File No. <u>210353</u>

Committee Item No. \_\_\_\_\_ Board Item No. 29

## COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee: \_\_\_\_\_ Board of Supervisors Meeting

Prepared by:

Date:

Date: April 13, 2021

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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Prepared	d by: Lisa Lew	Date: <u>April 9, 2021</u>

FILE NO. 210353

**RESOLUTION NO.** 

[Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 37 (Cortese) - Contaminated Sites]
Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 37, Contaminated Sites: The
Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup and Safety Act, authored by Senator David Cortese,
expressly prohibiting the use of the common sense exemption to be applied to
construction projects located on contaminated sites identified on the state's Cortese
List.
WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco has approximately 2000
underground storage tanks that have leaked hazardous substances such as the known
human carcinogen benzene due to previous industrial and/or commercial uses, and these are
identified on a comprehensive site known as the Cortese List; and
WHEREAS, The Cortese List is maintained and updated by the state of California's
Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to mitigate the risks to public health, safety,
and the environment from hazardous waste sites as well as underground storage tanks where
unauthorized releases have been documented, under California Government Code, Section
65926.5; and
WHEREAS, Housing development can occur on sites that have suspected or detected
contamination, with existing industrial sites in San Francisco that have been managed under
the Local Oversight Program, and housing redevelopment on these sites requiring a more
stringent process to mitigate hazards through the City's Maher ordinance, a unique program
managed by the San Francisco Department of Public Health as a state-certified agency that is
designed to ensure cleanup of toxic substances based on standards for human habitation and
regulated through Article 22A of the San Francisco Health Code and Article 106.A.3.4.2 of the
San Francisco Building Code; and

WHEREAS, Since 2015 at least 20 of these sites were considered for, or received a
categorical exemption from, the state's environmental regulatory process known as the
California Environmental Quality Act or CEQA, in direct conflict with the legal mandate that a
categorical exemption cannot be issued for a project proposed for construction on any
Cortese List site, whether open or closed, as established by CEQA statutes in Section
21084(d); and

WHEREAS, Categorical exemptions to environmental review under CEQA are defined
according to over 30 classes of projects including work on existing facilities, minor alterations
to land, small residential projects and other structures, as well as certain legal and regulatory
actions that don't involve physical alterations of property; and

11 WHEREAS, The common sense exemption is allowed in Title 14 CCR § 15061(b)(3), 12 for projects "where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in 13 question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to 14 CEQA;" and

WHEREAS, The implementation of the City's Maher program provides a process for mitigating impacts from contaminated sites, but nothing in local or state law, including CEQA, allows a CEQA exemption for a project proposed to be constructed on a contaminated site, even if the project will undergo environmental review pursuant to the Maher Ordinance or other local ordinance; and

20 WHEREAS, The Maher program is not subject to a public process that allows for 21 scrutiny, oversight, or publicly documented procedures that are site-specific to ensure that 22 environmental protections or mitigation efforts have been properly undertaken on industrial 23 sites where toxic substances may have been discharged into the soil or subsurface 24 groundwater, and where the potential for exposure of residents, workers, the public and the 25 environment are serious considerations; and WHEREAS, CEQA requires that a clean-up plan for a contaminated site must be
 presented to the public for at least a 20-day public review and comment period so that the
 public may review the plan and ensure that it is adequate to safeguard the health and safety
 of neighbors, future residents, construction workers and others; and

5 WHEREAS, AB 869 was adopted by the California legislature in 1991, adding Section 6 21084(d) to CEQA following several construction projects in which building trades workers 7 were inadvertently exposed to toxic chemicals during projects built on contaminated sites, with 8 the passage of AB 869 assuring that workers and members of the public would be made 9 aware of soil contamination prior to construction so that proper safeguards would be 10 implemented and adequate clean-up would be undertaken; and

WHEREAS, Other major cities throughout California routinely require CEQA review for projects proposed to be constructed on contaminated sites on the Cortese List, typically requiring preparation of a mitigated negative declaration, allowing the pubic to review and comment on the proposed clean-up plan for at least 20 days; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Chronicle reported on a case involving a 100-year-old automobile repair shop that was proposed to be converted to residential condominiums located at 1776 Green Street in San Francisco, which was on the Cortese List due to the presence of benzene and other toxic chemicals from leaking underground storage tanks, where— despite the presence of benzene at levels 900 times above residential standards,

20 and 200 times above commercial standards— the San Francisco Planning Department issued

21 a CEQA categorical exemption for the proposed project; and

WHEREAS, At least 20 sites in San Francisco on the Cortese List received categorical exemptions from the Planning Department since 2015, with 12 of these sites documented with addresses in the San Francisco Chronicle report, which describes these as current and future projects providing more than 250 housing units throughout the City; and WHEREAS, The San Francisco Planning Department had claimed that it received
 faulty communication from the state regarding the application of categorical exemptions to
 sites on the Cortese List, subsequently deeming its prior practice "regrettable;" and

WHEREAS, The Planning Department then contended that it could issue "common
sense" exemptions for such projects, citing regulatory interpretations as opposed to stronger
statutory requirements in Section 21084(d) which indicate that exemptions to CEQA are not
allowed for Cortese List sites, and in fact issued a CEQA common sense exemption for the
proposed project at 1776 Green Street; and

9 WHEREAS, The common sense exemption is very narrow and is only available for 10 projects "where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in 11 question may have a significant effect on the environment," and this is highly difficult to 12 demonstrate with projects proposed on a contaminated site on the Cortese List; and 13 WHEREAS, CEQA review for projects proposed to be constructed on Cortese List sites 14 often takes the form of a mitigated negative declaration, which includes a reasonable 20-day

15 public review period, which will not result in undue delay or burden; and

WHEREAS, Since the City and County of San Francisco already requires preparation of a clean-up plan for contaminated sites pursuant to the Maher Ordinance, with associated costs for mitigation in a process familiar to developers of these sites, CEQA review will essentially add an additional requirement for this remediation plan to be presented to the public for a brief 20-day review period prior to approval; and

21 WHEREAS, Senator David Cortese is advancing Senate Bill 37, the Hazardous Waste 22 Site and Cleanup Act, to address this practice of granting common sense exemptions, as 23 have been uniquely discovered and publicly reported in San Francisco Planning Department's 24 handling of 1776 Green St. and other Cortese List sites that have been redeveloped or may 25 be considered for redevelopment; and

1	WHEREAS, SB 37 makes explicit that local jurisdictions are prohibited from issuing a
2	common sense exemption to these sites on the Cortese List, amended in the bill as the
3	"consolidated List created and distributed by the Secretary for Environmental Protection;"
4	now, therefore, be it
5	RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors affirms its support for
6	Senate Bill 37 as it moves through the 2020-21 legislative session in the state of California;
7	and, be it
8	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the Board transmits copies of this Resolution
9	to the California State Assembly and California State Senate majority and minority leaders,
10	the San Francisco delegation to the state legislature, and members of key committees where
11	SB 37 is being deliberated, including the Senate's Environmental Quality Committee and the
12	Assembly's Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee.
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No. 37

#### **Introduced by Senator Cortese**

December 7, 2020

An act to amend Sections 65913.4, 65913.15, 65940, 65941.1, and 65941.5 of, and to repeal Section 65962.5 of, the Government Code, to amend Sections 17021.8, 25220, and 25395.117 of, and to add Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 25000)-of *to* Division 20-to, *of*, the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Sections 21084, 21092.6, 21155.1, 21159.21, and 21159.25 of the Public Resources Code, relating to hazardous waste.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 37, as amended, Cortese. Contaminated sites: the Dominic Cortese "Cortese List" Act of 2021. Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup and Safety Act.

(1) Existing law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to compile a list of specified information, including, but not limited to, hazardous waste facilities where the department took, or contracted for the taking of, corrective action to remedy or prevent, for example, an imminent substantial danger to public health. Existing law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to compile a list of all public drinking water wells that contain detectable levels of organic contaminants and that are subject to water analysis by local health officers. Existing law also requires the State Water Resources Control Board to compile a list of specified information, including, but not limited to, all cease and desist orders and cleanup and abatement orders issued under the Water Code that concern the discharge of wastes that are hazardous materials. Existing law requires these agencies to update

the information as appropriate, but at least annually, and to submit the information to the Secretary of Environmental Protection. Under existing law, the Secretary for Environmental Protection is required to consolidate the information provided by these state agencies and distribute the information in a timely fashion to each city and county in which sites on the lists are located and to any other person upon request. The information consolidated and made available by the Secretary for Environmental Protection is commonly known as the "Cortese List."

This bill would enact the Dominic Cortese "Cortese List" Act of 2021 Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup and Safety Act and would recodify the above-described provisions with certain revisions. The bill would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control to also list hazardous waste facilities where the department issued an order for corrective action after determining that there is or has been a release of hazardous waste or constituents into the environment from a facility. The bill would require the State Water Resources Control Board, instead of the Sate State Department of Health Care Services, to compile and update a list of all public drinking water wells that contain detectable levels of organic contaminants and that are subject to water analysis by local health officers. The bill would require the Secretary for Environmental Protection to additionally post the consolidated information on the California Environmental Protection Agency's internet website.

(2) The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEOA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and adopt guidelines to implement CEQA, which guidelines shall include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that shall be exempt from CEQA. Existing law provides that a project located on a site that is included on the Cortese List consolidated list created and distributed *by the Secretary for Environmental Protection* shall not be exempted from CEQA under this provision.

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This bill would expressly provide that a project that is included on the Cortese List consolidated list created, distributed, and posted online by the Secretary for Environmental Protection shall also not be exempt from CEQA as a project where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, commonly known as the "common-sense exemption."

This bill would make other nonsubstantive, conforming, and technical changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 65913.4 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

65913.4. (a) A development proponent may submit an
application for a development that is subject to the streamlined,
ministerial approval process provided by subdivision (c) and is
not subject to a conditional use permit if the development complies
with subdivision (b) and satisfies all of the following objective
planning standards:
(1) The development is a multifemily housing development that

9 (1) The development is a multifamily housing development that 10 contains two or more residential units.

(2) The development and the site on which it is located satisfyall of the following:

13 (A) It is a legal parcel or parcels located in a city if, and only 14 if, the city boundaries include some portion of either an urbanized

15 area or urban cluster, as designated by the United States Census

16 Bureau, or, for unincorporated areas, a legal parcel or parcels

17 wholly within the boundaries of an urbanized area or urban cluster,

18 as designated by the United States Census Bureau.

19 (B) At least 75 percent of the perimeter of the site adjoins parcels

20 that are developed with urban uses. For purposes of this section, 21 parcels that are only separated by a street or highway shall be

21 parcels that are only separated by a street or highway shall be 22 considered to be adjoined.

23 (C) It is zoned for residential use or residential mixed-use 24 development, or has a general plan designation that allows

1 residential use or a mix of residential and nonresidential uses, and

2 at least two-thirds of the square footage of the development is3 designated for residential use. Additional density, floor area, and

4 units, and any other concession, incentive, or waiver of

5 development standards granted pursuant to the Density Bonus Law

6 in Section 65915 shall be included in the square footage

7 calculation. The square footage of the development shall not 8 include underground space, such as basements or underground

9 parking garages.

10 (3) (A) The development proponent has committed to record, 11 prior to the issuance of the first building permit, a land use

restriction or covenant providing that any lower or moderate

13 income housing units required pursuant to subparagraph (B) of

14 paragraph (4) shall remain available at affordable housing costs

15 or rent to persons and families of lower or moderate income for

16 no less than the following periods of time:

17 (i) Fifty-five years for units that are rented.

18 (ii) Forty-five years for units that are owned.

19 (B) The city or county shall require the recording of covenants 20 or restrictions implementing this paragraph for each parcel or unit 21 of real property included in the development

21 of real property included in the development.

22 (4) The development satisfies subparagraphs (A) and (B) below:

(A) Is located in a locality that the department has determined
is subject to this subparagraph on the basis that the number of units
that have been issued building permits, as shown on the most recent

26 production report received by the department, is less than the

locality's share of the regional housing needs, by income category,for that reporting period. A locality shall remain eligible under

for that reporting period. A locality shall remain eligible under this subparagraph until the department's determination for the next

30 reporting period.

(B) The development is subject to a requirement mandating a
 minimum percentage of below market rate housing based on one
 of the following:

(i) The locality did not submit its latest production report to the
department by the time period required by Section 65400, or that
production report reflects that there were fewer units of above
moderate-income housing issued building permits than were
required for the regional housing needs assessment cycle for that
reporting period. In addition, if the project contains more than 10
units of housing, the project does either of the following:

(I) The project dedicates a minimum of 10 percent of the total
 number of units to housing affordable to households making at or
 below 80 percent of the area median income. However, if the
 locality has adopted a local ordinance that requires that greater
 than 10 percent of the units be dedicated to housing affordable to
 households making below 80 percent of the area median income,
 that local ordinance applies.

8 (II) (ia) If the project is located within the San Francisco Bay 9 area, the project, in lieu of complying with subclause (I), dedicates 10 20 percent of the total number of units to housing affordable to 11 households making below 120 percent of the area median income 12 with the average income of the units at or below 100 percent of the area median income. However, a local ordinance adopted by 13 14 the locality applies if it requires greater than 20 percent of the units 15 be dedicated to housing affordable to households making at or 16 below 120 percent of the area median income, or requires that any 17 of the units be dedicated at a level deeper than 120 percent. In 18 order to comply with this subclause, the rent or sale price charged 19 for units that are dedicated to housing affordable to households 20 between 80 percent and 120 percent of the area median income shall not exceed 30 percent of the gross income of the household. 21 22 (ib) For purposes of this subclause, "San Francisco Bay area" 23 means the entire area within the territorial boundaries of the 24 Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Mateo, 25 Santa Clara, Solano, and Sonoma, and the City and County of San 26 Francisco. 27 (ii) The locality's latest production report reflects that there 28 were fewer units of housing issued building permits affordable to 29 either very low income or low-income households by income 30 category than were required for the regional housing needs 31 assessment cycle for that reporting period, and the project seeking 32 approval dedicates 50 percent of the total number of units to

housing affordable to households making at or below 80 percent
of the area median income. However, if the locality has adopted
a local ordinance that requires that greater than 50 percent of the

units be dedicated to housing affordable to households making ator below 80 percent of the area median income, that local ordinanceapplies.

(iii) The locality did not submit its latest production report tothe department by the time period required by Section 65400, or

1 if the production report reflects that there were fewer units of 2 housing affordable to both income levels described in clauses (i)

2 housing affordable to both income levels described in clauses (i)3 and (ii) that were issued building permits than were required for

4 the regional housing needs assessment cycle for that reporting

5 period, the project seeking approval may choose between utilizing

6 clause (i) or (ii).

(C) (i) A development proponent that uses a unit of affordable
housing to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (B) may also
satisfy any other local or state requirement for affordable housing,
including local ordinances or the Density Bonus Law in Section
65915, provided that the development proponent complies with
the applicable requirements in the state or local law.

