

March 11, 2021

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk Honorable Mayor Breed **Supervisor Haney Board of Supervisors** City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Transmittal of Planning Department Case Number 2021-000541PCA: Re:

Administrative Code - CEQA Appeals

Board File No. 201284

Planning Commission Recommendation: **Approval**

Dear Ms. Calvillo, Mayor Breed, and Supervisor Haney,

On February 25, 2021, the Planning Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance, introduced by Mayor Breed and Supervisor Haney that would amend Administrative Code Chapter 31. At the hearing the Planning Commission recommended approval.

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Please find attached documents relating to the actions of the Commission. If you have any questions or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Aaron D. Starr

Manager of Legislative Affairs

cc: Kate Stacy Deputy City Attorney

Sophia Kittler, Liaison to the Board of Supervisors Courtney Mcdonald Aide to Supervisor Haney Erica Major, Office of the Clerk of the Board

Attachments:

Planning Commission Resolution
Planning Department Executive Summary





PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 20862

HEARING DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2021

Project Name: CEQA Appeals

Case Number: 2021-000541PCA [Board File No. 201284]

Initiated by: Mayor Breed, Supervisor Haney / Introduced November 10, 2020

Staff Contact: Veronica Flores, Legislative Affairs

Veronica.Flores@sfgov.org, 628-652-7525

Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

RESOLUTION APPROVING A PROPOSED ORDINANCE THAT WOULD AMEND THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TO ALLOW CERTAIN PROJECTS TO PROCEED WHILE AN APPEAL OF THE PROJECT'S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) IS PENDING BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, AND MODIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR APPEALS TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS UNDER CEQA.

WHEREAS, on November 10, 2020 Mayor Breed and Supervisor Haney introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File Number 201284, which would amend the Administrative Code to allow certain projects to proceed while an appeal of the project's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) is pending before the Board of Supervisors, and modifying requirements for appeals to the Board of Supervisors for certain projects under CEQA.;

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on February 25, 2021; and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the Custodian of Records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby approves the proposed ordinance.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The proposed Ordinance will support projects that serve the general health and safety of the public, public employees, and public property.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMUNITY SAFETY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

REDUCE STRUCTURAL AND NONSTRUCTURAL HAZARDS TO LIFE SAFETY AND MINIMIZE PROPERTY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FUTURE DISASTERS.

Policy 1.3

Assure that new construction meets current structural and life safety standards.

Policy 1.15

Preserve, consistent with life safety considerations, the architectural character of buildings and structures important to the unique visual image of San Francisco, and increase the likelihood that architecturally and historically valuable structures will survive future earthquakes.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

Policy 2.1

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the city.

Policy 2.3



Maintain a favorable social and cultural climate in the city in order to enhance its attractiveness as a firm location.

The proposed Ordinance supports the Community Safety Element's goal to comply with current life safety standards. Additionally, the proposed Ordinance supports the Commerce and Industry Element's goals to support existing commercial businesses and provide greater flexibility through temporary installations. One example of this includes temporary outdoor seating offered through the Shared Spaces program.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Administrative Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

- 1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would have a positive effect on neighborhood serving retail uses interested in pursuing temporary extensions of outdoor spaces. The proposed Ordinance will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.
- 2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.
- 3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.
- 4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.
- 5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.
- 6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;



The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Administrative Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby APPROVES the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on February 25, 2021.

Jonas P. Ionin

Commission Secretary

AYES: Chan, Diamond, Fung, Imperial, Moore, Koppel

NOES: None

ABSENT: Tanner

ADOPTED: February 25, 2021





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

HEARING DATE: February 25, 2021

Project Name: CEQA Appeals

Case Number: 2021-000541PCA [Board File No. 201284]

Initiated by: Mayor Breed, Supervisor Haney / Introduced November 10, 2020

Staff Contact: Veronica Flores, Legislative Affairs

Veronica.Flores@sfgov.org, 628-652-7525

Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

Recommendation: Approval

Administrative Code Amendment

The proposed Ordinance would amend the amend the Administrative Code to allow certain projects to proceed while an appeal of the project's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) is pending before the Board of Supervisors, and modifying requirements for appeals to the Board of Supervisors for certain projects under CEQA.

