File No.	200679	Committee Item No	4
		Board Item No. 20	

## **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

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Committee: Rules Committee	Date Oct. 5, 2020	
Board of Supervisors Meeting Date October 2		
Cmte Board    Motion   Resolution   Ordinance   Legislative Digest   Budget and Legislative And Youth Commission Report   Introduction Form   Department/Agency Cover   Memorandum of Understar   Grant Information Form   Grant Budget   Subcontract Budget   Contract/Agreement   Form 126 - Ethics Commission Award Letter   Application Form 700   Vacancy Notice   Information Sheet   Public Correspondence	alyst Report Letter and/or Report nding (MOU)	
OTHER (Use back side if additional	l space is needed)	
Completed by: Victor Young Date Oct 1, 2020 Completed by: Date		

Resolution urging the City and County of San Francisco to declare that June 19th shall annually be observed as Juneteenth, urging the President of the United States and the United States Congress to officially designate June 19th annually as a federal holiday to honor the Black community, and encouraging all businesses in the City, both public and private, to either close on June 19th, pay workers overtime pay that they would typically get on a paid holiday, and/or allow the many workers and students in the City who want to attend Juneteenth events to honor and celebrate Juneteenth celebrations and commemorations that take place to take the day off or leave work and school early with no adverse academic or employment consequence.

WHEREAS, Juneteenth, also known as "Juneteenth Independence Day,"

"Emancipation Day," "Emancipation Celebration," and "Freedom Day," is the oldest African

American holiday observance in the United States; and

WHEREAS, Juneteenth commemorates the strong survival instinct of African Americans who were first brought to this country stacked in the bottom of slave ships in a month-long journey across the Atlantic Ocean known as the "Middle Passage;" and

WHEREAS, Events in the history of the United States that led to the start of the Civil War in 1861 centered on sectional differences between the North and the South that were based on the economic and social divergence caused by the existence of slavery; and

WHEREAS, In 1862, the first clear signs that the end of slavery was imminent appeared when laws abolishing slavery were adopted in the territories of Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, and New Mexico; and

1	WHEREAS, In September 1862, President Lincoln issued the celebrated Emancipation
2	Proclamation, warning the rebellious Confederate states that he would declare their slaves
3	"forever free" if those states did not return to the Union by January 1, 1863; and
4	WHEREAS, Enforcement of the Emancipation Proclamation occurred only in
5	Confederate states that were under Union Army control; and
6	WHEREAS, On January 31, 1865, Congress passed the Thirteenth Amendment to the
7	United States Constitution, abolishing slavery throughout the United States and its territories;
8	and
9	WHEREAS, Spontaneous celebration erupted throughout the country when African
10	Americans learned of their freedom; and
11	WHEREAS, Juneteenth, or June 19, 1865, is considered the date when the last slaves
12	in America were freed when General Gordon Granger rode into Galveston, Texas, and issued
13	General Order No. 3, almost two and one-half years after President Lincoln issued the
14	Emancipation Proclamation; and
15	WHEREAS, For former slaves, the Juneteenth celebration was a time for reassuring
16	each other, praying, and gathering remaining family members together. Juneteenth continued
17	to be highly revered in Texas decades later, with many former slaves and descendants
18	making an annual pilgrimage back to Galveston on this date; and
19	WHEREAS, Juneteenth education and celebrations declined in America in the early
20	part of the 20th century; but the Civil Rights Movement of the 1950s and 1960s saw a
21	resurgence of interest in Juneteenth, along with renewed community celebrations of the day;
22	and
23	WHEREAS, Observance of Juneteenth, a reminder of emancipation, spread from
24	Texas to the neighboring states of Louisiana, Arkansas, and Oklahoma, as well as Alabama,
25	Florida, and California, where many African American Texans migrated; and

