FILE NO. 091275

[Development Impact and In-Lieu Fees.]

Amended in Committee 05/03/2010

ORDINANCE NO.

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3 Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code to create Article 4 for 4 development impact fees and requirements, move Planning Code Sections 135(i), 5 135.3(d), 135.3(e), 139, 143, 149, a portion of 249.33, 313-313.15, 314-314.8, 315-315.9, 6 318-318.9, 319-319.7, 326-326.8, 327-327.6, and 331-331.6 and Chapter 38 of the San 7 Francisco Administrative Code (Transit Impact Development Fee) to Article 4, and 8 renumber and amend the sections; to provide that the Department of Building 9 Inspection (DBI) will collect the development fees prior to issuance of the first building 10 permit or other document authorizing project construction and verify that any in-kind public improvements required in lieu of a development fee are implemented prior to 11 12 issuance of the first certificate of occupancy; to allow a project sponsor to defer 13 payment of a development fee upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge (Fee Deferral 14 Program), which option shall expire after three years unless further extended; to require the Planning Commission to hold a hearing prior to expiration of the Fee 15 16 Deferral Program to review its effectiveness and make recommendations to the Board 17 of Supervisors; to add introductory sections to Article 4 for standard definitions and procedures, delete duplicative code provisions and use consistent definitions, 18 19 language and organization throughout; to require annual Citywide development fee 20 reports and fee adjustments, and development fee evaluations every five years; to 21 provide that the ordinance's operative date is <u>July 1</u> May 15, 2010; and to instruct the publisher to put a note at the original location of the renumbered sections stating that 22 23 the text of those sections has been moved and providing the new section number; adopting findings, including Section 302, environmental findings, and findings of 24 25 consistency with the General Plan and Planning Code Section 101.1.

1 NOTE: Additions are *single-underline italics Times New Roman*; deletions are strike through italics Times New Roman. 2 Board amendment additions are double-underlined; Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal. 3 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: 4 Section 1. Findings. The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that: 5 6 Α. The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this 7 ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources 8 Code Section 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of 9 Supervisors in File No. 091275 and is incorporated herein by reference. Β. 10 Pursuant to Section 302 of the Planning Code, the Board finds that this ordinance will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in 11 12 Planning Commission Resolution No. 18015 and the Board incorporates such reasons herein 13 by reference. A copy of Planning Commission Resolution No. 18015 is on file with the Board 14 of Supervisors in File No. 091275. 15 C. This ordinance is in conformity with the General Plan and the Priority Policies of Planning Code Section 101.1 for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 16 17 18015 and the Board incorporates those findings herein by reference. 18 D. In March, 2008, San Francisco published its Citywide Development Impact Fee Study Consolidated Report. The purpose of the Study was to evaluate the overall state, 19 20 effectiveness, and consistency of the City's impact fee collection process and to identify 21 improvements. Among other things, the Study cited the City's decentralized process as a 22 problem. Centralizing the collection of development impact and in-lieu fees within the 23 Department of Building Inspection and providing for an auditing and dispute-resolution 24 function within DBI will further the City's goals of streamlining the process, ensuring that fees 25

are accurately assessed and collected in a timely manner, informing the public of the fees
 assessed and collected, and implementing some suggestions in the Consolidated Report.

E. Organizing all of the City's development impact fees and Planning Code
requirements that authorize the payment of in-lieu fees into one article and putting standard
language into introductory sections will make the requirements easier to locate and allow for
the deletion of duplicative and potentially inconsistent provisions.

7 F. The City imposes a variety of development fees on land-use development 8 projects; the timing for collection of these fees varies. Also, typical economic cycles create 9 volatility in the building and construction industries that has negative impacts on the 10 availability of financing, greatly affecting the viability of a range of development projects. The current global economic crisis has exceeded both the depth and breadth of typical economic 11 12 downturns. These boom-and-bust economic cycles create financial and other hardships for 13 both project sponsors and the City's permit-issuing departments. By enacting this procedure 14 to standardize the collection and timing of payment of development impact and in-lieu fees 15 assessed by the City and give the project sponsor the option to defer the payment of the fees, 16 the City intends not only to streamline the process but also to mitigate the financial hardships 17 caused by economic cycles in general and the global economic crisis in particular. This will 18 allow project sponsors to proceed to obtain their entitlements for development projects that would otherwise be unable to proceed under adverse conditions and enable a better-19 20 managed economic recovery.

Section 2. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Article 4,
to read as follows:

23 <u>ARTICLE 4</u>
 24 <u>DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS THAT AUTHORIZE THE</u>
 25 <u>PAYMENT OF IN-LIEU FEES</u>

1	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS. (a) In addition to the specific definitions set forth elsewhere in this
2	Article, the following definitions shall govern interpretation of this Article:
3	(1) "Affordable housing project." A housing project containing units constructed to satisfy
4	the requirements of Sections 413.5, 413.8, 415.4, or 4.5.5 of this Article, or receiving funds from the
5	Citywide Affordable Housing Fund.
6	(2) "Affordable to a household." A purchase price that a household can afford to pay based
7	on an annual payment for all housing costs of 33 percent of the combined household annual net
8	income, a 10 percent down payment, and available financing, or a rent that a household can afford to
9	pay based on an annual payment for all housing costs of 30 percent of the combined annual net income.
10	(3) "Affordable to qualifying households":
11	(A) With respect to owned units, the average purchase price on the initial sale of all
12	affordable owned units in an affordable housing project shall not exceed the allowable average
13	purchase price. Each unit shall be sold:
14	(i) Only to households with an annual net income equal to or less than that of a household
15	of moderate income; and
16	(ii) At or below the maximum purchase price.
17	(B) With respect to rental units in an affordable housing project, the average annual rent
18	shall not exceed the allowable average annual rent. Each unit shall be rented:
19	(i) Only to households with an annual net income equal to or less than that of a household
20	<u>of lower income;</u>
21	(ii) At or less than the maximum annual rent.
22	(4) "Allowable average purchase price":
23	(A) For all affordable one-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a two-
24	person household of median income as set forth in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations
25	Section 6932 ("Section 6932") on January 1st of that year;

- 1 (B) For all affordable two-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a three-
- 2 person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
- 3 (C) For all affordable three-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a four-
- 4 *person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;*
- 5 (D) For all affordable four-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a five-
- 6 *person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year.*
- 7 (1) "Affordable to qualifying middle income households":
- 8 (A) With respect to owned units, the average purchase price on the initial sale of all
- 9 *qualifying middle income units shall not exceed the allowable average purchase price deemed*
- 10 *acceptable for households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying limits for a*
- 11 <u>household of middle income, adjusted for household size. This purchase price shall be based on</u>
- 12 <u>household spending of 35% of income for housing, and shall only apply to initial sale, and not for the</u>
- 13 *life of the unit.*
- 14 (B) With respect to rental units, the average annual rent--including the cost of utilities paid
- 15 *by the tenant according to the HUD utility allowance established by the San Francisco Housing*
- 16 <u>Authority -- for qualifying middle income units shall not exceed the allowable average purchase price</u>
- 17 *deemed acceptable for households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying*
- 18 *limits for a household of middle income, adjusted for household size. This price restriction shall exist*
- 19 *for the life of the unit.*
- 20 (5) "Allowable average annual rent":
- 21 (A) For all affordable one-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
- 22 *income for a household of two persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;*
- 23 (B) For all affordable two-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
- 24 *income for a household of three persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;*
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1	(C) For all affordable three-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
2	income for a household of four persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
3	(D) For all affordable four-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
4	income for a household of five persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year.
5	(6) "Annual gross income." Gross income as defined in CCR Title 25, Section 6914, as
6	amended from time to time, except that MOH may, in order to promote consistency with the procedures
7	of the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency, develop an asset test that differs from the State definition
8	if it publishes that test in the Procedures Manual.
9	(7) "Annual net income." Net income as defined in Title 25 of the California Code of
10	<u>Regulations Section 6916.</u>
11	(8) "Average annual rent." The total annual rent for the calendar year charged by a housing
12	project for all affordable rental units in the project of an equal number of bedrooms divided by the total
13	number of affordable units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
14	(9) "Average purchase price." The purchase price for all affordable owned units in an
15	affordable housing project of an equal number of bedrooms divided by the total number of affordable
16	units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
17	(10) "Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund." The fund into which all fee revenue the
18	City collects from the Balboa Park Impact Fee is deposited.
19	(11) "Balboa Park Community Improvements Program." The program intended to implement
20	the community improvements identified in the Balboa Park Area Plan, as articulated in the Balboa
21	Park Community Improvements Program Document on file with the Clerk of the Board.
22	(12) "Balboa Park Impact Fee." The fee collected by the City to mitigate impacts of new
23	development in the Balboa Park Program Area, as described in the findings in Section 422.1.
24	(13) "Balboa Park Program Area." The Balboa Park Plan Area in Figure 1 of the Balboa
25	Park Station Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan.

1	(14) "Base service standard." The relationship between revenue service hours offered by the
2	Municipal Railway and the number of automobile and transit trips estimated to be generated by certain
3	non-residential uses, expressed as a ratio where the numerator equals the average daily revenue
4	service hours offered by MUNI and the denominator equals the daily automobile and transit trips
5	generated by non-residential land uses as estimated by the TIDF Study or updated under Section 411.5
6	of this Article.
7	(15) "Base service standard fee rate." The TIDF that would allow the City to recover the
8	estimated costs incurred by the Municipal Railway to meet the demand for public transit resulting from
9	new development in the economic activity categories for which the fee is charged, after deducting
10	government grants, fare revenue, and costs for non-vehicle maintenance and general administration.
11	(16) "Board" or "Board of Supervisors." The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of
12	<u>San Francisco.</u>
13	(17) "Child-care facility." A child-care facility as defined in California Health and Safety
14	<u>Code Section 1596.750.</u>
15	(18) "Child-care provider." A provider as defined in California Health and Safety Code
16	<u>Section 1596.791.</u>
17	(19) "City" or "San Francisco." The City and County of San Francisco.
18	(20) "Commercial Space Subject to the Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure
19	Impact Fee." For each net addition of occupiable square feet within the Program Area which results in
20	an additional commercial unit or any increased commercial capacity that is beyond 20 percent of the
21	non-residential capacity at the time that requirements originally became effective.
22	(21) "Commercial development project." Any new construction, addition, extension,
23	conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any
24	occupied floor area of commercial use; provided, however, that for projects that solely comprise an
25	addition to an existing structure which would add occupied floor area in an amount less than 20

1	percent of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Article shall only
2	apply to the new occupied square footage.
3	(22) "Commercial use." Any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by retail or
4	office uses that qualify as an accessory use, as defined and regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5 of
5	this Code.
6	(23) "Commission" or "Planning Commission." The San Francisco Planning Commission.
7	(24) "Community apartment." As defined in San Francisco Subdivision Code Section
8	<u>1308(b).</u>
9	(25) "Community facilities." All uses as defined under Section 209.4(a) and 209.3(d) of this
10	<u>Code.</u>
11	(26) "Condition of approval" or "Conditions of approval." A condition or set of written
12	conditions imposed by the Planning Commission or another permit-approving or issuing City agency
13	or appellate body to which a project applicant agrees to adhere and fulfill when it receives approval
14	for the construction of a development project subject to this Article.
15	(27) "Condominium." As defined in California Civil Code Section 783.
16	(28) "Cultural/Institution/Education (CIE)." An economic activity category subject to the
17	TIDF that includes, but is not limited to, schools, as defined in Sections 209.3(g), (h), and (i) and
18	217(f)-(i) of this Code; child care facilities; museums and zoos; and community facilities, as defined in
19	Sections 209.4 and 221(a)-(c) of this Code.
20	(29) "DBI." The San Francisco Department of Building Inspection.
21	(30) "Dedicated." Legally transferred to the City and County of San Francisco, including all
22	relevant legal documentation, at no cost to the City.
23	(31) "Dedicated site." The portion of site proposed to be legally transferred at no cost to the
24	City and County of San Francisco under the requirements of this section.
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1	(32) "Department" or "Planning Department." The San Francisco Planning Department or
2	the Planning Department's designee, including the Mayor's Office of Housing and other City agencies
3	or departments.
4	(33) "Designated affordable housing zones." For the purposes of implementing the Eastern
5	Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund, shall mean the Mission NCT defined in Section 736 and the
6	Mixed Use Residential District defined in Section 841.
7	(34) "Development fee." Either a development impact fee or an in-lieu fee. It shall not
8	include a fee for service or any time and material charges charged for reviewing or processing permit
9	applications.
10	(35) "Development Fee Collection Unit" or "Unit." The Development Fee Collection Unit at
11	<u>DBI.</u>
12	(36) "Development impact fee." A fee imposed on a development project as a condition of
13	approval to mitigate the impacts of increased demand for public services, facilities or housing caused
14	by the development project that may or may not be an impact fee governed by the California Mitigation
15	<u>Fee Act (California Government Code Section 66000 et seq.).</u>
16	(37) "Development impact requirement." A requirement to provide physical improvements,
17	facilities or below market rate housing units imposed on a development project as a condition of
18	approval to mitigate the impacts of increased demand for public services, facilities or housing caused
19	by the development project that may or may not be governed by the California Mitigation Fee Act
20	(California Government Code Section 66000 et seq.).
21	(38) "Development project." A project that is subject to a development impact or in-lieu fee
22	or development impact requirement.
23	(39) "Development under the TIDF." Any new construction, or addition to or conversion of
24	an existing structure under a building or site permit issued on or after September 4, 2004, that results
25	in 3,000 gross square feet or more of a covered use. In the case of mixed use development that includes

1	residential development, the term "new development" shall refer to only the non-residential portion of
2	such development. "Existing structure" shall include a structure for which a sponsor already paid a fee
3	under the prior TIDF ordinance, as well as a structure for which no TIDF was paid.
4	(40) "Director." The Director of Planning or his or her designee.
5	(41) "DPW." The Department of Public Works.
6	(42) "Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee." The fee collected by the City to
7	mitigate impacts of new development in the Eastern Neighborhoods Program Area, as described in the
8	Findings in Section 423.1
9	(43) "Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund." The fund into which all fee revenue
10	collected by the City from the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee is deposited.
11	(44) "Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program." The program intended to implement
12	the community improvements identified in the four Area Plans affiliated with the Eastern
13	Neighborhoods (Central Waterfront, East SoMa, Mission, and Showplace Square/Potrero Hill), as
14	articulated in the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program Document, on file with the Clerk of
15	the Board in File No. 081155.)
16	(45) "Eastern Neighborhoods Program Area." The Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area in
17	<u>Map 1 (Land Use Plan) of the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan.</u>
18	(46) "Economic activity category." Under the TIDF, one of the following six categories of
19	non-residential uses: Cultural/Institution/Education (CIE), Management, Information and Professional
20	Services (MIPS), Medical and Health Services, Production/Distribution/Repair (PDR),
21	Retail/Entertainment, and Visitor Services.
22	(47) "Entertainment development project." Any new construction, addition, extension,
23	conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross
24	square feet of entertainment use.
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1	(48) "Entertainment use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
2	suitable for the operation of a nighttime entertainment use as defined in Section 102.17 of this Code, a
3	movie theater use as defined in Sections 790.64 and 890.64 of this Code, an adult theater use as defined
4	in Sections 790.36 and 890.36 of this Code, any other entertainment use as defined in Sections 790.38
5	and 890.37 of this Code, and, notwithstanding Section 790.38 of this Code, an amusement game arcade
6	(mechanical amusement devices) use as defined in Sections 790.4 and 890.4 of this Code. Under this
7	Article, "entertainment use" shall include all office and other uses accessory to the entertainment use,
8	but excluding retail uses and office uses not accessory to the entertainment use.
9	(49) "First certificate of occupancy." Either a temporary certificate of occupancy or a
10	Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy as defined in San Francisco Building Code Section
11	<u>109A, whichever is issued first.</u>
12	(50) "First construction document." As defined in Section 107A.13.1 of the San Francisco
13	Building Code.
14	(51) "Gross floor area." The total area of each floor within the building's exterior walls, as
15	defined in Section 102.9(b)(12) of this Code.
16	(52) "Gross square feet of use." With respect to the TIDF, the total square feet of gross floor
17	area in a building and/or space within or adjacent to a structure devoted to all uses covered by the
18	TIDF, including any common areas exclusively serving such uses and not serving residential uses.
19	Where a structure contains more than one use, areas common to two or more uses, such as lobbies,
20	stairs, elevators, restrooms, and other ancillary spaces included in gross floor area that are not
21	exclusively assigned to one uses shall be apportioned among the two or more uses in accordance with
22	the relative amounts of gross floor area, excluding such space, in the structure or on any floor thereof
23	directly assignable to each use.
24	(53) "Gross square footage." The meaning set forth in Section 102.9 of this Code.
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1	(54) "Hotel development project." Any new construction, addition, extension, conversion, or
2	enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross square feet of
3	hotel use.
4	(55) "Hotel" or "Hotel use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
5	suitable for rooms, or suites of two or more rooms, each of which may or may not feature a bathroom
6	and cooking facility or kitchenette and is designed to be occupied by a visitor or visitors to the City who
7	pays for accommodations on a daily or weekly basis but who do not remain for more than 31
8	consecutive days. Under this Article "hotel use" shall include all office and other uses accessory to the
9	renting of guest rooms, but excluding retail uses and office uses not accessory to the hotel use.
10	(56) "Household." Any person or persons who reside or intend to reside in the same housing
11	<u>unit.</u>
12	(57) "Household of lower income." A household composed of one or more persons with a
13	combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying limit for a
14	lower-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set
15	forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations Section 6932.
16	(58) "Household of median income." A household composed of one or more persons with a
17	combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying limit for a
18	median-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set
19	forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations Section 6932.
20	(59) "Household of moderate income." A household composed of one or more persons with a
21	combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying limit for a
22	moderate-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set
23	forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations Section 6932.
24	(60) Housing developer." Any business entity building housing units which receives a
25	payment from a sponsor for use in the construction of the housing units. A housing developer may be

1	(a) the same business entity as the sponsor, (b) an entity in which the sponsor is a partner, joint
2	venturor, or stockholder, or (c) an entity in which the sponsor has no control or ownership.
3	(61) "Housing project." Any development which has residential units as defined in the
4	Planning Code, including but not limited to dwellings, group housing, independent living units, and
5	other forms of development which are intended to provide long-term housing to individuals and
6	households. "Housing project" shall not include that portion of a development that qualifies as an
7	Institutional Use under the Planning Code. "Housing project" for purposes of this Program shall also
8	include the development of live/work units as defined by Section 102.13 of this Code. Housing project
9	for purposes of this Program shall mean all phases or elements of a multi-phase or multiple lot
10	residential development.
11	(62) "Housing unit" or "unit." A dwelling unit as defined in San Francisco Housing Code
12	Section 401.
13	(63) "Improvements Fund." The fund into which all revenues collected by the City for each
14	Program Area's impact fees are deposited.
15	(64) "In-Kind Agreement." An agreement acceptable in form and substance to the City
16	Attorney and the Director of Planning between a project sponsor and the Planning Commission,
17	subject to approval by the Planning Commission in its sole discretion, to provide a specific set of
18	community improvements at a specific phase of construction in lieu of contribution to the relevant
19	Improvements Fund. The In-Kind Agreement shall also mandate a covenant of the project sponsor to
20	reimburse all City agencies for their administrative and staff costs in negotiating, drafting, and
21	monitoring compliance with the In-Kind Agreement. The City shall also require the project sponsor to
22	provide a letter of credit or other instrument acceptable in form and substance to the City Attorney and
23	the Planning Department to secure the City's right to receive payment as described in the preceding
24	sentence.

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1	(65) "Infrastructure." Open space and recreational facilities; public realms improvements
2	such as pedestrian improvements and streetscape improvements; public transit facilities; and
3	community facilities such as libraries, child care facilities, and community centers.
4	(66) "In lieu fee." A fee paid by a project sponsor in lieu of complying with a requirement of
5	this Code and that is not a development impact fee governed by the Mitigation Fee Act.
6	(67) Interim Guidelines" shall mean the Office Housing Production Program Interim
7	Guidelines adopted by the City Planning Commission on January 26, 1982, as amended.
8	(68) "Licensed Child-care facility." A child-care facility which has been issued a valid
9	license by the California Department of Social Services pursuant to California Health and Safety Code
10	<u>Sections 1596.80-1596.875, 1596.95-1597.09, or 1597.30-1597.61.</u>
11	(69) "Live/work project." A housing project containing more than one live/work unit.
12	(70) "Live/work unit" shall be as defined in Section 102.13 of this Code.
13	(71) "Long term housing." Housing intended for occupancy by a person or persons for 32
14	consecutive days or longer.
15	(72) "Low income." For purposes of this Article, up to 80% of median family income for the
16	San Francisco PMSA, as calculated and adjusted by the United States Department of Housing and
17	Urban Development (HUD) on an annual basis, except that as applied to housing-related purposes
18	such as the construction of affordable housing and the provision of rental subsidies with funds from the
19	SOMA Stabilization Fund established in Section 418.7, it shall mean up to 60% of median family
20	income for the San Francisco PMSA, as calculated and adjusted by HUD on an annual basis.
21	(73) "Management, Information and Professional Services (MIPS). An economic activity
22	category under the TIDF that includes, but is not limited to, office use; medical offices and clinics, as
23	defined in Section 890.114 of this Code; business services, as defined in Section 890.111 of this Code;
24	Integrated PDR, as defined in Section 890.49 of this Code, and Small Enterprise Workspaces, as
25	defined in Section 227(t) of this Code.

1	(74) "Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund" The fund into which all fee
2	reveue collected by the City from the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fee is deposited.
3	(75) "Market and Octavia Community Improvements Impact Fee." The fee collected by the
4	City to mitigate impacts of new development in the Market and Octavia Program Area, as described in
5	the findings in Section 421.1.
6	(76) "Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program." The program intended to
7	implement the community improvements identified in the Market and Octavia Area Plan, as articulated
8	in the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program Document on file with the Clerk of the
9	<u>Board in File No. 071157.)</u>
10	(77) "Market and Octavia Program Area." The Market and Octavia Plan Area in Map 1
11	(Land Use Plan) of the Market and Octavia Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan, which
12	includes those districts zoned RTO, NCT, or any neighborhood specific NCT, a few parcels zoned RH-1
13	or RH-2, and those parcels within the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District
14	(VMDRSUD).
15	(78) "Market rate housing." Housing constructed in the principal project that is not subject
16	to sales or rental restrictions.
17	(79) "Maximum annual rent." The maximum rent that a housing developer may charge any
18	tenant occupying an affordable unit for the calendar year. The maximum annual rent shall be 30
19	percent of the annual income for a lower-income household as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st
20	of each year for the following household sizes:
21	(A) For all one-bedroom units, for a household of two persons;
22	(B) For all two-bedroom units, for a household of three persons;
23	(C) For all three-bedroom units, for a household of four persons;
24	(D) For all four-bedroom units, for a household of five persons.
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- 1 "Maximum purchase price." The maximum purchase price that a household of moderate (19)2 income can afford to pay for an owned unit based on an annual payment for all housing costs of 33 3 percent of the combined household annual net income, a 10 percent down payment, and available 4 financing, for the following household sizes: 5 (A)*For all one-bedroom units, for a household of two persons;* 6 (B)*For all two-bedroom units, for a household of three persons;* 7 (*C*) For all three-bedroom units, for a household of four persons: 8 (D)*For all four-bedroom units, for a household of five persons.* 9 (80)"Medical and Health Services." An economic activity category under the TIDF that 10 includes, but is not limited to, those non-residential uses defined in Sections 209.3(a) and 217(a) of this <u>Code; animal services, as defined in Section 224(a) and (b) of</u> this Code; and social and charitable 11 12 services, as defined in Sections 209.3(d) and 217(d) of this Code. 13 "Middle Income Household." A household whose combined annual gross income for all (81)14 members is between 120 percent and 150 percent of the local median income for the City and County of 15 San Francisco, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using data from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and adjusted for household size or, if data 16 17 from HUD is unavailable, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using other publicly 18 available and credible data and adjusted for household size. 19 "MOCD." The Mayor's Office of Community Development. (82)20 (83) "MOH." The Mayor's Office of Housing. 21 "MTA." The Municipal Transportation Agency. (84) 22 (85) "MTA Director." The Director of MTA or his or her designee. 23 (86) "Municipal Railway; MUNI." The public transit system owned by the City and under the 24 *jurisdiction of the MTA.*
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1	(87) "Net addition." The total amount of gross floor area defined in Planning Code Section
2	102.9 to be occupied by a development project, less the gross floor area existing in any structure
3	demolished or retained as part of the proposed development project that had been occupied by, or
4	primarily serving, any residential, non-residential, or PDR use for five years prior to the Planning
5	Commission or Planning Department approval of a development project subject to this Article, or for
6	the life of the structure demolished or retained, whichever is shorter.
7	(88) "Net addition of occupiable square feet of commercial use." Occupied floor area, as
8	defined in Section 102.10 of this Code, to be occupied by or primarily serving, non-residential use
9	excluding common areas such as hallways, maintenance facilities and lobbies, less the occupied floor
10	area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed commercial development
11	project which occupied floor area was used primarily and continuously for commercial use and was
12	not accessory to any use other than residential use for at least five years prior to Planning Department
13	approval of a residential development project subject to this Article, or for the life of the structure
14	demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
15	(89) Net addition of gross square feet of entertainment space." Gross floor area as defined in
16	Section 102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, entertainment use, less the gross
17	floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed entertainment
18	development project that was used primarily and continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research
19	and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office,
20	research and development, or retail use, for five years prior to Commission approval of an
21	entertainment development project subject to this Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or
22	rehabilitated, whichever is shorter, so long as such space was subject to Section 413.1 et seq. of this
23	Article or the Interim Guidelines.
24	(90) "Net addition of gross square feet of hotel space." Gross floor area as defined in Section
25	102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, hotel use, less the gross floor area in any

1 <u>structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed hotel development project space used</u>

- 2 primarily and continuously for office or hotel use and not accessory to any use other than office or
- 3 <u>hotel use for five years prior to Commission approval of a hotel development project subject to this</u>
- 4 <u>Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.</u>
- 5 (91) "Net addition of gross square feet of non-residential space." Gross floor area as defined
- 6 *in Section 102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, any non-residential use, less the*
- 7 gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed development
- 8 project space used primarily and continuously for the same non-residential use within the same
- 9 <u>economic activity category. This space shall be accessory to any use other than that same non-</u>
- 10 *residential use for five years prior to Commission approval of a development project subject to this*
- 11 <u>Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.</u>
- 12 (92) "Net addition of gross square feet of residential space." Gross floor area as defined in
- 13 <u>Section 102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, residential use, less the gross floor</u>
- 14 *area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed residential development*
- 15 *project space used primarily and continuously for residential use and not accessory to any use other*
- 16 *than residential use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of a development project,*
- 17 *subject to this Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.*
- 18 (93) "Net addition of gross square feet of office space." Gross floor area as defined in
- 19 *Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, office use, less the gross floor*
- 20 *area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed office development project*
- 21 space used primarily and continuously for office or hotel use and not accessory to any use other than
- 22 office or hotel use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of an office development
- 23 project subject to this Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is
- 24 <u>shorter.</u>
- 25

1	(94) Net addition of gross square feet of research and development space." Gross floor area
2	as defined in Section 102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, research and
3	development use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the
4	proposed research and development project that was used primarily and continuously for
5	entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use
6	other than entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use, for five years prior to
7	Commission approval of a research and development project subject to this Article, or for the life of the
8	structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
9	(95) "Net addition of gross square feet of retail space." Gross floor area as defined in Section
10	102.9 of this Code to be occupied by, or primarily serving, retail use, less the gross floor area in any
11	structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed retail development project that was used
12	primarily and continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use and
13	was not accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or
14	retail use, for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of a retail development project subject
15	to this Article, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
16	(96) "New development." Under the TIDF, any new construction, or addition to or
17	conversion of an existing structure under a building or site permit issued on or after September 4, 2004
18	that results in 3,000 gross square feet or more of a use covered by the TIDF. In the case of mixed use
19	development that includes residential development, the term "new development" shall refer to only the
20	non-residential portion of such development. "Existing structure" shall include a structure for which a
21	sponsor already paid a fee under the prior TIDF ordinance, as well as a structure for which no TIDF
22	was paid.
23	(97) "Nonprofit child-care provider." A child-care provider that is an organization organized
24	and operated for nonprofit purposes within the provisions of California Revenue and Taxation Code
25	Sections 2370123710, inclusive, as demonstrated by a written determination from the California

1	Franchise Tax Board exempting the organization from taxes under Revenue and Taxation Code Section
2	<u>23701.</u>
3	(98) "Nonprofit organization." An organization organized and operated for nonprofit
4	purposes within the provisions of California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 2370123710,
5	inclusive, as demonstrated by a written determination from the California Franchise Tax Board
6	exempting the organization from taxes under Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701.
7	(99) "Non-Residential development project." Any new construction, addition, extension,
8	conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure that includes any occupied
9	floor area of a non-residential use; provided, however, that for projects that solely comprise an
10	addition to an existing structure that would add occupied floor area in an amount less than 20 percent
11	of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Article shall only apply to the
12	new occupied square footage.
13	(100) "Non-Residential space subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee." Each net addition of
14	gross square feet within the Project Area that contributes to a 20 percent increase in commercial
15	capacity of an existing structure.
16	(101) "Non-residential Space Subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact
17	Fee. Each net addition of net square feet within the Eastern Neighborhoods Project Area which
18	contributes to a 20 percent increase in non-residential capacity of an existing structure.
19	(102) Non-residential use." Any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by retail,
20	office, commercial, or other non-residential uses defined in Section 209.3, 209.8, 217, 218, 219 of this
21	Code, and 221; except that residential components of uses defined in Section 209.3(a)-(c) and (g)-(i)
22	shall be defined as a "residential use" for purposes of this Article. For the purposes of this Article, non-
23	residential use shall not include PDR and publicly owned and operated community facilities.
24	(103) "Notice of Special Restrictions." A document recorded with the San Francisco
25	Recorder's Office for any unit subject to this Program detailing the sale and resale or rental

1	restrictions and any restrictions on purchaser or tenant income levels included as a Condition of
2	Approval of the principal project relating to the unit.
3	(104) "Office development project." Any new construction, addition, extension, conversion or
4	enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross floor area of
5	<u>office use</u>
6	(105) "Office use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily suitable
7	for occupancy by persons or entities which perform, provide for their own benefit, or provide to others
8	at that location services including, but not limited to, the following: Professional; banking; insurance;
9	management; consulting; technical; sales; and design; and the non-accessory office functions of
10	manufacturing and warehousing businesses; all uses encompassed within the definition of "office" in
11	Section 219 of this Code; multimedia, software, development, web design, electronic commerce, and
12	information technology; all uses encompassed within the definition of "administrative services" in
13	Section 890.106 of this Code; and all "professional services" as proscribed in Section 890.108 of this
14	Code excepting only those uses which are limited to the Chinatown Mixed Use District.
15	(106) "Off-site unit." A unit affordable to qualifying households constructed pursuant to this
16	Ordinance on a site other than the site of the principal project.
17	(107) "On-site unit." A unit affordable to qualifying households constructed pursuant to this
18	Article on the site of the principal project.
19	(108) "Owned unit." A unit affordable to qualifying households which is a condominium, stock
20	cooperative, community apartment, or detached single-family home. The owner or owners of an owned
21	unit must occupy the unit as their primary residence.
22	(109) "Owner." The record owner of the fee or a vendee in possession.
23	(110) "PDR use." Those uses contained in Sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, and 226 of this
24	<u>Code.</u>

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1	(111) "Principal project." A housing development on which a requirement to provide
2	affordable housing units is imposed.
3	(112) "Principal site." The total site proposed for development, including the portion of site
4	proposed to be legally transferred to the City and County of San Francisco.
5	(113) "Procedures Manual." The City and County of San Francisco Affordable Housing
6	Monitoring Procedures Manual issued by the San Francisco Department of City Planning, as amended.
7	(114) "Rent" or "rental." The total charges for rent, utilities, and related housing services to
8	each household occupying an affordable unit.
9	(115) "Rental unit." A unit affordable to qualifying households which is not a condominium,
10	stock cooperative, or community apartment.
11	(116) "Replacement." The total amount of gross floor area, as defined in Section 102.9 of this
12	Code, to be demolished and reconstructed by a development project, provided that the space
13	demolished had been occupied by, or primarily serving, any residential, non-residential, or PDR use
14	for five years prior to Planning Commission or Planning Department approval of the development
15	project subject to this Article or for the life of the structure demolished or retained, whichever is
16	<u>shorter.</u>
17	(117) "Research and Development ("R&D") project." Any new construction, addition,
18	extension, conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes
19	any gross square feet of R&D use.
20	(118) "Research and development use." Space within any structure or portion thereof intended
21	or primarily suitable for basic and applied research or systematic use of research knowledge for the
22	production of materials, devices, systems, information or methods, including design, development and
23	improvement of products and processing, including biotechnology, which involves the integration of
24	natural and engineering sciences and advanced biological techniques using organisms, cells, and parts
25	

1	thereof for products and services, excluding laboratories which are defined as light manufacturing uses
2	consistent with Section 226 of this Code.
3	(119) "Residential Space Subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee." Each net addition of gross
4	square feet within the Balboa Park Project Area which results in a net new residential unit.
5	(120) "Residential Space Subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee."
6	<u>Each net addition of net square feet within the Eastern Neighborhoods Project Area which results in a</u>
7	net new residential unit.
8	(121) "Residential Space Subject to the Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Impact
9	Fee." Each net addition of occupiable square feet within the Market and Octavia Program Area which
10	results in an additional residential unit or contributes to a 20 percent increase of residential space
11	from the time that this ordinance is adopted within the Market and Octavia Community Improvements
12	<u>Fund.</u>
13	(122) "Residential use." Any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by uses
14	defined in Sections 209.1, 790.88, and 890.88 of this Code, as relevant for the subject zoning district,
15	or containing group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)-(c) of this Code and any residential
16	components of institutional uses as defined in Section 209.3(a)-(c) and (g-(i) of this Code.
17	(123) "Retail development project." Any new construction, addition, extension, conversion, or
18	enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross square feet of
19	<u>retail use.</u>
20	(124) "Retail/entertainment." An economic activity category under the TIDF that includes, but
21	is not limited to, a retail use; an entertainment use; massage establishments, as defined in Section
22	218.1 of this Code; laundering, and cleaning and pressing, as defined in Section 220 of this Code.
23	(125) "Retail use." Space within any structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
24	suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which supply commodities to customers on the premises
25	including, but not limited to, stores, shops, restaurants, bars, eating and drinking businesses, and the

1	uses defined in Sections 218 and 220 through 225 of this Code, and also including all space accessory
2	to such retail use.
3	(126) "Revenue services hours." The number of hours that the Municipal Railway provides
4	service to the public with its entire fleet of buses, light rail (including streetcars), and cable cars.
5	(127) "Rincon Hill Community Improvements Fund." The fund into which all fee revenue
6	collected by the City from the Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee is deposited.
7	(128) "Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee." The fee collected by the City to
8	mitigate impacts of new development in the Rincon Hill Program Are, as described in the findings in
9	<u>Section 418.1.</u>
10	(129) "Rincon Hill Program Area." Those districts identified as the Rincon Hill Downtown
11	Residential (RH DTR) Districts in the Planning Code and on the Zoning Maps.
12	(130) "Section 6932." Section 6932 of Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations as such
13	section applies to the County of San Francisco.
14	(75) "SOMA." The area bounded by Market Street to the north, Embarcadero to the east,
15	King Street to the south, and South Van Ness and Division to the west.
16	(131) "SOMA Community Stabilization Fee." The fee collected by the City to mitigate impacts
17	on the residents and businesses of SOMA of new development in the Rincon Hill Program Area, as
18	described in the findings in Section 418.1.
19	(132) "SOMA Community Stabilization Fund." The fund into which all fee revenue collected
20	by the City from the SOMA Community Stabilization Fee is deposited.
21	(133) "Sponsor" or "project sponsor." An applicant seeking approval for construction of a
22	development project subject to this Article, such applicant's successor and assigns, and/or any entity
23	which controls or is under common control with such applicant.
24	(134) "Stock cooperative." As defined in California Business and Professions Code Section
25	<u>11003.2.</u>

1	(135) "Student housing." A building where 100 percent of the residential uses are affiliated
2	with and operated by an accredited post-secondary educational institution. Typically, student housing
3	is for rent, not for sale. This housing shall provide lodging or both meals and lodging, by
4	prearrangement for one week or more at a time. This definition only applies in the Eastern
5	Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts.
6	(136) "TIDF Study." The study commissioned by the San Francisco Planning Department and
7	performed by Nelson/Nygaard Associates entitled "Transit Impact Development Fee Analysis – Final
8	Report," dated May 2001, including all the Technical Memoranda supporting the Final Report and the
9	Nelson/Nygaard update materials contained in Board of Supervisors File No. 040141.
10	(137) "Total developable site area." That part of the site that can be feasibly developed as
11	residential development, excluding land already substantially developed, parks, required open spaces,
12	streets, alleys, walkways or other public infrastructure.
13	(138) "Transit Impact Development Fee; TIDF." The development fee that is the subject of
14	Sectoin 411.1 et seq. of this Article.
15	(139) "Treasurer." The Treasurer for the City and County of San Francisco.
16	(140) "Trip generation rate." The total number of automobile and Municipal Railway trips
17	generated for each 1,000 square feet of development in a particular economic activity category as
18	established in the TIDF Study, or pursuant to the five-year review process established in Section 411.5
19	of this Article.
20	(141) "Use." The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed,
21	constructed, arranged, or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased.
22	(142) "Visitacion Valley." The area bounded by Carter Street and McLaren Park to the west,
23	Mansell Street to the north, Route 101 between Mansell Street and Bayshore Boulevard to the
24	northeast, Bayview Park to the north, Candlestick Park and Candlestick Point Recreation Area to the
25	east, the San Francisco Bay to the southeast, and the San Francisco County line to the south.

1	(143) "Visitor services." An economic activity category under the TIDF that includes, but is
2	not limited to, hotel use; motel use, as defined in Section 216(c) and (d); and time-share projects, as
3	defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions Code.
4	(144) "Waiver Agreement." An agreement acceptable in form and substance to the City
5	Attorney and the Planning Department under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of the
6	Community Improvements Impact Fee.
7	SEC. 402. PROCEDURE FOR PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF DEVELOPMENT FEES.
8	(a) Collection by the Development Fee Collection Unit. All development impact and in-lieu
9	fees authorized by this Code shall be collected by the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI in
10	accordance with Section 107A.13 of the San Francisco Building Code.
11	(b) Required City Agency or Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit Prior
12	to Issuance of Building or Site Permit; Request to Record Notice of Fee.
13	(1) Required Notice. When the Planning Department determines that a development project
14	is subject to one or more development fees or development impact requirements, but in any case no
15	later than prior to issuance of the building or site permit for a development project, the Department
16	shall send written or electronic notification to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI, and also to
17	MOH, MTA or other applicable agency that administers an applicable development fee or development
18	impact requirement, that: (i)identifies the development project, (ii) lists which specific development fees
19	and/or development impact requirements are applicable and the legal authorization for their
20	application, (iii) specifies the dollar amount of the development fee or fees that the Department
21	calculates is owed to the City or that the project sponsor has elected to satisfy a development impact
22	requirement through the provision of physical or "in-kind" improvements, and (iv) lists the name and
23	contact information for the staff person at each agency or department responsible for calculating the
24	development fee or monitoring compliance with the development impact requirement for physical or in-
25	kind improvements.

1	(2) Amended Notices. The Department shall send an amended notice to the Development
2	Fee Collection Unit, and also to any department or agency that received the initial notice, if at any time
3	subsequent to its initial notice: (i) any of the information required by subsection (1) above is changed
4	or modified, or (ii) the development project is modified by the Department or Commission during its
5	review of the project and the modifications change the dollar amount of the development fee or the
6	scope of any development impact requirement.
7	(3) Optional Recordation of Notice of Special Restrictions Prior to Issuance of Building or
8	Site Permit. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit for a development project subject to a
9	development fee or development impact requirement, the Department may request the Development Fee
10	Collection Unit to record a notice with the County Recorder that a development project is subject to a
11	development fee or development impact requirement. The County Recorder shall serve or mail a copy
12	of such notice to the persons liable for payment of the fee or satisfaction of the requirement and the
13	owners of the real property described in the notice. The notice shall include (i) a description of the real
14	property subject to the development fee or development impact requirement, (ii) a statement that the
15	development project is subject to the imposition of the development fee or development impact
16	requirement, and (iii) a statement that the dollar amount of the fee or the specific development impact
17	requirement to which the project is subject has been determined under Article 4 of this Code and citing
18	the applicable section number.
19	(c) Process for Revisions of Determination of Development Impact Fee(s) or Development
20	Impact Requirement(s). In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any
21	development project subject to this Article and such action is subsequently modified, superseded,
22	vacated, or reversed by the Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the building
23	permit or building permit application for such development project shall be remanded to the
24	Department to determine whether the development project has been changed in a manner which affects
25	the calculation of the amount of development fees or development impact requirements required under

1	this Article and, if so, the Department shall revise the requirement imposed on the permit application in
2	compliance with this Article within 30 days of such remand and notify the project sponsor in writing of
3	such revision or that a revision is not required. The Department shall notify the Development Fee
4	Collection Unit at DBI if the revision materially affects the development fee requirements originally
5	imposed under this Article so that the Development Fee Collection Unit update the Project
6	Development Fee Report and re-issue the associated building or site permit for the project, if
7	necessary, to ensure that any revised development fees or development impact requirements are
8	<u>enforced.</u>
9	SEC. 403. PAYMENT OF DEVELOPMENT FEE(S) OR SATISFACTION OF DEVELOPMENT
10	IMPACT REQUIREMENT(S) AS A CONDITION OF APPROVAL FOR ISSUANCE OF BUILDING
11	OR SITE PERMIT; PLANNING COMMISSION REVIEW; RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING
12	EFFECTIVENESS OF FEE DEFERRAL PROGRAM.
13	(a) Condition of Approval. In addition to any other condition of approval that may
14	otherwise be applicable, the Department or Commission shall require as a condition of approval of any
15	building or site permit for a development project subject to a development fee or development impact
16	requirement under this Article that such development fee or fees be paid prior to the issuance of the
17	first construction document for the development project, with an option for the project sponsor to defer
18	payment of 85 percent of the fees, or 80 percent of the fees if the project is subject to a
19	neighborhood infrastructure impact development fee, to prior to issuance of the first certificate of
20	occupancy upon agreeing to pay a Development Fee Deferral Surcharge on the amount owed, as
21	provided by Section 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco Building Code ("Fee Deferral Program"). The
22	Department or Commission shall also require as a condition of approval that any development impact
23	requirement imposed on a development project under this Article shall be satisfied prior to issuance of
24	the first certificate of occupancy for the development project, irrespective of whether the sponsor
25	

has elected to defer payment of any development fee or fees to prior to issuance of the first
 certificate of occupancy.

Hearing to Review Effectiveness of Fee Deferral Program. The option to defer (b) 3 payment of a development fee shall not be available to a project sponsor who paid the fee 4 5 prior to the operative date of May 15, 2010. Under 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco Building 6 Code, the option to defer the payment of development fees expires The deferral option shall 7 expire three years from on July 1 May 15, 201310 unless the Board of Supervisors extends it 8 the Fee Deferral Program. Prior to the July 1, 2013 May 15, 2010 expiration date, the Planning 9 Commission shall hold a public hearing to review the effectiveness of the Fee Deferral Program. 10 the economy at large, and whether the stimulative effects of the Fee Deferral Program are still 11 necessary. Following the public hearing, the Commission shall forward a recommendation to 12 the Board of Supervisors as to whether the Fee Deferral Program should be continued. 13 modified, or terminated. determine whether continuing the option to defer the payment of 14 development fees is warranted due to difficult economic times, and shall forward its recommendation to the Board. If the original May 15, 2010 expiration date is extended, further 15 16 extensions shall be considered on an annual basis following the process described in this 17 paragraph. Any project sponsor who has elected to defer payment of a development fee prior 18 to the deferral program's expiration date may continue in the program. 19 SEC. 404. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT FEE REPORT; RESOLUTION OF DEVELOPMENT 20 FEE DISPUTE; APPEAL TO BOARD OF APPEALS; PUBLIC NOTICE. 21 Project Development Fee Report. Under Section 107A.13.7 of the San Francisco (a)22 Building Code, prior to issuance of the building or site permit for a development project subject to any 23 development fees or development impact requirements, the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI 24 shall prepare and provide to the project sponsor, or any member of the public upon request, a Project 25 Development Fee Report that (i) identifies the development project, (ii) lists the specific development

•	Jees of development impact requirements that are applicable, (iii) isis the dottar amount of any
2	development fees or the scope of any development impact requirement, (iii) states when the
3	development fees are due and payable and the status of payment, and (iv) provides any other relevant
4	information concerning the development fees or development impact requirements.
5	(b) Resolution of Development Fee or Development Impact Requirement Dispute; Appeal to
6	Board of Appeals. If a dispute or question arises concerning the accuracy of the final Project
7	Development Fee Report, including the calculation of any development fee listed thereon, the dispute
8	shall be resolved or appealed to the Board of Appeals in accordance with Section 107A.13.9 of the San
9	Francisco Building Code. The jurisdiction of the Board shall be strictly limited to determining the
10	accuracy of the Report and the mathematical calculation of the development fee or scope of the
11	physical or "in-kind" requirement. The Board has no jurisdiction to: (i) review the scope or amount of
12	the development fee or requirement established by the Code, (ii) reduce, adjust, or waive a
13	development fee or requirement on the ground that there is no reasonable relationship or nexus
14	between the impact of development and either the amount of the fee charged or the physical
15	requirement, (iii) reduce or waive the development fee or requirement based on housing affordability,
16	duplication of fees, or any other issue related to fairness or equity, or (iv) review the nexus studies that
17	support the development fee or requirement and the City's legal authority to impose it.
18	(c) Public Notice of the Project Development Fee Report. Any public notice issued by the
19	Department of an approval action on a development project that is subject to a development fee or a
20	development requirement under this Article shall notify the public of a right to request a copy of the
21	Project Development Fee Report from the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI. In addition to this
22	notice, DBI shall provide final notice of the availability of the Project Development Fee Report as part
23	of its standard notice of the issuance of a building or site permit for any project and of the right to
24	appeal the accuracy of the Project Development Fee Report to the Board of Appeals as part of the
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fees or development impact requirements that are applicable, (iii) lists the dollar amount of any

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1	underlying building or site permit in accordance with Section 107A.13.9 of the San Francisco Building
2	<u>Code.</u>
3	SEC. 405. DEVELOPMENT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING PERMIT IS CANCELLED OR
4	EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY. If a
5	project sponsor cancels or withdraws a building or site permit prior to completion of work and
6	commencement of occupancy of a development project, or a building or site permit expires prior to
7	completion of work and commencement of occupancy so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit
8	to carry out any new work on the development project, any obligation to comply with this Article shall
9	be cancelled, and any development fee previously paid to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI
10	shall be refunded to the project sponsor. If and when the project sponsor applies for a new building or
11	site permit, the procedures set forth in this Article shall be followed for the new development project.
12	SEC. 406. WAIVER, REDUCTION, OR ADJUSTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT PROJECT
13	<u>REQUIREMENTS.</u>
14	(a) Waiver or Reduction Based on Absence of Reasonable Relationship.
15	(1) The sponsor of any development project subject to a development fee or development
16	impact requirement imposed by this Article may appeal to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction,
17	adjustment, or waiver of the requirement based upon the absence of any reasonable relationship or
18	nexus between the impact of development and either the amount of the fee charged or the on-site
19	<u>requirement.</u>
20	(2) Any appeal authorized by this Section shall be made in writing and filed with the Clerk
21	of the Board no later than 15 days after the date the Department or Commission takes final action on
22	the project approval that assesses the requirement. The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual and
23	legal basis for the claim of waiver, reduction, or adjustment.
24	(3) The Board of Supervisors shall consider the appeal at a public hearing within 60 days
25	after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear the burden of presenting substantial evidence to

1	support the appeal, including comparable technical information to support appellant's position. The
2	decision of the Board shall be by a simple majority vote and shall be final.
3	(4) If a reduction, adjustment, or waiver is granted, any change in use within the project
4	shall invalidate the waiver, adjustment, or reduction of the fee or inclusionary requirement. If the
5	Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall promptly transmit the
6	nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Development Fee Collection Unit at
7	DBI and the Unit shall modify the Project Development Fee Report to reflect the change.
8	(b) Waiver or Reduction, Based on Housing Affordability or Duplication of Fees.
9	(1) The Planning Commission shall give special consideration to offering reductions or
10	waivers of the impact fee to housing projects on the grounds of affordability in cases in which the State
11	of California, the Federal Government, MOH, the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency, or other
12	public agency subsidies target new housing for households at or below 50% of the Area Median
13	Income as published by HUD. This waiver clause intends to provide a local 'match' for these deeply
14	subsidized units and should be considered as such by relevant agencies. Specifically these units may be
15	rental or ownership opportunities but they must be subsidized in a manner which maintains their
16	affordability for a term no less than 55 years. Project sponsors must demonstrate to Department staff
17	that a governmental agency will be enforcing the term of affordability and reviewing performance and
18	service plans as necessary; usually this takes the form of a deed restriction.
19	(2) The Planning Department shall publish an annual schedule of specific values for
20	waivers and reductions available under this subsection. Department staff shall apply these waivers
21	based on the most recent schedule published at the time that fee payment is made.
22	(3) Projects that meet the requirements of this subsection are eligible for a 100 percent fee
23	reduction until an alternative fee schedule is published by the Department. Ideally some contribution
24	will be made to Community Improvement Programs for specific areas, as these units will place an
25	equal demand on community improvements infrastructure. This waiver clause shall not be applied to

	1	units built as	part of	f a develo	per's e	efforts to meet the req	uirements o	f the Inclusionary Affordable
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- 2 *Housing Program, and Section 415 of this Code.*
- 3 (4) The City shall make every effort not to assess duplicative fees on new development. In
- 4 general, project sponsors are only eligible for fee waivers under this Subsection if a contribution to
- 5 *another fee program would result in a duplication of charges for a particular type of community*
- 6 *infrastructure. The Department shall publish a schedule annually of all known opportunities for*
- 7 waivers and reductions under this clause, including the specific rate. Requirements under Section 135
- 8 *and 138 of this Code do not qualify for a waiver or reduction. Should future fees pose a duplicative*
- 9 <u>charge, such as a Citywide open space or childcare fee, the same methodology shall apply and the</u>
- 10 *Department shall update the schedule of waivers or reductions accordingly.*
- 11 <u>SEC. 407. NOTICE; FAILURE TO GIVE NOTICE. Any notice required by this Article to be</u>
- 12 given to a project sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or served upon the sponsor or owner for
- 13 *all purposes hereunder if: (a) personally served upon the sponsor or owner, or (b) deposited, postage*
- 14 *prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor or owner at the official address*
- 15 *of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the mailing of tax bills, or if no such*
- 16 *address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development project, and (3) to the applicant*
- 17 *for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. Any failure of the Department*
- 18 *or the City to give any notice required under this Article shall not relieve the project sponsor of its*
- 19 *obligations under this Article.*
- 20 <u>SEC. 408. LIEN PROCEEDINGS. If DBI inadvertently or mistakenly issues the first</u>
- 21 *construction document or first certificate of occupancy, whichever applies, prior to the project sponsor*
- 22 paying all development fees due and owing, or prior to the sponsor satisfying any development impact
- 23 requirement, DBI shall institute lien proceedings to recover the development fee or fees, plus interest
- 24 and any Development Fee Deferral Surcharge, under Section 107A.13.15 of the San Francisco
- 25 <u>Building Code.</u>

1	SEC. 409. ANNUAL CITYWIDE DEVELOPMENT FEE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
2	(a) Annual Citywide Development Fee and Development Impact Requirements Report. In
3	coordination with the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI, the Controller shall issue a report
4	within 180 days <mark>of <u>after</u> the end of each fiscal year, that provides information on all development fees</mark>
5	<u>collected during the prior calendar fiscal year organized by development fee account and all</u>
6	cumulative monies collected over the life of each development fee account, as well as all monies
7	expended. The report shall also provide information on the number of projects that elected to satisfy
8	development impact requirements through the provision of "in-kind" physical improvements, including
9	on-site and off-site BMR units, instead of paying development fees. The report shall also include any
10	annual reporting information otherwise required pursuant to the California Mitigation Fee Act,
11	Government Code 66001 et seq. The report shall be presented to the Planning Commission and to the
12	Land Use & Economic Development Committee of the Board of Supervisors. The Report shall also
13	contain recommendations for annual construction cost inflation adjustments to development fees,
14	described in subsection (b) below.
15	(b) Annual Development Fee Infrastructure Construction Cost Inflation Adjustments. In
16	conjunction with the Annual Citywide Development Fee and Development Impact Requirements Report
17	referenced in subsection (a) above, the Controller shall review the amount of each development fee
18	established in this Article and shall adjust the dollar amount of any development fee on an annual basis
19	based on the Annual Infrastructure Construction Cost Inflation Estimate published by the Office of the
20	City Administrator's Capital Planning Group and approved by the City's Capital Planning Committee.
21	The Annual Infrastructure Construction Cost Inflation Estimate shall be updated by the Capital
22	Planning Group on an annual basis, in consultation with the Capital Planning Committee, with the
23	goal of establishing a reasonable estimate of construction cost inflation for the next fiscal calendar
24	year for a mix of public infrastructure and facilities in San Francisco. The Capital Planning Group
25	may rely on past construction cost inflation data, market trends and a variety of national, state and

1	local commercial and institutional construction cost inflation indices in developing their annual
2	estimates for San Francisco. The Planning Department and the Development Fee Collection Unit at
3	DBI shall provide notice of any development fee adjustments, including the formula used to calculate
4	the adjustment, on its website and to any interested party who has requested such notice at least 30
5	days prior to the adjustment taking effect.
6	SEC. 410. COMPREHENSIVE FIVE-YEAR EVALUATION OF ALL DEVELOPMENT FEES
7	AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACT REQUIREMENTS. Commencing on July 1, 2011, and every five
8	fiscal years thereafter in conjunction with the Annual Citywide Development Fee and Development
9	Impact Requirements Report described in Section 409, above, the Director and the Controller shall
10	jointly prepare and publish a comprehensive report on the status of compliance with this Article,
11	compliance of any development fees in this Article with the California Mitigation Fee Act, Government
12	Code section 66001 et seq., including making specific findings regarding any unexpended funds, the
13	efficacy of existing development fees and development impact requirements in mitigating the impacts of
14	development projects, and the economic impacts of existing development fees and development impact
15	requirements on the financial feasibility of projects and housing affordability in particular. In such
16	report, the Director and Controller may recommend any changes in the formulae or requirements or
17	enforcement of any area-specific or Citywide development fee or development impact requirement in
18	this Code, prepare additional economic impact studies on such changes or recommend that additional
19	nexus studies or financial feasibility analyses be done, to improve the efficacy of such fees or
20	requirements in mitigating development impacts or to reduce any unintended deleterious economic or
21	social effects associated with such fees or requirements. In making their joint report and
22	recommendations, the Director and the Controller shall consult with the Directors of OEWD, MOH,
23	the MTA, or other agency whose fees are affected and shall coordinate the report required by this
24	Section with any other development fee evaluations and reports that this Article requires to be
25	performed. The Director and the Controller shall present the Report to the Commission at a public

1 hearing and to the Land Use & Economic Development Committee of the Board of Supervisors at a 2 separate public hearing. 3 SEC. 411(formerly Chapter 38 of the San Francisco Administrative Code . TRANSIT IMPACT 4 DEVELOPMENT FEE. Sections 411.1 through 411.8, hereafter referred to as Section 411.1 et seq., 5 set forth the requirements and procedures for the TIDF. The effective date of these requirements shall 6 be the date the requirements were originally effective or were subsequently modified, whichever 7 applies. <u>SEC. 411.1.</u> 38.2. FINDINGS. 8 9 Α. In 1981, the City enacted an ordinance imposing a Transit Impact Development 10 Fee ("THDF") on new office development in the Downtown area of San Francisco. The 11 ordinance established a rate of \$5.00 for each square foot of new office development. The TIDF was 12 based on studies showing that the development of new office uses places a burden on the 13 Municipal Railway, especially in the downtown area of San Francisco during commute hours, 14 known as "peak periods." The TIDF was based on two cost analyses: one by the Finance 15 Bureau of the City's former Public Utilities Commission, performed in 1981, and one by the 16 accounting firm of Touche-Ross, performed in March 1983 to defend a legal challenge to the 17 TIDF. The studies showed that the cost per square foot of new office development to provide public 18 transit service was \$9.18 and \$8.36, respectively. The California Court of Appeal upheld the TIDF 19 ordinance against legal challenges in Russ Bldg. Partnership v. City and County of San Francisco, 20 199 Cal.App.3d 1496 (1987), reprinted as directed by the California Supreme Court in Russ Bldg. 21 Partnership v. City and County of San Francisco, 44 Cal.3d 839, 845-55 (1988). Among other things, 22 the Court of Appeal found that the TIDF was a valid condition of development of real property, and not 23 a special tax requiring voter approval. The Court also upheld the TIDF against equal protection and 24 substantive due process challenges. Additionally, the California Supreme Court upheld the 25 constitutionality of the TIDF as applied to development of new office uses approved before passage of

1 *the TIDF ordinance, where the City had conditioned approval of the new development on the* 

2 *developer's payment of a contemplated, but yet unknown, transit mitigation fee.* 

3 Β. In 2000, the *City's* Planning Department, with assistance from the Municipal 4 Transportation Agency, commissioned a study of the TIDF. The Planning Department issued a 5 request for proposals for a consultant to consider various issues involving the TIDF, including: (1) 6 whether the TIDF should be expanded to include types of land uses in addition to offices; (2) whether 7 the TIDF should be expanded geographically beyond the Downtown area; (3) whether fee amounts 8 should vary by geographic or land use categories; (4) what standards should be used for measuring the 9 baseline performance of the Municipal Railway ("MUNI"); and (5) the developer fees that would be 10 necessary to fund public transit to meet the additional demand resulting from new development. 11 C. In 2001, the *Planning* Department selected Nelson/Nygaard Associates, a nationally 12 recognized transportation consulting firm, to perform the study. Later in 2001, Nelson/Nygaard 13 issued its final report ("TIDF Study"). Before issuing the TIDF Study, Nelson/Nygaard 14 prepared several Technical Memoranda, which provided detailed analyses of the 15 methodology and assumptions used in the TIDF Study. 16 C. D. The TIDF Study concluded that new non-residential uses in San Francisco will 17 generate demand for a substantial number of auto and transit trips by the year 2020. The 18 TIDF Study confirmed that while new office construction will have a substantial impact on MUNI services, new, development in a number of other land uses will also require MUNI to 19

20 increase the number of revenue service hours. The TIDF Study recommended that the TIDF

be extended to apply to most non-residential land uses. The TIDF Study found that certain
types of new development generate very few daily trips and therefore may not appropriately
be charged a new TIDF.

24

E. The TIDF Study also determined that the need to expand MUNI services to

25 *accommodate new development extends to all times of the day, not just peak periods, and therefore* 

recommended that any measure of the existing level of service and additional service required by new development include service at all times of the day.

2 3

F. The former TIDF Ordinance applied the fee to developments in the traditional

- 4 "Downtown" area of the City. The TIDF Study noted that since 1981, however, development has
- 5 *expanded out of the Downtown area of the City, and that such development has required MUNI to build*
- 6 *transit infrastructure in areas outside of the boundary defined in the former TIDF Ordinance.*
- 7 *G. To meet the increased demand for public transit projected by the TIDF Study, MUNI*
- 8 *must build new infrastructure and add or adjust service. For example, MUNI's 2002 publication, "A*
- 9 *Vision for Rapid Transit in San Francisco" ("Vision Plan"), proposes transit projects along 12 major*
- 10 *corridors in San Francisco, covering all areas of the City.*
- 11H.Even where employees and others drawn to new development use private transportation,12their trips will increase the cost of maintaining MUNI's existing service level ("base service standard")13because increasing traffic congestion will result in slower travel speeds for MUNI and require MUNI14to add more service hours to maintain its base service standard. Accordingly, new development will15require MUNI to add service hours to maintain schedules and reliability that extends beyond the new16riders seeking to use MUNI service.
- *I.* New development will directly and indirectly require MUNI to (a) maintain and expand
   *service capacity through adding revenue service hours; (b) purchase, maintain and repair rolling stock; (c) install new lines; and (d) add service to existing lines.*
- 20 <u>D.-J.</u> The TIDF Study <u>further</u> recommended that the City enact an ordinance to impose 21 transit impact fees that would allow MUNI to maintain its base service standard as new 22 development occurs throughout the City. The proposed ordinance would require sponsors of 23 new development in the City to pay a fee that is reasonably related to the financial burden 24 imposed on MUNI by the new development. This financial burden is measured by the cost
- 25

2

## that will be incurred by MUNI to provide increased service to maintain the applicable base service standard over the life of such new development.

3 The TIDF Study expressed the base service standard as a ratio in which the numerator <u>K.</u> 4 is the number of hours that MUNI provides service to the public on its entire fleet of vehicles ("revenue" 5 service hours"), and the denominator is the number of trips generated by all non-residential land uses. 6 An increase in trips resulting from new non-residential development will reduce the ratio of revenue 7 service hours to overall trips generated by new development. To maintain the base service standard to 8 accommodate the new development, MUNI must increase revenue service hours. 9 L. The TIDF Study developed a daily trip generation rate for each of six economic activity 10 categories developed in the "Citywide Land Use Study," prepared for the Planning Department in 11 1998. The daily trip generation rate included automobile and public transit trips, but excluded non-12 motorized trips because such trips do not materially affect traffic congestion. The TIDF Study 13 determined that the trip generation rates in each economic activity category do not vary geographically 14 within the City. Therefore, the TIDF Study concluded that developer fee rates should not vary in 15 different districts within the City. The trip generation rates contained in the TIDF Study represent the 16 most reasonable rates available for the economic activity categories in the Study. 17  $M_{\cdot}$ Using data obtained from MUNI and the fiscal year 2000 National Transit Database, 18 the TIDE Study calculated the base service standard fee rates for each of the six economic activity 19 *categories in the following way:* 20 (1) To calculate MUNI's total annual costs, the TIDF Study combined MUNI's fiscal year 21 2000 operating costs with an average annual capital budget, estimated by averaging the prior five 22 years of MUNI's capital expenditures. 23 24 FY 2000 Operating Costs <u>\$384,113,000</u>

25

Average Annual	Capital Costs	<del>\$310,000,000</del>
Total Annual Co	<del>osts</del>	<del>\$694,113,000</del>
		I
(2) The Study of	alculated MUNI's net annual co	osts for fiscal year 2000 by subtracti
revenue and federal and	l state grant funds from MUNI's	<del>: total costs.</del>
Total Annual Co	<del>osts</del>	<del>\$694,113,000</del>
FY 2000 Fare B	ox Revenue	<del>(\$101,310,000)</del>
FY 2000 Federa	<i>VState Grant Funds</i>	<del>(\$182,900,000)</del>
Net Annual Cos	<del>'S</del>	<del>\$409,903,000</del>
		nnual cost per revenue service hou nue service hours, as reported to th
Net	Average Daily	Net Annual Cost Per-
	Revenue Service Hours	Revenue Service Hour
AnnualCosts		Revenue Service Hour
<u>AnnualCosts</u> <u>\$409,903,000</u>	÷ <del>8,436</del>	\$48,600

- 3 *the net annual cost per revenue service hour by 0.9336 to determine a net annual cost per trip.*
- 4

5	Net Annual Cost Per-	Revenue Service Hours	Net Annual-
6	Revenue Service Hour	<del>Per 1,000 Trips -</del>	Cost Per Trip
7	<del>\$48,600    </del>	<u>× 0.9336    </u>	<del>\$45.37    </del>

13

9 (5) The Study multiplied the net annual cost per trip by an adjusted daily trip rate per
 10 economic activity category to calculate a net annual cost per gross square foot (gsf) of new
 11 development for each economic activity category. The TIDF Study adjusted the daily trip rate to
 12 eliminate bicycle and pedestrian trips.

14		Adjusted	Net	<del>Net Annual</del>
15	Economic Activity Category	Daily Trip Rate	Annual Cost	Cost per gsf of
16	Leonomic Henviry Curegory	Per 1,000 gsf	Per Trip	Development
17		1011,000 83		Development
18	Cultural/Institution/Education	<u> 42.3</u>	<del>\$45.37-</del>	<del>\$1.92    </del>
19			-	
20	Management, Information and	<del>15.1                                   </del>	<del>\$45.37-</del>	<del>\$0.68</del> —
21	Professional Services		-	<i></i>
22		22.0	<del>\$45.37-</del>	¢1.00
23	Medical and Health Services	<del>23.9</del> —	-	<del>\$1.08 -</del>
24			<del>\$45.37-</del>	
25	Production/Distribution/Repair	<del>9.6</del> —	-	<del>\$0.44    </del>

1 2	Retail/Entertainment	<del>166.8</del> —	<del>\$45.37</del> -	\$7.57
3 4	Visitor Services	<del>13.3</del>	<u>\$45.37</u> -	\$0.61
5 6	(6) Finally, the Study multiplie	d the net annual	cost per gross sque	ure foot of development
7 8	for each economic activity category by a r			
9	transportation industry index inflation rate building life span of 45 years) to establish	-		-
10 11 12	category that would be necessary to pay fe			
13 14 15 16	Economic Activity Category	<del>Net</del> <del>Present</del> <del>Value Factor</del> -	<del>Net</del> Annual Cost per gsf of Development	<del>Base</del> <del>Service</del> Standard Rates
17 18 19	Cultural/Institution/Education	-	<del>\$1.92</del> —	<del>\$39.67</del> —
10				
20 21	Management, Information and Professional Services	<del>20.69</del> -	<del>\$0.68</del>	<del>\$14.17    </del>
			<del>\$0.68 -</del> <del>\$1.08 -</del>	<del>\$14.17</del>
21 22	Professional Services	- <del>20.69-</del>		

					_
1 2	<del>Retail/Entertainment -</del>	<del>20.69-</del> -	<del>\$7.57    </del>	<del>\$156.61-</del> -	
3 4	Visitor Services	<del>20.69</del> -	<del>\$0.61</del> —	<del>\$12.53</del> —	
5					]
6	N. In 2004, MUNI updated the	e base service sta	ndard rates establi	Shed in the TIDF St	tudy
7	with fiscal year 2003 data (the "updated b	<del>vase service stand</del>	<del>lard rates"). To cal</del>	culate the updated l	base
8	service standard rates, MUNI modified ce			-	
9	information, as follows.		2.0	U U	
10	(1) Rather than using an estim	<del>ated average ann</del>	ual capital budget	(the methodology	
11	employed in the TIDF Study), MUNI used				
12	reported to the fiscal year 2003 National				<del>mital</del>
13	costs.		,		.p
14					
15 16	Operating Costs		<del>\$449,283,888</del>	8	
17	Average Capital Costs		<del>\$192,468,200</del>	<del>)</del>	
18	Total Costs		<del>\$641,752,08</del> 8	<u>8</u>	
19	<del>(2) California Government Co</del>	de Section 65913	.8 prohibits includ	ing costs for facility	2
20	maintenance and operations in a fee impo	sed on a develop	<del>er for a public cap</del> t	ital facility improve	<del>ment.</del>
21	It is not clear whether this limitation appl	ies to the TIDF. T	To comply with Gov	vernment Code Sect	<del>ion</del>
22	65913.8, if applicable, and to achieve a m	ore conservative	estimate of the rec	overable costs, MU	N
23	deducted its costs for non-vehicle (facility	) maintenance an	<del>d general administ</del>	ration. MUNI could	<del>l not</del>
24	separate general administration attributat	ble to facility ope	rations, so MUNI e	leducted 100% of th	<del>ie</del>
25					

general administration costs for the entire department. Accordingly, the updated base service standard

- 2 *rates are even more conservative than may be required under Section* 65913.8.
- 3 (3) MUNI applied its updated assumptions to the TIDF Study's methodology by deducting
- 4 *non-vehicle maintenance and general administration (in addition to farebox revenues and grant funds)*

5	from its total co	sts to calculate its	annual net costs:
5	John its total co.	sis io culculule lis	unnuu nei cosis.