The Way It Is Now:	The Way It Would Be:
Other City commissions/boards shall not act on any projects while a CEQA appeal is pending at the Board of Supervisors.	Other City commissions/boards outside of the Board of Supervisors would now be able to proceed with certain project while a CEQA appeal is pending at the Board of Supervisors. This proposed amendment only applies to public projects for which the respective commission or department head (or designee) demonstrates in writing that such projects meet one of the following criterion:
	 Related to safety/health measures necessary to protect the public, public employees, or

Executive Summary
Hearing Date: February 25, 2021

	 public property, A temporary activity lasting no more than 180 days, or A reversible action that does not involve physical construction activities or is limited to additions that can be easily removed without damaging the site.
Any person or single entity may appeal the CEQA determination.	Public projects sponsored or approved by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA) or properties under leases from the Port Commission would now require 50 San Francisco residents or five Supervisors to subscribe to the notice of appeal. These appeals shall be subject to all other appeal requirements, except that the Board of Supervisors shall not be required to submit comments on an Environmental Impact Report or file an appeal of a Preliminary Mitigated Negative Declaration to the Planning Commission.

Background

Last year there were several appeals filed on CEQA determinations for projects related to COVID-19 recovery activities. This delayed many of those projects and the respective efforts to assist and serve the public. This Ordinance is proposed to avoid such delay in the future for similar projects that respond to emergencies.

Issues and Considerations

CEQA Overview

The Planning Department reviews projects for potential environmental impacts through CEQA, a state law created in 1970. The basic goals of CEQA include:

- Identifying and informing decision makers and the public about the potential significant environmental impacts,
- Preventing significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes to a project, and
- Disclosing to the public the reasons why decisions are made if significant impacts occur.

Environmental review is not an approval of a project, but it must be complete before city decision makers determine whether to approve a project that could impact the environment. After the potential environmental impacts are assessed, the Planning Department issues a CEQA determination in the form of a Categorical Exemption, Community Plan Exemption, a Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report. The final determination is based on the significance of environmental impacts, if any. It is this CEQA determination that can then be appealed to the Board of Supervisors. If an appeal is filed, environmental review needs to be revisited preventing City commissions and boards from taking any further action on the project until the Board of Supervisors makes their decision on the CEQA appeal.



Appeals Process

The Clerk of Board of Supervisors schedules an appeal hearing within 30-45 days of the appeal filing. After hearing from the appellant, general public, and staff, the Board of Supervisors vote to either deny or uphold the appeal. If the appeal is denied, the CEQA determination is finalized, thus completing environmental review. If the appeal is upheld, the Board of Supervisors will include findings instructing all parties on next steps. One example may include instructing staff to revisit technical studies that were included in the original CEQA determination and reassess the potential of significant impacts.

The Ordinance would not impact the appeal filing deadlines, hearing scheduling, or Board of Supervisors' decision-making process. However, the Ordinance would benefit qualifying projects by allowing City commissions and boards to act on the project while awaiting the Board of Supervisors' final decision on the CEQA appeal. This change would only impact those public projects (undertaken by the SFMTA, the Airport, Port, Public Utilities Commission, San Francisco Public Works, or the Recreation and Park Department) for which the respective commission or department head (or designee) demonstrates they meet the criterion to promote the general health and safety of the public or are temporary in nature. Projects that do not fall within these categories would still adhere to the current practice of waiting until the Board of Supervisors' make their final decision on the CEQA appeal before other City commissions and boards can act on the project.