1	WHEREAS, The state of Texas is widely considered the first state to begin Juneteenth
2	celebrations; informal observances have taken place there for over a century and it has been
3	an official state holiday in Texas since 1980; thirty-nine states, including California since 2003,
4	and the District of Columbia have recognized Juneteenth as either a state holiday or a state
5	holiday observance; and
6	WHEREAS, In 1994, the era of the "Modern Juneteenth Movement" began when a
7	group of Juneteenth leaders from across the country gathered in New Orleans, Louisiana, to
8	work for greater national recognition of Juneteenth; and
9	WHEREAS, Today, Juneteenth commemorates African American freedom and
10	emphasizes education and achievement; it is a day, a week, and in some areas, a month
11	marked with celebrations, guest speakers, picnics, and family gatherings; it is a time for
12	reflection and rejoicing; it is a time for assessment, self-improvement, and planning for the
13	future; and
14	WHEREAS, Juneteenth symbolizes freedom, celebrates the abolishment of slavery,
15	and reminds all Americans of the significant contributions of African Americans to our society;
16	and
17	WHEREAS, A growing number of American and African American cultural institutions
18	have sponsored Juneteenth cultural events designed to make all Americans aware of this
19	celebration; and
20	WHEREAS, Juneteenth celebrations are a tribute to those African Americans who
21	fought so long and worked so hard to make the dream of equality a reality; and
22	WHEREAS, Juneteenth is an important day in American history, one that remains
23	meaningful to millions of African Americans and is why lawmakers are now pushing for
24	Juneteenth to become a national holiday; and

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1	WHEREAS, On June 19, 2020, Democratic Representative Sheila Jackson Lee,
2	Democratic Senator Kamala Harris, and Republican Senator John Coryn announced their
3	intentions to introduce bills in Congress to officially recognize the day as a national holiday;
4	and
5	WHEREAS, Juneteenth is currently observed in some form in 47 states and the District
6	of Columbia. Hawaii, North Dakota and South Dakota are the only states that currently do not
7	recognize the holiday, while New York, Virginia, Oregon and Philadelphia announced the
8	week of June 15, 2020, that they will also recognize the day as an official holiday; and
9	WHEREAS, For years, Congressional leaders in both the House and Senate have
10	passed resolutions to recognize Juneteenth as Independence Day, but legislation to declare it
11	a national holiday has stalled; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors declares that June 19th shall annually be
13	observed as Juneteenth in the City and County of San Francisco; and, be it
14	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges the President of the
15	United States and the United States Congress to officially designate June 19th as a federal
16	holiday to honor the African American community and the relentless systems of racism and
17	oppression that impact every aspect of African Americans' lives; and, be it
18	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors encourages all entities and
19	businesses in the City, both public and private, to either close on June 19th, pay workers
20	overtime pay that they would typically get on a paid holiday, and/or allow the many workers
21	and students in the City who want to attend Juneteenth events to honor and celebrate
22	Juneteenth celebrations and commemorations that take place to take the day off or leave
23	work and school early with no adverse academic or employment consequence; and, be it
24	FURTHER RESOLVED, That this Board of Supervisors urges the people of San

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Francisco to join in celebrating Juneteenth as a day to honor and reflect on the significant role

1	that African Americans have played in the history of the United States and how for the
2	majority of our history were recognized only as property and not as human beings and due to
3	this still experience the ramifications of their legal disenfranchisement to this day.
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From: Board of Supervisors, (BOS)

To: Young, Victor (BOS)

Subject: FW: SUPPORTING Rules Committee Agenda Item #4 Urging to Declare June 19 to be Observed as Juneteenth

File #200679

**Date:** Monday, October 5, 2020 10:17:38 AM

Hello Victor,

For the file.

Thank you!

Eileen

From: aeboken <aeboken@gmail.com>
Sent: Saturday, October 3, 2020 6:08 PM

**To:** BOS-Supervisors <br/>
<br/>
bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <br/>
<br/>
bos-

legislative\_aides@sfgov.org>

Subject: SUPPORTING Rules Committee Agenda Item #4 Urging to Declare June 19 to be Observed

as Juneteenth File #200679

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## TO: Board of Supervisors members

I am supporting that Juneteenth be celebrated as a local and federal holiday.

## Eileen Boken

Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods\*

\* For identification purposes only.

Sent from my Verizon, Samsung Galaxy smartphone