File No. 210304

Committee Item No. 2 Board Item No. 15

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Comm:Public Safety & Neighborhood ServicesDBoard of Supervisors Meeting:D

 Date:
 May 27, 2021

 Date:
 June 8, 2021

Cmte Board

-		
		Motion
		Resolution
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Ordinance
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Legislative Digest
		Budget and Legislative Analyst Report
		Youth Commission Report
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Introduction Form
		Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report
		MOU
		Grant Information Form
		Grant Budget
		Subcontract Budget
		Contract/Agreement
		Form 126 – Ethics Commission
		Award Letter
		Application
		Public Correspondence

OTHER

	\boxtimes	DPH Presentation – May 27, 2021
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Presidential Action Transfer Memo – April 6, 2021
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Referral FYI – March 29, 2021

Prepared by:	John Carroll	Date:	May 21, 2021
Prepared by:	John Carroll	Date:	June 4, 2021
Prepared by:	John Carroll	Date:	

2

3 Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to require the Department of Public

- 4 Health, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, Human Services
- 5 Agency, and Department of Emergency Management to develop and submit to the
- 6 **Board of Supervisors departmental overdose prevention policies.**
- NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
 Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u>.
 Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u>.
 Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u>.
 Board amendment deletions are in <u>strikethrough Arial font</u>.
 Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.
- 11

12

- Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
- 13
- 14 Section 1. Findings.

(a) According to data from the Office of the Medical Examiner, the number of people
who have died from drug overdoses in San Francisco has been rising at a staggering rate. In
2017, 222 people in San Francisco died from a drug overdose. In 2020, 697 people in San
Francisco died from a drug overdose. This represents more than a tripling of the death rate in
only three years, such that deaths from drug overdoses now average nearly two a day, and
nearly 60 a month.

(b) Fentanyl, which is estimated to be 50 to 100 times more potent than morphine,
entered the San Francisco market around 2015, causing eleven deaths that year. In 2016,
the number of fentanyl overdose deaths in San Francisco doubled, reaching a total of 22. In
2020, 502 people were reported to have died in San Francisco as a result of overdose from

use of fentanyl. Thus, in five years, fentanyl overdose deaths in San Francisco increased by
4500%.

(c) This is a public health crisis of major proportions that is out of control. The
 number of people who died from a drug overdose in San Francisco in 2020 was more than
 three times the number of people who died in San Francisco from COVID-19 that same year.

6 (d) Based on data showing the addresses of fatal drug overdoses in San Francisco
7 over the first eight months of 2020, 111 people died on sidewalks or alleys, or in parks or cars;
8 296 people were found dead in homes or hotels, many in supportive housing in the
9 Tenderloin; and 60 people were pronounced dead at hospitals.

(e) Consuming drugs alone while sheltering-in-place during the COVID-19
 pandemic almost certainly amplified the overdose death risk of strong drugs; more than half of
 the 561 deaths from accidental overdoses during the period January - October 2020 occurred
 indoors.

(f) A 2019 study published in Drug and Alcohol Dependence surveyed overdose
mortality among residents of single room occupancy (SRO) buildings in San Francisco during
the period 2010 – 2017, and found that overdose mortality was substantially higher among
SRO residents as compared to non-SRO residents, and that SRO residents were also more
likely to die from overdosing at home than elsewhere.

(g) A 2019 study published in the Journal of Urban Health examined the
acceptability, feasibility, and implementation of the Tenant Overdose Response Organizers
(TORO) program facilitated in ten SROs in Canada. That study concluded that the overdose
response interventions used by the TORO program, including peer-led overdose prevention
and response trainings, wall-mounted naloxone for emergency response, and peer-led
support groups, are effective tools in addressing overdose risk in SROs. The study also
concluded that tenants who had participated in the program and were taught about opioid

Supervisors Haney; Ronen, Safai **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

1	overdoses were better able to respond to overdoses and contribute to wider community
2	responses. This study helped inform the DOPE (Drug Overdose Prevention and Education)
3	Project's SRO initiative in San Francisco.
4	
5	Section 2. Chapter 15 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding
6	Section 15.17, to read as follows:
7	
8	SEC. 15.17. DEPARTMENTAL OVERDOSE PREVENTION POLICIES.
9	By no later than December 31, 2021, and every year thereafter, the Department of Public
10	Health, the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, the Healthy Streets Operation
11	Center through the Department of Emergency Management, and the Human Services Agency shall
12	each submit to the Board of Supervisors a departmental policy describing how the department and its
13	grantees that provide direct services to clients who use drugs will promote strategies to reduce drug
14	overdoses ("Overdose Prevention Policy"), along with a resolution to accept transmission of the
15	policy. Each departmental Overdose Prevention Policy shall, to the extent applicable to the
16	department's activities:
17	(a) Address how departmental programs will provide drug treatment and harm reduction
18	programs and services;
19	(b) Describe where the department will post the following materials to ensure that they are
20	available and accessible to all clients:
21	(1) Up-to-date information about the location and schedule of syringe access and
22	disposal services; and
23	(2) Up-to-date referral information about naloxone access and the schedule of
24	overdose prevention and naloxone distribution services;
25	