The Ordinance would also change requirements for CEQA appeals filed on public projects sponsored or approved by the SFMTA or properties under leases from the Port Commission. CEQA appeals for these types of projects would require at least 50 San Francisco residents or five Supervisors to subscribe to the notice of appeal. A similar practice with higher requirements is already in effect for appeals on Conditional Use Authorizations (CUA), which requires 20% of the affected property owners or five Supervisors to subscribe to the appeal. While the Ordinance would result in a higher requirement for filing a CEQA appeal, it is not unprecedented as seen through the CUA appeal requirements.

Appeals Metrics

The Department pulled data on all CEQA appeals filed on between 2015 and 2020 and summarized the findings in Table 1.

Table 1: Summary of CEQA Appeals Filed from 2015-2020

	Appeal Denied	Appeal Upheld	Pending	Withdrawn
Subtotal	53	8	2	34
Grand Total				97

Out of the 97 CEQA appeals filed from 2015-2020, only eight were upheld. This means that the Board of Supervisors denied the vast majority of appeals they heard. If the same pattern continued, there would be no major harm if other City commissions or boards act on public projects before the Board of Supervisors makes their final determination on the appeal.

COVID-19 Recovery

The Ordinance focuses on very specific types of projects that are meant to promote the general health and safety of the public or projects that are temporary in nature. Many COVID-19 recovery efforts, such as Shared Spaces,



Executive Summary
Hearing Date: February 25, 2021

fall under these categories. If this Ordinance is enacted, all these projects would still go through environmental review to determine if there are any significant impacts; however, if the environmental determination is appealed the project could continue as the appeal was pending before the Board of Supervisors. This allows the City to review projects related to COVID-19 recovery or projects responding to other emergencies as expeditiously as possible. In some cases, this may save the project approximately six (or more) weeks of waiting time. As evidenced through the current pandemic, those handful of weeks saved may make a critical difference in resident and business livelihood.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance supports the Community Safety Element's goal to comply with current life safety standards by allowing the City to respond to future emergencies more quickly. Additionally, the proposed Ordinance supports the Commerce and Industry Element's goals to support existing commercial businesses and provide greater flexibility through temporary installations. One example of this includes temporary outdoor seating offered through the Shared Spaces program. The CEQA determination for that project was appealed to the Board of Supervisors and would have benefited from the proposed amendments.

Racial and Social Equity Analysis

Understanding the benefits, burdens, and opportunities to advance racial and social equity that proposed Administrative Code amendments provide is part of the Department's Racial and Social Equity Initiative. This is also consistent with the Mayor's Citywide Strategic Initiatives for equity and accountability and with the Office of Racial Equity, which will require all Departments to conduct this analysis.

The proposed amendments would further racial and social equity by allowing temporary installations during a crisis like COVID-19 to proceed while a CEQA appeal is pending at the Board of Supervisors. Programs like Shared Spaces are beneficial for small immigrant and minority owned business owners by allowing them to quickly adjust their services to keep their business running and employees working. It would have also benefit SFMTA's Slow Streets program, which is designed to limit through traffic on certain residential streets and allow them to be used as a shared space for people traveling by foot and by bicycle. When the CEQA determination for this program was appealed, the entire project had to stop, preventing expansion into underserved communities that may not have as ample park or open space. The Ordinance would also support measures to enhance the general public's safety and health and other temporary projects that respond to potential future emergencies.

The Ordinance, however, does increase the barriers to filing a CEQA appeal, and this could disproportionately impact communities that are less organized and knowledgeable about City process. Raising the CEQA appeal filing requirement from one resident to 50 residents potentially poses a greater task in neighborhoods that do not have active neighborhood associations. Further, the other appeal path, requiring five Supervisors to subscribe to the notice of appeal, may also hinder those less versed in navigating San Francisco's political landscape. This is particularly true when reaching out to Supervisors outside their district; however, such issues could be mitigated if the District Supervisor advocates on the concerned resident's behalf.