(ii) A development proponent that uses a unit of affordable
housing to satisfy any other state or local affordability requirement
may also satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (B), provided
that the development proponent complies with applicable
requirements of subparagraph (B).

18 (iii) A development proponent may satisfy the affordability 19 requirements of subparagraph (B) with a unit that is restricted to 20 households with incomes lower than the applicable income limits 21 required in subparagraph (B).

22 (5) The development, excluding any additional density or any 23 other concessions, incentives, or waivers of development standards 24 granted pursuant to the Density Bonus Law in Section 65915, is 25 consistent with objective zoning standards, objective subdivision 26 standards, and objective design review standards in effect at the 27 time that the development is submitted to the local government 28 under this section, or at the time a notice of intent is submitted 29 pursuant to subdivision (b), whichever occurs earlier. For purposes 30 of this paragraph, "objective zoning standards," "objective 31 subdivision standards," and "objective design review standards" 32 mean standards that involve no personal or subjective judgment by a public official and are uniformly verifiable by reference to 33 34 an external and uniform benchmark or criterion available and 35 knowable by both the development applicant or proponent and the 36 public official before submittal. These standards may be embodied 37 in alternative objective land use specifications adopted by a city 38 or county, and may include, but are not limited to, housing overlay 39 zones, specific plans, inclusionary zoning ordinances, and density 40 bonus ordinances, subject to the following:

1 (A) A development shall be deemed consistent with the objective 2 zoning standards related to housing density, as applicable, if the 3 density proposed is compliant with the maximum density allowed 4 within that land use designation, notwithstanding any specified 5 maximum unit allocation that may result in fewer units of housing 6 being permitted.

(B) In the event that objective zoning, general plan, subdivision,
or design review standards are mutually inconsistent, a
development shall be deemed consistent with the objective zoning
and subdivision standards under this subdivision if the development
is consistent with the standards set forth in the general plan.

12 (C) It is the intent of the Legislature that the objective zoning 13 standards, objective subdivision standards, and objective design 14 review standards described in this paragraph be adopted or 15 amended in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 905 of 16 the Statutes of 2004.

(D) The amendments to this subdivision made by the act addingthis subparagraph do not constitute a change in, but are declaratoryof, existing law.

20 (6) The development is not located on a site that is any of the 21 following:

- (A) A coastal zone, as defined in Section 30103 of the PublicResources Code.
- (B) Either prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance,
  as defined pursuant to United States Department of Agriculture
  land inventory and monitoring criteria, as modified for California,
  and designated on the maps prepared by the Farmland Mapping

and Monitoring Program of the Department of Conservation, or

29 land zoned or designated for agricultural protection or preservation

- 30 by a local ballot measure that was approved by the voters of that 31 jurisdiction.
- 32 (C) Wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish and Wildlife 33 Service Manual, Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993).

34 (D) Within a very high fire hazard severity zone, as determined

35 by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section

36 51178, or within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone as

37 indicated on maps adopted by the Department of Forestry and Fire

38 Protection pursuant to Section 4202 of the Public Resources Code.

39 This subparagraph does not apply to sites excluded from the

40 specified hazard zones by a local agency, pursuant to subdivision

1 (b) of Section 51179, or sites that have adopted fire hazard 2 mitigation measures pursuant to existing building standards or 3 state fire mitigation measures applicable to the development.

4 (E) A hazardous waste site that is listed pursuant to Section 5 25001 of the Health and Safety Code or a hazardous substances

6 release site designated by the Department of Toxic Substances

7 Control pursuant to Section 25356 of the Health and Safety Code,

8 unless the State Department of Public Health, State Water

9 Resources Control Board, or Department of Toxic Substances
 10 Control has cleared the site for residential use or residential mixed

### 11 uses.

12 (F) Within a delineated earthquake fault zone as determined by 13 the State Geologist in any official maps published by the State Geologist, unless the development complies with applicable seismic 14 15 protection building code standards adopted by the California Building Standards Commission under the California Building 16 17 Standards Law (Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901) of 18 Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code), and by any local 19 building department under Chapter 12.2 (commencing with Section 20 8875) of Division 1 of Title 2. 21 (G) Within a special flood hazard area subject to inundation by

22 the 1 percent annual chance flood (100-year flood) as determined 23 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in any official maps published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. 24 25 If a development proponent is able to satisfy all applicable federal 26 qualifying criteria in order to provide that the site satisfies this 27 subparagraph and is otherwise eligible for streamlined approval 28 under this section, a local government shall not deny the application 29 on the basis that the development proponent did not comply with 30 any additional permit requirement, standard, or action adopted by 31 that local government that is applicable to that site. A development 32 may be located on a site described in this subparagraph if either 33 of the following are met: 34 (i) The site has been subject to a Letter of Map Revision

(1) The site has been subject to a Letter of Map Revision
 prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and
 issued to the local jurisdiction.

(ii) The site meets Federal Emergency Management Agencyrequirements necessary to meet minimum flood plain management

39 criteria of the National Flood Insurance Program pursuant to Part

40 59 (commencing with Section 59.1) and Part 60 (commencing

1 with Section 60.1) of Subchapter B of Chapter I of Title 44 of the2 Code of Federal Regulations.

3 (H) Within a regulatory floodway as determined by the Federal 4 Emergency Management Agency in any official maps published 5 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, unless the development has received a no-rise certification in accordance 6 with Section 60.3(d)(3) of Title 44 of the Code of Federal 7 8 Regulations. If a development proponent is able to satisfy all 9 applicable federal qualifying criteria in order to provide that the 10 site satisfies this subparagraph and is otherwise eligible for 11 streamlined approval under this section, a local government shall 12 not deny the application on the basis that the development 13 proponent did not comply with any additional permit requirement, 14 standard, or action adopted by that local government that is 15 applicable to that site.

16 (I) Lands identified for conservation in an adopted natural 17 community conservation plan pursuant to the Natural Community 18 Conservation Planning Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 19 2800) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code), habitat 20 conservation plan pursuant to the federal Endangered Species Act 21 of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.), or other adopted natural 22 resource protection plan.

(J) Habitat for protected species identified as candidate,
sensitive, or species of special status by state or federal agencies,
fully protected species, or species protected by the federal
Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.),
the California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing

28 with Section 2050) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code), or

29 the Native Plant Protection Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with

30 Section 1900) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code).

31 (K) Lands under conservation easement.

32 (7) The development is not located on a site where any of the 33 following apply:

34 (A) The development would require the demolition of the35 following types of housing:

36 (i) Housing that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, 37 or law that restricts rents to levels affordable to persons and

38 families of moderate, low, or very low income.

(ii) Housing that is subject to any form of rent or price controlthrough a public entity's valid exercise of its police power.

1	(iii) Housing that has been occupied by tenants within the past
2	10 years.
3	(B) The site was previously used for housing that was occupied
4	by tenants that was demolished within 10 years before the
5	development proponent submits an application under this section.
6	(C) The development would require the demolition of a historic
7	structure that was placed on a national, state, or local historic
8	register.
9	(D) The property contains housing units that are occupied by
10	tenants, and units at the property are, or were, subsequently offered
11	for sale to the general public by the subdivider or subsequent owner
12	of the property.
13	(8) The development proponent has done both of the following,
14	as applicable:
15	(A) Certified to the locality that either of the following is true,
16	as applicable:
17	(i) The entirety of the development is a public work for purposes
18	of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division
19	2 of the Labor Code.
20	(ii) If the development is not in its entirety a public work, that
21	all construction workers employed in the execution of the
22	development will be paid at least the general prevailing rate of per
23	diem wages for the type of work and geographic area, as
24	determined by the Director of Industrial Relations pursuant to
25	Sections 1773 and 1773.9 of the Labor Code, except that
26	apprentices registered in programs approved by the Chief of the
27	Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the
28	applicable apprentice prevailing rate. If the development is subject
29	to this subparagraph, then for those portions of the development
30	that are not a public work all of the following shall apply:
31	(I) The development proponent shall ensure that the prevailing
32	wage requirement is included in all contracts for the performance
33	of the work.
34	(II) All contractors and subcontractors shall pay to all
35	construction workers employed in the execution of the work at
36	least the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, except that
37	apprentices registered in programs approved by the Chief of the
38	Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the
39	applicable apprentice prevailing rate.

(III) Except as provided in subclause (V), all contractors and
 subcontractors shall maintain and verify payroll records pursuant
 to Section 1776 of the Labor Code and make those records
 available for inspection and copying as provided therein.

5 (IV) Except as provided in subclause (V), the obligation of the 6 contractors and subcontractors to pay prevailing wages may be 7 enforced by the Labor Commissioner through the issuance of a 8 civil wage and penalty assessment pursuant to Section 1741 of the 9 Labor Code, which may be reviewed pursuant to Section 1742 of 10 the Labor Code, within 18 months after the completion of the 11 development, by an underpaid worker through an administrative 12 complaint or civil action, or by a joint labor-management 13 committee through a civil action pursuant to Section 1771.2 of the 14 Labor Code. If a civil wage and penalty assessment is issued, the 15 contractor, subcontractor, and surety on a bond or bonds issued to secure the payment of wages covered by the assessment shall be 16 17 liable for liquidated damages pursuant to Section 1742.1 of the 18 Labor Code.

19 (V) Subclauses (III) and (IV) shall not apply if all contractors 20 and subcontractors performing work on the development are subject 21 to a project labor agreement that requires the payment of prevailing 22 wages to all construction workers employed in the execution of 23 the development and provides for enforcement of that obligation 24 through an arbitration procedure. For purposes of this clause, 25 "project labor agreement" has the same meaning as set forth in 26 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public 27 Contract Code. 28 (VI) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 1773.1 of the 29 Labor Code, the requirement that employer payments not reduce 30 the obligation to pay the hourly straight time or overtime wages 31 found to be prevailing shall not apply if otherwise provided in a

bona fide collective bargaining agreement covering the worker.
The requirement to pay at least the general prevailing rate of per
diem wages does not preclude use of an alternative workweek

35 schedule adopted pursuant to Section 511 or 514 of the Labor36 Code.

(B) (i) For developments for which any of the following
conditions apply, certified that a skilled and trained workforce
shall be used to complete the development if the application is
approved:

1 (I) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2021, the 2 development consists of 75 or more units with a residential 3 component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing 4 and will be located within a jurisdiction located in a coastal or bay 5 county with a population of 225,000 or more.

6 (II) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the 7 development consists of 50 or more units with a residential 8 component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing 9 and will be located within a jurisdiction located in a coastal or bay 10 county with a population of 225,000 or more.

(III) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2019,
the development consists of 75 or more units with a residential
component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing
and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewer
than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county.

16 (IV) On and after January 1, 2020, until December 31, 2021,

the development consists of more than 50 units with a residential component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewer

20 than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county.

(V) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the
 development consists of more than 25 units with a residential
 component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing
 and will be leasted within a invisidiation with a perulation of forward

and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewerthan 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county.

26 (ii) For purposes of this section, "skilled and trained workforce"

has the same meaning as provided in Chapter 2.9 (commencing
with Section 2600) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract
Code.

(iii) If the development proponent has certified that a skilledand trained workforce will be used to complete the developmentand the application is approved, all of the following shall apply:

(I) The application is approved, an of the following shall approved.
 (I) The applicant shall require in all contracts for the
 performance of work that every contractor and subcontractor at
 every tier will individually use a skilled and trained workforce to
 complete the development.

37 (II) Every contractor and subcontractor shall use a skilled and38 trained workforce to complete the development.

39 (III) Except as provided in subclause (IV), the applicant shall 40 provide to the locality, on a monthly basis while the development

1 or contract is being performed, a report demonstrating compliance 2 with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section 2600) of Part 1 of 3 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code. A monthly report provided 4 to the locality under this subclause shall be a public record under 5 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 6 Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) and shall be open to public 7 inspection. An applicant that fails to provide a monthly report 8 demonstrating compliance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with 9 Section 2600) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code 10 shall be subject to a civil penalty of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) 11 per month for each month for which the report has not been provided. Any contractor or subcontractor that fails to use a skilled 12 13 and trained workforce shall be subject to a civil penalty of two 14 hundred dollars (\$200) per day for each worker employed in 15 contravention of the skilled and trained workforce requirement. 16 Penalties may be assessed by the Labor Commissioner within 18 17 months of completion of the development using the same 18 procedures for issuance of civil wage and penalty assessments 19 pursuant to Section 1741 of the Labor Code, and may be reviewed pursuant to the same procedures in Section 1742 of the Labor 20 21 Code. Penalties shall be paid to the State Public Works 22 Enforcement Fund. 23 (IV) Subclause (III) shall not apply if all contractors and 24 subcontractors performing work on the development are subject 25 to a project labor agreement that requires compliance with the 26 skilled and trained workforce requirement and provides for 27 enforcement of that obligation through an arbitration procedure.

For purposes of this subparagraph, "project labor agreement" has
the same meaning as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b)

30 of Section 2500 of the Public Contract Code.

31 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), a development

32 that is subject to approval under this section is exempt from any 33 requirement to pay prevailing wages or use a skilled and trained

34 workforce if it meets both of the following:

35 (i) The project includes 10 or fewer units.

(ii) The project is not a public work for purposes of Chapter 1
(commencing with Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the
Labor Code.

39 (9) The development did not or does not involve a subdivision40 of a parcel that is, or, notwithstanding this section, would otherwise

1 be, subject to the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing

2 with Section 66410)) or any other applicable law authorizing the

3 subdivision of land, unless the development is consistent with all

4 objective subdivision standards in the local subdivision ordinance,

5 and either of the following apply:

6 (A) The development has received or will receive financing or

7 funding by means of a low-income housing tax credit and is subject

8 to the requirement that prevailing wages be paid pursuant to 0 subcar such (A) of new such (8)

9 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (8).

10 (B) The development is subject to the requirement that 11 prevailing wages be paid, and a skilled and trained workforce used, 12 pursuant to paragraph (8).

(10) The development shall not be upon an existing parcel of
land or site that is governed under the Mobilehome Residency Law
(Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 798) of Title 2 of Part 2
of Division 2 of the Civil Code), the Recreational Vehicle Park
Occupancy Law (Chapter 2.6 (commencing with Section 799.20)
of Title 2 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Civil Code), the

19 Mobilehome Parks Act (Part 2.1 (commencing with Section 18200)

20 of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code), or the Special

21 Occupancy Parks Act (Part 2.3 (commencing with Section 18860)

22 of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code).

(b) (1) (A) (i) Before submitting an application for a 23 24 development subject to the streamlined, ministerial approval 25 process described in subdivision (c), the development proponent 26 shall submit to the local government a notice of its intent to submit 27 an application. The notice of intent shall be in the form of a 28 preliminary application that includes all of the information 29 described in Section 65941.1, as that section read on January 1, 30 2020.