6	Total Annual Costs FY 2003	<del>\$641,752,088   </del>
7	Farebox Revenue FY 2003—	<del>(\$97,779,333) -</del>
8	Federal/State Grant Funds FY 2003	<del>(\$89,445,000) -</del>
9 10	Non-Vehicle Maintenance FY 2003	<del>(\$34,173,560) -</del>
10	General Administration FY 2003	<del>(\$92,197,116) -</del>
12	Net Annual Costs FY 2003	<del>\$328,157,079    </del>

(4) To determine the net annual cost per revenue service hour, MUNI used the average

14 *daily revenue service hours for Fiscal Year 2003 (10,062), as reported to the National Transit* 

15 *Database*:

16	Net Annual	Average Daily	Net Annual Cost Per-
17	<del>Costs –</del>	Revenue Service Hours	Revenue Service Hour
18	<del>\$328,157,079    </del>	÷ 10,062 -	<del>\$32,614    </del>

19

20

13

- (5) MUNI then calculated the net annual cost per trip by multiplying the net annual cost per
- 21 22

revenue service hour by the number of revenue service hours per 1,000 trips:

22	Net Annual Cost Per-	Revenue Service	Net Annual
23	Revenue Service Hour	Hours Per 1,000 Trips	Cost Per Trip
24 25	<del>\$32,614    </del>	<del>× 1.1136 -</del>	<del>\$36.32 -</del>

## (6) MUNI multiplied the net annual cost per trip by the adjusted daily trip rate for each

- 2 *economic activity category to arrive at a net annual cost per gross square foot of new development for*
- 3 *each category:*

1

0	euch curegory.	1	1	
4 5 6 7 8	Economic Activity Category	<del>Adjusted</del> <del>Daily Trip-Rate</del> <del>Per 1,000 gsf -</del>	<del>Net</del> <del>Updated</del> Annual Cost Per Trip	<del>Net</del> <del>Updated</del> Annual Cost <del>per gsf of</del> <del>Development</del>
9 10	Cultural/Institution/Education	4 <del>2.3</del> —	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$1.54</del> —
11 12	Management, Information and Professional Services—	<del>15.1</del> —	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$0.55</del> —
13 14 15	Medical and Health Services	<del>23.9</del> —	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$0.87</del> —
16 17	Production/Distribution/Repair	<del>9.6</del> —	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$0.35</del> —
18 19	Retail/Entertainment	<del>166.8 -</del>	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$6.06</del>
20 21	Visitor Services	<del>13.3</del> —	<del>\$36.32-</del> -	<del>\$0.48</del> —
22				

22

23

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(7) MUNI also updated the net present value factor the TIDF Study used to calculate the updated base service standard rates by calculating the lump sum amount needed to fund \$1.00 (in today's dollars) in annual costs over 45 years, increasing at a current inflation rate of 3.50% (the five-year Bay Area Consumer Price Index as calculated by the Association for Bay Area Governments),

			4	41 <i>C</i>
with the rem	aining fund balance invested	<del>at a current interest</del>	<del>t rate of 4.93% (</del>	<del>the five-year avere</del>
<del>interest rate</del>	earned by the City's Treasure	e <mark>r's Department on j</mark>	pooled funds). B	oth the TIDF Stud
MUNI used i	the interest rate earned by the	e City's Treasurer fo	or the respective	years. But MUNI
to use the Ba	<del>ıy Area Consumer Price Inde.</del>	<del>x rather than the U.</del>	<u>S. Transportatio</u>	n Index on which i
TIDF Study	relied because the Bay Area i	ndex more accurate	ly reflects the lo	cal inflation rate.
of the differe	nt net present value factor yi	elds the following u	ndated base serv	vice standard rates
<u> </u>				
		Net	<del>Net</del>	Updated
<del>Econ</del>	omic Activity Category	Annual Cost per-	Present-	<del>Base Service-</del>
		<del>gsf of</del>	<del>Value</del>	Standard Rates
		<del>Development</del>	Factor	Standard Kales
			<del>33.36</del> -	
Cultu	ural/Institution/Education	<del>\$1.54</del> —	_	<del>\$51.25    </del>
			22.26	
	agement, Information and	<del>\$0.55</del> —	<del>33.36</del> -	<del>\$18.30    </del>
<b>Professional</b>	Services		-	
		¢0.07	<del>33.36</del> -	¢ <b>2</b> 0.00
<del>Meai</del>	cal and Health Services	<del>\$0.87    </del>	-	<del>\$28.96</del> —
			33.36	
Prod	uction/Distribution/Repair-	<del>\$0.35</del> —	55.50	<del>\$11.63</del> —
			-	
Rota	<del>l/Entertainment -</del>	<del>\$6.06    </del>	<del>33.36</del> -	<del>\$202.10</del>
Ketat		<i>\(\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	-	-
			<del>33.36</del>	
<u>Visite</u>	<del>ər Services –</del>	<del>\$0.48</del> —		<del>\$16.11</del>

O. In setting the TIDF rates, the City considered the updated base service standard rates

and input from a variety of stakeholders, including business groups, developers, and civic

1	organizations. The City set the TIDF rates well below the updated base service standard rates to					
2	reduce the costs of the TIDF to sponsors of new developments, who are subject to other development					
3	fees imposed by the City, and to guarantee t	that the TIDF does not exce	<del>eed the reasonable cost t</del> e	<del>o fund</del>		
4	the additional transit improvements necessi	tated by new development.	The TIDF rates are as fe	ollows:		
5		Updated Base	TIDF-			
6	Economic Activity Category	Service Standard	Schedule (from Sec.			
7		<del>Rates –</del>	<del>38.4) -</del>			
8	Cultural/Institution/Education	<del>\$51.25    </del>	<del>\$10.00    </del>			
9	Management, Information and					
10	Professional Services	<del>\$18.30 -</del>	<del>\$10.00    </del>			
11	Medical and Health Services	<del>\$28.96    </del>	<u>\$10.00</u>			
12	Medical and Medilit Services	φ20.70	φ10.00			
13	Production/Distribution/Repair	<del>\$11.63    </del>	<del>\$8.00</del> —			
14	Retail/Entertainment	<del>\$202.10    </del>	<del>\$10.00    </del>			
15	Visitor Services	<del>\$16.11</del>	<del>\$8.00</del> —			
		1	J]			

- 16 <u>E.</u> P. Based on projected new development over the next 20 years, the TIDF will
   17 provide revenue to MUNI that is significantly below the costs that MUNI will incur to mitigate
   18 the transit impacts resulting from the new development.
- 19 <u>F.-Q.</u> The TIDF is the most practical and equitable method of meeting a portion of the
   20 demand for additional Municipal Railway service and capital improvements for the City caused
   21 by new non-residential development.
- 22 <u>G.-R.</u> Based on the above findings <u>and the nexus study performed</u>, the City determines
   23 that the TIDF satisfies the requirements of the Mitigation Fee Act, California Government
   24 Code Section 66001, as follows:
- 25

(1) The purpose of the fee is to meet a portion of the demand for additional Municipal
 Railway service and capital improvements for the City caused by new nonresidential
 development.

4 (2) Funds from collection of the TIDF will be used to increase revenue service hours
5 reasonably necessary to mitigate the impacts of new non-residential development on public
6 transit and maintain the applicable base service standard.

7 (3) There is a reasonable relationship between the proposed uses of the TIDF and the
8 impact on transit of the new developments on which the TIDF will be imposed.

9 (4) There is a reasonable relationship between the types of new development on

which the TIDF will be imposed and the need to fund public transit for the uses specified in
Section 38.8 of this ordinance.

- (5) There is a reasonable relationship between the amount of the TIDF to be imposedon new developments and the impact on public transit from the new developments.
- 14 <u>SEC. 411.2.</u> SEC. 38.1. DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u> For the purposes of
   15 this Chapter, the following definitions shall apply:
- 16 A. Accessory Use. A related minor use which is either necessary to the operation or
- 17 *enjoyment of a lawful principal use or conditional use, or is appropriate, incidental and subordinate to*
- 18 *any such use and is located on the same lot as the principal or conditional use.*
- 19 B. Base Service Standard. The relationship between revenue service hours offered by the
- 20 *Municipal Railway and the number of automobile and transit trips estimated to be generated by certain*
- 21 *non-residential uses, expressed as a ratio where the numerator equals the average daily revenue*
- 22 service hours offered by MUNI, and the denominator equals the daily automobile and transit trips
- 23 generated by non-residential land uses as estimated by the TIDF Study or updated under Section 38.7

24 of this Chapter.

25

1	C. Base Service Standard Fee Rate. The transit impact development fee that would allow							
2	the City to recover the estimated costs incurred by the Municipal Railway to meet the demand for							
3	public transit resulting from new development in the economic activity categories for which the fee is							
4	charged, after deducting government grants, fare revenue, and costs for non-vehicle maintenance and							
5	general administration.							
6	D. Board. The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.							
7	E. Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy. A certificate of final completion and							
8	occupancy issued by any authorized entity or official of the City, including the Director of the							
9	Department of Building Inspection, under the Building Code.							
10	F. City or San Francisco. The City and County of San Francisco.							
11	G. Covered Use. Any use subject to the TIDF.							
12	H. Cultural/Institution/Education (CIE). An economic activity category that includes, but is							
13	not limited to, schools, as defined in subsections (g), (h), and (i) of Section 209.3 of the Planning Code							
14	and subsections (f)-(i) of Section 217 of the Planning Code; child care facilities, as defined in							
15	subsections (e) and (f) of Section 209.3 of the Planning Code and subsection (e) of Section 217 of the							
16	Planning Code; museums and zoos; and community facilities, as defined in Section 209.4 of the							
17	Planning Code and subsections (a)-(c) of Section 221 of the Planning Code.							
18	I. Director. The Director of Transportation of the MTA, or his or her designee.							
19	J. Economic Activity Category. One of the following six categories of nonresidential uses:							
20	Cultural/Institution/Education (CIE), Management, Information and Professional Services (MIPS),							
21	Medical and Health Services, Production/Distribution/Repair (PDR), Retail/Entertainment, and Visitor							
22	Services.							
23	K. Gross Floor Area. The total area of each floor within the building's exterior walls, as							
24	defined in Section 102.9 of the San Francisco Planning Code, except that for purposes of determining							
25								

the applicability of the TIDF, the exclusion from this definition set forth in Section 102.9(b)(12) of that
 Code shall not apply.

3	L. Gross Square Feet of Use. The total square feet of gross floor area in a building and/or							
4	space within or adjacent to a structure devoted to all covered uses, including any common areas							
5	exclusively serving such uses and not serving residential uses. Where a structure contains more than							
6	one use, areas common to two or more uses, such as lobbies, stairs, elevators, restrooms, and other							
7	ancillary space included in gross floor area that are not exclusively assigned to one use shall be							
8	apportioned among the two or more uses in accordance with the relative amounts of gross floor area,							
9	excluding such space, in the structure or on any floor thereof directly assignable to each use.							
10	M. Management, Information and Professional Services (MIPS). An economic activity							
11	category that includes, but is not limited to, office use as defined in Section 313.1(35) of the Planning							
12	Code; medical offices and clinics, as defined in Section 890.114 of the Planning Code; business							
13	services, as defined in Section 890.111 of the Planning Code, Integrated PDR, as defined in Section							
14	890.49 of the Planning Code, and Small Enterprise Workspaces, as defined in Section 227(t) of the							
15	Planning Code.							
16	N. Medical and Health Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is, not							
17	limited to, those non-residential uses defined in Sections 209.3(a) and 217(a) of the Planning Code;							
18	animal services, as defined in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 224 of the Planning Code; and social							
19	and charitable services, as defined in subsection (d) of Section 209.3 of the Planning Code and							
20	subsection (d) of Section 217 of the Planning Code.							
21	O. Municipal Railway; MUNI. The public transit system owned by City and under the							
22	jurisdiction of the Municipal Transportation Agency.							
23	P. Municipal Transportation Agency; MTA. The agency of City created under Article 8A of							
24	the San Francisco Charter.							
25								

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Q. Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors; MTA Board. The governing board of the MTA.

3 Development. Any new construction, or addition to or conversion of an existing R. 4 structure under a building or site permit issued on or after September 4, 2004, that results in 3,000 5 gross square feet or more of a covered use. In the case of mixed use development that includes 6 residential development, the term "new development" shall refer to only the non-residential portion of 7 such development. "Existing structure" shall include a structure for which a sponsor already paid a fee 8 under the prior TIDF ordinance, as well as a structure for which no TIDF was paid. 9 S. Office Space Development Fee; OSDF. A fee imposed under Section 38.3-1 of this 10 Chapter. 11 Planning Code. The Planning Code of the City and County of San Francisco, as it may  $T_{\cdot}$ 12 be amended from time to time. 13 U. Production/Distribution/Repair (PDR). An economic activity category that includes, but 14 is not limited to, manufacturing and processing, as defined in Section 226 of the Planning Code; those 15 uses listed in Section 222 of the Planning Code; automotive services, as defined in Section 223(a)-(k) of 16 the Planning Code; arts activities and spaces, as defined in Section 102.2 of this the Planning Code; 17 and research and development, as defined in Section 313.1(42) of the Planning Code. 18  $V_{-}$ Residential. Any type of use containing dwellings as defined in Section 209.1 of this the Planning Code or containing group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)-(c) of the Planning Code. 19 20 ₩. -Retail/Entertainment. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, 21 retail use, as defined in Section 218 of the Planning Code; entertainment use, as defined in Section 22 313.1 (15) of the Planning Code; massage establishments, as defined in Section 218.1 of the Planning 23 Code; laundering, and cleaning and pressing, as defined in Section 220 of the Planning Code. 24 X. Revenue Service Hours. The number of hours that the Municipal Railway provides 25 service to the public with its entire fleet of buses, light rail (including streetcars), and cable cars.

1	Y. Sponsor. An applicant seeking approval for construction of new development subject to						
2	this chapter, such applicant's successors and assigns, and/or any person or entity that controls or is						
3	under common control with such applicant.						
4	Z. TIDF Study. The study commissioned by the San Francisco Planning Department and						
5	performed by Nelson/Nygaard Associates entitled "Transit Impact Development Fee AnalysisFinal						
6	Report," dated May 2001, including all the Technical Memoranda supporting the Final Report and the						
7	Nelson/Nygaard update materials contained in Board of Supervisors File No. 040141.						
8	AA. Transit Impact Development Fee; TIDF. The development fee that is the subject of this						
9	<del>Chapter.</del>						
10	BB. Treasurer. Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.						
11	CC. Trip Generation Rate. The total number of automobile and Municipal Railway trips						
12	generated for each 1,000 square feet of development in a particular economic activity category as						
13	established in the TIDF Study, or pursuant to the five-year review process established in Section 38.7						
10							
14	of this Chapter.						
14	of this Chapter.						
14 15	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed,						
14 15 16	of this Chapter. DD.—Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased.						
14 15 16 17	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel						
14 15 16 17 18	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and						
14 15 16 17 18 19	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 216 of the Planning Code; and time-share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 216 of the Planning Code; and time-share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions Code.						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 216 of the Planning Code; and time-share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions Code. SEC. 38.3 IMPOSITION OF TRANSIT IMPACT DEVELOPMENT FEE.						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 216 of the Planning Code; and time-share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions Code. <u>SEC. 38.3 IMPOSITION OF TRANSIT IMPACT DEVELOPMENT FEE.</u> A. Subject to the exceptions set forth in subsections D and E below, each sponsor of a new						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	of this Chapter. DD. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally designed, constructed, arranged or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or maintained, let or leased. EE. Visitor Services. An economic activity category that includes, but is not limited to, hotel use, as defined in Section 313.1(18) of the Planning Code; motel use, as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 216 of the Planning Code; and time-share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions Code. <u>SEC. 38.3 IMPOSITION OF TRANSIT IMPACT DEVELOPMENT FEE.</u> A. Subject to the exceptions set forth in subsections D and E below, each sponsor of a new development in the City shall pay to the City and deliver to the Treasurer upon issuance of any						

calculated on the basis of the number of gross square feet of new development, multiplied by the square
 foot rate in effect at the time of payment for each of the applicable economic activity categories within
 the new development, as provided in Section 38.4 of this Chapter. An accessory use shall be charged at
 the same rate as the underlying use to which it is accessory. Whenever any new development or series
 of new developments cumulatively creates more than 3,000 gross square feet of covered use within a
 structure, the TIDF shall be imposed on every square foot of such covered use (including any portion
 that was part of prior new development below the 3,000 square foot threshold).

8 B. No City official or agency, including the Department of Building Inspection ("DBI") and the
 9 Port of San Francisco, may issue a certificate of final completion and occupancy for any new

10 *development subject to the TIDF until it has received notification from the Treasurer that the TIDF in* 

11 *accordance with Section 38.4 of this Chapter has been paid.* 

12

SEC. 411.3. APPLICATION OF TIDF.

(a) C. <u>Application</u>. Except as provided in <u>Sub</u>sections <u>38.3</u> (<u>1</u>) (D) and (<u>2</u>) (E) below, the
 TIDF shall be payable with respect to any new development in the City for which a building or

15 site permit is issued on or after September 4, 2004. *In reviewing whether a development project is* 

16 <u>subject to the TIDF, the project shall be considered in its entirety. A sponsor shall not seek multiple</u>

17 *applications for building permits to evade paying the TIDF for a single development project.* 

18 (1) D. The TIDF shall not be payable on new development, or any portion thereof, for

19 which a <u>*TIDF</u> transit impact development fee* has been paid, in full or in part, under the prior</u>

20 <u>TIDF Transit Impact Development Fee</u> Ordinance adopted in 1981 (Ordinance No. 224-81;

21 former Chapter 38 of *this the* Administrative Code), except where (A) (1) gross square feet of

use is being added to the building; or (B) (2) the TIDF rate for the new development is in an

economic activity category with a higher fee rate than the rate set for MIPS, as set forth in

24 Section <u>411.3(e)</u> <u>38.4</u>.

25

(2) E. No TIDF shall be payable on the following types of new development.

(A) (H) New development on property owned (including beneficially owned) by the City,
 except for that portion of the new development that may be developed by a private sponsor
 and not intended to be occupied by the City or other agency or entity exempted under <u>Section</u>
 <u>411.1 et seq.</u> this Chapter, in which case the TIDF shall apply only to such non-exempted
 portion. New development on property owned by a private person or entity and leased to the
 City shall be subject to the fee, unless the City is the beneficial owner of such new
 development or unless such new development is otherwise exempted under this Section.

8 (B) (2) Any new development in Mission Bay North or South to the extent application of
 9 this Chapter would be inconsistent with the Mission Bay North Redevelopment Plan and
 10 Interagency Cooperation Agreement or the Mission Bay South Redevelopment Plan and
 11 Interagency Cooperation Agreement, as applicable.

12 (C) (3) New development located on property owned by the United States or any of its
 13 agencies to be used exclusively for governmental purposes.

(D) (4) New development located on property owned by the State of California or any
 of its agencies to be used exclusively for governmental purposes.

16 (E) (5) New development for which <u>a project sponsor</u> filed an application for

17 environmental evaluation or *an application for* a categorical exemption *has been filed* prior to

- 18 April 1, 2004, and for which *the City issued* a building permit or site permit *is issued* on or before
- 19 September 4, 2008; provided however, that such new development may be subject to the

20 OSDF under Section 38.3-1 of this Chapter <u>TIDF imposed by Ordinance No. 224-81, as amended</u>

21 *through June 30, 2004; except that the Department and the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI* 

- 22 *shall be responsible for the administration, imposition, review and collection of any such fee consistent*
- 23 with the administrative procedures set forth in Section 411.1 et seq. The Department shall make the text
- 24 of Ordinance No. 224-81, as amended through June 30, 2004, available on the Department's website
- 25 *and shall provide copies of that ordinance upon request.*

1	(F) (6) The following types of new developments:						
2	(i) (a) Public facilities/utilities, as defined in Section 209.6 of this the Planning Code;						
3	(ii) (b) Open recreation/horticulture, as defined in Section 209.5 of this the Planning						
4	Code, including private noncommercial recreation open use, as referred to in Section 221(g)						
5	of <u>this the Planning</u> Code;						
6	(iii) (c) Vehicle storage and access, as defined in Section 209.7 of this the Planning						
7	Code;						
8	( <i>iv</i> ) ( <i>d</i> ) Automotive services, as defined in Section 223(I)-(v) of <u>this</u> the Planning Code,						
9	<u>that are in a new development;</u>						
10	(v) (e) Wholesaleing, storage, distribution, and open-air handling of materials and						
11	equipment, as defined in Section 225 of <i>this the Planning</i> Code;						
12	(vi) (f) Other Uses, as defined in Section 227(a)-(q) and (s)-(t) of this the Planning						
13	Code;						
14	In reviewing whether a development is subject to the fee, the Director shall consider the project						
15	in its entirety. A sponsor may not seek multiple building permits to evade paying the TIDF.						
16	(b)-F. Timing of Payment. Except for those Integrated PDR projects subject to Section 328 of						
17	this Code, Fthe TIDF sponsor shall be paid prior to issuance of the first construction document, with						
18	an option for the project sponsor to defer payment until prior to issuance of the first certificate of						
19	occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge in accordance with Section 107A.13 of the San						
20	Francisco Building Code. Under no circumstances may any City official or agency, including the Port						
21	of San Francisco, issue a certificate of final completion and occupancy for any new development						
22	subject to the TIDF until the TIDF has been paid. pay, or cause to be paid, the TIDF to the Treasurer						
23	on the earliest of the following dates (except for those Integrated PDR projects subject to Section 328						
24	of the Planning Code).						
25	(1) The date when 50 percent of the net rentable area of the project has been occupied;						

1 (2) The date of issuance of the first temporary permit of occupancy in the new development; 2 G. Upon payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer, and upon request of the sponsor, the 3 Treasurer shall issue a certificate that the fee has been paid. The sponsor shall present such 4 certification to DBI before the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy for the new development. 5 DBI shall provide notice in writing to the Treasurer, the Planning Department, and MUNI at least five 6 business days before issuing the final certificate of occupancy for any new development project. DBI 7 may not issue a final certificate of occupancy for any new development until DBI has received notice 8 from the Treasurer that the TIDF has been paid. An exception to this process exists for Integrated PDR 9 projects that are subject to Section 328 of the Planning Code, for which only 50% of the fees must be 10 paid before the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy. 11 38.3-1. IMPOSITION OF OFFICE SPACE DEVELOPMENT FEE. 12 (a) Definitions. For purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply: 13 (1) Downtown Area. That portion of the City and County bounded by Van Ness Avenue as far 14 north as Broadway, from Van Ness Avenue and Broadway easterly on Broadway to Sansome Street, 15 then northerly on Sansome Street to the Embarcadero; then southeasterly on the Embarcadero to Berry 16 Street: then southwesterly on Berry Street to De Haro Street: then southerly on De Haro Street to 17 Alameda Street; then westerly on Alameda Street to Bryant Street; then northerly on Bryant Street to 18 Thirteenth Street: then westerly on Thirteenth Street to South Van Ness Avenue: then northerly to Van 19 Ness Avenue. The downtown area includes all property which abuts upon any of or is within the area 20 surrounded by the above enumerated boundary streets. 21 (2) Gross Square Foot of Office Use. A square foot of floor space within a structure, whether 22 or not within a room, to be occupied by, or primarily serving, office use. 23 (3) Office Use. Any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by business entities 24 which will primarily provide clerical, professional or business services of the business entity, or which 25

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will primarily provide clerical, professional or business services to other business entities or to the

- 2 *public, at that location.* 
  - (b) Imposition of Fee.
- 4 (1) New development in the Downtown Area that contains 3,000 or more gross square feet of
- 5 *office use for which an application for environmental evaluation or an application for a categorical*
- 6 *exemption has been filed prior to April 1, 2004, and for which a building or site permit was issued on*
- 7 *or after September 4, 2004, but prior to September 4, 2008, shall be subject to an office space*
- 8 *development fee in accordance with this section 410 et seq. The office space development fee for each*
- 9 gross square foot of office use in new development in the Downtown Area shall be \$5 per square foot.
- 10 (2) Any office space development fee due under paragraph (b)(1) shall be due and payable in
- 11 *accordance with the procedures set forth in. this chapter governing payment and collection of the*
- 12 *TIDF, except that the amount of the fee shall be calculated based upon gross square feet of office use,*
- 13 *rather than gross square feet of use.*
- (c) Credits. In determining the number of gross square feet of office use to which the office
   space development fee applies, the director shall provide for the following credits:
- 16 (1) For prior office uses, there shall be credit for the number of gross square feet of office use
- 17 *being eliminated as part of the project.*
- 18 (2) For prior uses other than office use, there shall be a credit for the number of gross square
- 19 *feet of non-office use being eliminated multiplied by an adjustment factor to reflect the difference*
- 20 *between office building peak-period municipal railway trip generation rates and peak-period municipal*
- 21 *railway trip generation rates for other uses. The adjustment factor shall be determined by the director*
- 22 *as follows:*
- 23 (A) The adjustment factor shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the peak-period
- 24 *municipal railway trip generation rate which the director shall determine, in consultation with the*
- 25 *department of city planning applies to the class of prior use being eliminated by the project.*

1	(B) The denominator of the fraction shall be the peak-period municipal railway trip generation						
2	rate for office use used in the most recent calculation of the transit impact development fee schedule						
3	approved by the board of supervisors.						
4	(C) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the adjustment factor shall not exceed one.						
5	(c) Calculation of TIDF. The TIDF shall be calculated on the basis of the number of square						
6	feet of new development, multiplied by the square foot rate in effect at the time of building or site						
7	permit issuance for each of the applicable economic activity categories within the new development, as						
8	provided in Subsection 411.3(e) below. An accessory use shall be charged at the same rate as the						
9	underlying use to which it is accessory. Whenever any new development or series of new developments						
10	cumulatively creates more than 3,000 gross square feet of covered use within a structure, the TIDF						
11	shall be imposed on every square foot of such covered use (including any portion that was part of prior						
12	new development below the 3,000 square foot threshold).						
13	(d) Credits. SEC. 38.6. CREDITS. In determining the number of gross square feet of						
14	use to which the TIDF applies, the <u>Department Director</u> shall provide a credit for prior uses						
15	eliminated on the site. The credit shall be calculated according to the following formula:						
16	(1) (a) There shall be a credit for the number of gross square feet of use being						
17	eliminated by the new development, multiplied by an adjustment factor to reflect the difference						
18	in the fee rate of the use being added and the use being eliminated. The adjustment factor						
19	shall be determined by the <i>Department Director</i> as follows:						
20	(A) (1) The adjustment factor shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the						
21	fee rate which the <i>Department Director</i> shall determine, in consultation with the MTA						
22	Department of City Planning, if necessary, applies to the economic activity category in the most						
23	recent calculation of the TIDF Schedule approved by the MTA Board for the prior use being						
24	eliminated by the project.						
05							

- (B) (2) The denominator of the fraction shall be the fee rate for the use being added, as
   set forth in the most recent calculation of the TIDF Schedule approved by the MTA Board.
- 3 (2) (b) A credit for a prior use may be given only if the prior use was active on the site
  4 within five years before the date of the application for a building or site permit for the proposed
  5 use.
- 6 (3) (c) As of September 4, 2004, no sponsor shall be entitled to a refund of the TIDF on
  7 a building for which the fee was paid under the former Chapter 38 of the San Francisco

8 <u>Administrative Code</u>.

- 9 (4) (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the adjustment factor shall not exceed one.
- 10 SEC. 38.4. TRANSIT IMPACT DEVELOPMENT FEE SCHEDULE.
- 11 (*e*) A. TIDF Schedule.
- 12 (1) The TIDF Schedule shall be as follows:
- 14 TIDF Per Gross Square Foot Economic Activity Category 15 of Development 16 Cultural/Institution/Education \$10.00 17 Management, Information and \$10.00 18 **Professional Services** 19 Medical and Health Services \$10.00 20 Production/Distribution/Repair \$8.00 21 Retail/Entertainment \$10.00 22 23 Visitor Services \$8.00
- 24

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1 (2) B. Biennial Adjustment. Biennially, beginning July 1, 2005, the TIDF Schedule shall 2 be adjusted, without further action by the Board of Supervisors, to reflect the average annual 3 change in the San Francisco Bay Area Consumer Price Index (CPI) for "All Urban Consumers" 4 for the prior two years, as reported by the Association of Bay Area Governments, and as 5 determined by the Director of MTA. 6 SEC. 411.4. 38.5. SETTING IMPOSITION OF TIDF. 7 Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of (a)8 Section 411.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section 9 411.1 is applicable, shall impose any TIDF owed as a condition of approval for issuance of the 10 building or site permit for the project. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to 11 assist the Department in this determination. The Zoning Administrator may seek the advice and consent 12 of the MTA regarding any interpretations that may affect implementation of this section. Before 13 obtaining the first building or site permit for any new development in the City on or after September 4, 14 2004, each sponsor shall file with the Director on such form as the Director may develop, a report 15 indicating the number of gross square feet of use of the new development and any other information the 16 Director may require to determine the sponsor's obligation to pay the TIDF. Each sponsor of a new 17 development who had applied for a building or site permit, but who had not obtained an approval of 18 the building permit or site permit before September 4, 2004, shall file the same report prior to 19 obtaining a final certificate of occupancy. Except where an exemption otherwise applies under this 20 Chapter, the Director shall determine the number of gross square feet of use in each applicable 21 economic activity category, disregarding the number of pre-existing gross square feet of use being 22 retained in each such category, apply the fee schedule, and determine the fee, which shall be subject to 23 any adjustments to the TIDF Schedule that occur prior to final payment of any TIDF due. The Director 24 shall mail a copy of his or her written determination to the sponsor. The sponsor may appeal the 25 determination of the number of gross square feet of use subject to the fee, the economic activity

1	category, or the credits described in Section 38.6, to the MTA Board. If the sponsor notifies the						
2	Director of its acceptance of the determination, or does not submit an appeal to the MTA Board within						
3	15 days following the date of mailing of notice of the Director's determination, the Director's						
4	determination shall be final, and a notice of such determination shall be provided to DBI and the						
5	Treasurer. DBI may not issue a site or building permit for any new development until it has received						
6	notice from the MTA of the final determination of the amount of the Transit Impact Development Fee to						
7	be paid. The MTA shall not change the amount of the TIDF based on changes to the amount of gross						
8	square feet of new development during construction of the new development unless the sponsor applies						
9	for a new building permit to reflect such changes.						
10	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit and MTA of Requirements. After the						
11	Department has made its final determination regarding the application of the TIDF to a development						
12	project under Section 411.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at						
13	DBI and the Director of MTA of any TIDF owed in addition to the other information required by						
14	Section 402(b) of this Article. If the MTA Director disputes the Department's calculation, he or she						
15	shall promptly inform the Development Fee Collection Unit and the MTA Director's determination						
16	<u>shall prevail.</u>						
17	(c) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the						
18	Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 411.1						
19	et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of						
20	Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article						
21	<u>shall be followed.</u>						
22	SEC. <u>411.5.</u> 38.7. REVIEW OF <u>TIDF</u> FEE SCHEDULE.						
23	(a) A. Five-Year Review.						
24	(1) <i>Commencing five years after the effective date of this ordinance, and eEvery five years</i>						
25	<i>thereafter</i> , or more often as the MTA Board may deem necessary, the Director <u>of MTA</u> shall						

1 prepare a report for the MTA Board and the Board of Supervisors with recommendations

2 regarding whether the TIDF for each economic activity category should be increased,

3 decreased, or remain the same. <u>The Director of MTA shall coordinate this report with the five-year</u>

- 4 *evaluation by the Director of Planning required by Section 410 of this Article.*
- 5 (2) In making such recommendations, and to the extent that new information is

6 available, the Director <u>of MTA</u> shall update the following information and estimates that were

- 7 used in the TIDF Study to calculate the base service standard fee rates, and any other
- 8 information that the Director deems appropriate.
- 9 (A) (*a*) The base service standard;
- 10 (B) (b) Capital and operating costs;
- 11 (C) (c) Federal and state grant funds received by MUNI;
- 12 (D) (d) Passenger fare revenue;
- 13 (E) (e) Daily revenue service hours;
- 14 (F) (f) Cost per revenue service hour;
- 15 (G) (g) Trip generation rates by economic activity category;
- 16  $(\underline{H}) (\underline{h})$  Cost per trip;
- 17 (*I*) (*i*) Cost per gross square foot of development by economic activity category;
- 18  $(\underline{J}) (\underline{j})$  Net present value factor;
- 19 (K) (k) Useful life period(s) for new development by economic activity category;
- 20 (L) (H) Estimated annual rate of return on the proceeds of the fee;
- 21 (M) (m) The placement of particular land uses in economic activity categories.
- 22 Where applicable, the Director <u>of MTA</u> shall use the most recent MUNI information as
- 23 submitted to the National Transit Database. The denominator of the revised base service
- standard shall be calculated using the most recent estimates of daily automobile and transit
- trips developed by the *City's*-Planning Department or other City or state agency.

(3) (2) In the report, the Director <u>of MTA</u> shall (<u>A</u>) (a) identify the base service standard
 fee rates per gross square foot in each economic activity category; and (<u>2</u>) (<del>B</del>) propose a fee
 for each economic activity category.

4 (4) (3) After receiving this report and making it available for public distribution, the 5 Board of Supervisors shall conduct a public hearing in which it shall consider the MTA 6 Director's report, hear testimony from any interested members of the public, and receive such 7 other evidence as it may deem necessary. At the conclusion of that hearing, the Board shall 8 make findings regarding whether the revenues projected to be recovered under the proposed 9 Fee Schedule would be reasonably related to and would not exceed the costs incurred by 10 MUNI to maintain the applicable base service standard, in light of demands caused by new 11 development. The Board of Supervisors shall then make any necessary or appropriate revisions to the TIDF Schedule. 12

(5)-(4) The Board shall consider the <u>MTA</u> Director's report in light of the most recent
 five-year review of <u>development fees under Section 410 of this Article</u> the Housing Fee (Planning
 Code § 313.15), Child Care Fee (Planning Code § 314.7) and Inclusionary Housing Fee (Planning
 Code § 315.8(e)). MUNI and the Planning Department shall make every effort to coordinate
 application of the TIDF with the City's other <u>development developer</u> fees to avoid unnecessarily
 encumbering sponsors of new development.

- (b) B. Principles in Calculating Fee. The following principles have been and shall in the
   future be observed in calculating the TIDF:
- (1) Actual cost information provided to the National Transit Database shall be used in
  calculating the fee rates. Where estimates must be made, those estimates should be based
  on such information as the Director <u>of MTA</u> or his or her delegate considers reasonable for the
  purpose.
- 25

(2) The rates shall be set at an actuarially sound level to ensure that the proceeds,
including such earnings as may be derived from investment of the proceeds and amortization
thereof, do not exceed the capital and operating costs incurred in order to maintain the
applicable base service standard in light of the demands created by new development subject
to the fee over the estimated useful life of such new development. For purposes of this <u>Section</u>
<u>411.1 et seq.</u> Ordinance, the estimated useful life of a new development is 45 years.

7 SEC. 411.6. TIDF FUND. 38.8. USE OF PROCEEDS FROM TRANSIT IMPACT 8 **DEVELOPMENT FEE.** Money received from collection of the TIDF, including earnings from 9 investments of the TIDF, shall be held in trust by the Treasurer of the City and County of San 10 Francisco under Section 66006 of the Mitigation Fee Act (Cal. Gov. Code § 60000 et seq.) and shall be distributed according to the fiscal and budgetary provisions of the San Francisco 11 12 Charter and the Mitigation Fee Act, subject to the following conditions and limitations. TIDF 13 funds may be used to increase revenue service hours reasonably necessary to mitigate the 14 impacts of new non-residential development on public transit and maintain the applicable 15 base service standard, including, but not limited to: capital costs associated with establishing 16 new transit routes, expanding transit routes, and increasing service on existing transit routes, 17 including, but not limited to, procurement of related items such as rolling stock, and design 18 and construction of bus shelters, stations, tracks, and overhead wires; operation and 19 maintenance of rolling stock associated with new or expanded transit routes or increases in 20 service on existing routes; capital or operating costs required to add revenue service hours to 21 existing routes; and related overhead costs. Proceeds from the TIDF may also be used for all 22 costs required to administer, enforce, or defend *Section 411.1 et seq. this ordinance*.

SEC. <u>411.7.</u> <u>38.9.</u> RULES AND REGULATIONS. The MTA is empowered to adopt such
 rules, regulations, and administrative procedures as it deems necessary to implement this

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1	Section 411.1 et seq. Chapter. In the event of a conflict between any MTA rule, regulation or							
2	procedure and this Section 411.1 et seq. ordinance, this Section ordinance shall prevail.							
3	SEC. 38.10. NONPAYMENT, RECORDATION OF NOTICE OF FEE; AND NOTICE OF							
4	DELINQUENCY; ADDITIONAL REQUEST; NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF INTEREST, AND							
5	INSTITUTION OF LIEN PROCEEDINGS. A. Upon the Director's determination that a development							
6	is subject to this ordinance, he or she may cause the County Recorder to record a notice that such							
7	development is subject to the TIDF. The County Recorder shall serve or mail a copy of such notice to							
8	the persons liable for payment of the fee and the owners of the real property described in the notice.							
9	The notice shall include (1) a description of the real property subject to the fee; (2) a statement that the							
10	development is subject to the imposition of the fee; and (3) a statement that the amount of the fee to							
11	which the building is subject is determined under Sections 38.4, 38.5 and related provisions of this							
12	ordinance.							
13	B. When the Director determines that the fee is due, the Director shall notify the Treasurer,							
14	who shall send a request for payment to the sponsor.							
15	C. Payment of the TIDF imposed by this ordinance is delinquent if (1) in the case of a fee							
16	not payable in installments, the fee is not paid within 30 days of request for payment; (2) in the case of							
17	a fee payable in installments (for a fee determined prior to the effective date of this ordinance or for a							
18	fee for Integrated PDR subject to Sec. 328 of the Planning Code if the fee installment is not paid within							
19	30 days of the date fixed for payment.							
20	D. Where the TIDF is not paid within 30 days of request for payment, and where the TIDF							
21	is payable in installments (for a fee determined prior to the effective date of this ordinance or for a fee							
22	for Integrated PDR subject to Sec. 328 of the Planning Code) and any installment is not paid within 30							
23	days of the date fixed for payment:							
24	(1) The Treasurer or his or her designee may cause the County Recorder to record a notice							
25								
	of delinquent TIDF which shall include: (a) the amount of the delinquent fee; (b) the amount of the							

1	entire fee as reflected on the final determination and a statement of whether the fee is payable in							
2	installments; (c) the fee interest and penalty then due; (d) the interest and penalties that shall accrue on							
3	the delinquent fee if not promptly paid; (e) a description of the real property subject to the fee; (f)							
4	notification that if the fee is not promptly paid proceedings will be instituted before the Board of							
5	Supervisors to impose a lien for the unpaid fee together with any penalties and interest against the real							
6	property described in the delinquency notice;							
7	(2) Where the Treasurer determines to record a notice of delinquency, he or she shall also							
8	serve or mail the notice of delinquent TIDF to the persons liable for the fee and to the owners of the							
9	real property described on the notice.							
10	(3) Where a notice of TIDF delinquency has been recorded and the delinquent fee is paid or							
11	the Treasurer's determination of delinquency is reversed by appeal to the MTA Board or the							
12	delinquency is otherwise cured, the Treasurer shall promptly cause the County Recorder to record a							
13	notice that the TIDF delinquency has been cured. Said notice shall include: (a) description of the real							
14	property affected; (b) the book and page number of the county record wherein the notice of delinquency							
15	was recorded; (c) the date the notice of delinquency was recorded; (d) notification that the delinquency							
16	reflected on the notice of delinquency was cured and the date of cure; (e) the amount of the entire fee							
17	as reflected on the final determination; (f) if applicable, the amount of the fee paid to effect the cure;							
18	and (g) if applicable, a statement that the fee was payable in installments and specification of the							
19	delinquency installments cured; (h) if applicable, the amount of the fee paid to effect the cure.							
20	(4) The Treasurer shall serve or mail the notice that the TIDF delinquency has been cured,							
21	referred to in Section 38.10.D(3) of this ordinance, to the persons liable for the fee and to the owners of							
22	the real property described in such notice.							
23	E. Where the TIDF, not payable in installments, is not paid within 30 days of request for							
24	payment, and where the TIDF is payable in installments (for a fee determined prior to the effective date							
25	of this ordinance) and the installment is not paid within 30 days of the date fixed for payment, the							

*Treasurer or his or her designee shall mail an additional request for payment and notice to the owner stating the following:*

- 3 (1) If the amount due is not paid within 30 days of the date of mailing the additional request
   and notice, interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month or portion thereof shall be
   assessed upon the fee or installment due.
- 6 (2) With respect to both non-installment and installment fees, if the account is not current
  7 within 60 days of the date of mailing the additional request and notice, the Treasurer shall institute
  8 proceedings to record a lien in accordance with Section 38.11 for the entire balance and any accrued
  9 interest against the property upon which the fee is owed.
- *F.* Thirty days after mailing the additional request for payment, the Treasurer may assess
   *interest as specified in Paragraph 38.10.E(1) above. Sixty days after mailing the additional request for*
- 12 *payment and notice, the Treasurer may institute lien proceedings as specified in Section 38.11.*
- 13 *G. The Treasurer shall submit a report to the Director on a quarterly basis of all fees*
- 14 collected for the previous quarter, which report shall include the property address, name of sponsor or
- 15 *owner of the property, and the amount of the fee, including interest, if any, collected.*
- 16

SEC. 38.11. LIEN PROCEEDINGS; NOTICE.

- 17 *If payment of the fee not payable in installments is not received within 30 days following*
- 18 *mailing of the additional request and notice, or if with respect to installment payments, the account is*
- 19 *not brought current within 60 days of the mailing of the additional request and notice, the Treasurer*
- 20 shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of Chapter 10 of the San Francisco
- 21 Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the TIDF, including interest on the unpaid
- 22 *fee or installments, a lien against all parcels used for the development project. The Treasurer shall*
- 23 *send all notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The*
- 24 *Treasurer shall also prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such*
- 25 report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the

1 sponsor shall contain the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development project, a 2 description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books 3 for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each 4 5 owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release of the lien 6 recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax 7 Collector under this ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and distributed as provided in 8 Section 38.6 of this Chapter. 9 SEC. 38.12. MANNER OF GIVING NOTICES. 10 Any notice required to be given under this Chapter ordinance to a sponsor or owner shall be 11 sufficiently given or served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes under this ordinance if 12 personally served upon the sponsor or owner, or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letter 13 box addressed in the name of the sponsor or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner 14 maintained by the Tax Collector of the City and County for the mailing of tax bills; or, if no such 15 address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development project, and to the applicant for 16 the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. 17 SEC. 411.8. 38.13. CHARITABLE EXEMPTIONS. 18 (a) A. When the property or a portion thereof will be exempt from real property taxation or possessory interest taxation under California Constitution, Article XIII, Section 4, as 19 implemented by California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 214, then the sponsor shall 20 21 not be required to pay the TIDF attributed to the new development in the exempt property or 22 portion thereof, so long as the property or portion thereof continues to enjoy the 23 aforementioned exemption from real property taxation. This exemption from the TIDF shall not 24 apply to the extent that the non-profit organization is engaging in activities falling under the 25

## 1 <u>Retail/Entertainment or Visitor Services economic activity categories in the new development that</u>

2 *would otherwise be subject to the TIDF.* 

3 (b) B. The TIDF shall be calculated for exempt structures in the same manner and at 4 the same time as for all other structures. *Prior to issuance of a building or site permit for the* development project, Tthe sponsor may apply to the MTA for an exemption under the standards 5 6 set forth in subsection (a) A above. In the event the Agency determines that the sponsor is 7 entitled to an exemption under this Section, it shall cause to be recorded a notice advising that 8 the TIDF has been calculated and imposed upon the structure and that the structure or a 9 portion thereof has been exempted from payment of the fee but that if the property or portion 10 thereof loses its exempt status during the 10-year period commencing with the date of the 11 imposition of the TIDF, then the building owner shall be subject to the requirement to pay the 12 fee.

13 (c) C. If within 10 years from the date of the issuance of the Certificate of Final 14 Completion and Occupancy, the exempt property or portion thereof loses its exempt status, 15 then the sponsor shall, within 90 days thereafter, be obligated to pay the TIDF, reduced by an 16 amount reflecting the duration of the charitable exempt status in relation to the useful life 17 estimate used in determining the TIDF for that structure. The amount remaining to be paid 18 shall be determined by recalculating the fee using a useful life equal to the useful life used in the initial calculation minus the number of years during which the exempt status has been in 19 20 effect. After the TIDF has been paid, the Agency shall record a release of the notice recorded 21 under subsection (b) B. above.

- (d) D. In the event a property owner fails to pay a fee within the 90-day period, a notice
   for request of payment shall be served by the <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI</u> <del>Treasurer</del>
   <u>under Section 107A.13 of the San Francisco Building Code</u> <u>Section 38.10.B of this Chapter</u>.
- 25

1 Thereafter, upon nonpayment, a lien proceeding shall be instituted under Section 38.10 11 of

2 *this Chapter* Section 408 of this Article and Section 107A.13.15 of the San Francisco Building Code.

SEC. 412 (formerly Section 139). DOWNTOWN PARK FEE SPECIAL FUND. Sections

- 4 412.1 through 412.6, hereafter referred to as Section 412.1 et seq., set forth the requirements and
- 5 procedures for the Downtown Park Fee. The effective date of these requirements shall be either
- 6 September 17, 1985, which is the date that the requirements originally became effective, of the date a
- 7 <u>subsequent modification, if any, became effective.</u>

3

- 8 SEC. 412.1. FINDINGS. (a) Findings and Purposes. Existing public park facilities located 9 in the downtown office districts are at or approaching capacity utilization by the daytime 10 population in those districts. The need for additional public park and recreation facilities in the 11 downtown districts will increase as the daytime population increases as a result of continued 12 office development in those areas. While the open space requirements imposed on individual 13 office and retail developments address the need for plazas and other local outdoor sitting 14 areas to serve employees and visitors in the districts, such open space cannot provide the 15 same recreational opportunities as a public park. In order to provide the City and County of 16 San Francisco with the financial resources to acquire and develop public park and recreation 17 facilities which will be necessary to serve the burgeoning daytime population in these districts, 18 a Downtown Park Fund shall be established as set forth herein.
- 19 <u>SEC. 412.2. DEFINITIONS.</u> (b) Definitions. See Section 401 of this Article. For purposes of
   20 this Section 139, the following definitions shall apply:
- 21 (1) "First certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy
- 22 *or a Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy as defined in San Francisco Building Code*
- 23 Section 307, whichever is issued first.
- (2) "Net addition of gross floor area of office use." shall mean gross floor area as defined in
   Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, office use, less the gross floor

1 area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed office development project 2 which gross floor area was used primarily and continuously for office use and was not accessory to any 3 use other than office use for at least five years prior to the City Planning Department approval of the office development project subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or 4 5 rehabilitated, whichever is shorter. 6 (3)-"Office development project." shall mean any new construction, addition, extension, 7 conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross 8 floor area of office use; this term shall not include an addition to an existing structure which would add 9 gross floor area in an amount less than 20 percent of the gross floor area of the existing structure. 10 (4) "Office use" shall mean any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by 11 business entities which will primarily provide clerical, professional or business services of the business 12 entity, or which will provide clerical, professional, or business services to other business entities or to 13 the public at that location including, but not limited to, the following services: banking, law, 14 accounting, insurance, management, consulting, technical, and the office functions of manufacturing 15 and warehousing businesses, and excluding design showcases. Such definition shall include all uses 16 encompassed within the meaning of Planning Code Section 219; provided, however, that the term 17 "office use" shall not include any such use which qualifies as an accessory use, as defined and 18 regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5 of this Code. 19 (5) "Retail use" shall mean space within any structure or portion thereof intended or 20 primarily suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which supply commodities to customers on the 21 premises including, but not limited to, stores, shops, restaurants, bars, eating and drinking businesses, 22 and the uses defined in Planning Code Sections 218 and 220 through 225, and also including all space 23 accessory to such retail use. 24 25

( <b>6</b> )	"Snonsor"	' shall maan an	applicant	sooking	annroval f	for con	struction	of an	offic
(0)	sponsor	snuti mean an	иррисан	seeking	ирргочи ј	or con.	machon	<del>oj un</del>	-0

- 2 *development project subject to this Section, the applicants' successors and assigns, and any entity*
- 3 *which controls or is under common control with the applicant.*
- 4 <u>SEC. 412.3. APPLICATION.</u> (c) Requirements. These requirements are in addition to any
- 5 *applicable requirements set forth in Section 138.* Section 412.1 et seq. shall apply to The sponsor of a
- 6 proposed office development project within the C-3-O, C-3-O (SD), C-3-R, C-3-G or C-3-S
- 7 Use Districts *that results in a net addition of gross floor area of office use shall, prior to issuance of*
- 8 *the certificate of occupancy for the project, pay a fee the Treasurer of the City and County of San*
- 9 *Francisco to be deposited in the Downtown Park Fund the standards set forth in this Section*. <u>These</u>
- 10 <u>requirements are in addition to any applicable requirements set forth in Section 138 of this Code.</u> The
- 11 *certificate of occupancy for the project shall not be issued without proof of payment of the fee issued by*
- 12 the Treasurer.
- 13 <u>SEC. 412.4. IMPOSITION OF DOWNTOWN PARK FEE REQUIREMENT.</u> (d) Imposition of
   14 the Downtown Park Fee.
- 15 (a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of
- 16 <u>Section 412.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section</u>
- 17 <u>412.1 et seq. is applicable, the number of gross square feet of office use subject to its requirements, and</u>
- 18 *shall impose this requirement as a condition of approval for issuance of the building or site permit for*
- 19 *the project to address the need for additional public park and recreation facilities in the downtown*
- 20 *districts. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the Department in this*
- 21 <u>determination.</u>
- 22 (b) Amount of Fee. The amount of the fee shall be \$2 per square foot of the net
- 23 addition of gross floor area of office use to be constructed as set forth in the final approved
- 24 building or site permit. *The amount of the fee shall be reviewed every third year, beginning three*
- 25 *years after the effective date of this ordinance, by a joint session of the Recreation and Park*

1	Commission and the City Planning Commission. The Commissions shall jointly review the fee to
2	determine whether inflation in land and development costs justifies an increase in the fee, and if they so
3	find, shall recommend an amendment of the fee provisions of this ordinance to the Board of
4	Supervisors.
5	(c) Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI Determination of
6	Amount.
7	(1) Prior to approval by either the Department or the Planning Commission of a building or
8	site permit for a development project subject to this section, the Department shall issue a notice
9	complying with Planning Code Section 306.3 setting forth its initial determination of the net addition of
10	gross floor area of office use subject to this section.
11	(2) Any person may appeal the initial determination by delivering an appeal in writing to
12	the Planning Department within 15 days of the notice. If the initial determination is not appealed within
13	the time allotted, the initial determination shall become a final determination. If the initial
14	determination is appealed, the Planning Commission shall schedule a public hearing prior to the
15	approval of the development project by the Department or the Commission to determine the net
16	addition of gross floor area of office use subject to this ordinance. The public hearing may be
17	scheduled separately or simultaneously with a hearing under Sections 306.2, 309(h), 313.4, 314.5,
18	315.3 or a Discretionary Review hearing under San Francisco Municipal Code Part III, Section 26.
19	The Commission shall make a final determination of the net addition of gross floor area of office use
20	subject to this section at the hearing.
21	(3) The Planning Department or the Planning Commission shall set forth the final
22	determination of the net addition of gross floor area of office use subject to this Section in the
23	conditions of approval of any building or site permit application. After Tthe Planning Department
24	has made its final determination of the net addition of gross floor area of office use subject to Section
25	412.1 et seq. and the dollar amount of the Downtown Park Fee required, the Department shall

1 <u>immediately</u> notify the <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI</u> <del>Treasurer</del> of the final its</del>

2 determination, in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article. of the 3 net addition of gross floor area of office use subject to this section within 30 days following the date of 4 the final determination. The Planning Department shall also notify the Department of Building Inspection ("DBI") and the Mayor's Office of Housing that a development project is subject to this 5 6 Section at the time the Planning Department or the Planning Commission approves the building or site 7 permit for the development project. 8 (d) (4) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirement. In the event that the <u>Planning</u> 9 Department or the *Planning* Commission takes action affecting any development project 10 subject to Section 412.1 et seq. this section and such action is subsequently thereafter modified, 11 superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by 12 court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article shall be followed. permit application for 13 such development project shall be remanded to the Department or the Commission to determine 14 whether the proposed project has been changed in a manner which affects the calculation of the 15 amount of housing required under this ordinance and, if so, the Department or the Commission shall 16 revise the requirement imposed on the permit application in compliance with this section within 60 17 days following such remand and notify the sponsor in writing of such revision or that a revision is not 18 required. If the net addition of gross floor area of office use subject to this section is revised, the 19 Commission shall promptly notify the Treasurer of the revision. 20 (f)Procedure Regarding Temporary Permit of Occupancy. The Planning Department shall 21 impose a condition requiring payment of the Downtown Park fee on approval of any office development 22 project subject to this Section, requiring that such fee be paid prior to the issuance of the first 23 certificate of occupancy for the office development project certificate of occupancy. Upon the sponsor's 24 payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer and upon the sponsor's request, the Treasurer shall issue a 25 certification that the fee has been paid. The sponsor shall present such certification to DBI and the

1 Planning Department prior to the issuance by DBI of the first certificate of occupancy for the 2 development project. At the time the Planning Department or Planning Commission approves an 3 application for a site or building permit to construct an office development project subject to this 4 Section, the Planning Department shall notify in writing DBI and the Treasurer, identifying the office 5 development project. DBI shall not issue the certificate of occupancy without proof of payment of the 6 fee from the Treasurer. Any failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or the Planning Department to give any 7 notice under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this Section. The procedure 8 set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude enforcement of the provisions of this section 9 pursuant to any other section of this Code, or other authority under the laws of the State of California. 10 SEC. 412.5. DOWNTOWN PARK FUND. (g) Downtown Park Fund. There is hereby 11 established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose entitled the Downtown Park Fund 12 ("Fund"). All monies collected by DBI the Treasurer pursuant to this Section 412.1 et seq. shall 13 be deposited in the Fund. All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used solely to acquire 14 and develop public recreation and park facilities for use by the daytime population of the C-3 15 Use Districts, except that monies from the fund shall be used by the Recreation and Park 16 Commission and the Planning Commission to fund in a timely manner a nexus study to demonstrate the 17 relationship between office development projects and open space as set forth in subsection (a) of this 18 Section and except that \$100,000 of the monies from the fund shall be used to fund a nexus study, under the direction of the General Manager of the Recreation and Park Department, to 19 20 examine whether the Downtown Park Fee should be imposed on uses other than office and 21 on geographic areas of the City other than C-3 use districts. No Downtown Park Fee monies 22 shall be expended on improvements for Ferry Park (generally Assessor's Block 202, Lots 6, 23 14 and 15, and Assessor's Block 203, Lot 14) until such time as this nexus study is completed 24 unless use of such Downtown Park Fee monies is approved by a financial committee of the 25 Board of Supervisors. The Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of

## 1 Supervisors, beginning one year after the effective date of this ordinance, which report shall set forth

## 2 *the amount of money collected in the Fund.*

3 The Fund shall be administered jointly by the Recreation and Park Commission and the City Planning Commission. The two Commissions shall conduct business related to their 4 5 duties under this Section at joint public hearings, which hearings may be initiated by either the 6 Recreation and Park Commission or the *City* Planning Commission. A joint public hearing 7 shall be held by the Commissions to elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of 8 property using monies in the Fund. Notice of any joint public hearings shall be published in an 9 official newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, which notice shall set forth 10 the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The hearing may be continued to a later date by a 11 majority vote of the members of both Commissions present at the hearing. At a joint public 12 hearing, a quorum of the membership of both Commissions may vote to allocate the monies 13 in the Fund for acquisition of property for park use and/or for development of property for park 14 use. The Recreation and Park Commission shall alone administer the development of the 15 recreational and park facilities on any acquired property designated for park use by the Board 16 of Supervisors, using such monies as have been allocated for that purpose at a joint hearing of both Commissions. 17

SEC. 412.6. COLLECTION OF FEE. (h) Collection of Fee; Interest; Lien. (1) The
 Downtown Park Fee is due and payable to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI the
 Treasurer prior to issuance of the first construction document, certificate of occupancy with an
 option for the project sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy
 upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge that would be deposited into the Downtown Park Fund, in
 accordance with Section 107A.13.15 of the San Francisco Building Code paragraph (e) of this
 Section. If, for any reason, the fee remains unpaid following issuance of the certificate, any amount due

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shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof, from the date of issuance of the certificate until the date of final payment.

2

3 (2) If, for any reason the fee imposed by this section remains unpaid following issuance of the 4 certificate of occupancy, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of 5 Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the 6 Downtown Park Fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development project. The 7 Treasurer shall send all notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the 8 sponsor. The Treasurer shall also prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to 9 confirm such report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The 10 report to the sponsor shall contain the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development 11 project, a description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's 12 Map Books for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of this Section, and shall fix a 13 time, date, and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and 14 each owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release of the lien recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax 15 16 Collector under this Section shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Downtown 17 Park Fund established under subsection (f). 18 (3) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or served 19 upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes in this Section if personally served upon the sponsor or 20 owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor 21 or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the

- 22 *mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development*
- 23 *project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application.*

24 (i) One-Time Fee Payment. In the event that a development project for which the fee imposed

25 *by this Section has been fully paid is demolished or converted to a use or uses not subject to this* 

1	Section prior to the expiration of its estimated useful life, the City shall refund to the sponsor a portion
2	of the amount of the fee paid. The portion of the fee refunded shall be determined on a pro rata basis
3	according to the ratio of the remaining useful life of the project at the time of demolition or conversion
4	in relation to its total useful life. For purposes of this ordinance, the useful life of a development project
5	<del>shall be 50 years.</del>
6	SEC. 413 (formerly Section 313). JOBS-HOUSING LINKAGE PROGRAM; HOUSING
7	REQUIREMENTS FOR LARGE-SCALE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.
8	Sections <u>413.1 through 413.11 <del>313.1 through 313.15</del>, hereafter referred to as Section 413.1 et</u>
9	<u>seq.</u> , set forth the requirements and procedures for the Jobs-Housing Linkage Program. <u>The</u>
10	effective date of these requirements shall be either March 28, 1996, which is the date that the
11	requirements originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became
12	<u>effective.</u>
13	SEC. <u>413.1.</u> 313.2. FINDINGS. The Board hereby finds and declares as follows:-
14	<u>A.</u> Large-scale entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, and retail
15	developments in the City and County of San Francisco (hereinafter "City") have attracted and
16	continue to attract additional employees to the City, and there is a causal connection between
17	such developments and the need for additional housing in the City, particularly housing
18	affordable to households of lower and moderate income. Such commercial uses in the City
19	benefit from the availability of housing close by for their employees. However, the supply of
20	housing units in the City has not kept pace with the demand for housing created by these new
21	employees. Due to this shortage of housing, employers will have difficulty in securing a labor
22	force, and employees, unable to find decent and affordable housing, will be forced to
23	commute long distances, having a negative impact on quality of life, limited energy resources,
24	air quality, social equity, and already overcrowded highways and public transport.

25

1 There is a low vacancy rate for housing affordable to persons of lower and В. 2 moderate income. In part, this low vacancy rate is due to factors unrelated to large-scale 3 commercial development, such as high interest rates, high land costs in the City, immigration 4 from abroad, demographic changes such as the reduction in the number of persons per 5 household, and personal, subjective choices by households that San Francisco is a desirable 6 place to live. This low vacancy rate is also due in part to large-scale commercial 7 developments which have attracted and will continue to attract additional employees and 8 residents to the City. Consequently, some of the employees attracted to these developments 9 are competing with present residents for scarce, vacant affordable housing units in the City. 10 Competition for housing generates the greatest pressure on the supply of housing affordable 11 to households of lower and moderate income. In San Francisco, office or retail uses of land 12 generally yield higher income to the owner than housing. Because of these market forces, the 13 supply of these affordable housing units will not be expanded. Furthermore, Federal and State 14 housing finance and subsidy programs are not sufficient by themselves to satisfy the lower 15 and moderate income housing requirements of the City.

<u>C.</u> As demonstrated in the "Jobs Housing Nexus Analysis" prepared by Keyser
 Marston Associates, Inc. in June 1997, construction of new housing units in the City
 decreased to a low of 288 units in 1993 compared to an average annual production of 1,330
 units during the years 1980 through 1995. Overall housing production in the City should
 average approximately 2,200 units a year to keep up with the City's share of regional housing
 demand.

22 <u>D.</u> There is a continuing shortage of low- and moderate-income housing in San 23 Francisco. Affordable housing production in the City averaged approximately 340 units per 24 year during the years 1980 through 1995. However, the demand for new affordable housing 25 will be approximately 1,300 units per year for the years 2000 through 2015.

<u>E.</u> Objective 1, Policy 7 of the Residence Element of the San Francisco <u>Master</u>
 <u>General</u> Plan calls for the provision of additional housing to accommodate the demands of new
 residents attracted to the City by expanding employment opportunities caused by the growth
 of large-scale commercial activities in the City. Such development projects should assist in
 meeting the City's housing needs by contributing to the provision of housing.

6 <u>*F.*</u> It is desirable to impose the cost of the increased burden of providing housing 7 necessitated by large-scale commercial development projects directly upon the sponsors of 8 the development projects by requiring that the project sponsors contribute land or money to a 9 housing developer or pay a fee to the City to subsidize housing development as a condition of 10 the privilege of development and to assist the community in solving those of its housing 11 problems generated by the development.

12 <u>*G.*</u> The required housing exaction shall be based upon formulas derived in the 13 report entitled "Jobs Housing Nexus Analysis" prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. in 14 June 1997. The "Jobs Housing Nexus Analysis" demonstrates the validity of the nexus 15 between new, large-scale entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, and retail 16 development and the increased demand for housing in the City, and the numerical 17 relationship between such development projects and the formulas for provision of housing set 18 forth in *Section 413.1 et seq.-this ordinance*.

<u>H.</u> In-lieu fees for new office construction to the City's Office Affordable Housing
 Production Program were last increased in 1994 to \$7.05 per square foot, based on the
 "Analysis of the OAHPP Formula prepared by the Department of City Planning in November
 1994." Existing law provides for potential increases to such fees up to 20% annually based on
 increases to the Average Area Purchase Price Safe Harbor Limitations for New Single-Family
 Residences for the San Francisco Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area ("PMSA") published
 by the Internal Revenue Service.

<u>I.</u> The Internal Revenue Service last published its Average Area Purchase Price
 Safe Harbor Limitations for New Single-Family Residences for the San Francisco PMSA in
 1994. In 1998 and again in 2000, the City contracted for an analysis of average area purchase
 price for the San Francisco PMSA, in lieu of IRS publication of the index. The 2000 report
 prepared by Vernazza Wolfe Associates for mortgage purposes, which was certified by Orrick,
 Herrington & Sutcliffe, indicates that the 1999 updated purchase price figures for new
 construction are \$431,568, a 73.3% increase over the 1994 purchase price of \$248,969.

If OAHPP fees had been increased consistent with these increases in the
 Average Area Purchase Price Safe Harbor Limitations for New Single-Family Residences for
 the San Francisco PMSA, the OAHPP in-lieu fee for net new office construction would be
 \$12.22 per square foot, or approximately 54% of the maximum derived by the "Jobs Housing
 Nexus Analysis" prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. in June 1997.

<u>K.</u> Since preparation of the Keyser Marston "Jobs Housing Nexus Analysis," the
 Bay Area has seen dramatic increases in land acquisition costs for housing, the cost of new
 housing development and the affordability gap for low to moderate income workers seeking
 housing. Commute patterns for the region have also changed, with more workers who work
 outside of San Francisco seeking to live in the City, thus increasing demand for housing and
 decreasing housing availability.

19 <u>L.</u> Because the shortage of affordable housing created by large-scale commercial 20 development in the City can be expected to continue for many years, it is necessary to 21 maintain the affordability of the housing units constructed by developers of such projects 22 under this program. In order to maintain the long-term affordability of such housing, the City is 23 authorized to enforce affordability requirements through mechanisms such as shared 24 appreciation mortgages, deed restrictions, enforcement instruments, and rights of first refusal 25 exercisable by the City at the time of resale of housing units built under the program.

1	<u>M.</u> Objective 8, Policy 2 of the Residence Element of the San Francisco Master					
2	General Plan encourages the Planning Commission to periodically reassess requirements					
3	placed on large-scale commercial development under the Office Affordable Housing					
4	Production Program ("OAHPP"), predecessor to the Jobs-Housing Linkage Program. To that					
5	end, within 18 months following the effective date of this ordinance, the Director of Planning shall					
6	report to the Commission, the Board of Supervisors, and the Mayor on the current supply and demand					
7	of affordable housing in the City, the status of compliance with this ordinance and the efficacy of this					
8	ordinance in mitigating the City's shortage of affordable housing available to employees working in					
9	development projects subject to this ordinance. Thereafter, if in the discretion of the Director of					
10	Planning there has been a substantial change in the San Francisco and/or regional economies since the					
11	effective date of this ordinance, the Director of Planning may recommend to the Commission, the					
12	Board of Supervisors, and the Mayor that. this ordinance be amended or rescinded to alleviate any					
13	undue burden on commercial development in the City that the ordinance may impose.					
14	SEC. 413.2. DEFINITIONS. See Section 401 of this Article. The following definitions shall					
15	govern interpretation of this ordinance:					
16	(1) "Affordable housing project." shall mean a housing project containing units constructed					
17	to satisfy the requirements of Sections 313.5 or 313.7 of this ordinance or receiving funds from the					
18	Citywide Affordable Housing Fund under Section 313.12.					
19	(2) "Affordable to a household." shall mean a purchase price that a household can afford to					
20	pay based on an annual payment for all housing costs of 33 percent of the combined household annual					
21	net income, a 10 percent down payment, and available financing, or a rent that a household can afford					
22	to pay based on an annual payment for all housing costs of 30 percent of the combined annual net					
23	income.					
24	(3) "Affordable to qualifying households" shall mean:					
25						

1	(A) With respect to owned units, the average purchase price on the initial sale of all
2	affordable owned units in an affordable housing project shall not exceed the allowable average
3	purchase price. Each unit shall be sold:
4	(i) Only to households with an annual net income equal to or less than that of a household
5	of moderate income; and
6	(ii) At or below the maximum purchase price.
7	(B) With respect to rental units in an affordable housing project, the average annual rent
8	shall not exceed the allowable average annual rent. Each unit shall be rented:
9	(i) Only to households with an annual net income equal to or less than that of a household
10	of lower income;
11	(ii) At or less than the maximum annual rent.
12	(4) "Allowable average purchase price." shall mean:
13	(A) For all affordable one-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a two-
14	person household of median income as set forth in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations
15	Section 6932 ("Section 6932") on January 1st of that year;
16	(B) For all affordable two-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a three-
17	person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
18	(C) For all affordable three-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a four-
19	person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
20	(D) For all affordable four-bedroom units in a housing project, a price affordable to a five-
21	person household of median income as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year.
22	(5) "Allowable average annual rent" shall mean:
23	(A) For all affordable one-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
24	income for a household of two persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
25	

1	(B) For all affordable two-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
2	income for a household of three persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
3	(C) For all affordable three-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
4	income for a household of four persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year;
5	(D) For all affordable four-bedroom units in a housing project, 18 percent of the median
6	income for a household of five persons as set forth in Section 6932 on January 1st of that year.
7	(6) "Annual net income." shall mean net income as defined in Title 25 of the California
8	Code of Regulations Section 6916.
9	(7) "Average annual rent." shall mean the total annual rent for the calendar year charged
10	by a housing project for all affordable rental units in the project of an equal number of bedrooms
11	divided by the total number of affordable units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
12	(8) "Average purchase price." shall mean the purchase price for all affordable owned units
13	in an affordable housing project of an equal number of bedrooms divided by the total number of
14	affordable units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
15	(9) "City" shall mean the City and County of San Francisco.
16	(10) "Community apartment." shall be As defined in San Francisco Subdivision Code Section
17	<del>1308(b).</del>
18	(11) "Condominium." shall be aAs defined in California Civil Code Section 783.
19	(12) "DBI" shall mean the Department of Building Inspection.
20	(13) "Department" shall mean the Planning Department or the Planning Department's
21	designee, including the Mayor's Office of Housing and other City agencies or departments.
22	(14) "Entertainment development project" shall mean any new construction, addition,
23	extension, conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes
24	any gross square feet of entertainment use.
25	

1	(15) "Entertainment use" shall mean space within a structure or portion thereof intended or
2	primarily suitable for the operation of a nighttime entertainment use as defined in San Francisco
3	Planning Code Section 102.17, a movie theater use as defined in San Francisco Planning Code
4	Sections 790.64 and 890.64, an adult theater use as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section
5	191, any other entertainment use as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Sections 790.38 and
6	890.37, and, notwithstanding San Francisco Planning Code Section 790.38, an amusement game
7	arcade (mechanical amusement devices) use as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Sections 790.4
8	and 890.4. Under this ordinance, "entertainment use" shall include all office and other uses accessory
9	to the entertainment use, but excluding retail uses and office uses not accessory to the entertainment
10	<del>use.</del>
11	(16) "First certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy
12	or a Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy as defined in San Francisco Building Code
13	Section 109, whichever is issued first.
14	(17) "Hotel development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,
15	conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross
16	square feet of hotel use.
17	(18) "Hotel use" shall mean space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
18	suitable for rooms, or suites of two or more rooms, each of which may or may not feature a bathroom
19	and cooking facility or kitchenette and is designed to be occupied by a visitor or visitors to the City who
20	pays for accommodations on a daily or weekly basis but who do not remain for more than 31
21	consecutive days. Under this ordinance, "hotel use" shall include all office and other uses accessory to
22	the renting of guest rooms, but excluding retail uses and office uses not accessory to the hotel use.
23	(19 "Household." shall mean any person or persons who reside or intend to reside in the
24	same housing unit.
25	

1	(20) "Household of lower income." shall mean a household composed of one or more persons
2	with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying limit for
3	a lower-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set
4	forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations Section 6932.
5	(21) "Household of median income." shall mean a household composed of one or more
6	persons with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying
7	limit for a median-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such
8	household, as set forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of
9	Regulations Section 6932.
10	(22) "Household of moderate income." shall mean a household composed of one or more
11	persons with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying
12	limit for a moderate-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such
13	household, as set forth for the County of San Francisco in Title 25 of the California Code of
14	Regulations Section 6932.
15	(23 "Housing developer." shall mean any business entity building housing units which
16	receives a payment from a sponsor for use in the construction of the housing units. A housing developer
17	may be (a) the same business entity as the sponsor, (b) an entity in which the sponsor is a partner, joint
18	venturor, or stockholder, or (c) an entity in which the sponsor has no control or ownership.
19	(24) "Housing unit" or "unit." shall mean a dwelling unit as defined in San Francisco
20	Housing Code Section 401.
21	(25) "Interim Guidelines" shall mean the Office Housing Production Program Interim
22	Guidelines adopted by the City Planning Commission on January 26, 1982, as amended.
23	(26) "Maximum annual rent." shall mean the maximum rent that a housing developer may
24	charge any tenant occupying an affordable unit for the calendar year. The maximum annual rent shall
25	

1 *be 30 percent of the annual income for a lower-income household as set forth in Section 6932 on* 

- January 1st of each year for the following household sizes: 2 3 (A) For all one-bedroom units, for a household of two persons; 4 *For all two-bedroom units, for a household of three persons;* (B)5 (C) For all three-bedroom units, for a household of four persons; 6 (D) For all four-bedroom units, for a household of five persons. 7 (27) "Maximum purchase price." shall mean the maximum purchase price that a household 8 of moderate income can afford to pay for an owned unit based on an annual payment for all housing 9 costs of 33 percent of the combined household annual net income, a 10 percent down payment, and 10 available financing, for the following household sizes: 11 (A) For all one-bedroom units, for a household of two persons; 12 (B) For all two-bedroom units, for a household of three persons; 13 (C) For all three-bedroom units, for a household of four persons: 14 *For all four-bedroom units, for a household of five persons.* (D)"MOH" shall mean the Mayor's Office of Housing. 15 (28)16 (29) "Net addition of gross square feet of entertainment space." shall mean gross floor area 17 as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, 18 entertainment use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the 19 proposed entertainment development project that was used primarily and continuously for 20 entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use 21 other than entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use, for five years prior to 22 Planning Commission approval of an entertainment development project subject to this Section or for 23 the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter, so long as such space was 24 subject to this ordinance or the Interim Guidelines.
- 25

1 (30) "Net addition of gross square feet of hotel space." shall mean gGross floor area as 2 defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, hotel use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed hotel 3 4 development project that was used primarily and continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research 5 and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office, 6 research and development, or retail use, for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of a 7 hotel development project subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or 8 rehabilitated, whichever is shorter, so long as such space was subject to this ordinance or the Interim 9 Guidelines. 10 (31) "Net addition of gross square feet of office space." shall mean gross floor area as 11 defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, office 12 use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed office 13 development project that was used primarily and continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research 14 and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office, 15 research and development, or retail use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of an 16 office development project subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or 17 rehabilitated, whichever is shorter. 18 (32) Net addition of gross square feet of research and development space." shall mean gross 19 floor area as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily 20 serving, research and development use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or 21 rehabilitated as part of the proposed research and development project that was used primarily and 22 continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use and was not 23 accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office, research and development, or retail use, 24 for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of a research and development project subject to 25 this Section or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.