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1	(c) Include an onsite overdose response policy that describes the steps the department will				
2	take in the event that an individual overdoses on property managed by the department or in the				
3	presence of department personnel;				
4	(d) Ensure that department staff who work with people who use drugs receive training in				
5	overdose prevention strategies; and				
6	(e) Describe the process by which the department will ensure that grantees that manage				
7	property on behalf of the department and/or provide direct services to people who use drugs implement				
8	overdose prevention policies that contain the information required in subsections (a)-(d) of this Section				
9	15.17 as applied to the grantee.				
10					
11	Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after				
12	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the				
13	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board				
14	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.				
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19	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney				
20	By: <u>/s/ Anne Pearson</u> ANNE PEARSON				
21	Deputy City Attorney				
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23					
24					
25					

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Administrative Code - Departmental Overdose Prevention Policies]

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to require the Department of Public Health, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, Human Services Agency, and Department of Emergency Management to develop and submit to the Board of Supervisors departmental overdose prevention policies.

Existing Law

Currently, there is no law requiring that any City department prepare and submit to the Board of Supervisors a departmental overdose prevention policy.

Amendments to Current Law

The proposed ordinance would require the Department of Public Health, the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, the Healthy Streets Operation Center through the Department of Emergency Management, and the Human Services Agency to each submit to the Board of Supervisors annually a departmental policy describing how the department and its grantees that provide direct services to clients who use drugs will promote strategies to reduce drug overdoses. Each departmental Overdose Prevention Policy must:

- Address how departmental programs will provide drug treatment and harm reduction programs and services;
- Describe where the department will post information about syringe access and disposal and the schedule of naloxone distribution services;
- Include an onsite overdose response policy that describes the steps the department will take in the event that an individual overdoses on property managed by the department or in the presence of department personnel;
- Ensure that department staff who work with people who use drugs receive training in overdose prevention strategies; and
- Describe the process by which the department will ensure that grantees that manage property on behalf of the department and/or provide direct services to people who use drugs implement overdose prevention policies.

Background Information

According to data from the Office of the Medical Examiner, the number of people who have died from drug overdoses in San Francisco has been rising at a staggering rate. In 2017, 222 people in San Francisco died from a drug overdose. In 2020, 697 people in San Francisco

died from a drug overdose. This represents more than a tripling of the death rate in only three years, such that deaths from drug overdoses now average nearly two a day, and nearly 60 a month.

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Departmental Overdose Prevention Policies

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Public Safety & Neighborhood Services

May 27, 2021

Collaborative Approach



Building from the Department of Public Health's longstanding policy of harm reduction as an effective strategy for overdose prevention and lessons learned during the COVID response, DPH, HSA, HSOC, and HSH are committed to a collective and collaborative approach to overdose prevention.

All City Departments who interact with persons who use drugs have a shared responsibility to respond to the rise in overdoses in a way that will have the most impact.

Overdose Prevention Policy Components



A plan for how departmental programs will provide drug treatment and harm reduction programs and services

A description of where the department will post and make accessible:

syringe access and disposal services;
Up to date referral information about naloxone access and the schedule of overdose prevention and naloxone distribution services

An onsite overdose response policy that describes the steps the department will take in the event that an individual overdoses on property managed by the department or in the presence of department personnel

Assurance that department staff who work with people who use drugs receive training in overdose prevention strategies

The process by which the department will ensure that grantees that manage property on behalf of the department and/or provide direct services to people who use drugs implement overdose prevention policies