Overall though, the projects that would be subject to additional appeal barriers are limited to a small subset of projects. These projects include those that are related to safety/health measures, temporary, or a reversible action and under the jurisdiction of the SFMTA and the Port. It would not impact permanent projects that are under the discretion on the Board of Supervisors, which includes the vast majority of projects that receive CEQA review by the Planning Department. Given that and the benefit that this subset of projects could have for



communities of concern in future emergencies, the overall impact of these amendments would help advance the City's racial and social equity goals.

Implementation

The Department determined that this Ordinance would have minor scheduling impacts in our current implementation procedures. The proposed changes would result in completing the Department's appeal review sooner compared to our current practice. This yields a time-savings benefit for the project sponsor.

Recommendation

The Department recommends that the Commission *approve* the proposed Ordinance and adopt the attached Draft Resolution to that effect.

Basis for Recommendation

The Department is recommending approval of the proposed Ordinance because it allows City commissions and boards to act on public projects awaiting a final CEQA appeal determination from the Board of Supervisors. Such projects are limited to those that demonstrate they are related to safe or healthy measures meant to protect the public, or projects temporary in nature such as expanded outdoor seating in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. All other projects would still need to comply with the existing procedures which require other City commissions and boards to refrain from acting on projects until after the Board of Supervisors' hearing on the CEQA appeal. The Ordinance would impact a minor subset of projects but could have positive impact on the public's health, safety, and welfare.

Required Commission Action

The proposed Ordinance is before the Commission so that it may approve it, reject it, or approve it with modifications.

Environmental Review

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2) because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Public Comment

As of the date of this report, the Planning Department has not received any public comment regarding the proposed Ordinance.

Attachments:

Exhibit A: Draft Planning Commission Resolution Exhibit B: Board of Supervisors File No. 201284







49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400 San Francisco, CA 94103 628.652.7600 www.sfplanning.org

PLANNING COMMISSION DRAFT RESOLUTION

HEARING DATE: February 25, 2021

Project Name: CEQA Appeals

Case Number: 2021-000541PCA [Board File No. 201284]

Initiated by: Mayor Breed, Supervisor Haney / Introduced November 10, 2020

Staff Contact: Veronica Flores, Legislative Affairs

Veronica.Flores@sfgov.org, 628-652-7525

Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

RESOLUTION APPROVING A PROPOSED ORDINANCE THAT WOULD AMEND THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TO ALLOW CERTAIN PROJECTS TO PROCEED WHILE AN APPEAL OF THE PROJECT'S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) IS PENDING BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, AND MODIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR APPEALS TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS UNDER CEQA.

WHEREAS, on November 10, 2020 Mayor Breed and Supervisor Haney introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File Number 201284, which would amend the Administrative Code to allow certain projects to proceed while an appeal of the project's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) is pending before the Board of Supervisors, and modifying requirements for appeals to the Board of Supervisors for certain projects under CEQA.;

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on February 25, 2021; and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the custodian of records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby approves the proposed ordinance.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The proposed Ordinance will support projects that serve the general health and safety of the public, public employees, and public property.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMUNITY SAFETY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

REDUCE STRUCTURAL AND NONSTRUCTURAL HAZARDS TO LIFE SAFETY AND MINIMIZE PROPERTY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FUTURE DISASTERS.

Policy 1.3

Assure that new construction meets current structural and life safety standards.

Policy 1.15

Preserve, consistent with life safety considerations, the architectural character of buildings and structures important to the unique visual image of San Francisco, and increase the likelihood that architecturally and historically valuable structures will survive future earthquakes.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2



MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

Policy 2.1

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the city.

Policy 2.3

Maintain a favorable social and cultural climate in the city in order to enhance its attractiveness as a firm location.

The proposed Ordinance supports the Community Safety Element's goal to comply with current life safety standards. Additionally, the proposed Ordinance supports the Commerce and Industry Element's goals to support existing commercial businesses and provide greater flexibility through temporary installations. One example of this includes temporary outdoor seating offered through the Shared Spaces program.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Administrative Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

- 1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would have a positive effect on neighborhood serving retail uses interested in pursuing temporary extensions of outdoor spaces. The proposed Ordinance will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.
- 2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.
- 3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.
- 4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.
- 5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;



The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Administrative Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby APPROVES the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on February 25, 2021.