1	(33) "Net addition of gross square feet of retail space." shall mean gross floor area as
2	defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, retail
3	use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed retail
4	development project that was used primarily and continuously for entertainment, hotel, office, research
5	and development, or retail use and was not accessory to any use other than entertainment, hotel, office,
6	research and development, or retail use, for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of a
7	retail development project subject to this Section,or for the life of the structure demolished or
8	rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
9	(34) "Office development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,
10	conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross
11	square feet of office use.
12	(35) (A) "Office use" shall mean space within a structure or portion thereof intended or
13	primarily suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which perform, provide for their own benefit, or
14	provide to others at that location services including, but not limited to, the following: Professional,
15	banking; insurance; management; consulting; technical; sales; and design; and the non-accessory
16	office functions of manufacturing and warehousing businesses; all uses encompassed within the
17	definition of "office" at Section 219 of this Code; multimedia, software development, web design,
18	electronic commerce, information technology and other computer based technology; provided,
19	however, that for purposes of this Section it shall include all uses encompassed within the definition of
20	"administrative services" at Section 790.106 or Section 890.106 of this Code; all "business or
21	professional services" as proscribed at Section 890.108 of this Code excepting only those uses which
22	are limited to the Chinatown Mixed Use District; all "business services," as described at Section
23	890.11 of this Code which are conducted in space designated for office use under the San Francisco
24	Building Code and which are not excluded pursuant to Subsection B below.
25	

1 (B) Under this ordinance, "office use" shall exclude: retail uses; repair; any business 2 characterized by the physical transfer of tangible goods to customers on the premises; wholesale 3 shipping, receiving and storage; research and development; and design showcases or any other space 4 intended and primarily suitable for display of goods. (36) "Ordinance" shall mean San Francisco Planning Code Sections 313.1 through 313.14. 5 6 (37) "Owned unit." shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households which is a 7 condominium, stock cooperative, community apartment, or detached single-family home. The owner or 8 owners of an owned unit must occupy the unit as their primary residence. 9 (38) "Owner." shall mean tThe record owner of the fee or a vendee in possession. 10 (39) "Rent" or "rental." shall mean the total charges for rent, utilities, and related housing 11 services to each household occupying an affordable unit. (40) "Rental unit." shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households which is not a 12 13 condominium, stock cooperative, or community apartment. 14 (41) "Research and Development ("R&D") project" shall mean any new construction, 15 addition, extension, conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which 16 includes any gross square feet of R&D use. 17 (42) "Research and development use" shall mean space within any structure or portion thereof 18 intended or primarily suitable for basic and applied research or systematic use of research knowledge 19 for the production of materials, devices, systems, information or methods, including design, 20 development and improvement of products and processing, including biotechnology, which involves the 21 integration of natural and engineering sciences and advanced biological techniques using organisms, 22 cells, and parts thereof for products and services, excluding laboratories which are defined as light 23 manufacturing uses consistent with Section 226 of the Planning Code. 24

25

1	(43) "Retail development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,					
2	conversion, or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross					
3	square feet of retail use.					
4	(44) "Retail use" shall mean space within any structure or portion thereof intended or primarily					
5	suitable for occupancy by:					
6	(A) Persons or entities which supply commodities to customers on the premises including,					
7	but not limited to, stores, shops, restaurants, bars, eating and drinking businesses, and the uses defined					
8	in San Francisco Planning Code Sections 218 and 220 through 225, and also including all space					
9	accessory to such retail use; and					
10	(B) All space accessory to such retail use.					
11	(45) "Section 6932." shall mean Section 6932 of Title 25 of the California Code of					
12	Regulations as such section applies to the County of San Francisco.					
13	(46) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction of an office					
14	development project subject to this Section, such applicants' successors and assigns, and/or any entity					
15	which controls or is under common control with such applicant.					
16	(47) "Stock cooperative." shall be as defined in California Business and Professions Code					
17	Section 11003.2.					
18	SEC. <u>413.3.</u> <del>313.3.</del> APPLICATION.					
19	(a) Where an environmental evaluation application for the development project is					
20	filed on or after January 1, 1999, Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance shall apply to:					
21	(1) Any entertainment development project proposing the net addition of 25,000 or					
22	more square feet of entertainment space;					
23	(2) Any hotel development project proposing the net addition of 25,000 or more					
24	square feet of hotel space;					
25						

1 (3) Any office development project proposing the net addition of 25,000 or more 2 square feet of office space;

- 3 (4) Any research and development project proposing the net addition of 25,000 or
  4 more square feet of research and development space; and
- 5 (5) Any retail development project proposing the net addition of 25,000 or more
  6 square feet of retail space, except as provided by Subsection (b)(8) below.
- 7

(b) <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> This ordinance shall not apply to:

8 (1) Any development project other than a development project described in 9 Subsection (a) of this Section, including those portions of a development project consisting of 10 the net addition of square feet of any type of space not described in Subsection (a) of this 11 Section;

- 12 (2) Those portions of a development project described in Subsection (a) of this
  13 Section located on property owned by the United States or any of its agencies or leased by
  14 the United States or any of its agencies for a period in excess of 50 years, with the exception
  15 of such property not used exclusively for a governmental purpose;
- 16 (3) Those portions of a development project described in Subsection (a) of this
  17 Section located on property owned by the State of California or any of its agencies, with the
  18 exception of such property not used exclusively for a governmental or educational purpose;
- (4) Those portions of a development project described in Subsection (a) of this
   Section located on property under the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Redevelopment
- Agency or the Port of San Francisco where the application of <u>Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance</u>
  is prohibited by California or local law;
- (5) Any office development project approved by the *Planning* Commission prior to
  August 18, 1985 that was not subject to the Interim Guidelines; or
- 25

(6) Any office development project approved by the *Planning* Commission prior to
 August 18, 1985 that was subject to the Interim Guidelines. If the action of the *Planning* Commission affecting such office development project is thereafter modified, superseded,
 vacated, or reversed by the Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action in
 a manner affecting the amount of housing required under the Interim Guidelines, the permit
 application on remand to the *Planning* Commission shall remain subject to the Interim
 Guidelines.

8 (7) Any major phase or development project in Mission Bay North or South to the 9 extent application of <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance would be inconsistent with the Mission 10 Bay North Redevelopment Plan and Interagency Cooperation Agreement or the Mission Bay 11 South Redevelopment Plan and Interagency Cooperation Agreement, as applicable.

12 (8) Any (i) free-standing retail use, encompassed in the definition of "pharmacy" as 13 proscribed in Section 790.48(b) of this Code and which does not exceed more than 50,000 14 square feet of retail or other space; or (ii) any free-standing retail use encompassed in the 15 definition of "general grocery" proscribed in Section 790.102(a) of this Code, and which does 16 not exceed more than 75,000 square feet of retail or other space; or (iii) any mixed-use space 17 consisting of residential space and pharmacy retail space not exceeding 50,000 square feet, 18 or general grocery retail space not exceeding 75,000 square feet. For purposes of this Section, the term "free-standing" shall mean an independent building or structure used 19 20 exclusively by a single use and any accessory uses, and that is not part of a larger 21 development project on the same environmental evaluation application. 22 SEC. 413.4 313.4. IMPOSITION OF HOUSING REQUIREMENT. 23 (a) Determination of Requirements. The Planning Department or the Planning

24 Commission shall determine the applicability of Section 413.1 et seq. to any development project

25 <u>requiring a building or site permit, and if Section 413.1 et seq. is applicable, the number of gross</u>

1	<u>square feet of each type of space subject to its requirements, and</u> shall impose <u>these requirements as</u> a					
2	condition of on the approval for issuance of the building or site permit for the development project					
3	application for a development project subject to this ordinance in order to mitigate the impact on the					
4	availability of housing which will be caused by the employment facilitated by the development					
5	<i>that</i> project. <i>The condition shall require that the applicant pay or contribute land suitable for housing</i>					
6	to a housing developer to construct housing or pay an in-lieu fee to the City Treasurer which shall					
7	thereafter be used exclusively for the development of housing affordable to households of lower or					
8	moderate income. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the Department					
9	in this determination.					
10	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. After the Department has					
11	made its final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each type of space subject to					
12	Section 413.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its					
13	determination in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.					
14	(c) Sponsor's Choice to Fulfill Requirements. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit					
15	for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 413.1 et seq., the sponsor shall elect					
16	one of the three options listed below to fulfill any requirements imposed as a condition of approval and					
17	notify the Department of their choice of the following:					
18	(1) Contribute of a sum or land of value at least equivalent to the in-lieu fee, according to					
19	the formulas set forth in Section 413.6, to one or more housing developers who will use the funds or					
20	land to construct housing units pursuant to Section 413.5; or					
21	(2) Pay an in-lieu fee to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI according to the					
22	formula set forth in Section 413.6; or					
23	(3) Combine the above options pursuant to Section 413.8.					
24	(b) Prior to either the Department's or the Commission's approval of a building or site					
25	permit for a development project subject to this ordinance, the Department shall issue a notice					

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complying with Planning Code Section 306.3 setting forth its initial determination of the net addition of

- 2 gross square feet of each type of space subject to this ordinance.
- Any person may appeal the initial determination by delivering an appeal in writing to 3 (c)the Department within 15 days of such notice. If the initial determination is not appealed within the 4 5 time allotted, the initial determination shall become a final determination. If the initial determination is 6 appealed, the Commission shall schedule a public hearing prior to the approval of the development 7 project by the Department or the Commission to determine the net addition of gross square feet of each 8 type of space subject to this ordinance. The public hearing may be scheduled separately or 9 simultaneously with a hearing under Planning Code Sections 139(g), 306.2, 309(h), 314.5, 315.3 or a 10 Discretionary Review hearing under San Francisco Municipal Code Part III, Section 26. The 11 Commission shall make a final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each type of 12 space subject to this ordinance at the hearing. 13 (d) The final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each type of space 14 subject to this ordinance shall be set forth in the conditions of approval of any building or site permit 15 application approved by the Department or the Commission. The Planning Department shall notify the 16 Treasurer, DBI, and MOH of the final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each 17 type of space subject to this ordinance within 30 days following the date of final determination. 18 (d) Department's Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Sponsor's Choice. After the 19 project sponsor has notified the Department of the choice to fulfill the requirements of Section 413.1 et 20 seq., the Department shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of the 21 project sponsor's choice. 22 Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the First (e)23 *Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing* 24 or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any 25 development project subject to Section 413.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of the

requirements with an option other than payment of an in-lieu fee. If the Department notifies the Unit at
 such time that the sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny any and
 all certificates of occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements
 of Section 413.1 et seq.

5 Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the (e) 6 Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to 7 Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance and such action is subsequently thereafter modified. 8 superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by 9 court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) shall be followed. permit application for such 10 development project shall be remanded to the Commission to determine whether the proposed project 11 has been changed in a manner which affects the calculation of the amount of housing required under 12 this ordinance and, if so, the Commission shall revise the housing requirement imposed on the permit 13 application in compliance with this ordinance within 60 days of such remand and notify the sponsor in 14 writing of such revision or that a revision is not required. If the net addition of gross square feet of any 15 type of space subject to this ordinance is revised, the Commission shall notify the Treasurer, DBI and 16 MOH of the nature and extent of the revision. 17 (f)The sponsor shall supply all information to the Department and the Commission 18 necessary to make a determination as to the applicability of this ordinance and the number of gross square feet of each type of space subject to this ordinance. 19 20 (g) The sponsor of any development project subject to this ordinance shall have the option 21 <del>of:</del> 22 (1) Contributing a sum or land of value at least equivalent to the in-lieu fee according to the 23 formulas set forth in Section 313.6 to one or more housing developers who will use the funds or land to 24 construct housing units pursuant to Section 313.5 for each type of space subject to this ordinance; or 25

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(2) Paying an in-lieu fee to the Treasurer according to the formula set forth in Section 313.6

- 2 for each type of space subject to this ordinance; or
- 3 (3) Combining the above options pursuant to Section 313.7 for each type of space subject to
  4 this ordinance.

5 SEC. <u>413.5</u> <del>313.5</del>. COMPLIANCE <u>THROUGH</u> <u>BY</u> PAYMENT TO HOUSING
6 DEVELOPER.

(a) If the sponsor elects to pay a sum or contribute land of value at least equivalent
to the in-lieu fee to one or more housing developers to meet the requirements of <u>Section 413.1</u>
<u>et seq.</u> in this ordinance, the housing developer or developers shall be required to construct at
least the number of housing units determined by the following formulas for each type of space
proposed as part of the development project and subject to <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance:

- 13 Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft.  $\times$  .000140 = Housing Units 14 **Entertainment Space** 15 Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft.  $\times$  .000110 = Housing Units 16 Hotel Space 17 Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft.  $\times$  .000270 = Housing Units 18 **Office Space** 19 Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. 20  $\times$  .000200 = Housing Units **R&D** Space 21 Net Addition Gross sq. Ft. 22  $\times$  .000140 = Housing Units **Retail Space** 23
- 24
- 25

1 The housing units required to be constructed under the above formula must be 2 affordable to qualifying households continuously for 50 years. If the sponsor elects to 3 contribute to more than one distinct housing development under this Section, the sponsor 4 shall not receive credit for its monetary contribution to any one development in excess of the 5 amount of the in-lieu fee, as adjusted under Section <u>413.6</u> <u>313.6</u>, multiplied by the number of 6 units in such housing development.

7 (b) Within one year of the final determination under Section 313.4(c) or a revised final
8 determination under Section 313.4(e), or pPrior to the issuance by DBI of the <u>first</u> site or building
9 permit for a development project subject to <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, whichever occurs
10 first, the sponsor shall submit to the <u>Planning</u> Department, with a copy to MOH:

(1) A written housing development plan identifying the housing project or projects to
 receive funds or land from the sponsor and the proposed mechanism for enforcing the
 requirement that the housing units constructed will be affordable to qualifying households for
 50 years; and

15 (2) A certification that the sponsor has made a binding commitment to contribute an 16 amount of money or land of value at least equivalent to the amount of the in-lieu fee that 17 would otherwise be required under Section <u>413.6</u> <u>313.6</u> to one or more housing developers 18 and that the housing developer or developers shall use such funds or lands to develop the 19 housing subject to this Section.

(3) A self-contained appraisal report as defined by the Uniform Standards of
Professional Appraisal Practice prepared by an M.A.I. appraiser of the fair market value of any
land to be contributed by the sponsor to a housing developer. The date of value of the
appraisal shall be the date on which the sponsor submits the housing development plan and
certification to the *Planning* Department.

25

1 If the sponsor fails to comply with these requirements within one year of the final 2 determination or revised final determination, it shall be deemed to have elected to pay the in-3 lieu fee under Section 413.6 <del>313.6</del>, and any deferral surcharge, in order to comply with Section 4 413.1 et seq. this ordinance. In the event that the sponsor fails to pay the in-lieu fee within the 5 time required by Section 413.6 313.6, DBI shall deny any and all site or building permits or 6 certificates of occupancy for the development project until the Treasurer notifies DBI and MOH 7 that such payment has been made or land contributed, and the Development Fee Collection Unit 8 at DBI Treasurer shall immediately initiate lien proceedings against the sponsor's property 9 pursuant to Section 408 of this Article and Section 107A.13 of the San Francisco Building Code 10 313.9 to recover the fee.

11 Within 30 days after the sponsor has submitted a written housing development (c) 12 project plan and, if necessary, an appraisal to the *Planning* Department and MOH under 13 Subsection(b) of this Section, the *Planning* Department shall notify the sponsor in writing of its 14 initial determination as to whether the plan and appraisal are in compliance with this Section, 15 publish the initial determination in the next *Planning* Commission calendar, and cause a public 16 notice to be published in an official newspaper of general circulation stating that such housing 17 development plan has been received and stating the *Planning* Department's initial 18 determination. In making the initial determination for an application where the sponsor elects to contribute land to a housing developer, the *Planning* Department shall consult with the 19 20 Director of Property and include within its initial determination a finding as to the fair market 21 value of the land proposed for contribution to a housing developer. Within 10 days after such 22 written notification and published notice, the sponsor or any other person may request a 23 hearing before the Commission to contest such initial determination. If the *Planning* 24 Department receives no request for a hearing within such 10-day period, the determination of 25 the *Planning* Department shall become a final determination. Upon receipt of any timely

1 request for hearing, the *Planning* Department shall schedule a hearing before the Commission 2 within 30 days. The scope of the hearing shall be limited to the compliance of the housing 3 development plan and appraisal with this Section, and shall not include a challenge to the 4 amount of the housing requirement imposed on the development project by the Department or 5 the Commission. At the hearing, the Commission may either make such revisions to the 6 *Planning* Department's initial determination as it may deem just, or confirm the *Planning* 7 Department's initial determination. The Commission's determination shall then become a final 8 determination, and the *Planning* Department shall provide written notice of the final 9 determination to the sponsor, MOH, and to any person who timely requested a hearing of the 10 *Planning* Department's determination. The *Planning* Department shall also provide written 11 notice to *the Treasurer and* MOH that the housing units to be constructed pursuant to such plan 12 are subject to Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance. 13 (d) In making a determination as to whether a sponsor's housing development plan complies 14 with this Section, the Director of Planning and the Commission shall credit to the sponsor any excess 15 Interim Guideline credits or excess credits that the sponsor elects to apply against its housing 16 requirement. The remaining housing units required shall be subject to the requirements of Subsection 17 (a) of this Section. 18 (d) (e) Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first construction document site or building *permit* for a development project subject to this Section, the sponsor must: 19 20 (1) Provide <u>written</u> evidence to the *Planning* Department in writing that it has paid in 21 full the sum or transferred title of the land required by Subsection (a) of this Section to one or 22 more housing developers; 23 (2) Notify the *Planning* Department that construction of the housing units has 24 commenced, evidenced by:

25

(A) The City's issuance of site and building permits for the entire housing
 development project,

3 (B) Written authorization from the housing developer and the construction lender
4 that construction may proceed,

5 (C) An executed construction contract between the housing developer and a general 6 contractor, and

7 (D) The issuance of a performance bond enforceable by the construction lender for
8 100 percent of the replacement cost of the housing project; and

9 (3) Provide evidence satisfactory to the *Planning* Department that the units required 10 to be constructed will be affordable to qualifying households for 50 years through an

11 enforcement mechanism approved by the *Planning* Department pursuant to Subsections (b)

12 through (d) of this Section.

13 **DBI** shall provide notice in writing to, the Planning Department and MOH at least five business 14 days prior to issuance of the first site or building permit for any development project for which the 15 sponsor elects to pay a sum or contribute land to one or more housing developers. If the Treasurer, or 16 the Planning Department notifies DBI within the five business days that the conditions of (1) through 17 (3) of this Subsection have not been met, DBI shall deny the site or building permits or certificates of 18 occupancy for the development project. Any failure of the Treasurer, DBI or the Planning Department 19 to give any notice under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this Section. 20 Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit, or certificate of occupancy without complying 21 with the requirements of this section, the sponsor shall be deemed to have elected to pay the in-lieu fee 22 pursuant to Section 313.6 and shall immediately be liable for the amount of the fee plus accrued 23 interest in accordance with Section 313.9. In addition, DBI shall not issue any certificate of occupancy 24 for the project without notification from the Treasurer that the sponsor has paid the fee plus any

25 *interest due. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude enforcement of the* 

1 *provisions of this section under any other section of this Code or other authority under the laws of the* 

2 *State of California.* 

3 (e) (f) Where the sponsor elects to pay a sum or contribute land of value equivalent to 4 the in-lieu fee to one or more housing developers, the sponsor's responsibility for completing 5 construction of and maintaining the affordability of housing units constructed ceases from and 6 after the date on which:

7 (1) The conditions of (1) through (3) of Subsection (d) (e) of this Section have been
8 met; and

9 (2) A mechanism has been approved by the Director *of Planning* to enforce the 10 requirement that the housing units constructed will be affordable to qualifying households 11 continuously for 50 years.

- 12 (g) If the project sponsor fails to comply with these requirements prior to issuance of the
- 13 *first certificate of occupancy by DBI, it shall be deemed to have elected to pay the in-lieu fee under*

14 Section 413.6 and the deferral surcharge in order to comply with Section 413.1 et seq. DBI shall deny

15 *any and all certificates of occupancy for the development project until such payment has been made.* 

16 Where the sponsor initially elects to pay a sum and/or contribute land of value equivalent to the in-lieu

- 17 *fee to one or more housing developers, but subsequently decides instead to pay the in-lieu fee, the*
- 18 *sponsor shall immediately be liable for the amount of the in-lieu fee under Section 313.6 and interest in*
- 19 *accordance with Section 313.9.*
- 20

SEC. <u>413.6.</u> COMPLIANCE <u>BY</u> THROUGH PAYMENT OF IN-LIEU FEE.

21

(a) *Commencing on March 11, 1999, the amount of the fee which may be paid by the* 

- 22 sponsor of a development project subject to this ordinance in lieu of developing and providing the
- 23 *housing required by Section 313.5 shall be determined by the following formulas for each type of space*
- 24 *proposed as part of the development project and subject to this ordinance.*
- 25

			i
1			<del>\$10.57 = Total</del>
2	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Entertainment Space	×	Fee-
3			<del>\$8.50 = Total</del>
4	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Hotel Space	×	Fee_
5			<del>\$11.34 = Total</del>
6	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Office Space	×	Fee_
7			
8	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Research and		<del>\$7.55 = Total</del>
9	<del>Development</del>	<del>x-</del>	<del>Fee</del>
10			<del>\$10.57 = Total</del>
11	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Retail Space	×	Fee_

(b) (1) Commencing on January 1, 2002, the amount of the fee which may be paid
 by the sponsor of a development project subject to <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance in lieu of
 developing and providing the housing required by Section <u>413.5</u> <del>313.5</del> shall be determined by
 the following formulas for each type of space proposed as part of the development project and
 subject to <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance:

17				
18	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Entertainment			\$13.95 = Total
19	Space	х	Fee	
20				\$11.21 = Total
21	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Hotel Space	х	Fee	
22				\$14.96 = Total
23	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Office Space	х	Fee	
24	Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. R & D Space			\$9.97 = Total
25				

			_	]
		X	Fee	-
Net Addition Gross Sq. Ft. Retail Space			\$13.95 = Total	
		х	Fee	
(2)	Commencing on January 1, 2009, the an	nount d	of the fee which may be p	paid
the sponsor	of a development project subject to Section	1 413.1	<u>et seq.</u> this ordinance in lie	eu of
developing a	and providing the housing required by Sec	tion <u>41</u>	<u>3.5</u>	ined
the following	formulas for each type of space proposed	l as pa	art of the development pr	oject
subject to Se	ection 413.1 et seq. this ordinance:			
Net A	ddition Gross Sq. Ft. IPDR or S.E.W.		\$15.69 = Total	
Space		x	Fee	
(A)	Integrated PDR or IPDR, is defined in Se	ection 8	390.49 of <i>the Planning</i> <u>this</u>	<u>s</u> Coc
(B)	Small Enterprise Workspaces or S.E.W.,	is defi	ned in Section 227(t) of	<del>the</del>
Planning this	Code.			
<u>(b)</u> (c)	No later than July 1 of each year, <i>the Ma</i> y	<del>vor's Oj</del>	ffice of Housing <u>MOH</u> sha	ll adj
the in <u>-l</u> ieu fe	e payment option and provide a report on	its adj	ustment to the Board of	
Supervisors	. <i>The Mayor's Office of Housing <u>MOH</u> shall p</i>	rovide	notice of any fee adjustr	nent
its website a	it least 30 days prior to the adjustment taki	ng effe	ect. <i>The Mayor's Office of I</i>	Hous
<u>MOH</u> is auth	orized to develop an appropriate methodo	logy fo	or indexing the fee, based	d on
adjustments	in the costs of constructing housing and ir	n the p	rice of housing in San Fr	anci
consistent w	rith the indexing for the Residential Inclusion	onary A	Affordable Housing Progr	ram i
lieu fee set o	out in <i><del>Planning Code</del> Section <u>415.6</u> <del>315.6</del>. Th</i>	ne met	hod of indexing shall be	
published in	the Procedures Manual for the Residentia	l Inclu	sionary Affordable Housi	ng
Program. In	making a determination as to the amount	of the f	fee to be paid, the <i>Planni</i>	ing

Department shall credit to the sponsor any excess Interim Guideline credits or excess credits
 which the sponsor elects to apply against its housing requirement.

- 3 (c) Any in-lieu fee required under this Section is due and payable to the Development Fee 4 Collection Unit at DBI prior to issuance of the first construction document, with an option for the 5 project sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing 6 to pay a deferral surcharge that would be deposited into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund in 7 accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco Building Code. 8 (d) Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a development project 9 subject to this ordinance, the sponsor must notify the Planning Department and MHO in writing that it 10 has either (i) satisfied the conditions of Section 313.5(e), (ii) paid in full the sum required by this 11 Section to the Treasurer, or (iii) satisfied the conditions of Section 328. If the sponsor fails by the
- 12 *applicable date to demonstrate to the Planning Department that the sponsor has satisfied the*
- 13 *conditions of Section 313.5(e) or paid the applicable sum in full to the Treasurer, DBI shall deny any*
- 14 *and all site or building permits or certificates of occupancy for the development project until the*
- 15 *Treasurer notifies DBI and MOH that such payment has been made, and the Treasurer shall*
- 16 *immediately initiate lien proceedings against the sponsor's property pursuant to Section 313.9 to*
- 17 *recover the fee.*
- (e) Upon payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer and upon request of the sponsor, the
   Treasurer shall issue a certification that the fee has been paid. The sponsor shall present such
- 20 *certification to the Planning Department, DBI and MOH prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or*
- 21 *building permit or certificate of occupancy for the development project. DBI shall not issue the site or*
- 22 *building permit or certificate of occupancy without proof of payment of the fee from the Treasurer. Any*
- 23 *failure of the Treasurer, DBI or the Planning Department to give any notice under this Section shall*
- 24 not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or
- 25 *building permit without payment of the fee, DBI shall not issue any certificate of occupancy for the*

1 project without notification from the Treasurer that the fee required by this Section has been paid. The 2 procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude enforcement of the provisions of this 3 Section pursuant to any other section of this Code, or other authority under the laws of the State of 4 California. 5 SEC. 413.7. INTEGRATED PDR EXCEPTION. An exception to this process exists for 6 Integrated PDR projects that are subject to Section 428 328 of the Planning this Code, for 7 which only 50% of the fees must be paid before the issuance of the *first construction document* 8 or *final* first certificate of occupancy with a deferral surcharge, whichever applies. SEC. 413.8 313.7. COMPLIANCE THROUGH BY COMBINATION OF PAYMENT TO 9 10 HOUSING DEVELOPER AND PAYMENT OF IN-LIEU FEE. 11 The sponsor of a development project subject to Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance may 12 elect to satisfy its housing requirement by a combination of paying money or contributing land 13 to one or more housing developers under Section 413.5 313.5 and paying a partial amount of 14 the in-lieu fee to *the Treasurer* the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI under Section 413.6 15 313.6. In the case of such election, the sponsor must pay a sum such that each gross square 16 foot of net addition of each type of space subject to Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance is 17 accounted for in either the payment of a sum or contribution of land to one or more housing 18 developers or the payment of a fee to *the Treasurer* the Development Fee Collection Unit. The housing units constructed by a housing developer must conform to all requirements of Section 19 20 413.1 et seq. this ordinance, including, but not limited to, the proportion that must be affordable 21 to qualifying households as set forth in Section 413.5 313.5. All of the requirements of Sections 22 413.5 313.5 and 413.6 313.6 shall apply, including the requirements with respect to the timing of 23 issuance of site and building permits and certificates of occupancy for the development

24 project and payment of the in-lieu fee.

## 25 <u>SEC. 313.8. TRANSFER OF HOUSING CREDITS.</u>

1

(a) In determining whether a sponsor is in compliance with this ordinance, the Planning

- 2 *Department or the Commission shall credit against all or part of a housing requirement for any*
- 3 sponsor of any development project credits, which shall be denominated "excess Interim Guidelines
- 4

credits," obtained by the sponsor which:

- (1) Have received final approval under the Interim Guidelines as of August 18, 1985, but
   which have not been applied to a development project because the development project has not been
   approved by the Planning Department or the Commission or which are in excess of those credits
- 8 *required to satisfy the housing requirement under the Interim Guidelines; or*
- 9 (2) Have received preliminary approval prior to August 18, 1985, received final approval
- 10 *within six months of August 18, 1985, and are in excess of those credits required to satisfy the housing*
- 11 *requirement under the Interim Guidelines or this ordinance. This six-month period may be extended for*
- 12 *a maximum of two six-month periods where, based upon evidence submitted by the sponsor, the*
- 13 Planning Department or Planning Commission determine within six months of August 18, 1985, or
- 14 *within a six-month extension, that (1) there is good cause for an extension or an additional extension,*
- 15 (2) the failure to obtain final approval of credits is beyond the sponsor's immediate control, and (3) the
- 16 *sponsor has made a reasonable effort to obtain final approval of credits.*

17 *Excess Interim Guideline credits may be applied against a sponsor's housing requirement under* 

- 18 *this ordinance on the basis of two and three tenths* (2.3) *excess Interim Guideline credits against one*
- 19 *housing unit required to be provided under Section 313.5. Excess Interim Guideline Credits may be*
- 20 *applied against a sponsor's housing requirement under this ordinance only for those projects obtaining*
- 21 *project authorizations as defined in Planning Code Section 320(h) on or before February 28, 1999. No*
- 22 *excess Interim Guideline Credits may be applied against a sponsor's housing requirement for any*
- 23 project authorization issued after that date. The Planning Department shall notify MOH of credits
- 24 *applied to the sponsor's housing requirement under this Section 313.8(a).*
- 25

1	(b) In making their determination as to whether a sponsor's housing development plan
2	complies with Sections 313.5, 313.6, and 313.7, the Planning Department or the Commission shall
3	credit to the sponsor any housing units constructed or in-lieu fee paid in excess of that required to
4	satisfy the housing unit requirement under this ordinance, which shall be denominated "excess credits."
5	The Planning Department or the Commission shall permit the transfer of any excess credits received
6	under this ordinance to be applied to satisfy all or part of a housing requirement for any other
7	development project that is subject to the provisions of this ordinance, and shall notify the MOH of
8	such permitted transfer. Each excess credit shall be equivalent to one housing unit as computed under
9	Section 313.5. Excess credits may be obtained only under Section 313.11 or if:
10	(1) They have been obtained after the commencement of construction of housing in
11	compliance with all of the requirements of Section 313.5, the payment of a sum or contribution of land
12	to one or more housing developers in compliance with all of the requirements of Section 313.5, or
13	payment of an in-lieu fee to the Treasurer in compliance with all of the requirements of Section 313.6
14	or a combination of the above under Section 313.7. Compliance with these sections requires
15	construction of the total number of housing units required, the percentage of such units which must be
16	affordable to qualifying households, and the establishment of a mechanism approved by the Planning
17	Department to enforce the requirement that the units constructed will be affordable for 50 years to
18	qualifying households; and
19	(2) The excess credits result from either:
20	(A) Abandonment of the development project that received approval by the Planning
21	Department or the Commission as evidenced by cancellation of the site or building permit or the site or
22	building permit application; or
23	(B) A decrease in the net addition of gross square feet of each type of space subject to this
24	ordinance as a result of Planning Department, Commission, Board of Appeals, Board of Supervisors,
25	or court action taken after:

- 1 The amount of such net addition of gross square feet of each type of space subject to this (i)2 ordinance has been determined by the Planning Department or Commission under Section 313.4: and 3 The sponsor has paid a sum to one or more housing developers and construction of the <del>(ii)</del> housing units has commenced under Section 313.5, or the sponsor has paid an in-lieu fee under Section 4 5 313.6, or a combination of the above under Section 313.7. 6 Excess credits may be applied against a sponsor's housing requirement under this ordinance 7 only for those applications for a building or site permit filed within three years of the date on which the
- 8 *excess credits are issued. The date on which such excess credits are issued shall be the earlier of the*
- 9 sponsor's abandonment of the development project under which the credits were obtained as evidenced
- 10 *by the cancellation of the site or building permit or the site or building permit application, the*
- 11 *commencement of construction of each of the housing units under Section 313.5, or the payment of the*
- 12 *in-lieu fee under Section 313.6 with respect to such credits. No excess credits may be applied against a*
- 13 *sponsor's housing requirement for any application for a building or site permit filed after that date.*
- 14 (c) If the number of excess credits or excess Interim Guidelines credits held by a sponsor is
- 15 *not sufficient to satisfy the entire housing requirement of that sponsor's development project subject to*
- 16 *the provisions of this ordinance, including, but not limited to the requirement that a percentage of the*
- 17 *housing units must be affordable to qualifying households, then the balance of the housing requirement*
- 18 *shall be satisfied in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, including the requirement set*
- 19 *forth in Section 313.5 that the units constructed must be affordable to qualifying households.*
- 20 (d) Excess credits and excess Interim Guideline credits may be transferred from one
- 21 sponsor to another only if:
- 22

(1) The Planning Department has been notified in writing of the proposed transfer of the

- 23 credits;
- 24 (2) The Planning Department has determined that the transfer or sponsor has obtained the
   25 credits through meeting the requirements of either Subsection (a) or (b) of this Section; and

1

7

(3) The transfer is made in writing, a true copy of which is provided to the Planning

- 2 *Department*.
- 3 (e) The City makes no warranties that any excess credits or excess Interim Guidelines
- 4 *credits will be marketable during the period in which this ordinance is in effect or thereafter. The City*
- 5 *makes no warranties that an applicant possessing excess credits or excess Interim Guidelines credits is*
- 6 *entitled to Commission approval of a development project subject to this ordinance* 
  - SEC. 413.9. 313.9. LIEN PROCEEDINGS.
- 8 (a) A <u>project</u> sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Sections <u>413.5</u>,
- 9 <u>413.6</u> <del>313.5, 313.6</del> and <u>413.7</u> <del>313.7</del> shall *constitute* <u>be</u> cause for the <u>City</u> <u>Development Fee</u>
- 10 <u>Collection Unit at DBI</u> to record a institute lien proceedings to make the in-lieu fee, as adjusted under
- 11 <u>Section 413.6, plus interest and any deferral surcharge, a lien</u> against <u>all parcels used for</u> the
- 12 development project *under this ordinance*, as adjusted under Section 313.6 in accordance with
- 13 <u>Section 408 of this Article and Section 107A.13.15 of the San Francisco Building Code</u>. The fee
- 14 *required by this ordinance is due and payable to the Treasurer prior to issuance of the first building or*
- 15 *site permit for the development project. If, for any reason, the fee remains unpaid following issuance of*
- 16 *the permit, any amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or*
- 17 *fraction thereof, from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment.*
- 18 (b) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following
- 19 *issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of*
- 20 *Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee,*
- 21 *including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development project and shall send all notices*
- 22 *required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall also*
- 23 *prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of*
- 24 Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the
- 25 sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development project, a description of the parcels of real

1	property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description
2	of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The
3	Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of
4	real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fee authorize by Administrative
5	Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in
6	trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund established in Section
7	<del>313.12.</del>
8	(c) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or
9	served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or
10	owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor
11	or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the
12	mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development
13	project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application.
14	SEC. 313.10. IN-LIEU FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING PERMIT EXPIRES PRIOR TO
15	COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY.
16	In the event a building permit expires prior to completion of the work on and commencement of
17	occupancy of a development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to carry out any
18	development, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled, and any in-lieu fee
19	previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new permit,
20	the procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding construction of housing or payment of the in-lieu
21	fee shall be followed.
22	SEC. 313.11. ONE-TIME FEE PAYMENT.
23	In the event that a development project for which housing units have been constructed or an in-
24	lieu fee has been fully paid is demolished or converted to a use or uses not subject to this ordinance
25	prior to the expiration of its estimated useful life, the City shall either grant to the sponsor excess
	Mayor Newsom, Supervisor Dufty

1 credits transferable under Section 313.8 for a portion of any housing units actually constructed and for 2 which a certificate of occupancy has been issued, or refund to the sponsor a portion of the amount of 3 an in-lieu fee paid. The portion of excess credits granted or the fee refunded shall be determined on a pro rata basis according to the ratio of the remaining useful life of the project at the time of demolition 4 5 or conversion in relation to its total useful life. For purposes of. this ordinance, the useful life of a 6 development project shall be 50 years. 7 SEC. 413.10. 313.12. CITYWIDE AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND. All monies 8 contributed pursuant to Sections 413.6 313.6 or 413.8 313.7 or assessed pursuant to Section 9 413.9 313.9 shall be deposited in the special fund maintained by the Controller called the 10 Citywide Affordable Housing Fund ("Fund"). The receipts in the Fund are hereby appropriated 11 in accordance with law to be used solely to increase the supply of housing affordable to 12 qualifying households subject to the conditions of this Section. The Fund shall be 13 administered and expended by the Director of MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing, who shall 14 have the authority to prescribe rules and regulations governing the Fund which are consistent 15 with Section 413.1 et seq. this ordinance. No portion of the Fund may be used, by way of loan or 16 otherwise, to pay any administrative, general overhead, or similar expense of any entity, except 17 that \$10,000 from the Fund shall be allocated by the Director within six months following the effective 18 date of this ordinance to pay consultants for conducting research necessary to support the "Jobs 19 Housing Nexus Analysis," prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc., and dated June 1997. SEC. 413.11 313.13. DIRECTOR OF PLANNING'S EVALUATION. 20 21 Within 18 months following the effective date of this ordinance, the Director of Planning shall

- 22 *report to the Commission, the Board of Supervisors, and the Mayor on the current supply and demand*
- 23 *of affordable housing in the City, the status of compliance with this ordinance and the efficacy of this*
- 24 ordinance in mitigating the City's shortage of affordable housing available to employees working in
- 25 *development projects subject to this ordinance. Thereafter, i If* in the discretion of the Director of

1 Planning there has been a substantial change in the San Francisco and/or regional

2 economies since the effective date of <u>the requirements of Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, the

3 Director *of Planning* may recommend to the Commission, the Board of Supervisors, and the

4 Mayor that <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance be amended or rescinded to alleviate any undue

5 burden on commercial development in the City that <u>Section 413.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance may

6 impose.

7

## SEC. 313.14. PARTIAL INVALIDITY AND SEVERABILITY.

8 *If any provision of this ordinance, or its application to any development project or to any* 

9 *geographical area of the City, is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance, or the application of* 

10 such provision to other development projects or to any other geographical areas of the City, shall not

11 *be affected thereby.* 

12 <u>SEC. 313.15. STUDY.</u>

13 *No later than July 1, 2001, and every five years thereafter, the Director of Planning shall* 

14 *complete a study to determine the demand for housing created by various types of commercial* 

15 *development in San Francisco and, based on the study, recommend to the Board of Supervisors* 

16 *changes in the requirements for housing construction and in lieu fees imposed on commercial* 

17 *development in this ordinance if necessary to help meet that demand.* 

18 SEC. <u>414 (formerly Section 314)</u>. CHILD-CARE REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFICE AND
 19 HOTEL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.

20 <u>Sections 414.1 through 414.15 (hereafter referred to as Section 414.1 et seq.) set forth the Child</u>

21 <u>Care requirements for Office and Hotel Development Projects. The effective date of these requirements</u>

- 22 *shall be either September 6, 1985, which is the date that the requirements originally became effective,*
- 23 or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective. When the words "this Section" appear
- 24 *in Sections 314.1 through 314.8, they shall be construed to mean "Sections 314.1 through 314.8."*
- 25

SEC. <u>414.1.</u> <del>314.1.</del> SEC. <u>414.2</u> <del>314.2</del>. FINDINGS. The Board hereby finds and declares
 as follows:

<u>A.</u> Large-scale office and hotel developments in the City *and County of San Francisco* (*hereinafter "City"*) have attracted and continue to attract additional employees to the City, and there is a causal connection between such developments and the need for additional childcare facilities in the City, particularly child-care facilities affordable to households of low and moderate income.

8 В. Office and hotel uses in the City are benefitted by the availability of child care for 9 persons employed in such offices and hotels close to their place of employment. However, the 10 supply of child care in the City has not kept pace with the demand for child care created by these new employees. Due to this shortage of child care, employers will have difficulty in 11 12 securing a labor force, and employees unable to find accessible and affordable quality child 13 care will be forced either to work where such services are available outside of San Francisco. 14 or leave the work force entirely, in some cases seeking public assistance to support their 15 children. In either case, there will be a detrimental effect on San Francisco's economy and its 16 quality of life.

17 <u>C.</u> Projections from the EIR for the Downtown Plan indicate that between 1984 and 18 2000 there will be a significant increase of nearly 100,000 jobs in the C-3 District under the 19 Downtown Plan. Most of that employment growth will occur in office and hotel work, which 20 consist of a predominantly female work force.

21 <u>D.</u> According to the survey conducted of C-3 District workers in 1981, 65 percent of 22 the work force was between the ages of 25-44. These are the prime childbearing years for 23 women, and the prime fathering years for men. The survey also indicated that only 12 percent 24 of the C-3 District jobs were part-time, leaving up to 88 percent of the positions occupied by 25 full-time workers. All of these factors point to the inevitable increase in the number of working

parents in the C-3 District and the concomitant increase in need for accessible, quality child care.

3 Е. Presently, there exists a scarcity of child care in the C-3 District and citywide for 4 all income groups, but the scarcity is more acutely felt by households of low and moderate 5 income. Hearings held on April 25, 1985 before the Human Services Committee of the San 6 Francisco Board of Supervisors documented the scarcity of child care available in the C-3 7 District, the impediments to child-care program startup and expansion, the increase in the 8 numbers of children needing care, and the acute shortage of supply throughout the Bay Area. 9 The Board of Supervisors also takes legislative notice of the existing and projected shortage 10 of child-care services in the City as documented by the Child-Care Information Kit prepared by 11 the California Child-Care Resources and Referral Network located in San Francisco.

12 The scarcity of child care in the City is due in great part to large office and hotel *F*. 13 development, both within the C-3 District and elsewhere in the City, which has attracted and 14 will continue to attract additional employees and residents to the City. Some of the employees 15 attracted to large office and hotel developments are competing with present residents for the 16 few openings in child-care programs available in the City. Competition for child care generates 17 the greatest pressure on households of low and moderate income. At the same time that large 18 office and hotel development is generating an increased demand for child care, it is 19 improbable that factors inhibiting increased supply of child care will be mitigated by the 20 marketplace; hence, the supply of child care will become increasingly scarce.

21 <u>*G.*</u> The <u>Master San Francisco General</u> Plan encourages "continued growth of prime 22 downtown office activities so long as undesirable consequences of such growth can be 23 avoided" and requires that there be the provision of "adequate amenities for those who live, 24 work and use downtown." In light of these provisions, the City should impose requirements on 25 developers of office and hotel projects designed to mitigate the adverse effects of the

1 expanded employment facilitated by such projects. To that end, the *City Planning* Commission 2 is authorized to promote affirmatively the policies of the San Francisco Master General Plan 3 through the imposition of special child-care development or assessment requirements. It is desirable to impose the costs of the increased burden of providing child care necessitated by 4 5 such office and hotel development projects directly upon the sponsors of new development 6 generating the need. This is to be done through a requirement that the sponsor construct 7 child-care facilities or pay a fee into a fund used to foster the expansion of and to ease access 8 to affordable child care as a condition of the privilege of development.

- 9 <u>SEC. 414.2.</u> 314.1 DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u> The following definitions
   10 shall govern interpretation of this Section.
- (a) "Child-care facility" shall mean a child day-care facility as defined in California Health
   and Safety Code Section 1596.750.
- (b) "Child care provider" shall mean a provider as defined in California Health and Safety
   Code Section 1596.791.
- 15 (c) "Commission" shall mean the City Planning Commission.
- 16 (d) "DBI" shall mean the Department of Building Inspection.
- 17 (e) "Department" shall mean the Department of City Planning.
- 18 (f) "First certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy
- 19 *or a Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy, as defined in San Francisco Building Code*
- 20 Section 109, whichever is issued first.
- 21 (g) "Hotel" shall mean a building containing six or more guest rooms as defined in San
- 22 Francisco Housing Code Section 401 intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or
- 23 *hired out to be occupied, or which are occupied for sleeping purposes and dwelling purposes by guests,*
- 24 *whether rent is paid in money, goods, or services, including motels as defined in San Francisco*
- 25 *Housing Code Section 401.*

1 "Hotel use" shall mean space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily (h)2 suitable for the operation of a hotel, including all office and other uses accessory to the renting of guest 3 rooms, but excluding retail uses and office uses not accessory to the hotel use. "Household of low income" shall mean a household composed of one or more persons 4 (i)5 with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying limit for 6 a lower-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set 7 forth for the County of San Francisco in California Administrative Code Section 6932. 8 "Household of moderate income" shall mean a household composed of one or more (i)9 persons with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed the qualifying 10 limit for a median-income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such 11 household, as set forth for the County of San Francisco in California Administrative Code Section <del>6932.</del> 12 13 (k) "Licensed child-care facility" shall mean a child-care facility which has been issued a 14 valid license by the California Department of Social Services pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Sections 1596.80-1596.875, 1596.95--1597.09, or 1597.30--1597.61. 15 16 "Net addition of gross square feet of hotel space" gross floor area as defined in (l)17 Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, hotel use, less the gross floor 18 area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed hotel development project 19 space used primarily and continuously for office or hotel use and not accessory to any use other than 20 office or hotel use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of the hotel development 21 project subject to this Section or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is 22 shorter. 23 (m) "Net addition of gross square feet of office space" shall mean gross floor area as defined 24 in Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, office use, less the gross floor 25 area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed office development project

1	space used primarily and continuously for office or hotel use and not accessory to any use other than
2	office or hotel use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of the office development
3	project subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is
4	shorter.
5	(n) "Nonprofit child-care provider" shall mean a child-care provider that is an organization
6	organized and operated for nonprofit purposes within the provisions of California Revenue and
7	Taxation Code Sections 2370123710, inclusive, as demonstrated by a written determination from the
8	California Franchise Tax Board exempting the organization from taxes under Revenue and Taxation
9	Code Section 23701.
10	(o) "Nonprofit organization" shall mean an organization organized and operated for
11	nonprofit purposes within the provisions of California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 23701
12	23710, inclusive, as demonstrated by a written determination from the California Franchise Tax Board
13	exempting the organization from taxes under Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701.
14	(p) "Office development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,
15	conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any gross
16	square feet of office space.
17	(q) "Office use" shall mean space within a structure or portion thereof intended or
18	primarily suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which perform, provide for their own benefit, or
19	provide to others at that location services including, but not limited to, the following: Professional,
20	banking, insurance, management, consulting, technical, sales and design, or the office functions of
21	manufacturing and warehousing businesses, but excluding retail uses; repair; any business
22	characterized by the physical transfer of tangible goods to customers on the premises; wholesale
23	shipping, receiving and storage; design showcases or any other space intended and primarily suitable
24	for display of goods; and child-care facilities. This definition shall include all uses encompassed within
25	the meaning of Planning Code Section 219.

1	(r) "Retail use" shall mean space within any structure or portion thereof intended	<del>or</del>				
2	primarily suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which supply commodities to customer	<del>s on the</del>				
3	premises including, but not limited to, stores, shops, restaurants, bars, eating and drinking bu	<del>sinesses,</del>				
4	and the uses defined in Planning Code Sections 218 and 220 through 225, and also including	<del>all space</del>				
5	accessory to such retail use.					
6	(s) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction of an offi	<del>ce or</del>				
7	hotel development project subject to this Section and such applicant's successors and assigns.					
8	SEC. <u>414.3.</u> <del>314.3.</del> APPLICATION.					
9	(a) <i>This</i> Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> shall apply to office and hotel development proj	ects				
10	proposing the net addition of 50,000 or more gross square feet of office or hotel space	Э.				
11	(b) <i>This <u>Section 414.1 et seq.</u></i> shall not apply to:					
12	(1) Any development project other than an office or hotel development project	ect,				
13	including that portion of an office or hotel development project consisting of a retail use;					
14	(2) That portion of an office or hotel development project located on propert	y owned				
15	by the United States or any of its agencies;					
16	(3) That portion of an office or hotel development project located on propert	y owned				
17	by the State of California or any of its agencies, with the exception of such property ne	ot used				
18	exclusively for a governmental purpose;					
19	(4) That portion of an office or hotel development project located on propert	y under				
20	the jurisdiction of the Port of San Francisco or the San Francisco Redevelopment Age	ency				
21	where the application of this Section is prohibited by State or local law; and					
22	(5) Any office or hotel development project approved by the <i>Planning</i> Comm	nission				
23	prior to the effective date of <i>this <u>Section 414.1 et seq.</u></i>					
24	SEC. <u>414.4.</u> 314.4. IMPOSITION OF CHILD CARE REQUIREMENT.					
25						

1	(a) <u>Determination of Requirements.</u> (1) The Department or the Commission shall
2	determine the applicability of Section 414.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or
3	site permit and, if Section 414.1 is applicable, the number of gross square feet of each type of space
4	subject to its requirements, and shall impose these requirements as a conditions of on the approval
5	for issuance of the building or site permit applications for office or hotel the development projects
6	covered by this Section in order to mitigate the impact on the availability of child-care facilities
7	which will be caused by the employees attracted to the proposed development project. The
8	conditions shall require that the sponsor construct or provide a child-care facility on or near the site of
9	the development project, either singly or in conjunction with the sponsors of other office or hotel
10	development projects, or arrange with a nonprofit organization to provide a child-care facility at a
11	location within the City, or pay an in-lieu fee to the City Treasurer which shall thereafter be used
12	exclusively to foster the expansion of and ease access to child-care facilities affordable to households
13	of low or moderate income. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the
14	Department in this determination.
15	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. After the Department has
16	made its final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each type of space subject to
17	Section 414.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its
18	determination in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.
19	(c) Sponsor's Choice to Fulfill Requirements. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit
20	for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 414.1 et seq., the sponsor shall elect
21	one of the six options listed below to fulfill any requirements imposed as a condition of approval and
22	notify the Department of their choice of the following:
23	(1) Provide a child-care facility on the premises of the development project for the life of the
24	project pursuant to Section 414.5; or
25	

1	(2) In conjunction with the sponsors or one or more other development projects subject to
2	Section 414.1 et seq. located within l/2 mile of one another, provide a single child-care facility on the
3	premises of one of their development projects for the life of the project as set forth in Section 414.6; or
4	(3) Either singly or in conjunction with the sponsors or one or more other development
5	projects subject to Section 414.1 et seq. located within l/2 mile of one another, provide a single child-
6	care facility to be located within one mile of the development project(s) pursuant to Section 414.7 ; or
7	(4) Pay an in-lieu fee to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI pursuant to Section
8	<u>414.8; or</u>
9	(5) Combine payment of an in-lieu fee to the Child Care Capital Fund with construction of a
10	child-care facility on the premises or providing child-care facilities near the premises, either singly or
11	in conjunction with other sponsors pursuant to Section 414.9; or
12	(6) Enter into an arrangement pursuant to which a nonprofit organization shall provide a
13	child-care facility at a site within the City pursuant to Section 414.10.
14	(2) Prior to either the Department's or the Commission's approval of a building or site
15	permit for a development project subject to this Section, the Department shall issue a notice complying
16	with Planning Code Section 306.3, setting forth its initial determination of the net addition of gross
17	square feet of office or hotel space subject to this Section.
18	(3) Any person may appeal the initial determination by delivering an appeal in writing to
19	the Department within 15 days of such notice. If the initial determination is not appealed within the
20	time allotted, the initial determination shall become a final determination. If the initial determination is
21	appealed, the Commission shall schedule a public hearing prior to the approval of the development
22	project by the Commission or the Department to determine the net addition of gross square feet of
23	office or hotel space subject to this. The public hearing may be scheduled separately or simultaneously
24	with a hearing under City Planning Code Sections 139, 306.2, 309(h), 313.4, 315.3 or a Discretionary
25	

- 1 *Review hearing under San Francisco Business and Tax Regulations Code Section 26. The Commission*
- 2 *shall make a final determination of the net addition of gross square feet at the hearing.*
- 3 (4) The final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of office or hotel space
   4 subject to Section shall be set forth in the conditions of approval relating to the child-care requirement
- subject to see to set form in the conditions of approval retaining to the child care requirement
- 5 *in any building or site permit application approved by the Department or the Commission. The*
- 6 *Department shall notify the Treasurer of the final determination of the net addition of gross square feet*
- 7 *of office or hotel space subject to this ordinance within 30 days of the date of the final determination.*
- 8 The Department shall notify the Treasurer that the development project is subject to Section prior to
- 9 *the time the Department or the Commission approves the permit application.*
- 10 (d) Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Sponsor's Choice. After the
   11 project sponsor has notified the Department of their choice to fulfill the requirements of Section 414.1
- 12 *et seq., the Department shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of the*
- 13 <u>sponsor's choice.</u>
- 14 (e) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the First
- 15 <u>Certificate of Occupancy</u>. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing
- 16 *or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any*
- 17 *development project subject to Section 414.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of its*
- 18 <u>requirement with an option other than payment of an in-lieu fee. If the Department notifies the Unit at</u>
- 19 *such time that the sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny any and*
- 20 *all certificates of occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements*
- 21 <u>of Section 414.1 et seq.</u>
- 22 (f) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the
- 23 <u>Department or Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 414.1 et</u>
- 24 seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of
- 25

<u>Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article</u>
 shall be followed.

(b)(1) <u>SEC. 414.5. COMPLIANCE BY PROVIDING AN ON-SITE CHILD-CARE FACILITY.</u>
The sponsor of *any a* development to *this* Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> may elect to provide a childcare facility on the premises of the development project for the life of the project to meet the
requirements of *this* Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> The sponsor shall, prior to the issuance of the first
certificate of occupancy by DBI for the development project, provide proof to *the Treasurer and*the Department that:

9 (A) A space on the premises of the development project has been provided to a 10 nonprofit child-care provider without charge for rent, utilities, property taxes, building services, 11 repairs, or any other charges of any nature, as evidenced by a lease and an operating 12 agreement between the sponsor and the provider with minimum terms of three years;

13 (B) The child-care facility is a licensed child-care facility;

14 (C) The child-care facility has a minimum gross floor area of 3,000 square feet or an 15 area determined according to the following formula, whichever is greater:

16	Net add. gross sq. ft. off. or hotel	×	sq. ft. of child-care
17	space	.01 =	facility

In the event that the net addition of gross square feet of office or hotel of the
 development project is less than 300,000 square feet, the child-care facility may have a
 minimum gross floor area of 2,000 square feet or the area determined according to the above
 formula, whichever is greater; and

(D) A notice of special restriction has been recorded stating that the development
 project is subject to *this <u>Section 414.1 et seq.</u>* and is in compliance herewith by providing a child care facility on the premises.

25

## 1 (2) <u>SEC. 414.6. COMPLIANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SPONSORS OF OTHER</u>

## DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS TO PROVIDE AN ON-SITE CHILD-CARE FACILITY AT ONE OF THE

3 <u>PROJECTS.</u> The sponsor of a development project subject to *this* Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> in

4 conjunction with the sponsors of one or more other development projects subject to *this* 

5 Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> located within 1/2 mile of one another may elect to provide a single child-

6 care facility on the premises of one of their development projects for the life of the project to

7 meet the requirements of *this* Section <u>414.1 et seq</u>. The sponsors shall, prior to the issuance of

8 the first certificate of occupancy by DBI for any one of the development projects complying

9 with this part, provide proof to *the Treasurer and* the *Planning* Department that:

10 (A) A space on the premises of one of their development projects has been

11 provided to a nonprofit child-care provider without charge for rent, utilities, property taxes,

12 building services, repairs, or any other charges of any nature, as evidenced by a lease and an

13 operating agreement between the sponsor in whose project the facility will be located and the

14 provider with minimum terms of three years;

15

2

(B) The child-care facility is a licensed child-care facility;

16 (C) The child-care facility has a minimum gross floor area of 3,000 square feet or an 17 area determined according to the following formula, whichever is greater:

18			
19	Combined net add. gross sq. ft. office or hotel	× .01	sq. ft. of
00	space of all participating dev. projects		child-care facility
20		=	

In the event that the net addition of gross square feet of office or hotel space of all
 participating projects is less than 300,000 square feet, the child-care facility may have a
 minimum gross floor area of 2,000 square feet or the area determined according to the above
 formula, whichever is greater; and

25

(D) A written agreement binding each of the participating project sponsors
 guaranteeing that the child-care facility will be provided for the life of the development project
 in which it is located, or for as long as there is a demonstrated demand, as determined under
 *Subsection (h) of this* Section <u>414.12</u> <u>314.4</u>, has been executed and recorded in the chain of title
 of each participating building.

- 6 (3) SEC. 414.7. COMPLIANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SPONSORS OF OTHER 7 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS TO PROVIDE A CHILD-CARE FACILITY WITHIN ONE MILE OF 8 THE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS. The sponsor of a development project subject to this 9 Section 414.1 et seq., either singly or in conjunction with the sponsors of one or more other 10 development projects subject to this Section 414.1 et seq. located within 1/2 mile of one 11 another, may elect to provide a single child-care facility to be located within one mile of the 12 development project(s) to meet the requirements of *this* Section 414.1 et seq. Subject to the 13 discretion of the Department, the child-care facility shall be located so that it is reasonably 14 accessible to public transportation or transportation provided by the sponsor(s). The 15 sponsor(s) shall, prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy by DBI for any 16 development project complying with this part, provide proof to *the Treasurer and* the *Planning* 17 Department that:
- (A) A space has been provided to a nonprofit child-care provider without charge for
   rent, utilities, property taxes, building services, repairs, or any other charges of any nature, as
   evidenced by a lease or sublease and an operating agreement between the sponsor(s) and
   the provider with minimum terms of three years;
- 22

(B) The child-care facility is a licensed child-care facility;

- 23 (C) The child-care facility has a minimum gross floor area of 3,000 square feet or an
- 24 area determined according to the following formula, whichever is greater:
- 25

Combined net add. gross sq. ft. office or hotel

sq. ft. of

1	space of all participating dev. projects	.01 =	child-care facility
---	--	-------	---------------------

In the event that the net addition of gross square feet of office or hotel space of all
 participating projects is less than 300,000 square feet, the child-care facility may have a
 minimum gross floor area of 2,000 square feet or the area determined according to the above
 formula, whichever is greater; and

- 6 (D) A written agreement binding each of the participating project sponsors, with a 7 term of 20 years from the date of issuance of the first certificate of occupancy for any 8 development project complying with this part, guaranteeing that a child-care facility will be 9 leased or subleased to one or more nonprofit child-care providers for as long as there is a 10 demonstrated demand under *Subsection (h) of this* Section <u>414.12</u> <u>314.4</u> has been executed and 11 recorded in the chain of title of each participating building.
- 12 (4) <u>SEC. 414.8. COMPLIANCE BY PAYMENT OF AN IN-LIEU FEE.</u> (a) The sponsor of a
   13 development project subject to *this* Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> may elect to pay a fee in lieu of
   14 providing a child-care facility. The fee shall be computed as follows:
- 15 Net add. gross sq. ft. office or hotel space  $\times$  \$1.00 = Total Fee 16 Upon payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer and upon request of the sponsor, the Treasurer 17 shall issue a certification that the fee has been paid. The sponsor shall present such certification to the 18 Department prior to the issuance by DBI of the first certificate of occupancy for the development 19 project. 20 The in-lieu fee is due and payable to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior (b)21 to issuance of the first construction document with an option for the project sponsor to defer payment to 22 prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge that 23 would be deposited into the Child Care Capital Fund in accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San 24 Francisco Building Code. 25

## (5) SEC. 414.9. COMPLIANCE BY COMBINING PAYMENT OF AN IN-LIEU FEE WITH

2 CONSTRUCTION OF A CHILD-CARE FACILITY. The sponsor of a development project subject 3 to *this* Section 414.1 et seq. may elect to satisfy its child-care requirement by combining 4 payment of an in-lieu fee to the Child Care Capital Fund with construction of a child-care 5 facility on the premises or providing child-care facilities near the premises, either singly or in 6 conjunction with other sponsors. The child-care facility to be constructed on-site or provided 7 near-site under this election shall be subject to all of the requirements of whichever of *Parts* 8 Sections 414.5, 414.6 and 414.7 ( $\frac{b}{(1)}$ , (2) and (3) of this Section 314.4 is applicable, and shall have 9 a minimum floor area of 3,000 gross square feet. If the net addition of gross square feet of 10 office or hotel space of all participating projects is less than 300,000 square feet, the minimum 11 gross floor area of the facility shall be 2,000 square feet. The in-lieu fee to be paid under this 12 election shall be subject to all of the requirements of *Part (b)(4) of this* Section 414.8 314.4 and 13 shall be determined by the Commission according to the following formula:

11							
14	Net						
15	Net	Net. add. gross sq.					
16	. add.	ft. space subject		Sq. ft.		~	Total
17	gross sq	project Net. add.		child-		×	Fee for
18	ft. space -				100	\$1.00	0.1.5.1
10	subject	gross sq. ft. space	×	care			Subject
19	300,000	all participating		facility			Project
20	project	projects					

21

22

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(6) <u>SEC. 414.10. COMPLIANCE BY ENTERING INTO AN ARRANGEMENT WITH A NON-</u>
 <u>PROFIT ORGANIZATION.</u> The sponsor of a development project subject to this Section may elect to satisfy its child-care requirement by entering into an arrangement pursuant to which a nonprofit organization will provide a child-care facility at a site within the City. The sponsor

<sup>25</sup> shall, prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy by the Director of *DBI* the

*Department of Building Inspection* for the development project, provide proof to the Director of
 Planning that:

(a) (A) A space for a child-care facility has been provided by the nonprofit organization,
 either for its own use if the organization will provide child-care services, or to a nonprofit child care provider without charge for rent, utilities, property taxes, building services, repairs, or any
 other charges of any nature, as evidenced by a lease or sublease and an operating
 agreement between the nonprofit organization and the provider with minimum terms of three
 years;

9

(b) (B) The child-care facility is a licensed child-care facility;

(c) (C) The child-care facility has a minimum gross floor area of 3,000 square feet or an
 area determined according to the following formula, whichever is greater:

12	Net add. gross sq. ft. office or hotel	×	sq. ft. of child-care
13	space	.01 =	facility

14 In the event that the net addition of gross square feet of office or hotel space is less 15 than 300,000 square feet, the child-care facility may have a minimum gross floor of 2,000 16 square feet or the area determined according to the above formula, whichever is greater; 17 (d) (D) The nonprofit organization has executed and recorded a binding written 18 agreement, with a term of 20 years from the date of issuance of the first certificate of 19 occupancy for the development project, pursuant to which the nonprofit organization 20 guarantees that it will operate a child-care facility or it will lease or sublease a child-care 21 facility to one or more nonprofit child-care providers for as long as there is a demonstrated 22 need under Subsection (h) of this Section 414.12 314.4, and that it will comply with all of the 23 requirements imposed on the nonprofit organization under this Paragraph (b)(6) Section 414.10 24 and imposed on a sponsor under <u>Subsections (g), (h) and (i) of</u> Sections 414.4 314.4. 25

1 (e) (E) To support the provision of a child-care facility in accordance with the foregoing 2 requirements, the sponsor has paid to the nonprofit organization a sum which equals or 3 exceeds the amount of the in-lieu fee which would have been applicable to the project under 4 Section  $414.4(b)(4) \frac{314.4(b)(4)}{314.4(b)(4)}$ .

(f) (F) The Department of Children, Youth and Their Families has determined that the
proposed child-care facility will help meet the needs identified in the San Francisco Child Care
Needs Assessment and will be consistent with the City Wide Child Care Plan; provided,
however, that this Paragraph (F) shall not apply to any office or hotel development project
approved by the Planning Commission prior to December 31, 1999.

10 Upon compliance with the requirements of this <u>Section Part</u>, the nonprofit organization 11 shall enjoy all of the rights and be subject to all of the obligations of the sponsor, and the 12 sponsor shall have no further rights or obligations under <u>this</u> Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u>

(c) The Director of the Department of Building Inspections shall provide notice in writing to
 the Director of Planning at least five business days prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for
 any development project subject to this Section. If the Director of Planning notifies the Director of the

16 *Department of Building Inspections within such time that the sponsor has not complied with the* 

17 *provisions of Section, the Director of the Department of Building Inspections shall deny any and all* 

18 *construction documents and certificates of occupancy. If the Director of Planning notifies the Director* 

19 *of the Department of Building Inspections that the sponsor has complied with this Section or fails to* 

20 *respond within five business days, a certificate of occupancy shall not be disapproved pursuant to this* 

21 Section. Any failure of the Director of the Department of Building Inspections or the Director of

22 *Planning to give any notice under this Subsection shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this* 

23 Section.

24 (d) In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any

25 *development project subject to this Section and such action is thereafter modified, superseded, vacated,* 

1	or reversed by the Department or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by
2	court action, the permit application for such office development project shall remanded to the
3	Department or Commission within 60 days following the date on which such action is final to
4	determine whether the proposed project has been changed in a manner which affects the area of the
5	child-care facility or the amount of the in-lieu fee to be provided under this Section 314.4 and, if so, the
6	Department or the Commission shall revise the child-care requirement imposed on the permit
7	application in compliance with this Section, and shall promptly notify the Treasurer and DBI of that
8	revision.
9	(e) The sponsor shall supply all information to the Treasurer, the Department, and the
10	Commission necessary to make a determination as to the applicability of this Section and the number of
11	gross square feet of office or hotel space subject to this Section.
12	(f) Within nine months of the effective date of Section the Commission shall, after public
13	notice and a hearing pursuant to Charter Section 4.104, adopt rules and regulations by which
14	compliance with this Subsection shall be determined.
15	(g) <u>SEC. 414.11. SPONSOR REPORTS TO THE DEPARTMENT.</u> In the event that a
16	sponsor elects to satisfy its child-care requirement under Section 414.5, 414.6, 414.7, or 414.9
17	314(b)(1), (2), (3) or (5) by providing an on-site or near-site child-care facility, the sponsor shall
18	submit a report to the Department in January of each year for the life of the child-care facility.
19	The report shall have attached thereto a copy of the license issued by the California
20	Department of Social Services permitting operation of the child-care facility, and shall state:
21	(1) The address of the child-care facility;
22	(2) The name and address of the child-care provider operating the facility;
23	(3) The size of the center in terms of floor area;
24	(4) The capacity of the child-care facility in terms of the maximum number of
25	children for which the facility is authorized to care under the license;

1 (5) The number and ages of children cared for at the facility during the previous 2 year; and

3 (6) The fees charged parents for use of the facility during the previous year. 4 SEC. 414.12. APPLICATION TO ELIMINATE THE CHILD-CARE FACILITY OR (h)5 REDUCE THE FLOOR AREA. In the event that a sponsor elects to satisfy its child-care 6 requirement under *Paragraphs* Sections <u>414.5, 414.6, 414.7 or 414.9</u> <del>314.4 (b)(1), (2), (3) or (5)</del> by 7 providing an on-site or near-site child-care facility, or under *Paragraph* Section 414.10 8  $\frac{314.4(b)(6)}{(b)}$  by agreement with a non-profit organization, the sponsor, or in the case of a facility 9 created pursuant to *Paragraph* Section 414.10 314.4(b)(6) the non-profit organization, may apply 10 to the Department to eliminate the facility or to reduce the floor area of the facility in any amount, providing, however, that the gross floor area of a reduced facility is at least 2,000 11 12 square feet. The Department shall schedule a public hearing on any such application before 13 the Commission and provide notice pursuant to *City Planning Code* Section 306.3(a) of this 14 *Code* at least two months prior to the hearing. The application may be granted only where the 15 sponsor has demonstrated that there is insufficient demand for the amount of floor area then 16 devoted to the on-site or near-site child-care facility. The actual reduction in floor area or 17 elimination of the child-care facility shall not be permitted in any case until six months after the 18 application is granted. Such application may be made only five years or more after the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy for the project. Prior to the reduction in floor area 19 20 or elimination of the child care facility, the sponsor shall pay an in-lieu fee to the Development 21 Fee Collection Unit at DBI City's Treasurer to be computed as follows:

22

23	
24	

23	(20 - No. of years since issuance		Net		
24	of <u>first construction document or</u> first	×	reduction gross sq.	× \$100 =	otal
25	certificate of occupancy, whichever		ft. child-care facility		Fee

1	<u>applies</u>								
2	20								
3	Upon payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer Development Fee Collection Unit and								
4	upon request of the sponsor, the Treasurer Development Fee Collection Unit shall issue a								
5	certification that the fee has been paid. The sponsor shall present such certification to the								
6	Director prior to the reduction in the floor area or elimination of the child care facility.								
7	(i) <u>SEC. 414.13. AFFORDABILIT</u>	Y RE	EQ	<u>DUIREMENT.</u> The chil	ld care pro	vider o	perating		
8	any child care facility pursuant to Sections <u>414.5, 414.6, 414.7 or 414.9 314.4(b)(1), (2), (3) or (5)</u>								
9	shall reserve at least 10 percent of the maximum capacity of the child care facility as								
10	determined by the license for the facility issued by the California Department of Social								
11	Services to be affordable to children of households of low income. The Department shall								
12	adopt rules and regulations to determine the rates to be charged to such households at the								
13	same time and following the procedures for the adoption of rules and regulations under								
14	Section <u>414.14</u> <del>314.5</del> .								
15	<i>(j) The fee required by this ordina</i>	<del>nce i</del>	is .	due and payable to the	Treasurer	prior to	<del>issuance</del>		
16	of the first certificate of occupancy for the offi	<del>ce de</del>	ev	elopment project. Exce	<del>pt in the ca</del>	<del>se of a r</del>	<del>eduction</del>		
17	in space of the child care facility pursuant to Subsection (h), if the fee remains unpaid following								
18	issuance of the certificate, any amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one half percent								
19	per month, or fraction thereof, from the date of	<del>of issi</del>	ua	unce of the certificate u	ntil the date	<del>e of fina</del> l	Ļ		
20	payment. Where the amount due is as a result	payment. Where the amount due is as a result of a reduction in space of the child care facility pursuant							
21	to subsection (h), such interest shall accrue from the date on which the available space is reduced until								
22	the date of final payment.								
23	(k) In the event that a development project for which an in-lieu fee imposed under Section								
24	has been fully paid is demolished or converted	s been fully paid is demolished or converted to a use or uses not subject to this ordinance prior to the							
25	expiration of its estimated useful life, the City	<u>shall</u>	l r	<del>refund to the sponsor a</del>	portion of t	the amou	<del>unt of an</del>		
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in-lieu fee paid. The portion of the fee refunded shall be determined on a pro-rata basis according to
 the ratio of the remaining useful life of the project at the time of demolition or conversion in relation to
 its total useful life. For purposes of this ordinance, the useful life of a development project shall be 50
 years.

