020

File No. 200214

Lisa Gibson Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On February 25, 2020, Supervisor Peskin submitted the following legislation:

File No. 200214

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Don Lewis, Environmental Planning

> Not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2) because it would not result in a direct or indirect physical change in the environment.

4/2/2020

Joy Navarrete

June 4, 2020

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk Honorable Supervisor Peskin Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102 1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception:

415.558.6378

Fax:

415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

Re: Transmittal of Planning Department Case Number 2020-003041PCA

Conditional Use Review and Approval Process

Board File No. 200214

Planning Commission Recommendation: <u>Approval with Modification</u>

Dear Ms. Calvillo and Supervisor Peskin,

On May 28, 2020, the Planning Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance, introduced by Supervisor Peskin that would amend Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use Authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space. At the hearing the Planning Commission recommended approval with modification.

The Commission's proposed modifications were as follows:

- In lieu of codifying the CB3P program, principally permit at the 1st story uses that contribute to retail corridor vitality for a period of three years; and
- Maintain controls on specific uses when existing restricted use districts or other measures quantitatively limit them.

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Supervisor, please advise the City Attorney at your earliest convenience if you wish to incorporate the changes recommended by the Commission.

Please find attached documents relating to the actions of the Commission. If you have any questions or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Aaron D. Starr

Manager of Legislative Affairs

cc:

Judith A. Boyajian, Deputy City Attorney Lee Hepner, Aide to Supervisor Peskin Erica Major, Office of the Clerk of the Board

Attachments:

Planning Commission Resolution
Planning Department Executive Summary

Planning Commission Resolution No. 20725

HEARING DATE: MAY 28, 2020

Conditional Use Review and Approval Process

Case Number: **2020-003041PCA** [Board File No. 200214]

Initiated by: Supervisor Peskin / Introduced February 25, 2020

Staff Contact: Diego Sanchez, Legislative Affairs

Project Name:

diego.sanchez@sfgov.org, 415-575-9082

Reviewed by: Aaron D Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 415-558-6362

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: **415.558.6378**

Fax:

415.558.6409

Planning Information: **415.558.6377**

RESOLUTION APPROVING A PROPOSED ORDINANCE WITH MODIFICATIONS THAT WOULD AMEND THE PLANNING CODE TO EXPEDITE THE CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCESS AND REDUCE THE APPLICATION FEE FOR CERTAIN USES OF COMMERCIAL SPACE; ADOPTING FINDINGS, INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS, PLANNING CODE SECTION 302 FINDINGS, AND FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN AND PLANNING CODE SECTION 101.1.

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2020 Supervisor Peskin introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File Number 200214, which would amend the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space;

WHEREAS, The Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on May 21, 2020; and,

WHEREAS, at its May 21, 2020 the Commission voted unanimously to continue its consideration of the proposed Ordinance to its May 28, 2020 hearing; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15060(c)(2) and 15378; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the custodian of records, at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby approves with modifications the proposed ordinance. Modifications include:

- 1. In lieu of codifying the CB3P program, principally permit at the 1st story uses that contribute to retail corridor vitality for a period of three years; and
- 2. Maintain controls on specific uses when existing restricted use districts or other measures quantitatively limit them.

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

- 1. Lowering the barriers to entry for small businesses into the City's retail corridors can help address multiple challenges afflicting those corridors.
- 2. In addition to providing permit review prioritization for small businesses, increasing the permissibility of commercial and institutional uses that effectively compete with e-commerce is another worthwhile strategy that would prove beneficial to the City's retail corridors.
- 3. General Plan Compliance. The proposed Ordinance and the Commission's recommended modifications are consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

MANAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND CHANGE TO ENSURE ENHANCEMENT OF THE TOTAL CITY LIVING AND WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 1.1

Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development which has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help facilitate the entry of non-residential uses into the City's Neighborhood Commercial Districts that can attract patrons and that can survive the rise of ecommerce

OBJECTIVE 2

MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

2

Policy 2.1

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the city.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help attract new commercial activity in the City's Neighborhood Commercial Districts by relaxing existing Planning Code permit review and approval processes.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROVIDE EXPANDED EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR CITY RESIDENTS, PARTICULARLY THE UNEMPLOYED AND ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED.