(ii) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to submit an application described in clause (i), the local government shall engage in a scoping consultation regarding the proposed development with any California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area, as described in Section 21080.3.1 of the Public Resources Code, of the proposed development. In order to expedite compliance with this subdivision.

development. In order to expedite compliance with this subdivision,the local government shall contact the Native American Heritage

39 Commission for assistance in identifying any California Native

1 American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with 2 the geographic area of the proposed development.

3 (iii) The timeline for noticing and commencing a scoping 4 consultation in accordance with this subdivision shall be as follows:

5 (I) The local government shall provide a formal notice of a 6 development proponent's notice of intent to submit an application

7 described in clause (i) to each California Native American tribe

8 that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic 9 area of the proposed development within 30 days of receiving that

9 area of the proposed development within 30 days of receiving that10 notice of intent. The formal notice provided under this subclause

11 shall include all of the following:

12 (ia) A description of the proposed development.

13 (ib) The location of the proposed development.

14 (ic) An invitation to engage in a scoping consultation in 15 accordance with this subdivision.

(II) Each California Native American tribe that receives a formal
 notice under this clause shall have 30 days from the receipt of that
 notice to accept the invitation to engage in a scoping consultation.

(III) If the local government receives a response accepting an
invitation to engage in a scoping consultation under this
subdivision, the local government shall commence the scoping
consultation within 30 days of receiving that response.

(B) The scoping consultation shall recognize that California
Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with
a geographic area have knowledge and expertise concerning the
resources at issue and shall take into account the cultural
significance of the resource to the culturally affiliated California
Native American tribe.

29 (C) The parties to a scoping consultation conducted under this 30 subdivision shall be the local government and any California Native 31 American tribe traditionally and culturally affiliated with the 32 geographic area of the proposed development. More than one 33 California Native American tribe traditionally and culturally 34 affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed development 35 may participate in the scoping consultation. However, the local 36 government, upon the request of any California Native American 37 tribe traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area 38 of the proposed development, shall engage in a separate scoping 39 consultation with that California Native American tribe. The 40 development proponent and its consultants may participate in a

1 scoping consultation process conducted under this subdivision if

2 all of the following conditions are met:

3 (i) The development proponent and its consultants agree to 4 respect the principles set forth in this subdivision.

5 (ii) The development proponent and its consultants engage in 6 the scoping consultation in good faith.

7 (iii) The California Native American tribe participating in the 8 scoping consultation approves the participation of the development 9 proponent and its consultants. The California Native American 10 tribe may rescind its approval at any time during the scoping 11 consultation, either for the duration of the scoping consultation or 12 with respect to any particular meeting or discussion held as part

13 of the scoping consultation.

- 14 (D) The participants to a scoping consultation under this 15 subdivision shall comply with all of the following confidentiality 16 requirements:
- 17 (i) Subdivision (r) of Section 6254.
- 18 (ii) Section 6254.10.

# (iii) Subdivision (c) of Section 21082.3 of the Public ResourcesCode.

21 (iv) Subdivision (d) of Section 15120 of Title 14 of the 22 California Code of Regulations.

(v) Any additional confidentiality standards adopted by the
 California Native American tribe participating in the scoping
 consultation.

(E) The California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13
(commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code)
shall not apply to a scoping consultation conducted under this
subdivision.

30 (2) (A) If, after concluding the scoping consultation, the parties
31 find that no potential tribal cultural resource would be affected by
32 the proposed development, the development proponent may submit

33 an application for the proposed development that is subject to the

34 streamlined, ministerial approval process described in subdivision
35 (c).

36 (B) If, after concluding the scoping consultation, the parties 37 find that a potential tribal cultural resource could be affected by 38 the proposed development and an enforceable agreement is 39 documented between the California Native American tribe and the

40 local government on methods, measures, and conditions for tribal

1 cultural resource treatment, the development proponent may submit 2 the application for a development subject to the streamlined, 3 ministerial approval process described in subdivision (c). The local 4 government shall ensure that the enforceable agreement is included 5 in the requirements and conditions for the proposed development. 6 (C) If, after concluding the scoping consultation, the parties 7 find that a potential tribal cultural resource could be affected by 8 the proposed development and an enforceable agreement is not 9 documented between the California Native American tribe and the 10 local government regarding methods, measures, and conditions 11 for tribal cultural resource treatment, the development shall not 12 be eligible for the streamlined, ministerial approval process 13 described in subdivision (c).

14 (D) For purposes of this paragraph, a scoping consultation shall 15 be deemed to be concluded if either of the following occur:

16 (i) The parties to the scoping consultation document an 17 enforceable agreement concerning methods, measures, and 18 conditions to avoid or address potential impacts to tribal cultural 19 resources that are or may be present.

20 (ii) One or more parties to the scoping consultation, acting in 21 good faith and after reasonable effort, conclude that a mutual 22 agreement on methods, measures, and conditions to avoid or 23 address impacts to tribal cultural resources that are or may be 24 present cannot be reached.

25 (E) If the development or environmental setting substantially 26 changes after the completion of the scoping consultation, the local 27 government shall notify the California Native American tribe of 28 the changes and engage in a subsequent scoping consultation if 29 requested by the California Native American tribe.

30 (3) A local government may only accept an application for 31 streamlined, ministerial approval under this section if one of the 32 following applies:

33 (A) A California Native American tribe that received a formal 34 notice of the development proponent's notice of intent to submit

an application pursuant to subclause (I) of clause (iii) of 35 36 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) did not accept the invitation to 37

engage in a scoping consultation.

38 (B) The California Native American tribe accepted an invitation 39

- to engage in a scoping consultation pursuant to subclause (II) of 40 clause (iii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) but substantially

failed to engage in the scoping consultation after repeated
 documented attempts by the local government to engage the
 California Native American tribe.

4 (C) The parties to a scoping consultation under this subdivision 5 find that no potential tribal cultural resource will be affected by 6 the proposed development pursuant to subparagraph (A) of

7 paragraph (2).

8 (D) A scoping consultation between a California Native 9 American tribe and the local government has occurred in 10 accordance with this subdivision and resulted in agreement 11 pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2).

(4) A project shall not be eligible for the streamlined, ministerial
process described in subdivision (c) if any of the following apply:
(A) There is a tribal cultural resource that is on a national, state,
tribal, or local historic register list located on the site of the project.

(B) There is a potential tribal cultural resource that could be
affected by the proposed development and the parties to a scoping
consultation conducted under this subdivision do not document
an enforceable agreement on methods, measures, and conditions
for tribal cultural resource treatment, as described in subparagraph
(C) of paragraph (2).

(C) The parties to a scoping consultation conducted under this
 subdivision do not agree as to whether a potential tribal cultural
 resource will be affected by the proposed development.

25 (5) (A) If, after a scoping consultation conducted under this 26 subdivision, a project is not eligible for the streamlined, ministerial 27 process described in subdivision (c) for any or all of the following 28 reasons, the local government shall provide written documentation 29 of that fact, and an explanation of the reason for which the project 30 is not eligible, to the development proponent and to any California 31 Native American tribe that is a party to that scoping consultation: 32 (i) There is a tribal cultural resource that is on a national, state,

tribal, or local historic register list located on the site of the project,as described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (4).

(ii) The parties to the scoping consultation have not documented
an enforceable agreement on methods, measures, and conditions
for tribal cultural resource treatment, as described in subparagraph
(C) of neuroph (2) and whenever h (D) of neuroph (4)

38 (C) of paragraph (2) and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4).

(iii) The parties to the scoping consultation do not agree as towhether a potential tribal cultural resource will be affected by the

1 proposed development, as described in subparagraph (C) of 2 paragraph (4).

3 (B) The written documentation provided to a development 4 proponent under this paragraph shall include information on how 5 the development proponent may seek a conditional use permit or 6 other discretionary approval of the development from the local 7 government.

8 (6) This section is not intended, and shall not be construed, to 9 limit consultation and discussion between a local government and 10 a California Native American tribe pursuant to other applicable 11 law, confidentiality provisions under other applicable law, the 12 protection of religious exercise to the fullest extent permitted under 13 state and federal law, or the ability of a California Native American 14 tribe to submit information to the local government or participate 15 in any process of the local government.

16 (7) For purposes of this subdivision:

17 (A) "Consultation" means the meaningful and timely process 18 of seeking, discussing, and considering carefully the views of 19 others, in a manner that is cognizant of all parties' cultural values 20 and, where feasible, seeking agreement. Consultation between 21 local governments and Native American tribes shall be conducted 22 in a way that is mutually respectful of each party's sovereignty. 23 Consultation shall also recognize the tribes' potential needs for 24 confidentiality with respect to places that have traditional tribal 25 cultural importance. A lead agency shall consult the tribal 26 consultation best practices described in the "State of California 27 Tribal Consultation Guidelines: Supplement to the General Plan 28 Guidelines" prepared by the Office of Planning and Research. 29 (B) "Scoping" means the act of participating in early discussions

or investigations between the local government and California
 Native American tribe, and the development proponent if
 authorized by the California Native American tribe, regarding the
 potential effects a proposed development could have on a potential

34 tribal cultural resource, as defined in Section 21074 of the Public

35 Resources Code, or California Native American tribe, as defined

36 in Section 21073 of the Public Resources Code.

37 (8) This subdivision shall not apply to any project that has been

38 approved under the streamlined, ministerial approval process

39 provided under this section before the effective date of the act

40 adding this subdivision.

1

(c) (1) If a local government determines that a development 2 submitted under this section is in conflict with any of the objective 3 planning standards specified in subdivision (a), it shall provide the 4 development proponent written documentation of which standard 5 or standards the development conflicts with, and an explanation 6 for the reason or reasons the development conflicts with that 7 standard or standards, as follows: 8 (A) Within 60 days of submittal of the development to the local 9 government under this section if the development contains 150 or 10 fewer housing units. (B) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local 11 12 government under this section if the development contains more 13 than 150 housing units. 14 (2) If the local government fails to provide the required 15 documentation pursuant to paragraph (1), the development shall be deemed to satisfy the objective planning standards specified in 16 17 subdivision (a). 18 (3) For purposes of this section, a development is consistent 19 with the objective planning standards specified in subdivision (a) if there is substantial evidence that would allow a reasonable person 20 21 to conclude that the development is consistent with the objective 22 planning standards. (d) (1) Any design review or public oversight of the 23 development may be conducted by the local government's planning 24 25 commission or any equivalent board or commission responsible 26 for review and approval of development projects, or the city council 27 or board of supervisors, as appropriate. That design review or 28 public oversight shall be objective and be strictly focused on 29 assessing compliance with criteria required for streamlined projects, 30 as well as any reasonable objective design standards published 31 and adopted by ordinance or resolution by a local jurisdiction 32 before submission of a development application, and shall be broadly applicable to development within the jurisdiction. That 33 34 design review or public oversight shall be completed as follows 35 and shall not in any way inhibit, chill, or preclude the ministerial 36 approval provided by this section or its effect, as applicable:

37 (A) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local 38 government under this section if the development contains 150 or

39 fewer housing units.

(B) Within 180 days of submittal of the development to the
local government under this section if the development contains
more than 150 housing units.

4 (2) If the development is consistent with the requirements of 5 subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (9) of subdivision (a) and 6 is consistent with all objective subdivision standards in the local 7 subdivision ordinance, an application for a subdivision pursuant 8 to the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing with Section 9 66410)) shall be exempt from the requirements of the California 10 Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 11 21000) of the Public Pascurage Code) and shall be subject to the

21000) of the Public Resources Code) and shall be subject to thepublic oversight timelines set forth in paragraph (1).

13 (e) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, a local government, 14 whether or not it has adopted an ordinance governing automobile 15 parking requirements in multifamily developments, shall not 16 impose automobile parking standards for a streamlined 17 development that was approved under this section in any of the 18 following instances:

(A) The development is located within one-half mile of publictransit.

(B) The development is located within an architecturally andhistorically significant historic district.

(C) When on-street parking permits are required but not offeredto the occupants of the development.

(D) When there is a car share vehicle located within one blockof the development.

(2) If the development does not fall within any of the categories
described in paragraph (1), the local government shall not impose
automobile parking requirements for streamlined developments
approved under this section that exceed one parking space per unit.

(f) (1) If a local government approves a development under this section, then, notwithstanding any other law, that approval shall not expire if the project includes public investment in housing affordability, beyond tax credits, where 50 percent of the units are affordable to households making at or below 80 percent of the area median income.

37 (2) (A) If a local government approves a development under
38 this section and the project does not include 50 percent of the units
39 affordable to households making at or below 80 percent of the area
40 median income, that approval shall remain valid for three years

1 from the date of the final action establishing that approval, or if

2 litigation is filed challenging that approval, from the date of the

3 final judgment upholding that approval. Approval shall remain

4 valid for a project provided that vertical construction of the

5 development has begun and is in progress. For purposes of this

6 subdivision, "in progress" means one of the following:

7 (i) The construction has begun and has not ceased for more than8 180 days.

9 (ii) If the development requires multiple building permits, an 10 initial phase has been completed, and the project proponent has 11 applied for and is diligently pursuing a building permit for a

subsequent phase, provided that once it has been issued, thebuilding permit for the subsequent phase does not lapse.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a local government may
grant a project a one-time, one-year extension if the project
proponent can provide documentation that there has been
significant progress toward getting the development construction
ready, such as filing a building permit application.

19 (3) If a local government approves a development under this 20 section, that approval shall remain valid for three years from the 21 date of the final action establishing that approval and shall remain 22 valid thereafter for a project so long as vertical construction of the 23 development has begun and is in progress. Additionally, the 24 development proponent may request, and the local government 25 shall have discretion to grant, an additional one-year extension to 26 the original three-year period. The local government's action and 27 discretion in determining whether to grant the foregoing extension 28 shall be limited to considerations and processes set forth in this 29 section.

30 (g) (1) (A) A development proponent may request a 31 modification to a development that has been approved under the 32 streamlined, ministerial approval process provided in subdivision 33 (b) if that request is submitted to the local government before the 34 issuance of the final building permit required for construction of 35 the development.

(B) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the local government
shall approve a modification if it determines that the modification
is consistent with the objective planning standards specified in
subdivision (a) that were in effect when the original development
application was first submitted.

(C) The local government shall evaluate any modifications
 requested under this subdivision for consistency with the objective
 planning standards using the same assumptions and analytical
 methodology that the local government originally used to assess
 consistency for the development that was approved for streamlined,
 ministerial approval pursuant to subdivision (b).

7 (D) A guideline that was adopted or amended by the department 8 pursuant to subdivision (j) after a development was approved 9 through the streamlined ministerial approval process described in 10 subdivision (b) shall not be used as a basis to deny proposed 11 modifications.

(2) Upon receipt of the developmental proponent's application
requesting a modification, the local government shall determine
if the requested modification is consistent with the objective
planning standard and either approve or deny the modification
request within 60 days after submission of the modification, or
within 90 days if design review is required.

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the local government may
apply objective planning standards adopted after the development
application was first submitted to the requested modification in
any of the following instances:

(A) The development is revised such that the total number of
residential units or total square footage of construction changes
by 15 percent or more.