(1) (1) A sponsor's failure to pay the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance shall constitute

5

*cause for the City to record a lien against the development project in the sum of the in-lieu fee required under this ordinance , as adjusted under this ordinance, as adjusted under this Section.*

8 (2) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following

9 *issuance of the certificate, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with the procedures* 

10 *set forth in Article XX of Chapter 10, of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire* 

11 *unpaid balance of the fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development* 

12 *project. The Treasurer shall send all notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as* 

13 *well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall also prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a* 

14 *hearing to confirm such report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the* 

15 *hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's* 

16 *development project, a description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the* 

17 Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and

18 *shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the* 

19 sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release

20 *of lien recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax* 

21 *Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Child* 

22 *Care Capital Fund established in Section 314.5.* 

23 (3) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or

24 served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or

25 *owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor* 

1 *or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the* 

- 2 *mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development*
- 3 *project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application.*
- 4

SEC. <u>414.14</u> 314.5. CHILD CARE CAPITAL FUND.

5 There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose called the 6 Child Care Capital Fund ("Fund"). All monies contributed pursuant to the provisions of this 7 Section 414.1 et seq., and all other monies from the City's General Fund or from contributions 8 from third parties designated for the fund shall be deposited in the *fF*und. *For a period of three* 9 years from the date of final adoption of this ordinance, no more than 25 percent of the money deposited in the fund shall be paid to providers operating child care facilities subject to Sections 314.4(b)(1), (2), 10 (3) and (5) to reduce the cost of providing affordable child care services to children from households of 11 12 low income as required in Section 314.4(i). The remaining monies deposited in the fund during such 13 three-year period, and All monies in the fund following expiration of such three-year period, shall be 14 used solely to increase and/or improve the supply of child care facilities affordable to 15 households of low and moderate income; except that monies from the fund shall be used by 16 the Director to fund in a timely manner *a any* nexus study *required* to demonstrate the 17 relationship between commercial development projects and child care demand as described 18 in San Francisco Planning Code Section 414.4 314.4. In the event that no child care facility is in 19 operation under Sections 314.4(b)(1), (2), (3) or (5) during such three-year period, the maximum of 25 20 percent of the fund reserved for households of low income shall be spent solely to increase and/or 21 *improve the supply of child care facilities affordable to households of low and moderate income.* The 22 *f*Fund shall be administered by the Director, who shall adopt rules and regulations governing 23 the disposition of the *fF* und which are consistent with *this* Section 414.1 et seq. Such rules and 24 regulations shall be subject to approval by resolution of the Board of Supervisors. 25 SEC. 314.6. PARTIAL INVALIDITY AND SEVERABILITY.

1	If any provision of this Section, or its application to any development project or to any				
2	geographical area of the City, is held invalid, the remainder of the Section, or the application of such				
3	provision to other office or hotel development projects or to any other geographical areas of the City,				
4	shall not be affected thereby.				
5	SEC. 314. 7. ANNUAL EVALUATION.				
6	Commencing one year after the effective date of this Section and each year thereafter, the				
7	Director shall report to the Commission at a public hearing and to the Planning, Housing and				
8	Development Committee of the Board of Supervisors at a separate public hearing, on the status of				
9	compliance with this Section and the efficacy of this Section in mitigating the City's shortage of child				
10	care facilities generated by the office and hotel development projects subject to this Section. Five years				
11	after the effective date of this Section, the Commission shall review the formulae set forth in Section				
12	314.4. In such report, the Director shall recommend any changes in the formulae.				
13	SEC. <u>414.15.</u> <del>314.8.</del> DECREASE IN CHILD CARE FORMULAE AFTER STUDY.				
14	If the Commission determines after review of an empirical study that the formulae set				
15	forth in Section <u>414.4</u> 314.4 impose a greater requirement for child care facilities than is				
16	necessary to provide child care for the number of employees attracted to office and hotel				
17	development projects subject to <i>this</i> Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> , the Commission shall, within three				
18	years of making such determination, refund that portion of any fee paid or permit a reduction				
19	of the space dedicated for child care by a sponsor consistent with the conclusions of such				
20	study. The Commission shall adjust any sponsor's requirement and the formulae set forth in				
21	Section <u>414.4</u> 314.4 so that the amount of the exaction is set at the level necessary to provide				
22	child care for the employees attracted to office and hotel development projects subject to this				
23	Section <u>414.1 et seq.</u> .				
24	SEC. 415 (formerly Section 315). HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL				
25	AND LIVE/WORK DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS. Sections <u>415.1 through 415.9</u> 315.1315.,9,				

<u>hereafter Section 415.1 et seq.</u>, set forth the requirements and procedures for the Residential
 Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program ("Program"). <u>The effective date of these requirements</u>
 <u>shall be either April 5, 2002, which is the date that the requirements originally became effective, or the</u>
 date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.

5 The Department *of City Planning* and <u>MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing</u> shall periodically 6 publish a Procedures Manual containing procedures for monitoring and enforcement of the 7 policies and procedures for implementation of this Program. The Procedures Manual must be 8 made available at the Zoning Counter of the *Planning*-Department and on the *Planning* 9 Department's web site. The Procedures Manual shall not be amended, except for an annual 10 update of the affordability housing guidelines, which reflect updated income limits, prices, and 11 rents, without approval of the *Planning* Commission or as otherwise specified herein.

12 The Procedures Manual in effect at the time of initial purchase or initial rental of a unit 13 shall govern the regulation of that unit until it is sold or re-rented unless an owner or current 14 tenant chooses to be governed by all of the more up-to-date provisions of the then-current 15 Procedures Manual. In that case, the owner or tenant must agree to be governed by the 16 totality of the new regulations -- an owner or tenant may not pick some provisions from the 17 Procedures Manual in effect at the time of initial purchase or initial rental and some in effect in 18 the then-current Procedures Manual. If the owner or tenant chooses to be governed by the 19 then-current Procedures Manual he or she shall sign an agreement with the City to that effect, 20 and the *Planning* Department and *MOH Mayor's Office of Housing* shall apply all of the rules 21 and regulations in the then-current Procedures Manual to the unit.

22 SEC. <u>415.1.</u> <del>315.2.</del> FINDINGS.

23 <u>A.</u> The Board of Supervisors hereby finds and declares as follows:

Affordable Housing: The findings in *former* Planning Code Section 315.2 of the

25 Inclusionary Affordable Housing Ordinance are hereby readopted and updated as follows:

Affordable housing is a paramount statewide concern. In 1980, the Legislature
 declared in Government Code Section 65580:

- 3 (a) The availability of housing is of vital statewide importance, and the early
  4 attainment of decent housing and a suitable living environment for every California family is a
  5 priority of the highest order.
- 6 (b) The early attainment of this goal requires the cooperative participation of 7 government and the private sector in an effort to expand housing opportunities and 8 accommodate the housing needs of Californians of all economic levels.
- 9 (c) The provision of housing affordable to low-and moderate-income households
  10 requires the cooperation of all levels of government.
- (d) Local and state governments have a responsibility to use the powers vested in
  them to facilitate the improvement and development of housing to make adequate provision
  for the housing needs of all economic segments of the community.
- 14 The Legislature further stated in Government Code Section 65581 that:
- 15 It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this article:
- 16 (a) To assure that counties and cities recognize their responsibilities in contributing
  17 to the attainment of the state housing goal.
- (b) To assure that counties and cities will prepare and implement housing elementswhich will move toward attainment of the state housing goal.
- 20 (c) To recognize that each locality is best capable of determining what efforts are
  21 required by it to contribute to the attainment of the state housing goal.
- 22 The California Legislature requires each local government agency to develop a
- 23 comprehensive long-term general plan establishing policies for future development. As
- specified in the Government Code (at Sections 65300, 65302(c), and 65583(c)), the plan must
- 25 (1) "encourage the development of a variety of types of housing for all income levels,

including multifamily rental housing"; (2) "[a]ssist in the development of adequate housing to
meet the needs of low- and moderate-income households"; and (3) "conserve and improve
the condition of the existing affordable housing stock, which may include addressing ways to
mitigate the loss of dwelling units demolished by public or private action."

5 2. San Francisco faces a continuing shortage of affordable housing for very low 6 and low-income residents. The San Francisco Planning Department reported that for the four-7 year period between 2000 and 2004, 8,389 total new housing units were built in San 8 Francisco. This number includes 1,933 units for low and very low-income households out of a 9 total need of 3,930 low and very low-income housing units for the same period. According to 10 the state Department of Housing and Community Development, there will be a regional need 11 for 230,743 new housing units in the nine Bay Area counties from 1999 through -- 2006. Of that 12 amount, at least 58 percent, or 133, 164 units, are needed for moderate, low and very low-13 income households. The Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) is responsible for 14 dividing the total regional need numbers among its member governments which includes both 15 counties and cities. ABAG estimates that San Francisco's low and very low-income housing 16 production need from 1999 through 2006 is 7,370 units out of a total new housing need of 17 20,372 units, or 36 percent of all units built. Within the past four years, only 23 percent of all 18 housing built, or 49 percent of the previously projected housing need for low and very lowincome housing for the same period, was produced in San Francisco. The production of 19 20 moderate income rental units also fell short of the ABAG goal. Only 351 moderate income 21 units were produced over the previous four years, or four percent of all units built, compared 22 to ABAG's call for 28 percent of all units to be affordable to households of moderate income. 23 Given the need for 3,007 moderate income units over the four-year period, only 12 percent of 24 the projected need for moderate income units was built.

25

1 3. In response to the above mandate from the California Legislature and the 2 projections of housing needs for San Francisco, San Francisco has instituted several 3 strategies for producing new affordable housing units. The 2004 Housing Element of the 4 General Plan recognizes the need to support affordable housing production by increasing site 5 availability and capacity for permanently affordable housing through the inclusion of affordable 6 units in larger housing projects. Further, the City, as established in the General Plan, seeks to 7 encourage the distribution of affordable housing throughout all neighborhoods and, thereby, 8 offer diverse housing choices and promote economic and social integration. The 2004 9 Housing Element calls for an increase in the production of new affordable housing and for the 10 development of mixed income housing to achieve social and cultural diversity. This Section 11 415.1 et seq. legislation furthers the goals of the State Legislature and the General Plan.

12 4. The 2005 Consolidated Plan for July 1, 2000--June 30, 2005, issued by the 13 Mayor's Office of Community Development and the Mayor's Office of Housing, establishes 14 that extreme housing pressures face San Francisco, particularly in regard to low- and 15 moderate-income residents. Many elements constrain housing production in the City. This is 16 especially true of affordable housing. As discussed in the 2004 Housing Element published by 17 the City Planning Department. San Francisco is largely built out, with very few large open 18 tracts of land to develop. As noted in the 2000 Consolidated Plan, its geographical location at the northern end of a peninsula inherently prevents substantial new development. There is no 19 20 available adjacent land to be annexed, as the cities located on San Francisco's southern 21 border are also dense urban areas. Thus new construction of housing is limited to areas of the 22 City not previously designated as residential areas, infill sites, or to areas with increased 23 density. New market-rate housing absorbs a significant amount of the remaining supply of 24 land and other resources available for development and thus limits the supply of affordable 25 housing.

1 There is a great need for affordable rental and owner-occupied housing in the City. 2 Housing cost burden is one of the major standards for determining whether a locality is 3 experiencing inadequate housing conditions, defined as households that expend 30 percent 4 or more of gross income for rent or 35 percent or more of household income for owner costs. 5 The 2000 Census indicates that 64,400 renter households earning up to 80 percent of the 6 area median income are cost burdened. Of these, about 25,000 households earn less than 50 7 percent AMI and pay more than 50 percent of their income to rent. According to more recent 8 data from the American Housing Survey, 80,662 total renter households, or 41 percent, are 9 cost burdened in 2003. A significant number of owners are also cost burdened. According to 10 2000 Census data, 18,237 of owners are cost-burdened, or 23 percent of all owner 11 households. The 2003 American Housing Survey indicates that this level has risen to 29 12 percent.

13 The San Francisco residential real estate market is one of the most expensive in the 14 United States. In May 2005, the California Association of Realtors reported that the median 15 priced home in San Francisco was \$755,000.00. This is 18 percent higher than the median 16 priced home one year earlier, 44 percent higher than the State of California median, and 365 17 percent higher than the nation average. While the national homeownership rate is 18 approximately 69 percent, only approximately 35 percent of San Franciscans own their own home. The majority of market-rate homes for sale in San Francisco are priced out of the reach 19 20 of low and moderate income households. In May 2005, the average rent for a two-bedroom 21 apartment was \$1,821.00, which is affordable to households earning over \$74,000.00. 22 These factors contribute to a heavy demand for affordable housing in the City that the

private market cannot meet. Each year the number of market rate units that are affordable to
low income households is reduced by rising market rate rents and sales prices. The number
of households benefiting from rental assistance programs is far below the need established by

1 the 2000 Census. Because the shortage of affordable housing in the City can be expected to 2 continue for many years, it is necessary to maintain the affordability of the housing units 3 constructed by housing developers under this Program. The 2004 Housing Element of the 4 General Plan recognizes this need. Objective 1 of the Housing Element is to provide new 5 housing, especially permanently affordable housing, in appropriate locations which meets 6 identified housing needs and takes into account the demand for affordable housing created by 7 employment demand. Objective 6 is to protect the affordability of existing housing, and to 8 ensure that housing developed to be affordable be kept affordable for 50--75 year terms, or 9 even longer if possible.

10 In 2004 the National Housing Conference issued a survey entitled "Inclusionary 11 Zoning: The California Experience." The survey found that as of March 2003, there were 107 12 cities and counties using inclusionary housing in California, one-fifth of all localities in the 13 state. Overall, the inclusionary requirements were generating large numbers of affordable 14 units. Only six percent of jurisdictions reported voluntary programs, and the voluntary nature 15 appears to compromise the local ability to guarantee affordable housing production. While 16 there was a wide range in the affordability percentage-requirements for inclusionary housing, 17 the average requirement for affordability in rental developments is 13 percent. Approximately 18 half of all jurisdictions require at least 15 percent to be affordable, and one-quarter require 20 19 percent or more to be affordable.

5. Development of new market-rate housing makes it possible for new residents to move to the City. These new residents place demands on services provided by both public and private sectors. Some of the public and private sector employees needed to meet the needs of the new residents earn incomes only adequate to pay for affordable housing. Because affordable housing is in short supply within the City, such employees may be forced to live in less than adequate housing within the City, pay a disproportionate share of their

incomes to live in adequate housing within the City, or commute ever-increasing distances to
their jobs from housing located outside the City. These circumstances harm the City's ability
to attain goals articulated in the City's General Plan and place strains on the City's ability to
accept and service new market-rate housing development.

5 6. The development of affordable housing on the same site as market-rate housing 6 increases social and economic integration vis-a-vis housing in the City and has corresponding 7 social and economic benefits to the City. Inclusionary housing provides a healthy job and 8 housing balance. Inclusionary housing provides more affordable housing close to employment 9 centers which in turn may have a positive economic impact by reducing such costs as 10 commuting and labor costs. However, there may also be trade-offs where constructing 11 affordable units at a different site than the site of the principle project may produce a greater 12 number of affordable units without additional costs to the project applicant. If a project 13 applicant may produce a significantly greater number of affordable units off-site then it is in 14 the best interest of the City to permit the development of affordable units at a different location 15 than that of the principal project.

16 7. Provided project applicants can take these requirements into consideration 17 when negotiating to purchase land for a housing project, the requirements of *this* Section 415.1 18 et seq. are generally financially feasible for project applicants to meet, particularly because of the benefits being conferred by the City to housing projects under Section 415.1 et seq. this 19 20 ordinance. Section 406 This Ordinance provides a means by which a project applicant may seek 21 a reduction or waiver of the requirements of *this these* mitigation fees if the project applicant 22 can show that imposition of these requirements would create an unlawful financial burden. 23 8. Conditional Use and Planned Unit Development Permits permit the development

of certain uses not permitted as of right in specific districts or greater density of permitted residential uses. As the General Plan recognizes, through the conditional use and planned

1 unit development process, applicants for housing projects generally receive material 2 economic benefits. Such applicants are generally permitted to build in excess of the generally 3 applicable black letter requirements of the Planning Code for housing projects resulting in 4 increased density, bulk, or lot coverage or a reduction in parking or other requirements or an 5 approval of a more intensive use over that permitted without the conditional use permit or 6 planned unit development permit. Through the conditional use and planned unit development 7 process, building standards can be relaxed in order to promote lower cost home construction. 8 An additional portion of San Francisco's affordable housing needs can be supplied (with no 9 public subsidies or financing) by private sector housing developers developing inclusionary 10 affordable units in their large market-rate projects in exchange for the density and other 11 bonuses conferred by conditional use or planned unit development approvals, provided it is 12 financially attractive for private sector housing developers to seek such conditional use and/or 13 planned unit development approvals.

14 9 Live/work as defined in the Planning Code recognizes that "residential living space" is 15 an integral part of a live/work unit. A substantial portion of new housing development in San Francisco 16 has been live/work units in Mixed Use Districts South of Market and in industrially zoned areas of San 17 Francisco where residential development has not traditionally been permitted as of right. Live/work 18 development projects are subject to less stringent development standards than other types of housing 19 projects in certain Mixed Use Districts and industrially zoned areas. Live/work developments are 20 conferred an equivalent benefit as projects going through the conditional use or planned unit 21 development permit process by virtue of the fact that (1) live/work developments are not required to get 22 a conditional use permit for housing development in some Mixed Use Districts and in all industrially 23 zoned districts where other residential uses are required to get a conditional use permit; (2) live/work 24 developments receive a five-foot height bonus above prevailing height limits for specific 25 neighborhoods; (3) live/work units are permitted to cover 100 percent of a lot rather than the stricter

1 lot coverage requirements that apply to other residential development, typically requiring rear yards 2 equal to 15 feet in length or 25 percent of the lot, whichever is greater. Given these benefits conferred by statute which allow live/work developments to exceed the limitations on other housing development 3 4 in the City, the Board of Supervisors finds that, for purposes of this Program, live/work developments 5 are conferred a private benefit equal to or in excess of housing projects which require a conditional use 6 or planned unit development permit. The relaxed building standards applied to live/work projects 7 promote the ability to include lower cost home production in live/work projects. A unit meets the 8 definition of California Civil Code Section 1940(c) as a "dwelling unit" because it "is used as a home, 9 residence or sleeping place by one person who maintains a household or by two or more persons who 10 maintain a common household." Live/work units shall not be considered "commercial real property" 11 for purposes of Civil Code Section 1954.25 et seq.

12 9. 10. The City wants to balance the burden on private property owners with the 13 demonstrated need for affordable housing in the City. For the reasons stated above, the 14 Board of Supervisors thus intends to increase the inclusionary housing requirements for all 15 residential projects. In order to balance the burden on property owners, the Board intends to 16 limit the application of an inclusionary housing requirement to 15 percent for housing projects 17 that do not receive any of the benefits described above through the conditional use or planned 18 unit development process, or in live/work projects. A slightly higher percentage will be applied to projects which generally receive benefits through the conditional use or planned unit 19 20 development process, or in live/work projects. The Housing Element (Policy 4.2) states: 21 Include affordable units in larger housing developments. It also calls for the City to review its 22 inclusionary housing program regularly to ensure fair burden and not constrain new housing 23 production. The Board of Supervisors has reviewed the inclusionary affordable housing 24 program and finds that, for purposes of the Housing Element of the General Plan, increasing 25 the inclusionary housing requirements ensures more fair burden on all housing development

and will not constrain new housing production. The Board of Supervisors has reviewed the
inclusionary affordable housing program and finds that, for purposes of the Housing Element
of the General Plan, a housing project of five units or more is a larger housing project.
Expanding the inclusionary housing requirements to buildings of five units or more ensures
more fair burden on all housing development and will not constrain new housing production.

6 <u>10.</u> <u>11.</u> The findings of <u>former</u> Planning Code Section 313.2 for the Jobs-Housing
7 Linkage Program, Planning Code Sections 313 et seq., relating to the shortage of affordable
8 housing, the low vacancy rate of housing affordable to persons of lower and moderate
9 income, and the decrease in construction of affordable housing in the City are hereby
10 readopted.

11 11. 12. The Land Use and Economic Development Committee of the Board of 12 Supervisors held hearings on this legislation on July 12 and 19, 2006. At those hearings, the 13 Committee heard testimony from Planning Department staff and consultant Kate Funk of 14 Keyser Marston and Associates regarding a study undertaken at the direction of the Planning 15 Department by the consultant Keyser Marston Associates. The study was entitled Inclusionary 16 Housing Program Sensitivity Analysis, dated July 7, 2006, and was undertaken to examine 17 the economic impacts of adjusted inclusionary requirements on market-rate housing projects 18 ("Sensitivity Analysis"). The study can be found in Board File No. 051685 and is incorporated herein by reference. The study was guided by the Planning Department and MOH Mayor's 19 20 Office of Housing and informed by a Technical Advisory Committee comprised of a variety of 21 experts from the San Francisco Housing Development and Affordable Housing Advocacy 22 Communities. Planning Department staff presented a report summarizing the findings of the 23 Sensitivity Analysis and the recommendations of the Technical Advisory Committee. That 24 report, dated July 10, 2006, is found in Board File No. 051685 and is incorporated herein by 25 reference. After considering the Sensitivity Analysis and staff report and hearing the

1 recommendations and testimony of the Planning Department, MOH Mayor's Office of Housing, 2 members of the Technical Advisory Committee, and members of the public including 3 representatives of housing developers, community members, and affordable housing 4 advocates, the Land Use and Economic Development Committee considered various 5 amendments to the legislation. The Committee found, among other things, that it was in the 6 public interest to increase the percentage requirements of the ordinance, but not by as much 7 as originally proposed: to modify the application dates of the ordinance to grandfather more 8 existing projects from the increased percentage requirements, but to make most projects 9 subject to the other requirements of the ordinance; and to require further study on some 10 issues by the Planning Department and MOH Mayor's Office of Housing.

11 12. 13. The City of San Francisco, under the direction of the Office of the Controller, has 12 undertaken is undertaking a comprehensive program of analyses to update its programs and 13 supporting documentation for many types of fees, including updating nexus analyses in 14 support of development impact fees. At the direction of the Board of Supervisors and as part 15 of this larger analysis, the City contracted with Keyser Marston Associates to prepare a nexus 16 analysis in support of the Inclusionary Housing Program, or an analysis of the impact of 17 development of market rate housing on affordable housing supply and demand. The Planning 18 Department and MOH Mayor's Office of Housing worked closely with the consultant and also consulted with the Technical Advisory Committee, noted above, comprised of a variety of 19 20 experts from the San Francisco housing development and affordable housing advocacy 21 communities.

The City's current position is that the City's Inclusionary Housing Program including the in-lieu fee provision which is offered as an alternative to building units within market rate projects, is not subject to the requirements of the Mitigation Fee Act, Government Code Sections 66000 et seq. While the City does not expect to alter its position on this matter, due

to past legislative actions supporting such a study, the Citywide study being undertaken to
conduct nexus studies in other areas, and a general interest in determining whether the
Inclusionary Program can be supported by a nexus type analysis as an additional support
measure, the City contracted to undertake the preparation of a nexus analysis at this time.

5 The final study can be found in *the* Board of Supervisors File <del>No.\_\_\_\_\_</del> and is 6 incorporated by reference herein. The Board of Supervisors has reviewed the study and staff 7 analysis and report of the study and, on that basis finds that the study supports the current 8 inclusionary housing requirements. Specifically, the Board finds that this study: identifies the 9 purpose of the fee to mitigate impacts on the demand for affordable housing in the City; 10 identifies the use to which the fee is to be put as being to increase the City's affordable 11 housing supply; and establishes a reasonable relationship between the use of the fee for 12 affordable housing and the need for affordable housing and the construction of new market 13 rate housing. Moreover, the Board finds that the current inclusionary requirements are less 14 than the cost of mitigation and do not include the costs of remedying any existing deficiencies. 15 The Board also finds that the study establishes that the current inclusionary requirements do 16 not duplicate other city requirements or fees.

17 13. 14. The Board of Supervisors recognizes that this Inclusionary Housing Program is 18 only one part of the City's overall strategy for providing affordable housing. The City has spent will spend over \$154 million in capital funds on affordable housing in 2006-07 of combined 19 20 expenditures by MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing and San Francisco Redevelopment 21 Agency, but not including expenditures by the Department of Public Health or the Human 22 Services Agency. At the very most, only \$22 million of those monies will has come from 23 contributions from private developers through this Inclusionary Program or other similar programs. The City expects expected to spend over \$78 million on affordable housing in 2007-24 25 08 and, the current expectation is that only \$2.5 million of those monies will come from

contributions from private developers through this Inclusionary Program or other similar
 programs.

SEC. <u>415.2</u> <del>315.1</del>. DEFINITIONS. (a) In addition to the definitions set forth in Section 401</del>
 <u>of this Article, Tt</u>he The following definitions shall govern interpretation of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u>
 <u>this ordinance</u>:

- 6 (1) "Affordable housing project." shall mean a housing project containing units constructed
  7 to satisfy the requirements of Sections 315.4 or 315.5.
- 8 (2) "Affordable to a household" shall mean a purchase price that a household can afford to
   9 pay based on an annual payment for all housing costs, as defined in California Code of Regulations

10 ("CCR") Title 25, Section 6920, as amended from time to time, of 33 percent of the combined household

11 *annual gross income, assuming a down payment recommended by the Mayor's Office of Housing in the* 

12 Procedures Manual, and available financing, or a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of a household's

13 *combined annual gross income. Where applicable, the purchase price or rent may be adjusted to reflect* 

- 14 *the absence or existence of a parking space(s), subject to the Department's policy on unbundled*
- 15 *parking for affordable housing units as specified in the Procedures Manual and amended from time to*
- 16 *time*.

17 (3) "Affordable to qualifying households" shall mean:

- 18 (A) With respect to owned units, the average purchase price on the initial sale of all
- 19 *affordable owned units in an affordable housing project shall not exceed the allowable average*
- 20 *purchase price and all units must be sold only to households with annual gross incomes up to and*
- 21 *including 120 percent of median income for the City and County of San Francisco. In addition, each*
- 22 *unit shall be sold:*
- 23 (i) Only to households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying

24 *limits for a household of moderate income, adjusted for household size;* 

25 (ii) On the initial sale, at or below the maximum purchase price; and

1 (iii) On subsequent sales at or below the prices to be determined by the Director of the 2 Mayor's Office of Housing in the Conditions of Approval or Notice of Special Restrictions according to 3 the formula specified in the Procedures Manual, as amended from time to time, such that the units 4 remain affordable to qualifying households. The formula in the Procedures Manual may permit the 5 seller to include certain allowable capital improvements in the sales price. 6 (B)*With respect to rental units in an affordable housing project, the average annual rent,* 7 including the cost utilities paid by the tenant according to HUD utility allowance established by the 8 San Francisco Housing Authority, shall not exceed the allowable average annual rent. Each unit shall 9 be rented: 10 (i) Only to households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying *limits for a household of low income as defined in this Section;* 11 12 (ii) At or less than the maximum annual rent. 13 (4) (1) "Allowable average purchase price." shall mean a A price for all affordable owned 14 units of the size indicated below that are affordable to a household of median income as 15 defined in this Section, adjusted for the household size indicated below as of the date of the 16 close of escrow, and, where applicable, adjusted to reflect the Department's policy on unbundled parking for affordable housing units as specified in the Procedures Manual and 17 18 amended from time to time: 19 20 Number of Persons Number of Bedrooms (or, for live/work units 21 square foot equivalency) in Household 22 0 (Less than 600 square feet) 1

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1 (601 to 850 square feet)

2 (851 to 1,100 square feet)

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1	3 (1,101 to 1,300 square feet)	4
2	4 (More than 1,300 square feet)	5

<sup>3</sup> (5)(2) "Allowable average annual rent." *shall mean* <u>A</u>nnual rent for an affordable rental <sup>4</sup> unit of the size indicated below that is 30 percent of the annual gross income of a household <sup>5</sup> of median income as defined in this Section, adjusted for the household size indicated below, <sup>6</sup> and, where applicable, adjusted to reflect the Department's policy on unbundled parking for <sup>7</sup> affordable housing units as specified in the Procedures Manual and amended from time to <sup>8</sup> time:

Number of Bedrooms	Number of
(or, for live/work units	Persons in
square foot equivalency)	Household
0 (Less than 600 square feet)	1
1 (601 to 850 square feet)	2
2 (851 to 1,100 square feet)	3
3 (1,101 to 1,300 square feet)	4
4 (More than 1,300 square feet)	5

(6) "Annual gross income" shall mean gross income as defined in CCR Title 25, Section

6914, as amended from time to time, except that the Mayor's Office of Housing may, in order to

- promote consistency with the procedures of the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency, develop an asset
- 22 *test that differs from the State definition if it publishes that test in the Procedures Manual.*
- 23

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1	(7) "Average annual rent." shall mean the total annual rent for the calendar year charged
2	by a housing project for all affordable rental units in the project of an equal number of bedrooms
3	divided by the total number of affordable units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
4	(8) "Average purchase price." shall mean the purchase price for all affordable owned units
5	in an affordable housing project of an equal number of bedrooms divided by the total number of
6	affordable units in the project with that number of bedrooms.
7	(9) "Community apartment." shall be as defined in San Francisco Subdivision Code Section
8	<del>1308(b).</del>
9	(9a) "Conditional use" for purposes of this Ordinance means a conditional use authorization
10	which, pursuant to the Planning Code, is required for the residential component of a project.
11	(10) "Conditions of approval" shall be a set of written conditions imposed by the Planning
12	Commission or another permit issuing City agency or appellate body to which a project applicant
13	agrees to adhere and fulfill when it receives a conditional use or planned unit development permit for
14	the construction of a principal project or other housing project subject to this Program.
15	(11) "Condominium" shall be as defined in California Civil Code Section 783.
16	(12) "Director" shall mean the Director of City Planning or his or her designee, including
17	other City agencies or departments.
18	(13) "First certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy
19	or a Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy as defined in San Francisco Building Code
20	Section 109, whichever is issued first.
21	(14) Intentionally Left Blank.
22	(15) "Household." shall mean any person or persons who reside or intend to reside in the
23	same housing unit.
24	(16) Household of low income." shall mean a household whose combined annual gross
25	income for all members does not exceed 60 percent of median income for the City and County of San
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1 Francisco, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using data from the United States 2 Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and adjusted for household size or, if data 3 from HUD is unavailable, calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using other publicly available 4 and credible data and adjusted for household size. 5 (17) "Household of median income" shall mean a household whose combined annual gross 6 income for all members does not exceed 100 percent of the median income for the City and County of 7 San Francisco, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using data from the United States 8 Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and adjusted for household size or, if data 9 from HUD is unavailable, calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using other publicly available 10 and credible data and adjusted for household size. 11 (17A) "Household of moderate income" shall mean a household whose combined annual gross 12 income for all members does not exceed 120 percent of the median income for the City and County of 13 San Francisco, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using data from the United States 14 Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and adjusted for household size or, if data 15 from HUD is unavailable, calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using other publicly available 16 and credible data and adjusted for household size. 17 (18) "Housing project" shall mean any development which has residential units as defined in 18 the Planning Code, including but not limited to dwellings, group housing, independent living units, and 19 other forms of development which are intended to provide long-term housing to individuals and 20 households. "Housing project" shall not include that portion of a development that qualifies as an 21 Institutional Use under the Planning Code. "Housing project" for purposes of this Program shall also 22 include the development of live/work units as defined by Planning Code Section 102.13. Housing 23 project for purposes of this Program shall mean all phases or elements of a multi-phase or multiple lot 24 residential development. 25

1	(19) "Housing unit" or "unit" shall mean a dwelling unit as defined in San Francisco		
2	Housing Code Section 401.		
3	(20) "Live/work unit" shall be as defined in San Francisco Planning Code Section 102.13.		
4	(21) "Live/work project." shall mean a housing pr	oject containing more than one live/work	
5	unit.		
6	(22) "Long term housing" shall mean housing inte	nded for occupancy by a person or persons	
7	for 32 consecutive days or longer.		
8	(23) "Market rate housing" shall mean housing constructed in the principal project that is		
9	not subject to sales or rental restrictions.		
10	(24) (3) "Maximum annual rent." shall mean t <u>T</u> he maximum rent that a housing developer		
11	may charge any tenant occupying an affordable unit for the calendar year. The maximum		
12	annual rent for an affordable housing unit of the size indicated below shall be no more than 30		
13	percent of the annual gross income for a household of low income as defined in this Section,		
14	as adjusted for the household size indicated below as of the first date of the tenancy:		
15			
16	Number of Bedrooms (or, for live/work units	Number of Persons	
17	square foot equivalency)	in Household	
18	0 (Less than 600 square feet)	1	
19	1 (601 to 850 square feet)	2	
20	2 (851 to 1100 square feet)	3	
21			
22	3 (1101 to 1300 square feet)	4	
23	4 (More than 1300 square feet)	5	

affordable owned unit of the size indicated below that is affordable to a household of

moderate income, adjusted for the household size indicated below, assuming an annual
payment for all housing costs of 33 percent of the combined household annual gross income,
a down payment recommended by MOH and set forth in the Procedures Manual, and
available financing:

5

6	Number of Bedrooms	Number of
7	(or, for live/work units	Persons in
8	square foot equivalency)	Household
9	0 (Less than 600 square feet)	1
10	1 (601 to 850 square feet)	2
11 12	2 (851 to 1100 square feet)	3
12	3 (1101 to 1300 square feet)	4
14	4 (More than 1300 square feet)	5

## 15 (25A) "Mayor's Office of Housing" shall mean the Mayor's Office of Housing or its successor.

## 16 (26) "Notice of Special Restrictions" shall mean a document recorded with the San Francisco

- 17 *Recorder's Office for any unit subject to this Program detailing the sale and resale or rental*
- 18 *restrictions and any restrictions on purchaser or tenant income levels included as a Condition of*
- 19 *Approval of the principal project relating to the unit.*

## 20 (27) "Off site unit." shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households constructed

21 *pursuant to this Ordinance on a site other than the site of the principal project.* 

## 22 (28) "On site unit" shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households constructed

- 23 *pursuant to this Ordinance on the site of the principal project.*
- 24 (29) "Ordinance" shall mean Planning Code Sections 315.1 through 315.9.
- 25

1	(30) "Owned unit" shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households which is a
2	condominium, stock cooperative, community apartment, or detached single-family home. The owner or
3	owners of an owned unit must occupy the unit as their primary residence.
4	(31) "Owner" shall mean the record owner of the fee or a vendee in possession.
5	(32) "Principal project shall mean a housing development on which a requirement to provide
6	affordable housing units is imposed.
7	(33) "Procedures Manual" shall mean the City and County of San Francisco Affordable
8	Housing Monitoring Procedures Manual issued by the San Francisco Department of City Planning, as
9	amended.
10	(34) "Program" shall mean the Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program.
11	(35) "Project applicant." shall mean an applicant for a building permit or a site permit or an
12	applicant for a conditional use permit or planned unit development permit, seeking approval from the
13	Planning Commission or Planning Department for construction of a housing project subject to this
14	Section, or such applicant's successors and assigns.
15	(36) "Rent" or "rental" shall mean the total charges for rent, utilities, and related housing
16	services to each household occupying an affordable unit.
17	(37) "Rental unit" shall mean a unit affordable to qualifying households which is not a
18	condominium, stock cooperative, or community apartment.
19	(38) "Student housing" shall mean a building where 100 percent of the residential uses are
20	affiliated with and operated by an accredited post-secondary educational institution. Typically, student
21	housing is for rent, not for sale. This housing shall provide lodging or both meals and lodging, by
22	prearrangement for one week or more at a time. This definition only applies in the Eastern
23	Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts.
24	SEC. <u>415.3</u> <del>315.3</del> . APPLICATION.
25	

25

(a) <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> This Ordinance shall apply to any housing project that
 consists of five or more units where an individual project or a phased project is to be
 undertaken and where the total undertaking comprises a project with five or more units, even
 if the development is on separate but adjacent lots; and

5 (1) Does not require *Planning* Commission approval as a conditional use or planned
6 unit development;

7 (2) Requires *Planning* Commission approval as a conditional use or planned unit
8 development;

9 (3) Consists of live/work units as defined by *Planning Code* Section 102.13 *of this*10 <u>Code</u>; or

(4) Requires *Planning* Commission approval of replacement housing destroyed by
 earthquake, fire or natural disaster only where the destroyed housing included units restricted
 under the Residential Inclusionary Housing Program or the City's predecessor inclusionary
 housing policy, condominium conversion requirements, or other affordable housing program.

(b) <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> This Ordinance shall apply to all housing projects that have
not received a first site or building permit on or before the effective date of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u>
this Ordinance with the following exceptions. Until these application dates take effect as
described below, the provisions of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> the Ordinance as it exists on July 18,
2006 shall govern.

(1) The amendments to the off-site requirements in Section <u>415.6315.5</u>(c) and (d)
relating to location and type of off-site housing, and Section <u>415.4(c)</u> <u>315.4(e)</u> relating to when
a developer shall declare whether it will choose an alternative to the on-site requirement shall
apply only to projects that receive their <u>Planning</u> Commission or Department approval on or
after the effective date of Section 415.1 et seq. this legislation.

25

1 (2) The amendments to the percentage-requirements of Section 415.1 et seq. this 2 Ordinance that govern the number of affordable units a housing project is required to provide 3 in Section 415.5(a)  $\frac{315.4(a)}{and}$  and  $\frac{415.6(a)}{315.5(a)}$  apply only to housing projects that submit 4 their first application, including an environmental evaluation application or any other Planning 5 Department or Building Department application, on or after July 18, 2006. Notwithstanding the 6 foregoing, the amendments to the percentage-requirements of Section 415.1 et seq. this 7 Ordinance also apply to any project that has not received its final Planning Commission or 8 Department approvals before July 18, 2006 for housing projects that receive a Zoning Map 9 amendment or Planning Code text amendment related to their project approvals that (A) 10 results in a net increase in the number of permissible residential units, or (B) results in a 11 material increase in the net permissible residential square footage. For purposes of 12 subsection B above a material increase shall mean an increase of 5 percent or more, or an 13 increase in 10,000 square feet or more, whichever is less.

14 (3) The amendments in Section <u>415.1</u> <u>315.1</u> to the way median income is calculated
15 apply to any housing project that has not received a first site or building permit by the effective
16 date of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> this Ordinance.

- 17 (4) <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> This Ordinance shall apply to all housing projects of 5 to 9
  18 units that filed their first application, including an environmental evaluation application or any
  19 other Planning Department application on or after July 18, 2006.
- 20

(c) <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> This Ordinance shall not apply to:

- (1) That portion of a housing project located on property owned by the United
  States or any of its agencies or leased by the United States or any of its agencies for a period
  in excess of 50 years, with the exception of such property not used exclusively for a
  governmental purpose;
- 25

(2) That portion of a housing project located on property owned by the State of
 California or any of its agencies, with the exception of such property not used exclusively for a
 governmental or educational purpose; or

- 4 (3) That portion of a housing project located on property under the jurisdiction of the
  5 San Francisco Redevelopment Agency or the Port of San Francisco where the application of
  6 Section 415.1 et seq. this Ordinance is prohibited by California or local law.
- 7 (d) Waiver or Reduction:
- 8 (1) A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Program may
   9 appeal to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based
   10 upon the absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and

11 *either the amount of the fee charged or the inclusionary requirement.* 

- 12 (2) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Program who has received an
  13 approved building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval and who submits a
  14 new or revised building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval for the same
  15 property may appeal for a reduction, adjustment or waiver of the requirements with respect to the
  16 number of lots or square footage of construction previously approved.
- 17 (3)Any such appeal shall be made in writing and filed with the Clerk of the Board no later 18 than 15 days after the date the Planning Department sends notice to the project applicant of the 19 number of affordable units required as provided in Section 315.4(a) and 315.5(a). The appeal shall set 20 forth in detail the factual and legal basis for the claim of waiver, reduction, or adjustment. The Board 21 of Supervisors shall consider the appeal at the hearing within 60 days after the filing of the appeal. The 22 appellant shall bear the burden of presenting substantial evidence to support the appeal, including 23 comparable technical information to support appellant's position. The decision of the Board shall be by 24 a simple majority vote and shall be final. If a reduction, adjustment, or waiver is granted, any change 25 in use within the project shall invalidate the waiver, adjustment, or reduction of the fee or inclusionary

1 *requirement. If the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall* 

- 2 *promptly transmit the nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Treasurer.*
- 3 (d) (e) For projects that have received a first site or building permit prior to the effective
  4 date of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> this legislation, the requirements in effect prior to the effective date
  5 of Section 415.1 et seq. this Ordinance shall apply.
- 6 SEC. 415.4 IMPOSITION OF REQUIREMENTS.
- 7 (a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of
- 8 <u>Section 415.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section</u>
- 9 <u>415.1 is applicable, shall impose any such requirements as a condition of approval for issuance of the</u>
- 10 *building or site permit. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the*
- 11 <u>Department in this determination.</u>
- 12 (b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. After the Department has
- 13 *made its final determination regarding the application of the affordable housing requirements to a*
- 14 *development project pursuant to Section 415.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee*
- 15 <u>Collection Unit at DBI in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.</u>
- 16 (c) Sponsor's Choice to Fulfill Requirements. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit
- 17 *for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 415.1 et seq., the sponsor of the*
- 18 *development project shall select one of the four options listed below to fulfill their affordable housing*
- 19 *requirements and notify the Department of their choice:*
- 20 (1) Construct on-site units affordable to qualifying households pursuant to the requirements
- 21 *of Section 415.5.*
- 22 (2) Construct off-site units affordable to qualifying households at an alternative site within
- 23 *the City and County of San Francisco pursuant to Section 415.6.*
- 24 (3) Pay an in-lieu fee to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI pursuant to Section
- 25 <u>415.7.</u>

1	(4) Provide any combination of on-site units as provided in Section 415.5, off-site units as
2	provided in Section 415.6, or payment of an in-lieu fee as provided in Section 415.7, provided that the
3	sponsor constructs or pays the fee at the appropriate percentage or fee level required for that option.
4	(d) Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Sponsor's Choice. After the
5	sponsor has notified the Department of their choice to fulfill the affordable housing requirements of
6	Section 415.1 et seq., the Department shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at
7	DBI of the sponsor's choice.
8	(e) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the First
9	Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing
10	or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any
11	development project subject to Section 415.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of its
12	requirement with an option other than payment of an in-lieu fee. If the Department notifies the Unit at
13	such time that the sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny and all
14	certificates of occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of
15	<u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u>
16	(f) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the
17	Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 415.1
18	et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of
19	Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) shall be
20	<u>followed.</u>
21	SEC. 315.4. ON-SITE HOUSING REQUIREMENT AND BENEFITS.
22	Except as provided in Section 315.4(e), all housing projects subject to this Program through the
23	application of Section 315.3 shall be required to construct on-site units subject to the following
24	requirements:
25	

25

1	<u>SEC. 415.5 COMPLIANCE THROUGH PROVISION OF ON-SITE AFFORDABLE</u>
2	HOUSING.
3	If the sponsor elects, pursuant to Section 415.4(c), to provide on-site units to satisfy the
4	requirements of Section 415.1 et seq., the development project shall satisfy the following requirements:
5	(a) Number of Units:
6	(1) (A) For any housing development of any height that is located in an area with a
7	specific inclusionary housing requirement, the more specific inclusionary housing requirement
8	shall apply. In addition, the following provisions shall apply only to the following Area Plans as
9	provided below:
10	(i) Market and Octavia Area Plan: The requirements of Sections 315 through 315.9 shall
11	apply in the Plan Area subject to the following:
12	An additional affordable housing requirement shall apply in the Market and Octavia Plan Area
13	<del>as follows:</del>
14	Definitions. The definitions in Section 326.2 and 318.2 shall apply.
15	Amount of fee: All projects that have not received Planning Department or Commission
16	approval as of the effective date of this legislation and that are subject to the Residential Inclusionary
17	Affordable Housing Program shall pay an additional affordable housing fee per square foot of
18	Residential Space Subject to the Community Improvements Impact Fee as follows; \$8.00 in the Van
19	Ness Market Special Use District; \$4.00 in the NCT District; and \$0.00 in the RTO District. A project
20	applicant shall not pay a fee for any square foot of space designated as a below market rate unit under
21	this inclusionary affordable housing program or any other unit that is designated as an affordable
22	housing unit under a Federal, State, or local restriction in a manner that maintains affordability for a
23	term no less than 50 years.
24	Timing of payment: The fee shall be paid before the City issues a first certificate of occupancy
25	for the project.

Use of Fee: The additional affordable housing requirement specified in this Section for the
Market and Octavia Plan Area shall be paid into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund, but the funds
shall be separately accounted for. MOH shall expend the funds according to the following priorities:
First, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households in the Market and Octavia
Plan Area; second, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households within 1 mile
of the boundaries of the Plan Area; third, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying
households in the City and County of San Francisco. The funds may also be used for monitoring and
administrative expenses subject to the process described in Section 315.6(e).
Other fee provisions: This additional affordable housing fee shall be subject to the following
provisions of Sections 326 et seq.;: the inflation adjustment provisions of Section 326.3(d); the waiver
and reduction provisions of Section 326.3(h); the lien proceedings in Section 326.4; and the refund
provisions of Section 326.5. This additional affordable housing fee may not be met through the in-kind
provision of community improvements or Community Facilities (Mello Roos) financing options of
Sections 326.3(e) and (f).
Findings: The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that the additional affordable housing
requirements of this Section are supported by the Nexus Study performed by Keyser Marston and
Associates referenced in Section 315.2(12) and found in Board File No. 081152. The Board of
Supervisors has reviewed the study and staff analysis and report of the study and, on that basis finds
that the study supports the current inclusionary housing requirements combined with the additional
affordable housing fee. Specifically, the Board finds that the study: identifies the purpose of the
additional fee to mitigate impacts on the demand for affordable housing in the City; identifies the use to
which the additional fee is to be put as being to increase the City's affordable housing supply; and
establishes a reasonable relationship between the use of the additional fee for affordable housing and
the need for affordable housing and the construction of new market rate housing. Moreover, the Board
finds that the current inclusionary requirements combined with the additional fee are less than the cost

1	of mitigation and do not include the costs of remedying any existing deficiencies. The Board also finds
2	that the study establishes that the current inclusionary requirements and additional fee do not duplicate
3	other City requirements or fees.
4	Furthermore, the Board finds that generally an account has been established, funds
5	appropriated, and a construction schedule adopted for affordable housing projects funded through the
6	Inclusionary Housing program and the additional fee or that the in lieu fees and the additional fee will
7	reimburse the City for expenditures on affordable housing that have already been made.
8	Furthermore, the Board finds that a major Market and Octavia Area Plan objective is to direct
9	new market rate housing development to the area. That new market rate development will greatly out
10	number both the number of units and potential new sites within the plan area for permanently
11	affordable housing opportunities. The City and County of San Francisco has adopted a policy in its
12	General Plan to meet the affordable housing needs of its general population and to require new
13	housing development to produce sufficient affordable housing opportunities for all income groups, both
14	of which will not be met by the projected housing development in the plan area. In addition, the "Draft
15	Residential Nexus Analysis City and County of San Francisco" of December 2006 indicates that market
16	rate housing itself generates additional lower income affordable housing needs for the workforce
17	needed to serve the residents of the new market rate housing proposed for the plan area. In order to
18	meet the demand created for affordable housing by the specific policies of the Plan and to be consistent
19	with the policy of the City and County of San Francisco it is found that an additional affordable
20	housing fee need be included on all market rate housing development in the Plan Area with priority for
21	its use being given to the Plan area.
22	(ii) Eastern Neighborhoods Project Area: The requirements of Sections 415 315 through
23	315.9 and 319 shall apply in the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area subject to the following and subject
24	to any stated exceptions elsewhere in this Code, including the specific provisions in Section 319:
25	Definitions:

1	"Gross square footage" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 102.9.
2	"Development Application" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 175.6.
3	"Eastern Neighborhood Controls" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 175.6.
4	Application. The option described in this subsection (ii) shall only be provided to development projects
5	that are subject to the Eastern Neighborhood Controls as defined in Section 175.6 (e), and consist of 20
6	units or less or less than 25,000 gross square feet. Amount of Fee. All projects subject to this subsection
7	may choose to pay a square foot in lieu fee instead of the in lieu fee provided for in Section 315.6 as
8	follows. If this option is selected, the project applicant shall pay \$40.00 per gross square foot of net
9	new residential development. The calculation of gross square feet shall not include nonresidential uses,
10	including any retail, commercial, or PDR uses, and all other space used only for storage and services
11	necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself.
12	Timing of Payment. The project applicant shall pay the fee prior to issuance by DBI of the first
13	site or building permit for the project, whichever applies. At the project applicant's option, it may
14	choose to pay only 50% of the fee prior to issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit and, prior
15	to issuance of the first site or building permit, the City shall impose a lien on the property for the
16	remaining 50% of the fee through the procedures set forth in Section 315.6(f) except that no interest
17	will accrue for the first twelve months from the issuance of the first construction document or site or
18	building permit for the project. The project applicant shall pay the remaining 50% of the fee prior to
19	issuance by DBI of a first certificate of occupancy. When 100% of the fee is paid, including interest if
20	applicable, the City shall remove the lien.
21	Use of Fee. The fee shall be paid into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund, but the funds shall
22	be separately accounted for. MOH shall expend the funds according to the following priorities: First,
23	to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households in the Eastern Neighborhoods
24	Project Areas; second, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households within 1
25	mile of the boundaries of the Eastern Neighborhoods Project Areas; third, to increase the supply of

housing affordable to qualifying households in the City and County of San Francisco. The funds may
 also be used for monitoring and administrative expenses subject to the process described in Section
 315.6(e).

- 4 Findings. The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that the fee provisions of this Section are 5 equivalent to or less than the fees for developments of over 20 units previously adopted by the Board in 6 Ordinance No. 051685 and 060529 and are also supported by the Nexus Study performed by Keyser 7 Marston and Associates referenced in Section 315.2(12) and found in Board File No. 081152. The 8 Board of Supervisors has reviewed the study and staff analysis prepared by the Mayor's Office of 9 Housing dated July 24, 2008 in Board File No. 081152 and on that basis finds that the study supports 10 the current proposed changes to the inclusionary housing requirements for projects of 20 units or less 11 in the Eastern Neighborhood Area Plan. Specifically, the Board finds that the study and staff memo: 12 identifies the purpose of the additional fee to mitigate impacts on the demand for affordable housing in 13 the City; identifies the use to which the additional fee is to be put as being to increase the City's 14 affordable housing supply; and establishes a reasonable relationship between the use of the additional 15 fee for affordable housing and the need for affordable housing and the construction of new market rate 16 housing. Moreover, the Board finds that the new inclusionary requirements are less than the cost of 17 mitigation and do not include the costs of remedying any existing deficiencies. The Board also finds 18 that the study establishes that the inclusionary requirements do not duplicate other City requirements 19 or fees. 20 Furthermore, the Board finds that generally an account has been established, funds 21 appropriated, and a construction schedule adopted for affordable housing projects funded through the 22 Inclusionary Housing program and the in lieu fees will reimburse the City for expenditures on 23 affordable housing that have already been made.
- *Furthermore, the Board finds that small scale development faces a number of challenges in the current development climate, including limited access to credit and often, a higher land cost per unit*

for the small sites on which they develop. Because of these and other variations from larger-scale
 development, they operate under a somewhat unique development model which cannot be fully
 encapsulated within the constraints of the Eastern Neighborhoods Financial Analysis, prepared to
 assess the financial feasibility of increasing housing requirements and impact fees in the Plan Areas.
 To address these challenges, the Board finds that a number of slight modifications to the affordable
 housing requirements of the Eastern Neighborhoods, to apply to small projects (defined as 20 units or
 fewer, or less than 25,000 gross square feet) are appropriate.

8 (B) Buildings 120 feet in height and under or buildings of over 120 feet in height that do not meet the criteria in subsection (C) below: Except as provided in Subsection (C) below, 9 10 the *Planning* Department shall require for housing projects covered by Section 415.3(a)(1)11  $\frac{315.3(a)(1)}{1}$ , as a condition of <u>*Planning*</u> Department approval of a project's building permit, and 12 by Section 415.3 315.3(a)(2), (3) and (4), as a Condition of Approval of a conditional use or 13 planned unit development permit or as a condition of *Planning* Department approval of a 14 live/work project, that 15 percent of all units constructed on the project site shall be affordable 15 to qualifying households so that a project applicant must construct .15 times the total number 16 of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth unit. If the 17 total number of units is not a whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest 18 whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

*The Planning Department shall provide written notice by mail to the project applicant of the number of affordable units which shall be required within 30 days of approval by the Planning*

21 *Department or Planning Commission.* 

(C) Buildings of over 120 feet in height. Except as provided in subsection (A) above,
the requirements of this Subsection shall apply to any project that is over 120 feet in height
and does not require a Zoning Map amendment or Planning Code text amendment related to
its project approvals which (i) results in a net increase in the number of permissible residential

1 units, or (ii) results in a material increase in the net permissible residential square footage as 2 defined in Section  $415.3(b)(2) \frac{315.3(b)(2)}{2}$  or has not received or will not receive a zZoning 3 *mM*ap amendment or Planning Code text amendment as part of an Area Plan adopted after 4 January 1, 2006 which (i) results in a net increase in the number of permissible residential 5 units, or (ii) results in a material increase in the net permissible residential square footage as 6 defined in Section  $415.3(b)(2) \frac{315.3(b)(2)}{(2)}$ . The *Planning* Department shall require for housing 7 projects covered by this Subsection and Section 415.3 315.3 (a)(1), as a condition of *Planning* 8 Department approval of a project's building permit, or by this Subsection and by Section 415.3 9 315.3(a)(2), (3) and (4), as a Condition of Approval of a conditional use or planned unit 10 development permit or as a condition of *Planning* Department approval of a live/work project, 11 that 12 percent of all units constructed on the project site shall be affordable to qualifying 12 households so that a project applicant must construct .12 times the total number of units 13 produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth unit. If the total 14 number of units is not a whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest 15 whole number for any portion of .5 or above. Consistent with the conclusions of the MOH 16 *Mayor's Office of Housing* study authorized in Section 415.9(e) 315.8(e), MOH the Mayor's Office 17 of Housing shall recommend and the Board of Supervisors shall consider whether the 18 requirements of this Subsection for buildings of over 120 feet in height shall continue or expire 19 after approximately five years.

20

21

The Planning Department shall provide written notice by mail to the project applicant of the number of affordable units which shall be required within 30 days of approval by the Planning

22 Department or Planning Commission. This notice shall also be sent to project applicants who elect to

23 *pay an in-lieu fee.* 

(2) If the principal project has resulted in demolition, conversion, or removal of
 affordable housing units renting or selling to households at income levels and/or for a rental

rate or sales price below corresponding income thresholds for units affordable to qualifying
households, the *Planning* Commission shall require that the project applicant replace the
number of affordable units removed with units of a comparable number of bedrooms or
provide that 15 percent of all units constructed as part of the new project shall be affordable to
qualifying households, whichever is greater.

(b) Timing of Construction: On-site inclusionary housing required by this Section
 <u>415.5</u> <u>315.4</u> must be constructed, completed, and ready for occupancy no later than the market
 rate units in the principal project.

9 (c) Type of Housing: The type of affordable housing needed in San Francisco is 10 documented in the City's Consolidated Plan and the Residence Element of the General Plan. In 11 general, affordable units constructed under this Section 415.5 315.4 shall be comparable in 12 number of bedrooms, exterior appearance and overall quality of construction to market rate 13 units in the principal project. The A Notice of Special Restrictions of Approval shall 14 be recorded prior to issuance of the building or site permit and shall include a specific specify the number, location and sizes for all affordable of units required under this Subsection. at specified unit 15 16 sizes for affordable units. The square footage of affordable units and interior features in 17 affordable units do not need to be same as or equivalent to those in market rate units in the 18 principal project, so long as they are of good quality and are consistent with then-current standards for new housing. Where applicable, parking shall be offered to the affordable units 19 20 subject to the terms and conditions of the Department's policy on unbundled parking for 21 affordable housing units as specified in the Procedures Manual and amended from time to 22 time. Unless provided otherwise by MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing in writing, if the units in 23 the market rate portion of the development are ownership units, then the affordable units shall 24 be ownership units and if the market rate units are rental units, then the affordable units shall 25 be rental units.

1 (d) Marketing the Units: MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall be responsible for 2 overseeing and monitoring the marketing of affordable units under this Section. In general, the 3 marketing requirements and procedures shall be contained in the Procedures Manual as 4 amended from time to time and shall apply to the affordable units in the project. MOH The 5 Mayor's Office of Housing may develop occupancy standards for units of different bedroom 6 sizes in the Procedures Manual in order to promote an efficient allocation of affordable units. 7 MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing may require in the Procedures Manual that prospective 8 purchasers complete homebuyer education training or fulfill other requirements. MOH The 9 *Mayor's Office of Housing* shall develop a list of minimum qualifications for marketing firms that 10 market affordable units under Section 415.1 et seq. this ordinance, referred to the Procedures 11 Manual as Below Market Rate (BMR units). Within 3 months from the effective date of this 12 legislation, the Mayor's Office of Housing shall recommend to the Planning Commission that these 13 minimum qualifications be published in the Procedures Manual such that, upon approval of the 14 qualifications by the Planning Commission, no developer marketing units under the Inclusionary 15 Housing Program shall be able to market BMR units except through a firm meeting all of the minimum 16 qualifications. For purposes of this ordinance, any developer that has not yet submitted a marketing 17 plan to the Mayor's Office of Housing by the date of Planning Commission approval of the 18 *qualifications shall be required to comply with this section.* The Notice of Special Restrictions or Conditions of Approval shall specify that the marketing requirements and procedures 19 20 contained in the Procedures Manual as amended from time to time, shall apply to the 21 affordable units in the project. 22 (1) Lottery: At the initial offering of affordable units in a housing project, MOH the 23 Mayor's Office of Housing must require the use of a public lottery approved by MOH the Mayor's

hold a general public lottery and maintain and utilize a list generated from this lottery or utilize

Office of Housing to select purchasers or tenants. MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall also

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a list generated from a recent lottery at another similar housing project to fill spaces in units
that become available for re-sale or occupancy in any housing project subject to this
ordinance after the initial offering. The list shall be updated from time to time but in no event
less than annually to ensure that it remains current.

- (2) Preferences: <u>MOH</u> The Mayor's Office of Housing shall create a lottery system that
  gives preference to people who live or work in San Francisco. MOH shall propose policies and
  procedures for implementing this preference to the *Planning* Commission for inclusion in the
  Procedures Manual. Otherwise, it is the policy of the Board of Supervisors to treat all
  households equally in allocating affordable units under this Program.
- 10 (e) Alternatives: The project sponsor may elect to satisfy the requirements of Section 315.4 by one of the alternatives specified in this Section. The project sponsor has the choice between the 11 12 alternatives and the Planning Commission may not require a specific alternative. The project sponsor must elect an alternative before it receives project approvals from the Planning Commission or 13 14 Planning Department and that alternative will be a condition of project approval. Notwithstanding the 15 foregoing, if a project sponsor elects an alternative other than the on-site alternative, the project 16 sponsor still has the option to choose the on-site alternative up to the issuance of the first site or 17 building permit. If a project sponsor fails to elect an alternative before project approval by the 18 Planning Commission or Planning Department, the provisions of Section 315.4 shall apply. The 19 alternatives are as follows: 20 (1) Constructing units affordable to qualifying households at an alternative site within the 21 City and County of San Francisco pursuant to the requirements of Section 315.5. 22 (2) Paying an in lieu fee to the Mayor's Office of Housing pursuant to the requirements of 23 Section 315.6. 24 (3) Any combination of construction of on-site units as provided in Section 315.4, off-site 25 units as provided in Section 315.5, or payment of an in lieu fee as provided in Section 315.6, provided

that the project applicant constructs or pays the fee at the appropriate percentage or fee level required
 for that option.

3 (4) Using California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) tax-exempt bonds under
 4 the requirements of Section 315.5(g).

5 (e) (f) Benefits: If the project applicant elects to satisfy the inclusionary housing 6 requirements through the production of on-site inclusionary housing in this Section 415.5 7 315.4, the project applicant who filed an application on or after June 18, 2001 shall at his or her 8 option, be eligible to receive a refund for only that portion of the housing project which is 9 affordable for the following fees: a conditional use or other fee required by *Planning Code* 10 Section 352 of this Code, if applicable; an environmental review fee required by Administrative 11 Code Section 31.46B, if applicable; a building permit fee required by the Building Code and by 12 *Planning Code* Section 355 of this Code for the portion of the housing project that is affordable. 13 The project applicant shall pay the building fee for the portion of the project that is market-14 rate.

The Controller shall refund fees from any appropriated funds to the project applicant on application by the project applicant. The application must include a copy of the certificate of occupancy for all units affordable to a qualifying household required by the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program. It is the policy of the Board of Supervisors to appropriate money for this purpose from the General Fund.

20

(f) Affordable units constructed under Section 415.1 et seq. shall not have received

- 21 <u>development subsidies from any Federal, State or local program established for the purpose of</u>
- 22 providing affordable housing, and shall not be counted to satisfy any affordable housing requirement.
- 23 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 415.5(f) above, a sponsor may use California
- 24 <u>Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) tax-exempt bonds to help fund its obligations under this</u>
- 25 <u>Section 415.5 as long as it provides 20 percent of the units as affordable at 50 percent of area media</u>

<u>income for on-site housing</u>. All units provided under this Subsection must meet all of the requirements
 of Section 415.1 et seq. and the Procedures Manual for on-site housing.

- 3 SEC. <u>415.6</u><u>315.5</u>. COMPLIANCE THROUGH <u>PAYMENT TO HOUSING DEVELOPER</u>
  4 <u>PROVISION OF OFF-SITE AFFORDABLE HOUSING</u>.
- If the project <u>sponsor applicant</u> elects, pursuant to Section <u>415.4(c)</u> <u>315.4(e)</u>, <u>that the</u> *project applicant will build* <u>to provide</u> off-site units to satisfy the requirements of <u>Section 415.1 et</u>
  <u>seq. this Program</u>, the <u>development</u> project <u>applicant</u> shall meet the following requirements:
- 8
- (a) Number of Units: The number of units constructed off-site shall be as follows:
- 9 (1) (A) For any housing development of any height that is located in an area with a 10 specific inclusionary housing requirement, the more specific off-site inclusionary housing 11 requirement shall apply.
- 12 (B) Buildings of 120 feet and under in height or buildings of over 120 feet in height 13 that do not meet the criteria in *s*Subsection (C) below: Except as provided in Subsection (A). 14 the for projects described in Section 415.3 315.3 (a)(1), (2), (3), and (4) 20 percent so that a 15 project applicant must construct .20 times the total number of units produced in the principal 16 project beginning with the construction of the fifth unit. If the total number of units is not a 17 whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any 18 portion of .5 or above. The Planning Department shall provide written notice by mail to the project applicant of the number of affordable units which shall be required within 30 days of approval by the 19 20 Planning Department or Planning Commission. This notice shall also be sent to project applicants who 21 elect to pay an in-lieu fee. 22 (C) Buildings of over 120 feet in height. Except as provided in subsection (A) above,
- the requirements of this Subsection shall apply to any project that is over 120 feet in height
   and does not require a Zoning Map amendment or Planning Code text amendment related to
   its project approvals which (i) results in a net increase in the number of permissible residential

1 units, or (ii) results in a material increase in the net permissible residential square footage as 2 defined in Section 415.3 315.3 (b)(2); or has not received or will not receive a zZoning mMap 3 amendment or Planning Code text amendment as part of an Area Plan adopted after January 4 1, 2006 which (i) results in a net increase in the number of permissible residential units, or (ii) results in a material increase in the net permissible residential square footage as defined in 5 6 Section 415.3 315.3 (b)(2). The *Planning* Department shall require for housing projects covered 7 by this Subsection and Section 415.3 315.3 (a)(1), as a condition of Planning Department 8 approval of a project's building permit, or by this Subsection and by Section 415.3 315.3(a)(2), 9 (3) and (4), as a Condition of Approval of a conditional use or planned unit development 10 permit or as a condition of *Planning* Department approval of a live/work project, that 17 percent of all units constructed on the project site shall be affordable to qualifying households 11 12 so that a project applicant must construct .17 times the total number of units produced in the 13 principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth unit. If the total number of units is 14 not a whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any 15 portion of .5 or above. Consistent with the conclusions of the MOH Mayor's Office of Housing 16 study authorized in Section 415.9(e) 315.8(e), MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing shall 17 recommend and the Board of Supervisors shall consider whether the requirements of this 18 Subsection for buildings of over 120 feet in height shall continue or expire after approximately 19 five years. The Planning Department shall provide written notice by mail to the project applicant of 20 the number of affordable units which shall be required within 30 days of approval by the Planning 21 Department or Planning Commission. This notice shall also be sent to project applicants who elect to 22 pay an in-lieu fee. 23 (b) Timing of Construction: The project applicant shall insure that the off-site units 24 are constructed, completed, and ready for occupancy no later than the market rate units in the

25 principal project.

(c) Location of off-site housing: The project applicant must insure that off-site units
 are located within one mile of the principal project.

3 (d) Type of Housing: *The type of affordable housing needed in San Francisco is* 4 documented in the City's Consolidated Plan and the Residence Element of the General Plan. New 5 affordable rental housing and ownership housing affordable to households earning less than 6 the median income is greatly needed in San Francisco. The *Planning* Department shall 7 develop Quality Standards for Off-Site Affordable Housing Units and recommend such 8 standards to the *Planning* Commission for adoption as part of the Procedures Manual. All off-9 site units constructed under this Section must be provided as rental housing for the life of the 10 project or, if they are ownership units, must be affordable to households earning no more than 80 percent of the median income for the City and County of San Francisco. Nothing in this 11 12 sSection shall limit a developer from meeting the requirements of this Section through the 13 construction of units in a limited equity or land trust form of ownership if such units otherwise 14 meet all of the requirements for off-site housing. In general, affordable units constructed under 15 this Section 415.6 315.5 shall be comparable in number of bedrooms, exterior appearance and 16 overall quality of construction to market rate units in the principal project. The total square 17 footage of the off-site affordable units constructed under this Section 415.6 315.5 shall be no 18 less than the calculation of the total square footage of the on-site market-rate units in the 19 principal project multiplied by the relevant on-site percentage requirement for the project 20 specified in Section 415.5 315.4. The Notice of Special Restrictions or Conditions of Approval 21 shall include a specific number of units at specified unit sizes - including number of bedrooms 22 and minimum square footage - for affordable units. The interior features in affordable units 23 need not be the same as or equivalent to those in market rate units in the principal project, so 24 long as they are consistent with the Planning Department's Quality Standards for Off-Site 25 Affordable Housing Units found in the Procedures Manual. Where applicable, parking shall be

offered to the affordable units subject to the terms and conditions of the Department's policy
on unbundled parking for affordable housing units as specified in the Procedures Manual and
amended from time to time. If the residential units in the principal project are live/work units
which do not contain bedrooms or are other types of units which do not contain bedrooms
separated from the living space, the off-site units shall be comparable in size according to the
following equivalency calculation between live/work and units with bedrooms:

8 9 10	Number of Bedrooms (or, for live/work units square foot equivalency)	Number of Persons in Household
11	0 (Less than 600 square feet)	1
12	1 (601 to 850 square feet)	2
13 14	2 (851 to 1,100 square feet)	3
15	3 (1,101 to 1,300 square feet)	4
16	4 (More than 1,300 square feet)	5

17 (e) Marketing the Units: MOH They Mayor's Office of Housing shall be responsible for 18 overseeing and monitoring the marketing of affordable units under this Section. In general, the 19 marketing requirements and procedures shall be contained in the Procedures Manual as 20 amended from time to time and shall apply to the affordable units in the project. MOH The 21 *Mayor's Office of Housing* may develop occupancy standards for units of different bedroom 22 sizes in the Procedures Manual in order to promote an efficient allocation of affordable units. 23 MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing may require in the Procedures Manual that prospective 24 purchasers complete homebuyer education training or fulfill other requirements. MOH The 25 Mayor's Office of Housing shall develop a list of minimum gualifications for marketing firms that

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1 market affordable units under Section 415.1 et seq. this ordinance, referred to the Procedures 2 Manual as Below Market Rate (BMR units). Within three months from the effective date of this 3 legislation, the Mayor's Office of Housing shall recommend to the Planning Commission that these 4 minimum qualifications be published in the Procedures Manual such that, upon approval of the 5 qualifications by the Planning Commission, no developer marketing units under the Inclusionary 6 Housing Program shall be able to market BMR units except through a firm meeting all of the minimum 7 qualifications. For purposes of this ordinance, any developer that has not yet submitted a marketing 8 plan to the Mayor's Office of Housing by the date of Planning Commission approval of the 9 qualifications shall be required to comply with this section. The Notice of Special Restrictions or 10 Conditions of Approval shall specify that the marketing requirements and procedures 11 contained in the Procedures Manual as amended from time to time, shall apply to the 12 affordable units in the project.