Policy 3.1

Promote the attraction, retention and expansion of commercial and industrial firms which provide employment improvement opportunities for unskilled and semi-skilled workers.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help expand the number of commercial firms locating in San Francisco that could provide employment opportunities for unskilled and semi-skilled workers by relaxing existing Planning review and approval processes

OBJECTIVE 6

MAINTAIN AND STRENGTHEN VIABLE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL AREAS EASILY ACCESSIBLE TO CITY RESIDENTS.

Policy 6.1

Ensure and encourage the retention and provision of neighborhood-serving goods and services in the city's neighborhood commercial districts, while recognizing and encouraging diversity among the districts.

Policy 6.2

Promote economically vital neighborhood commercial districts which foster small business enterprises and entrepreneurship and which are responsive to economic and technological innovation in the marketplace and society.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would facilitate the entry of new retail establishments that provide neighborhood serving goods and services. The selected retail establishments are those found to be responsive to the rise of e-commerce in that they are largely experiential and do not sell objects that can be purchased online.

BALBOA PARK STATION AREA PLAN

OBJECTIVE 1.2

STRENGTHEN THE OCEAN AVENUE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT.

Policy 1.2.2

Encourage mixed-use residential and commercial infill within the commercial district.

Policy 1.2.3

Retain and improve the neighborhood's existing businesses while also attracting new businesses that address unmet retail and service needs of the diverse local neighborhoods.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help facilitate commercial infill within the Ocean Avenue NCT of businesses that could address unmet retail and service needs.

BAYVIEW HUNTERS POINT AREA PLAN

OBJECTIVE 2

IMPROVE USE OF LAND ON THIRD STREET BY CREATING COMPACT COMMERCIAL AREAS, ESTABLISHING NODES FOR COMPLEMENTARY USES, AND RESTRICTING UNHEALTHY USES.

Policy 2.4

Encourage new mixed-use projects in defined nodes along Third Street to strengthen the corridor as the commercial spine of the neighborhood

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help facilitate viable mixed use projects, and in particular the non-residential component of a mixed use project, along Third Street as it relaxes the existing Planning Code permit review and approval processes for non-residential uses.

GLEN PARK COMMUNITY PLAN

OBJECTIVE 1

PROTECT AND STRENGTHEN THE QUALITIES THAT MAKE DOWNTOWN GLEN PARK SPECIAL.

Policy 1.2

Update existing neighborhood zoning to strengthen Glen Park's commercial district and reinforce the area's pedestrian and transit oriented character.

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would help strengthen Glen Park's commercial district by facilitating the entry of uses that can withstand the rise of e-commerce and its effect on the retail sector.

SHOWPLACE SQUARE/POTRERO AREA PLAN

OBJECTIVE 1.1

ENCOURAGE THE TRANSITION OF PORTIONS OF SHOWPLACE / POTRERO TO A MORE MIXED USE AND NEIGHBORHOOD-SERVING CHARACTER, WHILE PROTECTING THE CORE OF DESIGN-RELATED PDR USES

Policy 1.1.4

Permit and encourage greater retail use on the ground floor on parcels that front 16th Street to take advantage of transit service and encourage more mixed uses, while protecting against the wholesale displacement of PDR uses

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would facilitate the entry of a wide range of retail uses that can add to a mixed use character and that are capable of surviving the rise of e-commerce.