25 (B) The development is revised such that the total number of 26 residential units or total square footage of construction changes 27 by 5 percent or more and it is necessary to subject the development 28 to an objective standard beyond those in effect when the 29 development application was submitted in order to mitigate or 30 avoid a specific, adverse impact, as that term is defined in 31 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (j) of Section 32 65589.5, upon the public health or safety and there is no feasible 33 alternative method to satisfactorily mitigate or avoid the adverse 34 impact.

35 (C) Objective building standards contained in the California
36 Building Standards Code (Title 24 of the California Code of
37 Regulations), including, but not limited to, building plumbing,
38 electrical, fire, and grading codes, may be applied to all
39 modifications.

1 (4) The local government's review of a modification request 2 under this subdivision shall be strictly limited to determining 3 whether the modification, including any modification to previously 4 approved density bonus concessions or waivers, modify the 5 development's consistency with the objective planning standards 6 and shall not reconsider prior determinations that are not affected 7 by the modification.

8 (h) (1) A local government shall not adopt or impose any 9 requirement, including, but not limited to, increased fees or 10 inclusionary housing requirements, that applies to a project solely 11 or partially on the basis that the project is eligible to receive 12 ministerial or streamlined approval under this section.

13 (2) A local government shall issue a subsequent permit required 14 for a development approved under this section if the application 15 substantially complies with the development as it was approved 16 pursuant to subdivision (c). Upon receipt of an application for a 17 subsequent permit, the local government shall process the permit 18 without unreasonable delay and shall not impose any procedure 19 or requirement that is not imposed on projects that are not approved under this section. Issuance of subsequent permits shall implement 20 21 the approved development, and review of the permit application 22 shall not inhibit, chill, or preclude the development. For purposes 23 of this paragraph, a "subsequent permit" means a permit required 24 subsequent to receiving approval pursuant to subdivision (c), and 25 includes, but is not limited to, demolition, grading, encroachment, and building permits and final maps, if necessary. 26

27 (3) (A) If a public improvement is necessary to implement a 28 development that is subject to the streamlined, ministerial approval 29 under this section, including, but not limited to, a bicycle lane, 30 sidewalk or walkway, public transit stop, driveway, street paving 31 or overlay, a curb or gutter, a modified intersection, a street sign 32 or street light, landscape or hardscape, an above-ground or 33 underground utility connection, a water line, fire hydrant, storm 34 or sanitary sewer connection, retaining wall, and any related work, 35 and that public improvement is located on land owned by the local 36 government, to the extent that the public improvement requires 37 approval from the local government, the local government shall 38 not exercise its discretion over any approval relating to the public 39 improvement in a manner that would inhibit, chill, or preclude the 40 development.

1 (B) If an application for a public improvement described in 2 subparagraph (A) is submitted to a local government, the local 3 government shall do all of the following:

4 (i) Consider the application based upon any objective standards 5 specified in any state or local laws that were in effect when the 6 original development application was submitted.

7 (ii) Conduct its review and approval in the same manner as it 8 would evaluate the public improvement if required by a project 9 that is not eligible to receive ministerial or streamlined approval 10 under this section.

11 (C) If an application for a public improvement described in 12 subparagraph (A) is submitted to a local government, the local 13 government shall not do either of the following:

(i) Adopt or impose any requirement that applies to a projectsolely or partially on the basis that the project is eligible to receiveministerial or streamlined approval under this section.

(ii) Unreasonably delay in its consideration, review, or approvalof the application.

(i) (1) This section shall not affect a development proponent's
ability to use any alternative streamlined by right permit processing
adopted by a local government, including the provisions of
subdivision (i) of Section 65583.2.

(2) This section shall not prevent a development from also
 qualifying as a housing development project entitled to the
 protections of Section 65589.5. This paragraph does not constitute
 a change in, but is declaratory of, existing law.

(j) The California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13
(commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code)
does not apply to actions taken by a state agency, local government,
or the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District to:

31 (1) Lease, convey, or encumber land owned by the local 32 government or the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District 33 or to facilitate the lease, conveyance, or encumbrance of land 34 owned by the local government, or for the lease of land owned by the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District in association 35 36 with an eligible TOD project, as defined in Section 29010.1 of the 37 Public Utilities Code, nor to any decisions associated with that 38 lease, or to provide financial assistance to a development that

39 receives streamlined approval under this section that is to be used

1 for housing for persons and families of low or moderate income,

2 as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code.

3 (2) Approve improvements located on land owned by the local

government or the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District
that are necessary to implement a development that receives
streamlined approval under this section that is to be used for

7 housing for persons and families of low or moderate income, as

8 defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code.

9 (k) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the 10 following meanings:

(1) "Affordable housing cost" has the same meaning as set forthin Section 50052.5 of the Health and Safety Code.

(2) "Affordable rent" has the same meaning as set forth inSection 50053 of the Health and Safety Code.

(3) "Department" means the Department of Housing andCommunity Development.

(4) "Development proponent" means the developer who submitsan application for streamlined approval under this section.

(5) "Completed entitlements" means a housing development
that has received all the required land use approvals or entitlements
necessary for the issuance of a building permit.

(6) "Locality" or "local government" means a city, including a
charter city, a county, including a charter county, or a city and
county, including a charter city and county.

(7) "Moderate income housing units" means housing units with
an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for persons and
families of moderate income, as that term is defined in Section
50093 of the Health and Safety Code.

(8) "Production report" means the information reported pursuant
to subparagraph (H) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section
65400.

(9) "State agency" includes every state office, officer,
department, division, bureau, board, and commission, but does not
include the California State University or the University of
California.

(10) "Subsidized" means units that are price or rent restricted
such that the units are affordable to households meeting the
definitions of very low income households and lower income,
households as defined in Sections 50079.5 and 50105 of the Health

40 and Safety Code.

1 (11) "Reporting period" means either of the following:

2 (A) The first half of the regional housing needs assessment 3 cycle.

4 (B) The last half of the regional housing needs assessment cycle.

5 (12) "Urban uses" means any current or former residential, 6 commercial, public institutional, transit or transportation passenger 7 facility, or retail use, or any combination of those uses.

8 (*l*) The department may review, adopt, amend, and repeal 9 guidelines to implement uniform standards or criteria that 10 supplement or clarify the terms, references, or standards set forth 11 in this section. Any guidelines or terms adopted under this 12 subdivision shall not be subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 13 Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government

14 Code.

(m) The determination of whether an application for a
development is subject to the streamlined ministerial approval
process provided by subdivision (c) is not a "project" as defined

18 in Section 21065 of the Public Resources Code.

19 (n) It is the policy of the state that this section be interpreted

and implemented in a manner to afford the fullest possible weight
to the interest of, and the approval and provision of, increased
housing supply.

(o) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026,
and as of that date is repealed.

25 SEC. 2. Section 65913.15 of the Government Code is amended 26 to read:

65913.15. (a) Notwithstanding Section 65913.4, a development
proponent may submit an application for a development that is
subject to the streamlined, ministerial approval process provided
by subdivision (b) and is not subject to a conditional use permit if
the development satisfies all of the following objective planning
standards:

33 (1) The development is located within the territorial boundaries

34 or a specialized residential planning area identified in the general

35 plan of, and adjacent to existing urban development within, any

36 of the following:

37 (A) The City of Biggs.

38 (B) The City of Corning.

39 (C) The City of Gridley.

40 (D) The City of Live Oak.

- 1 (E) The City of Orland.
- 2 (F) The City of Oroville.
- 3 (G) The City of Willows.
- 4 (H) The City of Yuba City.

5 (2) The development is either a residential development or a

6 mixed-use development that includes residential units with at least

- 7 two-thirds of the square footage of the development designated
- 8 for residential use, not including any land that may be devoted to
- 9 open-space or mitigation requirements.
- 10 (3) The development proponent has held at least one public 11 meeting on the proposed development before submitting an 12 application under this subdivision.
- 13 (4) The development has a minimum density of at least four 14 units per acre.
- 15 (5) The development is located on a site that meets both of the 16 following requirements:
- 17 (A) The site is no more than 50 acres.
- (B) The site is zoned for residential use or residential mixed-usedevelopment.
- 20 (6) The development, excluding any additional density or any
- 21 other concessions, incentives, or waivers of development standards
- 22 granted pursuant to the Density Bonus Law in Section 65915, is
- 23 consistent with objective zoning standards, objective subdivision
- 24 standards, and objective design review standards in effect at the
- 25 time that the development is submitted to the local government 26 under this section.
- 27 (7) The development will achieve sustainability standards 28 sufficient to receive a gold certification under the United States Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental 29 30 Design for Homes rating system or, in the case of a mixed-use 31 development, the Neighborhood Development or the New 32 Construction rating system, or the comparable rating under the GreenPoint rating system or voluntary tier under the California 33 34 Green Building Code (Part 11 (commencing with Section 101) of
- 35 Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations).
- 36 (8) The development is not located on a site that is any of the37 following:
- 38 (A) Either prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance,
- 39 as defined pursuant to United States Department of Agriculture
- 40 land inventory and monitoring criteria, as modified for California,
  - 98

and designated on the maps prepared by the Farmland Mapping 1 2 and Monitoring Program of the Department of Conservation that 3 is protected pursuant to the California Land Conservation 4 Williamson Act-of 1965 (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 5 51200) of Part 1 of Division 1 of Title 5), or land zoned or 6 designated for agricultural protection or preservation by a local 7 ballot measure that was approved by the voters of that jurisdiction. 8 (B) Wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish and Wildlife 9 Service Manual, Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993). 10 (C) Within a very high fire hazard severity zone, as determined 11 by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section 12 51178, or within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone as 13 indicated on maps adopted by the Department of Forestry and Fire 14 Protection pursuant to Section 4202 of the Public Resources Code. 15 (D) A hazardous waste site that is listed pursuant to Section 16 25001 of the Health and Safety Code or a hazardous substances 17 release site designated by the Department of Toxic Substances 18 Control pursuant to Section 25356 of the Health and Safety Code, 19 unless the Department of Toxic Substances Control has cleared 20 the site for residential use or residential mixed uses. 21 (E) Within a delineated earthquake fault zone as determined by 22 the State Geologist in any official maps published by the State 23 Geologist, unless the development complies with applicable seismic 24 protection building code standards adopted by the California 25 Building Standards Commission under the California Building 26 Standards Law (Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901) of 27 Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code), and by any local 28 building department under Chapter 12.2 (commencing with Section 29 8875) of Division 1 of Title 2. 30 (F) Within a special flood hazard area subject to inundation by 31 the 1 percent annual chance flood (100-year flood) as determined 32 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in any official 33 maps published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

34 If a development proponent is able to satisfy all applicable federal

35 qualifying criteria in order to provide that the site satisfies this 36 subparagraph and is otherwise eligible for streamlined approval

37 under this section, a local government shall not deny the application

38 on the basis that the development proponent did not comply with

39 any additional permit requirement, standard, or action adopted by

40 that local government that is applicable to that site. A development

1 may be located on a site described in this subparagraph if either 2 of the following are met:

3 (i) The site has been subject to a Letter of Map Revision 4 prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and 5 issued to the local government.

6 (ii) The site meets Federal Emergency Management Agency 7 requirements necessary to meet minimum flood plain management 8 criteria of the National Flood Insurance Program pursuant to Part 9 59 (commencing with Section 59.1) and Part 60 (commencing 10 with Section 60.1) of Subchapter B of Chapter I of Title 44 of the

11 Code of Federal Regulations.

12 (G) Within a regulatory floodway as determined by the Federal 13 Emergency Management Agency in any official maps published

14 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

15 (H) Lands identified for conservation in an adopted natural

16 community conservation plan adopted on or before January 1,

17 2019, pursuant to the Natural Community Conservation Planning

18 Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 2800) of Division 3

19 of the Fish and Game Code), habitat conservation plan pursuant

to the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec.1531 et seq.), or other adopted natural resource protection plan.

(I) Habitat for protected species identified as candidate,
 sensitive, or species of special status by state or federal agencies,
 fully protected species, or species protected by any of the

25 following:

26 (i) The federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec.
27 1531 et seq.).

28 (ii) The California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5

29 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3 of the Fish and30 Game Code).

(iii) The Native Plant Protection Act (Chapter 10 (commencingwith Section 1900) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code).

33 (J) Lands under conservation easement.

(9) The development does not require the demolition of a historic
 structure that was placed on a national, state, or local historic
 register.

(10) The development shall not be upon an existing parcel ofland or site that is governed under any of the following:

(A) The Mobilehome Residency Law (Chapter 2.5 (commencing
 with Section 798) of Title 2 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Civil
 Code).

4 (B) The Recreational Vehicle Park Occupancy Law (Chapter 5 2.6 (commencing with Section 799.20) of Title 2 of Part 2 of 6 Division 2 of the Civil Code).

7 (C) The Mobilehome Parks Act (Part 2.1 (commencing with 8 Section 18200) of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code).

9 (D) The Special Occupancy Parks Act (Part 2.3 (commencing 10 with Section 18860) of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code).

11 (11) (A) If the development would require the demolition of 12 any affordable housing units, the development shall replace those 13 units by providing at least the same number of units of equivalent size to be made available at affordable housing cost to, and 14 15 occupied by, persons and families in the same income category as 16 those households in occupancy. If the income category of the 17 household in occupancy is not known, it shall be rebuttably 18 presumed that lower income households occupied the units in the 19 same proportion of lower income households to all households 20 within the jurisdiction, as determined by the most recently available 21 data from the United States Department of Housing and Urban 22 Development's Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy

database. All replacement calculations resulting in fractional unitsshall be rounded to the next whole number.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, "equivalent size" meansthat the replacement units contain at least the same total numberof bedrooms as the units being replaced.

(b) (1) If a local government determines that a development submitted under this section is in conflict with any of the objective planning standards specified in subdivision (a), it shall provide the development proponent written documentation of which standard or standards the development conflicts with, and an explanation for the reason or reasons the development conflicts with that

for the reason or reasons the development conflicts with thatstandard or standards, as follows:

(A) Within 60 days of submittal of the development to the local
government under this section if the development contains 150 or
fewer housing units.

38 (B) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local

39 government under this section if the development contains more

40 than 150 housing units.

(2) If the local government fails to provide the required
 documentation pursuant to paragraph (1), the development shall
 be deemed to satisfy the objective planning standards specified in
 subdivision (a).

5 (c) Any design review or public oversight of the development may be conducted by the local government's planning commission 6 7 or any equivalent commission responsible for review and approval 8 of development projects or the city council, as appropriate. That 9 design review or public oversight shall be objective and be strictly 10 focused on assessing compliance with criteria required for streamlined projects, as well as any reasonable objective design 11 standards published and adopted by ordinance or resolution by a 12 13 local government before submission of a development application, 14 and shall be broadly applicable to development within the 15 jurisdiction. That design review or public oversight shall be completed as follows and shall not in any way inhibit, chill, or 16 17 preclude the ministerial approval provided by this section or its 18 effect, as applicable:

(1) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local
government under this section if the development contains 150 or
fewer housing units.

(2) Within 180 days of submittal of the development to the local
government under this section if the development contains more
than 150 housing units.