13 (1) Lottery: At the initial offering of affordable units in a housing project, MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing must require the use of a public lottery approved by MOH to select 14 15 purchasers or tenants. MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall also hold a general public 16 lottery and maintain and utilize a list generated from this lottery or utilize a list generated from 17 a recent lottery at another similar housing project to fill spaces in units that become available 18 for re-sale or occupancy in any housing project subject to Section 415.1 et seq. this Ordinance after the initial offering. The list shall be updated from time to time but in no event less than 19 20 annually to insure that it remains current.

(2) Preferences: <u>MOH</u> The Mayor's Office of Housing shall create a lottery system that
 gives preference to people who live or work in San Francisco. MOH shall propose policies and
 procedures for implementing this preference to the Planning Commission for inclusion in the
 Procedures Manual. Otherwise, it is the policy of the Board of Supervisors to treat all
 households equally in allocating affordable units under this Program.

(f) Affordable units constructed under Section <u>415.6</u> <u>315.5</u> shall not have received
 development subsidies from any Federal, State or local program established for the purpose
 of providing affordable housing, and shall not be counted to satisfy any affordable housing
 requirement for the off-site development.

5 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section  $415.6(f) \frac{315.5(f)}{315.5(f)}$  above, a developer (q) 6 may use California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) tax-exempt bonds to help fund 7 its obligations under Section 415.1 et seq. this ordinance as long as it provides 20 percent of the 8 units as affordable at 50 percent of area median income for on-site housing or 25 percent of 9 the units as affordable at 50 percent of area median income for off-site housing. Except as 10 provided in this subsection, all units provided under this Section must meet all of the requirements of Section 415.1 et seq. this ordinance and the Procedures Manual for either on- or 11 12 off-site housing. SEC. 415.7 315.6. COMPLIANCE THROUGH BY PAYMENT OF AN IN-LIEU FEE. 13 14 If the project sponsor applicant elects, pursuant to Section 415.4(c),  $\frac{315.4(c)(2)}{2}$  that the 15 project applicant will to pay an in lieu fee to satisfy the requirements of Section 415.1 et seq. this 16 *Program*, the sponsor project applicant shall pay the in-lieu fee to the Development Fee Collection 17 Unit at DBI for use by MOH prior to issuance of the first construction document, with an option for the 18 project sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing 19 to pay a deferral surcharge that would be deposited into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund in 20 accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco Building Code. meet the following 21 requirements: 22 By paying an in-lieu fee to the Treasurer for use by the Mayor's Office of Housing for  $\left(a\right)$ 23 the purpose of constructing at an alternate site the type of housing required by Section 315.5 within the 24 City and County of San Francisco.

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(a) (b) <u>Amount of Fee.</u> The amount of the fee which may be paid by the project applicant subject to this Ordinance in-lieu of developing and providing housing required by Section 315.4 shall

- 3 be determined by <u>MOH</u> <u>Mayor's Office of Housing ("MOH")</u> utilizing the following factors:
- (1) The number of units required by Section <u>415.6</u> <u>315.5</u> *if the project applicant were to elect to meet the requirements of this section by off-site housing development*. For the purposes of
  this <u>sS</u>ection, the City shall calculate the fee using the direct fractional result of the total
  number of units multiplied by the percentage of off-site housing required, rather than rounding
  up the resulting figure as required by Section <u>415.5(a)</u> <u>315.5(a)</u>.
- 9 (2) The affordability gap using data on the cost of construction of residential housing 10 from the "San Francisco Sensitivity Analysis Summary Report: Inclusionary Housing Program" 11 prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. in August 2006 for the Maximum Annual Rent or 12 Maximum Purchase Price for the equivalent unit sizes. The *Planning* Department and MOH 13 shall update the technical report from time to time as they deem appropriate in order to ensure 14 that the affordability gap remains current.
- (3) No later than July 1 of each year, <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office of Housing shall adjust
  the in lieu fee payment option and provide a report on its adjustment to the Board of
  Supervisors. MOH shall provide notice of any fee adjustment on its website at least 30 days
  prior to the adjustment taking effect. <u>MOH</u> The Mayor's Office of Housing is authorized to
  develop an appropriate methodology for indexing the fee, based on adjustments in the costs
  of constructing housing and in the price of housing in San Francisco. The method of indexing
  shall be published in the Procedures Manual.
- 22 (b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Amount Owed. Prior to issuance of the
  - 23 *building or site permit for a development project subject to Section 415.7, MOH shall notify the*
  - 24 <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI electronically or in writing of its calculation of the amount of</u>
  - 25 <u>the in-lieu fee owed.</u>

1 Within 30 days of determining the amount of the fee to be paid by the applicant, MOH (c)2 shall transmit the amount of the fee to the Treasurer. Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or 3 building permit for the project applicant, whichever applies, the project applicant must notify the Planning Department and MOH in writing that it has paid in full the sum required to the Treasurer. If 4 5 the project applicant fails by the applicable date to demonstrate to the Planning Department that the 6 project applicant has paid the applicable sum in full to the Treasurer, DBI shall deny any and all site 7 or building permits or certificates of occupancy for the development project until the Planning 8 Department notifies DBI and MOH that such payment has been made. 9 Upon payment of the fee in full to the Treasurer and upon request of the project  $\left( d \right)$ 10 applicant, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the fee has been paid. The project applicant 11 shall present such certification to the Planning Department, DBI and MOH prior to the issuance by 12 DBI of the first site or building permit or certificate of occupancy for any development subject to this 13 Section. Any failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or Planning Department to give any notice under this 14 Section shall not relieve a project applicant from compliance with this Section. Where DBI 15 inadvertently issues a site or building permit without payment of the fee, DBI shall not issue any 16 certificate of occupancy for the project without notification from the Treasurer that the fee required by 17 this Section has been paid. The procedure set forth in this subsection is not intended to preclude 18 enforcement of the provisions of this section pursuant to any other section of this Code, or other 19 authority under the laws of the State of California. (c) Use of In-Lieu Fees. All monies contributed pursuant to this  $\frac{1}{2}$ Section shall be 20

deposited in the special fund maintained by the Controller called the Citywide Affordable
Housing Fund. The receipts in the Fund are hereby appropriated in accordance with law to be
used to (1) increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households subject to the
conditions of this Section, and (2) pay the expenses of MOH in connection with monitoring
and administering compliance with the requirements of the Program. MOH is authorized to

1 use funds in an amount not to exceed \$200,000 every 5 years to conduct follow-up studies 2 under Section  $415.9(e) \frac{315.8(e)}{215.8(e)}$  and to update the in-lieu fee amounts as described above in Section 415.7(a) 315.6(b). All other monitoring and administrative expenses shall be 3 4 appropriated through the annual budget process or supplemental appropriation for MOH. The 5 fund shall be administered and expended by MOH, which shall have the authority to prescribe 6 rules and regulations governing the Fund which are consistent with this Section. 7 (f) (d) Lien Proceedings. If, for any reason, the in-lieu fee imposed pursuant to Section 415.7 8 remains unpaid following issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, the Development Fee Collection 9 Unit at DBI shall institute lien proceedings to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee, plus interest 10 and any deferral surcharge, a lien against all parcels used for the development project in accordance

11 with Section 408 of this Article and Section 107A.13.15 of the San Francisco Building Code. (1) A

12 *project applicant's failure to comply with the requirements of this Section shall constitute cause for the* 

- 13 *City to record a lien against the development project in the sum of the in-lieu fee required under. this*
- 14 Ordinance, as adjusted under this Section.
- 15 (2) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this Ordinance remains unpaid following
- 16 *issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings to impose the lien in accordance with*
- 17 *the procedures set forth in Chapter 10, Article XX of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make*
- 18 *the entire unpaid balance of the fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the*
- 19 *development project. The Treasurer shall send all notices required by that Article to the owner of the*
- 20 *property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall also prepare a preliminary report notifying the*
- 21 sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the
- 22 *date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the sponsor's name, a description of the*
- 23 sponsor's development project, a description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set
- 24 *forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of this*
- 25 *Ordinance, and shall fix a time date and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be*

1 mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except 2 for the release of lien recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums 3 collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this Ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and 4 deposited in the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund established in Section 313.12. 5 (3) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or 6 served upon the sponsor or owner or all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or 7 owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor 8 or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the 9 mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development 10 project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. 11 In the event a building permit expires prior to completion of the work on and  $\left(g\right)$ 12 commencement of occupancy of a housing project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to 13 carry out any development, the obligation to comply with this Program shall be cancelled, and any in-14 *lieu fee previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new* 15 permit, the procedures set forth in this Ordinance regarding construction of housing or payment of the 16 in-lieu fee shall be followed. 17 (h)- In the event that a development project for which an in-lieu fee imposed under this 18 Section has been fully paid is demolished or converted to a use or uses not subject to this ordinance 19 prior to the expiration of its estimated useful life, the City shall refund to the sponsor a portion of the 20 amount of an in-lieu fee paid. The portion of the fee refunded shall be determined on a pro rata basis 21 according to the ratio of the remaining useful life of the project at the time of demolition or conversion 22 in relation to its total useful life. For purposes of this Ordinance, the useful life of a development 23 project shall be 50 years. SEC. 415.8 315.7. DURATION AND MONITORING OF AFFORDABILITY. 24 25

1 (a) All units constructed pursuant to Sections 415.5 315.4 and 415.6 315.5 must be 2 owner-occupied in the case of ownership units or occupied by gualified households in the 3 case of rental units, and shall not remain vacant for a period exceeding 60 days without the 4 written consent of MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing. All units constructed pursuant to 5 Sections 415.5 315.4 and 415.6 315.5 must remain affordable to gualifying households for the 6 life of the project. The income levels specified in the Notice of Special Restrictions and/or 7 Conditions of Approval for the project shall be the required income percentages for the life of 8 the project.

9 (b) The *Planning* Commission or the *Planning* Department shall require all housing 10 projects subject to Section 415.1 et seq. this ordinance to record a Notice of Special Restrictions 11 with the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco. The Notice of Special Restrictions 12 must incorporate the affordability restrictions. All projects described in Section 415.3 13 315.3(a)(1) and 415.3 315.3(a)(3) must incorporate all of the requirements of this Section 415.7 14 315.7 into the Notice for Special Restrictions, including any provisions required to be in the 15 Conditions of Approval for housing projects described in Section 415.3 315.3 (a)(2). These 16 Section 415.3 315.3 (a)(2) projects which are housing projects which go through the conditional 17 use or planned unit development process shall have Conditions of Approval. The Conditions 18 of Approval shall specify that project applicants shall adhere to the marketing, monitoring, and enforcement procedures outlined in the Procedures Manual, as amended from time to time, in 19 20 effect at the time of project approval. The *Planning* Commission shall file the Procedures 21 Manual in the case file for each project requiring inclusionary housing pursuant to this 22 Program. The Procedures Manual will be referenced in the Notice of Special Restrictions for 23 each project.

(c) Any affordable rental units permitted by the *Planning* Commission to be
 converted to ownership units must satisfy the requirements of the Procedures Manual, as

amended from time to time, including that the units shall be sold at restricted sales prices to
households meeting the income qualifications specified in the Notice of Special Restrictions or
Conditions of Approval, with a right of first refusal for the occupant(s) of such units at the time
of conversion. Upon conversion to ownership, the units are subject to the 50-year rolling
resale restrictions, as described in Section <u>415.8(a)</u> (<u>315.7(a)</u>.

6 (d) For ownership units, the Notice of Special Restrictions or Conditions of Approval 7 will include provisions restricting resale prices and purchaser income levels according to the 8 formula specified in the Procedures Manual, as amended from time to time. In the case that 9 subordination of the Affordability Conditions contained in a recorded Notice of Special 10 Restrictions may be necessary to ensure the Project Applicant's receipt of adequate 11 construction and/or permanent financing for the project, or to enable first time home buyers to 12 qualify for mortgages, the project applicant may follow the procedures for subordination of 13 affordability restrictions as described in the principal project's Conditions of Approval and in 14 the Procedures Manual. A release following foreclosure or other transfer in lieu of foreclosure 15 may be authorized if required as a condition to financing pursuant to the procedures set forth 16 in the Procedures Manual.

Purchasers of affordable units shall secure the obligations contained in the Notice of Special Restrictions or Conditions of Approval by executing and delivering to the City a promissory note secured by a deed of trust encumbering the applicable affordable unit as described in the Procedures Manual or by an alternative means if so provided for in the Procedures Manual, as amended from time to time.

SEC. <u>415.9</u> <u>315.8</u>. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS AND MONITORING OF
PROGRAM.

24 (a) A *first construction document or* first certificate of occupancy, *whichever applies*,
25 shall not be issued by the Director of *DBI the Department of Building Inspection* to any unit in the

1 principal project until all of the <u>affordable housing on-site or off-site housing development</u>

2 requirements of Sections <u>415.1 et seq. are satified.</u> <u>315.4 or 315.5, if applicable, and Section 315.7</u>

3 *are met.* A first site permit for the principal project shall not be issued by the Director of the

4 Department of Building Inspection until the requirements of Sections 315.4(e) and 315.6 regarding

5 *payment of the in-lieu fee, if applicable, have been met.* 

6 (b) If, after issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, the *Planning* Commission or 7 *Planning* Department determines that a project *sponsor applicant* has failed to comply with *any* 8 requirement in Sections 415.1 et seq. 315.4 or 315.5 and the recording of or any reporting 9 requirements of Section 315.7 as detailed in the Procedures Manual, or has violated the 10 Conditions of Approval or terms of the Notice of Special Restrictions, the Planning Commission, 11 or Planning Department, or DBI may, until the violation is cured, (a) revoke the certificate of 12 occupancy for the principal project or required affordable units, (b) impose a penalty on the 13 project pursuant to Section 176(c) of this Code, and/or (c) the Zoning Administrator may 14 enforce the provisions of Section 415.1 et seq. this Program through any means provided for in 15 Section 176 of this Code.

16 (c) The *Planning Commission or Planning* Department shall notify *MOH* the Mayor's 17 Office of Housing of any housing project subject to the requirements of Section 415.1 et seq. this 18 *Program*, including the name of the project *sponsor* applicant and the number and location of the affordable units, within 30 days of the *Planning Commission's or the Planning* Department's 19 20 approval of a building, or site permit for the project, conditional use, planned unit development, or 21 *live/work permit application*. MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall provide all project sponsors 22 *applicants* with information concerning the City's first time home-buyer assistance programs 23 and any other related programs MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing shall deem relevant to the 24 Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing this Program.

25

(d) The <u>Department</u> <u>Planning Commission</u> shall, as part of the annual Housing
 Inventory, report to the Board of Supervisors on the results of <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> this Program
 including, but not limited to, a report on the following items:

- 4 (1) The number of, location of, and project applicant for housing projects which
  5 came before the *Planning* Commission for a conditional use or planned unit development
  6 permit, and the number of, location of, and project applicant for housing projects which were
  7 subject to the requirements of *Section 415.1 et seq. this Ordinance*;
- 8 (2) The number of, location of, and project <u>sponsor applicant</u> for housing projects
  9 which applied for a waiver, adjustment, or reduction from the requirements of <u>Section 415.1 et</u>
  10 <u>seq. this Ordinance</u> pursuant to Section <u>406 of this Article</u> <del>315.3(c)</del>, and the number of, location
  11 of, and project <u>sponsor applicant</u> for housing projects which were granted such a waiver,
  12 adjustment, or reduction and, if a reduction, to what percentage;
- (3) The number of, location of, and project <u>sponsor</u> applicant for every housing
  project to which <u>Section 415.1 et seq.</u> this Ordinance applied and the number of market rate units
  and the number of affordable on- and off-site units provided, including the location of all of the
  affordable units; and
- 17 (e) A study is authorized to be undertaken under the direction of *MOH* the Mayor's 18 Office of Housing approximately every five years to update the requirements of Section 415.1 et 19 seq. this legislation. MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall make recommendations to the 20 Board of Supervisors and the *Planning* Commission regarding any legislative changes. *MOH* 21 the Mayor's Office of Housing shall specifically evaluate the different inclusionary housing 22 requirements for developments of over 120 feet approximately five years from the enactment 23 of the requirement or as deemed appropriate by MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing. MOH shall 24 coordinate this report with the five-year evaluation by the Director of Planning required by Section 410 25 of this Article.

1 (f) MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing shall evaluate its monitoring system for 2 affordable units created under this Section and shall compare its system with that of the San 3 Francisco Redevelopment Agency with the goal of establishing, to the extent feasible, a single 4 monitoring system for all inclusionary affordable housing units located in the City and County 5 of San Francisco. Within 6 months of the effective date of Section 415.1 et seq. this Ordinance, 6 MOH shall make any changes to its monitoring system necessary to bring its monitoring 7 system into conformity with the system of the Redevelopment Agency, or, if necessary, MOH 8 shall make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors to amend Section 415.1 et seq. this 9 Ordinance in order to implement improvements to the monitoring system. If it is necessary to 10 amend the Procedures Manual to change its monitoring system to comply with this Section, 11 MOH may make any changes necessary to the Procedures Manual to comply with this 12 Section  $415.9(f) \frac{315.8(e)}{215.8(e)}$ . For purposes of this Section  $415.9(f) \frac{315.8(e)}{215.8(e)}$  only and on a one-time 13 basis, MOH may amend the Procedures Manual without obtaining approval from the *Planning* 14 Commission. If MOH determines that some or all of the aspects of its system are more 15 effective than the Redevelopment Agency's system, it shall inform the Board of Supervisors 16 and recommend that the Board urge the Redevelopment Agency to conform its procedures to the City's. 17

18 (g) Annual Monitoring:

(1) <u>MOH</u> The Mayor's Office of Housing shall monitor and require occupancy
 certification for affordable ownership and rental units on an annual basis, as outlined in the
 Procedures Manual.

(2) <u>MOH The Mayor's Office of Housing</u> may require the owner of an affordable rental
 unit, the owner's designated representative, or the tenant in an affordable unit to verify the
 income levels of the tenant on an annual basis, as outlined in the Procedures Manual.

25

1	<u>SEC. 416 (formerly Section 315.4(a)(1)(i)).</u> MARKET AND OCTAVIA AREA PLAN
2	<u>AFFORDABLE HOUSING FEE. (i) Market and Octavia Area Plan: Sections 416.1 through 416.5,</u>
3	hereafter referred to as Section 416.1 et seq., set forth the requirements and procedures for the Market
4	and Octavia Area Plan Affordable Housing Fee. The effective date of these requirements shall be either
5	May 30, 2008, which is the date that the requirements originally became effective, or the date a
6	subsequent modification, if any, became effective.
7	SEC. 416.1. FINDINGS. The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that:
8	<u>A.</u> <i>t<u>T</u>he additional affordable housing requirements of this Section are supported by</i>
9	the Nexus Study performed by Keyser Marston and Associates referenced in Section
10	415.1(11) 315.2(12) and found in Board File No. 081152. The Board of Supervisors has
11	reviewed the study and staff analysis and report of the study and, on that basis, finds that the
12	study supports the current inclusionary housing requirements combined with the additional
13	affordable housing fee. Specifically, the Board finds that the study: (1) identifies the purpose of
14	the additional fee to mitigate impacts on the demand for affordable housing in the City; (2)
15	identifies the use to which the additional fee is to be put as being to increase the City's
16	affordable housing supply; and $(3)$ establishes a reasonable relationship between the use of
17	the additional fee for affordable housing and the need for affordable housing and the
18	construction of new market rate housing. Moreover, the Board finds that the current
19	inclusionary requirements combined with the additional fee are less than the cost of mitigation
20	and do not include the costs of remedying any existing deficiencies. The Board also finds that
21	the study establishes that the current inclusionary requirements and additional fee do not
22	duplicate other City requirements or fees.
23	<u>B.</u> Furthermore, the Board finds that generally an account has been established,

funded through the Inclusionary Housing program. *and t*<u>T</u>he additional fee or *that* the in-lieu

funds appropriated, and a construction schedule adopted for affordable housing projects

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fees and the additional fee will reimburse the City for expenditures on affordable housing that
 have already been made.

3 С. *Furthermore, the Board finds that a* A major Market and Octavia Area Plan 4 objective is to direct new market rate housing development to the area. That new market rate 5 development will greatly outnumber both the number of units and potential new sites within 6 the plan area for permanently affordable housing opportunities. The City and County of San 7 Francisco has adopted a policy in its General Plan to meet the affordable housing needs of its 8 general population and to require new housing development to produce sufficient affordable 9 housing opportunities for all income groups, both of which will not be met by the projected 10 housing development in the plan area. In addition, the "Draft Residential Nexus Analysis City 11 and County of San Francisco" of December 2006 indicates that market rate housing itself 12 generates additional lower income affordable housing needs for the workforce needed to 13 serve the residents of the new market rate housing proposed for the plan area. In order to 14 meet the demand created for affordable housing by the specific policies of the Plan and to be 15 consistent with the policy of the City and County of San Francisco it is found that an additional 16 affordable housing fee need be included on all market rate housing development in the Plan 17 Area with priority for its use being given to the Plan area.

- 18 <u>SEC. 416.2.</u> DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u> The definitions in Section 326.2
  - 19 *and 318.2 shall apply.*
  - 20

## SEC. 416.3. APPLICATION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENT. The

- requirements of Sections <u>415.1</u> <del>315</del> through <u>415.9</u> <del>315.9</del> shall apply in the <u>Market and Octavia</u>
- 22 Plan Area *in addition subject* to the following: *An* additional affordable housing requirement
- 23 *shall apply in the Market and Octavia Plan Area as follows*:
- 24 (a) Fee Amount of fee: All <u>development</u> projects that have not received <u>Planning</u>
   25 Department or Commission approval as of the effective date of <u>May 30, 2008</u> this legislation

and that are subject to the Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program shall pay an
 additional affordable housing fee per square foot of Residential Space Subject to the
 Community Improvements Impact Fee as follows; \$8.00 in the Van Ness Market Special Use
 District; \$4.00 in the NCT District; and \$0.00 in the RTO District.

- 5 (b) Other Fee Provisions. This additional affordable housing fee shall be subject to the
- 6 *inflation adjustment provisions of Section 409 and the waiver and reduction provisions of Section*
- 7 <u>421.4. This additional affordable housing fee may not be met through the in-kind provision of</u>
- 8 community improvements or Community Facilities (Mello Roos) financing options of Sections 426.3(e)
  9 and (f).
- 10 (c) <u>Exemption for Affordable Housing</u>. A project applicant shall not pay a <u>supplemental</u>
   11 affordable housing fee for any square foot of space designated as a below market rate unit
- 12 under Section 415.1 et seq. this inclusionary affordable housing program, the Citywide Inclusionary
- 13 Affordable Housing Program, or any other residential unit that is designated as an affordable
- 14 housing unit under a Federal, State, or local restriction in a manner that maintains affordability
- 15 for a term no less than 50 years.
- 16 (*d*) Timing of payment.÷ <u>The Market and Octavia Plan Area Affordable Housing fF</u>ee
- 17 shall be paid before the City issues a *first construction document, with an option for the project*
- 18 <u>sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the</u> first certificate of occupancy for the project upon
- 19 *agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge in accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco*
- 20 <u>Building Code</u>.
- 21 <u>SEC. 416.4. IMPOSITION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENT.</u>
- 22 (a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of
- 23 <u>Section 416.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section</u>
- 24 416.1 et seq. is applicable, shall impose any such requirements as a condition of approval for issuance
- 25

1 of the building or site permit. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the 2 Department in this determination. 3 Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Fee Requirements. After the (b)4 Department has made its final determination regarding the application of the affordable housing 5 requirements to a development project pursuant to Section 416.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the 6 Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of the applicable affordable housing fee amount in addition to 7 the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article. 8 Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the (c)9 Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 416.1 10 et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article 11 12 shall be followed. 13 SEC. 416.5. USE OF FUNDS. Use of Fee: The additional affordable housing requirement 14 specified in this Section for the Market and Octavia Plan Area shall be paid into the Citywide 15 Affordable Housing Fund, but the funds shall be separately accounted for. MOH shall expend 16 the funds according to the following priorities: First, to increase the supply of housing 17 affordable to qualifying households in the Market and Octavia Plan Area; second, to increase 18 the supply of housing affordable to gualifying households within 1 mile of the boundaries of the Plan Area; third, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households in 19 20 the City and County of San Francisco. The funds may also be used for monitoring and 21 administrative expenses subject to the process described in Section  $415.7(c) \frac{315.6(e)}{c}$ . 22 Other fee provisions: This additional affordable housing fee shall be subject to the following 23 provisions of Sections 326 et seq.: the inflation adjustment provisions of Section 326.3(d); the waiver 24 and reduction provisions of Section 326.3(h); the lien proceedings in Section 326.4; and the refund 25 provisions of Section 326.5. This additional affordable housing fee may not be met through the in-kind

- 2 *Sections 326.3(e) and (f).*
- 3 <u>SEC. 417 (formerly Section 315.4(a)(1)(ii)).</u> EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS AREA PLAN
- 4 ALTERNATE AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN-LIEU FEE. <u>Sections 417.1 through 417.5, hereafter</u>
- 5 referred to as Section 417.1 et seq., set forth the requirements and procedures for the Eastern
- 6 <u>Neighborhoods Area Plan Alternate Affordable Housing In-Lieu Fee. The effective date of these</u>
- 7 <u>requirements shall be either January 19, 2009</u> May 30, 2008, which is the date that the requirements

8 <u>originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective. (ii) Eastern</u>

9 Neighborhoods Project Area: The requirements of Sections 315 through 315.9 and 319 shall apply in

10 the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area subject to the following and subject to any stated exceptions

11 *elsewhere in this Code, including the specific provisions in Section 319:* 

12

SEC. 417.1. FINDINGS. The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that:

13 *t*The fee provisions of this Section are equivalent to or less than the fees for Α. 14 developments of over 20 units previously adopted by the Board in Ordinance No. 051685 and 15 060529 and are also supported by the Nexus Study performed by Keyser Marston and 16 Associates referenced in Section 415.1(11) 315.2(12) and found in Board File No. 081152. The 17 Board of Supervisors has reviewed the study and staff analysis prepared by the MOH Mayor's 18 Office of Housing dated July 24, 2008 in Board File No. 081152 and, on that basis, finds that the study supports the current proposed changes to the inclusionary housing requirements for 19 20 projects of 20 units or less in the Eastern Neighborhood Area Plan. Specifically, the Board 21 finds that the study and staff memo: (1) identifies the purpose of the additional fee to mitigate 22 impacts on the demand for affordable housing in the City; (2) identifies the use to which the 23 additional fee is to be put as being to increase the City's affordable housing supply; and (3)24 establishes a reasonable relationship between the use of the additional fee for affordable 25 housing and the need for affordable housing and the construction of new market rate housing.

Moreover, the Board finds that the new inclusionary requirements are less than the cost of
 mitigation and do not include the costs of remedying any existing deficiencies. The Board also
 finds that the study establishes that the inclusionary requirements do not duplicate other City
 requirements or fees.

- <u>B.</u> Furthermore, the Board finds that generally an account has been established,
  funds appropriated, and a construction schedule adopted for affordable housing projects
  funded through the Inclusionary Housing program and the in lieu fees will reimburse the City
  for expenditures on affordable housing that have already been made.
- 9 С. *Furthermore, tT*he Board finds that small scale development faces a number of 10 challenges in the current development climate, including limited access to credit and often, a higher land cost per unit for the small sites on which they develop. Because of these and 11 12 other variations from larger-scale development, they operate under a somewhat unique 13 development model which cannot be fully encapsulated within the constraints of the Eastern 14 Neighborhoods Financial Analysis, prepared to assess the financial feasibility of increasing 15 housing requirements and impact fees in the Plan Areas. To address these challenges, the 16 Board finds that a number of slight modifications to the affordable housing requirements of the 17 Eastern Neighborhoods, to apply to small projects (defined as 20 units or fewer, or less than 18 25,000 gross square feet) are appropriate.
- 19 <u>SEC. 417.2.</u> DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u>
- 20 "Gross square footage" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 102.9.
- 21 *"Development Application" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 175.6.*
- 22 "Eastern Neighborhood Controls" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 175.6.
- 23 Application.
- 24 <u>SEC. 417.3. APPLICATION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENT.</u>
- 25 (a) Application. The alternate affordable housing in-lieu fee described in this Section

1	The option described in this subsection (ii) shall only apply be provided to development			
2	projects that are subject to the Eastern Neighborhood Controls as defined in Section 175.6 (e),			
3	and consist of 20 units or less or less than 25,000 gross square feet, and are subject to the			
4	requirements of Sections 415 through 415.9 and 419, and any stated exceptions elsewhere in this Code,			
5	including the specific provisions in Section 419.			
6	(b) Amount of Fee. <u>All Any sponsor of a development</u> projects subject to this			
7	<i>subsS</i> ection may choose to pay <i>a square foot</i> <u>an alternate</u> in <u>-</u> lieu fee <u>equal to \$40.00 per gross</u>			
8	square foot of net new residential development instead of the standard in-lieu fee requirements set			
9	forth provided for in Section 415.7 315.6 as follows. If this option is selected, the project applicant			
10	shall pay \$40.00 per gross square foot of net new residential development.			
11	(c) Calculation of Gross Square Feet of Residential Area. The calculation of gross			
12	square feet shall not include nonresidential uses, including any retail, commercial, or PDR			
13	uses, and all other space used only for storage and services necessary to the operation or			
14	maintenance of the building itself.			
15	(d) Timing of Payment. The <u>Eastern Neighborhoods Alternate Affordable Housing Fee</u>			
16	project applicant shall be paid to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior to issuance of the			
17	first construction document, with an option for the project sponsor to defer payment to prior to			
18	issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge that would be			
19	deposited into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund in accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San			
20	<u>Francisco Building Code. pay the fee prior to issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for the</u>			
21	project. At the project applicant's option, it may choose to pay only 50% of the fee prior to issuance by			
22	DBI of the first site or building permit and, prior to issuance of the first site or building permit, the City			
23	shall impose a lien on the property for the remaining 50% of the fee through the procedures set forth in			
24	Section 315.6(f) except that no interest will accrue for the first twelve months from the issuance of the			
25	first construction document or site or building permit for the project,. The project applicant shall pay			

1 the remaining 50% of the fee prior to issuance by DBI of a first certificate of occupancy. When 100% of

- 2 *the fee is paid, including interest if applicable, the City shall remove the lien.*
- 3 SEC. 417.4. IMPOSITION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING REOUIREMENT. 4 (a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of 5 Section 417.1 et seg. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section 6 417.1 et seq. is applicable, shall impose any such requirements as a condition of approval for issuance 7 of the building or site permit. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the 8 Department in this determination. 9 (b)Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Fee Requirements. After the 10 Department has made its final determination regarding the application of the affordable housing

11 <u>requirements to a development project pursuant to Section 417.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the</u>

12 <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of the applicable affordable housing fee amount in addition to</u>

- 13 *the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.*
- 14 (c) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the

15 <u>Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 417.1</u>

16 *et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Board of* 

17 <u>Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) shall be</u>

18 *followed*.

*SEC. 417.5.* USE OF FUNDS. *Use of Fee.* The *Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan Alternate In-Lieu fF*ee shall be paid into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund, but the funds shall be
 separately accounted for. MOH shall expend the funds according to the following priorities:
 First, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households in the Eastern
 Neighborhoods Project Areas; second, to increase the supply of housing affordable to
 qualifying households within 1 mile of the boundaries of the Eastern Neighborhoods Project
 Areas; third, to increase the supply of housing affordable to qualifying households in the City

1	and County of San Francisco. The funds may also be used for monitoring and administrative		
2	expenses subject to the process described in Section <u>415.6(c)</u> <del>315.6(c)</del> .		
3	SEC. 315.9. PARTIAL INVALIDITY AND SEVERABILITY.		
4	If any provision of this Ordinance or its application to any housing project or to any		
5	geographical area of the City, is held invalid, the remainder of this Ordinance, or the application of		
6	such provision to other housing projects or to any other geographical areas of the City, shall not be		
7	affected thereby.		
8	SEC. 418 (formerly Section 318). RINCON HILL COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND		
9	AND SOMA COMMUNITY STABILIZATION FUND IN DTR DISTRICTS.		
10	Sections <u>418.2 through 418.7</u> <del>318.1318.9, hereafter referred to as Section 418.1 et seq.,</del> set		
11	forth the requirements and procedures for the <i>Downtown Residential <u>Rincon Hill</u> Community</i>		
12	Improvements Fund and the SOMA Community Stabilization Fund. The effective date of these		
13	requirements is either August 19, 2005, which is the date that the requirements originally became		
14	effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.		
15	SEC. <u>418.1</u> <del>318.1</del> . FINDINGS.		
16	A. The population of California has grown by more than 11 percent since 1990 and		
17	is expected to continue increasing. The San Francisco Bay Area is growing at a rate similar to		
18	the rest of the State. New residential construction in San Francisco is necessary to		
19	accommodate the additional population. At the same time, new residential construction should		
20	not diminish the City's open space or increase dependence on the private automobile for		
21	commuting.		
22	San Francisco already is experiencing a severe shortage of housing available to		
23	people at all income levels, resulting in a sharp increase in home prices. The Association of		
24	Bay Area Governments' Regional Housing Needs Determination (RHND) forecasts that		
25			

20,372 new residential units need to be built in San Francisco by 2006, and at least 5,639 of
 these units should be available to moderate income households.

The City should encourage new housing production in a manner that enhances existing neighborhoods and creates new residential and mixed-use neighborhoods. One solution to the housing crisis is to encourage the construction of higher density housing in areas of the City best able to accommodate such housing because of easy access to public transit and the availability of larger development sites.

8 Many elements constrain housing production in the City, making it a challenge to build 9 housing that is affordable to those at moderate income levels. San Francisco is largely built 10 out, and its geographical location at the northern end of a peninsula inherently prevents substantial new development. There is no available adjacent land to be annexed, as the cities 11 12 located on San Francisco's southern border are also dense urban areas. Thus, new 13 construction of housing is limited to areas of the City not previously designated as residential 14 areas, infill sites, or areas with increased density. New market-rate housing absorbs a 15 significant amount of the remaining supply of land and other resources available for 16 development and thus limits the supply of affordable housing.

17 Emerging downtown residential areas of the City contain many older commercial, 18 institutional and industrial uses. Due to the underutilization of land in these areas and their proximity to downtown employment and City and regional transport, they present an 19 20 opportunity to build a quantity of new housing at increased densities within easy walking 21 distance of the downtown and City and regional transit centers in a way that can contribute to 22 a vibrant downtown community over the next several years. The Planning Department is 23 currently rezoning these areas to a "Downtown Residential" (DTR) zoning that will enable 24 significant new high-density residential development. These areas are lacking, however, in 25 even basic infrastructure and amenities necessary to serve a residential population, and the

need for these improvements will increase as the downtown's residential population,
especially families and children, grow with the transformation of these areas into dense
mixed-use residential districts. While the open space requirements imposed on individual
developments address minimum needs for private open space and access to light and air,
such open space cannot provide the same social and recreational opportunities as safe and
attractive public sidewalks, parks and other community services, nor does it contribute to the
overall transformation of the district into a safe and attractive residential area.

8 In order to enable the City and County of San Francisco to create a coherent, 9 attractive, and safe residential neighborhood in these emerging downtown residential areas, 10 and to increase property values and investment in the district, it is necessary to upgrade existing streets and streetscaping, and to acquire and develop neighborhood parks, recreation 11 12 facilities and other community services to serve the new residential population. To fund such 13 community infrastructure and amenities, new residential development in the district shall be 14 assessed development impact fees proportionate to the increased demand for such 15 infrastructure and amenities created by the new housing. The City will use the proceeds of the 16 fee to build new infrastructure and enhance existing infrastructure in the district or within 250 17 feet of the district that provides direct benefits to the new housing. The net increase in 18 individual property values in these areas due to the enhanced neighborhood amenities 19 financed with the proceeds of the fee are expected to exceed the payments of fees by the 20 sponsors of residential development. A Community Improvements Impact Fee shall be 21 established for DTR districts as set forth herein.

B. To respond to this identified need for housing, Rincon Hill and other downtown
 neighborhoods are proposed to be rezoned as part of comprehensive neighborhood plans to
 encourage high-density residential uses. These areas are currently occupied primarily by
 older commercial and industrial uses with minimal public infrastructure and amenities to

support a significant residential population. In addition, very few residents currently reside in
these areas. New residential development in these areas will impact the local infrastructure
and generate a substantial need for community improvements as the district's population
grows as a result of new residential development. Substantial new investments in community
infrastructure, including parks, pedestrian and streetscape improvements, and other
community facilities are necessary to mitigate the impacts of new development in these
districts.

8 The amendments to the General Plan, Planning Code and Zoning Map that correspond 9 to Section 418.1 et seq. this Ordinance will permit an extraordinary amount of new residential 10 development. More than 2,220 new units representing approximately 5,100 new residents 11 would be anticipated in the neighborhood, and along with other approved projects, will result 12 in a 400% increase in the area's residential population. This new development will have an 13 extraordinary impact on the district's dated infrastructure. As described more fully in the 14 Rincon Hill Plan Final Environmental Impact Report, San Francisco Planning Department, 15 Case No. 2000.1081E, 2005 on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 050865, new 16 development will also generate substantial new traffic in the area, which will impact the area. 17 The Rincon Hill Plan proposes to mitigate these impacts by providing extensive pedestrian, 18 traffic-calming and other streetscape improvements that will make it attractive to residents to make as many daily trips as possible on foot, by bicycle or on transit. A comprehensive 19 20 program of new public infrastructure is necessary to mitigate the impacts of the proposed new 21 development and to provide these basic community improvements to the area's growing 22 residential population.

As a result of this new development, property tax revenue is expected to increase by as much as \$29 million annually in Rincon Hill. These revenues will fund improvements and expansions to general City services, including Police, Fire, Emergency, and other services

needed to partially meet increased demand associated with new development. Local impacts
on the need for community infrastructure will be extraordinary in Rincon Hill, compared to
those typically funded by city government through property tax revenues. The relative cost of
capital improvements, along with the reduced role of State and federal funding sources,
increases the necessity for development impact fees to cover these costs. General property
tax revenues will not be adequate to fully fund the costs of the community infrastructure
necessary to mitigate the impacts of new development in the Rincon Hill area.

8 Development impact fees are a more cost-effective, realistic way to implement 9 mitigations to a local area associated with a particular development proposal's impact. As 10 important, the proposed Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would be dedicated 11 to the Rincon Hill area, directing benefits of the fund directly to those who pay into the fund.

While this fee will increase the overall burden on new development in the area, the burden is typically reflected in a reduced sale price for developable land, or passed on to the buyers/renters of housing in the area and thus is born primarily by those who have caused the impact and who will ultimately enjoy the benefits of the community improvements it pays for.

16 C. The purpose of the proposed Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee 17 is to provide specific improvements, including community open spaces, pedestrian and 18 streetscape improvements and other facilities and services. These improvements are described in detail in the Rincon Hill Plan and Section 418.1 et seq. the proposed ordinance, and 19 20 are necessary to meet established City standards for the provision of such facilities. The 21 Rincon Hill Community Improvements Fund and Community Infrastructure Impact Fee will 22 create the necessary financial mechanism to fund these improvements in proportion to the 23 need generated by new development.

The capital improvements, which the fee would fund, are clearly described in <u>Section</u>
 <u>418.1 et seq.</u> the Ordinance, and in Table 1 below. The fee would be used solely to fund the

acquisition, design, construction, and maintenance of public facilities in DTR Districts, and
 specifically in the Rincon Hill area. The proposed fees only cover impacts caused by new
 development and are not intended to remedy already existing deficiencies; those costs will be
 paid for by other sources.

- 5 The proposed improvements described in Table 1 are necessary to serve the new 6 population at the anticipated densities and meet established standards for local access to 7 parks and community facilities described in the General Plan.
- The exact amount of the fee has been calculated by the *Planning* Department based on accepted professional methods for the calculation of such fees described in more detail in the *Planning Depart Department's* case report for *Section 418.1 et seq. this Ordinance*, on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 050865. Cost estimates are based on a detailed assessment of the potential cost to the city of providing the specific improvements described in the Rincon Hill Plan.
- D. The proposed Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would fund
  mitigations of the impacts of new development on:
- 16

• Open Space: Acquisition and development of neighborhood parks;

- Streets: Extensive streetscape improvements throughout the district, including
  sidewalk widenings on Spear, Main, Beale and Essex Streets that would result in useable
  neighborhood open space;
- Community Facilities: ADA, seismic and tenant improvements to the Sailor's Union of
   the Pacific building at 450 Harrison Street that would make the building available for public
   uses, including community arts, recreation and education facilities; and
- Library Services: Funding to provide library services to the area's new residential
   population to established City standards, whether provided in the area or in existing San
   Francisco Public Library facilities.

Specific capital improvements to mitigate the impact of new residential development				
Rincon Hill are proposed and c	letailed cost estimates have	e been dev	eloped. These are	
described in Table 1.				
	Table 1			
Cost Summary of the Proposed Rincon Hill				
Community Infrastructure Improvements				
			1	
Total Unit Potential Und	er the Proposed Rezoning		2,220	
Average Unit Size (net SF)		925		
Total Occupiable Residential SF (net SF)		2,053,500		
Mitigation		C	Cost	
Living Street Open Space	ce	¢	E 004 400	
Improvements		\$ 5,924,406		
Pedestrian Safety and				
Streetscape Improvements		3,883,953		
Traffic Calming to Residential Alleys				
		1,381,000		
Rincon Hill Park	Rincon Hill Park 12,866,052		2,866,052	
Essex Hillside Park		472,050		
Sailor's Union of the Pa	Sailor's Union of the Pacific Community Center 2,500,000			

1	Library Services	601,718	
2	Gross Cost of Community	\$ 27,629,179	
3	Facility Improvements		
4	Less Current Requirements for Street		
5	Improvements	(1,701,679)	
6	Net Cost of Community		
7	Facility Improvements	\$25,927,499.81	
8 9	Average Cost per Occupiable Residential SF	\$ 12.63	
9 10	SF Planning Department, April 2005		
11	The costs in Table I are realistic estimates made by the <i>Planning</i> Department of the		
12	actual costs for improvements related to mitigating the impacts of new development. Detailed		
13	cost estimates are on file at the <i>Planning</i> Department in Case File No. 2000.108 and on file		
14	with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 050865. The proposed fee would cover 85% of the		
15	estimated costs of the community improvements necessary to mitigate these impacts, as		
16	described in Table 2. By charging developers less than the maximum amount of the justified		
17	impact fee, the City avoids any need to refund money to de	evelopers if the fees collected	
18	exceed costs.		

19	E.	Section 418.1 et seq. The Ordinance imposes the following fee structure.		
20		Table 2		
21		Proposed Rincon Hill Community		
22		Infrastructure Impact Fee, Rates		
23		and Projected Fee Revenues		
24				
25			All Projects	

1	No. of Units	2,220	
2	Total Occ. Res. SF**	2,109,000	
3	Fee Rate/Occ. Res. SF	\$ 11.00	
4 5	Projected Fee Revenue	\$ 23,199,000	
6	**Assumes an average of 925 net SF per unit		
7	SF Planning Department, April 2005		

F. The proposed Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee is necessary to
meet relevant State and national service standards, as well as local standards in the Goals
and Objectives of the General Plan as described below:

11 Open Space: The San Francisco General Plan contains the following objectives and 12 policies that call for the provision of streetscape parks and community facilities improvements 13 to serve San Francisco's residential population: Recreation and Open Space Element 14 Objective 2 (Develop and maintain a diversified and balanced citywide system of high quality 15 public open space); Policy 2.1 (Provide an adequate total quantity and equitable distribution of public open spaces throughout the City); Policy 2.7 (Acquire additional open space for public 16 17 use), Objective 4 (Provide opportunities for recreation and the enjoyment of open space in 18 every San Francisco neighborhood), Policy 4.4 (Acquire and develop new public open space 19 in existing residential neighborhoods, giving priority to areas which are most deficient in open 20 space), Policy 4.6 (Assure the provision of adequate public open space to serve new 21 residential development), and Urban Design Element Policy 4.8 (Provide convenient access 22 to a variety of recreation opportunities). 23 The Recreation and Open Space Element of the General Plan cites the National Park 24 and Recreation Association open space standard of 10 acres per 1,000 residents. Although it

acknowledges that this standard is unachievable in a built-out city with limited open space

opportunities such as San Francisco, it notes that San Francisco does have an average of
approximately 5.5 open space acres per resident, and states, "to the extent it reasonably can,
the City should increase the per capita supply of public open space within the City." This
standard is consistent with the national standards for the provision of open space to serve
residential uses.

Additionally, the General Plan contains standards for the distribution of public open
space. Areas within acceptable walking distance of open space include areas within 1/2 mile
of a "Citywide" open space (1--1,000 acres), 3/8 mile of a "District" open space (> 10 acres),
1/4 mile of a "Neighborhood" open space (1--10 acres), and 1/8 mile of a "Subneighborhood"
open space (< 1 acre).</li>

Map 2 of the Recreation and Open Space Element shows that the entirety of Rincon
Hill is not served by open space, and Figure 3 identifies the Rincon Hill area as an "Area Not
Served by Public Open Space." Map 4 identifies the Rincon Hill area as an area in which to
"Provide New Open Space in the General Vicinity."

As a primarily industrial and commercial area, Rincon Hill has historically not had a great need for open space. However, as this area transitions to residential use, new development will create a need for open space to serve the new residential population, pursuant to Recreation and Open Space Element Policy 4.6, which states, "Assure the provision of adequate public open space to serve new residential development."

The neighborhood open spaces which would be funded through the Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would alleviate a portion of the impacts associated with new development and meet the needs of the new population by raising the per capita amount of open space in the district, and by bringing parts of the district within 1/4 mile of an open space, the General Plan standard for "Neighborhood" open spaces (1--10 acres). Together with existing and other proposed parks, approximately 8.5 acres of open space would be

available to serve the Rincon Hill area's projected population of 16,400 residents, or 0.52
 acres of open space per 1000 residents.

3 Streetscape Improvements: The proposed pedestrian and streetscape improvements 4 would increase the amount of useable open space in Rincon Hill, improve pedestrian safety, 5 reduce automobile trips and therefore mitigate traffic impacts expected in the district. Policy 6 4.11 of the Urban Design Element states, "Make use of street space and other unused public 7 areas for recreation," and continues: "Walking along neighborhood streets is the common 8 form of recreation. The usefulness of streets for this purpose can in many cases be improved 9 by widening of sidewalks and installation of simple improvements such as benches and 10 landscaping. Such improvements can often be put in place without narrowing of traffic lanes by use of parking bays with widening of sidewalks at the intersections and at other points 11 12 unsuitable for parking. Streets that have roadways wider than necessary, and streets that are 13 not developed for traffic because of their steepness, provide exceptional opportunities for 14 recreation. These areas can be developed with playgrounds, sitting areas, viewpoints and 15 landscaping that make them neighborhood assets and increase the opportunities for 16 recreation close to the residents' homes."

Map 9 of the Recreation and Open Space Element identifies Rincon Hill as one area to
"Improve Street Space for Recreation and Landscaping where Possible."

In Rincon Hill, which will be deficient in open space when built out as a residential neighborhood, and where available land for new open space is scarce, excess street space that can be used for open space forms an important component of the open space system. A portion of the funds collected from the Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would be used to widen sidewalks on streets with excess roadway width, and use this space for recreation and open space amenities, helping to alleviate the open space need brought about by new development.

1 National and international transportation studies (such as the Dutch Pedestrian Safety 2 Research Review, T. Hummel, SWOV Institute for Road Safety Research (Holland), and 3 University of North Carolina Highway Safety Research Center for the U.S. Dpt. of 4 Transportation, 1999 on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 050865) have 5 demonstrated that pedestrian, traffic-calming and streetscape improvements of the type 6 proposed for Rincon Hill result in safer, more attractive pedestrian conditions. These types of 7 improvements are essential to making pedestrian activity safe and attractive in the district, 8 thereby helping to mitigate traffic impacts associated with excess automobile trips that could 9 otherwise be generated by new development.

10 Community Facilities: The Community Facilities Element of the General Plan contains the following relevant provisions: Objective 3 (Assure that Neighborhood Residents Have 11 12 Access to Needed Services and a Focus for Neighborhood Activities), Policy 3.1 (Provide 13 neighborhood centers in areas lacking adequate community facilities, Policy 3.3 (Develop 14 centers to serve an identifiable neighborhood), Policy 3.4 (Locate neighborhood centers so 15 they are easily accessible and near the natural center of activity), and Policy 3.5 (Develop 16 neighborhood centers that are multipurpose in character, attractive in design, secure and 17 comfortable, and inherently flexible in meeting the current and changing needs of the 18 neighborhood served.

Figure 2 of the Recreation and Open Space Element shows Rincon Hill as entirely
 outside of the service area for public gyms and recreation centers.

A portion of the funds from the Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would pay for tenant improvements to the Sailor's Union of the Pacific Building at 450 Harrison Street, for spaces within the building that would be used for public community arts, education and recreation facilities. National and international best practices identify the need to provide community facilities to serve residential areas, especially in areas rezoned for high-density

1 housing without existing community infrastructure. Vancouver, B.C. has established service 2 standards for the provision of community facilities in high-density residential areas. The 3 Planning Department has determined that the community facilities proposed in Rincon Hill are 4 consistent with these standards. Rincon Hill is currently deficient in community facilities; this 5 condition will be exacerbated when the residential population of the area increases over time. 6 Funds from the Community Infrastructure Impact Fee would be used to directly fund a new 7 community center that would alleviate the deficiency brought about by the demand generated 8 from new residents, by creating a public recreation, arts, and education facility accessible to 9 all Rincon Hill residents.

10 Library Services: New residents in Rincon Hill will generate a substantial new need for 11 library services. The San Francisco Public Library has indicated that it does not anticipate 12 adequate demand for a branch library in Rincon Hill at this time. However, the increase in 13 population in Rincon Hill will create additional demand at other libraries, primarily the Main 14 Library and the new Mission Bay branch library. The Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure 15 Impact Fee includes a funding for library services equal to \$69 per new resident, which is 16 consistent with the service standards used by the San Francisco Public Library for allocating 17 resources to neighborhood branch libraries.

F. The development of the Rincon Hill Area Plan will also have economic impacts on the immediately surrounding area of SOMA. Specifically, the development will have impacts on affordable housing, economic and community development, and community cohesion in SOMA.

- G. Affordable Housing: The findings in *former* Planning Code Section 315.2 of the
   Inclusionary Affordable Housing Ordinance are hereby readopted and updated as follows:
- Affordable housing is a paramount statewide concern. In 1980, the Legislature
   declared in Government Code Section 65580:

(a) The availability of housing is of vital statewide importance, and the early
 attainment of decent housing and a suitable living environment for every California family is a
 priority of the highest order.

4 (b) The early attainment of this goal requires the cooperative participation of
5 government and the private sector in an effort to expand housing opportunities and
6 accommodate the housing needs of Californians of all economic levels.

7 (c) The provision of housing affordable to low- and moderate-income households
8 requires the cooperation of all levels of government.

- 9 (d) Local and state governments have a responsibility to use the powers vested in
  10 them to facilitate the improvement and development of housing to make adequate provision
  11 for the housing needs of all economic segments of the community.
- The Legislature further stated in Government Code Section 65581 that: It is the intent
  of the Legislature in enacting this article:
- 14 (a) To assure that counties and cities recognize their responsibilities in contributing
  15 to the attainment of the state housing goal.
- (b) To assure that counties and cities will prepare and implement housing elementswhich will move toward attainment of the state housing goal.
- (c) To recognize that each locality is best capable of determining what efforts are
  required by it to contribute to the attainment of the state housing goal.
- 20 The California Legislature requires each local government agency to develop a 21 comprehensive long-term general plan establishing policies for future development. As
- specified in the Government Code (at Sections 65300, 65302(c), and 65583(c)), the plan must
- 23 (1) "encourage the development of a variety of types of housing for all income levels,
- 24 including multifamily rental housing"; (2) "[a]ssist in the development of adequate housing to
- 25 meet the needs of low- and moderate-income households": and (3) "conserve and improve

the condition of the existing affordable housing stock. which may include addressing ways to
mitigate the loss of dwelling units demolished by public or private action."

3 2. San Francisco faces a continuing shortage of affordable housing for very low 4 and low-income residents. The San Francisco Planning Department reported that for the four 5 year period between 2000 and 2004, 8,389 total new housing units were built in San 6 Francisco. This number includes 1,933 units for low and very low-income households out of a 7 total need of 3,930 low and very low-income housing units for the same period. According to 8 the state Department of Housing and Community Development, there will be a regional need 9 for 230,743 new housing units in the nine Bay Area counties from 1999-2006. Of that amount, 10 at least 58 percent, or 133,164 units, are needed for moderate, low and very low-income households. The Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) is responsible for dividing the 11 12 total regional need numbers among its member governments which includes both counties 13 and cities. ABAG estimates that San Francisco's low and very low-income housing production 14 need from 1999 through 2006 is 7,370 units out of a total new housing need of 20,372 units, 15 or 36% of all units built. Within the past four years, only 23% of all housing built, or 49% of the 16 previously projected housing need for low and very low-income housing for the same period, 17 was produced in San Francisco. The production of moderate income rental units also fell short 18 of the ABAG goal. Only 351 moderate income units were produced over the previous four years, or 4% of all units built, compared to ABAG's call for 28% of all units to be affordable to 19 20 households of moderate income. Given the need for 3,007 moderate income units over the 4-21 year period, only 12% of the projected need for moderate income units was built. 22 3. n response to the above mandate from the California Legislature and the

projections of housing needs for San Francisco, San Francisco has instituted several
 strategies for producing new affordable housing units. The 2004 Housing Element of the
 General Plan recognizes the need to support affordable housing production by increasing site

availability and capacity for permanently affordable housing through the inclusion of affordable
units in larger market-rate housing projects. Further, the City, as established in the General
Plan, seeks to encourage the distribution of affordable housing throughout all neighborhoods
and, thereby, offer diverse housing choices and promote economic and social integration. The
2004 Housing Element calls for an increase in the production of new affordable housing and
for the development of mixed income housing to achieve social and cultural diversity. This
legislation furthers the goals of the State Legislature and the General Plan.

8 4. The 2005 Consolidated Plan for July 1, 2000-June 30, 2005, issued by the 9 Mayor's Office of Community Development and the Mayor's Office of Housing establishes that 10 extreme housing pressures face San Francisco, particularly in regard to low- and moderate-11 income residents. Many elements constrain housing production in the City. This is especially 12 true of affordable housing. As discussed in the 2004 Housing Element published by the City 13 Planning Department, San Francisco is largely built out, with very few large open tracts of 14 land to develop. As noted in the 2000 Consolidated Plan, its geographical location at the 15 northern end of a peninsula inherently prevents substantial new development. There is no 16 available adjacent land to be annexed, as the cities located on San Francisco's southern 17 border are also dense urban areas. Thus new construction of housing is limited to areas of the 18 City not previously designated as residential areas, infill sites, or to areas with increased 19 density. New market-rate housing absorbs a significant amount of the remaining supply of 20 land and other resources available for development and thus limits the supply of affordable 21 housing.

There is a great need for affordable rental and owner-occupied housing in the City. Housing cost burden is one of the major standards for determining whether a locality is experiencing inadequate housing conditions, defined as households that expend 30% or more of gross income for rent or 35% or more of household income for owner costs. The 2000

Census indicates that 64,400 renter households earning up to 80% of the area median
income are cost burdened. Of these, about 25,000 households earn less than 50% AMI and
pay more than 50% of their income to rent. According to more recent data from the American
Housing Survey, 80,662 total renter households, or 41%, are cost burdened in 2003. A
significant number of owners are also cost burdened. According to 2000 Census data, 18,237
of owners are cost-burdened, or 23% of all owner households. The 2003 American Housing
Survey indicates that this level has risen to 29%.

8 The San Francisco residential real estate market is one of the most expensive in the 9 United States. In May 2005, the California Association of Realtors reported that the median 10 priced home in San Francisco was \$755,000. This is 18% higher than the median priced home one year earlier, 44% higher than the State of California median, and 365% higher than 11 12 the nation average. While the national home ownership rate is approximately 69%, only 13 approximately 35% of San Franciscans own their own home. Clearly, the majority of market-14 rate homes for sale in San Francisco are priced out of the reach of low and moderate income 15 households. In May 2005, the average rent for a 2-bedroom apartment was \$1821, which is 16 affordable to households earning over \$74,000.

17 These factors contribute to a heavy demand for affordable housing in the City that the 18 private market cannot meet. Each year the number of market rate units that are affordable to low income households is reduced by rising market rate rents and sales prices. The number 19 20 of households benefiting from rental assistance programs is far below the need established by 21 the 2000 Census. Because the shortage of affordable housing in the City can be expected to 22 continue for many years, it is necessary to maintain the affordability of the housing units 23 constructed by housing developers under this Program. The 2004 Housing Element of the 24 General Plan recognizes this need. Objective 1 of the Housing Element is to provide new housing, especially permanently affordable housing, in appropriate locations which meets 25

identified housing needs and takes into account the demand for affordable housing created by
employment demand. Objective 6 is to protect the affordability of existing housing, and to
ensure that housing developed to be affordable be kept affordable for 50-75 year terms, or
even longer if possible.

5 In 2004 the National Housing Conference issued a survey entitled "Inclusionary 6 Zoning: The California Experience." The survey found that as of March 2003, there were 107 7 cities and counties using inclusionary housing in California, one-fifth of all localities in the 8 state. Overall, the inclusionary requirements were generating large numbers of affordable 9 units. Only six percent of jurisdictions reported voluntary programs, and the voluntary nature 10 appears to compromise the local ability to guarantee affordable housing production. While 11 there was a wide range in the affordability percentage-requirements for inclusionary housing, 12 the average requirement for affordability in rental developments is 13%. Approximately half of 13 all jurisdictions require at least 15% to be affordable, and one-quarter require 20% or more to 14 be affordable.

15 5. Development of new market-rate housing makes it possible for new residents to 16 move to the City. These new residents place demands on services provided by both public 17 and private sectors. Some of the public and private sector employees needed to meet the 18 needs of the new residents earn incomes only adequate to pay for affordable housing. 19 Because affordable housing is in short supply within the City, such employees may be forced 20 to live in less than adequate housing within the City, pay a disproportionate share of their 21 incomes to live in adequate housing within the City, or commute ever-increasing distances to 22 their jobs from housing located outside the City. These circumstances harm the City's ability 23 to attain goals articulated in the City's General Plan and place strains on the City's ability to 24 accept and service new market-rate housing development.

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1 6. The development of affordable housing on the same site as market-rate housing 2 increases social and economic integration vis-a-vis housing in the City and has corresponding 3 social and economic benefits to the City. Inclusionary housing provides a healthy job and 4 housing balance. Inclusionary housing provides more affordable housing close to employment centers which in turn may have a positive economic impact by reducing such costs as 5 6 commuting and labor costs. However, there may also be trade-offs where constructing 7 affordable units at a different site than the site of the *principal principle* project may produce a 8 greater number of affordable units without additional costs to the project sponsor applicant. If a 9 project sponsor applicant may produce a significantly greater number of affordable units off-site 10 then it is in the best interest of the City to permit the development of affordable units at a 11 different location than that of the *principal principle* project.

- 12 7. Provided project *sponsors* applicants can take these requirements into 13 consideration when negotiating to purchase land for a housing project, the requirements of 14 this Section are generally financially feasible for project applicants to meet, particularly 15 because of the benefits being conferred by the City to housing projects under Section 418.1 et 16 seq. this ordinance. Section 418.1 et seq. This ordinance provides a means by which a project 17 sponsor applicant may seek a reduction or waiver of the requirements of this mitigation fees if 18 the project *sponsor* applicant can show that imposition of these requirements would create an unlawful financial burden. 19
- 8. Conditional Use and Planned Unit Development Permits permit the development of certain uses not permitted as of right in specific districts or greater density of permitted residential uses. As the General Plan recognizes, through the conditional use and planned unit development process, applicants for housing projects generally receive material economic benefits. Such applicants are generally permitted to build in excess of the generally applicable black letter requirements of the Planning Code for housing projects resulting in

1 increased density, bulk, or lot coverage or a reduction in parking or other requirements or an 2 approval of a more intensive use over that permitted without the conditional use permit or 3 planned unit development permit. Through the conditional use and planned unit development 4 process, building standards can be relaxed in order to promote lower cost home construction. 5 An additional portion of San Francisco's affordable housing needs can be supplied (with no 6 public subsidies or financing) by private sector housing developers developing inclusionary 7 affordable units in their large market-rate projects in exchange for the density and other 8 bonuses conferred by conditional use or planned unit development approvals, provided it is 9 financially attractive for private sector housing developers to seek such conditional use and/or 10 planned unit development approvals. In the Rincon Hill context, the City is conferring the traditional benefits of a conditional use permit through the provisions of the Rincon Hill Plan. 11 12 Thus developers receive the benefits of a conditional use but their development is generally principally permitted. 13

9. The City wants to balance the burden on private property owners with the demonstrated need for affordable housing in the City. For the reasons stated above, the Board of Supervisors thus intends to apply an inclusionary housing requirement to all residential projects of 10 units or more and, due to the factors discussed above, the Board will apply the percentage assigned to conditional use and planned unit development permits to all development in the Rincon Hill Plan Area.

10. The Rincon Hill Plan enables new market rate development on major
opportunity sites, which, in effect, reduces land available for affordable housing. Furthermore,
new market rate development in Rincon Hill will be of greater density than allowed elsewhere
in the South of Market, increasing land values. This increase in land values further reduces
the feasibility for affordable housing in the Rincon Hill Plan area, and justifies imposition of a

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somewhat greater affordable housing requirement on housing projects in the Rincon Hill Plan
 area.

The proposed new development in the Rincon Hill area will also lead to increased home prices and increased rental rates in the immediate Rincon Hill area and the surrounding South of Market area. This new development and corresponding increase in prices in the Rincon Hill area will cause displacement of existing residents.

New development in the Rincon Hill area will be marketed to higher income groups
than other new development in San Francisco. Higher income groups have a higher demand
for services than other income groups, so a higher number of workers will need to be housed
in the area. Workers in the service industry generally make less than median income. The
development in Rincon Hill represents the development of a disproportionate share of the
available land for remaining housing development in the City.

The new development creates the need for additional affordable housing in the South of Market neighborhood and the need to provide subsidies for existing residents so that they will not be displaced and can continue living in their current neighborhood. In order to avoid displacement from the new development, residents will also need financial support to avoid eviction.

18 In addition, through the amendments to the Rincon Hill Area Plan and related zoning maps, the overall development capacity of the Rincon Hill area will be increased by 1) 19 20 increasing permitted height and bulk, 2) eliminating residential density limits by lot area, and 21 3) establishing a minimum residential to commercial use ratio. Existing permitted heights 22 range from 80 feet up to a maximum of 250 feet. The new Rincon Hill zoning would increase 23 heights up to 400-550 feet in selected locations. The permitted bulk for residential towers will 24 be increased from a maximum floor plate of 7,500 sf to a range from 7,500--10,000 sf. The area's existing RC-4 zoning has a maximum permitted residential density of 1 unit per 200 of 25

lot area; this limit will be eliminated and the height and bulk envelope will control the maximum
 development permitted. Thus project sponsors in the area are receiving a substantial increase
 in density over what is currently permitted.

H. Economic and community development: The new development in Rincon Hill will
also change the economic landscape of the Rincon Hill area and the South of Market area.
The new development in Rincon Hill will displace small businesses directly by focusing
development in the neighborhood on residential development and indirectly due to higher
rents and higher prices for real estate. Thus existing small businesses need financial
assistance to avoid being displaced.

10 The new development in the Rincon Hill area will also affect the type of jobs available in the Rincon Hill and South of Market area. Current residents of SOMA are employed in the 11 12 Rincon Hill and SOMA area. New development in the Rincon Hill area will concentrate on 13 residential development, thus pushing out other uses including light industrial uses and small 14 business. Local workers will need to be retrained to avoid job displacement from the 15 development in the Rincon Hill area. Financial assistance will support employment 16 development, job placement, job development, and other forms of economic capacity building 17 for SOMA residents to ameliorate the effects of the economic displacement. The City benefits 18 from having workers live near to their work places in reduced commute times for residents. 19 and reduced traffic congestion and associated pollution.

I. Community cohesion: New development in the Rincon Hill area in such a vast
 quantity and of such a different character as currently exists will change the social fabric of the
 neighborhood. Programs to promote leadership development, community cohesion, and civic
 participation will also ameliorate the negative economic and social consequences of the new
 development in Rincon Hill on the residents and small businesses in Rincon Hill and the
 broader South of Market community.

1	SEC. <u>418.2.</u> 318.2. DEFINITIONS. See Section 401 of this Article, The following definitions
2	shall govern interpretation of this ordinance.
3	(a) "Child-care facility." shall mean a child day-care facility as defined in California Health
4	and Safety Code Section 1596.750.
5	(b "DBI" shall mean the Department of Building Inspection.
6	(c) "DPW" shall mean the Department of Public Works.
7	(d) "First certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy or a
8	Certificate of Final Completion and Occupancy, as defined in San Francisco Building Code Section
9	109, whichever is issued first.
10	(e) "Infrastructure" shall mean street paving, crosswalks, signs, medians, bulbouts, sidewalks,
11	trees, parks and open space, day care centers, libraries and community centers.
12	(f) "Infrastructure fee." shall mean a monetary contribution based upon the cost to provide
13	infrastructure under this program.
14	(g) "Low income." shall mean, for purposes of this ordinance, up to 80% of median, family
15	income for the San Francisco PMSA, as calculated and adjusted by the United States Department of
16	Housing and Urban Development (HUD) on an annual basis, except that as applied to housing-related
17	purposes such as the construction of affordable housing and the provision of rental subsidies with funds
18	from the SOMA Stabilization Fund established in Section 318.7 it shall mean up to 60% of median
19	family income for the San Francisco PMSA, as calculated and adjusted by the United States
20	Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) on an annual basis.
21	(h) "MOCD" shall mean the Mayor's Office of Community Development.
22	(i) "MOH" shall mean the Mayor's Office of Housing.
23	(j) "Net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use." shall mean occupied floor area,
24	as defined in Section 102.10 of this Code, including bathrooms provided as part of dwelling units, to be
25	occupied by or primarily serving, residential use excluding common areas such as hallways, fitness

1	centers and lobbies, less the occupied floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of
2	the proposed residential development project which occupied floor area was used primarily and
3	continuously for residential use and was not accessory to any use other than residential use for at least
4	five years prior to Planning Department approval of the residential development project subject to this
5	Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
6	(k) "Program." shall mean the Downtown Residential Community Improvements Neighborhood
7	Program.
8	(1) "Program Area." shall mean those districts identified as Downtown Residential (DTR)
9	Districts in the Planning Code and on the Zoning Maps.
10	(m) "Residential development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,
11	conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any
12	occupied floor area of residential use; provided, however, that for projects that solely comprise an
13	addition to an existing structure which would add occupied floor area in an amount less than 20
14	percent of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Section shall only
15	apply to the new occupied square footage.
16	(n) "Residential use." shall mean any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by
17	uses as defined in Section 890.88 of this Code and shall not include any use which qualifies as an
18	accessory use as defined and regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5.
19	(o) "SOMA." shall mean the area bounded by Market Street to the north, Embarcadero to the
20	east, King Street to the south and South Van Ness and Division to the west.
21	(p) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction of a residential
22	development project subject to this Section and such applicant's successors and assigns.
23	(q) Waiver Agreement." means an agreement acceptable in form and substance to the Planning
24	Department and the City Attorney, under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of the
25	Community Improvements Impact Fee, conditioned upon the project sponsor's covenant to make a good

1 faith effort to secure the formation of a Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District, if such a district 2 has not already been successfully formed, and to take all steps necessary to support the construction of 3 a portion of the improvements described in Sections 318.6 (the "CFD Improvements") using the 4 proceeds of one or more series of special tax bonds or moneys otherwise made available by such a 5 district ("CFD Funds"). Such agreement shall include a specific description of the CFD Improvements 6 and a specific date for the commencement of such improvements. Such agreement shall also provide 7 that the project sponsor shall pay the full amount of the waived Community Improvements Impact Fee 8 in the event that CFD Funds are not received in amounts necessary to commence construction of the 9 CFD Improvements on the stated commencement date. The City also shall require the project sponsor 10 to provide a letter of credit or other instrument to secure the City's right to receive payment as 11 described in the preceding sentence. 12 SEC. 418.3 318.3. APPLICATION. 13 (a) Application. Section 418.1 et seq. shall apply to any development project located in the 14 Rincon Hill Community Improvements Program Area, which includes all properties zoned DTR. The Downtown Residential Community Improvements Neighborhood Program is hereby established and 15 16 shall be implemented through district-specific community improvements funds which apply in the 17 following downtown residential areas: 18 (i) Properties identified as "Residential Mixed-Use" in Map 3 (Land Use Plan) of the Rincon Hill Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan. 19 20 (b) Amount of Fees. 21 The Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee shall be \$11.00 per net addition (1)22 of occupiable square feet of residential use in any development project with a residential use in any 23 development project with a residential use located within the Program Area; and 24 25

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(2) The SOMA Community Stabilization Fee shall be \$14.00 per net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use in any development project with a residential use within the Program Area.