WESTERN SOMA AREA PLAN

OBJECTIVE 2.1

RETAIN AND ENCOURAGE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES FOR EXISTING NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESSES

Policy 2.1.2

Promote a wide range of neighborhood-serving commercial uses north of Harrison Street

OBJECTIVE 2.2

PROMOTE APPROPRIATE NEW NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES THAT CREATIVELY RESPOND TO NEIGHBORHOOD, CITYWIDE AND REGIONAL ECONOMIC NEEDS AND TRENDS

Policy 2.1.12

Develop land use controls that promote Folsom Street as the main neighborhood shopping and ceremonial street in the Western SoMa SUD

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would facilitate the entry of a wide range of uses and bolster existing retail corridors

- 4. **Planning Code Section 101 Findings.** The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:
 - 1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance and modifications would have a beneficial effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail because it facilitates the entry of neighborhood serving retail uses.
 - 2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would have a positive effect on neighborhood character and promote the cultural and economic diversity of the City's neighborhoods as it seeks to facilitate the entry of many neighborhood serving retail and institutional uses.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing because they concern themselves with regulatory changes to the entry of neighborhood serving retail and institutional uses.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking because they deal with expediting the review and approval of non-residential uses.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired as they propose amendments to the review and approval processes for retail and institutional uses.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance and modifications would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake as they concern themselves with changing the regulations on the review and approval of retail and institutional uses.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings as they maintain all existing regulations on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

5. **Planning Code Section 302 Findings.** The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby APPROVES WITH MODIFICATIONS the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on May 28, 2020.

Jonas P. Ionin

Commission Secretary

AYES: Diamond, Fung, Johnson, Koppel

NOES: Chan, Imperial, Moore

ABSENT: None

ADOPTED: May 28, 2020

Executive Summary Planning Code Text Amendment

HEARING DATE: MAY 21, 2020 90-DAY DEADLINE: JUNE 1, 2020 1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: **415.558.6409**

Planning Information: **415.558.6377**

Project Name: Conditional Use Review and Approval Process

Case Number: 2020-003041PCA [Board File No. 200214]

Initiated by: Supervisor Peskin / Introduced February 25, 2020

Staff Contact: Diego Sanchez, Legislative Affairs

diegorsanchez@sfgov.org,415-575-9082

Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 415-558-6362

Recommendation: Approval with Modifications

PLANNING CODE AMENDMENT

The proposed Ordinance would amend the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use Authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space.

The Way It Is Now

The Way It Would Be

The Planning Commission allows, as a policy, priority processing for certain uses requiring Conditional Use authorization under the Community Business Priority Processing Program (CB3P). The uses afforded priority processing are generally small to mid-sized businesses, including smaller Formula Retail, and businesses that do not use outdoor areas at the rear or side of the property, or are Massage Establishments or Entertainment uses.

Priority processing for certain uses requiring Conditional Use authorization would be required and codified in the Planning Code under a new Section 303.2, Priority Processing for Certain Uses in Commercial Space. Uses afforded priority processing would closely match those allowed under the CB3P with four differences. Massage Establishments, General Entertainment uses and the use of an outdoor area at the rear or side of a property would be afforded priority while Formula Retail uses of any size would not.

The Planning Commission is not limited in the number of continuances it may grant, nor are the continuances time limited when hearing a request for Conditional Use authorization under CB3P.

The Planning Commission would not be allowed to grant more than one continuance when considering a request for Conditional Use authorization under the proposed priority processing procedures. Further, this continuance could not be scheduled more than 60 days after the initial hearing date.

Fee Rates for Conditional Use authorizations are based upon construction cost and are not tied to the date the Planning Commission holds a hearing

Fee Rates for Conditional Use authorizations that meet the newly proposed priority processing requirements would be 50% of the applicable fee

on a complete Conditional Use authorization application. These fees are not typically refundable.

The Planning Department is not required to report to the Board of Supervisors on the performance of the CB3P.

and would be entirely refundable if the Planning Commission does not hold a hearing within 90 days of the Conditional Use authorization application being deemed complete.

The Planning Department would be required to annually report to the Board of Supervisors on the number and percentage of applications eligible for the codified prioritization program that are considered within 90 days of the date the Department has deemed the application complete and the reason or reasons why eligible applications were not heard within 90 days, if any. This reporting requirement would begin one year after the effective date of the Ordinance and continue for three years.

BACKGROUND

Priority Processing Programs

Expeditiously reviewing land use applications to establish small businesses in the City's retail corridors has been a concern for many years. In 2013 the Planning Commission (Commission) adopted Resolution 18842, creating the Small Business Priority Processing Pilot Program (SB4P), as one response to this concern. As a Commission policy, SB4P allowed the Planning Department (Department) to accelerate the review of specific small business applications requiring Conditional Use authorization (CU).