Jonas P. Ionin

Commission Secretary

AYES:

NOES:



ABSENT:

ADOPTED: February 25, 2021





FILE NO. 201284 ORDINANCE NO. **EXHIBIT B**

1	[Administrative	Code -	CEQA	Appeals]
---	-----------------	--------	------	----------

NOTE:

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to allow certain projects to proceed while an appeal of the project's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) is pending before the Board of Supervisors, and modifying requirements for appeals to the Board of Supervisors for certain projects under CEQA.

Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.

Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.

Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.

Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.

Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.

Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

(a) In San Francisco, Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code implements the California Environmental Quality Act, California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq., and the Guidelines for Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3 of the California Code of Regulations (collectively, "CEQA").

(b) Administrative Code Section 31.16 authorizes and sets forth a process for appealing certain CEQA decisions to the Board of Supervisors (the "Board"). Under that section, once a CEQA decision is scheduled for an appeal hearing, all City boards, commissions, and departments are prohibited from taking any action to carry out or further

consider approval of the appealed project, except in specified emergency circumstances.

- 1 (c) It is in the public interest that the CEQA appeal process not be used to delay or 2 obstruct projects undertaken by City departments to protect the public health, safety, or 3 property, or that involve temporary or reversible actions. (d) It is also in the public interest that CEQA appeals to the Board for projects within 4 5 the Municipal Transportation Authority's or the Port's exclusive jurisdiction under the Charter 6 be limited in situations where the Board of Supervisors may not otherwise have any review 7 authority for the projects themselves. 8 (e) The Planning Commission, in Resolution No. _____, adopted findings 9 recommending approval of this ordinance. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____, and is incorporated herein by reference. 10 11 12 Section 2. Chapter 31 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising 13 Section 31.16, to read as follows: SEC. 31.16. APPEAL OF CERTAIN CEQA DECISIONS. 14 15
 - (a) **Decisions Subject to Appeal.** In accordance with the provisions set forth in this Section 31.16, the following CEQA decisions may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors (the "Board"): (1) certification of a final EIR by the Planning Commission; (2) adoption of a negative declaration by the first decision-making body; and (3) determination by the Planning Department or any other authorized City department that a project is exempt from CEQA.
 - (b) **Appeal Procedures**. In addition to the applicable requirements of Section 31.16(c) pertaining to EIRs, Section 31.16(d) pertaining to negative declarations, or Section 31.16(e) pertaining to exemption determinations, the following requirements shall apply to an appeal of any of the decisions listed in Section 31.16(a).
 - (1) The appellant shall submit a letter of appeal to the Clerk of the Board within the time frames set forth in Sections 31.16(c), (d), or (e), as applicable. The letter of appeal

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

shall state the specific grounds for appeal, and shall be accompanied by a fee, as set forth in
Section 31.22 of this Chapter, payable to the San Francisco Planning Department. The
appellant shall sign the letter of appeal, or may have an agent, file an appeal on his or herthe
appellant's behalf. The appellant shall submit with the appeal a copy of the CEQA decision
being appealed, if available, and otherwise shall submit it when available. The appellant shall
submit a copy of the letter of appeal and any other written materials submitted to the Clerk in
support of the appeal to the Environmental Review Officer at the time $\underline{\it the}$ appellant submits
the letter of appeal to the Clerk of the Board. The submission to the Environmental Review
Officer may be made by electronic means. An appeal shall be accepted by the Clerk with
notice given to the appellants that the acceptance is conditioned upon the Planning
Department determining that the appeal of the CEQA decision, whether rendered by the
Planning Department or another City commission, department, agency or official, has been
filed in a timely manner, and the Clerk otherwise determining that the appeal complies with
the requirements of this section $\underline{31.16(b)(1)}$. The Planning Department shall make such
determination within three working days of receiving the Clerk's request for review. Within
seven working days of the filing of the appeal the Clerk shall mail notice to the appellants of
the acceptance or rejection of the appeal. The Clerk of the Board may reject an appeal if $\underline{\mathit{the}}$
appellant fails to comply with this $\underline{s}_{\underline{s}}$ ection 31.16(b)(1).