- 4 (d) The Community *Improvements Infrastructure* Impact Fee shall be revised effective
  5 January 1st of the year following the effective date of *Section 418.1 et seq. this ordinance* and on
  6 January 1st each year thereafter by the percentage increase or decrease in the construction
  7 cost of providing these improvements.
- 8 (c) (e) Option for In-Kind Provision of Community Improvements Infrastructure and Fee
- 9 <u>Credits</u>. The Planning Commission <u>may</u> shall reduce the Community <u>Improvements</u> <u>Infrastructure</u>
- 10 Impact Fee or SOMA Stabilization Fee owed *described in (b) above* for specific residential
- 11 development projects proposals in cases where the Director has recommended approval and the a
- 12 project sponsor has entered into an *<u>In-Kind Improvements</u> a<u>A</u> greement with the City. <u><i>In-kind*</u>
- 13 *community improvements may only be accepted if they are improvements prioritized in the Rincon Hill*
- 14 *Plan, meet identified community needs, and serve as a substitute for improvements funded by impact fee*
- 15 *revenue such as street improvements, transit improvements, and community facilities. Open space or*
- 16 <u>streetscape improvements proposed to satisfy the usable open space requirements of Section 135 are</u>
- 17 *not eligible as in-kind improvements. No proposal for in-kind community improvements shall be*
- 18 accepted that does not conform to the criteria above. Project sponsors that pursue In-Kind Community
- 19 Agreements with the City will be charged time and materials for any additional administrative costs
- 20 *that the Department or any other City agency incurs in processing the request to provide in-kind*
- 21 *improvements in the form of streetscaping, sidewalk widening, neighborhood open space, community*
- 22 *center, and other improvements that result in new public infrastructure and facilities described in*
- 23 Section 318.6 below.
- 24 (1) The Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee and SOMA Stabilization Fee
   25 may be reduced by the total dollar value of the community improvements provided through an In-Kind

1	Improvements Agreement recommended by the Director and approved by the Commission. For the
2	purposes of calculating the total <u>dollar value of in-kind community improvements</u> , the project
3	sponsor shall provide the <i>Planning</i> Department with a cost estimate for the proposed in-kind
4	community improvement(s) from two independent contractors sources or, if relevant, real estate
5	appraisers. If the City has completed a detailed site-specific cost estimate for a planned improvement,
6	this may serve as one of the cost estimates provided it is indexed to current cost of construction. Based
7	on these estimates, the Director <i>of Planning</i> shall determine <i>their <u>the</u> appropriate value <u>of the</u></i>
8	in-kind improvements and the Planning Commission shall reduce the <u>Rincon Hill</u> Community
9	Improvements Infrastructure Impact Fee or SOMA Stabilization Fee otherwise due by an equal
10	amount assessed to that project proportionally. No credit shall be made for land value unless
11	ownership of the land is transferred to the City or a permanent public easement is granted, the
12	acceptance of which is at the sole discretion of the City.
13	(2) All In-Kind Improvement Agreements shall require the project sponsor to reimburse all
14	City agencies for their administrative and staff costs in negotiating, drafting, and monitoring
15	compliance with the In-Kind Improvements Agreement. The City shall also require the project
16	sponsor to provide a letter of credit or other instrument, acceptable in form and substance to
17	the Department and the City Attorney, to secure the City's right to receive improvements as
18	described above.
19	(d) (f) Option for Financing Provision of In-Kind Community Improvements or payment
20	of the Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee via a Mello-Roos Community Facilities
21	(Mello-Roos) District ("CFD"). The Planning Commission shall waive the Community
22	Improvements Impact Fee described in (b) above, either in whole or in part, for specific
23	residential development proposals in cases where one or more project sponsors have entered
24	into a Waiver Agreement with the City. Such waiver shall not exceed the value of the
25	improvements to be provided under the Waiver Agreement. For purposes of calculating the
	Mayor Newsom, Supervisor Dufty

1 total value of such improvements, the project sponsor shall provide the Department with a 2 cost estimate for the proposed in-kind community improvements from two independent 3 contractors. Based on these estimates, the Director shall determine their appropriate value. Applicants who finance In-Kind Community Improvements or payment of the Rincon 4 5 Hill Community Infrastructure Imact Fee through the formation of a CFD shall be responsible 6 for any additional time and materials costs associated with annexation or formation of the 7 CFD, including, Planning Department staff, City Attorney time, and other costs associated with annexation or formation of the CFD. These costs shall be paid in addition to the In-Kind 8 9 Community Improvements obligation and billed no later than expenditure of CFD bond funds 10 promptly following satisfaction of the In-Kind Agreement or payment of the Rincon Hill 11 Community Infrastructure Impact Fee. 12 Timing of Fee Payments. The Rincon Hill Community Infrastructure Impact Fee and (e)13 SOMA Stabilization Fee is due and payable to the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior to 14 issuance of the first construction document, with an option for the project sponsor to defer payment to 15 prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge that 16 would be paid into the appropriate fund in accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San Francisco Building Code. 17 18 The sponsor shall pay to the Treasurer a Community Improvements Impact Fees of the 19 following amounts for each net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use. 20 (i) Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a residential development 21 project within the Program Area, an \$11.00 Community Improvement Impact Fee in the Rincon Hill 22 downtown residential area, as described in (a)(i) above, for the Rincon Hill Community Improvements 23 Fund. 24 (ii) Prior to the issuance by DBI of a final certificate of occupancy for a residential 25 development project within the Program Area, a \$13.75 SOMA Community Stabilization Fee in the Mayor Newsom, Supervisor Dufty

1	Rincon Hill downtown residential area, as described in (a)(1) above for the SOMA Community
2	Stabilization Fund or provide to the City an irrevocable letter of credit in a form approved in advance
3	by the City Attorney to secure the payment of the \$13.75 Community Stabilization Fee within six
4	months from the date of issuance by the Director of DBI of a final certificate of occupancy for the
5	Rincon Hill Mitigation Fund, and prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a
6	residential development project within the Program Area, a \$.25 SOMA Community Stabilization Fee
7	in the Rincon Hill downtown residential area. as described in (a)(1) above for the SOMA Community
8	Stabilization Fund.
9	(c) Upon payment of the Community Improvements Impact Fees in full to the Treasurer or
10	upon the execution of a Waiver Agreement and upon request of the sponsor, the Treasurer shall issue a
11	certification that the fee has been paid or a Waiver Agreement executed. The sponsor shall present such
12	certification to the Planning Department, and MOH prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or
13	building permit for the residential development project. DBI shall not issue the site or building permit
14	without the Treasurer's certification. An failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or the Planning Department to
15	give any notice under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this Section. Where
16	DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit without payment of the fee, DBI shall not issue any
17	certificate of occupancy for the project without notification from the Treasurer that the fees required by
18	this Section have been paid. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude
19	enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other section of this Code, or other authority
20	under the laws of the State of California.
21	(f) (g) Waiver or Reduction.:
22	(1) A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Section may appeal to
23	the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based upon the
24	absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and the amount of
25	the fee charged.

25 *the fee charged*.

1 (2) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section who has received an 2 approved building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval and who submits a 3 new or revised building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval for the same 4 property may appeal for a reduction, adjustment or waiver of the requirements with respect to the 5 square footage of construction previously approved. 6 (3) Any such appeal shall be made in writing and filed with the Clerk of the Board no later than 7 15 days after the date the sponsor is required to pay to the Treasurer the fee as required in Section 8 318.3(b). The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual and legal basis for the claim of waiver, 9 reduction, or adjustment. The Board of Supervisors shall consider the appeal at the hearing within 60 10 days after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear the burden of presenting substantial 11 evidence to support the appeal, including comparable technical information to support appellant's 12 position. The decision of the Board shall be by a simple majority vote and shall be final. If a reduction, 13 adjustment, or waiver is granted, any change in use within the project shall invalidate the waiver, 14 adjustment, or reduction of the fee. If the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of 15 the Board shall promptly transmit the nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the 16 Treasurer. (4) In the event that the Board of Supervisors grants a waiver or reduction under 17 18 Section 408 of this Article Section, it shall be the policy of the Board of Supervisors that it shall adjust the percentage of inclusionary housing in lieu fees in *Planning Code* Section 19 20 827(b)(5)(C) of this Code such that a greater percentage of the in lieu fees will be spent in 21 SOMA with the result that the waiver or reduction under this Section shall not reduce the 22 overall funding to the SOMA community. 23 SEC. 418.4 IMPOSITION OF COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACT FEE AND SOMA 24 STABILIZATION FEE.

25

1	(a) Determination of Requirements. The Department or Commission shall determine the							
2	applicability of Section 418.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit							
3	and, if Section 418.1 et seq. is applicable, the amount of Community Infrastructure Impact and SOMA							
4	Stabilization Fees required and shall impose these requirements as a condition of approval for							
5	issuance of the building or site permit for the development project. The project sponsor shall supply							
6	any information necessary to assist the Department in this determination.							
7	(b) Department's Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. Prior to							
8	issuance of a building or site permit for a development project subject to the requirements of Section							
9	418.1 et seq., the Department shall notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its final							
10	determination of the amount of Community Infrastructure and SOMA Stabilization Fees required,							
11	including any fee credits for in-kind improvements, in addition to the other information required by							
12	Section 402(b) of this Article.							
13	(c) Development Fee Collection Unit's Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the First							
14	Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing							
15	and electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any							
16	development project subject to Section 418.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of the							
17	requirement with an In-Kind Improvement Agreement. If the Department notifies the Unit at such time							
18	that the sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all							
19	certificates of occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of							
20	<u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u>							
21	(d) In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any							
22	development project subject to Section 418.1 et seq. and such action is subsequently modified,							
23	superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board							
24	of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) shall be followed.							
25	SEC. 318.4. LIEN PROCEEDINGS.							

1	(a) A sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Sections 318.3, shall constitute
2	cause for the City to record a lien against all parcels used for the housing development project in the
3	sum of the fees required under this ordinance, Section 313.3. The fee required Section 318.3(b)(i) of
4	this ordinance is due and payable to the Treasurer prior to issuance of the first building or site permit
5	for the development project unless a Waiver Agreement has been executed. If, for any reason, the fee
6	remains unpaid following issuance of the permit and no Waiver Agreement has been executed, any
7	amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof,
8	from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment. The fee required by this
9	ordinance under Section 318.3(b)(ii) is due and payable to the Treasurer prior to issuance by the
10	Director of DBI of a final certificate of occupancy or within six months after the issuance by the
11	Director of DBI of a final certificate of occupancy if the project sponsor has provided the City with an
12	irrevocable letter of credit under Section 318.3(b)(ii).
13	If, for any reason, the fees remain unpaid six months following issuance of the final certificate
14	of occupancy, any amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month,
15	or fraction thereof, from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment.
16	(b) If, for any reason, the fees imposed pursuant to this ordinance remain unpaid following
17	issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of
18	Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee,
19	including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the housing development project and shall send all
20	notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall
21	also prepare a preliminary report noting the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board
22	of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain
23	the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's housing development project, a description of the
24	parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year,
25	a description of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing.

1 The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the 2 parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fee authorized by 3 Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance 4 shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Rincon Hill Community Improvements Fund 5 established in Section 313.6 or the SOMA Community Stabilization Fund established in Section 313.7 6 as appropriate. 7 (c) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or served 8 upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or owner 9 or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor or 10 owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the housing development 11 12 project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. 13 SEC. 318.5. COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS IMPACT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING 14 PERMIT EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF 15 OCCUPANCY. 16 In the event a building permit expires prior to completion of the work on and commencement of 17 occupancy of a residential development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to 18 carry out any development, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled, and any 19 *Community Improvements Impact Fee and any SOMA Community Stabilization Impact Fee previously* 20 paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new permit, the 21 procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding payment of the Community Improvements Impact Fee 22 and SOMA Community Stabilization Impact Fee shall be followed. 23 SEC. 418.5 318.6. RINCON HILL COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND. 24 (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose 25 entitled the Rincon Hill Community Improvements Fund ("Fund"). All monies collected by the

<u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI Treasurer</u> pursuant to Section <u>418.3(e)</u> <u>318.3(b)(i)</u> shall be
 deposited in a special fund maintained by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund are hereby
 appropriated in accordance with law to be used solely to fund public infrastructure subject to
 the conditions of this Section.

5 (b)(1) II monies deposited in the Fund shall be used solely to design, engineer, 6 acquire, and develop neighborhood open spaces, streetscape improvements, a community 7 center, and other improvements that result in new publicly-accessible facilities within the 8 Rincon Hill Downtown Residential (DTR) District or within 250 feet of the District. These 9 improvements shall be consistent with the Rincon Hill Public Open Space System as 10 described in Map 5 of the Rincon Hill Area Plan of the General Plan, and any Rincon Hill 11 Improvements Plan that is approved by the Board of Supervisors in the future, except that 12 monies from the Fund may be used by the Planning Commission to commission economic 13 analyses for the purpose of revising the fee pursuant to Section 418.3 318.3(d) above, to 14 complete a nexus study to demonstrate the relationship between residential development and 15 the need for public facilities if this is deemed necessary, or to commission landscape 16 architectural or other planning, design and engineering services in support of the proposed 17 public improvements, provided they do not exceed a total of \$250,000.

18 (2) Notwithstanding *s*Subsection (b)(1) above, \$6 million of the Fund shall be transferred to the SOMA Stabilization Fund described in Section 418.7 318.7 to be used 19 20 exclusively for the following expenditures: SOMA Open Space Facilities Development and 21 Improvement; Community Facilities Development and Improvement; SOMA Pedestrian Safety 22 Planning, Traffic Calming, and Streetscape Improvement; and Development of new affordable 23 housing in SOMA. The Board of Supervisors finds that it is in the best interest of the City that 24 the Rincon Hill Community Improvements be built. The Board of Supervisors further finds that 25 the City will be able to build sufficient community improvements for the Rincon Hill Plan Area

with the remainder of the money in the Rincon Hill Community Improvements Fund. In the
event that the *Planning* Department demonstrates to the Board that the City is unable to build
the contemplated community improvements for the Plan Area, it shall be City policy to
designate funds from the general fund received from real estate transfer taxes and property
taxes on new development generated under the Rincon Hill Plan Area Plan approved in this
ordinance sufficient to finance the rest of the community improvements proposed for the
Rincon Hill Plan Area.

8 (3) No portion of the Fund may be used, by way of loan or otherwise, to pay any 9 administrative, general overhead, or similar expense of any public entity.

10 (c) The Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of Supervisors 11 beginning one year after the effective date of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, which report 12 shall set forth the amount of money collected in the Fund. The Fund shall be administered by 13 the Planning Commission.

14 A public hearing shall be held by both the Planning and Recreation and Parks (d) 15 Commissions to elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of property using 16 monies in the Fund or through agreements for financing iln-kKind or Community 17 Improvements Facilities via a (Mello-Roos) Community Facilities District improvements that 18 will ultimately be maintained by the Department of Recreation and Parks as described above in Section 313.3(d) and (e). Notice of public hearings shall be published in an official 19 20 newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, which notice shall set forth the 21 time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The hearing may be continued to a later date by a 22 majority vote of the members of both Commissions present at the hearing. At a joint public 23 hearing, a quorum of the Planning and Recreation and Parks Commissions may vote to 24 allocate the monies in the Fund for acquisition of property for park use and/or for development

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of property for park use, or to approve projects proposed in connection with an agreement for
 <u>iIn-kK</u>ind or Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District CFD Improvements.

- (e) The Planning Commission shall work with other City agencies and commissions,
  specifically the Department of Recreation and Parks, *DPW Department of Public Works*, and the
  Metropolitan Transportation Agency, to develop agreements related to the administration of
  the development of new public facilities within public rights-of-way or on any acquired property
  designed for park use, using such monies as have been allocated for that purpose at a
  hearing of the Planning Commission.
- 9 (f) The Director *of Planning* shall have the authority to prescribe rules and
  10 regulations governing the Fund, which are consistent with *Section 418.1 et seq. this ordinance*.
  11 SEC. *418.7<del>318.7</del>. SOMA COMMUNITY STABILIZATION FUND.*
- (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose
  entitled the SOMA Community Stabilization Fund ("Fund"). All monies collected by <u>DBI the</u> *Treasurer* pursuant to Section <u>419.3</u> <u>319.3(b)(ii)</u> shall be deposited in a special fund maintained
  by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund are hereby appropriated in accordance with law to
  be used solely to address the effects of destabilization on residents and businesses in SOMA
  subject to the conditions of this Section.
- (b) (1) All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used to address the impacts of
  destabilization on residents and businesses in SOMA including assistance for: affordable
  housing and community asset building, small business renta1 assistance, development of
  new affordable homes for rental units for low income households, rental subsidies for low
  income households, down payment assistance for home ownership for low income
  households, eviction prevention, employment development and capacity building for SOMA
  residents, job growth and job placement, small business assistance, leadership development,
- 25

community cohesion, civic participation, and community based programs and economic
 development.

3 (2) Monies from the Fund may be appropriated by MOCD without additional 4 approval by the Board of Supervisors to the Planning Commission or other City department or 5 office to commission economic analyses for the purpose of revising the fee, to complete a 6 nexus study to demonstrate the relationship between residential development and the need 7 for stabilization assistance if this is deemed necessary, provided these expenses do not 8 exceed a total of \$100.000. The receipts in the Fund may be used to pay the expenses of 9 MOCD in connection with administering the Fund and monitoring the use of the Funds. Before 10 expending funds on administration, MOCD must obtain the approval of the Board of 11 Supervisors by Resolution.

12 Receipts in the Fund shall also be used to reimburse the *Planning* Department (3)13 for conducting a study as follows. Within 60 days of the effective date of Section 418.1 et seq. 14 this ordinance the City Planning Department shall commence a study on the impact, in nature 15 and amount, of market rate housing development on the production of permanently affordable 16 housing and recommend the range of possible fees to be paid by market rate housing 17 developers to mitigate such impact should one be found. The Department shall make timely 18 progress reports on the conduct of this study and shall submit the completed report along with recommendations for legislation to the Land Use & Economic Development Committee of the 19 20 Board of Supervisors. This study is meant to accomplish the same purposes as the study 21 authorized by the Board of Supervisors in Planning Code Section  $415.8(e) \frac{315.8(e)}{315.8(e)}$  and thus 22 supersedes 415.8 (e)4315.8(e).

(c) The Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of Supervisors
beginning one year after the effective date of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, which report
shall set forth the amount of money collected in the Fund. The Fund shall be administered and

expended by MOCD, but all expenditures shall first be approved by the Board of Supervisors
through the legislative process. In approving expenditures from the Fund, MOCD and the
Board of Supervisors shall accept any comments from the Community Advisory Committee,
the public, and any relevant city departments or offices. Before approving any expenditures,
the Board of Supervisors shall determine the relative impact from the development in the
Rincon Hill Plan Area on the areas described in <u>Section 418.7(b)</u> 318.7(b) and shall insure that
the expenditures are consistent with mitigating the impacts from the development.

- 8 (d) There shall be a SOMA Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory
  9 Committee to advise MOCD and the Board of Supervisors on the administration of the Fund.
- 10 (1) The Community Advisory Committee shall be composed of seven members11 appointed as follows:
- (A) One member representing low-income families who lives with his or her family in
   SOMA, appointed by the Board of Supervisors.
- (B) One member who has expertise in employment development and/or represents
  labor, appointed by the Board of Supervisors.
- 16 (C) One member who is a senior or disabled resident of SOMA, appointed by the17 Board of Supervisors.
- (D) One member with affordable housing expertise and familiarity with the SOMA
   neighborhood, appointed by the Board of Supervisors
- 20 (E) One member who represents a community based organization in SOMA,
- 21 appointed by the Board of Supervisors.
- (F) One member who provides direct services to SOMA families, appointed by theBoard of Supervisors.
- (G) One member who has small business expertise and a familiarity with the SOMA
  neighborhood, appointed by the Board of Supervisors.

1 (2) The Community Advisory Committee shall comply with all applicable public 2 records and meetings laws and shall be subject to the Conflict of Interest provisions of the 3 City's Charter and Administrative Code. The initial meeting of the Advisory Committee shall be 4 called within 30 days from the day the Board of Supervisors completes its initial appointments. 5 MOCD shall provide administrative support to the Committee. The Committee shall develop 6 annual recommendations to MOCD on the Expenditure Plan.

7 (3) The members of the Community Advisory Committee shall be appointed for a 8 term of two years; provided, however, that the members first appointed shall by lot at the first 9 meeting, classify their terms so that three shall serve for a term of one year and four shall 10 serve for a term of two years. At the initial meeting of the Committee and yearly thereafter, the 11 Committee members shall select such officer or officers as deemed necessary by the 12 Committee. The Committee shall promulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary for 13 the conduct of its business under this Section. In the event a vacancy occurs, a successor 14 shall be appointed to fill the vacancy consistent with the process and requirements to appoint 15 the previous appointee. When a vacancy occurs for an reason other than the expiration of a 16 term of office, the appointee to fill such vacancy shall hold office for the unexpired term of his 17 or her predecessor. Any appointee who misses four meetings within a twelve-month period, 18 without the approval of the Committee, shall be deemed to have resigned from the

19 Committee.

(e) Within 90 days of the effective date of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, the
 Director of MOCD shall propose rules, regulations and a schedule for administrative support
 governing the Fund to the Board of Supervisors for its approval.

23 SEC. <u>418.6</u> <del>318.8</del>. DIRECTOR OF PLANNING'S EVALUATION.

Within 18 months following the effective date of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, the
Director of Planning and the Director of MOCD shall report to the Planning Commission, the

Board of Supervisors, and the Mayor on the status of compliance with <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this
 ordinance, the efficacy of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance in funding infrastructure and
 stabilization programs in the Program Area, and the impact of the Program on property values
 in the vicinity of the Project Area.

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SEC. <u>418.7</u> <del>318.9</del>. STUDIES.

(a) No later than July 1, 2010, and every five years thereafter, the Director of
Planning shall complete a study to determine the demand for infrastructure to serve
residential development projects in the downtown residential areas and, based on the study,
recommend to the Board of Supervisors changes in the requirements for community
improvement impact fees imposed on residential development in <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this
ordinance if necessary to help meet that demand.

(b) No later than July 1, 2010, and every five years thereafter, the Director of MOCD
or his or her designee shall complete a study to determine the demand for stabilization
programs in the SOMA area and, based on the study, recommend to the Board of Supervisors
changes in the requirements for Rincon Hill community stabilization impact fees imposed on
residential development in <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance if necessary to help meet that
demand.

18 SEC. <u>419 (formerly Section</u> 319). HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL

19 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN THE UMU ZONING DISTRICTS OF THE EASTERN

20 NEIGHBORHOODS AND THE LAND DEDICATION ALTERNATIVE IN THE MISSION NCT

21 DISTRICT. <u>Sections 419.1 through 419.6, hereafter referred to as Section 419.1 et seq., set forth the</u>

22 <u>housing requirements for residential development projects in the UMU Zoning Districts of the Eastern</u>

23 <u>Neighborhoods and the Land Dedication Alternative in the Mission NCT District. The effective date of</u>

24 *these requirements shall be either December 19, 2008, which is the date that the requirements* 

25 <u>originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.</u>

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## SEC. <u>419.1</u> <del>319.1</del>. FINDINGS.

2 A. (a) Need for New Housing and Other Land Uses. San Francisco is experiencing a 3 severe shortage of housing available to people at all income levels. In addition, San Francisco 4 has an ongoing affordable housing crisis. Many future San Francisco workers will be earning 5 below 80% of the area's median income, and even those earning moderate or middle 6 incomes, above the City's median, are likely to need assistance to continue to live in San 7 Francisco. In 2007, the median income for a family of four in the city was about \$86,000. Yet 8 median home prices suggest that nearly twice that income is needed to be able to a dwelling suitable for a family that size. Only an estimated 10% of households in the city can afford a 9 10 median-priced home.

The Association of Bay Area Governments' (ABAG) Regional Housing Needs Determination (RHND) forecasts that San Francisco must produce over 31,000 new units in the next five years, or over 6,000 new units of housing annually, to meet projected needs. At least 60%, or over 18,000, of these new units should be available to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes. With land in short supply in the City, it is increasingly clear that the City's formerly industrial areas offer a critical source of land where this great need for housing, particularly affordable housing, can be partially addressed.

<u>B.</u> (b) Target Area For New Housing. San Francisco's Housing Element establishes the
 Eastern Neighborhoods as a target area for development of new housing to meet San
 Francisco's identified housing targets. The release of some of the area's formerly industrial
 lands, no longer needed to meet current industrial or PDR needs, offers an opportunity to
 achieve higher affordability, and meet a greater range of need. The Mission, Showplace
 Square - Potrero Hill, East SoMa and Central Waterfront Area Plans of the General Plan
 (Eastern Neighborhoods Plans) thereby call for creation of new zoning intended specifically to

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meet San Francisco's housing needs, through higher affordability requirements and through
greater flexibility in the way those requirements can be met.

New affordable units are currently funded through a variety of sources, including
inclusionary housing and in lieu fees leveraged by new market rate residential development
pursuant to Sections <u>413</u> <del>313</del> and <u>415</u> <del>315</del>; as well as City, State, and federal funding. Using
these existing sources, the Planning Department projects that approximately 1,000 to 1,500
new units of affordable housing will be developed in the Eastern Neighborhoods.

8 Recognizing that this number of affordable units is not sufficient, the Plans call for 9 further measures beyond the existing inclusionary requirements and Citywide funding, 10 including new funding sources for affordable housing programs such as an impact fee; and 11 new zoning districts in formerly industrial areas which require deeper affordability.

12 C. (c) Requirements for New Development To Contribute Towards Housing 13 Objectives. A key policy goal of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plans is to provide a significant 14 amount of new housing affordable to low, moderate and middle income families and 15 individuals, along with "complete neighborhoods" that provide appropriate amenities for these 16 new residents. The Plans obligate all new development within the Eastern Neighborhoods to 17 contribute towards these goals, by providing a contribution towards affordable housing needs 18 and by paying for a reasonable share of their impact on the neighborhood's infrastructure. They further require new development in transitioning formerly industrial areas to contribute a 19 20 higher share towards the City's exponentially high affordability needs.

To address the full range of housing needs of all income categories, including low, moderate and middle income families and individuals, the Plans provide programs which address all of these income levels, as follows:

(1) Low: Current housing programs funded by federal and State funds, private
 equity raised through Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, and local funds such as inclusionary

in-lieu and Jobs-Housing Linkage fees and run by <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office of Housing and the
San Francisco Redevelopment Agency fund affordable housing primarily at very low and low
income levels, to households making below 80% of the area median income; but due to the
low supply and high costs of land in the City, are at a disadvantage for sites upon which to
provide such housing. An alternative to the city's Inclusionary Housing Program will allow
developers to dedicate sites for very low and low income level units.

7 (2) Moderate: The City's Inclusionary Housing Program funds affordable housing
8 primarily at the moderate income levels through on-site provision of below-market rate units,
9 to households making between 80% and 120% of the San Francisco median income.

Continuation and expansion of the Inclusionary Housing Program will allow provision of these
moderate income units to increase.

(3) Middle: The City has no current programs to fund affordable housing to those at
"middle" income levels, below the 200% area median income level estimated to be required to
purchase market rate housing yet above the 120% threshold required for the City's
Inclusionary Housing Program. An alternative to the city's Inclusionary Housing Program will
allow developers to provide "middle" income level units.

The Eastern Neighborhoods Plans structure requirements and fees by tiers to ensure
feasibility. This feasibility amount remains below the nexus established in the Residential

19 Nexus Analysis. April 2007, on file with the Planning Department. *The following housing* 

20 requirement tiers are created in the UMU Zoning Districts of the Eastern Neighborhoods, and included

21 *as a notation on each parcel in the Planning Department's Parcel Information System:* 

- *Tier A. Sites within the UMU which do not receive zoning changes that increase heights, as*
- 23 *compared to allowable height prior to the rezoning (May 2008).*
- 24 Tier B. Sites within the UMU which receive zoning changes that increase heights by one to

25 *two stories*.

1

2

• Tier C. Sites within the UMU which receive zoning changes that increase heights by three or more stories.

3 Within these districts, new development of market-rate housing will be required to meet affordable housing requirements above the City's ordinary affordable housing requirements 4 5 for Residential And Live/Work Development Projects (Section 415 315), as described in 6 Sections 419A.2 – 419A.4 319A.2-319A.4. These housing requirements may be met through 7 increased inclusionary requirements under the City's traditional Inclusionary Program, or 8 through alternative methods contained herein. 9 SEC. 419.2 319.2. DEFINITIONS. (a) In addition to the definitions set forth in Section 401 of 10 this Article, tThe following definitions shall supplement the definitions contained within Section 315.1, 11 and shall govern interpretation of this ordinance: 12 "Affordable to qualifying middle income households" shall mean: (f)13 (1) With respect to owned units, the average purchase price on the initial sale of all 14 qualifying middle income units shall not exceed the allowable average purchase price deemed 15 acceptable for households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying limits for a 16 household of middle income, adjusted for household size. This purchase price shall be based on 17 household spending of 35% of income for housing, and shall only apply to initial sale, and not for the 18 life of the unit. 19 (2) With respect to rental units, the average annual rent-including the cost of utilities paid 20 by the tenant according to the HUD utility allowance established by the San Francisco Housing 21 Authority -- for qualifying middle income units shall not exceed the allowable average purchase price 22 deemed acceptable for households with an annual gross income equal to or less than the qualifying 23 limits for a household of middle income, adjusted for household size. This price restriction shall exist 24 for the life of the unit. 25

1	(a) "Middle Income Household" shall mean a household whose combined annual gross
2	income for all members is between 120 percent and 150 percent of the local median income for the City
3	and County of San Francisco, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using data from the
4	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and adjusted for household size
5	or, if data from HUD is unavailable, as calculated by the Mayor's Office of Housing using other
6	publicly available and credible data and adjusted for household size.
7	(c) "Dedicated" shall mean legally transferred to the City and County of San Francisco,
8	including all relevant legal documentation, at no cost to the City.
9	(d) "Dedicated site" shall mean the portion of site proposed to be legally transferred at no
10	cost to the City and County of San Francisco under the requirements of this section.
11	(e) "Principal site" shall mean the total site proposed for development, including the
12	portion of site proposed to be legally transferred to the City and County of San Francisco under the
13	requirements of this section.
14	(g)(1) "Rental Housing Project" shall mean a project consisting solely of rental housing
15	units, as defined in Section $415.1(37)$ $315.1(37)$ that meets the following requirements:
16	(A) (1) The units shall be rental housing for not less than 30 years from the issuance of
17	the certificate of occupancy pursuant to an agreement between the developer and the City.
18	This agreement shall be in accordance with applicable State law governing rental housing;
19	(B) (2) A Notice of Special Restrictions (NSR), with the City as a third party beneficiary
20	and subject to written approval of the Director, shall be recorded on the title of the property
21	prior to final map approval containing the terms of the agreement described above in
22	subsection (1). Once the agreement is recorded against the property, the NSR shall
23	terminate.
24	(2) "Tier A." Sites within the UMU which do not receive zoning changes that increase
25	heights, as compared to allowable height prior to the rezoning (May 2008).

1	(3) "Tier B." Sites within the UMU which receive zoning changes that increase heights by
2	<u>one to two stories.</u>
3	(4) "Tier C." Sites within the UMU which receive zoning changes that increase heights by
4	three or more stories.
5	(b) "Total developable site area" shall mean that part of the site that can be feasibly
6	developed as residential development, excluding land already substantially developed, parks, required
7	open spaces, streets, alleys, walkways or other public infrastructure.
8	SEC. 419.3 319.3. APPLICATION OF UMU AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENTS.
9	(a) Section 319.3 of 419.1 et seq. this Ordinance shall apply to any housing project
10	located in the UMU Zoning District of the Eastern Neighborhoods, that is subject to the
11	requirements of Section <u>415</u> <del>315</del> et seq.
12	SEC. 319.4. HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR UMU DISTRICTS.
13	(b) (a) Additional UMU Affordable Housing Requirements to the Section 415 for the
14	Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program Requirements Component. The requirements of
15	Sections $415 + 315$ through $415.9 + 315.9$ shall apply subject to the following exceptions:
16	(1) For all projects sites designated as Tier A, a minimum of 18 percent of the total
17	units constructed shall be affordable to and occupied by qualifying persons and families as
18	defined elsewhere in this Code, so that a project sponsor applicant must construct .18 times the
19	total number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the
20	fifth unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the <u>sponsor</u> project applicant shall
21	round up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.
22	(A) If the project <u>sponsor</u> applicant elects pursuant to Section $415.4(c)(2)$ $315.4(e)$ , to
23	build off-site units to satisfy the requirements of this program, the sponsor project applicant shall
24	construct 23 percent so that a sponsor project applicant must construct .23 times the total
25	number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth

unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the *sponsor project applicant* shall round
up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

(B) If the project <u>sponsor applicant</u> elects pursuant to Section <u>415.4(c)(3)</u> <u>315.4(e)(2)</u> to pay an in lieu fee to satisfy the requirements of this program, the <u>sponsor applicant</u> shall meet the requirements of Section <u>415</u> <u>315</u> according to the number of units required above if the project applicant were to elect to meet the requirements of this <u>s</u>Section by off-site housing development. For the purposes of this <u>s</u>Section, the City shall calculate the fee using the direct fractional result of the total number of units multiplied by the percentage of off-site housing required, rather than rounding up the resulting figure as required by Section <u>415.6(a)</u> <u>315.5(a)</u>.

10 (2) For all project sites designated Tier B, a minimum of 20 percent of the total units 11 constructed shall be affordable to and occupied by qualifying persons and families as defined 12 elsewhere in this Code, so that a project *sponsor applicant* must construct .20 times the total 13 number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth 14 unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the *sponsor project applicant* shall round 15 up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

(A) If the project <u>sponsor applicant</u> elects pursuant to Section <u>415.4(c)(2)</u> <u>315.4(e)</u>, to
build off-site units to satisfy the requirements of this program, the <u>sponsor project applicant</u> shall
construct 25 percent so that a <u>sponsor project applicant</u> must construct .25 times the total
number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth
unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the <u>sponsor project applicant</u> shall round
up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

(B) If the project <u>sponsor applicant</u> elects pursuant to Section 415.4(c)(3) 315.4(c)(2) to pay an in-lieu fee to satisfy the requirements of this program, the <u>sponsor</u> applicant shall meet the requirements of Section 415 315 according to the number of units required above if the <u>sponsor</u> project applicant were to elect to meet the requirements of this <u>s</u>ection by off-site

housing development. For the purposes of this <u>sSection</u>, the City shall calculate the fee using
the direct fractional result of the total number of units multiplied by the percentage of off-site
housing required, rather than rounding up the resulting figure as required by Section <u>415.6(a)</u>
<u>315.5(a)</u>.

5 (3) For all project sites designated Tier C, a minimum of 22 percent of the total units 6 constructed shall be affordable to and occupied by qualifying persons and families as defined 7 elsewhere in this Code, so that a project *sponsor applicant*-must construct .22 times the total 8 number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth 9 unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the *sponsor project applicant* shall round 10 up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

(A) If the project <u>sponsor</u> applicant elects pursuant to Section <u>415.4(c)(2)</u> <u>315.4(e)</u>, to build off-site units to satisfy the requirements of this program, the <u>sponsor</u> project applicant shall construct 27 percent so that a <u>sponsor</u> project applicant must construct .27 times the total number of units produced in the principal project beginning with the construction of the fifth unit. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the <u>sponsor</u> project applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.

(B) 17 If the project sponsor applicant elects pursuant to Section  $415.4(c)(3) \frac{315.4(c)(2)}{(3)}$  to 18 pay an in-lieu fee to satisfy the requirements of this program, the sponsor applicant shall meet 19 the requirements of Section 415 315 according to the number of units required above if the 20 sponsor project applicant were to elect to meet the requirements of this s. Section by off-site 21 housing development. For the purposes of this *s*Section, the City shall calculate the fee using 22 the direct fractional result of the total number of units multiplied by the percentage of off-site 23 housing required, rather than rounding up the resulting figure as required by Section 415.6(a)24 <del>315.5(a)</del>.

25

1	(c) Timing and Payment of Fee. Any fee required by Section 419.1 et seq. shall be paid to
2	the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior to issuance of the first construction document, with
3	an option for the project sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the first certificate of
4	occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge in accordance with Section 107A.13.3 of the San
5	Francisco Building Code.
6	SEC. 419.4. IMPOSITION OF UMU AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENTS.
7	(a) The Department shall determine the applicability of Section 419.1 et seq. to any
8	development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section 419.1 et seq. is applicable, the
9	additional affordable housing required pursuant to Section 419.1 et seq. and shall impose these
10	requirements as condition on the approval for issuance of the building or site permit. The project
11	sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the Department in this determination
12	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. After the Department has
13	made its final determination of the additional affordable housing required pursuant to Section 419.1 et
14	seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its determination in
15	addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.
16	(c) Sponsor's Choice to Fulfill Requirements. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit
17	for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 419.1 et seq., the sponsor of the
18	development project shall select one of the options described in Section 419.3 above or the alternatives
19	described in Section 419.5 below to fulfill the affordable housing requirements and notify the
20	Department of their choice.
21	(d) Department Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Sponsor Choice. After the
22	sponsor has notified the Department of their choice to fulfill the additional affordable housing
23	requirements of Section 419.1 et seq., the Department shall immediately notify the Development Fee
24	Collection Unit at DBI of the sponsor's choice.
25	

1	(e) The Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the
2	First Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in
3	writing or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any
4	development project subject to Section 419.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill its requirement with an
5	option other than payment of an in-lieu fee. If the Department notifies the Unit at such time that the
6	sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all certificates of
7	occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of Section 419.1
8	<u>et seq.</u>
9	(f) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the
10	Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 419.1
11	et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department
12	or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of
13	Section 402(c) of this Article shall be followed.
14	SEC. 419.5. ALTERNATIVES TO THE INCLUSIONARY HOUSING COMPONENT.
15	(a) (b) Alternatives to the Inclusionary Housing Component. In addition to the
16	alternatives specified in Section $415.4(c)$ $315.4(c)$ , (and further described above and in Section
17	<u>415.6</u> <del>315.5</del> , Compliance Through Off-Site Housing Development, and Section <u>415.7</u> <del>315.6</del> .
18	Compliance Through In-Lieu Fee), and described further above, the project sponsor may elect
19	to satisfy the requirements of Section $415.5$ $315.4$ by one of the alternatives specified in this
20	Section. The project sponsor has the choice between the alternatives and the Planning
21	Commission may not require a specific alternative. The project sponsor must elect an
22	alternative before it receives project approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning
23	Department and that alternative will be a condition of project approval. The alternatives are as
24	follows:

25

(1) Middle Income Alternative. On sites with less than 50,000 square feet of total
 developable area, applicants may provide units as affordable to qualifying "middle income"
 households as follows:

(A) A minimum percent of the total units constructed shall be affordable to and
occupied affordable to qualifying "middle income" households upon initial sale, according the
schedule in Table <u>419A.4</u> <del>319A.4</del>. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the project
applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above. Units
shall be affordable to households between 120 percent and 150 percent of the San Francisco
Area Median Income, with an average affordability level of 135 percent for all units provided
through this alternative.

(B) Where market rate sales prices exceed restricted sales prices, the difference
between the market rate sales prices and the restricted sales prices shall be held by the
Mayor's Office of Housing as a silent second mortgage according to the Procedures Manual.
The City shall hold a deed of trust and promissory note for the second mortgage. <u>MOH</u> The *Mayor's Office of Housing* shall hold this mortgage shall release it when the original note and
proportional share of the appreciation are paid in full to the City.

(C) Units shall initially be sold at or below prices to be determined by <u>MOH</u> the
Mayor's Office of Housing in the Conditions of Approval or Notice of Special Restrictions
according to the formula specified in the Procedures Manual to make them affordable to
middle income households. Upon resale, the seller shall be permitted to sell the units at their
market price. The City will waive its right of first refusal to the seller when the promissory note
and deed of trust are paid, along with the City's share of the appreciation of the unit. The
promissory note shall accrue no interest and shall require no monthly payments.

(D) Upon first resale, the seller shall have a right to keep a percentage of the total
 appreciation of the unit proportional to every year the original seller owns the unit as an owner

occupant. The remainder of the proceeds of the sale, after the *1st first* mortgage, the second
mortgage, and any other subordinate financing is paid off, shall be repaid to *MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing*. Detailed resale procedures shall be specified in the Middle Income Housing
Procedures Manual published by *MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing* and approved by the
Planning Commission. The Director of *MOH the Mayor's Office of Housing* shall amend the
Procedures Manual as needed with the *Planning* Commission's approval.

(E) The City shall monitor units provided under this option during the 2<sub>-</sub> and 5-year
Monitoring Report specified in *Planning Code* Section 342 of this Code and in separate
resolution. Should this monitoring report indicate that units constructed under this program do
not meet the programs stated goals of providing affordable housing to Middle Income
Households, the Planning Department and <u>MOH Mayor's Office of Housing</u> shall consider
changes to this program, including, but not limited to, legislative changes.

(F) If the project sponsor elects to satisfy the requirements of Section <u>415.5</u> <u>315.4</u>
and of this Section by the alternative specified above, the requirement that 40 percent of the
total number of proposed dwelling units shall contain at least two bedrooms may be waived
provided the minimum percent of total units affordable to qualifying "middle income" as
required by Table <u>419A.4</u> <u>319A.4</u> is increased by 10%.

(2) Land Dedication Alternative. Applicants may dedicate a portion of the total
developable area of the principal site to the City and County of San Francisco for the purpose
of constructing units affordable to qualifying households. A minimum percentage of
developable area, representing an equivalent percent of total potential units to be constructed,
shall be dedicated to the City according the schedule in Table <u>419A.4</u> <u>319A.4</u>. To meet the
requirements of this alternative, the developer must convey title to land in fee simple absolute
to <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office of Housing according to the Procedures Manual, provided the

25

dedicated site is deemed of equivalent or greater value to the principal site per those
 procedures and is in line with the following requirements:

- 3 (A) The dedicated site will result in a total amount of inclusionary units not less than
  4 forty (40) units. <u>MOH</u> The Mayor's Office of Housing may conditionally approve and accept
  5 dedicated sites which result in no less than twenty-five (25) units at its discretion.
- 6 (B) The dedicated site will result in a total amount of inclusionary units that is 7 equivalent or greater than the minimum percentage of the units that will be provided on the 8 principal site, as required by Table <u>419A.4</u> <u>319A.4</u>. <u>MOH</u> <u>The Mayor's Office of Housing</u> may also 9 accept dedicated sites that represent the equivalent of or greater than the required 10 percentage of units for all units be provided on a collective of sites within a one-mile radius,

provided the total amount of inclusionary units provided on the dedicated site is equivalent to

12 or greater than the total requirements for all principal sites participating in the collective,

13 according to the requirements of Table <u>419A.4</u> <u>319A.4</u>.

- (C) The dedicated site is suitable from the perspective of size, configuration,
  physical characteristics, physical and environmental constraints, access, location, adjacent
  use, and other relevant planning criteria. The site must allow development of affordable
  housing that is sound, safe and acceptable.
- (D) The dedicated site includes infrastructure necessary to serve the inclusionary
  units, including sewer, utilities, water, light, street access and sidewalks.
- (E) The developer must submit full environmental clearance for the dedicated site
   before the land can be considered for conveyance, and before a first site or building permit
   may be conferred upon the principal project.
- (F) The City may accept dedicated sites that vary from the minimum threshold
   provided such a dedication is deemed generally equivalent to the original requirement by the
   Mayor's Office of Housing.

(G) The City may accept dedicated sites that meet the above requirements in
 accordance with the Procedures Manual, in combination with in-lieu fees or on-site units,
 provided such a combination is deemed generally equivalent by <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office of
 Housing to the original requirement.

(H) The project applicant has a letter from <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office of Housing
verifying acceptance of site before it receives project approvals from the Planning
Commission or Planning Department, which shall be used to verify dedication as a condition
of approval.

9 (I) If the project sponsor elects to satisfy the requirements of Section <u>415.5</u> <u>315.4</u> 10 and of this Section by the alternative specified above, the requirement that 40 percent of the 11 total number of proposed dwelling units shall contain at least two bedrooms may be waived.

(J) The Land Dedication Alternative may be satisfied through the dedication to the
City of air space above or adjacent to the project, upon the approval of <u>MOH</u> the Mayor's Office *of Housing*, or a successor entity, and provided the other requirements of subsection (b)
(a)(2)(A)-(I) are otherwise satisfied.

## TABLE <u>419A.4</u> 319A.4

## HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE UMU DISTRICT

1		r	1	1	1	1
19					Land	Land
20		On-	Off-			
21		Site	Site/	Middle	Dedication	Dedication
22	Tier	Housing	In-Lieu	Income	Alternative	Alternative
23	TIEI	Requirement	Requirement	Alternative*	for sites	for sites
24					that have	that have
25					less than	at least

Mayor Newsom, Supervisor Dufty **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS** 

16

17

18

1					30,000	30,000
2					square	square
3					feet of	feet of
4					developable	developable
5						
6					area	area
7	А	18%			35%	30%
8			23%	30%		
9	В	20%			40%	35%
10			25%	35%		
11	<u> </u>	220/			450/	400/
12	С	22%	27%	40%	45%	40%
13						

14

15

16

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\*Requirement increases by 5% if two-bedroom requirement is waived.

<u>(b)</u> (c) Rental Incentive. Qualified rental housing projects, as defined in Section  $419A.2(g) \ 319A.2(g)$ , are allowed a reduction in their inclusionary housing requirements as follows:

(1) If the rental housing project chooses to meets its inclusionary housing
 requirements through on-site construction, off-site construction, or an in-lieu fee, then the
 project is entitled to a 3% reduction in the requirements specified above in subsection (a).

(2) If the rental housing project chooses to meet its inclusionary housing
 requirements through the land dedication option for projects less than 30,000 square feet,
 then the project is entitled to a 5% reduction in the requirements specified above in the
 subsection (b)(2).

25

(3) In addition, a rental housing project shall receive a fee waiver from the Eastern
 Neighborhood Public Benefit Fee as set forth in Section <u>427.3</u> <u>327.3</u> in the amount of \$1.00 per
 gross square foot.

4

5

(4) No rental incentive shall be provided for project that chooses the land dedication alternative for projects over 30,000 square feet.

6 (c) (d) Adjustments to Requirements for the Inclusionary Housing Component. This 7 Section is intended to incorporate, rather than supersede, any changes made to Planning 8 Code Sections <u>415</u> <del>315</del>. In the instance that the base requirements of Section <u>415</u> <del>315</del> are 9 amended, the above-noted requirements shall be reviewed, and if appropriate, amended 10 and/or increased accordingly.

11 SEC. <u>419.6</u> <u>319.5</u>. LAND DEDICATION ALTERNATIVE IN THE MISSION NCT

12 DISTRICT. The Land Dedication alternative is available for any project within the Mission NCT

13 District under the same terms and conditions as provided for in Section 419 319A.4(b)(2)(A) -

14 (J).

SEC. (<u>420 formerly Section</u> 318.10). VISITACION VALLEY COMMUNITY FACILITIES
 AND INFRASTRUCTURE FEE AND FUND.

17 Sections <u>420.1</u> <u>318.10</u> through <u>420.5</u> <u>318.17</u>, <u>hereafter referred to as Section 420.1 et seq.</u>,

18 set forth the requirements and procedures for the Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and

19 Infrastructure Fee and Fund. <u>The effective date of these requirements shall be either November 18</u>,

20 <u>2005, which is the date that the requirements originally became effective, or the date a subsequent</u>

- 21 *modification, if any, became effective.*
- 22 SEC. <u>420.1</u> <del>318.11</del>. FINDINGS AND POLICY</del>.

23 <u>A.</u> (a) A number of large sites in Visitacion Valley are targeted for substantial changes

of use. Currently there are three applications pending at the City's Planning Department to

25 develop Executive Park, originally planned as an office complex, into a large housing

development. In addition, the City has drafted plans for Schlage Lock, long an industrial site,
to be transformed into a major mixed-use housing development. Together, these sites would
represent over 2,000 new units of housing in areas previously contemplated for office and
industrial activities.

5 For the past thirty years, Executive Park has been the subject of several proposals and 6 development plans. The first Executive Park Development Plan, developed in 1978, 7 considered a development of 833,000 square feet of office space, 174,000 square feet of hotel/meeting space, and 75,000 square feet of retail space. Building permits were issued for 8 9 the construction of four office buildings and a restaurant under this plan. Three of the office 10 buildings were constructed by 1985, for a total of about 320,000 square feet of office space and 2,500 square feet of retail space. The fourth office building and the restaurant have yet to 11 12 be constructed.

In 1983, a revised development plan was proposed to amend the previous 1978
Development Plan by adding additional office space and hotel space, and by adding
residential use. Overall, and including the four office buildings and the restaurant previously
approved, the 1984 Development Plan Amendment called for 1,644,000 square feet of office
space, 234,000 square feet of hotel space, 50,000 square feet of retail/restaurant spaces, and
600 residential units.

A 1992 Development Plan added 25,000 square feet of health club space, 10,000
square feet of childcare space, and an additional 10,000 square feet of restaurant space.
Following this approval, building permits were issued for the construction of five residential
buildings, containing about 287 units. Only two of the residential buildings, containing 128
units, have been constructed.

At present, Executive Park consists of three office buildings containing 320,000 square feet of office space and 2,500 square feet of retail space, and two residential buildings 1 containing 128 residential units. Since 2003, three project sponsors have filed applications to 2 develop over 1,300 new units of housing, totaling 1,709,000 square feet of residential use. To 3 accommodate these projects, the Planning Commission has forwarded a General Plan 4 Amendment to the Board of Supervisors that would allow for an additional 499 residential 5 units while eliminating 1.324,000 square feet of office space, 10,000 square feet of retail 6 space, and 25,000 square feet of health club use. In addition, the General Plan Amendment 7 would reduce the allowable square footage of childcare use from 13,240 square feet to 10,000 8 square feet.

9 At the Schlage Lock site, this company operated a large industrial plant for the better 10 part of a century, providing jobs for area residents and serving as a key part of the community. 11 Ingersoll Rand, the parent company of Schlage Lock, closed the plant in 1999, indicating a 12 wish to sell the property. Since that time, the site has remained vacant and under-utilized. 13 In 2002, the City sponsored a series of community planning workshops to formulate a 14 community plan for the re-use of the 20-acre site. The community planning workshops, 15 involving several hundred residents of Visitacion Valley and surrounding neighborhoods, 16 produced a written report, "The Visitacion Valley Schlage Lock Community Planning 17 Workshop: Strategic Concept Plan and Workshop Summary." This plan calls for a mix of 18 housing, open space, community-oriented retail and community-oriented institutional uses. The plan contemplates 740 new units of housing on the residential portions of the site. Using 19 20 a planning standard of 1,000 square feet per unit, the projected square footage of new 21 residential development at the site is 740,000 square feet. 22 Projected New Visitacion Valley 23 **Residential Development** 24 25 Signature Properties 433 units 615,000

1	(Executive Park)		square feet
2			
3	Top Vision		618,000
4	(Executive Park)	410 units	square feet
5			Square reer
6			
7	Yerby	496 units	476,000
8	(Executive Park)	430 01113	square feet
9			
10			740,000
11	Schlage Lock	740 units	square feet
12			
13			2 440 000
14	Total 2,079 units		2,449,000
15			square feet

In its environmental review of the Signature Properties application, the San Francisco Planning Department estimates 3,340 new residents at the three Executive Park sites. For the Schlage Lock site, a planning standard of 2.2 new residents per unit is applied to the development, or 1,628 new residents. Together, therefore, these four proposals are expected to introduce 4,968 new residents to the neighborhood.

According to the 2000 Census, there are currently 16,482 residents in Visitacion Valley. With the 4,968 new residents expected through the above projects, the new Visitacion Valley population would be 21,450 residents. Therefore, 23.2% of all Visitacion Valley residents would be new residents at these four project sites.

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1 B. (b) San Francisco's growing population and severe housing crisis requires the 2 development of new housing. To respond to this need for housing, the City is considering 3 granting Conditional Use Authorization, re-zonings, and/or General Plan Amendments for a 4 number of large development sites in Visitacion Valley. These areas are currently occupied 5 primarily by office or industrial uses with minimal community facilities and infrastructure to 6 support a significant residential population. In addition, very few residents currently reside in 7 these areas. New residential development in these areas will impact Visitacion Valley's 8 community facilities and infrastructure and will generate a substantial need for community 9 improvements as the neighborhood's population grows as a result of new residential 10 development. Substantial new investments in community infrastructure, including active 11 recreational spaces, community facilities, and other public services are necessary to mitigate 12 the impacts of new development at these sites.

13 The amendments to the General Plan, Planning Code and/or Zoning Maps that are 14 necessary to facilitate residential developments at these sites will permit a substantial amount 15 of new residents. More than 2,050 new units representing approximately 5,000 new residents 16 would be anticipated in the Visitacion Valley neighborhood, resulting in a 30% increase in the 17 neighborhood's residential population. The new development will have a profound impact on 18 the neighborhood's dated infrastructure. A comprehensive program of community facilities 19 and public infrastructure is necessary to mitigate the impacts of the proposed new 20 development and to provide these basic community improvements to the neighborhood's 21 growing residential population.

As a result of this new development, property tax revenue is projected to increase. These revenues will fund improvements and expansions to general City services, including Police, Fire, Emergency, and other services needed to partially meet the increased demand associated with new development. Local impacts on the need for community facilities and

infrastructure will be heightened in Visitacion Valley, compared to those typically funded by
City government through property tax revenues. The relative cost of capital improvements,
along with the reduced role of State and federal funding sources, increases the necessity for
development impact fees to cover these costs. General property tax revenues will not be
adequate to fully fund the costs of the community facilities and infrastructure necessary to
mitigate the impacts of new development in the Visitacion Valley neighborhood.

Development impact fees are a more cost-effective, realistic way to implement
mitigations to a local neighborhood associated with particular developments' impacts. As
important, the proposed Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee would
be dedicated to the Visitacion Valley area, directing benefits of the fund directly to those who
pay into the fund.

While this fee will increase the overall burden on new development in the neighborhood, the burden is typically reflected in a reduced sale price for developable land, or passed on to the buyers/renters of housing in the neighborhood and thus is borne primarily by those who have caused the impact and who will ultimately enjoy the benefits of the community improvements it pays for.

The purpose of the Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee is to provide specific improvements, including active recreational spaces, pedestrian and streetscape improvements, and other facilities and services. The Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee will create the necessary financial mechanism to fund these improvements in proportion to the need generated by new development. The capital improvements that the fee would fund are clearly described in the

23 ordinance. The fee would be solely used to fund the acquisition, design, and construction of

community facilities in the Visitacion Valley neighborhood. The proposed fees only cover

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impacts caused by new development and are not intended to remedy already existing
 deficiencies; those costs will be paid for by other sources.

3 The City has existing plans for the community facility and infrastructure projects to be 4 funded through this fee. The San Francisco Public Library has an account established, initial 5 funds appropriated, and adopted plans and a preliminary construction schedule for the 6 Visitacion Valley Branch Library. The San Francisco Department of Recreation and Parks has 7 accounts established, initial funds appropriated, and adopted plans and a preliminary 8 construction schedule for the Visitacion Valley projects identified herein. The Department of 9 Public Works, in coordination with the Planning Department, has an account established and 10 adopted plans and a preliminary construction schedule for the Leland Avenue street 11 improvements. It is anticipated that the remaining community facility and infrastructure 12 projects would be at a similar stage of development in terms of having accounts established 13 and plans adopted as the projects listed above when the final developments covered by this 14 ordinance are to apply for City permits.

15 C. (c) In order to enable the City and County of San Francisco to create a unified, 16 attractive, and safe residential Visitacion Valley neighborhood, and to mitigate the impacts of 17 potential new large developments on community amenities, it is necessary to upgrade existing 18 streets and streetscaping and to develop neighborhood public services, active recreational 19 spaces, and community facilities. To fund such community infrastructure and amenities, new 20 residential development in the neighborhood shall be assessed development impact fees 21 proportionate to the increased demand or such infrastructure and amenities created by the 22 new housing. The City will use the proceeds of the fee to develop community facilities and 23 infrastructure within Visitacion Valley that provides direct benefits to the new housing. 24 The development of community facilities and infrastructure in the Visitacion Valley 25 neighborhood will provide a benefit to new residents beyond the provision of services. It is

anticipated that new residents will realize an increase in property values due to the enhanced
neighborhood amenities financed with the proceeds of the fee. A Visitacion Valley Community
Facilities and Infrastructure Fee shall be established for new residential development within
Visitacion Valley as set forth herein.

5 The proposed improvements described below are necessary to serve the new 6 population at the anticipated densities. Cost estimates are based on an assessment of the 7 potential cost to the City of providing the specific improvements. Developer contributions are 8 based upon the percentage of new residents expected in Visitacion Valley at these four 9 project sites, or 23.2%, with the exception of improvements necessary to mitigate impacts that 10 are created entirely by the developers. In these cases, developer contributions are set at 100%.

12 The proposed Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee would fund 13 mitigations of the impacts of new development on:

Active Recreational Spaces: development of neighborhood playground, pool, and
 outdoor education center

- 16 Library Facilities: construction of a new neighborhood library
- Community Facilities: development of community spaces available for public uses
- 18 Streetscape Improvements: Blanken Avenue sidewalk widening and lighting
- 19 improvements; Leland Avenue streetscape improvements
- 20 Active Recreational Space: The San Francisco Recreation and Park Department has
- 21 provided a cost estimate of necessary improvements to the Kelloch-Velasco Playground
- 22 (\$2,222,500), the Coffman Pool (\$10,600,000), and the Visitacion Valley Greenway-
- 23 Educational Center for the Sciences and Arts at Tioga Avenue (\$2,054,000). The total

24 developer contribution is deemed to be \$3,451,348.

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Library Facilities: The San Francisco Public Library has provided a cost estimate for the
 construction of the Visitacion Valley Branch Library (\$9,350,000). The total developer
 contribution is deemed to be \$2,169,200.

Community Facilities: In the Rincon Hill Plan adopted by the Board of Supervisors, the
San Francisco Planning Department determined a need of community facilities space at 2.29
square feet for every new resident. Based upon the 4,968 new residents projected for
Visitacion Valley from residential development in large opportunity sites, there would be a
need for 11,376 square feet of new community center space.

9 For a comparable land cost, the San Francisco Public Library acquired its current 10 development site on Leland Avenue for \$135 per square foot. For comparable improvement 11 costs, the San Francisco Planning Department estimated a cost of \$400 per square foot to 12 build a new community center in Rincon Hill. Taken together, the cost to build a new 13 community center in Visitacion Valley for the new residents is estimated to be \$6,086,160, a 14 cost to be entirely borne by the developers.

15 Streetscape Improvements: <u>DPW</u> The San Francisco Department of Public Works and San 16 Francisco Public Utilities Commission estimate the cost to upgrade the Blanken Avenue 17 tunnel to make it more accessible for pedestrians, to be \$152,755. This estimate includes 18 widening the sidewalk and improving the lighting in the tunnel. Because these improvements 19 are necessary to accommodate new pedestrian traffic--and to minimize automobile use--in the 20 new developments, this cost is to be entirely borne by the developers.

21 <u>DPW</u> The San Francisco Department of Public Works and the San Francisco Planning
 22 Department have provided a cost estimate for improvements to Leland Avenue, the
 23 commercial core of Visitacion Valley (\$2,621,730). The total developer contribution is deemed
 24 to be \$608,241.

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Total Developer Contribution: The total developer contribution for Visitacion Valley
community facilities and infrastructure improvements is \$12,467,704. At an estimated
2,449,000 square feet of new residential development, the developer contribution is \$5.09 per
square foot. The Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee shall be
established at \$4.58 per square foot, or 90% of the estimated costs of the community
improvements. By charging developers less than the maximum amount of the justified impact
fee, the City avoids any need to refund money to developers if fees collected exceed costs.

8 D. (d) The Board of Supervisors finds that the Fees imposed in Section 420.1 et seq. this 9 ordinance as impact fees to fund specific improvements, including active recreational spaces, 10 pedestrian and streetscape improvements, and other facilities and services, are proportionate 11 to the need generated by residential development projects in Visitacion Valley. It shall be the 12 policy of the Board of Supervisors that no additional development impact fees specific to 13 Visitacion Valley will be imposed to fund the specific improvements described above. It is the 14 policy of the Board of Supervisors that any future changes to citywide impact fees or other 15 exactions will apply equally to Visitacion Valley as to other areas of the City, unless otherwise 16 excepted by the Board.

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SEC. <u>420.2</u> <del>318.12</del>. DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article. the following definitions</u> shall govern this ordinance:

- (a) "Community facilities" shall mean all uses as defined under Section 209.4(a) of this Code.
   (b) "Net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use" shall mean occupied floor area,
- 21 as defined in Section 102.10 of this Code, including bathrooms provided as part of dwelling units, to be
- 22 *occupied by or primarily serving, residential use excluding common areas such as hallways, fitness*
- 23 *centers and lobbies, less the occupied floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of*
- 24 the proposed residential development project which occupied floor area was used primarily and
- 25 *continuously for residential use and was not accessory to any use other than residential use for at least*

1 five years prior to Planning Department approval of the residential development project subject to this

- 2 Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.
- 3 (c) "Residential development project" shall mean any new construction, addition, extension,
- 4 conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes any
- occupied floor area of residential use and which has twenty (20) residential units or more; provided, 5
- 6 however, that for projects that solely comprise an addition to an existing structure which would add
- 7 occupied floor area in an amount less than 20 percent of the occupied floor area of the existing
- 8 structure, the provisions of this Section shall only apply to the new occupied square footage.
- 9 (d) "Residential use" shall mean any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by
- 10 uses as defined in Section 890.88 of this Code and shall not include any use which qualifies as an
- 11 accessory use, as defined and regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5.
- 12 (e) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction of a residential
- 13 development project subject to this Section and such applicant's successors and assigns.
- 14 (f) "Townhome" shall mean a dwelling unit that: (i) either is a freestanding building, or shares
- 15 only walls with other dwelling units; and (ii) has an entrance directly on a sidewalk used by members
- 16 of the public or residents of the residential development project. "Townhome" shall not mean a
- 17 dwelling unit of any type located on a podium over garage, community facility, commercial or other space.
- 18
- (g) "Visitacion Valley" shall mean the area bounded by Carter Street and McLaren Park to the 19 20 west, Mansell Street to the north, Route 101 between Mansell Street and Bayshore Boulevard to the
- 21 northeast, Bayview Park to the north, Candlestick Park and Candlestick Point Recreation Area to the
- 22 east, the San Francisco Bay to the southeast, and the San Francisco County line to the south.
- 23 SEC. 420.3 318.13. APPLICATION; IMPOSITION OF REQUIREMENT.
- 24 (a) General Application: Section 420.1 et seq. This ordinance shall apply to all
- 25 residential development projects that:

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(1) are located in Visitacion Valley; and

2 (2) have both not filed an application or a building permit, site permit, conditional 3 use, planned unit development, environmental evaluation, z Z oning mM ap amendment or 4 gG eneral pP lan amendment prior to September 1, 2003, and have filed an application for a 5 building permit, site permit, conditional use, planned unit development, environmental 6 evaluation, zZ oning mM ap amendment or gG eneral pP lan amendment on or after September 7 1. 2003.

8 (b) Application to Townhomes: Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first building permit for 9 a Townhome that is part of a residential development project, the Sponsor shall pay to the Treasurer 10 half of the Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee ("Fee") of \$4.58 for each net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use within the Townhome for which the building permit 11 12 is sought. The Sponsor shall pay to the Treasurer the other half of the Fee prior to the issuance by DBI 13 of the first certificate of occupancy for such Townhome. 14 Application to Other Residential Development Projects: Prior to the issuance by DBI of (c)15 the first certificate of occupancy for any building other than a Townhome that is part of a residential 16 development project, the Sponsor shall pay to the Treasurer the entire Fee of \$4.58 for each net 17 addition of occupiable square feet of residential use within the building for which the certificate of 18 occupancy is sought. 19 Amount of Fee. The Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fee (b)20 ("Fee") shall be \$4.58 for each net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use within a 21 development project subject to this Section.

- 22 (c) (d) Credits for In-Kind Improvements:
- 23 (1) Credit for On-Site Community Facilities: In its review of a proposed residential
- 24 development project subject to <u>Section 420.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, the Planning Commission
- and Board of Supervisors shall apply the planning standard of 2.29 square feet of community

1 facilities space for each new resident projected at the residential development project to 2 calculate the residential development project's allocation of community facilities space. The 3 *project Ss* ponsor shall receive a credit against the Fee of \$535 per square foot of community 4 facilities space provided on-site within the boundaries of the residential development project, 5 provided that such credit shall not exceed \$2.24 multiplied by the net addition of occupiable 6 square feet of residential use in the residential development project. To qualify for a credit, the 7 community facilities shall be open and available to the general public on the same terms and 8 conditions as to residents of the residential development project in which the community 9 facilities are located.

10 (2) Credit for Improvements to Blanken Avenue: The *Planning*-Commission may 11 reduce the Fee described in this Section for specific residential development proposals in 12 cases where the Sponsor has entered into an agreement with the City, in form acceptable to 13 the City Attorneys' Office, to provide in-kind improvements to Blanken Avenue. For the 14 purposes of calculating the total value of the in-kind community improvements, the project 15 Sponsor shall provide the *Planning* Department with a cost estimate for the proposed in-kind 16 improvements from two independent contractors. Based on these estimates, the Director of 17 Planning shall determine their appropriate value and the *Planning* Commission may reduce 18 the Fee assessed to that project proportionally. The *Planning* Commission may not reduce the 19 fee by an amount greater than the amount that would be the Sponsor's contribution toward 20 the Blanken Avenue improvements if the Sponsor were to pay the Fee.

- (d) Timing and Payment of Fee. Any fee required by Section 420.1 et seq. shall be paid to
   the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior to issuance of the first construction document, with
   an option for the project sponsor to defer payment to prior to issuance of the first certificate of
   occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge that would be deposited into the Visitacion
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1	Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fund in accordance with Section 402 of this Article		
2	and Section 107A.13 of the San Francisco Building Code.		
3	SEC. 420.4. IMPOSITION OF REQUIREMENTS.		
4	(a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of		
5	Section 420.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section		
6	420.1 et seq. is applicable, the net addition of occupiable square feet of residential use subject to its		
7	requirements, and shall impose the fee requirements as a condition of approval for issuance of the		
8	building or site permit. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the		
9	Department in this determination.		
10	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. Prior to issuance of the		
11	building or site permit for a development project subject to Section 420 et seq., the Department shall		
12	notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its final determination of any fee requirements,		
13	including any fee credits for in-kind improvements, in addition to the other information required by		
14	Section 402(b) of this Article.		
15	(c) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department. The Development Fee		
16	Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing or electronically to the Department prior to		
17	issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any development project subject to Section 420.1 et seq.		
18	that has elected to satisfy its fee requirement with credits-in-kind improvements. If the Department		
19	notifies the Unit at such time that the sponsor has not satisfied the in-kind improvements requirements		
20	of Section 420.3, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all certificates of occupancy until the subject		
21	project is brought into compliance.		
22	(d) Process for Revisions of Determination of Requirements. In the event that the		
23	Department or the Commission takes action affecting any development project subject to Section 420.1		
24	et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department		
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or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of
 Section 402(c) of this Article shall be followed.

3 Treasure's Certification: Upon payment of the Fee to the Treasurer as required under (e)4 this Section and upon request of the Sponsor, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the Fee has 5 been half or fully paid, as the case may be. The Sponsor shall present such certification to the Planning 6 Department and DBI prior to the issuance by DBI of (i) the first site permit for each Townhome that is 7 part of a residential development project, and (ii) the first certificate of occupancy for each building 8 that is part of a residential development project, as the case may be. DBI shall not issue such building 9 permit or first certificate of occupancy without the Treasurer's certification as described above. Any 10 failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or the Planning Department to give any notice under this Section shall 11 not relieve a Sponsor from compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a building 12 permit or a first certificate of occupancy without payment of the Fee or portion thereof as required by this Section, DBI shall not issue any further certificates of occupancy for the residential development 13 14 project without notification from the Treasurer that the Fee or portion thereof as required by this 15 Section has been paid. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude 16 enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other section of this Code, or other authority 17 under the laws of the State of California. 18 (f) Waiver or Reduction: (1)19 -A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Section may appeal 20 to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based upon the 21 absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and the amount of 22 the fee charged. 23 (2) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section who has received an 24 approved building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval and who submits a 25 new or revised building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval for the same

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property may appeal for a reduction, adjustment or waiver of the requirements with respect to the

- 2 *square footage of construction previously approved.*
- 3 (3) Any such appeal shall be made in writing and filed with the Clerk of the Board no later
   4 than 15 days after the date the Sponsor is required to pay to the Treasurer the fee as required in this
- 5 *Section. The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual and legal basis for the claim of waiver,*
- 6 *reduction, or adjustment. The Board of Supervisors shall consider the appeal at the hearing within 60*
- 7 *days after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear the burden of presenting substantial*
- 8 *evidence to support the appeal, including comparable technical information to support appellant's*
- 9 *position. The decision of the Board shall be by a simple majority vote and shall be final. If a reduction,*
- 10 *adjustment, or waiver is granted any change in use within the project shall invalidate the waiver,*
- 11 *adjustment, or reduction of the fee. If the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of*
- 12 *the Board shall promptly transmit the nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the*
- 13 *Treasurer*.

