BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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May 24, 2020

File No. 210564

Lisa Gibson
Environmental Review Officer
Planning Department
49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400
San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On May 18, 2021, Supervisor Mandelman submitted the following legislation:

File No. 210564

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to provide a density limit exception for Corner Lots in RH (Residential, House) zoning districts, to permit up to four dwelling units per lot; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk

Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Don Lewis, Environmental Planning

1	[Planning Code - Dwelling Unit Density Exception for Corner Lots in Residential Districts]						
2							
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code to provide a density limit exception for Corne						
4	Lots in RH (Residential, House) zoning districts, to permit up to four dwelling units per						
5	lot; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California						
6	Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan,						
7	and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public						
8	necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.						
9	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.						
10	Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u> .						
11	Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.						
12	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.						
13							
14	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:						
15							
16	Section 1. CEQA and Land Use Findings.						
17	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this						
18	ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources						
19	Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of						
20	Supervisors in File No and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this						
21	determination.						
22	(b) On, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No,						
23	adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance,						
24	with the City's General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The						
25							

- Board adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. ______, and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that these Planning Code amendments will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. ______, and the Board adopts such reasons as its own. A copy of said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein by reference.

- Section 2. Background and Findings.
- (a) San Francisco faces a severe crisis of housing affordability and availability, characterized by dramatic increases in rent and home sale prices over recent years and historic underproduction of new housing units across income levels, particularly in the City's western neighborhoods and RH (Residential, House) zoning districts.
- (b) According to the Planning Department's 2020 Housing Inventory, the cost of housing in San Francisco has increased dramatically since the Great Recession of 2008-2009, with the median sale price for a two-bedroom house more than tripling from 2011 to 2021, from \$493,000 to \$1,580,000. This includes a 9% increase from 2019 to 2020 alone, even in the face of the COVID-19 pandemic. The median rental price for a two-bedroom apartment saw similar although slightly smaller increases, nearly doubling from \$2,570 to \$4,500 per month, from 2011 to 2019, before declining in 2020 due to the pandemic.
- (c) These housing cost trends come after decades of underproduction of housing in San Francisco, with only 600 net new units on average added per year from 1960 to 1990, compared with 37,000 per year in the Bay Area as a whole, and fewer than 1,000 units per year in the 1990s, before increasing to an average of roughly 2,500 net new units per year

- from 2000 to 2019, according to the Planning Department's 2019 Housing Affordability
 Strategies Report.
 - (d) The City's Chief Economist has estimated that approximately 5,000 units of new market-rate housing units per year would be required to keep housing prices constant with inflation generally, rather than greatly exceeding general rates of inflation.
 - (e) Housing opportunities have not kept pace with population growth at the State level either, with a 2016 report by the McKinsey Institute finding that California ranks 49th out of 50 states in the number of housing units per person.
 - (f) San Francisco will be challenged to meet increased Regional Housing Needs Allocation goals in the upcoming 2023-2031 Housing Element cycle, which are expected to be at least 72,000 units over eight years, more than 2.5 times the goal of the previous cycle. At the same time, relatively new State laws like Senate Bill 35 (2017) would limit San Francisco's local zoning control and discretion if the City does not meet these RHNA housing production goals.
 - (g) San Francisco's new housing production in recent years has been heavily concentrated in the eastern and southeastern parts of the City, with 90% of all new housing produced in just 10 eastside and central neighborhoods, according to the Housing Affordability Strategies Report. These neighborhoods are home to many of the City's most established communities of color and communities most vulnerable to displacement pressures.
 - (h) The majority, roughly 60%, of San Francisco's developable land area is in the RH zoning districts, with 38% zoned exclusively for single-family homes in the Residential, House, One Family (RH-1) and Residential, House, One Family, Detached Dwellings (RH-1(D)) zoning districts, concentrated almost entirely on the City's west side. In spite of the expansive

1	geographic coverage of these zoning districts throughout the City, only 10% of the total new					
2	housing units in 2020 were built in these districts.					
3	(i) Neighborhoods zoned for RH encompass a wide variety of housing and building					
4	typologies, with a distinct historic pattern of taller, higher-density buildings routinely located or					
5	corner lots throughout residential neighborhoods in the City, which predate RH zoning					
6	established in the 1970s.					
7	(j) The City's COVID-19 Economic Recovery Task Force included a recommendation					
8	in its October 2020 report to support construction of small multifamily buildings in low density					
9	areas to support "missing middle" housing opportunities. Corner lots, in particular, offer					
10	specific physical characteristics that facilitate the construction of such buildings, including					
11	additional street frontage to accommodate required air and light exposure for dwelling units					
12	and means of egress for multifamily buildings.					
13						
14	Section 3. Article 2 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 207					
15	and 209.1, to read as follows:					
16						
17	SEC. 207. DWELLING UNIT DENSITY LIMITS.					
18	* * * *					
19	(c) Exceptions to Dwelling Unit Density Limits. An exception to the calculations					
20	under this Section 207 shall be made in the following circumstances:					
21	* * * *					
22	(8) Residential Density on Corner Lots in RH Districts. For projects located on					
23	Corner Lots in RH Districts, and that are not seeking or receiving a density bonus under the provisions					
24	of Planning Code Sections 206.5 or 206.6, residential density limits shall be waived for up to four					
25	dwelling units, not inclusive of any Accessory Dwelling Units as permitted under this Section 207.					