- (2) After receipt of the letter of appeal, the Environmental Review Officer shall promptly transmit copies of the environmental review document no later than 11 days prior to the scheduled hearing to the Clerk of the Board and make the administrative record available to the Board.
- (3) For projects that require multiple City approvals, after the Clerk has scheduled the appeal for hearing and until the CEQA decision is affirmed by the Board:

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

1	(A) the Board may not take action to approve the project but may hold
2	hearings on the project and pass any pending approvals out of committee without a
3	recommendation for the purpose of consolidating project approvals and the CEQA appeal
4	before the full Board; and
5	(B) other City boards, commissions, departments, and officials shall not
6	carry out or consider further the approval of the project that is the subject of the CEQA
7	decision on appeal, except for the following activities:
8	(i) actions that are essential to abate hazards to the public health
9	and safety, including abatement of hazards on a structure or site determined by the
10	appropriate City official, including but not limited to the Director of Building Inspection, the
11	Director of Public Works, the Director of Public Health, the Fire Marshal, or the Port Chief
12	Engineer, to be an emergency presenting an imminent hazard to the public and requiring
13	immediate action: or
14	(ii) actions that are undertaken by the San Francisco Municipal
15	Transportation Agency, the Airport, Port, Public Utilities Commission, San Francisco Public Works, or
16	the Recreation and Parks Department, and the appropriate commission or department head or their
17	designee has determined in writing that the action is one of the following:
18	a. a safety, health, or remedial measure necessary to protect the
19	public, public employees, or public property or to allow the existing use of public property to continue;
20	<u>or</u>
21	b. a temporary activity that will be removed or will cease within
22	180 days following the commencement of said activity; or
23	c. a reversible action wholly implemented and operated by a City
24	department or agency, or a City department's or agency's contractor, that either does not involve
25	

1	physical construction activities or is limited to additions that can be removed or reconditioned withou
2	damage to the site.

The appropriate department head or their designee shall provide their written determination about the project's characterization as a safety, health, or remedial measure, a temporary activity, or a reversible action, as described above in subsections (ii)a, (ii)b, and (ii)c, respectively, to the Environmental Review Officer.

- (4) The Clerk of the Board shall schedule a hearing on the appeal before the full Board. The Clerk shall schedule the hearing no less than 21 and no more than 45 days following expiration of the time frames set forth in Sections 31.16(c), (d), or (e), as applicable, for filing an appeal. If more than one person submits a letter of appeal, the Board President may consolidate such appeals so that they are heard simultaneously. The Clerk shall provide notice of the appeal by mail to the appellant or appellants and to all organizations and individuals who previously have requested such notice in writing. The Clerk shall provide such notice no less than 14 days prior to the date the appeal is scheduled to be heard by the Board. The Planning Department shall provide to the Clerk of the Board the list of individuals and organizations that have commented on the decision or determination in a timely manner, or requested notice of an appeal, no less than 20 days prior to the scheduled hearing.
- (5) Members of the public, appellant, and real parties in interest or City agencies sponsoring the proposed project, may submit written materials to the Clerk of the Board no later than noon, 11 days prior to the scheduled hearing. The Clerk will distribute any written document submitted by noon, eight days prior to the scheduled hearing to the Board through the Board's normal distribution procedures.
- (6) The Board shall conduct its own independent review of whether the CEQA decision adequately complies with the requirements of CEQA. The Board shall consider anew all facts, evidence, and issues related to the adequacy, accuracy, and objectiveness of the