## 14 SEC. <u>420.4</u> <u>318.14</u>. LIEN PROCEEDINGS. <u>If, for any reason, the fee imposed under Section</u>

- 15 <u>420.3 remains unpaid following issuance of the certificate of occupancy, the Development Fee</u>
- 16 <u>Collection Unit at DBI shall institute lien proceedings to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee</u>,
- 17 plus interest and any deferral surcharge, a lien against all parcels used for the development project in
- 18 *accordance with Section 408 of this Article and Section 107A.13.215 of the San Francisco Building*
- 19 <u>*Code.*</u>

## 20 (a) A Sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Section 319.3, shall constitute

- 21 *cause for the City to record a lien against the housing development project in the sum of the Fee*
- 22 *required under Section 319.3. If, for any reason, (i) more than 50% of the Fee remains unpaid*
- 23 following issuance of the first site or building permit for a Townhome that is part of a residential
- 24 *development project, or (ii) any portion of the Fee remains unpaid following issuance of the first*
- 25 *certificate of occupancy for any building that is part of a residential development protect, any amount*

1 *then due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof,* 

- 2 from the date of issuance of the permit or certificate as the case may be, until the date of final payment
- 3 *in the unpaid but due amount.*
- 4 If for any reason, the Fee or portion thereof imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains 5 unpaid following issuance of the permit or certificate of occupancy as applicable, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative 6 7 *Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the Fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used* 8 for the residential development project and shall send all notices required by that Article to the owner 9 of the property as well as the Sponsor. The Treasurer shall also prepare a preliminary report notifying 10 the Sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the 11 date of the hearing. The report to the Sponsor shall contain the Sponsor's name, a description of the 12 Sponsor's housing development project, a description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered 13 as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of 14 this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report 15 to be mailed to the Sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. 16 Except for the release of lien recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums 17 collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and 18 deposited in the Fund established in Section 319.6. 19 Any notice required to be given to a Sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or 20 served upon the Sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the Sponsor or 21 owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the Sponsor
- 22 *or owner at the official address of the Sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the*
- 23 *mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the Sponsor at the address of the residential*
- 24 *development project, and to the applicant for the building permit or certificate of occupancy, as the*
- 25 *case may be, at the address on the permit application.*

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## SEC. 318.15. FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING PERMIT EXPIRES PRIOR TO

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COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY.

3 *In the event a building permit expires prior to completion of the work on and commencement of* 

4 *occupancy of a residential development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to* 

5 *carry out any development, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled, and any* 

6 *Fee previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the Sponsor applies for a new* 

7 *building permit, the procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding payment of the Fee shall be* 

8 *followed*.

9 SEC. <u>420.5</u> <u>318.16</u>. VISITACION VALLEY COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND
 10 INFRASTRUCTURE FUND.

- (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose
  entitled the Visitacion Valley Community Facilities and Infrastructure Fund ("Fund"). All
  monies collected by <u>DBI the Treasurer</u> pursuant to Section <u>420.3(b)</u> <del>319.3(b)</del> shall be deposited
  in the Fund which shall be maintained by the Controller.
- (b) The receipts in the Fund are, subject to the budgetary and fiscal provisions of
  the Charter, to be used solely to fund community facilities and infrastructure in Visitacion
  Valley, including but not limited to capital improvements to library facilities, playgrounds,
- 18 recreational facilities, and major streets.
- (c) No portion of the Fund may be used, by way of loan or otherwise, to pay any
   administrative, general overhead, or similar expense of any public entity.
- (d) The Controller shall not release any monies from the Fund without prior approval
  of the Board of Supervisors for an expenditure. City Agencies responsible for the construction
  or improvement of public infrastructure subject to this ordinance, including but not limited to
  the San Francisco Public Library, DPW *the Department of Public Works*, and the Department of
  Recreation and Parks, shall request funds from the Board of Supervisors as necessary.

1 Before approving any expenditures, the Board of Supervisors shall determine the relative

2 impact from the residential development on public infrastructure in Visitacion Valley described

- 3 in <u>Section 420.56(b)</u> 319.6(b) and shall insure that the expenditures are consistent with
- 4 mitigating the impacts from the development.
- (e) The Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of Supervisors
  beginning one year after the effective date of <u>Section 418.1 et seq.</u> this ordinance, which report
  shall set forth the amount of money collected in the Fund.
- 8 SEC. 318.17. PARTIAL INVALIDITY AND SEVERABILITY.
- 9 *If any provision of this ordinance, or its application to any residential development project is*
- 10 *held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance, or the application of such provision to other residential*
- 11 *development projects shall not be affected thereby.*
- 12 SEC. <u>421 (formerly Section</u> 326). MARKET AND OCTAVIA COMMUNITY
- 13 IMPROVEMENTS FUND.
- 14 Section<u>s 421.1 326.1 to through 421.7 326.8, hereafter referred to as Section 421.1 et seq.</u>, set
- 15 forth the requirements and procedures for the Market and Octavia Community Improvements
- 16 Fund. <u>The effective date of these requirements shall be either April 3, 2008, the date that the</u>
- 17 *requirements originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became*
- 18 <u>effective.</u>
- 19 SEC. <u>421.1</u> <del>326.1</del>. FINDINGS.
- 20 A. Market and Octavia Plan Objectives. The Market and Octavia Area Plan
- 21 embodies the community's vision of a better neighborhood, which achieves multiple objectives
- including creating a healthy, vibrant transit-oriented neighborhood. The Planning Department
- 23 coordinated development of the Area Plan objectives around the tenants of the Better
- 24 Neighborhood Planning process and within the larger framework of the General Plan.
- 25

The Market and Octavia Plan Area encompasses a variety of districts, most of which are primarily residential or neighborhood commercial. The Area Plan calls for a maintenance of the well-established neighborhood character in these districts with a shift to a more transitoriented type of districts. A transit-oriented district, be it neighborhood commercial or residential in character, generates a unique type of infrastructure needs.

6 The overall objective of the Market and Octavia planning effort is to encourage
7 balanced growth in a centrally located section of the City that is ideal for transit oriented
8 development. The Area Plan calls for an increase in housing and retail capacity simultaneous
9 to infrastructure improvements in an effort to maintain and strengthen neighborhood
10 character.

B. Need for New Housing and Retail. New residential construction in San Francisco
is necessary to accommodate a growing population. The population of California has grown
by more than 11 percent since 1990 and is expected to continue increasing. The San
Francisco Bay Area is growing at a rate similar to the rest of the state.

15 The City should encourage new housing production in a manner that enhances existing 16 neighborhoods and creates new high-density residential and mixed-use neighborhoods. One 17 solution to the housing crisis is to encourage the construction of higher density housing in 18 areas of the City best able to accommodate such housing. Areas like the Plan Area can better 19 accommodate growth because of easy access to public transit, proximity to downtown, 20 convenience of neighborhood shops to meet daily needs, and the availability of development 21 opportunity sites. San Francisco's land constraints, as described in Section 418.1(A) 318.1 (A), 22 limit new housing construction to areas of the City not previously designated as residential 23 areas, infill sites, or areas that can absorb increased density. 24 The Market and Octavia Plan Area presents opportunity for infill development on

25 various sites, including parcels along Octavia Boulevard known as "the Central Freeway

parcels," some parcels along Market Street, and the SoMa West portions of the Plan Area.
 These sites are compelling opportunities because new housing can be built within easy
 walking distance of the downtown and Civic Center employment centers and City and regional
 transit centers, while maintaining the comfortable residential character and reinforcing the
 unique and exciting neighborhood qualities.

6 To respond to the identified need for housing, repair the fabric of the neighborhood, 7 and support transit-oriented development, the Market and Octavia Plan Area is zoned for the 8 appropriate residential and commercial uses. The Planning Department is adding a Van Ness 9 Market Downtown Residential Special Use District (VNMDR-SUD) in the Plan Area and 10 establishing a Residential Transit-oriented (RTO) district and several Neighborhood 11 Commercial Transit (NCT) districts. New zoning controls encourage housing and commercial 12 development appropriate to each district.

The plan builds on existing neighborhood character and establishes new standards for amenities necessary for a transit-oriented neighborhood. A transit-oriented neighborhood requires a full range of neighborhood serving businesses. New retail and office space will provide both neighborhood- and City-serving businesses.

17 San Francisco is experiencing a severe shortage of housing available to people at all 18 income levels, especially to those with the lowest incomes while seeing a sharp increase in housing prices. The Association of Bay Area Governments' (ABAG) Regional Housing Needs 19 20 Determination (RHND) forecasts that San Francisco must produce 2,716 new units of housing 21 annually to meet projected needs. At least 5,639 of these new units should be available to 22 moderate income households. New affordable units are funded through a variety of sources, 23 including inclusionary housing and in lieu fees leveraged by new market rate residential 24 development pursuant to Sections 413 313 and 415 315. The Planning Department projects

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that approximately 1,400 new units of affordable housing will be developed as a result of the
plan. New Development Requires new Community Infrastructure.

3 The purpose for new development in the Plan Area is established above (Section 4 421.1(A) 326.1(a). New construction should not diminish the City's open space, jeopardize the 5 City's Transit First Policy, or place undue burden on the City's service systems. The new 6 residential and *commercial non-residential* construction should preserve the existing 7 neighborhood services and character, as well as increase the level of service for all modes 8 necessary to support transit-oriented development. New development in the area will create 9 additional impact on the local infrastructure, thus generating a substantial need for community 10 improvements as the district's population and workforce grows.

11 The amendments to the General Plan, Planning Code, and Zoning Maps that 12 correspond to Section 421.1 et seq. this ordinance will permit an increased amount of new 13 residential and commercial development. The Planning Department anticipates an increase of 14 5,960 units within the next 20 years, and an increase of 9,875 residents, as published in the 15 environmental impact report. This new development will have an extraordinary impact on the 16 Plan Area's infrastructure. As described more fully in the Market and Octavia Plan Final 17 Environmental Impact Report, San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. \_\_\_\_\_ on file 18 with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 071157, and the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program Document, San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. \_ 19 20 on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 071157, new development will generate 21 substantial new pedestrian, vehicle, bicycle, and transit trips which will impact the area. The 22 transition to a new type of district is tantamount to the development of new subdivisions, or 23 the transition of a district type, in terms of the need for new infrastructure. 24 The Market and Octavia Area Plan proposes to mitigate these impacts by providing

extensive pedestrian, transit, traffic-calming and other streetscape improvements that will

1 encourage residents to make as many daily trips as possible on foot, by bicycle or on transit; 2 by creating new open space, greening, and recreational facilities that will provide necessary 3 public spaces; and by establishing a range of other services and programming that will meet 4 the needs of community members. A comprehensive program of new public infrastructure is 5 necessary to lessen the impacts of the proposed new development and to provide the basic 6 community improvements to the area's new community members. The Market and Octavia 7 Community Improvements Program Document provides a more detailed description of 8 proposed Community Improvements.

In order to enable *the City and County of* San Francisco to provide necessary public
services to new residents; to maintain and improve the Market and Octavia Plan Area
character; and to increase neighborhood livability and investment in the district, it is necessary
to upgrade existing streets and streetscaping; acquire and develop neighborhood parks,
recreation facilities and other community facilities to serve the new residents and workers.

While the open space requirements imposed on individual developments address minimum needs for private open space and access to light and air, such open space does not provide the necessary public social and recreational opportunities as attractive public facilities such as sidewalks, parks and other community facilities that are essential urban infrastructure, nor does it contribute to the overall transformation of the district into a safe and enjoyable transit-oriented neighborhood.

C. Program Scope. The purpose of the proposed Market and Octavia Community *Improvements Infrastructure* Impact Fees is to provide specific public improvements, including community open spaces, pedestrian and streetscape improvements and other facilities and services. These improvements are described in the Market and Octavia Area Plan and Neighborhood Plan and the accompanying ordinances, and are necessary to meet established City standards for the provision of such facilities. The Market and Octavia

Community Improvements Fund and Community *Improvements Infrastructure* Impact Fee will
 create the necessary financial mechanism to fund these improvements in proportion to the
 need generated by new development.

4 National and international transportation studies (such as the Dutch Pedestrian Safety 5 Research Review. T. Hummel, SWOV Institute for Road Safety Research (Holland), and 6 University of North Carolina Highway Safety Research Center for the U.S. Department of 7 Transportation, 1999 on file with the Clerk of the Board *in File No.*  $\rightarrow$  have 8 demonstrated that pedestrian, traffic-calming and streetscape improvements of the type 9 proposed for the Market and Octavia Plan Area result in safer, more attractive pedestrian 10 conditions. These types of improvements are essential to making pedestrian activity a viable 11 choice, thereby helping to mitigate traffic impacts associated with excess automobile trips that 12 could otherwise be generated by new development.

The proposed Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Impact Fee is necessary to maintain progress towards relevant state and national service standards, as well as local standards in the Goals and Objectives of the General Plan for open space and streetscape improvements as discussed in *Planning Code* <u>sSection</u> <u>418.1(F)</u> <u>318.1(F)</u>. Additionally the fee contributes to library resources and childcare facilities standards discussed below:

18 Library Resources: New residents in Plan Area will generate a substantial new need for 19 library services. The San Francisco Public Library does not anticipate adequate demand for a 20 new branch library in the Market and Octavia Plan Area at this time. However, the increase in 21 population in Plan Area will create additional demand at other libraries, primarily the Main 22 Library and the Eureka Valley Branch Library. The Market and Octavia Community 23 Infrastructure Impact Fee includes funding for library services equal to \$69.00 per new 24 resident, which is consistent with the service standards used by the San Francisco Public 25 Library for allocating resources to neighborhood branch libraries. Child Care Facilities: New

1 households in the Plan Area will generate a need for additional childcare facilities. Childcare 2 services are integral to the financial and social success of families. Nationwide, research and 3 policies are strengthening the link between childcare and residential growth, many Bay Area 4 counties are leading in efforts to finance new childcare through new development. San Mateo 5 has conducted detailed research linking housing to childcare needs. Santa Clara County has 6 developed exemplary projects that provide childcare facilities in proximity to transit stations, 7 and Santa Cruz has levied a fee on residential development to fund childcare. Similarly many 8 research efforts have illustrated that adequate childcare services are crucial in supporting a 9 healthy local economy, see research conducted by Louise Stoney, Mildred Warner, PPIC, 10 County of San Mateo, CA on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. \_

MOCD's Project Connect Report identified childcare as an important community service in neighboring communities. Project connect did not survey the entire Market and Octavia Plan Area, it focused on low income communities, including Market and Octavia's neighbors in the Mission, Western Addition, and the Tenderloin. The Department of Children Youth and Their Families projects new residents of Market and Octavia will generate demand for an additional 435 childcare spaces, of those 287 will be serviced through new child care development centers.

Programmed Improvements and Costs. Community improvements to mitigate 18 D. the impact of new development in the Market and Octavia Plan Area were identified through a 19 20 community planning process, based on proposals in the Market and Octavia Area Plan on file 21 with the Clerk of the Board in File No.071158, and on a standards based analysis, and on 22 community input during the Plan adoption process. The Planning Department developed cost 23 estimates to the extent possible for all proposed improvements. These are summarized by 24 use type in Table 1. Cost projections in Table 1 are realistic estimates made by the Planning 25 Department of the actual costs for improvements needed to support new development. More

1 information on these cost estimates is located in the Market and Octavia Community 2 Improvements Program Document. Cost estimates for some items on Table 1 are to be 3 determined through ongoing analyses conducted in coordination with implementation of the 4 Market and Octavia Plan Community Improvements Program. In many cases these projects 5 require further design work, engineering, and environmental review, which may alter the 6 nature of the improvements; the cost estimates are still reasonable approximates for the 7 eventual cost of providing necessary community improvements to respond to identified 8 community needs. The Board of Supervisors is not committing to the implementation of any 9 particular project at this time. Projects may be substituted for like projects should new 10 information from the Citizens Advisory Committee, the Interagency Plan Implementation Committee, other stakeholders, or the environmental review process illustrate that substitute 11 12 projects should be prioritized. Cost projections will be updated at a minimum approximately 13 every five years after adoption.

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Table 1.

Cost of proposed community improvements in the Market and Octavia Plan Area.

10	<u> </u>	
17	Market and Octavia	
18	Community Improvements	
19	Greening	\$58,310,000
20	Parks	\$6,850,000
21 22	Park Improvements	\$ TBD
22	Vehicle	\$49,260,000
24	Pedestrian	\$23,760,000
25	Transportation	\$81,180,000

1	Transit User	\$ TBD	
2	Infrastructure	Ψ	
3	Bicycle	\$1,580,000	
4	Childcare	\$17,170,000	
5 6	Library Materials	\$690,000	
7	Recreational	\$15,060,000	
8	Facilities	\$13,000,000	
9	Future Studies	\$460,000	
10	Program Administration	\$4,730,000	
11	Total	\$258,900,000	

Provision of affordable housing needs are addressed in Sections <u>413</u> <u>313</u> and <u>415</u> <u>315</u> of <u>the Planning this</u> Code. Additionally subsidized affordable housing may be granted a waiver from the Market and Octavia Community Improvement Fee as provided for in <u>sSection 406 of</u> <u>this Article</u> <u>326.3 (h)(3)</u>. This waiver may be leveraged as a local funding 'match' to Federal and State affordable housing subsidies enabling affordable housing developers to capture greater subsidies for projects in the Plan Area.

E. Sharing the Burden. As detailed above, new development in the Plan Area will
 clearly generate new infrastructure demands.

To fund such community infrastructure and amenities, new development in the district
 shall be assessed development impact fees proportionate to the increased demand for such
 infrastructure and amenities. The City will use the proceeds of the fee to build new
 infrastructure and enhance existing infrastructure, as described in preceding sections. A
 Community *Improvements Infrastructure* Impact Fee shall be established for the Van Ness and

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Market Downtown Residential Special Use District (VNMDR-SUD), and the Neighborhood
 Commercial Transit (NCT) and Residential Transit Oriented (RTO) Districts as set forth
 herein.

Many counties, cities and towns have one standardized impact fee schedule that
covers the entire municipality. Although this type of impact fee structure works well for some
types of infrastructure, such as affordable housing and basic transportation needs, it cannot
account for the specific improvements needed in a neighborhood to accommodate specific
growth. A localized impact fee gives currency to the community planning process and
encourages a strong nexus between development and infrastructure improvements.

10 Development impact fees are an effective approach to achieve neighborhood mitigations and associate the costs with new residents, workers, and a new kind of 11 12 development. The proposed Market and Octavia Community *Improvements Infrastructure* 13 Impact Fee would be dedicated to infrastructure improvements in the Plan Area, directing 14 benefits of the fund clearly to those who pay into the fund, by providing necessary 15 infrastructure improvements, needed to serve new development. The net increases in 16 individual property values in these areas due to the enhanced neighborhood amenities 17 financed with the proceeds of the fee are expected to exceed the payments of fees by project 18 sponsors.

The fee rate has been calculated by the Planning Department based on accepted professional methods for the calculation of such fees. The Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program Document contains a full discussion of impact fee calculation. Cost estimates are based on an assessment of the potential cost to the City of providing the specific improvements described in the Market and Octavia Plan Area. The *Planning* Department assigned a weighted value to new construction based on projected population increases in relation to the total population.

The proposed fee would cover less than 80% of the estimated costs of the community improvements calculated as necessary to mitigate the impacts of new development. By charging developers less than the maximum amount of the justified impact fee, the City avoids any need to refund money to developers if the fees collected exceed costs. The proposed fees only cover impacts caused by new development and are not intended to remedy existing deficiencies; those costs will be paid for by public, community, and other private sources.

7 The Market and Octavia community improvements program relies on public, private, 8 and community capital. Since 2000, when the Market and Octavia planning process was 9 initiated, the area has seen upwards of \$100 million in public investment, including the 10 development of Octavia Boulevard, the new Central freeway ramp, Patricia's Green in Hayes Valley and related projects. Additionally private entities have invested in the area by improving 11 12 private property and creating new commercial establishments. Community members have 13 invested by creating a Community Benefits District in the adjacent Castro neighborhood, 14 organizing design competitions, and lobbying for community programming such as a rotating 15 arts program on Patricia's Green in Hayes Valley. Project sponsor contributions to the Market 16 and Octavia Community Improvements Fund will help leverage additional public and 17 community investment.

18 As a result of this new development, projected to occur over a 20-year period, property tax revenue is projected to increase by as much as \$28 million annually when projected 19 20 housing production is complete. Sixteen million dollars of this new revenue will be diverted 21 directly to San Francisco (see the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program 22 Document for a complete discussion of increased property tax revenue). These revenues will 23 fund improvements and expansions to general City services, including police, fire, emergency, 24 and other services needed to partially meet increased demand associated with new 25 development. New development's local impact on community infrastructure will be greater in

1 the Market and Octavia Plan Area, relative to those typically funded by City government 2 through property tax revenues. Increased property taxes will contribute to continued 3 maintenance and service delivery of new infrastructure and amenities. The City should pursue 4 sState enabling legislation that directs growth related increases in property tax directly to the 5 neighborhood where growth is happening, similar to the redevelopment agencies' Tax 6 Increment Financing tool. If such a revenue dedication tool does become available, the 7 Planning Department should pursue an ordinance to adopt and apply a tax increment district 8 to the Market and Octavia Plan Area even if the Plan is already adopted by the Board of 9 Supervisors and in effect. The relative cost of capital improvements, along with the reduced 10 role of State and Federal funding sources, increases the necessity for development impact 11 fees to cover these costs. Residential and commercial impact fees are one of the many 12 revenue sources necessary to mitigate the impacts of new development in the Market and 13 Octavia Plan Area.

SEC. <u>421.2</u> <u>326.2</u>. DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u> The The following
 definitions shall govern this ordinance:

16 (a) Definitions from Section 318.2 shall apply unless otherwise noted in this Section.
 17 (b) "Community facilities" shall mean all uses as defined under Section 209.4(a) and
 18 209.3(d) of this Code.

- (c) "Commercial use" shall mean any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy
   by retail or office uses that qualify as an accessory use, as defined and regulated in Sections 204
- 21 *through 204.5.*
- 22 (d) "Commercial development project" shall mean any new construction, addition,
- 23 *extension, conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes*
- 24 *any occupied floor area of commercial use; provided, however, that for projects that solely comprise*
- 25 *an addition to an existing structure which would add occupied floor area in an amount less than 20*

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percent of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Section shall only

- 2 *apply to the new occupied square footage.*
- "In-Kind Agreement" shall mean an agreement acceptable in form and substance to the 3 (e)City Attorney and the Director of Planning between a project sponsor and the Planning Commission 4 5 subject to the approval of the Planning Commission in its sole discretion to provide a specific set of 6 community improvements, at a specific phase of construction, in lieu of contribution to the Market and 7 Octavia Community Improvement Fund. The In-Kind Agreement shall also mandate a covenant of the 8 project sponsor to reimburse all City agencies for their administrative and staff costs in negotiating, 9 drafting, and monitoring compliance with the In-Kind Agreement. The City also shall require the 10 project sponsor to provide a letter of credit or other instrument, acceptable in form and substance to 11 the Planning Department and the City Attorney, to secure the City's right to receive payment as 12 described in the preceding sentence. 13 (f) "Net addition of occupiable square feet of commercial use" shall mean oOccupied floor area, as defined in Section 102.10 of this Code, to be occupied by or primarily serving, non-residential 14 15 use excluding common areas such as hallways, maintenance facilities and lobbies, less the occupied 16 floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed commercial 17 development project which occupied floor area was used primarily and continuously for commercial 18 use and was not accessory to any use other than residential use for at least five years prior to Planning 19 Department approval of the residential development project subject to this Section, or for the life of the 20 structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter. 21 (g) "Program." shall mean the Market and Octavia Community Improvements as described 22 in the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program Document. 23 (h) "Program Area" shall mean the Market and Octavia Plan Area in Map 1 (Land Use
- 24 *Plan) of the Market and Octavia Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan, which includes those*
- 25 districts zoned RTO, NCT, or any neighborhood specific NCT, a few parcels zoned RH-1 or RH-2, and

1 those parcels within the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District

2 (VMDRSUD).

3 *— "Waiver Agreement" means an agreement acceptable in form and substance to the* (i)4 Planning Department and the City Attorney, under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of 5 the Community Improvements Impact Fee, conditioned upon the project sponsor's covenant to make a 6 good faith effort to secure the formation of a Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District, if such a 7 district has not already been successfully formed, and in any event to take all steps necessary to 8 support the construction of a portion of the improvements described in Sections 326.6 (the "CFD 9 *Improvements") using the proceeds of one or more series of special tax bonds or moneys otherwise* 10 made available by such a district ("CFD Funds"). Such agreement shall include a specific description 11 of the CFD Improvements and a specific date for the commencement of such improvements. Such 12 agreement shall also provide that the project sponsor shall pay the full amount of the waived 13 Community Improvements Impact Fee plus interest in the event that CFD Funds are not received in 14 amounts necessary to commence construction of the CFD Improvements on the stated commencement 15 date listed in the Waiver Agreement. The City also shall require the project sponsor to provide a letter 16 of credit or other instrument, acceptable in form and substance to the Planning Department and the 17 City Attorney, to secure the City's right to receive payment as described in the preceding sentence. 18 "Residential Space Subject to the Community Improvement Impact Fee." means eEach (i)net addition of occupiable square feet within the Program Area which results in an additional 19 20 residential unit or contributes to a 20 percent increase of residential space from the time that this 21 ordinance is adopted within the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund. 22 -"Commercial Space Subject to the Community Improvement Impact Fee" means for each (k)23 net addition of occupiable square feet within the Program Area which results in an additional 24 commercial unit or any increased commercial capacity that is beyond 20 percent of the non-residential 25 capacity at the time that this ordinance is adopted.

1 SEC. 421.3 326.3. APPLICATION OF COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACT FEE. 2 (a) Application. Section 421.1 et seq. shall apply to any development project located in the 3 Market and Octavia Infrastructure Program Area, which Program Area. The Market and Octavia 4 Community Improvements Neighborhood Program is hereby established and shall be implemented 5 through district specific community improvements funds which apply to the following areas: The 6 Program Area includes properties identified as part of the Market and Octavia Plan Area in 7 Map 1 (Land Use Plan) of the Market and Octavia Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan. 8 9 (b) Amount of Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Impact Fees; Timing of 10 Payment. The sponsor shall pay to the Treasurer Market and Octavia Community Improvements 11 *Infrastructure* Impact Fees of the following amounts: 12 (1) Unless a Waiver Agreement has been executed, Pprior to the issuance by DBI of the 13 first construction document site or building permit for a residential development project, or 14 residential component of a mixed use project within the Program Area, a \$10.00 Community 15 *Improvement Infrastructure* Impact Fee in the Market and Octavia Plan Area, as described in (a) 16 above, for the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund, for each net addition of occupiable square feet which results in an additional residential unit or contributes to a 20 17 18 percent increase of residential space from the time that Section 421.1 et seq. this ordinance is adopted. 19 20 (2) Unless a Waiver Agreement has been executed, Pprior to the issuance by DBI of the 21 first construction document site or building permit for a commercial non-residential development 22 project, or *commercial non-residential* component of a mixed use project within the Program 23 Area, a \$4.00 Community Improvement Impact Fee in the Market and Octavia Plan Area, as 24 described in (a) above, for the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund for each 25 net addition of occupiable square feet which results in an additional *commercial non-residential* 

capacity that is beyond 20 percent of the non-residential capacity at the time that <u>Section 421.1</u>
 <u>et seq. this ordinance</u> is adopted.

3 *— Upon request of the sponsor and upon payment of the Community Improvements Impact* 4 Fee in full to the Treasurer, the execution of a Waiver Agreement or In-Kind Agreement approved as 5 described herein, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the obligations of this section of the 6 Planning Code have been met. The sponsor shall present such certification to the Planning Department 7 and DBI prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for the development project. 8 DBI shall not issue the site or building permit without the Treasurer's certification. Any failure of the 9 Treasurer, DBI, or the Planning Department to give any notice under this Section shall not relieve a 10 sponsor from compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit 11 without payment of the fee, Planning and DBI shall not issue any further permits or a certificate of 12 occupancy for the project without notification from the Treasurer that the fees required by this Section 13 have been paid or otherwise satisfied. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to 14 preclude enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other section of this Code, or other 15 authority under the laws of the State of California. 16 (c) (d) Fee Adjustments. Inflation Adjustments. The Controller may make annual adjustments of the 17 (1)18 development fees for inflation in accordance with Section 409 of this Article. The Planning Commission 19 may adjust the amount of the development impact fees set forth in the annual fee adjustments on an 20 annual basis before the annual budget is approved. The Market and Octavia Community 21 *Improvements Infrastructure* Impact Fee adjustments should be based on the following factors: 22 (a) the percentage increase or decrease in the cost to acquire real property for public park 23 and open space use in the area and (b) the percentage increase or decrease in the 24 construction cost of providing these and other improvements listed in Section 421.1(E) § 25  $\frac{326.1(E)(a)}{E}$ . Fluctuations in the construction market can be gauged by indexes such as the

Engineering News Record or a like index. Revision of the fee should be done in coordination
with revision to other like fees, such as those detailed in Sections 247, <u>414</u> 313, <u>414</u> 314, <u>415</u>
315, <u>418</u> 318, and <u>419</u> 319 of <u>this</u> the Planning Code. The Planning Department shall provide
notice of any fee adjustment including the formula used to calculate the adjustment, on its
website and to any interested party who has requested such notice at least 30 days prior to
the adjustment taking effect.

7 (2) Program Adjustments. Upon Planning Commission and Board approval 8 adjustments may be made to the fee to reflect changes to (a) the list of planned community 9 improvements listed in Section 421.1(D)  $\frac{326.1(D)}{2}$ ; (b) re-evaluation of the nexus based on 10 new conditions; or (c) further planning work which recommends a change in the scope of the 11 community improvements program. Changes may not be made to mitigate temporary market 12 conditions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is the intent of the Board of Supervisors that it is 13 not committing to the implementation of any particular project at this time and changes to. 14 additions, and substitutions of individual projects listed in the related program document can 15 be made without adjustment to the fee rate or Section 421.1 et seq. this ordinance as those 16 individual projects are placeholders that require further public deliberation and environmental review. 17

(3) Unless and until an adjustment has been made, the schedule set forth in this
 Section 421.1 et seq. ordinance shall be deemed to be the current and appropriate schedule of
 development impact fees.

21 (d) (e) Option for In-Kind Provision of Community Improvements Infrastructure and Fee
 22 Credits. The Planning Commission may reduce the Market and Octavia Community
 23 Improvements Infrastructure Impact Fee described in (b) above owed for specific development
 24 projects proposals in cases where a project sponsor has entered into an In-Kind Agreement
 25 with the City to provide In-Kind improvements in the form of streetscaping, sidewalk widening,

1 neighborhood open space, community center, and other improvements that result in new 2 public infrastructure and facilities described in Section  $421.1(E)(a) \frac{326.1(E)(a)}{a}$  or similar 3 substitutes. For the purposes of calculating the total value of In-Kind community 4 improvements, the project sponsor shall provide the *Planning* Department with a cost estimate 5 for the proposed In-Kind community improvements from two independent contractors or, if 6 relevant, real estate appraisers. If the City has completed a detailed site specific cost estimate 7 for a planned community improvement this may serve as one of the cost estimates, required 8 by this clause; if such an estimate is used it must be indexed to current cost of construction. 9 Based on these estimates, the Director of *Planning* shall determine their appropriate value and 10 the *Planning* Commission may reduce the Community *Improvements* Infrastructure Impact Fee 11 assessed to that project proportionally. Approved In-Kind improvements should generally 12 respond to priorities of the community, or fall within the guidelines of approved procedures for 13 prioritizing projects in the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program. Open 14 space or streetscape improvements, including off-site improvements per the provisions of this 15 Special Use District, proposed to satisfy the usable open space requirements of Section 135 16 and 138 of this Code are not eligible for credit toward the contribution as In-Kind 17 improvements. No credit toward the contribution may be made for land value unless 18 ownership of the land is transferred to the City or a permanent public easement is granted, the 19 acceptance of which is at the sole discretion of the City. A permanent easement shall be 20 valued at no more than 50% of appraised fee simple land value, and may be valued at a lower 21 percentage as determined by the Director of Planning in *its his or her* sole discretion. Any 22 proposal for contribution of property for public open space use shall follow the procedures of 23 Subsection (6)(D) below. The *Planning* Commission may reject In-Kind improvements if they 24 do not fit with the priorities identified in the plan, by the Interagency Plan Implementation 25 Committee (see Section 36 of the Administrative Code), the Market and Octavia Citizens

Advisory Committee (Section 341.5) or other prioritization processes related to Market and
 Octavia Community Improvements Programming.

3 (e) (f) Option for Provision Financing of Community Improvements or Payment of the Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Impact Fee via a Mello Roos Community 4 5 Facilities (Mello-Roos) District ("CFD"). The Planning Commission may waive the Community 6 Improvements Impact Fee described in 326.3(b) above, either in whole or in part, for specific 7 development proposals in cases where one or more project sponsors have entered into a 8 Waiver Agreement with the City approved by the Board of Supervisors. Such waiver shall not 9 exceed the value of the improvements to be provided through the Mello Roos district. In 10 consideration of a Mello-Roos waiver agreement, the Board of Supervisors shall consider whether provision of Community Improvements through a Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) 11 12 District will restrict funds in ways that will limit the City's ability to provide community amenities 13 according to the established community priorities detailed in the Market and Octavia Area Plan, or to further amendments. The Board of Supervisors shall have the opportunity to 14 15 comment on the structure of bonds issued for Mello Roos Districts. The Board of Supervisors 16 may decline to enter into a Waiver Agreement if the establishment of a Mello Roos district 17 does not serve the City or Area Plan's objectives related to Market and Octavia Community 18 Improvements and general balance of revenue streams. (g) Applicants who provide finance In-Kind eCommunity ilmprovements or payment of 19 20 the Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Imact Fee through the formation of a CFD 21 Community Facilities (Mello Roos) District or an In-Kind development will shall be responsible

- for <u>any all</u> additional time and materials costs <u>associated with annexation or formation of the</u>
- 23 <u>CFD,</u> including, Planning Department staff, City Attorney time, and other costs <u>associated with</u>
- 24 <u>annexation or formation of the CFD necessary to administer the alternative to the direct</u>
- 25 payment of the fee. These costs shall be paid in addition to the In-Kind eCommunity

1 ilmprovements obligation and billed no later than expenditure of <u>CFD</u> bond funds on approved

2 projects for Districts or promptly following satisfaction of the In-Kind Agreement or payment of

3 the Market and Octavia Community Infrastructure Impact Fee. The Department may

4 designate a base fee for the establishment of a Mello Roos District, that project sponsors

5 would be obliged to pay before the district is established. The base fee should cover basic

6 costs associated with establishing a district but may not account for all expenses, a minimum

7 estimate of the base fee will be published annually by the Department.

8 (h) Waiver or Reduction:

9 (1) Waiver or Reduction Based on Absence of Reasonable Relationship.

10 (A) A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Section may appeal

11 *to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based upon the* 

12 *absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and the amount of* 

- 13 *the fee charged or for the reasons set forth in subsection (3) below, a project applicant may request a*
- 14 *waiver from the Board of Supervisors.*
- 15 (B) Any appeal of waiver requests under this clause shall be made in writing and filed with
- 16 *the Clerk of the Board no later than 15 days after the date the sponsor is required to pay to the*
- 17 *Treasurer the fee as required in Section 326.3(b). The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual and*
- 18 *legal basis for the claim of waiver, reduction, or adjustment. The Board of Supervisors shall consider*
- 19 *the appeal at the hearing within 60 days after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear the*
- 20 *burden of presenting substantial evidence to support the appeal, including comparable technical*
- 21 *information to support appellant's position. The decision of the Board shall be by a simple majority*
- 22 *vote and shall be final. If a reduction, adjustment, or waiver is granted, any change of use or scope of*
- 23 *the project shall invalidate the waiver, adjustment, or reduction of the fee. If the Board grants a*

24 *reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall promptly transmit the nature and extent* 

25 *of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Treasurer and Planning Department.* 

1	(2) Waiver or Reduction, Based on Housing Affordability or Duplication of Fees. This		
2	section details waivers and reductions available by right for project sponsors that fulfill the		
3	requirements below. The Planning Department shall publish an annual schedule of specific values for		
4	waivers and reductions available under this clause. Planning Department staff shall apply these		
5	waivers based on the most recent schedule published at the time that fee payment is made.		
6	(A) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section who has received an		
7	approved building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval and who submits a		
8	new or revised building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval for the same		
9	property shall be granted a reduction, adjustment or waiver of the requirements of Section of the		
10	Planning Code with respect to the square footage of construction previously approved.		
11	(B) The Planning Commission shall give special consideration to offering reductions or		
12	waivers of the impact fee to housing projects on the grounds of affordability in cases in which the State		
13	of California, the Federal Government, the Mayor's Office of Housing, the San Francisco		
14	Redevelopment Agency, or other public subsides target new housing for households at or below 50% of		
15	the Area Median Income as published by HUD. This waiver clause intends to provide a local 'match'		
16	for these deeply subsidized units and should be considered as such by relevant agencies. Specifically		
17	these units may be rental or ownership opportunities but they must be subsidized in a manner which		
18	maintains their affordability for a term no less than 55 years. Project sponsors must demonstrate to the		
19	Planning Department staff that a governmental agency will be enforcing the term of affordability and		
20	reviewing performance and service plans as necessary, usually this takes the form of a deed restriction.		
21	Projects that meet the requirements of this clause are eligible for a 100 percent fee reduction until an		
22	alternative fee schedule is published by the Planning Department. Ideally some contribution will be		
23	made to the Market and Octavia Community Improvement Program, as these units will place an equal		
24	demand on community improvements infrastructure. This waiver clause shall not be applied to units		
25			

built as part of a developer's efforts to meet the requirements of the Inclusionary Affordable Housing
 Program, and Section 315.

3 (C) The City shall make every effort not to assess duplicative fees on new development. This 4 section discusses the method to determine the appropriate reduction amount for known possible 5 conflicts. In general project sponsors are only eligible for fee waivers under this clause if a 6 contribution to another fee program would result in a duplication of charges for a particular type of 7 community infrastructure. Therefore applicants may only receive a waiver for the portion of the Market 8 and Octavia Community Improvements Fund that addresses that infrastructure type. Refer to Table 2 9 for fee composition by infrastructure type. The Planning Department shall publish a schedule annually 10 of all known opportunities for waivers and reductions under this clause, including the specific rate. Requirements under Section 135 and 138 do not qualify for waiver or reductions. Should future fees 11 12 pose a duplicative charge, such as a Citywide open space or childcare fee, the same methodology shall 13 apply and the Planning Department shall update the schedule of waivers or reductions accordingly. 14 Additionally the City should work to ensure that fees levied on development in the Plan Area through 15 other fee programs should be targeted towards improvements identified through the Market and 16 Octavia Plan, especially fees that allow project sponsors to obtain a waiver from the Market and 17 Octavia Community Improvement's Fund. 18 <del>(i)</del> Table 2. Breakdown of Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fee by 19 20 Infrastructure Type. 21 Components of Proposed Impact Fee 22 23 -Commercial -Residential 24 25

1	Greening -	<del>34.1%</del>	<del>50.2%</del>
2	Parks-	<del>8.2%</del> —	<del>13.8%</del>
3	Park		tbd
4	Improvements	tbd	
5	Vehicle-	<del>0.4%</del>	<del>0.4%</del>
6 7	Pedestrian-	<del>6.9%</del> —	<del>6.2%</del>
, 8	Transportation	22.2%	<del>20.1%</del>
9	Transit User		tbd
0	Infrastructure	tbd	
1	Bicycle	<del>0.5%</del>	<del>0.4%</del>
2	Childcare _	<del>8.3%</del>	<del>0.0%    </del>
3	Library		
4	Materials	<del>0.9%</del> —	<del>0.0%   </del>
5 6	Recreational Facilities	<del>13.1%</del>	<del>0.0%</del> —
7	Future Studies	<del>0.2%</del>	<del>.4%</del>
8	Program Administration	<del>5.1%</del>	<del>8.6%</del>
9	(g) (ii) Applicants that are subject to the downtown parks fee, Section 139, car		

(<u>g</u>) (ii) Applicants that are subject to the downtown parks fee, Section 139, can reduce
 their contribution to the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund by one dollar for
 every dollar that they contribute to the downtown parks fund, the total fee waiver or reduction
 granted through this clause shall not exceed 8.2 percent of calculated contribution for
 residential development or 13.8 percent for commercial development.

SEC. 421.4. IMPOSITION OF COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACT FEE.

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1	(a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of		
2	Section 421.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section		
3	421.1 is applicable, the number of gross square feet of each type of space subject to its requirements,		
4	and shall impose these requirements as a condition of approval for issuance of the building or site		
5	permit for the project to mitigate the development impacts. The project sponsor shall supply any		
6	information necessary to assist the Department in this determination.		
7	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. After the Department has		
8	made its final determination of the net addition of gross square feet of each type of space subject to		
9	Section 421.1 et seq., it shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its		
10	determination in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of this Article.		
11	(c) Sponsor's Choice to Fulfill Requirements. Prior to issuance of a building or site permit		
12	for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 421.1 et seq., the sponsor shall elect		
13	an option under Section 421.3 to fulfill the requirements of Section 421.1 et seq. and notify the		
14	Department of their choice.		
15	(d) Department's Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Sponsor's Choice. After the		
16	project sponsor has notified the Department of the choice to fulfill the requirements of Section 421.1 et		
17	seq., the Department shall immediately notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of the		
18	project sponsor's choice.		
19	(e) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to Issuance of the First		
20	Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing		
21	or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any		
22	development project subject to Section 421.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of the		
23	requirement with an option other than payment of a fee. If the Department notifies the Unit at such time		
24	that the sponsor has not satisfied the requirements, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all		
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1 certificates of occupancy until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of 2 Section 421.1 et seq. 3 In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any (f)4 development project subject to Section 421.1 et seq. and such action is subsequently modified, 5 superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board 6 of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) shall be followed. 7 SEC. 326.4. LIEN PROCEEDINGS. 8 (a) A sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Sections 326.3, shall constitute 9 cause for the City to record a lien against the development project in the sum of the fees required under 10 this ordinance. The fee required by 326.3(b) of this ordinance is due and payable to the Treasurer prior 11 to issuance of the first building or site permit for the development project unless a Waiver Agreement 12 has been executed. If, for any reason, the fee remains unpaid following issuance of the permit and no 13 Waiver Agreement has been executed, any amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-14 half percent per month, or fraction thereof, from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final 15 payment. 16 (b) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following 17 issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of 18 Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the housing development project and shall send all 19 20 notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall 21 also prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the 22 Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall 23 contain the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's housing development project, a description 24 of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the 25 current year, a description of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and

1 place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of 2 record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fees 3 authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to 4 this ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Market and Octavia 5 Community Improvements Fund established in Section 326.6. 6 (c) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or served 7 upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or owner 8 or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor or 9 owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the mailing 10 of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the housing development project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. 11 12 SEC. 326.5. COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS IMPACT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING 13 PERMIT EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF 14 OCCUPANCY. 15 *In the event a building permit expires prior to completion of the work on and commencement of* 16 occupancy of a residential or commercial development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a 17 new permit to carry out any development, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be 18 cancelled, and any Community Improvements Impact Fee previously paid to the Treasurer shall be 19 refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new permit, the procedures set forth in this ordinance 20 regarding payment of the Community Improvements Impact Fee shall be followed. 21 SEC. 421.5 326.6. MARKET AND OCTAVIA COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND. 22 There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose (a) 23 entitled the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Fund ("Fund"). All monies 24 collected by DBI the Treasurer pursuant to Section 421.3(b) 326.3(b) shall be deposited in a 25

special fund maintained by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund to be used solely to fund
 community improvements subject to the conditions of this Section.

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(b) The Fund shall be administered by the Board of Supervisors.

4 (1) All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used to design, engineer, acquire, and 5 develop and improve neighborhood open spaces, pedestrian and streetscape improvements, 6 community facilities, childcare facilities, and other improvements that result in new publicly-7 accessible facilities and related resources within the Market and Octavia Plan Area or within 8 250 feet of the Plan Area. Funds may be used for childcare facilities that are not publicly 9 owned or "publicly-accessible". Funds generated for 'library resources' should be used for 10 materials at the Main Library, the Eureka Valley Library, or other library facilities that directly service Market and Octavia Residents. Funds may be used for additional studies and fund 11 12 administration as detailed in the Market and Octavia Community Improvements Program 13 Document. These improvements shall be consistent with the Market and Octavia Civic Streets 14 and Open Space System as described in Map 4 of the Market and Octavia Area Plan of the 15 General Plan, and any Market and Octavia Improvements Plan. Monies from the Fund may be 16 used by the Planning Commission to commission economic analyses for the purpose of 17 revising the fee pursuant to Section  $421.3(c) \frac{326.3(d)}{2}$  above, to complete an updated nexus 18 study to demonstrate the relationship between development and the need for public facilities if 19 this is deemed necessary.

20 (2) No portion of the Fund may be used, by way of loan or otherwise, to pay any 21 administrative, general overhead, or similar expense of any public entity, except for the 22 purposes of administering this fund. Administration of this fund includes time and materials 23 associated with reporting requirements, facilitating the Market and Octavia Citizens Advisory 24 Committee meetings, and maintenance of the fund. Total expenses associated with 25 administration of the fund shall not exceed the proportion calculated in Table 23 (above). All

interest earned on this account shall be credited to the Market and Octavia Community
 Improvements Fund.

3 (c) With full participation by the Planning Department and related implementing 4 agencies the Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of Supervisors 5 beginning 180 days after the last day of the fiscal year of the effective date of Section 421.1 et 6 seq. this ordinance, which shall include the following elements: (1) a description of the type of 7 fee in each account or fund; (2) Amount of the fee; (3) Beginning and ending balance of the 8 accounts or funds including any bond funds held by an outside trustee; (4) Amount of fees 9 collected and interest earned; (5) Identification of each public improvement on which fees or 10 bond funds were expended and amount of each expenditure; (6) An identification of the 11 approximate date by which the construction of public improvements will commence; (7) A 12 description of any inter-fund transfer or loan and the public improvement on which the 13 transferred funds will be expended; and (8) Amount of refunds made and any allocations of 14 unexpended fees that are not refunded.

15 Every fifth fiscal year following the first deposit into the account the following account 16 reporting shall be made by the Controller's office in coordination with the Planning Department: (1) 17 Purpose to which the fee is to be put; (2) Demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and 18 the purpose for which it is charged; (3) Identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to 19 *complete financing in incomplete improvements identified in this ordinance and subsequent reporting;* 20 and (4) Designate the approximate dates on which the funding referred to above (3) is expected to be 21 deposited into the appropriate account or fund. The reporting requirements detailed in this section 22 refer to the current requirements under AB1600; and are detailed here to insure that this fund fulfills 23 all legal obligations as detailed by the State of California. Any amendments to AB1600 automatically 24 apply to the reporting requirements of this ordinance and the ordinance should be amended

25 accordingly.

1 (d) A public hearing shall be held by *both* the Recreation and Parks Commissions to 2 elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of property using monies in the Fund in 3 the Fund or through agreements for financing In-Kind or Community Improvements Facilities via a Mello-Roos Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District that will ultimately be maintained 4 5 by the Department of Recreation and Parks. Notice of public hearings shall be published in an 6 official newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, which notice shall set forth 7 the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The Parks Commissions may vote to recommend 8 to the Board of Supervisors that it appropriate money from the Fund for acquisition of property 9 for park use and for development of property acquired for park use.

10 (e) The Planning Commission shall work with other City agencies and commissions, 11 specifically the Department of Recreation and Parks, <u>DPW</u> <del>Department of Public Works</del>, and the 12 Metropolitan Transportation Agency, to develop agreements related to the administration of 13 the improvements to existing and development of new public facilities within public rights-of-14 way or on any acquired property designed for park use, using such monies as have been 15 allocated for that purpose at a hearing of the Board of Supervisors.

(f) The Director of Planning shall have the authority to prescribe rules and
regulations governing the Fund, which are consistent with this *ordinance* <u>Section 421.1 et seq.</u>
The Director *of Planning* shall make recommendations to the Board regarding allocation of
funds.

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### SEC. <u>421.6</u> 326.7. DIRECTOR OF PLANNING'S EVALUATION AND STUDY

The Planning Department shall fulfill all relevant evaluation, reporting and study requirements to insure that the fee program remains up to date. These requirements include those outlined in Section <u>421.6(c)</u> <u>326.6(c)</u>, 341.2, and 341.3 of <u>this</u> the Planning Code, and Section 36.4 of the Administrative Code. Fulfillment of these reporting requirements shall be

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coordinated to minimize staff time. Funds to fulfill these requirements should be considered
 monitoring and program administration.

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SEC. <u>421.7</u> 326.8. TRANSPORTATION STUDIES AND FUTURE FEES.

4 Purpose. Studies conducted by the City including the Transit Impact (a) 5 Development Fee nexus study, the ongoing Eastern Neighborhoods studies, and others 6 indicate that new residential development and the creation of new commercial or residential 7 parking facilities negatively impact the City's transportation infrastructure and services. The 8 purpose of this Section is to authorize a nexus study establishing the impact of new residential 9 development and new parking facilities, in nature and amount, on the City's transportation 10 infrastructure and parking facilities and, if justified, to impose impact fees on residential 11 development and projects containing parking facilities.

(b) Timing. No later than October 15, 2008, the City shall initiate a study as
described below. The agencies described in subsection (c) shall develop a comprehensive
scope and timeline of this study which will enable the Board of Supervisors to pursue policy
recommendations through the legislative process as soon as twelve months after the study's
initiation.

17 (c) Process. The study shall be coordinated by the Municipal Transportation Agency 18 (MTA) and the City Attorney's Office. The study shall build on existing Nexus Study work 19 including recently published nexus studies for parks and recreation, childcare facilities, the 20 existing Transit Development Impact Fee Nexus Study, and all relevant area plan nexus 21 analysis. The MTA shall coordinate with all relevant government agencies including the San 22 Francisco County Transportation Authority, the Planning Department, the Mayor's Office of 23 Housing, the Controller's Office, the City Attorney's Office and the City Administrator by 24 creating a task force that meets regularly to discuss the study and resultant policy and

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program recommendations. The MTA shall hire consultants as deemed appropriate to
 complete the technical analysis.

(d) 3 Scope. The study shall determine the impact, in nature and amount, of new 4 residential development and new parking facilities, including new individual parking spaces, 5 on transportation infrastructure and services within the City and County of San Francisco. The 6 study shall not consider or develop specific transportation infrastructure improvement 7 recommendations. The study shall make policy and/or program a recommendations to the 8 Board of Supervisors on the most appropriate mechanisms for funding new transportation 9 infrastructure and services including but not limited to new residential transit impact fees and 10 new parking impact fees.

Springing Condition Projects Subject to Future Fees, Based on the findings of 11 (e) 12 the above-referenced is study the City anticipates that the Board may adopt new impact fees 13 to offset the impact of new parking facilities and residential development on San Francisco's 14 transportation network. As the Market and Octavia Plan Area is one of the first transit oriented 15 neighborhood plans in the City and County of San Francisco the City should strive for a 16 successful coordination of transit oriented development with adequate transportation 17 infrastructure and services. All residential and commercial development projects in the Market 18 and Octavia Plan Area that receive Planning Department or Commission approval on or after 19 the effective date of this Section ordinance shall be subject to any future Citywide or Plan-20 specific parking impact fees or residential transit impact fees that are established before the 21 project receives a *first final*-certificate of occupancy. The Planning Department and Planning 22 Commission shall make payment of any future residential transit impact fee or parking impact 23 fee a condition of approval of all projects in the Market and Octavia Plan Area that receive 24 Planning Department or Commission approval on or after the effective date of this Section 25 *ordinance*, with the following maximum amounts;

1 (1) Parking Impact fee no more than \$5.00 per square foot of floor area dedicated to 2 parking.

3 (2) Transit Impact fee no more than \$9.00 per square foot of residential and
4 commercial floor area.

5 SEC. <u>422 formerly Section 331</u>. BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS
6 FUND.

Sections <u>422.1 through 422.5</u><u>331 to 331.6, hereafter referred to as Section 422.1 et seq.</u>, set
forth the requirements and procedures for the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund.
<u>The effective date of these requirements shall be either April 17, 2009, which is the date that the</u>
<u>requirements originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became</u>
<u>effective.</u>
SEC. <u>422.1</u> <u>331.1</u>. FINDINGS.

13 A. (a) New Residential and Non-Residential Uses. The Balboa Park Station Area Plan 14 is a part of the Better Neighborhoods Program that recognizes population growth is beneficial 15 in neighborhoods well-served by transit. As such, the Balboa Park Area Plan aims to 16 strengthen neighborhood character, the neighborhood commercial district, and transit by 17 increasing the housing and retail capacity in the area. This project goal will also help to meet 18 ABAG's projected demand to provide housing in the Bay Area by encouraging the construction of higher density housing. The Balboa Park Plan Area can better accommodate 19 20 this growth because of its easy access to public transit, proximity to downtown, convenience 21 of neighborhood shops to meet daily needs, and the availability of development opportunity 22 sites. San Francisco's land constraints limit new housing construction to areas of the City not 23 previously designated as residential areas, infill sites, or areas that can absorb increased 24 density. The Balboa Park Plan Area presents an opportunity to both absorb increased density 25 and provide infill development within easy walking distance to transit while maintaining

neighborhood character. The Better Neighborhoods Program also calls for strong
 neighborhood commercial cores and a transit-oriented neighborhood requires a full range of
 neighborhood serving businesses. The Plan builds on existing neighborhood character and
 establishes new standards for amenities necessary for a transit-oriented neighborhood.

5 B. (b) Need for Public Improvements to Accompany New Uses. The amendments to 6 the General Plan, Planning Code, and Zoning Maps that correspond to Section 422.1 et seq. this 7 ordinance will permit an increased amount of new housing and other uses, as noted above. 8 The Planning Department anticipates an increase of at least 1,780 new housing units within 9 the next 20 years, and over 225 new jobs, as described in the Balboa Park Station Area Plan 10 Draft Environmental Impact Report and the Community Improvements Program. This new development will have an impact on the Plan Area's neighborhood infrastructure. New 11 12 development will generate needs for street improvements, transit improvements, and 13 community facilities and services improvements. As described in the Balboa Park Community 14 Improvements Program, on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 090179. The Balboa 15 Park Station Area Plan addresses existing deficiencies and new impacts through a 16 comprehensive package of public benefits described in the Balboa Park Community 17 Improvements Program. This Program will enable the City and County of San Francisco to 18 provide necessary public infrastructure to new residents while increasing neighborhood 19 livability and investment in the district.

<u>C. (c)</u> Project Feasibility. Due to the high cost of land within the City, it has been
 determined that the imposition of requirements and fees based on the full impact of new
 development would be overly burdensome to new development and hinder the City's policy
 goal of providing a significant amount of new housing. Therefore, impact fees have been set
 at a level that will not hinder this policy goal overall.

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1 D. (d) Programmed Improvements. General public improvements and amenities 2 needed to meet the needs of both existing residents, as well as those needs generated by 3 new development, have been identified through a community planning processes. The 4 Planning Department developed generalized cost estimates, based on similar project types 5 implemented by the City in the relevant time period, to provide reasonable approximates for 6 the eventual cost of providing necessary community improvements to respond to identified 7 community needs. In some cases, design work, engineering, and environmental review will be 8 required and may alter the nature of the improvements, as well as the sum total of the cost for 9 these improvements.

10 E. (e) Balboa Park Impact Fee. Development impact fees are an effective approach to 11 mitigate impacts associated with growth in population. The proposed Balboa Park Impact Fee 12 would be dedicated to community improvements in the Plan Area; directing benefits of the 13 fund to those who pay into the fund by providing the necessary infrastructure improvements 14 needed to serve new development. The Planning Department has calculated the fee rate 15 based on accepted professional methods for the calculation of such fees, and described fully 16 in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program, San Francisco Planning Department, 17 Case No. 2004.1059U on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 090179.

The proposed fee would cover less than the full impact of new development. The proposed fee only covers a portion of impacts caused by new development and is not intended to remedy existing deficiencies. Existing deficiency costs will be paid for by the public, the community, and other private sources as described in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program. Residential and non-residential impact fees are only one of many revenue sources necessary to implement the community improvements outlined in the Plan.

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1	SEC. <u>422.2</u> <del>331.2</del> . DEFINITIONS. <u>See Section 401 of this Article.</u> Definitions from sSection		
2	318.2 shall apply unless otherwise noted in this Section. The following definitions shall govern this		
3	ordinance.		
4	(a) "Residential Use" shall mean any type of use containing dwellings as defined in Section		
5	209.1 of the Planning Code or containing group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)-(c) of the		
6	Planning Code, and 790.88, as relevant for the subject zoning district.		
7	(b) "Non-Residential Use" use shall include everything not mentioned in the residential		
8	definition, including but not limited to any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by		
9	retail, office, commercial or other nonresidential uses defined in Section 217, 218, 219 and 221, and		
10	also in 209.3 and 209.8 of the Planning Code. Publicly owned community facilities, including libraries		
11	and recreational facilities, and privately owned child care facilities are not defined as a "non-		
12	residential" use.		
13	(c) "Non-Residential development project" shall mean any new construction, addition,		
14	extension, conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure that includes any		
15	occupied floor area of a non-residential use; provided, however, that for projects that solely comprise		
16	an addition to an existing structure that would add occupied floor area in an amount less than 20		
17	percent of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Section shall only		
18	apply to the new occupied square footage.		
19	(d) "Balboa Park Impact Fee" shall refer to the fee collected by the City to mitigate impacts		
20	of new development as described in findings, above.		
21	(e) "Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund" shall refer to the fund that all fee		
22	revenue the City collects from the Balboa Park Impact Fee.		
23	(f) "In-kind Improvements Agreement" shall mean an agreement acceptable in form and		
24	substance to the City Attorney and the Planning Director between a project sponsor and the Planning		
25	Department, subject to the approval of the Planning Commission, in its sole discretion, to provide a		

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specific set of public benefits, at a specific phase of construction, in lieu of monetary contribution to the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund.

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3 (g) "Net addition of gross square feet of non-residential space" shall mean gross floor area

4 *as defined in Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, any non-residential* 

5 *use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed* 

6 *development project space used primarily and continuously for the same non-residential use within the* 

7 same economic activity category. This space shall be accessory to any use other than that same non-

- 8 *residential use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of the development project*
- 9 *subject to this Section or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.*

10 (h) "Net addition of gross square feet of residential space ." shall mean g Gross

11 *floor area as defined in Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving,* 

12 *residential use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the* 

13 *proposed residential development project space used primarily and continuously for residential use* 

14 *and not accessory to any use other than residential use for five years prior to Planning Commission* 

- 15 *approval of the development project subject to this Section or for the life of the structure demolished or*
- 16 *rehabilitated whichever is shorter.*
- 17 (i) "Project Area" shall mean the Balboa Park Plan Area in Figure 1 of the Balboa Park
   18 Station Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan.
- 19 *(j) "Waiver Agreement" means an agreement acceptable in form and substance to the*
- 20 *Planning Department and the City Attorney, under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of*
- 21 the Balboa Park Impact Fee, provided the sponsor has demonstrated a hardship in achieving those
- 22 *objectives as well as all the requirements of the Plan.*
- 23 (k) "Residential Space Subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee" means each net addition of
- 24 gross square feet within the Project Area which results in a net new residential unit.
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1	(1) "Non-Residential Space Subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee" means each net		
2	addition of gross square feet within the Project Area that contributes to a 20 percent increase in		
3	commercial capacity of an existing structure.		
4	SEC. <u>422.3</u> 331.3. APPLICATION OF COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT IMPACT FEE.		
5	(a) <u>Application.</u> Project Area. The Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund is hereby		
6	established. It shall be implemented in part through the Balboa Park Impact Fee that applies to the		
7	Project Area and includes Section 422.1 et seq. shall apply to any development project located in the		
8	Balboa Park Community Improvements Program Area, which includes all properties identified as		
9	part of the Balboa Park Station Area Plan in Figure 1 of the San Francisco General Plan.		
10	(b) Amount of Fee.		
11	(1) Residential Uses: \$8.00 per net addition of gross square feet which results in an		
12	additional residential unit or contributes to a 20 percent increase of residential floor area at the time		
13	that Section 422.1 et seq. was adopted in any development project with a residential use located within		
14	the Program Area; and		
15	(2) Non-Residential Uses: \$1.50 per net addition of gross square feet which results in an		
16	additional non-residential floor area that is beyond 20 percent of the non-residential floor area at the		
17	time that Section 422.1 et seq. was adopted in any development project with a non-residential use		
18	located within the Program Area. Fees shall be charged on net additions of gross square feet which		
19	result in a net new residential unit or contribute to a 20 percent increase of gross square feet non-		
20	residential space in an existing structure. Fees shall be assessed on residential use and on non-		
21	residential use with no substitutions across uses. Fees shall be assessed on mixed use projects		
22	according to the gross square feet of each use in the project.		
23	(b) Prior to the issuance by the Department of Building Inspection of the first site or		
24	building permit for a residential development project or residential component of a mixed use project		
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within the Project Area, the sponsor of any project containing residential space subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall pay to the Treasurer \$8.00 per gross square foot.

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3 (c) Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a non-residential
4 development project or a non-residential component of a mixed use project within the Project Area, the
5 sponsor of any project containing non-residential space subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall
6 pay to the Treasurer \$1.50 per gross square foot.

- 7 (d) Upon request of the sponsor and upon payment of the Balboa Park Impact Fee in full to 8 the Treasurer, the execution of a Waiver Agreement or In-Kind agreement approved as described 9 herein, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the obligations of this Section of the Planning Code 10 have been met. The sponsor shall present such certification to the Planning Department and DBI prior 11 to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for the development project. DBI shall not 12 issue the site or building permit without the Treasurer's certification that the fees required by this 13 Section have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Any failure of the Treasurer. DBI, or the Planning 14 Department to give notice of requirements under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from 15 compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit without payment 16 of the fee. Planning and DBI shall not issue any further permits or a certificate of occupancy for the 17 project without certification of fee payment from the Treasurer. The procedure set forth in this 18 Subsection is not intended to preclude enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other 19 Section of this Code, or other authority under the laws of the City or State. 20 (e)Fee Adjustments. In conjunction with the five-year Monitoring Program described in 21 Administrative Code Chapter 10E, the City may review the amount of the Balboa Park Impact Fee, and 22 consider whether an adjustment in fees is warranted according to a change in construction costs
- 23 *according to changes published in the Construction Cost Index published by the Engineering News*
- 24 *Record or according to another similar cost index. The City may adjust fees based on changes in*
- 25 *estimated costs of the underlying improvements to be funded through the Balboa Park Impact Fee as*

1 listed in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program. Revision of the fee should be done in coordination with revision to other like fees whenever possible. The Planning Department shall provide 2 3 notice of any fee adjustment including the formula used to calculate the adjustment on its website and 4 to any interested party who has requested such notice at least 30 days prior to the adjustment taking 5 effect. 6 (c) (f) Option for In-Kind Provision of Community Improvements and Fee Credits 7 *Public Benefits.* The *Planning* Commission may reduce the Balboa Park *Community* 8 Improvements Impact Fee owed described above for specific development projects proposals in 9 cases where the *Planning*-Director has recommended approval recommends such an In-kind 10 *provision,* and the project sponsor has entered into an In-Kind *Improvements* Agreement with 11 the City. In-kind improvements may be accepted if they are recommended only where said 12 *improvements have been* prioritized in the Plan, *where they* meet *an* identified community needs 13 as analyzed in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program, and serve as a where they 14 substitute for improvements *funded to be provided* by *impact* fee revenue such as street 15 improvements, transit improvements, and community facilities. *Open space or streetscape* 16 improvements proposed to satisfy the usable open space requirements of Section 135 are not eligible as 17 in-kind improvements. No proposal for In-kind improvements shall be accepted that does not 18 conform if it is not recommended by the Planning Director according to the criteria above. Project sponsors that pursue an In-kind *iImprovements Agreements with the City* will be charged billed 19 20 time and materials for any additional administrative costs that the Department or any other City 21 *agency* incurs in processing the request. 22 (1) The Balboa Park Community Impact Fee may be reduced by the total dollar value of 23 the *community* improvements provided through the an In-kind Improvements aAgreement

- 24 <u>recommended by the Director and approved by the Commission</u> shall be equivalent to the portion of the
- 25 *Balboa Park Impact Fee that is waived*. For the purposes of calculating the total value, the project

1 sponsor shall provide the *Planning* Department with a cost estimate for the proposed in-kind 2 improvement(s) from two independent sources or, if relevant, real estate appraisers. If the City 3 has completed a detailed site-specific cost estimate for a planned improvement this may 4 serve as one of the cost estimates provided it is indexed to current cost of construction. Based 5 on these estimates, the *Planning* Director shall determine *their the* appropriate value of the in-6 kind improvements and the *Planning* Commission shall may reduce the Balboa Park Community 7 Improvements Impact Fee otherwise due by an equal amount assessed to that project proportionally. 8 Open space or streetscape improvements proposed to satisfy the usable open space requirements of 9 Section 135 are not eligible for credit toward the contribution as In-kind improvements. No credit 10 toward the contribution may shall be made for land value unless ownership of the land is 11 transferred to the City or a permanent public easement is granted, the acceptance of which is 12 at the sole discretion of the City. 13 (2) The All In-Kind Improvements aAgreements shall require mandate a covenant of the

13 (2) The <u>Att In-Kina Improvements</u> a<u>A</u>greements shall <u>require manuale a covenant of</u> the 14 project sponsor to reimburse all City agencies for their administrative and staff costs in 15 negotiating, drafting, and monitoring compliance with the In-Kind <u>Improvements</u> <u>aA</u>greement. 16 The City also shall require the project sponsor to provide a letter of credit or other instrument, 17 acceptable in form and substance to the <u>Planning</u> Department and the City Attorney, to secure 18 the City's right to receive improvements as described above.

- 19 (g) Waiver or Reduction.
- 20 (1) Waiver or Reduction Based on Hardship or Absence of Reasonable Relationship.
- 21 (A) A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Section may appeal
- 22 to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based upon the
- 23 *absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and the amount of*
- 24 the fee charged or for the reasons set forth in subsection (3) below, a project applicant may request a
- 25 *waiver from the Board of Supervisors.*

1	(B) Any appeal of waiver requests under this clause shall be made in writing and filed with
2	the Clerk of the Board no later than 15 days after the date the sponsor is required to pay and has paid
3	to the Treasurer the fee as required in Section 331.3. The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual and
4	legal basis for the claim of waiver, reduction, or adjustment. The Board of Supervisors shall consider
5	the appeal at the hearing within 60 days after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear the
6	burden of presenting substantial evidence to support the appeal, including comparable technical
7	information to support appellant's position. If a reduction, adjustment, or waiver is granted, any
8	change of use or scope of the project shall invalidate the waiver, adjustment or reduction of the fee. If
9	the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall promptly transmit the
10	nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Treasurer and Planning Department.
11	(2) Waiver or Reduction Based on Duplication of Fees. This Section details waivers and
12	reductions available by right for project sponsors that fulfill the requirements below.
13	(A) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section. who has received an
14	approved building permit, conditional use permit, or similar discretionary approval and who submits a
15	new or revised building permit, conditional use permit, or similar discretionary approval for the same
16	property shall be granted a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements of Section 331.3 of the
17	Planning Code with respect to the square footage of construction previously approved.
18	(B) The City shall not assess duplicative fees on new development. In general project
19	sponsors are only eligible for fee waivers under this clause if a contribution to another fee program
20	would result in a duplication of charges for a particular type of community infrastructure. Therefore
21	applicants may receive a waiver for only the portion of the Balboa Park Community Improvements
22	Fund that addresses that infrastructure type. Requirements under Section 135 do not qualify for waiver
23	or reductions. Should future fees pose a duplicative charge, the same methodology shall apply and the
24	Planning Department shall update the schedule of waivers or reductions accordingly.
25	

1	(d) (b) The Department or Commission shall impose a condition on the approval of application		
2	for a development project subject to Section 422.1 et seq. The project sponsor shall supply all		
3	information to the Department or the Commission necessary to make a determination as to the		
4	applicability of Section 422.1 et seq. and imposition of the requirements.		
5	(d) (c) Timing and Payment of Fee. The fee required by this Section is due and payable to the		
6	Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI prior to issuance of the first construction document for the		
7	development project deferred to prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy pursuant to		
8	Section 107A.13.3.1 of the San Francisco Building Code.		
9	SEC. 422.4. IMPOSITION OF COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS IMPACT FEE.		
10	(a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of		
11	Section 422.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section		
12	422.1 et seq. is applicable, the amount of Community Improvements Impact Fees required and shall		
13	impose these requirements as a condition of approval for issuance of the building or site permit for the		
14	proposed development project. The project sponsor shall supply any information necessary to assist the		
15	Department in this determination.		
16	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. Prior to the issuance of a		
17	building or site permit for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 422.1 et seq.,		
18	the Department shall notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its final determination of		
19	the amount of Community Improvements Impact Fees required, including any reductions calculated for		
20	an In-Kind Improvements Agreement, in addition to the other information required by Section 402(b) of		
21	this Article.		
22	(c) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to issuance of the First		
23	Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing		
24	or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any		
25	development project subject to Section 422.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of its		

1	Community Improvements Impact Fee requirement with an In-Kind Improvements Agreement. If the		
2	Department notifies the Unit at such time that the sponsor has not satisfied any of the terms of the In-		
3	Kind Improvements Agreement, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all certificates of occupancy		
4	until the subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of Section 422.1 et seq.,		
5	either through conformance with the In-Kind Improvements Agreement or payment of the remainder of		
6	the Community Improvements Impact Fees that would otherwise have been required, plus a deferral		
7	surcharge as set forth in Section 107A.13.3.1 of the San Francisco Building Code.		
8	(d) In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any		
9	development project subject to Section 422.1 et seq. and such action is subsequently modified,		
10	superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board		
11	of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article shall be followed.		
12	SEC. 331.4. LIEN PROCEEDINGS. (a) A sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of		
13	Sections 331.3, shall constitute cause for the City to record a lien against the development project in		
14	the sum of the fees required under this ordinance. The fee required by Section 331.3 of this ordinance is		
15	due and payable to the Treasurer prior to issuance of the first building or site permit for the		
16	development project unless a Waiver Agreement has been executed. If, for any reason, the fee remains		
17	unpaid following issuance of the permit and no Waiver Agreement has been executed, any amount due		
18	shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof, from the		
19	date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment.		
20	(b) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following		
21	issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of		
22	Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee,		
23	including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development project and shall send all notices		
24	required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall		
25	prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of		

1	Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the
2	sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development project, a description of the parcels of real
3	property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year a description
4	of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The
5	Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of
6	real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fees authorized by Administrative
7	Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in
8	trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund established in
9	Section 331.6.
10	(c) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or
11	served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or
12	owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor
13	or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the
14	mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development
15	project and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application.
16	SEC. 331.5. BALBOA PARK IMPACT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING PERMIT IS
17	MODIFIED OR EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF
18	<del>OCCUPANCY.</del>
19	In the event a building permit is modified to expand or reduce project size, the obligation to
20	comply with this ordinance shall be modified accordingly. In the event a building expires prior to
21	completion of the work on and commencement of occupancy of a residential or non-residential
22	development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to carry out any development,
23	the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled and any Balboa Park Impact Fee
24	previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new permit,
25	

the procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding payment of the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall be
 followed.