Two years later the Commission adopted the Community Business Priority Processing Program (CB3P). CB3P is the successor Commission policy to SB4P for noncontroversial small business applications requiring CU. CB3P affords eligible proposals a Commission hearing within 90 days of receipt of a complete application as well as placement on the Commission's consent calendar. There are no additional fees associated with participation in CB3P and the applicant simply pays the standard CU fees which are based on construction costs. To be eligible, a proposal must submit the CB3P checklist confirming compliance with eight criteria. Very broadly, these criteria assure the business is small to mid-sized; seeks principally permitted operating hours and off-street parking; does not consolidate multiple tenant spaces or remove Dwelling Units; involves only typical tenant improvements; and is a use that is family friendly and not exclusively adult oriented.¹

ISSUES AND CONSIDERATIONS

Current CB3P Implementation

Planning Department staff (Staff) currently processes approximately 18 CB3P applications per year. It takes Staff an average of 68 days from receipt of a *complete* application to have the Commission hear the proposal. This is well within the targeted 90-day timeline. It is also exceedingly rare that the Commission deny a CB3P proposal. This is in large part because Staff has effectively communicated the program's constraints

¹ Community Business Priority Processing Program Checklist for Eligibility: https://sfplanning.org/sites/default/files/forms/CB3P Application.pdf

and helped shape and refine proposals to increase their likelihood of approval. Taken together, this demonstrates that the Commission's policy is being effectively implemented as designed.

Planning Code Amendments and Commission Policies

In its role guiding the City's physical development, the Commission frequently considers ordinances amending the Planning Code. These ordinances typically stem from the Board of Supervisors (BOS) or the Mayor's Office. The Commission's consideration results in a non-binding recommendation to the BOS. The Commission's recommendation is only one step in the months-long legislative process. It is not uncommon for other City commissions to comment upon ordinances and for the BOS, in committee or as a whole, to disregard Commission recommendations. All told, the legislative process can be protracted and politicized and is one over which the Commission has little control.

The Commission may also adopt policies to help guide the City's physical development. In this case, the Commission directs Staff to formulate and/or implement new land use controls or procedures. An example is the CB3P establishing permit review procedures for small- and mid-sized businesses. Adoption of such policies may occur in a matter of weeks and subsequent refinements can occur in a similar timeframe. For example, expanding the eligible retail use types in a permit prioritization program to include Formula Retail uses with fewer than 20 establishments can occur in weeks. Further, Commission policies often provide Staff with discretion on how best to implement a new procedure. This allows for policies to quickly respond to changes in real estate markets or to community concerns. As an example, Senior Staff can be afforded the discretion to exclude from participation in permit prioritization programs specific use types because of on-going work with community stakeholders around retail corridor composition. This contrasts with the legislative process, as it is far lengthier and involves many more decision makers and divergent policy interests. The difficulties are further compounded when the legislative process codifies Department procedures, essentially stripping Staff of beneficial discretion.

Attracting Viable Retail and Institutional Uses

Even prior to the COVID-induced crisis, San Francisco's retail corridors were facing monumental challenges. The rise and prevalence of e-commerce, difficulties securing a stable workforce, escalating operating costs, and persistent vacancies all contributed to an increasingly bleak retail environment.

While limited in extent, land use controls can help resolve certain aspects of the retail corridor crises. For example, facilitating the entry of uses that effectively compete with e-commerce can help fill vacancies and lower initial operating costs. This would entail lowering permit requirements from CU for uses that, broadly speaking, sell experiences rather than objects, diversify the offerings along a retail corridor, and attract foot traffic to the retail corridor. In the Planning Code these would be eating and drinking uses like Limited Restaurants and Restaurants; entertainment uses like General Entertainment and Arts Activities; health/wellness uses like Health Services, Instructional Services (dance, exercise, music, martial arts), Personal Services (tattoo, cosmetic services, hair and nail salons), and Gymnasiums; and foot traffic generators like Community Facilities, Religious Institutions, Social Service Uses, Public Facilities, and Post-Secondary Educational Institutions.