(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a city, whether or not it has
adopted an ordinance governing automobile parking requirements
for multifamily developments, shall not impose automobile parking
standards for a streamlined development that was approved under
this section if the development is located within one-half mile from
a high-quality bus corridor or major transit stop.

(e) (1) If a local government approves a development under
this section, then, notwithstanding any other law, that approval
shall not expire if the project includes public investment in housing
affordability and 50 percent of the units are affordable to
households making below 80 percent of the area median income.
For purposes of this paragraph, "public investment in housing
affordability" does not include tax credits.

38 (2) If a local government approves a development under this
39 section and the project does not include 50 percent of the units
40 affordable to households making below 80 percent of the area

median income, that approval shall automatically expire after three
 years, except that a project may receive a one-time, one-year
 extension if the project proponent provides documentation that
 there has been significant progress toward getting the development

5 construction ready, such as filing a building permit application.

6 (3) If a local government approves a development under this 7 section, that approval shall remain valid for three years from the 8 date of the final action establishing that approval and shall remain 9 valid thereafter for a project so long as vertical construction of the 10 development has begun and is in progress. Additionally, the 11 development proponent may request, and the local government 12 shall have discretion to grant, an additional one-year extension to 13 the original three-year period. The local government's action and 14 discretion in determining whether to grant the foregoing extension 15 shall be limited to considerations and process set forth in this section. 16

(4) If a local government approves a development under thissection, the local government shall file a notice of that approvalwith the Office of Planning and Research.

20 (f) (1) A local government shall not adopt any requirement,

21 including, but not limited to, increased fees or inclusionary housing

requirements, that applies to a project solely or partially on the basis that the project is eligible to receive ministerial or streamlined

24 approval under this section.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if the local government has
adopted a local ordinance that requires that a specified percentage
of the units of a housing development project be dedicated to
households making below 80 percent of the area median income,
that local ordinance applies.

30 (g) This section does not affect a development proponent's
31 ability to use any alternative streamlined by right permit processing
32 adopted by a local government, including the provisions of
33 subdivision (i) of Section 65583.2.

34 (h) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the35 following meanings:

(1) "Affordable housing" means housing available at affordable
housing cost, and occupied by, persons and families of low or
moderate income as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and
Safety Code, lower income households as defined in Section
50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code, very low income

1 households as defined in Section 50105 of the Health and Safety

2 Code, and extremely low income households as defined in Section

3 50106 of the Health and Safety Code, for a period of 55 years for

4 rental housing and 45 years for owner-occupied housing.

5 (2) "Affordable housing cost" has the same meaning as 6 "affordable housing cost" described in Section 50052.5 of the 7 Health and Safety Code.

8 (3) "Area median income" means area median income as 9 periodically established by the Department of Housing and 10 Community Development pursuant to Section 50093 of the Health 11 and Safety Code.

(4) "Development proponent" means the developer who submitsan application for streamlined approval under this section.

(5) "High-quality bus corridor" means a corridor with fixed
route bus service with service intervals no longer than 15 minutes
during peak commute hours.

17 (6) "Local government" means a city or a county, including a 18 charter city or a charter county, that has jurisdiction over a 19 development for which a development proponent submits an 20 application under this section.

(7) "Major transit stop" means a site containing an existing rail 21 22 transit station, a ferry terminal served by either a bus or rail transit 23 service, or the intersection of two or more major bus routes with a frequency of service interval of 15 minutes or less during the 24 25 morning and afternoon peak commute periods. "Major transit stop" 26 shall also include major transit stops included in a regional 27 transportation plan adopted pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing 28 with Section 65080).

29 (8) (A) "Objective zoning standards," "objective subdivision 30 standards," and "objective design review standards" mean standards 31 that involve no personal or subjective judgment by a public official 32 and are uniformly verifiable by reference to an external and uniform benchmark or criterion available and knowable by both 33 34 the development applicant or proponent and the public official 35 before submittal. These standards may be embodied in alternative 36 objective land use specifications adopted by a local government, 37 and may include, but are not limited to, housing overlay zones, 38 specific plans, inclusionary zoning ordinances, and density bonus

39 ordinances, subject to subparagraph (B).

1 (B) A development shall be deemed consistent with the objective 2 zoning standards related to housing density, as applicable, if the 3 density proposed is consistent with the allowable residential density 4 within that land use designation, notwithstanding any specified 5 unit allocation.

6 (i) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026,7 and as of that date is repealed.

8 SEC. 3. Section 65940 of the Government Code, as amended 9 by Section 6 of Chapter 654 of the Statutes of 2019, is amended 10 to read:

65940. (a) (1) Each public agency shall compile one or more 11 12 lists that shall specify in detail the information that will be required 13 from any applicant for a development project. Each public agency shall revise the list of information required from an applicant to 14 15 include a certification of compliance with Section 25001 of the 16 Health and Safety Code and the statement of application required 17 by Section 65943. Copies of the information, including the 18 statement of application required by Section 65943, shall be made 19 available to all applicants for development projects and to any 20 person who requests the information. 21 (2) An affected city or affected county, as defined in Section

(2) An affected city of affected county, as defined in Section
66300, shall include the information necessary to determine
compliance with the requirements of subdivision (d) of Section
66300 in the list compiled pursuant to paragraph (1).

(b) The list of information required from any applicant shall
include, where applicable, identification of whether the proposed
project is located within 1,000 feet of a military installation,
beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as
defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within
an urbanized area as defined in Section 65944.

31 (c) (1) A public agency that is not beneath a low-level flight
32 path or not within special use airspace and does not contain a
33 military installation is not required to change its list of information

34 required from applicants to comply with subdivision (b).

(2) A public agency that is entirely urbanized, as defined in
subdivision (e) of Section 65944, with the exception of a
jurisdiction that contains a military installation, is not required to
change its list of information required from applicants to comply

39 with subdivision (b).

1 (d) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2025,

2 and as of that date is repealed.

3 SEC. 4. Section 65940 of the Government Code, as added by 4 Section 7 of Chapter 654 of the Statutes of 2019, is amended to 5 read:

65940. (a) Each public agency shall compile one or more lists 6 7 that shall specify in detail the information that will be required 8 from any applicant for a development project. Each public agency 9 shall revise the list of information required from an applicant to include a certification of compliance with Section 25001 of the 10 Health and Safety Code and the statement of application required 11 by Section 65943. Copies of the information, including the 12 13 statement of application required by Section 65943, shall be made 14 available to all applicants for development projects and to any 15 person who requests the information.

16 (b) The list of information required from any applicant shall 17 include, where applicable, identification of whether the proposed 18 project is located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, 19 beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as 20 defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within 21 an urbanized area as defined in Section 65944.

(c) (1) A public agency that is not beneath a low-level flight
path or not within special use airspace and does not contain a
military installation is not required to change its list of information
required from applicants to comply with subdivision (b).

(2) A public agency that is entirely urbanized, as defined in
subdivision (e) of Section 65944, with the exception of a
jurisdiction that contains a military installation, is not required to
change its list of information required from applicants to comply
with subdivision (b).

31 (d) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2025.

32 SEC. 5. Section 65941.1 of the Government Code is amended 33 to read:

34 65941.1. (a) An applicant for a housing development project, 35 as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 65589.5, 36 shall be deemed to have submitted a preliminary application upon 37 providing all of the following information about the proposed 38 project to the city, county, or city and county from which approval 39 for the project is being sought and upon payment of the permit 40 processing focu.

40 processing fee:

1 (1) The specific location, including parcel numbers, a legal 2 description, and site address, if applicable.

3 (2) The existing uses on the project site and identification of 4 major physical alterations to the property on which the project is 5 to be located.

6 (3) A site plan showing the location on the property, elevations
7 showing design, color, and material, and the massing, height, and
8 approximate square footage, of each building that is to be occupied.
9 (4) The proposed land uses by number of units and square feet

9 (4) The proposed land uses by number of units and square feet 10 of residential and nonresidential development using the categories 11 in the applicable zoning ordinance.

12 (5) The proposed number of parking spaces.

13 (6) Any proposed point sources of air or water pollutants.

14 (7) Any species of special concern known to occur on the 15 property.

(8) Whether a portion of the property is located within any ofthe following:

(A) A very high fire hazard severity zone, as determined by theDirector of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section 51178.

(B) Wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish and Wildlife
Service Manual, Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993).

(C) A hazardous waste site that is listed pursuant to Section
25001 of the Health and Safety Code or a hazardous substances
release site designated by the Department of Toxic Substances
Control pursuant to Section 25356 of the Health and Safety Code.

26 (D) A special flood hazard area subject to inundation by the 1

27 percent annual chance flood (100-year flood) as determined by

the Federal Emergency Management Agency in any official mapspublished by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

30 (E) A delineated earthquake fault zone as determined by the 31 State Geologist in any official maps published by the State 32 Geologist, unless the development complies with applicable seismic

33 protection building code standards adopted by the California

34 Building Standards Commission under the California Building

35 Standards Law (Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901) of

36 Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code), and by any local

37 building department under Chapter 12.2 (commencing with Section

38 8875) of Division 1 of Title 2.

1 (F) A stream or other resource that may be subject to a 2 streambed alteration agreement pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing 2 mith Section 1(00) of Division 2 of the Fick and Course Code

3 with Section 1600) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code.

4 (9) Any historic or cultural resources known to exist on the 5 property.

6 (10) The number of proposed below market rate units and their 7 affordability levels.

8 (11) The number of bonus units and any incentives, concessions,
9 waivers, or parking reductions requested pursuant to Section 65915.

(12) Whether any approvals under the Subdivision Map-Act,
 Act (Division 2 (commencing with Section 66410)), including, but
 not limited to, a parcel map, a tentative map, or a condominium

13 map, are being requested.

(13) The applicant's contact information and, if the applicantdoes not own the property, consent from the property owner tosubmit the application.

(14) For a housing development project proposed to be locatedwithin the coastal zone, whether any portion of the propertycontains any of the following:

- 20 (A) Wetlands, as described in subdivision (b) of Section 1357721 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (B) Environmentally sensitive habitat areas, as defined inSection 30240 of the Public Resources Code.
- 24 (C) A tsunami run-up zone.
- 25 (D) Use of the site for public access to or along the coast.
- (15) The number of existing residential units on the project site
  that will be demolished and whether each existing unit is occupied
  or unoccupied.

29 (16) A site map showing a stream or other resource that may

be subject to a streambed alteration agreement pursuant to Chapter
6 (commencing with Section 1600) of Division 2 of the Fish and

32 Game Code and an aerial site photograph showing existing site

33 conditions of environmental site features that would be subject to

- 34 regulations by a public agency, including creeks and wetlands.
- (17) The location of any recorded public easement, such as
  easements for storm drains, water lines, and other public rights of
  way.

38 (b) (1) Each local agency shall compile a checklist and 39 application form that applicants for housing development projects

1 may use for the purpose of satisfying the requirements for submittal2 of a preliminary application.

3 (2) The Department of Housing and Community Development 4 shall adopt a standardized form that applicants for housing 5 development projects may use for the purpose of satisfying the 6 requirements for submittal of a preliminary application if a local 7 agency has not developed its own application form pursuant to 8 paragraph (1). Adoption of the standardized form shall not be 9 subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 10 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(3) A checklist or form shall not require or request anyinformation beyond that expressly identified in subdivision (a).

13 (c) After submittal of all of the information required by 14 subdivision (a), if the development proponent revises the project 15 such that the number of residential units or square footage of 16 construction changes by 20 percent or more, exclusive of any 17 increase resulting from the receipt of a density bonus, incentive, 18 concession, waiver, or similar provision, the housing development 19 project shall not be deemed to have submitted a preliminary 20 application that satisfies this section until the development 21 proponent resubmits the information required by subdivision (a) 22 so that it reflects the revisions. For purposes of this subdivision, 23 "square footage of construction" means the building area, as 24 defined in the California Building Standards Code (Title 24 of the 25 California Code of Regulations).

26 (d) (1) Within 180 calendar days after submitting a preliminary 27 application with all of the information required by subdivision (a) 28 to a city, county, or city and county, the development proponent 29 shall submit an application for a development project that includes 30 all of the information required to process the development 31 application consistent with Sections 65940, 65941, and 65941.5. 32 (2) If the public agency determines that the application for the 33 development project is not complete pursuant to Section 65943, 34 the development proponent shall submit the specific information 35 needed to complete the application within 90 days of receiving the 36 agency's written identification of the necessary information. If the 37 development proponent does not submit this information within 38 the 90-day period, then the preliminary application shall expire

39 and have no further force or effect.

1 (3) This section shall not require an affirmative determination

2 by a city, county, or city and county regarding the completeness3 of a preliminary application or a development application for

4 purposes of compliance with this section.

5 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, submission of a preliminary

6 application in accordance with this section shall not preclude the

7 listing of a tribal cultural resource on a national, state, tribal, or

8 local historic register list on or after the date that the preliminary

9 application is submitted. For purposes of Section 65589.5 or any

10 other law, the listing of a tribal cultural site on a national, state,

11 tribal, or local historic register on or after the date the preliminary 12 application was submitted shall not be deemed to be a change to

the ordinances, policies, and standards adopted and in effect at the

14 time that the preliminary application was submitted.

15 (f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2025, 16 and as of that date is repealed.

17 SEC. 6. Section 65941.5 of the Government Code is amended 18 to read:

19 65941.5. Each public agency shall notify applicants for 20 development permits of the time limits established for the review 21 and approval of development permits pursuant to Article 3 22 (commencing with Section 65940) and Article 5 (commencing with Section 65950), of the requirements of subdivision (e) of 23 Section 25001 of the Health and Safety Code, and of the public 24 25 notice distribution requirements under applicable provisions of law. The public agency shall also notify applicants regarding the 26 27 provisions of Section 65961. The public agency may charge 28 applicants a reasonable fee not to exceed the amount reasonably 29 necessary to provide the service required by this section. If a fee 30 is charged under this section, the fee shall be collected as part of 31 the application fee charged for the development permit.

32 SEC. 7. Section 65962.5 of the Government Code is repealed.

33 SEC. 8. Section 17021.8 of the Health and Safety Code is 34 amended to read:

17021.8. (a) A development proponent may submit an
application for a development that is subject to a streamlined,
ministerial approval process, provided in subdivision (b), and is
not subject to a conditional use permit if all of the following

39 requirements are met:

1 (1) The development is located on land designated as agricultural 2 in the applicable city or county general plan.

3 (2) The development is not located on a site that is any of the 4 following:

5 (A) Within the coastal zone, as defined in Section 30103 of the 6 Public Resources Code.

7 (B) Wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish and Wildlife8 Service Manual, Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993).

9 (C) Within a very high fire hazard severity zone, as determined

10 by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section

11 51178 of the Government Code, or within a high or very high fire

hazard severity zone as indicated on maps adopted by theDepartment of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section

14 4202 of the Public Resources Code.

15 (D) A hazardous waste site that is listed pursuant to Section

16 25001 or a hazardous substances release site designated by the

17 Department of Toxic Substances Control pursuant to Section

18 25356, unless the Department of Toxic Substances Control has19 cleared the site for residential use or residential mixed uses.