- CEQA decision, including, but not limited to, the sufficiency of the CEQA decision and the correctness of its conclusions.
 - (7) The Board shall act on an appeal within 30 days of the date scheduled for the hearing, provided that if the full membership of the Board is not present on the last day on which the appeal is set for a decision within said 30 days, the Board may postpone a decision thereon until, but not later than, the full membership of the Board is present; and provided further, if the Board of Supervisors does not conduct at least three regular Board meetings during such 30-day period, the Board of Supervisors shall decide such appeal within 40 days of the time set for the hearing thereon or at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting should such deadline fall within a Board recess; and provided further that the latest date to which said decision may be so postponed under this Section shall be not more than 90 days from the expiration of the time frames set forth in Sections 31.16(c), (d), or (e), as applicable, for filling an appeal.
 - (8) The Board may affirm or reverse any CEQA decision by a vote of a majority of all members of the Board. A tie vote shall be deemed to be disapproval of the CEQA decision. The Board shall act by motion. The Board shall adopt findings in support of its decision, which may include adoption or incorporation of findings made by the Planning Commission, Environmental Review Officer, or other City department authorized to act on the CEQA decision below. If the Board reverses the CEQA decision, the Board shall adopt specific findings setting forth the reasons for its decision.
 - (9) If the Board affirms the CEQA decision, the date of the final EIR, the final negative declaration, or *the* final exemption determination shall be the date upon which the Planning Commission, Planning Department, Environmental Review Officer, or other authorized City department, as applicable, first certified the EIR, adopted the negative

1	declaration. or issued the exemption determination and any actions approving the project
2	made prior to the appeal decision shall be deemed valid.

- (10) If the Board reverses the CEQA decision, the prior CEQA decision and any actions approving the project in reliance on the reversed CEQA decision, shall be deemed void.
- (11) The date the project shall be considered finally approved shall occur no earlier than either the expiration date of the appeal period if no appeal is filed, or the date the Board affirms the CEQA decision, if the CEQA decision is appealed.
- approves pursuant to its exclusive authority in Charter Section 8A.102(b)(1)-(9) and which are not subject to review by the Board of Supervisors under Transportation Code Section 10.1, or for any transit service changes approved by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency that do not constitute route abandonment pursuant to Charter Section 8A.108, a CEQA document or determination may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors only if 50 San Francisco residents or five Members of the Board of Supervisors subscribe to the notice of appeal. The signature on the appeal of members of the Board of Supervisors shall not be deemed to be any indication of their position on the merits of the appeal but rather shall indicate only that they believe there is sufficient public interest and concern in the matter to warrant a hearing by the Board of Supervisors. All such appeals shall comply with all other requirements for an appeal set forth in this Section 31.16, except that members of the Board of Supervisors shall not be required to submit comments on an EIR or file an appeal of a preliminary negative declaration to the Planning Commission as provided in Sections 31.16(c) and (d) in order to subscribe to the notice of appeal of such negative declaration.
- (13) For leases of property under the jurisdiction of the Port Commission for maritime uses, which are not subject to Board of Supervisors review under Charter Section 9.118, a CEQA document or determination may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors only if 50 San Francisco

1	residents or five Members of the Board of Supervisors subscribe to the notice of appeal. The signature
2	on the appeal of members of the Board of Supervisors shall not be deemed to be any indication of their
3	position on the merits of the appeal but rather shall indicate only that they believe there is sufficient
4	public interest and concern in the matter to warrant a hearing by the Board of Supervisors. All such
5	appeals shall comply with all other requirements for an appeal set forth in this Section 31.16, except
6	that members of the Board of Supervisors shall not be required to submit comments on an EIR or file
7	an appeal of a preliminary negative declaration to the Planning Commission as provided in Sections
8	31.16(c) and (d) in order to subscribe to the notice of appeal of such negative declaration.
9	* * * *
10	
11	Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
12	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
13	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
14	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance
15	Section 4. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
16	intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
17	numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
18	Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
19	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
20	the official title of the ordinance.
21	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
22	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
23	By: /s/
24	KATE H. STACY Deputy City Attorney

n:\legana\as2020\2100111\01492604.docx