It is important for these uses to have lowered permitting barriers to entry at the street level. This is where the lion's share of activity occurs within a retail corridor, and ultimately defines a corridor's viability.

Concerns over prolonged or rapid change in corridor composition can be allayed by making these modifications temporary and in response to the current COVID-induced shocks to the retail sector.

Permitting for the Retail Sector

One challenge to opening a new small business in the City's retail corridors is the time and cost of securing land use permits.² This is heightened when CU is required, including under the CB3P. CU requires a Commission hearing that, under best circumstances, occurs between three to six months after initial application submission. Principally permitting most small businesses can significantly reduce permit review times and procedures. There is no hearing requirement when a use is principally permitted. This avoids expending the effort coordinating a Commission hearing, producing a case report and collaborating on a presentation. This speed also benefits businesses seeking to combine multiple retail uses in one space, something that the current retail market is driving many to explore. Even when neighborhood notice is required, permit review and approval times are generally less than those for CU.

Public Input on Neighborhood Commercial District Composition

Currently the Planning Code affords the public multiple ways in which to opine upon and help craft the composition of the City's Neighborhood Commercial Districts (NCD). One way is through the CU process. This occurs when a small business operator is required to secure authorization from the Commission at a public hearing. Often a member of the public receives notice of the hearing and can provide the Commission with oral or written remarks about the proposed business. The Commission is required to consider these remarks as it deliberates whether the proposal is necessary and desirable. As stated above, this can take months to complete.

The neighborhood notice process is another means for the public to provide input on NCD composition. While the Planning Code principally permits many uses, some are required to undergo a 30-day notice period. This alerts neighbors of an impending Planning Department approval and allows neighbors to enquire and comment upon the proposal. It also allows the public to request that the Commission exert its Discretionary Review power on the proposal. In these instances, the Commission must find some aspect of the proposal extraordinary and exceptional in order to modify, impose conditions upon, or even deny the project.

Still another way the public process shapes the City's NCD's is through imposed quantitative limits on retail uses. For example, the Mission Neighborhood Commercial Transit District sets a limit on the number of eating and drinking establishments. This provides clarity to prospective retail establishments and avoids the arduous hearing processes. Similarly, in the North Beach Special Use District regulations only allow new eating and drinking establishments in locations where one already legally exists. This also serves as a de facto limit, providing certainty without the need of protracted hearings.

General Plan Compliance

² Strategic Economics, 2018. State of the Retail Sector: Challenges and Opportunities for San Francisco's Neighborhood Commercial Districts.

 $[\]frac{https://oewd.org/sites/default/files/Invest\%20In\%20Neighborhoods/State\%20of\%20the\%20Retail\%20Sector\%20-\%20Final\%20Report.pdf$

The Ordinance and recommended modifications align with several of the City's General Plan Objectives and Policies. For example, the proposed Ordinance and recommended modifications satisfy policies concerning the attraction of small businesses in the Commerce and Industry Element, the Balboa Park Station Area Plan, the Bayview Hunters Point Area Plan, the Showplace Square/Potrero Area Plan, and the Western SoMa Area Plan.

Racial and Social Equity Analysis

Understanding the benefits, burdens and opportunities to advance racial and social equity that proposed Planning Code and Zoning Map amendments provide is part of the Department's Racial and Social Equity Initiative. This is also consistent with the Mayor's Citywide Strategic Initiatives for equity and accountability and with the Office of Racial Equity, which requires all Departments to conduct this analysis.

What are the Racial and Social Equity Impacts of this Ordinance?

The Ordinance essentially codifies existing Planning Department permit review prioritization procedures for small businesses. Because of this, in large measure there would be no new impacts, beneficial or burdensome, on racial and social equity should the Ordinance become effective. Codification, however, would eliminate the slight degree of discretion Staff maintains over prioritization. This could adversely affect on-going Planning Department efforts with neighborhoods reeling from commercial gentrification and displacement. In these neighborhoods the Department has occasionally elected to not provide prioritization to seemingly controversial proposals. Instead the Department has requested project sponsors dedicate the additional time to Commission hearing for continued outreach with neighborhood stakeholders.