20 (E) Within a delineated earthquake fault zone as determined by

21 the State Geologist in any official maps published by the State

22 Geologist, unless the development complies with applicable seismic

23 protection building code standards adopted by the California

24 Building Standards Commission under the California Building

25 Standards Law (Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901)), and

by any local building department under Chapter 12.2 (commencingwith Section 8875) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government

28 Code.

29 (F) Within a flood plain as determined by maps promulgated

30 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, unless the

31 development has been issued a flood plain development permit

32 pursuant to Part 59 (commencing with Section 59.1) and Part 60

33 (commencing with Section 60.1) of Subchapter B of Chapter I of

34 Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

35 (G) Within a floodway as determined by maps promulgated by36 the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

37 (H) Lands identified for conservation in an adopted natural

38 community conservation plan pursuant to the Natural Community

39 Conservation Planning Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section

40 2800) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code), habitat

1 conservation plan pursuant to the federal Endangered Species Act

2 of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.), or other adopted natural
3 resource protection plan.

4 (I) Lands under conservation easement. For purposes of this 5 section, "conservation easement" shall not include a contract 6 executed pursuant to the Williamson Act (Chapter 7 (commencing 7 with Section 51200) of Division 1 of Title 5 of the Government 8 Code).

9 (J) Lands with groundwater levels within five feet of the soil 10 surface and for which the development would be served by an 11 onsite wastewater disposal system serving more than six family 12 housing units.

(3) The development is an eligible agricultural employee housing
development that satisfies the requirements specified in subdivision
(i).

16 (b) (1) If a local government determines that a development 17 submitted under this section does not meet the requirements 18 specified in subdivision (a), the local government shall provide 19 the development proponent written documentation of the 20 requirement or requirements the development does not satisfy and 21 an explanation for the reason or reasons the development does not 22 satisfy the requirement or requirements, as follows:

(A) Within 30 days of submission of the development to the
local government under this section if the development contains
50 or fewer housing units.

(B) Within 60 days of submission of the development to the
local government under this section if the development contains
more than 50 housing units.

(2) If the local government fails to provide the required
documentation pursuant to paragraph (1), the development shall
be deemed to satisfy the requirements specified in paragraph (2)
of subdivision (a).

33 (c) The local government's planning commission or an 34 equivalent board or commission responsible for review and approval of development projects, or the city council or board of 35 supervisors, as appropriate, may conduct a development review 36 37 or public oversight of the development. The development review 38 or public oversight shall be objective and be strictly focused on 39 assessing compliance with criteria required for streamlined projects. 40 as well as any reasonable objective development standards

described in this section. For purposes of this subdivision, 1 2 "objective development standards" mean standards that involve 3 no personal or subjective judgment by a public official and are 4 uniformly verifiable by reference to an external and uniform 5 benchmark or criterion available and knowable by both the 6 development applicant or proponent and the public official prior 7 to submission. The development review or public oversight shall 8 be completed as follows and shall not in any way inhibit, chill, or 9 preclude the ministerial approval provided by this section or its 10 effect, as applicable:

(1) Within 90 days of submission of the development to the
local government under this section if the development contains
50 or fewer housing units.

(2) Within 180 days of submission of the development to the
local government under this section if the development contains
more than 50 housing units.

(d) An agricultural employee housing development that is
approved under this section shall not be subject to the density limits
specified in Section 17021.6 in order to constitute an agricultural
land use for purposes of that section.

(e) Notwithstanding Section 17021.6, a local government may
subject an agricultural employee housing development that is
approved under this section to the following written, objective
development standards:

(1) (A) A requirement that the development have adequate
water and wastewater facilities and dry utilities to serve the project.
(B) A requirement that the development be connected to an
existing public water system that has not been identified as failing
or being at risk of failing to provide an adequate supply of safe

30 drinking water.

(C) If the development proposes to include 10 or more units, a
requirement that the development connect to an existing municipal
sewer system that has adequate capacity to serve the project. If the
local agency has adopted an approved local agency management
program for onsite wastewater treatment systems, those
requirements shall apply to the development.

37 (2) A requirement that the property on which the development38 is located be either:

39 (A) Within one-half mile of a duly designated collector road40 with an Average Daily Trips (ADT) of 6,000 or greater.

1 (B) Adjacent to a duly designated collector road with an ADT 2 of 2,000 or greater.

3 (3) A requirement that the development include off-street 4 parking based upon demonstrated need, provided that the standards 5 do not require more parking for eligible agricultural employee 6 housing developments than for other residential uses of similar 7 size within the jurisdiction.

8 (4) Notwithstanding Section 17020 or any other law, health, 9 safety, and welfare standards for agricultural employee housing, 10 including, but not limited to, density, minimum living space per 11 occupant, minimum sanitation facilities, minimum sanitation 12 requirements, and similar standards.

(5) Standards requiring that if a potential for exposure to
significant hazards from surrounding properties or activities is
found to exist, the effects of the potential exposure shall be
mitigated to a level of insignificance in compliance with state and
federal requirements.

(f) Neither the approval of a development under this section,
including the permit processing, nor the application of development
standards under this section shall be deemed to be discretionary
acts within the meaning of the California Environmental Quality
Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public
Resources Code).

(g) Notwithstanding Section 17021.6, a local agency may impose
 fees and other exactions otherwise authorized by law that are
 essential to provide necessary public services and facilities to the
 eligible agricultural employee housing development.

28 (h) This section shall not be construed to:

(1) Prohibit a local agency from requiring an eligible agricultural
employee housing development to comply with objective,
quantifiable, written development standards, conditions, and
policies that are consistent with subdivision (e) and appropriate
to, and consistent with, meeting the jurisdiction's need for
farmworker housing, as identified pursuant to paragraph (7) of
subdivision (a) of Section 65583 of the Government Code.

36 (2) Prohibit a local agency from disapproving an eligible
37 agricultural employee housing development if the eligible
38 agricultural employee housing development as proposed would
39 have a specific, adverse impact upon the public health or safety,

40 and there is no feasible method to satisfactorily mitigate or avoid

the specific, adverse impact without rendering the development 1 2 unaffordable to lower income households, as defined in Section 3 50079.5, or rendering the development financially infeasible. As 4 used in this paragraph, a "specific, adverse impact" means a 5 significant, quantifiable, direct, and unavoidable impact, based on 6 objective, identified written public health or safety standards, 7 policies, or conditions as they existed on the date the application 8 was deemed complete.

9 (3) Prohibit a local agency from disapproving an eligible 10 agricultural employee housing development if that project would 11 be in violation of any applicable state or federal law.

(4) Change any obligations to comply with any other existing
laws, including, but not limited to, Section 116527, Section 106.4
of the Water Code, Division 7 (commencing with Section 13000)
of the Water Code, and Part 12 (commencing with Section 116270)
of Division 104.

(i) For purposes of this section, "eligible agricultural employee
housing development" means an agricultural employee housing
development that satisfies all of the following:

20 (1) The agricultural employee housing does not contain 21 dormitory-style housing.

(2) The development consists of no more than 36 units or spacesdesigned for use by a single family or household.

24 (3) (A) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (B), the 25 agricultural employee housing will be maintained and operated by 26 a qualified affordable housing organization that has been certified pursuant to Section 17030.10. The development proponent shall 27 28 submit proof of issuance of the qualified affordable housing organization's certification by the enforcement agency. The 29 30 qualified affordable housing organization shall provide for onsite 31 management of the development.

32 (B) In the case of agricultural employee housing that is 33 maintained and operated by a local public housing agency or a 34 multicounty, state, or multistate agency that has been certified as 35 a qualified affordable housing organization as required by this 36 paragraph, that agency either directly maintains and operates the 37 agricultural employee housing or contracts with another qualified 38 affordable housing organization that has been certified pursuant

39 to Section 17030.10.

1 (C) The local government ensures an affordability covenant is 2 recorded on the property to ensure the affordability of the proposed 3 agricultural employee housing for agricultural employees for not 4 less than 55 years. For purposes of this paragraph, "affordability" 5 means the agricultural housing is made available at an affordable rent, as defined in Section 50053, to lower income households, as 6 7 defined in Section 50079.5. 8 (4) The agricultural employee housing is not ineligible for state 9 funding pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 10 50205. (j) For purposes of this section, "agricultural employee housing" 11 12 means employee housing for agricultural employees as both terms 13 are defined in Sections 17008 and 17021, respectively. (k) The Legislature hereby declares that it is the policy of this 14 15 state that each county and city shall permit and encourage the development and use of sufficient numbers and types of agricultural 16 17 employee housing as are commensurate with local need. The 18 Legislature further finds and declares that this section addresses 19 a matter of statewide concern rather than a municipal affair as that term is used in Section 5 of Article XI of the California 20 21 Constitution. Therefore, this section applies to all cities, including 22 charter cities. 23 SEC. 9. Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 25000) is added 24 to Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code, to read: 25 CHAPTER 6. THE DOMINIC CORTESE "CORTESE LIST" ACT OF 26 27 2021 HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE CLEANUP AND SAFETY ACT 28 29 25000. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 30 Dominic Cortese "Cortese List" Act of 2021. Hazardous Waste 31 Site Cleanup and Safety Act. 32 25001. (a) The Department of Toxic Substances Control shall 33 compile and update as appropriate, but at least annually, and shall 34 submit to the Secretary for Environmental Protection, a list of all 35 of the following: (1) All hazardous waste facilities subject to corrective action 36 37 pursuant to Section 25187 or Section 25187.5. 38 (2) All land designated as hazardous waste property or border 39 zone property pursuant to former Article 11 (commencing with

40 Section 25220) of Chapter 6.5.

(3) All information received by the Department of Toxic
 Substances Control pursuant to Section 25242 regarding hazardous
 waste disposals on public land.

4 (4) All sites listed pursuant to Section 25356.

5 (b) The State Water Resources Control Board shall compile and 6 update as appropriate, but at least annually, and shall submit to 7 the Secretary for Environmental Protection, a list of all of the 8 following:

9 (1) All public drinking water wells that contain detectable levels 10 of organic contaminants and that are subject to water analysis 11 pursuant to Section 116395.

(2) All underground storage tanks for which an unauthorizedrelease report is filed pursuant to Section 25295.

(3) All solid waste disposal facilities from which there is a
migration of hazardous waste and for which a California regional
water quality control board has notified the Department of Toxic
Substances Control pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 13273
of the Water Code.

(4) All cease and desist orders issued pursuant to Section 13301of the Water Code and all cleanup or abatement orders issued

21 pursuant to Section 13304 of the Water Code that concern the

22 discharge of wastes that are hazardous materials.

23 (c) The local enforcement agency, as designated pursuant to

Section 18051 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations,
shall compile as appropriate, but at least annually, and shall submit

26 to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, a list of 27 all solid waste disposal facilities from which there is a known

28 migration of hazardous waste. The Department of Resources

29 Recycling and Recovery shall compile the local lists into a

30 statewide list, which shall be submitted to the Secretary for

31 Environmental Protection and shall be available to any person who

32 requests the information.

33 (d) The Secretary for Environmental Protection shall consolidate 34 the information submitted under this section and post the

35 information on the California Environmental Protection Agency's

36 internet website. The secretary shall also distribute the information

in a timely fashion to each city and county in which sites on the

38 lists are located, as well as to any other person upon request. The

39 secretary may charge a reasonable fee to persons requesting the

40 information, other than cities, counties, or cities and counties, to

1 2	cover the cost of developing, maintaining, and reproducing and distributing the information.
3	(e) Before a lead agency, as defined in Section 65929 of the
4	Government Code, accepts as complete an application for any
5	development project that will be used by any person, the applicant
6	shall consult the lists sent to the appropriate city or county and
7	shall submit a signed statement to the lead agency indicating
8	whether the project and any alternatives are located on a site that
9	is included on any of the lists compiled under this section and shall
10	specify the list or lists. If the site is included on a list, and the list
11	is not specified on the statement, the lead agency shall notify the
12	applicant pursuant to Section 65943 of the Government Code. The
13	statement shall read as follows:
14	
15	HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT
16	
17	The development project and any alternatives proposed in this
18	application are included on the lists compiled pursuant to Section 25001
19	of the Health and Safety Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is
20	required to submit a signed statement that contains the following
21	information:
22	
23	Name of project applicant:
24	Address:
25	Phone number:
26	Address of site (street name and number, if available, and ZIP Code):
27	Local agency (city/county):
28 29	Assessor's book, page, and parcel number:
29 30	Specify the list(s) under Section 25001 of the Health and Safety Code: Regulatory identification number(s):
31	Date of list(s):
32	
33	
34	Applicant, Date
35	
36	SEC. 10. Section 25220 of the Health and Safety Code is
37	amended to read:
38	25220. (a) The department shall notify the planning and
39	building department of each city, county, or regional council of
40	governments of any recorded land use restriction imposed within

the jurisdiction of the local agency pursuant to the former Section
 25229, 25230, or 25398.7, as those sections read prior to the

3 effective date of this article, or Section 25202.5, 25221, or 25355.5.

4 Upon receiving this notification, the planning and building 5 department shall do both of the following:

6 (1) File all recorded land use restrictions in the property files 7 of the city, county, or regional council of government.

8 (2) Require that a person requesting a land use that differs from 9 those filed land use restrictions on the property apply to the 10 department for a variance or a removal of the land use restrictions 11 pursuant to Section 25223 or 25224.

12 (b) A planning and building department of a city, county, or 13 regional council of governments may assess a property owner a 14 reasonable fee to cover the costs of taking the actions required by 15 subdivision (a). For purposes of this subdivision, "property owner" 16 does not include a person who holds evidence of ownership solely 17 to protect a security interest in the property, unless the person 18 participates, or has a legal right to participate, in the management 19 of the property.

20 (c) The department shall maintain a list of all recorded land use 21 restrictions, including deed restrictions, recorded pursuant to the 22 former Sections 25229, 25230, and 25398.7, as those sections read 23 prior to the effective date of this article, and Sections 25202.5, 24 25221, and 25355.5. The list shall, at a minimum, provide the 25 street address, or, if a street address is not available, an equivalent description of location for a rural location or the latitude and 26 27 longitude of each property. The department shall update the list 28 as new deed restrictions are recorded. The department shall make 29 the list available to the public, upon request, and shall make the

30 list available on the department's internet website. The list shall 31 also be incorporated into the list of sites compiled pursuant to

32 Section 25001.

33 SEC. 11. Section 25395.117 of the Health and Safety Code is34 amended to read:

25395.117. (a) On or before January 1, 2006, the agency and
the California Environmental Protection Agency shall implement
the requirements imposed by this section.

38 (b) The department shall revise and upgrade the department's

39 database systems, including the list of hazardous substances release

40 sites designated pursuant to Section 25356 and the information

sent to the agency pursuant to Section 25001, to enable
 compatibility with existing databases of the board, including the

3 GIS mapping system established pursuant to Section 25299.97.

4 The department shall also install improvements to the database

5 systems to maintain and display information that includes the

6 number of brownfield sites, each brownfield site's location, 7 acreage, response action, site assessments, and the number of

8 orphan sites where the department is overseeing the response

9 action.
10 (c) The California Environmental Protection Agency, the
11 department, the regional boards, and the board shall expand their

respective internet websites to allow access to information about

brownfield sites and other response action sites through a singleinternet website portal.