Projects utilizing the density exception of this subsection (c)(8) shall be subject to the building
 standards applicable to the RH-3 zoning district as set forth in Section 209.1.

SEC. 209.1. RH (RESIDENTIAL, HOUSE) DISTRICTS.

These Districts are intended to recognize, protect, conserve, and enhance areas characterized by dwellings in the form of houses, usually with one, two, or three units with separate entrances, and limited scale in terms of building width and height. Such areas tend to have similarity of building styles and predominantly contain large units suitable for family occupancy, considerable open space, and limited nonresidential uses. The RH Districts are composed of five separate classes of districts, as follows:

Table 209.1 ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR RH DISTRICTS

Zoning Category	§ References	RH-1(D)	RH-1	RH-1(S)	RH-2	RH-3				
* * * *										
Residential Uses										
Residential Density, Dwelling Units (6) <u>(10)</u>	§ <u>§</u> <u>102,</u> 207	One unit per lot.	Unit per lot. C up to one unit per 3,000 square feet of lot area, with no more than three units	P up to two units per lot, if the second unit is 600 sq. ft. or less. C up to one unit per 3,000 square feet of lot area, with no more than three units per lot.	Pun to two	P up to three units per lot. C up to one unit per 1,000 square feet of lot area.				

1	* * * *
2	
3	* Not listed below.
4	* * * *
5	(10) P for up to four dwelling units on Corner Lots pursuant to Section 207(c)(8).
6	
7	Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
8	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
9	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
10	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
11	
12	Section 5. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
13	intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
14	numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
15	Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
16	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
17	the official title of the ordinance.
18	
19	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
20	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
21	By: <u>/s/ Andrea Ruiz-Esquide</u> ANDREA RUIZ-ESQUIDE
22	Deputy City Attorney
23	n:\legana\as2021\2100295\01531808.docx
24	

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Planning Code - Dwelling Unit Density Exception for Corner Lots in Residential Districts]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to provide a density limit exception for Corner Lots in RH (Residential, House) zoning districts, to permit up to four dwelling units per lot; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Existing Law

The Planning Code sets forth different zoning districts throughout the City, where different uses are permitted, conditional or prohibited, and where various controls (such as height, bulk, setbacks, etc.) apply. Residential, House (RH) districts are "intended to recognize, protect, conserve and enhance areas characterized by dwellings in the form of houses, usually with one, two or three units with separate entrances, and limited scale in terms of building width and height. Such areas tend to have similarity of building styles and predominantly contain large units suitable for family occupancy, considerable open space, and limited nonresidential uses." (Section 209.1). The RH districts are composed of five separate classes of districts, depending on the number of units permitted in each:

- RH-1(D) Districts: One-Family (Detached Dwellings); RH-1 Districts: One-Family; and RH-1(S) Districts: One-Family with Minor Second Unit, which are generally characterized by single-family houses;
- RH-2 Districts: Two-Family, which generally consist of one-family and two-family houses;
- RH-3 Districts: Three-Family, in which structures with three units are common in addition to one-family and two-family houses.

Amendments to Current Law

This Ordinance would create a density waiver to allow up to four units in corner lots in all RH districts, for projects that are not seeking or receiving a density bonus. These four units would be permitted in addition to any Accessory Dwelling Units permitted under the Code. All building standards that are applicable to RH-3 Districts would be applicable to projects that take advantage of this density waiver.

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Background Information

The Ordinance contains ample findings setting forth the need to promote housing development in San Francisco. It states that the City faces a severe crisis of housing affordability and availability, characterized by dramatic increases in rent and home sale prices over recent years and historic underproduction of new housing units across income levels, particularly in the City's western neighborhoods and RH zoning districts. It further explains that adopting policies that promote construction of small multifamily buildings in low density areas to support "missing middle" housing opportunities was one of the recommendations of the City's COVID-19 Economic Recovery Task Force, and that corner lots, in particular, offer specific physical characteristics that facilitate the construction of such buildings.

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Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

Time stamp or meeting date

X 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).						
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.						
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.						
4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor	inquiries"					
5. City Attorney Request.						
6. Call File No. from Committee.						
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).	7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).					
8. Substitute Legislation File No.						
9. Reactivate File No.						
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on						
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following	; :					
☐ Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission ☐ Ethics Commis	ssion					
▼ Planning Commission ■ Building Inspection Commission						
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative	Form.					
Sponsor(s):						
Mandelman						
Subject:						
[Planning Code - Dwelling Unit Density Exception for Corner Lots in Residential Districts]						
The text is listed:						
Ordinance amending the Planning Code to provide a density limit exception for Corner Lots in RH (Residential, House) zoning districts, to permit up to four dwelling units per lot; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.						
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:						

For Clerk's Use Only