- SEC. <u>422.5</u> <u>331.6</u>. BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND.
  (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose
  entitled the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund ("Fund"). All monies collected by the
  <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI the Treasurer</u> pursuant to Section <u>422.3</u> <u>331.3</u> shall be
  deposited in a special fund maintained by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund to be used
  solely to fund community improvements subject to the conditions of this Section.
- 9 (b) Expenditures from the Fund shall be recommended by the Planning
  10 Commission and administered by the Board of Supervisors.
- (1) All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used to design, engineer, acquire, and
  develop and improve streets, transit, parks, plazas and open space, and community facilities
  and services as defined in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program with the Plan
  Area. Funds may be used for childcare facilities that are not publicly owned or "publiclyaccessible". Monies from the Fund may be used by the *Planning* Commission to commission
  economic analyses for the purpose of revising the fee pursuant to Section *422.3 331.3* above.
- 17 (2) Funds may be used for administration and accounting of fund assets and for
  18 fees related to legal challenges related to such fees. Administration of this fund includes time
  19 and materials associated with reporting requirements and maintenance of the fund. All interest
  20 earned on this account shall be credited to the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund.
- (c) Funds shall be deposited into specific accounts according to the improvement
  type for which they were collected. Funds from a specific account may be assigned to a
  different improvement type, provided said account or fund is reimbursed over a five-year
  period of fee collection. Funds shall be allocated to accounts by improvement type as
  described below in Table <u>422.1</u> <u>331.1</u> and as supported by the Balboa Park Community

1	Improvements Program Nexus Study, San Francisco Planning Department. Case No.		
2	2004.1059U, monitored according to the Balboa Park Monitoring Program described in		
3	Administrative Code Chapter 10.		
4	TABLE <u>422.1</u> <del>331.1</del>		
5	BREAKDOWN OF BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FEE/FUND BY		
6	IMPROVEMENT TYPE		
7	Improvement Type	%Fee Allocation	
8	Streets	38%	
9	Transit	13%	
10 11	Parks, Plazas, Open Space	30%	
12	Community facilities and services/Other	19%	
13	(d) With full participation by the <i>Planning</i> Department and related implementing		
14	agencies, the Controller's Office shall file a report with the Board of Supervisors beginning		
15	180 days after the last day of the fiscal year of the effective date of Section 422.1 et seq. this		
16	ordinance that shall include the following elements: (1) a description of the type of fee in each		
17	account or fund; (2) beginning and ending balance of the accounts or funds including any		
18	bond funds held by an outside trustee; (3) amount of fees collected and interest earned; (4)		
19	identification of each public improvement on which fees or bond funds were expended and		
20	amount of each expenditure; (5) an identification of the approximate date by which the		
21	construction of public improvements will commence; (6) a description of any inter-fund		
22	transfer or loan and the public improvement on which the transferred funds will be expended		ended;
23	and (7) amount of refunds made and any allocations of unexpended fees that are not		
24	refunded.		
25			

1 *Approximately every fifth fiscal year following, to be coordinated with other planning* (e)2 efforts monitoring activity, the first deposit into the account the following account reporting shall be 3 made by the Controller's office in coordination with the Planning Department: (1) purpose to which the 4 fee is to be put; (2) demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it 5 is charged; (3) identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing in 6 incomplete improvements identified in this ordinance and subsequent reporting; and (4) designate the 7 approximate dates on which the sources and amounts of funding is expected to be deposited into the 8 appropriate account or fund. The reporting requirements detailed in this Section refer to the current 9 requirements under State law, Government Code 66000 and are detailed here to insure that this fund 10 fulfills all legal obligations as detailed by the State. Any applicable amendments to State law. Government Code 66000, automatically apply to the reporting requirements of this ordinance and the 11 12 ordinance should be amended accordingly. 13 (e) (f) A public hearing shall be held by the Recreation and Parks Commissions to 14 elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of property using monies in the Fund 15 that will ultimately be maintained by the Department of Recreation and Parks. Notice of public 16 hearings shall be published in an official newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the 17 hearing, which notice shall set forth the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The Parks 18 Commissions may vote to recommend to the Board of Supervisors that it appropriate money 19 from the Fund for acquisition and development of property acquired for park use. 20 (f) (g) The *Planning* Commission shall work with other City agencies and commissions,

20 (f) (g) The *Planning* Commission shall work with other City agencies and commissions, 21 specifically the Department of Recreation and Parks, <u>DPW</u> <del>Department of Public Works</del> and 22 <u>MTA</u> the Municipal Transportation Authority to develop agreements related to the administration 23 of the improvements to existing public facilities and development of new public facilities within 24 public rights-of-way or on any acquired public property using such monies as have been 25 allocated for that purpose at a hearing of the Board of Supervisors.

(g) (h) The Planning Commission, based on findings from the Inter-Agency Plan
 Implementation Committee (IPIC), shall make recommendations to the Board regarding
 allocation of funds.

SEC. <u>423.</u> <del>327</del>. EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS <u>IMPACT FEES</u> AND PUBLIC
BENEFIT<u>S</u> FUND.

6 Sections <u>423.1</u> <u>327.1</u> <u>through to 423.5</u> <u>327.6</u> set forth the requirements and procedures
7 for the Eastern Neighborhoods <u>Impact Fee and</u> Public Benefit<u>s</u> Fund. <u>The effective date of these</u>
8 <u>requirements shall be either December 19, 2008, which is the date that these requirements originally</u>

9 *became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.* 

10

SEC. <u>423.1.</u> <del>327.1</del>. FINDINGS.

A. (a) New Housing and Other Land Uses. San Francisco is experiencing a severe 11 12 shortage of housing available to people at all income levels. In addition, San Francisco has an 13 ongoing affordable housing crisis. Many future San Francisco workers will be earning below 14 80% of the area's median income, and even those earning moderate or middle incomes, 15 above the City's median, are likely to need assistance to continue to live in San Francisco. In 16 2007, the median income for a family of four in the city was about \$86,000. Yet median home 17 prices suggest that nearly twice that income is needed to be able to a dwelling suitable for a 18 family that size. Only an estimated 10% of households in the city can afford a median-priced home. 19

The Association of Bay Area Governments' (ABAG) Regional Housing Needs Determination (RHND) forecasts that San Francisco must produce over 31,000 new units in the next five years, or over 6,000 new units of housing annually, to meet projected needs. At least 60%, or over 18,000, of these new units should be available to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes. With land in short supply in the City, it is increasingly clear that

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the City's formerly industrial areas offer a critical source of land where this great need for
housing, particularly affordable housing, can be partially addressed.

3 San Francisco's Housing Element establishes the Eastern Neighborhoods as a target 4 area for development of new housing to meet San Francisco's identified housing targets. The release of some of the area's formerly industrial lands, no longer needed to meet current 5 6 industrial or PDR needs, offer an opportunity to achieve higher affordability, and meet a 7 greater range of need. The Mission, Showplace Square - Potrero Hill, East SoMa and Central 8 Waterfront Area Plans of the General Plan (Eastern Neighborhoods Plans) thereby call for 9 creation of new zoning intended specifically to meet San Francisco's housing needs, through 10 higher affordability requirements and through greater flexibility in the way those requirements can be met, as described in Section 419 319. To support this new housing, other land uses, 11 12 including PDR businesses, retail, office and other workplace uses will also grow in the Eastern 13 Neighborhoods.

14 B. (b) Need for Public Improvements to Accompany New Uses. The amendments to 15 the General Plan, Planning Code, and Zoning Maps that correspond to Section 423.1 et seq. 16 this ordinance will permit an increased amount of new housing and other uses, as noted 17 above. The Planning Department anticipates an increase of at least 7,365 new housing units 18 within the next 20 years, and over 13,000 new jobs, as estimated under Option B of the Eastern Neighborhoods Draft Environmental Impact Report. This new development will have 19 20 an extraordinary impact on the Plan Area's already deficient neighborhood infrastructure. New 21 development will generate needs for a significant amount of public open space and 22 recreational facilities; transit and transportation, including streetscape and public realm 23 improvements; community facilities and services, including library materials and child care; 24 and other amenities, as described in the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program, on 25 file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 081155.

The Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plans addresses existing deficiencies and new
 impacts, through a comprehensive package of public benefits described in the Eastern
 Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program. This Program will enable the City and County of San
 Francisco to provide necessary public infrastructure to new residents while increasing
 neighborhood livability and investment in the district.

6 <u>C. (c)</u> Requirements for New Development To Contribute Towards Plan Objectives. A 7 key policy goal of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plans is to provide a significant amount of new 8 housing affordable to low, moderate and middle income families and individuals, along with 9 "complete neighborhoods" that provide appropriate amenities for these new residents. The 10 Plans obligate all new development within the Eastern Neighborhoods to contribute towards 11 these goals, by providing a contribution towards affordable housing needs and by paying an 12 Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee.

13 However, due to the high cost of land within the City, it has been determined that the 14 imposition of requirements and fees based on the full impact of new development would be 15 overly burdensome to new development, and hinder the City's policy goal of providing a 16 significant amount of new housing. Therefore, fee rates have been set at a level that will not 17 hinder this policy goal overall. The Plans structure requirements and fees by tiers to ensure 18 feasibility. The following fee tiers are created in the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Areas, and included 19 as a notation on each parcel in the Planning Department/s Parcel Information System: 20 1. Tier 1. Sites which do not receive zoning changes that increase heights, as compared to

- 21 *allowable height prior to the rezoning (May 2008), all 100% affordable housing projects, and all*
- 22 *housing projects within the Urban Mixed Use (UMU) district.*
- 23 2. Tier 2. All other sites which receive zoning changes that increase heights by one to two

24 stories.

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# 3. Tier 3. All other sites which receive zoning changes that increase heights by three or more stories and in the Mixed Use Residential District.

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3 D. (d) Programmed Improvements. General public improvements and amenities 4 needed to meet the needs of both existing residents, as well as those needs generated by 5 new development, have been identified through the community planning processes of the 6 Area Plans, based on the standards-based analysis contained in the Eastern Neighborhoods 7 Needs Assessment, San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. 2004.0160uu on file with 8 the Clerk of the Board in File No. 081155, and on community input during the Plan adoption 9 process. The Planning Department developed generalized cost estimates, based on similar 10 project types implemented by the City in the relevant time period, to provide reasonable approximates for the eventual cost of providing necessary Public Benefits in the Plan Areas 11 12 (information on these cost estimates is located in the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits 13 Program Document). However specific public improvements are still under development and 14 will be further clarified through interdepartmental efforts with input from the Interagency Plan 15 Implementation Committee, the Citizens Advisory Committee, and other stakeholders. 16 Specific project identification, design work, engineering, and environmental review will still be

required and may alter the nature of the improvements, as well as the sum total of the cost forthese improvements.

<u>E. (e)</u> Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee. Development impact fees are an effective
 approach to mitigate impacts associated with growth in population. The proposed *Eastern Neighborhoods* Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee would be dedicated to infrastructure
 improvements in the Plan Area, directing benefits of the fund clearly to those who pay into the
 fund, by providing necessary infrastructure improvements and housing needed to serve new
 development. The net increases in individual property values in these areas due to the

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enhanced neighborhood amenities financed with the proceeds of the fee are expected to
 exceed the payments of fees by project sponsors.

The fee rate has been calculated by the Planning Department based on accepted
professional methods for the calculation of such fees, and described fully in the Eastern
Neighborhoods Nexus Studies, San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. 2004.0160uu
on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 081155. The Eastern Neighborhoods Public
Benefits Program Document contains a full discussion of impact fee *rationale rationable*.

8 The proposed fee would cover less than the full nexus as calculated by the Eastern 9 Neighborhoods Nexus Studies. The proposed fees only cover impacts caused by new 10 development and are not intended to remedy existing deficiencies. Those costs will be paid 11 for by public, community, and other private sources as described in the Eastern 12 Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program. Residential and non-residential impact fees are only 13 one of many revenue sources necessary to create the "complete neighborhoods" that will

14 provide appropriate amenities for residents of the Eastern Neighborhoods.

SEC. <u>423.2.</u> <del>327.2.</del> DEFINITIONS. <u>(a) In addition to the definitions set forth in Section 401</u>
 <u>of this Article, Tthe following definitions shall govern interpretation of Section 423.1 et seq.</u> this
 <del>ordinance</del>:

- 18 (a) Definitions from section 318.2 shall apply unless otherwise noted in this Section.
- 19 (b) "Designated affordable housing zones" for the purposes of this section, shall mean the
- 20 *Mission NCT defined in Section 736 and the Mixed Use Residential District defined in Section 841.*
- 21 (c) "Community facilities" shall mean all uses as defined under Section 209.4(a) and
- $22 \qquad \frac{209.3(d) \text{ of this Code.}}{22}$
- 23 (d) "Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee" shall refer to the fee collected by the City to
- 24 *mitigate impacts of new development as described in Findings, above.*
- 25

(e) "Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund" shall refer to the fund into which all fee revenue collected by the City from the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee.

- 3 (f) "In-kind Improvements Agreement." shall mean an agreement acceptable in form and
- 4 *substance to the City Attorney and the Planning Director between a project sponsor and the Planning*
- 5 *Department subject to the approval of the Planning Commission in its sole discretion to provide a*
- 6 specific set of public benefits, at a specific phase of construction, in lieu of monetary contribution to the
- 7 *Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefit Fund.*
- 8 (g) "Net addition of gross square feet of non-residential space." shall mean gGross floor
- 9 *area as defined in Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, any non-*
- 10 *residential use, less the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the*
- 11 *proposed development project space used primarily and continuously for the same non-residential use*
- 12 *within the same economic activity category; and not accessory to any use other than that same non-*
- 13 *residential use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of the development project*
- 14 *subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is shorter.*
- 15 (h) "Net addition of gross square feet of residential space" shall mean gross floor area as
- 16 *defined in Planning Code Section 102.9 to be occupied by, or primarily serving, residential use, less*
- 17 *the gross floor area in any structure demolished or rehabilitated as part of the proposed residential*
- 18 *development project space used primarily and continuously for residential use and not accessory to any*
- 19 *use other than residential use for five years prior to Planning Commission approval of the development*
- 20 *project subject to this Section, or for the life of the structure demolished or rehabilitated, whichever is*
- 21 shorter.

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- 22 (i) "Non-residential use" shall mean any structure or portion thereof intended for
- 23 occupancy by retail, office, commercial or other nonresidential uses defined in Section 217, 218, 219
- 24 and 221, and also in 209.3 and 209.8 of the Planning Code; including uses referenced in the Eastern
- 25 *Neighborhoods Nexus Study. For the purposes of this sSection it shall not include industrial uses,*

1	including those contained in Sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, and 226 of the Planning Code, or uses
2	that qualify as an accessory use, as defined and regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5. Non-
3	residential uses shall include the economic activity categories of Cultural/Institution/Education;
4	Management, Information & Professional Service; Medical & Health Service; Retail/Entertainment;
5	and Visitor Services.
6	(j) "Non-residential development project" shall mean any new construction, addition,
7	extension, conversion or enlargement, or combination thereof, of an existing structure which includes
8	any occupied floor area of non-residential use; provided, however, that for projects that solely
9	comprise an addition to an existing structure which would add occupied floor area in an amount less
10	than 20 percent of the occupied floor area of the existing structure, the provisions of this Section shall
11	only apply to the new occupied square footage.
12	(k) "Non-residential Space Subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee means each
13	net addition of net square feet within the Project Area which contributes to a 20 percent increase in
14	non-residential capacity of an existing structure.
15	(1) "Project Area" shall mean the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area in Map 1 (Land Use
16	Plan) of the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan of the San Francisco General Plan.
17	(m) "Residential" shall mean any type of use containing dwellings as defined in Section
18	209.1, 790.88, and 890.88 of the Planning Code as relevant for the subject zoning district or containing
19	group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)-(c) of the Planning Code.
20	(n) "Residential Space Subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee" means each net
21	addition of net square feet within the Project Area which results in a net new residential unit.
22	(1) "Tier 1." Sites which do not receive zoning changes that increase heights, as compared
23	to allowable height prior to the rezoning (May 2008), all 100% affordable housing projects, and all
24	housing projects within the Urban Mixed Use (UMU) district.
25	(2) "Tier 2." Sites which receive zoning changes that increase heights by one to two stories.

#### 1

# (3) "Tier 3." Sites which receive zoning changes that increase heights by three or more

- stories and in the Mixed Use Residential District. 2 3 -"Waiver Agreement" means an agreement acceptable in form and substance to the  $\left( \mathbf{o} \right)$ 4 Planning Department and the City Attorney, under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee, provided the sponsor has demonstrated a hardship in 5 6 achieving those objectives as well as all the requirements of the Plan. Such a waiver may also be 7 granted as a part of a signed covenant to make a good faith effort to secure the formation of a 8 Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District. SEC. 423.3. 327.3. APPLICATION OF EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS INFRASTRUCTURE 9 10 IMPACT FEE. 11 Application. Section 423.1 et seq. shall apply to any development project located in the (a) 12 Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program Area, which Project Area. The Eastern 13 Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund is hereby established. It shall be implemented in part through 14 district-specific Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee which applies to the Project Area and includes 15 properties identified as part of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Areas in Map 1 (Land Use 16 Plan) of the San Francisco General Plan. 17 (b) Amount of Fee. 18 (1)Residential Uses. The Ffees set forth in Table 423.3 below shall be charged on net additions of gross square feet which result in a net new residential unit, contribute to a 20 19 20 percent increase of non-residential space in an existing structure, or create non-residential
- 21 space in a new structure. *Fees shall be assessed on residential use, and*
- 22 (2) Non-Residential Uses. The fees set forth in Table 423.3 below shall be charged on non-
- residential use within each use category of Cultural/Institution/Education; Management,
- 24 Information & Professional Service; Medical & Health Service; Retail/Entertainment; and
- 25

1 Visitor Services; with no substitutions across uses. Fees shall not be required for uses 2 contained in Sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, and 226 of the Planning this Code.

- 3 *Mixed Use Projects.* Fees shall be assessed on mixed use projects according to (3)4 the gross square feet of each *residential and non-residential* use in the project.
- 5 (b) Prior to the issuance by the Department of Building Inspection (DBI) of the first site or 6 building permit for a residential development project, or residential component of a mixed use project
- 7 within the Project Area, the sponsor of any project containing residential space subject to the Eastern
- 8 Neighborhoods Impact Fee shall pay to the Treasurer according to the schedule in Table 327.3.
- 9 Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a non-residential (c)
- 10 development project, or non-residential component of a mixed use project within the Project Area, the
- sponsor of any project containing non-residential space subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact 11

12 Fee shall pay to the Treasurer according to the schedule in Table 327.3.

TABLE 423.3 327.3

## FEE SCHEDULE FOR EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS PLAN AREAS

15

13

14

15			
16	Tier	Residential	Non-residential*
17	1	\$8/gsf	\$6/gsf
18	2	\$12/gsf	\$10/gsf
19 20	3	\$16/gsf	\$14/gsf
20			· · ·

21

24

25

(d) Upon request of the sponsor and upon payment of the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee in full to the Treasurer, the execution of a Waiver Agreement or In-Kind agreement approved as 22 described herein, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the obligations of this section of the 23 Planning Code have been met. The sponsor shall present such certification to the Planning Department and DBI prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for the development project.

1 DBI shall not issue the site or building permit without the Treasurer's certification that the fees required by this Section have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Any failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or the 2 3 Planning Department to give notice of requirements under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from 4 compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit without payment 5 of the fee, Planning and DBI shall not issue any further permits or a certificate of occupancy for the 6 project without certification from the Treasurer. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not 7 intended to preclude enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other section of this Code, 8 or other authority under the laws of the City or State of California. 9 Fee Adjustments. In conjunction with the five-year Monitoring Program required by the (e)10 Administrative Code Section (note: section number to be determined), the City may review the amount 11 of the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee, should such an increase in fees be warranted according to 12 an increase in construction costs according to changes published in the Construction Cost Index 13 published by the Engineering News Record, or according to another similar cost index should there be 14 one more appropriate. The City may also adjust fees based on changes in estimated costs of the 15 underlying improvements to be funded through the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee as listed in the 16 Eastern Neighborhoods Program. Revision of the fee should be done in coordination with revision to 17 other like fees whenever possible. The Planning Department shall provide notice of any fee adjustment 18 including the formula used to calculate the adjustment on its website and to any interested party who 19 has requested such notice at least 30 days prior to the adjustment taking effect. 20 (c) (f) Option for In-Kind Provision of Public Benefits and Fee Credits. The Planning 21 Commission may reduce the Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee owed described 22 in (b) above for specific development projects proposals in cases where the Planning Director has 23 recommendeds approval such an In-kind provision, and the project sponsor has entered into an In-Kind Improvements Agreement with the City. In-kind improvements may be accepted if they are 24 25 only be recommended where said improvements have been prioritized in the pPlan, where they meet

1 an identified community needs as analyzed in the Eastern Neighborhoods Needs Assessment, and serve as a where they substitute for improvements funded be provided by impact fee revenue 2 3 such as public open spaces and recreational facilities, transportation and transit service, 4 streetscapes or the public realm, and community facility space. *Open space or streetscape* 5 improvements proposed to satisfy the usable open space requirements of Section 135 are not eligible as 6 in-kind improvements. No proposal for In-kind improvements shall be accepted that does not 7 conform if it is not recommended by the Planning Director according to the criteria above. Project 8 sponsors that pursue an *iIn-kind Improvement Agreements with the City waiver will be charged are* 9 *responsible* time and materials for any *all*-additional administrative costs that the Department or 10 any other City agency incurs in processing the request. 11 (1) The Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee may be reduced by the total 12 dollar value of the community improvements provided through the an In-kind Improvements 13 aAgreement recommended by the Director and approved by the Commission shall be equivalent to the 14 *portion of the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee that is waived*. For the purposes of calculating 15 the total value, the project sponsor shall provide the *Planning* Department with a cost estimate 16 for the proposed in-kind Public Benefits from two independent sources or, if relevant, real 17 estate appraisers. If the City has completed a detailed site-specific cost estimate for a planned 18 improvement this may serve as one of the cost estimates provided it is indexed to current cost 19 of construction. Based on these estimates, the *Planning* Director shall determine *their* the 20 appropriate value of the in-kind improvements and the *Planning* Commission may reduce the 21 Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee otherwise due by an equal amount assessed to 22 that project proportionally. Open space or streetscape improvements proposed to satisfy the usable 23 open space requirements of Section 135 are not eligible for credit toward the contribution as In-Kind 24 *improvements*. No credit *toward the contribution may shall* be made for land value unless 25

ownership of the land is transferred to the City or a permanent public easement is granted, the
 acceptance of which is at the sole discretion of the City.

- (2) *The <u>All In-Kind Improvements</u> a<u>A</u>greement<u>s</u> shall <u>require also mandate a covenant of</u>
  the project sponsor to reimburse all city agencies for their administrative and staff costs in
  negotiating, drafting, and monitoring compliance with the In-Kind <u>Improvements aA</u>greement.
  The City also shall require the project sponsor to provide a letter of credit or other instrument,
  acceptable in form and substance to the Planning Department and the City Attorney, to
  secure the City's right to receive improvements as described above.*
- 9 (d) (g) Waiver or Reduction of Fees. The provisions for (1) Waiver or Reduction Based on
   10 Hardship or Absence of Reasonable Relationship. waiver or reduction of fees are set forth in Section
   11 406 of this Article. In addition to those provisions
- 12 (A) A project applicant of any project subject to the requirements in this Section may appeal 13 to the Board of Supervisors for a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements based upon the 14 absence of any reasonable relationship or nexus between the impact of development and the amount of 15 the fee charged or for the reasons set forth in subsection (2) below, a project applicant may request a 16 waiver from the Board of Supervisors.
- 17 (B) Any appeal of waiver requests under this clause shall be made in writing and filed with 18 the Clerk of the Board no later than 15 days after the date the sponsor is required to pay and has paid to the Treasurer the fee as required in Section 327.3(b). The appeal shall set forth in detail the factual 19 20 and legal basis for the claim of waiver, reduction, or adjustment. The Board of Supervisors shall 21 consider the appeal at the hearing within 60 days after the filing of the appeal. The appellant shall bear 22 the burden of presenting substantial evidence to support the appeal, including comparable technical 23 information to support appellant's position. If a reduction, adjustment, or waiver is granted, any 24 change of use or scope of the project shall invalidate the waiver, adjustment, or reduction of the fee. If
- 25

the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall promptly transmit the
 nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Treasurer and Planning Department.

- 3 (2) Waiver or Reduction Based on Duplication of Fees. This Section details waivers and
   4 reductions available by right for project sponsors that fulfill the requirements below.
- 6 (A) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section who has received an
  6 approved building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval and who submits a
  7 new or revised building permit, conditional use permit or similar discretionary approval for the same
  8 property shall be granted a reduction, adjustment or waiver of the requirements of Section 327 of the
  9 Planning Code with respect to the square footage of construction previously approved.
- 10 (B) The City shall not to assess duplicative fees on new development. In general project
   11 sponsors are only eligible for fee waivers under this clause if a contribution to another fee program
   12 would result in a duplication of charges for a particular type of community infrastructure. Therefore
   13 applicants may only receive a waiver for the portion of the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits
   14 Fund that addresses that infrastructure type. Requirements under Section 135 do not qualify for waiver
- 15 *or reductions. Should future fees pose a duplicative charge, the same methodology shall apply and the*
- 16 *Planning Department shall update the schedule of waivers or reductions accordingly.*
- *project sponsors* Applicants with a development project located within an
   applicable San Francisco Redevelopment Project Area may reduce their required contribution
   to the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund by half of any total sum that they would
   otherwise be required to pay under this Section, if the *sponsor applicant*:
- (A) <u>*Hh*</u>as filed its first application, including an environmental evaluation application
   or any other Planning Department or Building Department application before the effective date
   of <u>Section 423.1 et seq.</u> this Ordinance and
- (B) *Pp*rovides the Zoning Administrator with written evidence, supported in writing by
   the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency, that demonstrates the annual tax increment which

1	could be generated by the proposed project would support a minimum future bonding capacity
2	equal to \$10,000,000 or greater.
3	SEC. 423.4. IMPOSITION OF EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACT
4	<u>FEE.</u>
5	(a) Determination of Requirements. The Department shall determine the applicability of
6	Section 423.1 et seq. to any development project requiring a building or site permit and, if Section
7	423.1 et seq. is applicable, the amount of Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fees required
8	and shall impose these requirements as a condition of approval for issuance of the building or site
9	permit for the proposed development project. The project sponsor shall supply any information
10	necessary to assist the Department in this determination.
11	(b) Notice to Development Fee Collection Unit of Requirements. Prior to the issuance of a
12	building or site permit for a development project subject to the requirements of Section 423.1 et seq.,
13	the Department shall notify the Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI of its final determination of
14	the amount of Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fees required, including any reductions
15	calculated for an In-Kind Improvements Agreement, in addition to the other information required by
16	Section 402(b) of this Article.
17	(c) Development Fee Collection Unit Notice to Department Prior to issuance of the First
18	Certificate of Occupancy. The Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI shall provide notice in writing
19	or electronically to the Department prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any
20	development project subject to Section 422.1 et seq. that has elected to fulfill all or part of its Eastern
21	Neighborhoods Impact Fee requirement with an In-Kind Improvements Agreement. If the Department
22	notifies the Unit at such time that the sponsor has not satisfied any of the terms of the In-Kind
23	Improvements Agreement, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all certificates of occupancy until the
24	subject project is brought into compliance with the requirements of Section 422.1 et seq., either
25	through conformance with the In-Kind Improvements Agreement or payment of the remainder of the

1 Eastern Neighborhood Infrastructure Impact Fees that would otherwise have been required, plus a

- 2 *deferral surcharge as set forth in Section 107A.13.3.1 of the San Francisco Building Code.*
- 3 (d) In the event that the Department or the Commission takes action affecting any
- 4 *development project subject to Section 422.1 et seq. and such action is subsequently modified,*
- 5 superseded, vacated, or reversed by the Department or the Commission, Board of Appeals, the Board
- 6 of Supervisors, or by court action, the procedures of Section 402(c) of this Article shall be followed.
- 7 SEC. 331.4. LIEN PROCEEDINGS. (a) A sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of
- 8 Sections 327.3, shall constitute cause for the City to record a lien against the development project in
- 9 *the sum of the fees required under this ordinance. The fee required by Section 327.3(b) of this*

10 *ordinance is due and payable to the Treasurer prior to issuance of the first building or site permit for* 

11 *the development project unless a Waiver Agreement has been executed. If, for any reason, the fee* 

12 *remains unpaid following issuance of the permit and no Waiver Agreement has been executed, any* 

13 *amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof,* 

- 14 *from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment.*
- 15 (b) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following
- 16 *issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of*

17 *Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee,* 

18 *including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development project and shall send all notices* 

19 *required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall also* 

- 20 *prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of*
- 21 *Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the*

22 sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development project, a description of the parcels of real

23 property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description

24 of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The

25 *Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of* 

real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fees authorized by Administrative
 Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in
 trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund established in
 Section 327.6.

*(c)* Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or *served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development project, and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application. SEC. 327.5. EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS IMPACT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING*

12 PERMIT IS MODIFIED OR EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND

#### 13 COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY.

#### 14 In the event a building permit is modified to expand or reduce project size, the obligation to

- 15 *comply with this ordinance shall be modified accordingly. In the event a building expires prior to*
- 16 *completion of the work on and commencement of occupancy of a residential or non-residential*
- 17 *development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to carry out any development,*
- 18 *the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled, and any Eastern Neighborhoods*
- 19 *Impact Fee previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a*
- 20 *new permit, the procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding payment of the Eastern*
- 21 *Neighborhoods Impact Fee shall be followed.*
- 22

#### SEC. <u>423.5.</u> <del>327.6.</del> THE <u>EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS PUBLIC BENEFITS</u> FUND.

- 23 (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose
- 24 entitled the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund ("Fund"). All monies collected by the
- 25 <u>Development Fee Collection Unit at DBI</u> Treasurer pursuant to Section <u>423.3(b)</u> <del>327.3(b)</del> shall be

1 deposited in a special fund maintained by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund to be used 2 solely to fund Public Benefits subject to the conditions of this Section.

3

(b) Expenditures from the Fund shall be recommended by the Planning 4 Commission, and administered by the Board of Supervisors.

5 (1)All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used to design, engineer, acquire, and 6 develop and improve public open space and recreational facilities; transit, streetscape and 7 public realm improvements; and community facilities including child care and library materials, 8 as defined in the Eastern Neighborhoods Nexus Studies; or housing preservation and 9 development within the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area. Funds may be used for childcare 10 facilities that are not publicly owned or "publicly-accessible". Funds generated for 'library 11 resources' should be used for materials in branches that directly service Eastern 12 Neighborhoods residents. Monies from the Fund may be used by the Planning Commission to 13 commission economic analyses for the purpose of revising the fee *pursuant to Section 327.3(d)* 14 *above*, and/or to complete an updated nexus study to demonstrate the relationship between 15 development and the need for public facilities if this is deemed necessary.

16 (2)Funds may be used for administration and accounting of fund assets, for 17 additional studies as detailed in the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Program 18 Document, and to defend the Community Stabilization fee against legal challenge, including 19 the legal costs and attorney's fees incurred in the defense. Administration of this fund includes 20 time and materials associated with reporting requirements, facilitating the Eastern 21 Neighborhoods Citizens Advisory Committee meetings, and maintenance of the fund. All 22 interest earned on this account shall be credited to the Eastern Neighborhoods Public 23 Benefits Fund.

24 Funds shall be deposited into specific accounts according to the improvement (c) 25 type for which they were collected. Funds from a specific account may be used towards a

different improvement type, provided said account or fund is reimbursed over a five-year
 period of fee collection. Funds shall be allocated to accounts by improvement type as
 described below:

4 (1) Funds collected from all zoning districts in the Project Area, excluding
5 Designated Affordable Housing Zones shall be allocated to accounts by improvement type
6 according to Table <u>423.6</u> <u>327.6</u>.

7 (2) Funds collected in designated affordable housing zones (Mission NCT and MUR
8 (as defined in <u>423.2 (3)</u> <u>327.2(b)</u>), shall be allocated to accounts by improvement type as
9 described in Table <u>423.6A</u> <u>327.6A</u>. The revenue devoted to affordable housing preservation
10 and development shall be deposited into a specific amount to be held by the Mayor's Office of
11 Housing.

A. All funds collected from projects in the Mission NCT that are earmarked for
 affordable housing preservation and development shall be expended on housing programs
 and projects within the Mission Area Plan boundaries.

B. All funds collected from projects in the MUR that are earmarked for affordable
housing preservation and development shall be expended on housing programs and projects
shall be expended within the boundaries of 5th to 10th Streets/Howard to Harrison Streets.

C. Collectively, the first \$10 million in housing fees collected between the two
 Designated Affordable Housing Zones shall be utilized for the acquisition and rehabilitation of
 existing housing.

(3) All funds are supported by the Eastern Neighborhoods Nexus Studies, San
 Francisco Planning Department, Case No. 2004.0160, and monitored according to the
 Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plans Monitoring Program required by the Administrative Code
 Section (note: section number to be determined) and detailed by separate resolution.

25

## TABLE <u>423.6</u> <del>327.6</del>

# 1 BREAKDOWN OF EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS PUBLIC BENEFIT FEE/FUND BY

- 2
- IMPROVEMENT TYPE\*

3			Non-	
4	Improvement Type	Residential	residential	
5	Open space and recreational facilities	50%	7%	
6 7	Transit, streetscape and public realm improvements	42%	90%	
8 9 10	Community facilities (child care and library materials)	8%	3%	
11	*Does not apply to Designated Affordable	Housing Zones, v	which are addressed	d in
12	Table <u>423.6A</u> <del>327.6A</del> .			
13	TABLE <u>42</u>	<u>23.6A</u> <del>327.6A</del>		
4	BREAKDOWN OF EASTERN NEIGHBOR	HOODS PUBLIC	BENEFIT FEE/FUI	ND B
5	IMPROVEMENT TYPE FOR DESIGNATED AFF	ORDABLE HOUS	SING ZONES	l
6	Improvement Type	Residential	Non- residential	
8 9	Affordable housing preservation and development	75%	n/a	
20	Open space and recreational facilities	13%	7%	
21 22	Transit, streetscape and public realm improvements	10%	90%	
23 24 25	Community facilities (child care and library materials)	2%	3%	

1 (d) With full participation by the Planning Department and related implementing 2 agencies, the Controller's Office shall file a report with the Board of Supervisors beginning 3 180 days after the last day of the fiscal year of the effective date of Section 423.1 et seq. this 4 *ordinance* that shall include the following elements: (1) a description of the type of fee in each 5 account or fund; (2) amount of fee collected; (3) beginning and ending balance of the 6 accounts or funds including any bond funds held by an outside trustee; (4) amount of fees 7 collected and interest earned: (5) identification of each public improvement on which fees or 8 bond funds were expended and amount of each expenditure; (6) an identification of the 9 approximate date by which the construction of public improvements will commence; (7) a 10 description of any inter-fund transfer or loan and the public improvement on which the 11 transferred funds will be expended; and (8) amount of refunds made and any allocations of 12 unexpended fees that are not refunded.

13 (e) Approximately every fifth fiscal year following the first deposit into the account, as 14 coordinated with other planning efforts monitoring activity, the following account reporting shall be 15 made by the Controller's office in coordination with the Planning Department: (1) purpose to which the 16 fee is to be put; (2) demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it 17 is charged; (3) identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing in incomplete improvements identified in this ordinance and subsequent reporting; and (4) designate the 18 19 approximate dates on which the sources and amounts of funding is expected to be deposited into the 20 appropriate account or fund. The reporting requirements detailed in this section refer to the current 21 requirements under State law, Government Code 66000, and are detailed here to insure that this fund 22 fulfills all legal obligations as detailed by the State of California. Any applicable amendments to State 23 law, Government Code 66000, automatically apply to the reporting requirements of this ordinance and 24 the ordinance should be amended accordingly.

25

1 (e) (f) A public hearing shall be held by the Recreation and Parks Commissions to
2 elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of property using monies in the Fund
3 that will ultimately be maintained by the Department of Recreation and Parks. Notice of public
4 hearings shall be published in an official newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the
5 hearing, which notice shall set forth the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The Parks
6 Commissions may vote to recommend to the Board of Supervisors that it appropriate money
7 from the Fund for acquisition and development of property acquired for park use.

8 (<u>f)</u> (<u>g</u>) The Planning Commission shall work with other City agencies and 9 commissions, specifically the Department of Recreation and Parks, <u>DPW Department of Public</u> 10 Works, and the <u>MTA Municipal Transportation Authority</u>, to develop agreements related to the 11 administration of the improvements to existing public facilities and development of new public 12 facilities within public rights-of-way or on any acquired public property, using such monies as 13 have been allocated for that purpose at a hearing of the Board of Supervisors.

(g) (h) The Planning Commission, based on findings from the Interagency Planning &
 Implementation Committee (IPIC), shall make recommendations to the Board regarding
 allocation of funds.

17 (h) (i) Within 60 days of receiving the Eastern Neighborhoods Capital Expenditure 18 Evaluation Report as specified in Administrative Code Section 10E.7, the Office of the 19 Controller shall assess whether funds collected from the Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fee 20 are being effectively utilized for capital projects serving the Eastern Neighborhoods, and 21 whether such projects are successfully advancing towards implementation, as set forth in the 22 abovementioned Section. Based on this assessment, the following shall occur:

(A) If the Controller determines that the funds have been effectively utilized as set
 forth in Section 10E.7 of the Administrative Code, the Controller shall issue an affirmative
 finding to the Board of Supervisors and the Planning Commission certifying that the intent of

this aforementioned Section is being met. No further Controller action is necessary for
 purposes of this Subsection.

(B) If the Controller fails to issue the certification described in Subsection (h) (i)(A)
above or if the Controller determines that the fees are not being effectively utilized as set forth
in Administrative Code Section 10E.7 and notifies the Board of Supervisors and Planning
Commission of this determination, then the following shall occur:

7 (i) Any project specified below within the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan that
8 has not already received final and effective approvals from the Planning Department, Zoning
9 Administrator, and/or the Planning Commission, shall require a conditional use authorization,
10 in addition to any other approvals necessary under the Planning Code:

(aa) Residential projects containing more than 10 new units that have not received
issuance of their first site or building permit; or

(bb) Non-residential projects containing a net new addition or new construction of
10,000 square feet or more that have not received issuance of their first site or building
permit.

16 (C) Elimination of interim conditional use requirement. (i) At any time after the 17 Controller has determined that Eastern Neighborhood impact fees are not being effectively 18 utilized as set forth in Section 423.6(h)(B) 327.6(i)(B) above, or fails to certify that they are 19 being effectively utilized as set forth in Section 423.6(h)(A) 327.6(i)(A), the Planning 20 Department may provide the Controller with a newly updated or revised Eastern 21 Neighborhoods Capital Expenditure Evaluation Report.

(ii) Within 60 days of receiving an updated or revised Report, the Office of the
Controller shall determine whether funds collected from the Eastern Neighborhoods Public
Benefit Fee are being effectively utilized for capital projects serving the Eastern
Neighborhoods consistent with the intent of the Section 10E.7 of the Administrative Code.

1 (iii) If, on the basis of a new, updated or revised Eastern Neighborhoods Capital 2 Expenditure Evaluation Report, the Controller determines that the development impact fees 3 collected to date are being effectively utilized as set forth in Section 423.6 (h)(A)  $\frac{327.6(i)(A)}{227.6(i)(A)}$ 4 above, any projects within the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan Area that required a conditional 5 use authorization on an interim basis as set forth in Section  $423.6(h)(B) \frac{327.6(i)(B)}{327.6(i)(B)}$  shall no 6 longer require such conditional use authorization unless the underlying use requires 7 conditional use authorization independent of the requirements set forth in Section 423.6(i)(B)8 <del>327.6(*j*)(B)</del>.

SEC. 424 (formerly a portion of Section 249.33). (7) VAN NESS AND MARKET

### 10 AFFORDABLE HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD INFRASTRUCTURE FEE AND

11 PROGRAM. <u>Sections 424.1 through 424.5, hereafter referred to as Section 424.1 et seq., set forth the</u>

12 requirements and procedures for the Van Ness and Market Affordable Housing and Neighborhood

13 Infrastructure Program. The effective date of these requirements shall be either May 30, 2008, which is

14 *the date that the requirements originall became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any,* 

- 15 *became effective*.
- 16

9

## SEC. 424.1. FINDINGS. (A) Purpose and Findings.

A. (i) Affordable Housing: The Van Ness and Market Residential SUD enables the 17 18 creation of a very dense residential neighborhood through significant increases in development potential. This increase in development potential permits an increase in market 19 20 rate housing development. As described in Section 415.1, 315.2 affordable housing is a priority 21 for San Francisco and additional demand for affordable housing is closely correlated to the 22 development of new market rate housing. At the direction of the Board of Supervisors and as 23 part of a larger analysis of development impact fees in the City, the City contracted with 24 Keyser Marston Associates to prepare a nexus analysis in support of the Inclusionary Housing

25

Program, or an analysis of the impact of development of market rate housing on affordable
 housing supply and demand.

3 The City's *current position is that the City's* Inclusionary Housing Program including the 4 in-lieu fee provision which is offered as an alternative to building units within market rate 5 projects, is not subject to the requirements of the Mitigation Fee Act, Government Code 6 Sections 66000 et seq. Notwithstanding this policy, as an additional support measure, the City 7 prepared a nexus study consistent with the Mitigation Fee Act to determine whether the Inclusionary 8 Affordable Housing Program was supported by such analysis. <del>While the City does not expect to alter its</del> 9 position on this matter, due to past legislative actions supporting such a study, the Citywide study being 10 undertaken to conduct nexus studies in other areas, and a general interest in determining whether the 11 Inclusionary Program can be supported by a nexus type analysis as an additional support measure, the 12 *City contracted to undertake the preparation of a nexus analysis.* The final *nexus* study can be found in *the* Board of Supervisors File *No.* and is incorporated by reference 13 14 herein. The Board of Supervisors has reviewed the study and the Department's staff-analysis 15 and report of the study and, on that basis finds that the nexus study supports the current 16 *i*Inclusionary Affordable *h*Housing Program requirements as specified in this Section 424.1 et 17 seq. 249.33 combined with this Affordable Housing FAR Bonus Program. Specifically, the 18 Board finds that the nexus study: identifies the purpose of the fee to mitigate impacts on the demand for affordable housing in the City; identifies the use to which the fee is to be put as 19 20 being to increase the City's affordable housing supply; and establishes a reasonable 21 relationship between the use of the fee for affordable housing and the need for affordable 22 housing and the construction of new market rate housing. Moreover, the Board finds that the 23 current inclusionary requirements combined with the Affordable Housing FAR Bonus Program 24 are less than the cost of mitigation and do not include the costs of remedying any existing 25 deficiencies. The Board also finds that the study establishes that the current inclusionary

requirements combined with the Affordable Housing FAR Bonus Program do not duplicate
 other City requirements or fees.

Moreover, according to the study undertaken by Seifel Consulting at the direction of the
Planning Department, increased development potential in the Van Ness and Market
Downtown Residential Special Use district through the increased FAR allowance enables an
increased contribution to the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund without discouraging the
development of new market rate housing. A copy of said study is on file with the Clerk of the
Board of Supervisors *in File No.*

9 B. (ii) Neighborhood Infrastructure. The Van Ness & Market Residential SUD enables 10 the creation of a very dense residential neighborhood in an area built for back-office and industrial uses. Projects that seek the FAR bonus above the maximum cap would introduce a 11 12 very high localized density in an area generally devoid of necessary public infrastructure and 13 amenities, as described in the Market & Octavia Area Plan. While envisioned in the Plan, such 14 projects would create localized levels of demand for open space, streetscape improvements, 15 community facilities and public transit above and beyond the levels both existing in the area 16 today and funded by the Market & Octavia Community Improvements Fee. Such projects also 17 entail construction of relatively taller or bulkier structures in a concentrated area, increasing 18 the need for offsetting open space for relief from the physical presence of larger buildings. 19 Additionally, the FAR bonus provisions herein are intended to provide an economic incentive 20 for project sponsors to provide public infrastructure and amenities that improve the quality of 21 life in the area. The bonus allowance is calibrated based on the cost of responding to the 22 intensified demand for public infrastructure generated by increased densities available 23 through the FAR density bonus program.

24 <u>*C. (iii)*</u> Public Improvements. The public improvements acceptable in exchange for 25 granting the FAR bonus, and that would be necessary to serve the additional population

created by the increased density, are listed below. All public improvements shall be consistent
 with the Market & Octavia Area Plan.

3 (1) (a) Open Space Acquisition and Improvement: Brady Park (as described in the
4 Market & Octavia Area Plan), or other open space of comparable size and performance. Open
5 space shall be dedicated for public ownership or permanent easement for unfettered public
6 access and improved for public use, including landscaping, seating, lighting, and other
7 amenities.

8 (2) (b) Streetscape and Pedestrian Improvements: Streetscape improvements within 9 the Special Use District as described in the Market & Octavia Area Plan, including Van Ness 10 and South Van Ness Avenues, Gough, Mission, McCoppin, Otis, Oak, Fell, 11th and 12th 11 Streets, along with adjacent alleys. Improvements include sidewalk widening, landscaping and 12 trees, lighting, seating and other street furniture (e.g. newsracks, kiosks, bicycle racks), 13 signage, transit stop and subway station enhancements (e.g. shelters, signage, boarding 14 platforms), roadway and sidewalk paving, and public art.

15 (3) (c) Affordable Housing. The type of affordable housing needed in San Francisco is
 documented in the City's Consolidated Plan and the Residence Element of the General Plan.
 New affordable rental housing and ownership housing affordable to households earning less
 than the median income is greatly needed in San Francisco.

- 19 <u>SEC. 424.2. DEFINITIONS. See Section 401 of this Article.</u>
- 20 <u>SEC. 424.3. APPLICATION OF VAN NESS AND MARKET AFFORDABLE HOUSING AND</u>
- 21 <u>NEIGHBORHOOD INFRASTRUCTURE FEE AND PROGRAM.</u>
- 22 (a) Application. Section 424.1 et seq. shall apply to any development project located in the
- 23 <u>Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District, as established in Section 249.33 of</u>
- 24 *this Code.*
- 25 (b) Amount of Fee.

1	(i) All uses in any development project within the Van Ness and Market Downtown
2	Residential Special Use District shall pay \$30.00 per net additional gross square foot of floor area in
3	any portion of building area exceeding the base development site FAR of 6:1 up to a base development
4	site FAR of 9:1.
5	(ii) All uses in any development project within the Van Ness and Market Downtown
6	<u>Residential Special Use District shall pay \$15.00 per net additional gross square foot of floor area in</u>
7	any portion of building area exceeding the base development site FAR of 9:1.
8	(c) Option for In-Kind Provision of Infrastructure Improvements and Fee Credits. The
9	Commission may reduce the total amount of fees generated by the neighborhood infrastructure portion
10	(\$15.00 per net additional gross square foot of floor area) of the Van Ness and Market Downtown
11	Residential Special Use District Affordable Housing and Neighborhood Infrastructure Fee owed for
12	specific development projects in cases where the Director has recommended approval and the project
13	sponsor has entered into an In-Kind Improvements Agreement with the City. In-Kind Improvement
14	Agreements may only be accepted if they are identified in the Market and Octavia Area Plan of the
15	General Plan, mitigate impacts of growth in the general vicinity of the Van Ness and Market Downtown
16	Residential Special Use District area, meet identified community needs as analyzed in the Market and
17	Octavia Area Plan Community Improvements Program, and serve as a substitute for improvements
18	funded by infrastructure impact fee revenue such as street improvements, transit improvements, and
19	community facilities. Open space or streetscape improvements proposed to satisfy the usable open
20	space requirements of Section 135 are not eligible as in-kind improvements. No proposal for in-kind
21	improvements shall be accepted that does not conform to the criteria above. Project sponsors that
22	pursue In-Kind Improvement Agreements with the City will be charged time and materials for any
23	additional administrative costs that the Department or any other City agency incurs in processing the
24	<u>request.</u>

25

1	(1) The \$15.00 per gross square foot neighborhood infrastructure portion of the Van Ness
2	and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District Affordable Housing and Neighborhood
3	Infrastructure Fee may be reduced by the total dollar value of any infrastructure improvements
4	provided through an In-kind Improvements Agreement recommended by the Director and approved by
5	the Commission. For the purposes of calculating the total dollar value, the project sponsor shall
6	provide the Department with a cost estimate for the proposed in-kind improvement(s) from two
7	independent sources or, if relevant, real estate appraisers. If the City has completed a detailed site-
8	specific cost estimate for a planned improvement this may serve as one of the cost estimates provided it
9	is indexed to current cost of construction. Based on these estimates, the Director shall determine the
10	appropriate value of the in-kind improvements and the Commission shall reduce the infrastructure
11	portion of the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential SUD Affordable Housing and
12	<u>Neighborhood Infrastructure Fee otherwise due by an equal amount. No credit shall be made for land</u>
13	value unless ownership of land is transferred to the City or a permanent public easement is granted, the
14	acceptance of which is at the sole discretion of the City.
15	(2) All In-Kind Improvement Agreements shall require the project sponsor to reimburse all
16	City agencies for their administrative and staff costs in negotiating, drafting, and monitoring
17	compliance with the In-Kind Improvements Agreement. The City also shall require the project sponsor
18	to provide a letter of credit or other instrument, acceptable in form and substance to the Department
19	and the City Attorney, to secure the City's right to receive improvements as described above.
20	(B) The Van Ness and Market Affordable Housing and Neighborhood Infrastructure
21	Program ("Program") is hereby established and shall be implemented through In-Kind public
22	iImprovements, participation in Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District, or in-lieu payment to the
23	Van Ness and Market Neighborhood Infrastructure Fund ("Fund") or in-lieu payments to the Citywide
24	Affordable Housing Fund.
25	

25

1	(i) The Program shall be administered by the Board of Supervisors, except for the in-lieu
2	fee payments to the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund, which shall be administered as provided for in
3	Section 315 et seq.
4	(C) Value, Form, and Timing of Contribution to the Program.
5	(i) The total value of the contribution ("contribution") to the Program shall be equal to
6	\$15.00 per additional gross square foot above a site FAR of 9:1. The contribution must be made or the
7	fee paid prior to issuance by the Department of Building Inspection of the first site or building permit
8	for the subject project. Except as provided in Section 7(C)(vii), \$0.00 must be paid as a fee to the
9	Citywide Affordable Housing Fund as described below in Subsection (7)(C)(v); and \$15.00 or its
10	equivalent must be paid or contributed to the Van Ness and Market Neighborhood Infrastructure
11	Program in one of the ways described below in Subsections (ii) through (iii) including any form of any
12	combination, either in whole or in part, of an In-Kind Agreement to provide neighborhood
13	improvements, In-Lieu Payment to the City Treasurer, or a Community Facilities District Agreement to
14	participate in a Mello-Roos Community Facilities District. The fee may be adjusted in accordance with
15	the procedures described in Section 326.3(d) or 315.6(b)3.
16	(ii) In-Kind Improvements. The Planning Commission may allow the provision of In-Kind
17	Improvements, through the approval of an In-Kind Agreement in accordance with the procedures
18	outlined in Section 326.3(e).
19	(iii) In-Lieu Payment. Because the total cost of the individual public improvements (e.g. a
20	public park or a streetscape project) may be greater than the proportional contribution to the Program
21	or the need created by any one project, and because it may be infeasible or impractical to make a
22	fractional public improvement (e.g. acquisition of a fraction of a park) it is necessary to allow direct
23	payments, at the rate described in Subsection (7)(C)(i) above, in-lieu of providing In-Kind
24	Improvements, as a form of contribution, either in whole or in part, to the Program. Such payment
25	shall be made to the City Treasurer for deposit in the Van Ness and Market Neighborhood

1	Infrastructure Fund. Upon payment of the In-Lieu Payment in full to the Treasurer, the Treasurer shall
2	issue a certification that the credit has been paid.
3	(iv) Community Facilities District. The Planning Commission may allow the participation in
4	a Community Facilities (Mello-Roos) District through the procedures described in Section 326.3 (f)
5	<i>and</i> (g).
6	(v) Zero dollars per square foot (\$0.00) except as provided in 7(C)(vii) shall be deposited in
7	the special fund maintained by the Controller called the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund as
8	established by Section 313.12. Except as specifically provided in this Section, collection, management,
9	enforcement, and expenditure of funds shall conform to the requirements related to in-lieu fees in
10	Planning Code Sections 315 et seq., specifically including, but not limited to, the provisions of Section
11	<del>315.6.</del>
12	(vi) The sponsor shall present the Treasurer certification of In-Lieu Payment, or a signed In-
13	Kind Agreement and/or Community Facilities District Agreement totaling the full value of the
14	contribution to the Planning Department and Department of Building Inspection prior to the issuance
15	by DBI of the first site or building permit for the project. A failure of the Treasurer, DBI or the
16	Planning Department to give any notice under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance
17	with this Section.
18	(vii) At the close of the fiscal year in which the Market and Octavia Community
19	Improvements Program has generated funding for no less than \$211 million for expenditure in the plan
20	area, including revenue generated through Planning Code 249.33, and Section 326 fee payment, In-
21	Kind and community facility district contributions; public grants; San Francisco general funds;
22	assessment districts; and other sources which contribute to the overall programming; all future funds
23	generated through this Section, 249.33 of the Planning Code shall be redirected one hundred (100)
24	percent to the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund.

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1	SEC. 424.4. VAN NESS AND MARKET DOWNTOWN RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE
2	DISTRICT AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND. That portion of gross floor area subject to the \$30.00
3	per gross square foot fee referenced in Section 424.3(b)(i) above shall be deposited into the special
4	fund maintained by the Controller called the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund established by Section
5	413.10. Except as specifically provided in this Section, collection, management, enforcement, and
6	expenditure of funds shall conform to the requirements related to in-lieu fees in Planning Code Section
7	415.1 et seq., specifically including, but not limited to, the provisions of Section 415.7.
8	( <del>D)</del> <u>SEC. 424.5. VAN NESS AND MARKET DOWNTOWN RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE</u>
9	DISTRICT INFRASTRUCTURE FUND. (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set
10	aside for a special purpose entitled the Van Ness and Market Neighborhood Infrastructure
11	Fund ("Fund"). <u>That portion of gross floor area subject to the \$15.00 per gross square foot fee</u>
12	referenced in Section 424.3(b)(ii) above shall be deposited into the Van Ness and Market
13	<u>Neighborhood Infrastructure Fund collected by the</u> deposited in this the fFund, which shall to be
14	maintained by the Controller. The receipts of the Fund are hereby appropriated in accordance
15	with law to be used solely to fund public infrastructure subject to the following conditions:
16	(i) All monies deposited in the Fund, plus accrued interest, shall be used solely to
17	design, engineer, acquire and develop neighborhood open spaces and streetscape
18	improvements that result in new publicly-accessible facilities within the Van Ness and Market
19	Downtown Residential Special Use District or the area bounded by 10th Street, Howard Street,
20	South Van Ness Avenue, the northeastern line of the Central Freeway, Market Street, Franklin
21	Street, Hayes Street, and Polk Street. These improvements shall be consistent with the
22	Market and Octavia Area Plan of the General Plan and any Plan that is approved by the
23	Board of Supervisors in the future for the area covered by this SUD the Van Ness and Market
24	Downtown Residential Special Use District, except that monies from the Fund may be used by
25	the Planning Commission to commission studies to revise the fee pursuant to Subsection

1  $\frac{(7)(C)(i)}{(i)}$  above, or to commission landscape, architectural or other planning, design and 2 engineering services in support of the proposed public improvements.

3 (ii) No portion of the Fund may be used, by way of loan or otherwise, to pay any 4 administrative, general overhead, or similar expense of any public entity.

- 5 (iii) The Controller's Office shall file an annual report with the Board of Supervisors 6 by the end of the City's fiscal year beginning one year after the effective date of this ordinance, which 7 report shall set forth the amount of money collected in the Fund. Monies in the Fund shall be 8 appropriated by the Board of Supervisors and administered by the Director of Planning.
- 9 (iv)At the close of a fiscal year in which the Market and Octavia Community Improvements

10 Program has generated funding for no less than \$211 million of expenditures in the plan area,

11 including revenue generated through this Section 424.1 et seq., Section 421 fee payments, in-kind

12 improvements, public grants, San Francisco general funds, assessment districts, and other sources

13 which contribute to the overall programming, all future funds generated through Section 424.1 et seq.

14 shall be redirected one hundred (100) percent to the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund.

15 (v) (iv) Expenditure of funds shall be coordinated with appropriate City agencies as 16 detailed in Section  $421.5 \frac{326.6}{326.6}$  (d) and (e).

17 (vi) (v) The Director of *Planning* shall have the authority to prescribe rules and

18 regulations governing the Fund, which are consistent with *Section 424.1 et seg. this ordinance*.

The Director of *Planning* shall make recommendations to the Board regarding allocation of 19

- 20 funds.
- 21 SEC. 425 (formerly Section 135.3(d)). ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF SATISFYING THE
- 22 OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENT IN THE SOUTH OF MARKET MIXED USE DISTRICTS. (The
- 23 effective date of these provisions shall be either April 6, 1990, the date that it originally became
- 24 *effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.*)
- 25

1 If it is the judgment of the Zoning Administrator that an open space satisfying the 2 requirements and standards of subsections (b) and (c) of Section 135.3 of this Code cannot be 3 created because of constraints of the development site, or because the project cannot provide 4 safe, convenient access to the public, or because the square footage of open space is not 5 sufficient to provide a usable open space, the Zoning Administrator may (i) authorize, as an 6 eligible type of open space, a pedestrian mall or walkway within a public right-of-way which is 7 improved with paving, landscaping, and street furniture appropriate for creating an attractive 8 area for sitting and walking, or (ii) waive the requirement that open space be provided upon 9 payment to the Open Space Fund of a fee of \$.80 for each square foot of open space 10 otherwise required to be provided. These amounts shall be adjusted annually effective April 11 1st of each calendar year by the percentage of change in the Building Cost Index used by the 12 San Francisco Bureau of Building Inspection. This payment shall be paid in full to the City 13 prior to the issuance of any temporary or other certificate of occupancy for the subject 14 property. Said fee shall be used for the purpose of acquiring, designing, improving and/or 15 maintaining park land, park facilities, and other open space resources, which is expected to 16 be used solely or in substantial part by persons who live, work, shop or otherwise do business 17 in the South of Market Base District, as that District is defined in *City Planning Code* Section 18 820 of this Code and identified on Sectional Map 3SU of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. Said fee, and any interest accrued by such fee, shall be used for the 19 20 purpose stated herein unless it is demonstrated that it is no longer needed.

- 21
   SEC. 426 (formerly Section 135.3(e)).
   ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF SATISFYING THE

   22
   OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENT IN THE EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS MIXED USE

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   DISTRICTO (The first of the section of the sect
- 23 DISTRICTS. <u>(The effective date of these provisions shall be either December 19, 2008, the date that</u>
- 24 *they originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.)*
- 25

1 In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, the open space requirement may 2 be satisfied through payment of a fee of \$76 for each square foot of usable open space not 3 provided pursuant to that Variance. This fee shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 4 423.3 of this Article 327.3(d). This fee shall be paid into the Eastern Neighborhoods Public 5 Benefits Fund, as described in Section 423 of this Article 327. Said fee shall be used for the 6 purpose of acquiring, designing, and improving park land, park facilities, and other open 7 space resources, which is expected to be used solely or in substantial part by persons who 8 live, work, shop or otherwise do business in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use districts. 9 SEC. 427 (formerly Section 135 (j)). PAYMENT IN CASES OF VARIANCE OR 10 EXCEPTION. (The effective date of these provisions shall be either December 19, 2008, the date that 11 they originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.) 12 In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, should a Variance from usable 13 open space requirements for residential uses be granted by the Zoning Administrator, or an 14 exception be granted for those projects subject to the Section 329 process, a fee of \$327 shall 15 be required for each square foot of usable open space not provided pursuant to that Variance. 16 This fee shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 423.3 of this Article 327.3(d). This fee 17 shall be paid into the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund, as described in Section 18 423 of this Article 327. Said fee shall be used for the purpose of acquiring, designing, and improving park land, park facilities, and other open space resources, which is expected to be 19 20 used solely or in substantial part by persons who live, work, shop or otherwise do business in 21 the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts. 22 SEC. 428 (formerly Section 143). STREET TREES, R, SPD, RSD, NC, C-3, DTR, MUG,

- 23 MUO, MUR, UMU, SLR, SLI AND SSO DISTRICTS. <u>(The effective date of these requirements</u>)
- 24 shall be either September 17, 1985, the date that they originally became effective, or the date a
- 25 <u>subsequent modification, if any, became effective.</u>)

(a) In any R, SPD, RSD, NC, C-3, DTR, MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, SLR, SLI, or SSO
District, street trees shall be installed by the owner or developer in the case of construction of
a new building, relocation of a building, or addition of gross floor area equal to 20 percent or
more of the gross floor area of an existing building, and within the RED, SPD, RSD, MUG,
MUO, MUR, UMU, SLR, SLI and SSO Districts, in the case of change of 20 percent or more
of the occupied floor area of an existing building to another use.

7 (b) The street trees installed shall be a minimum of one 24-inch box tree for each 20
8 feet of frontage of the property along each street or alley, with any remaining fraction of 10
9 feet or more of frontage requiring an additional tree. Such trees shall be located either within a
10 setback area on the lot or within the public right-of-way along such lot.

11 (c) The species of trees selected shall be suitable for the site, and, in the case of 12 trees installed in the public right-of-way, the species and locations shall be subject to approval 13 by the Department of Public Works. Procedures and other requirements for the installation, 14 maintenance and protection of trees in the public right-of-way shall be as set forth in Article 16 15 of the Public Works Code.

(d) In any case in which DPW *the Department of Public Works* cannot grant approval
for installation of a tree in the public right-of-way, on the basis of inadequate sidewalk width,
interference with utilities or other reasons regarding the public welfare, and where installation
of such tree on the lot itself is also impractical, the requirements of this Section <u>428</u> <del>143</del> may
be modified or waived by the Zoning Administrator to the extent necessary.

(e) In C-3 and South of Market Mixed Use Districts, the Zoning Administrator may
allow the installation of planter boxes or tubs or similar landscaping in place of trees when that
is determined to be more desirable in order to make the landscaping compatible with the
character of the surrounding area, or may waive the requirement in C-3 districts where
landscaping is considered to be inappropriate because it conflicts with policies of the

Downtown Plan, a component of the General Plan, such as the policy favoring unobstructed
 pedestrian passage.

3 (f) In Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, street trees shall be installed 4 along all street frontages in the public right of way as set forth in subsection (b). Street tree 5 basins shall be edged with decorative treatment, such as pavers or cobbles, in accordance 6 with City standards. In the event that the Department of Public Works DPW does not approve for 7 any reason the installation of the number of trees required as set forth in subsection (b), an in-8 lieu fee for each missed street tree, in an amount set forth in Article 16 of the Public Works 9 Code, shall be paid to the Adopt A Tree Fund. When a pre-existing site constraint prevents 10 the installation of a street tree, as an alternative to payment of any portion of the in-lieu fee, the Zoning Administrator may allow the installation of sidewalk landscaping in accordance 11 12 with all adopted standards and requirements.

- (g) DTR Districts. In DTR Districts, in addition to the requirements of subsections
  (a)-(d) above, all street trees shall:
- 15 (1) be open to the sky and free from all encroachments for that entire width, planted
  16 at least one foot back from the curb line;
- 17 (2) have a minimum 2 inch caliper, measured at breast height;
- 18 (3) branch a minimum of 8 feet above sidewalk grade;
- (4) where in the public right-of-way, be planted in a sidewalk opening at least 16
  square feet, and have a minimum soil depth of 3 feet 6 inches;
- 21 (5) where planted in individual basins rather than a landscaped planting bed, be
- 22 protected by a tree grate with a removable inner ring to provide for the tree's growth over time;
- 23 (6) provide a below-grade environment with nutrient-rich soils, free from overly-

compacted soils, and generally conducive to tree root development;

25

(7) be irrigated, maintained and replaced if necessary by the property owner, in
 accordance with Sec. 174 of the Public Works Code; and

- 3 (8) be planted in a continuous soil-filled trench parallel to the curb, such that the4 basin for each tree is connected.
- 5 <u>SEC. 429 (formerly Section 149).</u> ARTWORKS, RECOGNITION OF ARCHITECT AND
- 6 ARTISTS AND MODEL REQUIREMENTS IN C-3 DISTRICTS. (The effective date of these

*requirements shall be either September 17, 1985, the date that they originally became effective, or the date a subsequent modification, if any, became effective.*)

9 (a) Artworks. In the case of construction of a new building or addition of floor area in 10 excess of 25,000 square feet to an existing building in a C-3 District, works of art costing an 11 amount equal to one percent of the construction cost of the building or addition as determined 12 by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall be installed and maintained (i) in 13 areas on the site of the building or addition and clearly visible from the public sidewalk or the 14 open-space feature required by Section 138, or (ii) on the site of the open-space feature 15 provided pursuant to Section 138, or (iii) upon the approval of any relevant public agency, on 16 adjacent public property, or (iv) in a publicly accessible lobby area of a hotel. In lieu of 17 installing and maintaining works of art pursuant to subsections (i) through (iv) above, a project 18 sponsor may elect to contribute a sum of money at least equivalent to the cost of the artwork 19 to finance, in whole or in part, rehabilitation and restoration of the exterior of a publicly-owned 20 building provided that the building is (i) owned by the City and County of San Francisco, and 21 (ii) located in a P District adjacent to a C-3 District, and (iii) designated as an historical 22 landmark by Article 10 of this Code or designated as a Category I Significant Building by 23 Article 11 of this Code and listed as a National Historical Landmark on the National Historical 24 Register: provided, however, that the right to elect to use this in-lieu provision to satisfy the 25 obligations of this Section shall terminate five years from the effective date of this *provision* 

1 ordinance. Said works of art shall be installed prior to issuance of the first certificate of 2 occupancy; provided, however, that if the Zoning Administrator concludes that it is not feasible 3 to install the works within that time and that adequate assurance is provided that the works 4 will be installed in a timely manner, the Zoning Administrator may extend the time for 5 installation for a period of not less than 12 months. Said works of art may include sculpture, 6 bas-relief, murals, mosaics, decorative water features, tapestries or other artworks 7 permanently affixed to the building or its grounds, or a combination thereof, but may not 8 include architectural features of the building, except as permitted with respect to the in lieu 9 contribution regarding publicly owned buildings meeting the criteria described above. Artworks 10 shall be displayed in a manner that will enhance their enjoyment by the general public. The type and location of artwork, but not the artistic merits of the specific artwork proposed, shall 11 12 be approved in accordance with the provisions of Section 309 of this Code. The term 13 "construction cost" shall be determined in the manner used to determine the valuation of work 14 as set forth in Section 107.2 of the Building Code.

(b) Recognition of Architects and Artists. In the case of construction of a new
building or an addition of floor area in excess of 25,000 square feet to an existing building in a
C-3 District, a plaque or cornerstone identifying the project architect and the creator of the
artwork provided pursuant to Subsection (a) and the erection date shall be placed at a publicly
conspicuous location on the building prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy.

- (c) Models. In a C-3 District, in the case of construction of a new building, or any
  addition in height in excess of 40 feet to an existing building, two models shall be submitted to
  the <u>*Planning*</u> Department *of City Planning* prior to approval of the project, as follows:
- 23

(1) One model of the building at a scale of 1'' = 100'; and

24 (2) One model of the block in which the building is located at a scale of 1" = 32', 25 which model shall include all the buildings on the block on which the building is located and the streets surrounding the block to the centerline of the streets and shall use as its base the
land form starting at sea level; provided, however, that if the <u>Planning</u> Department of <u>City</u>
<u>Planning</u> determines that it has an up-to-date model of the block in which the building is
located, only a model of the building shall be submitted.

Procedure Regarding Certificate of Occupancy. The Director of the Department of 5 (d) 6 Building Inspection DBI shall provide notice in writing to the Zoning Administrator at least five 7 business days prior to issuing the first certificate of occupancy for any building subject to the 8 provisions of this Section. If the Zoning Administrator notifies the Director of DBI within such 9 time that the provisions of this Section have not been complied with, the Director of DBI shall 10 deny the permit. If the Zoning Administrator notifies the Director of DBI that the provisions of 11 this Section have been complied with or fails to respond within five business days, the permit 12 of occupancy shall not be disapproved pursuant to this Section. As used herein, the "first 13 certificate of occupancy" shall mean either a temporary certificate of occupancy or a Certificate of 14 Final Completion and Occupancy as defined in San Francisco Building Code Sections 109.3 and 109.4, 15 whichever is issued first. The procedure set forth in this subsection is not intended to preclude 16 enforcement of the requirements of this Section through any means otherwise authorized. 17 Section 3. OPERATIVE DATE. The operative date of this ordinance shall be <u>July 1</u> 18 May 15, 2010. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

1	Section 4. INSTRUCTION TO PUBLISHER.
2	The publisher shall put a note at the original location of the renumbered sections
3	stating that the text of those sections has been moved and providing the new section number.
4	
5	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
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7	By:
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