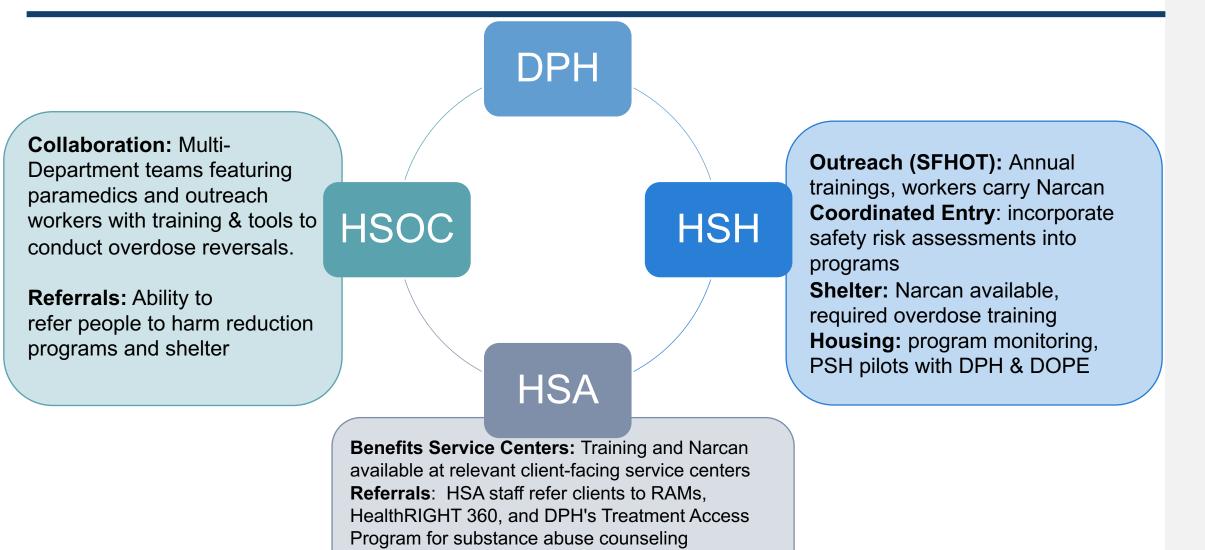
DPH's Commitment to Overdose Prevention



- Existing Contractual Requirements
 - Mandatory annual harm reduction trainings for all staff
 - Mandatory posting of syringe access and Drug Overdose Prevention and Education Program (DOPE) Project schedules
 - Documented agency-wide overdose response policies
- Health Commission Resolution 100-10 Adopting a Harm Reduction Policy for Substance Abuse, STD and HIV (2000)
- Provides expertise, technical assistance, and connection to people who use drugs

Shared Vision





Training: CBOs, as appropriate, are trained on OD

recognition and Narcan

Process





BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Dr. Grant Colfax, Director, Department of Public Health Abigail Stewart-Kahn, Interim Director Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing Trent Rhorer, Executive Director, Human Services Agency Mary Ellen Carroll, Executive Director, Department of Emergency Management

FROM: Victor Young, Assistant Clerk

DATE: March 29, 2021

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Rules Committee received the following proposed legislation:

File No. 210304

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to require the Department of Public Health, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, Human Services Agency, and Department of Emergency Management to develop and submit to the Board of Supervisors departmental overdose prevention policies.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: linda.wong@sfgov.org.

c. Greg Wagner, Public Health Dr. Naveena Bobba, Public Health Sneha Patil, Public Health Arielle Fleisher, Public Health Dylan Schneider, Homelessness and Supportive Housing Emily Cohen, Homelessness and Supportive Housing Elizabeth LaBarre, Human Services Agency Victor Lim, Emergency Management President, District 10 BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-6516 Fax No. 554-7674 TDD/TTY No. 544-6546

Shamann Walton

PRESIDENTIAL ACTION

Date: 4/7/2021

To: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

Madam Clerk,

Pursuant to Board Rules, I am hereby:

□ Waiving 30-Day Rule (Board Rule No. 3.23)

File No.

Title.

Transferring (Board Rule No 3.3)

File N	0.	210304		Haney (Primary Sp	oonsor)		
Title.							
From:	Rules				Comr	nittee	
To:	Public Sa	fety and Ne	eighborhoo	d Services	Com	nittee	
Assigning	g Tempora	ry Commit	tee Appoi	ntment (Board Rule	No. 3.1)		
Superviso	or:		Rep	lacing Superviso	or:		
Fc	or:					Meeting	
Start	Time:		l Time:	(Committee)			
Temp	orary Assi	gnment: C) Partial	O Full Meeting	on, President	1	
				Board of Super	VISOTS		

(Primary Sponsor)

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

✓ 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).				
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.				
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.				
4. Request for letter beginning :"Supervisor	inquiries"			
5. City Attorney Request.				
6. Call File No. from Committee.				
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).				
8. Substitute Legislation File No.				
9. Reactivate File No.				
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on				
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following:				
Small Business Commission Vouth Commission Ethics Commiss	ion			
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission				
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Fo	orm.			
Sponsor(s):				
Haney				
Subject:				
Administrative Code - Departmental Overdose Prevention Policies				
The text is listed:				
Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to require the Department of Public Health, the Depart Homelessness and Supportive Housing, the Human Services Agency, and the Department of Emerger Management to develop and submit to the Board of Supervisors departmental overdose prevention po	ncy			
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: Matt Haney				

For Clerk's Use Only