Who Will Benefit or Be Burdened by the Ordinance?

Entrepreneurs seeking to establish new businesses will generally continue to benefit from codifying the existing prioritization procedures. Because immigrants and minorities start new businesses at higher rates than other demographic groups, they would stand to benefit at a disproportionate level.³ This has the possibility of improving racial and social equity in San Francisco. Further, the General Plan has various Objectives or Policies that seek to encourage the location of the firms typically owned or operated by racial and ethnic minorities in San Francisco and as such the prioritization procedures would align with these goals.⁴

Are there Strategies to Mitigate the Unintended Consequences or Enhance the Benefits of the Ordinance? The Ordinance does not propose any strategies or measures to further enhance benefits from the Planning Code amendments. Possible measures could include dedicating resources to small business incubators to

³ Robert W. Fairlie. *Immigrant Entrepreneurs and Small Business Owners, and their Access to Financial Capital*. https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/rs396tot.pdf

Minority Entrepreneurs. https://www.sbc.senate.gov/public/index.cfm/minorityentrepreneurs

⁴ Commerce and Industry Element, Policy 2.3: Maintain a favorable social and cultural climate in the city in order to enhance its attractiveness as a firm location.

Mission Area Plan, Objective 7.3: Reinforce the importance of the Mission as the center of Latino life in San Francisco.

Western SoMa Area Plan, Objective 9.4: Reinforce the importance of the South of Market as a center for Filipino-American and LGBTQ life in San Francisco.

create a pipeline of businesses ready to occupy brick and mortar locations. Resources could also provide technical assistance for these burgeoning businesses, especially with lease negotiation, scoping and managing tenant improvements, and navigating the City permitting process, among other areas.

Implementation

The Department has determined that the Ordinance would impact current procedures. The codified 90-day threshold for Commission hearing and limit on continuances would require Staff to shift permit review toward eligible applications.

RECOMMENDATION

The Department recommends that the Commission *approve with modifications* the proposed Ordinance and adopt the attached Draft Resolution to that effect. The Department's proposed recommendations are as follows:

- 1. In lieu of codifying the CB3P program, principally permit at the 1st story uses that contribute to retail corridor vitality for a period of three years; and
- 2. Maintain controls on specific uses when existing restricted use districts or other measures quantitatively limit them.

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION

The Department supports the ordinance intention of streamlining the CU process for small businesses and provide them with a more certain timeline for approval; however, the existing CB3P program already provides this certainty by meeting or even exceed thing the 90-day timeline. Further, codifying the program will remove the Commission's ability to nimbly respond to small business needs. This is even more necessary in the COVID-19 context. Rather than codifying's a process that already is working and therefore will not drastically improve the approval process, the Department is instead proposing the following modifications which will allow small businesses to, in some cases, receive a approval within a couple of hours instead of a couple of months.

Recommendation 1: In lieu of codifying the CB3P program, principally permit at the 1st story uses that contribute to retail corridor vitality for a period of three years. Given the pre-existing challenges to the retail sector and new COVID-induced constraints, it is exceedingly important that land use controls adjust in response. This entails lowering the barrier to entry for uses that effectively compete with e-commerce and that contribute to corridor vitality. These uses include:

- •Limited Restaurant
- Restaurant
- •General Entertainment
- Arts Activities
- Health Services
- •Instructional Services
- Personal Services

- Gymnasium
- Community Facility
- •Religious Institution
- Social Service
- Public Facility
- •Post-Secondary Educational Institution

Being that these changes are, at least in part, a response to COVID-induced pressures, Staff is recommending that they sunset in three years unless extended by the BOS. The three-year period matches the duration of the proposed reporting requirements in the Ordinance.