15 SEC. 12. Section 21084 of the Public Resources Code is 16 amended to read:

17 21084. (a) The guidelines prepared and adopted pursuant to 18 Section 21083 shall include a list of classes of projects that have 19 been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment 20 and that shall be exempt from this division. In adopting the 21 guidelines, the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall 22 make a finding that the listed classes of projects referred to in this 23 section do not have a significant effect on the environment.

(b) A project's greenhouse gas emissions shall not, in and of
themselves, be deemed to cause an exemption adopted pursuant
to subdivision (a) to be inapplicable if the project complies with
all applicable regulations or requirements adopted to implement
statewide, regional, or local plans consistent with Section 15183.5
of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations.

30 (c) A project that may result in damage to scenic resources, 31 including, but not limited to, trees, historic buildings, rock 32 outcroppings, or similar resources, within a highway designated as an official state scenic highway, pursuant to Article 2.5 33 34 (commencing with Section 260) of Chapter 2 of Division 1 of the Streets and Highways Code, shall not be exempted from this 35 36 division pursuant to subdivision (a). This subdivision does not 37 apply to improvements as mitigation for a project for which a 38 negative declaration has been approved or an environmental impact 39 report has been certified.

(d) A project located on a site that is included on any list
compiled pursuant to Section 25001 of the Health and Safety Code
shall not be exempted from this division pursuant to subdivision
(a) or paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 15061 of Title
14 of the California Code of Regulations.

6 (e) A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the 7 significance of a historical resource, as specified in Section 8 21084.1, shall not be exempted from this division pursuant to 9 subdivision (a).

10 SEC. 13. Section 21092.6 of the Public Resources Code is 11 amended to read:

12 21092.6. (a) The lead agency shall consult the lists compiled 13 pursuant to Section 25001 of the Health and Safety Code to determine whether the project and any alternatives are located on 14 15 a site which is included on any list. The lead agency shall indicate 16 whether a site is on any list not already identified by the applicant. 17 The lead agency shall specify the list and include the information 18 in the statement required pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 19 25001 of the Health and Safety Code in the notice required 20 pursuant to Section 21080.4, a negative declaration, and a draft 21 environmental impact report. The requirement in this section to 22 specify any list shall not be construed to limit compliance with 23 this division. 24 (b) If a project or any alternatives are located on a site which is 25 included on any of the lists compiled pursuant to Section 25001 26 of the Health and Safety Code and the lead agency did not

26 of the Health and Safety Code and the lead agency did not accurately specify or did not specify any list pursuant to subdivision (a), the California Environmental Protection Agency shall notify the lead agency specifying any list with the site when it receives notice pursuant to Section 21080.4, a negative declaration, and a draft environmental impact report. The California Environmental Protection Agency shall not be liable for failure to notify the lead agency under this subdivision.

34 SEC. 14. Section 21155.1 of the Public Resources Code is 35 amended to read:

36 21155.1. If the legislative body finds, after conducting a public

37 hearing, that a transit priority project meets all of the requirements

38 of subdivisions (a) and (b) and one of the requirements of 39 subdivision (c), the transit priority project is declared to be a

sustainable communities project and shall be exempt from this
 division.

3 (a) The transit priority project complies with all of the following4 environmental criteria:

5 (1) The transit priority project and other projects approved prior 6 to the approval of the transit priority project but not yet built can 7 be adequately served by existing utilities, and the transit priority 8 project applicant has paid, or has committed to pay, all applicable 9 in-lieu or development fees.

(2) (A) The site of the transit priority project does not contain 10 wetlands or riparian areas and does not have significant value as 11 12 a wildlife habitat, and the transit priority project does not harm 13 any species protected by the federal Endangered Species Act of 14 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.), the Native Plant Protection 15 Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1900) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code), or the California Endangered Species 16 17 Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3 18 of the Fish and Game Code), and the project does not cause the 19 destruction or removal of any species protected by a local ordinance 20 in effect at the time the application for the project was deemed 21 complete.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, "wetlands" has the same
meaning as in the United States Fish and Wildlife Service Manual,
Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993).

25 (C) For purposes of this paragraph:

26 (i) "Riparian areas" means those areas transitional between 27 terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems and that are distinguished by 28 gradients in biophysical conditions, ecological processes, and biota. 29 A riparian area is an area through which surface and subsurface 30 hydrology connect waterbodies with their adjacent uplands. A 31 riparian area includes those portions of terrestrial ecosystems that 32 significantly influence exchanges of energy and matter with aquatic 33 ecosystems. A riparian area is adjacent to perennial, intermittent, 34 and ephemeral streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines.

(ii) "Wildlife habitat" means the ecological communities upon
which wild animals, birds, plants, fish, amphibians, and
invertebrates depend for their conservation and protection.

(iii) Habitat of "significant value" includes wildlife habitat of
 national, statewide, regional, or local importance; habitat for
 species protected by the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973

(16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531, et seq.), the California Endangered Species 1 2 Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3 3 of the Fish and Game Code), or the Native Plant Protection Act 4 (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1900) of Division 2 of the 5 Fish and Game Code); habitat identified as candidate, fully 6 protected, sensitive, or species of special status by local, state, or 7 federal agencies; or habitat essential to the movement of resident 8 or migratory wildlife. 9 (3) The site of the transit priority project is not included on any 10 list of facilities and sites compiled pursuant to Section 25001 of 11 the Health and Safety Code.

(4) The site of the transit priority project is subject to a
preliminary endangerment assessment prepared by an
environmental assessor to determine the existence of any release
of a hazardous substance on the site and to determine the potential
for exposure of future occupants to significant health hazards from
any nearby property or activity.

(A) If a release of a hazardous substance is found to exist on
the site, the release shall be removed or any significant effects of
the release shall be mitigated to a level of insignificance in
compliance with state and federal requirements.

(B) If a potential for exposure to significant hazards from
surrounding properties or activities is found to exist, the effects of
the potential exposure shall be mitigated to a level of insignificance
in compliance with state and federal requirements.

(5) The transit priority project does not have a significant effecton historical resources pursuant to Section 21084.1.

(6) The transit priority project site is not subject to any of thefollowing:

30 (A) A wildland fire hazard, as determined by the Department

31 of Forestry and Fire Protection, unless the applicable general plan

or zoning ordinance contains provisions to mitigate the risk of awildland fire hazard.

34 (B) An unusually high risk of fire or explosion from materials35 stored or used on nearby properties.

36 (C) Risk of a public health exposure at a level that would exceed37 the standards established by any state or federal agency.

38 (D) Seismic risk as a result of being within a delineated 39 earthquake fault zone, as determined pursuant to Section 2622, or 40 a seismic hazard zone, as determined pursuant to Section 2696,

1 unless the applicable general plan or zoning ordinance contains

2 provisions to mitigate the risk of an earthquake fault or seismic3 hazard zone.

4 (E) Landslide hazard, flood plain, flood way, or restriction zone,

5 unless the applicable general plan or zoning ordinance contains6 provisions to mitigate the risk of a landslide or flood.

7 (7) The transit priority project site is not located on developed 8 open space.

9 (A) For purposes of this paragraph, "developed open space" 10 means land that meets all of the following criteria:

(i) Is publicly owned, or financed in whole or in part by publicfunds.

13 (ii) Is generally open to, and available for use by, the public.

(iii) Is predominantly lacking in structural development other
than structures associated with open spaces, including, but not
limited to, playgrounds, swimming pools, ballfields, enclosed child
play areas, and picnic facilities.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, "developed open space"
includes land that has been designated for acquisition by a public
agency for developed open space, but does not include lands
acquired with public funds dedicated to the acquisition of land for

22 housing purposes.

(8) The buildings in the transit priority project are 15 percentmore energy efficient than required by Chapter 6 of Title 24 of the

25 California Code of Regulations and the buildings and landscaping

26 are designed to achieve 25 percent less water usage than the 27 average household use in the region.

(b) The transit priority project meets all of the following landuse criteria:

30 (1) The site of the transit priority project is not more than eight31 acres in total area.

32 (2) The transit priority project does not contain more than 20033 residential units.

34 (3) The transit priority project does not result in any net loss in35 the number of affordable housing units within the project area.

36 (4) The transit priority project does not include any single level37 building that exceeds 75,000 square feet.

38 (5) Any applicable mitigation measures or performance

39 standards or criteria set forth in the prior environmental impact

reports, and adopted in findings, have been or will be incorporated
 into the transit priority project.

3 (6) The transit priority project is determined not to conflict with4 nearby operating industrial uses.

5 (7) The transit priority project is located within one-half mile 6 of a rail transit station or a ferry terminal included in a regional 7 transportation plan or within one-quarter mile of a high-quality 8 transit corridor included in a regional transportation plan.

9 (c) The transit priority project meets at least one of the following 10 three criteria:

(1) The transit priority project meets both of the following:

(A) At least 20 percent of the housing will be sold to families
of moderate income, or not less than 10 percent of the housing
will be rented to families of low income, or not less than 5 percent

15 of the housing is rented to families of very low income.

11

16 (B) The transit priority project developer provides sufficient 17 legal commitments to the appropriate local agency to ensure the 18 continued availability and use of the housing units for very low, 19 low-, and moderate-income households at monthly housing costs 20 with an affordable housing cost or affordable rent, as defined in 21 Section 50052.5 or 50053 of the Health and Safety Code, 22 respectively, for the period required by the applicable financing. 23 Rental units shall be affordable for at least 55 years. Ownership 24 units shall be subject to resale restrictions or equity sharing 25 requirements for at least 30 years.

(2) The transit priority project developer has paid or will pay
in-lieu fees pursuant to a local ordinance in an amount sufficient
to result in the development of an equivalent number of units that
would otherwise be required pursuant to paragraph (1).

30 (3) The transit priority project provides public open space equal
31 to or greater than five acres per 1,000 residents of the project.

32 SEC. 15. Section 21159.21 of the Public Resources Code is 33 amended to read:

34 21159.21. A housing project qualifies for an exemption from

this division pursuant to Section 21159.22, 21159.23, or 21159.24
if it meets the criteria in the applicable section and all of the
following criteria:

38 (a) The project is consistent with any applicable general plan,

39 specific plan, and local coastal program, including any mitigation

40 measures required by a plan or program, as that plan or program

1 existed on the date that the application was deemed complete and

2 with any applicable zoning ordinance, as that zoning ordinance 3 existed on the date that the application was deemed complete,

4 except that a project shall not be deemed to be inconsistent with

5

the zoning designation for the site if that zoning designation is inconsistent with the general plan only because the project site has 6

7 not been rezoned to conform with a more recently adopted general 8 plan.

9 (b) Community-level environmental review has been adopted 10 or certified.

(c) The project and other projects approved prior to the approval 11 12 of the project can be adequately served by existing utilities, and 13 the project applicant has paid, or has committed to pay, all 14 applicable in-lieu or development fees.

15 (d) The site of the project does not contain wetlands, does not have any value as a wildlife habitat, and the project does not harm 16 17 any species protected by the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.) or by the Native Plant Protection 18 Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1900) of Division 2 19 of the Fish and Game Code), the California Endangered Species 20 21 Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3 22 of the Fish and Game Code), and the project does not cause the destruction or removal of any species protected by a local ordinance 23 in effect at the time the application for the project was deemed 24 25 complete. For purposes of this subdivision, "wetlands" has the same meaning as in Section 328.3 of Title 33 of the Code of 26 Federal Regulations and "wildlife habitat" means the ecological 27 28 communities upon which wild animals, birds, plants, fish, 29 amphibians, and invertebrates depend for their conservation and 30 protection. 31 (e) The site of the project is not included on any list of facilities

32 and sites compiled pursuant to Section 25001 of the Health and 33 Safety Code.

34 (f) The site of the project is subject to a preliminary 35 endangerment assessment prepared by an environmental assessor to determine the existence of any release of a hazardous substance 36 37 on the site and to determine the potential for exposure of future 38 occupants to significant health hazards from any nearby property 39 or activity.

(1) If a release of a hazardous substance is found to exist on the
 site, the release shall be removed, or any significant effects of the
 release shall be mitigated to a level of insignificance in compliance
 with state and federal requirements.

5 (2) If a potential for exposure to significant hazards from 6 surrounding properties or activities is found to exist, the effects of 7 the potential exposure shall be mitigated to a level of insignificance 8 in compliance with state and federal requirements.

9 (g) The project does not have a significant effect on historical 10 resources pursuant to Section 21084.1.

11 (h) The project site is not subject to any of the following:

(1) A wildland fire hazard, as determined by the Department of
Forestry and Fire Protection, unless the applicable general plan or
zoning ordinance contains provisions to mitigate the risk of a
wildland fire hazard.

16 (2) An unusually high risk of fire or explosion from materials17 stored or used on nearby properties.

(3) Risk of a public health exposure at a level that would exceedthe standards established by any state or federal agency.

(4) Within a delineated earthquake fault zone, as determined
pursuant to Section 2622, or a seismic hazard zone, as determined
pursuant to Section 2696, unless the applicable general plan or
zoning ordinance contains provisions to mitigate the risk of an
earthquake fault or seismic hazard zone.

(5) Landslide hazard, flood plain, flood way, or restriction zone,
unless the applicable general plan or zoning ordinance contains
provisions to mitigate the risk of a landslide or flood.

28 (i) (1) The project site is not located on developed open space.

29 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "developed open space"30 means land that meets all of the following criteria:

31 (A) Is publicly owned, or financed in whole or in part by public32 funds.

33 (B) Is generally open to, and available for use by, the public.

34 (C) Is predominantly lacking in structural development other
35 than structures associated with open spaces, including, but not
36 limited to, playgrounds, swimming pools, ballfields, enclosed child
37 play areas, and picnic facilities.

38 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "developed open space"39 includes land that has been designated for acquisition by a public

39 includes land that has been designated for acquisition by a public 40 agency for developed open space, but does not include lands

- 1 acquired by public funds dedicated to the acquisition of land for
- 2 housing purposes.
- 3 (j) The project site is not located within the boundaries of a state 4 conservancy.
- 5 SEC. 16. Section 21159.25 of the Public Resources Code is 6 amended to read:

7 21159.25. (a) For purposes of this section, the following 8 definitions apply:

9 (1) "Residential or mixed-use housing project" means a project 10 consisting of multifamily residential uses only or a mix of 11 multifamily residential and nonresidential uses, with at least 12 two-thirds of the square footage of the development designated 13 for residential use.

14 (2) "Substantially surrounded" means at least 75 percent of the 15 perimeter of the project site adjoins, or is separated only by an improved public right-of-way from, parcels that are developed 16 17 with qualified urban uses. The remainder of the perimeter of the 18 site adjoins, or is separated only by an improved public 19 right-of-way from, parcels that have been designated for qualified urban uses in a zoning, community plan, or general plan for which 20 21 an environmental impact report was certified.