Recommendation 2: Maintain controls on specific uses when existing restricted use districts or other measures limit them. Public input on corridor composition is a staple in San Francisco. However, this can require enormous amounts of time, and result in a disincentive to open a small business in the City. To both provide certainty to small businesses and express community input on corridor composition, Staff is recommending that existing quantitative limits on specific uses, like eating and drinking uses in the Mission Street NCT, remain.

REQUIRED COMMISSION ACTION

The proposed Ordinance is before the Commission so that it may approve it, reject it, or approve it with modifications.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

PUBLIC COMMENT

As of the date of this report, the Planning Department has not received any public comment regarding the proposed Ordinance.

Attachments:

Draft Planning Commission Resolution Exhibit A: Exhibit B: Board of Supervisors File No. 200214

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235 Montgomery St., Ste. 760, San Francisco, CA 94104 tel: 415.352.4520 • fax: 415.392.0485 sfchamber.com • twitter: @sf_chamber

March 9, 2020

Board of Supervisors, Planning Commission, and Small Business Commission San Francisco City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA

Re: Planning Code - Conditional Use Review and Approval Process - Priority Processing and Reduced Application Fee for Certain Uses of Commercial Space

Dear Supervisors and Commissioners,

On behalf of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, I am writing in support of the recently introduced legislation to expedite and reduce fees for Conditional Use permits. The SF Chamber feels this is a positive, impactful, and much-needed step in the right direction for alleviating the burdens on the small business community.

With a changing economy, it is imperative that we continue to find ways to streamline permitting for small businesses looking to thrive in San Francisco. Allowing for an expedited process for conditional use permits will allow for such flexibility. Further, the increasing cost of doing business in the City has greatly impacted small business, and we are thrilled to see the City take steps to alleviate burdens where possible.

On behalf of the hundreds of small business members the Chamber represents, we thank Supervisors Peskin, Ronen, Fewer, and Haney for sponsoring this legislation and support its passage.

Sincerely,

Rodney Fong President & CEO



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

March 3, 2020

Planning Commission Attn: Jonas Ionin 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Commissioners:

On February 25, 2020, Supervisor Peskin introduced the following legislation:

File No. 200214

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

The proposed ordinance is being transmitted pursuant to Planning Code, Section 302(b), for public hearing and recommendation. The ordinance is pending before the Land Use and Transportation Committee and will be scheduled for hearing upon receipt of your response.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

c: Dan Sider, Interim Director
Scott Sanchez, Zoning Administrator
Lisa Gibson, Environmental Review Officer
Devyani Jain, Deputy Environmental Review Officer
Adam Varat, Acting Director of Citywide Planning
Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
Andrea Ruiz-Esquide, Deputy City Attorney
Joy Navarrete, Major Environmental Analysis
Georgia Powell, Planning Misc. Permits Routing



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March 3, 2020

File No. 200214

Lisa Gibson Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On February 25, 2020, Supervisor Peskin submitted the following legislation:

File No. 200214

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Don Lewis, Environmental Planning



City Hall
Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
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TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Regina Dick-Endrizzi, Director

Small Business Commission, City Hall, Room 448

FROM:

Erica Major, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Transportation Committee

DATE:

March 3, 2020

SUBJECT:

REFERRAL FROM BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Land Use and Transportation Committee

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Transportation Committee has received the following legislation, which is being referred to the Small Business Commission for comment and recommendation. The Commission may provide any response it deems appropriate within 12 days from the date of this referral.

File No. 200214

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Print Form

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):



Time stamp or meeting date

1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).			
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.			
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.			
4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor inquiries"			
5. City Attorney Request.			
6. Call File No. from Committee.			
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).			
8. Substitute Legislation File No.			
9. Reactivate File No.			
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on			
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: ☐ Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission			
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form.			
Sponsor(s):			
Peskin, Ronen, Few Ex, HANEY			
Subject:			
[Planning Code - Conditional Use Review and Approval Process: Priority Processing and Reduced Application Fee for Certain Uses of Commercial Space]			
The text is listed:			
Ordinance amending the Planning Code to expedite the Conditional Use authorization review and approval process and reduce the application fee for certain uses of commercial space; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101; and adopting findings of public necessity, convenience, and general welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.			
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:			

For Clerk's Use Only