- (b) Without limiting any other statutory exemption or categorical
  exemption, this division does not apply to a residential or
  mixed-use housing project if all of the following conditions
  described in this section are met:
- (1) The project is consistent with the applicable general plan
  designation and all applicable general plan policies as well as with
  applicable zoning designation and regulations.
- (2) (A) The public agency approving or carrying out the project
  determines, based upon substantial evidence, that the density of
  the residential portion of the project is not less than the greater of
- 32 the following:
- (i) The average density of the residential properties that adjoin,or are separated only by an improved public right-of-way from,
- 35 the perimeter of the project site, if any.
- 36 (ii) The average density of the residential properties within37 1,500 feet of the project site.
- 38 (iii) Six dwelling units per acre.
- 39 (B) The residential portion of the project is a multifamily 40 housing development that contains six or more residential units.
  - 98

1 (3) The proposed development occurs within an unincorporated 2 area of a county on a project site of no more than five acres 3 substantially surrounded by qualified urban uses.

4 (4) The project site has no value as habitat for endangered, rare, 5 or threatened species.

6 (5) Approval of the project would not result in any significant
7 effects relating to transportation, noise, air quality, greenhouse gas
8 emissions, or water quality.

9 (6) The site can be adequately served by all required utilities 10 and public services.

- (7) The project is located on a site that is a legal parcel or parcels
  wholly within the boundaries of an urbanized area or urban cluster,
  as designated by the United States Census Bureau.
- 14 (c) Subdivision (b) does not apply to a residential or mixed-use15 housing project if any of the following conditions exist:
- 16 (1) The cumulative impact of successive projects of the same 17 type in the same place over time is significant.
- 18 (2) There is a reasonable possibility that the project will have 19 a significant effect on the environment due to unusual 20 circumstances.
- (3) The project may result in damage to scenic resources,
  including, but not limited to, trees, historic buildings, rock
  outcroppings, or similar resources, within a highway officially
  designated as a state scenic highway.
- (4) The project is located on a site which is included on any list
   compiled pursuant to Section 25001 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (5) The project may cause a substantial adverse change in thesignificance of a historical resource.
- 29 (d) If the lead agency determines that a project is not subject to

30 this division under this section and it determines to approve or 31 carry out the project, the lead agency shall file a notice with the

32 Office of Planning and Research and with the county clerk in the

33 county in which the project will be located in the manner specified

- 34 in subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 21152.
- (e) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2025,and as of that date is repealed.

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Laborers' International Union of North America **LIUNA** 

Feel the Power



April 7, 20211

President Shamann Walton and San Francisco Board of Supervisors Attn: Sup. Gordon Mar 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place City Hall, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

# RE: Resolution Supporting SB 37—Contaminated Sites: The Hazardous Waste Site Clean Up and Safety Act Cortese.

Dear President Shamann Walton and San Francisco Board of Supervisors:

On behalf of the California State Council of Laborers, I write in strong SUPPORT of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors Resolution supporting Senate Bill 37.

Senate Bill 37 would expressly provide that a project that is included on a consolidated list created, distributed, and posted online by the Secretary for Environmental Protection shall also not be exempt from CEQA.

Construction workers are exposed to a variety of health hazards every day. Without proper knowledge and protective gear these men and women have the potential for becoming sick, ill, and disabled for life.

Soil and groundwater can become contaminated as a result of past or current activities on the project site or on adjacent areas. Many industrial activities use, store, or generate contaminated materials that can be spilled, dumped, or buried nearby. Other activities common in mixed-use neighborhoods—such as gas stations and auto repair shops—can also result in contamination due to improper management of raw product and/or waste materials, or inadvertent spills.

Subsurface soil and groundwater contamination may remain undetected for many years, without posing a threat to nearby workers, residents, passersby, or other receptors. Excavation, earthmoving, dewatering, and other construction activities can, however, expose the contaminants, provide a pathway of exposure and, if such contaminants are not properly managed, introduce potential risk to construction workers and others nearby.

Senate Bill 37 addresses an increasingly common problem where localities exempt highly contaminated sites entirely from CEQA review. The result is that construction workers and future residents may be exposed to highly toxic chemicals without their knowledge and without proper safeguards.

Unfortunately, most serious hazards on a construction site are the silent killers, the ones we cannot see. Senate Bill 37 will close a loophole in state law and help to ensure that construction workers are not unwittingly exposed to toxic chemicals in soil and groundwater, and that safeguards are put in place to ensure that workers and future residents are made award of historic soil contamination from leaking underground tanks and other sources so that proper measures can be imposed to clean-up the contamination safely.

For these reasons, the Laborers are in strong support of this important legislation and respectfully request the San Francisco Board of Supervisors approve the Resolution in support of Senate Bill 37.

Sincerely,

Joseph Cruz Executive Director

cc: Richard Drury, Lozeau Drury LLP Oscar De La Torre—LiUNA Vice President and NCDCL Business Manager Jon P. Preciado—SCDCL Business Manager Rocco Davis—LiUNA Vice President and PSW Regional Manager





## San Francisco Group, SF Bay Chapter

Serving San Francisco County

March 23, 2021

President Shamann Walton Members of the Board of Supervisors San Francisco City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Please support SB-37 - Contaminated sites: the Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup and Safety Act

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors:

The Sierra Club strongly urges you to pass a resolution supporting SB-37<sup>1</sup>, a bill recently introduced by Senator Dave Cortese that would prevent cities from granting CEQA exemptions to projects proposed to be constructed on contaminated sites, known as Cortese List sites.

The Cortese List was created in 1985 pursuant to a law introduced by Senator Dominic Cortese, Senator Dave Cortese's father. The Cortese List requires the state to compile a list of properties known to be contaminated with hazardous materials. "The list, or a site's presence on the list, has bearing on the local permitting process as well as on compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)."<sup>2</sup> Projects proposed to be constructed on these sites may not be exempted from CEQA review. This ensures that the public is informed of contamination and can ensure through CEQA review that contamination is properly remediated prior to project construction.

The law which created the Cortese List was prompted by several incidents in which construction workers were exposed to toxic soil contamination. CEQA review helps to ensure that such exposure can be prevented. It also ensures that future residents of projects on Cortese list sites will not be exposed to vapors from contaminated soil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill\_id=202120220SB37</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>https://calepa.ca.gov/sitecleanup/corteselist/background/</u>

In 2020 Senator Cortese learned from a *San Francisco Chronicle* article that the City of San Francisco has granted numerous CEQA exemptions over many years for projects to be constructed on Cortese List sites; this practice is in direct violation of existing law.<sup>3</sup>

SB-37 ensures that San Francisco, and any other cities, must cease this illegal practice going forward. SB-37 would further clarify that if a project is proposed to be constructed on a contaminated Cortese List site, neither a categorical exemption nor a "common sense" exemption may be used to avoid CEQA review.

Those opposed to SB-37 may claim that it would create undue delays for projects. On the contrary, it may actually speed up project review and approval. Most contamination can be addressed through standard mitigation measures, which would allow a CEQA mitigated negative declaration. In the case of San Francisco, a mitigated negative declaration only requires a 20-day public comment period. In this context, SB-37 would provide clear rules that would ultimately expedite project approval.

We strongly urge the Board of Supervisors to pass a resolution in support of SB-37 in the interest of safeguarding public health and protecting the environment.

Sincerely,

Becky Evans

**Becky Evans** 

Member, SF Group Executive Committee Member, SF Bay Chapter Executive Committee

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.sfchronicle.com/bayarea/article/Exclusive-How-SF-sidestepped-state-law-on-15322356.php



Laborers' International Union of North America

1121 L Street, Suite 502 Sacramento, CA 95814

Phone: (916) 447-7018 Fax: (916) 447-4048 Email: cscl@calaborers.org

Jose Mejia

Director

#### Oscar De La Torre

LiUNA Vice President at Large Business Manager Northern California District Council of Laborers

#### Jon P. Preciado

Business Manager Southern California District Council of Laborers

#### **Rocco** Davis

LiUNA Vice President at Large Regional Manager Pacific Southwest Region Special Assistant to the General President January 4, 2021

The Honorable Dave Cortese Senator State Capitol, Room 2082 Sacramento, CA 95814

## RE: SB 37—Contaminated Sites: The Dominic Cortese "Cortese List" Act of 2021– SPONSOR/SUPPORT

Dear Senator Cortese,

On behalf of the California State Council of Laborers, I write to express our support as proud **SPONSOR** of your bill, **SB 37**.

LIUNA

Feel the Power

This bill seeks to update the Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List, or "Cortese List" that was created by then Assembly Member Dominic Cortese in 1985.

The Cortese List is a planning document that is updated annually and informs the public about the location of hazardous materials release sites. In 1991, a subsequent law was passed that prohibits a project from being exempt under CEQA if it is located on a Cortese List site. Additionally, Section 21084 of the Public Resources Code also states that exemptions cannot be granted for Cortese List site projects. Despite this, entities have granted " common sense" exemptions and bypassed environmental review requirements for Cortese List sites and claim that these types of exemptions are not subject to the aforementioned section of the Public Resources Code.

Conducting work on projects that are on Cortese List sites without hazardous substance mitigation is dangerous. It poses health risks not only to those who work on these projects in the construction industry—including our members—but also to the nearby community. This bill will clarify the Public Resources Code to state that all types of exemptions, including "common sense" exemptions, cannot be granted to projects that are on Cortese List sites.



This legislation will increase safety for all those who work in the construction industry directly or indirectly as well as the safety of the future occupants of these developments. We applaud your leadership on this important issue seeking to protect California workers and are pleased to serve as Sponsor of this bill. Should you have any questions or concerns, please contact Katie Donahue-Duran or myself at (916) 447-7018.

Sincerely,

A.

Jose Mejia

CC: Sunshine Borelli, Chief of Staff, Office of Senator Dave Cortese Richard Drury, Lozeau Drury LLP Oscar De La Torre—LiUNA Vice President and NCDCL Business Manager Jon P. Preciado—SCDCL Business Manager Rocco Davis—LiUNA Vice President and PSW Regional Manager



From:	Lovett, Li (BOS)
То:	BOS Legislation, (BOS)
Cc:	Mar, Gordon (BOS)
Subject:	Re: Resolution supporting SB 37 for introduction at Board meeting today
Date:	Wednesday, April 7, 2021 11:25:17 AM
Attachments:	image001.png
	210353 Resolution.docx
	SB 37 - 3.1.21 Senate amendments.pdf

BOS Legislation,

I am confirming from Supervisor Mar's office that this resolution pertains to matters that are routine, not contentious, and of no special interest.

Attached please find the document for file #210353 with clerical edits accepted. The SB 37 document is also attached, reflecting the latest amendments in CA State Senate from 3/1/21.

The California State Association of Counties indicates that a decision is pending, while the League of California Cities is deciding to watch SB 37 as it moves through the legislative process. At this time, we don't have statements to add to the file.

Thank you!

Li

Li Miao Lovett Legislative Aide, Supervisor Gordon Mar (415) 554-7461 | li.lovett@sfgov.org Web: <u>District 4 Supervisor</u>

Please include marstaff@sfgov.org in constituent inquiries.

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>
Sent: Wednesday, April 7, 2021 9:41 AM
To: Lovett, Li (BOS) <li.lovett@sfgov.org>
Cc: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>
Subject: RE: Resolution supporting SB 37 for introduction at Board meeting today

Hi Li,

Please find attached proof with clerical edits in the legislation. Kindly review and confirm that these

edits are agreeable. Please provide our office with a copy of SB 37 so it could be included in the file.

Since the item is requested to be placed on the For Adoption Without Committee Reference of the agenda, pursuant to Board Rule 2.1.2, please confirm that these matters are routine, not contentious in nature, and of no special interest.

Lastly, per Board Rule 2.8.2, please confirm that organizations such as the <u>California State</u> <u>Association of Counties</u> and <u>League of California Cities</u> have <u>not</u> taken a position on these bills. If they have, please provide a copy of their statement for completeness of the file.

Thank you.

Lisa Lew San Francisco Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 T 415-554-7718 | F 415-554-5163 lisa.lew@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org

**(VIRTUAL APPOINTMENTS)** To schedule a "virtual" meeting with me (on Microsoft Teams), please ask and I can answer your questions in real time.

Due to the current COVID-19 health emergency and the Shelter in Place Order, the Office of the Clerk of the Board is working remotely while providing complete access to the legislative process and our services.

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From: Lovett, Li (BOS) <li.lovett@sfgov.org>

Sent: Tuesday, April 6, 2021 4:58 PM

To: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>

Cc: Mar, Gordon (BOS) <gordon.mar@sfgov.org>; PEARSON, ANNE (CAT)
<Anne.Pearson@sfcityatty.org>; Gee, Natalie (BOS) <natalie.gee@sfgov.org>; Low, Jen (BOS)
<jen.low@sfgov.org>; Hepner, Lee (BOS) <lee.hepner@sfgov.org>; Smeallie, Kyle (BOS)
<kyle.smeallie@sfgov.org>; Fregosi, Ian (BOS) <ian.fregosi@sfgov.org>
Subject: Resolution supporting SB 37 for introduction at Board meeting today

Dear BOS Legislation,

Attached please find the resolution that Supervisor Mar is introducing at the 4/6/21 Board

meeting for Adoption without Committee Reference: Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill 37 (Cortese) - Contaminated Sites. The full title is below.

Please also find supporting documentation from Sierra Club Bay Chapter to President Shamann Walton and Members of the Board of Supervisors, and from Laborors' International Union of North America to CA Senator David Cortese, both in support of SB 37.

I have cc'ed Supervisor Mar who can confirm his signature on the introduction form.

Regards,

Li Lovett

Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill 37, Contaminated Sites: the Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup and Safety Act, authored by Senator David Cortese, expressly prohibiting the use of the common sense exemption to be applied to construction projects located on contaminated sites identified on the state's Cortese List.

Li Miao Lovett Legislative Aide, Supervisor Gordon Mar (415) 554-7461 | <u>li.lovett@sfgov.org</u> Web: <u>District 4 Supervisor</u>

Please include <u>marstaff@sfgov.org</u> in constituent inquiries.

# **Introduction Form**

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter A	mendment).
$\checkmark$ 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.	
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.	
4. Request for letter beginning :"Supervisor	inquiries"
5. City Attorney Request.	
6. Call File No. from Committee.	
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).	
8. Substitute Legislation File No.	
9. Reactivate File No.	
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on	
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded	to the following:
Small Business Commission Vouth Commission	Ethics Commission
Planning Commission Building Inspection	Commission
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the	he Imperative Form.
Sponsor(s):	
Mar; Walton, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Chan	
Subject:	
Supporting California State Senate Bill 37 (Cortese) Contaminated Sites	
The text is listed:	
Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill 37 Contaminated Sites: the Hazar Safety Act, authored by Senator David Cortese, expressly prohibiting the use of the applied to construction projects located on contaminated sites identified on the state'	common sense exemption to be
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: /s/ Gordon Ma	ar

For Clerk's Use Only