

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

June 28, 2021

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi Speaker of the United States House of Representatives 1236 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 284-21

Dear Madam Speaker Pelosi:

On June 8, 2021, the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco adopted Resolution No. 284-21 (Supporting the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021), which was enacted on June 17, 2021.

The Board of Supervisors directs the Clerk of the Board to forward the following document to your attention:

• One copy of Resolution No. 284-21 (File No. 210616)

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact the Office of the Clerk of the Board at (415) 554-5184, or by e-mail: board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org.

Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

jw:ll:ams

1	[Supporting the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021]
2	
3	Resolution supporting enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021
4	and urging San Francisco federal legislators to co-sponsor the bill.
5	
6	WHEREAS, On May 7, 2021, Senator Bernie Sanders (I-VT) and Congressional
7	Representative Ilhan Omar (D-MN), along with Senator Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY) and
8	Representative Gwen Moore (D-WI) introduced the Universal School Meals Program Act of
9	2021; and
10	WHEREAS, The Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 would permanently
11	provide free breakfast, lunch, dinner, and a snack to all school children regardless of income,
12	eliminate school meal debt, and strengthen local economies by incentivizing local food
13	procurement; and
14	WHEREAS, At introduction, the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 was
15	cosponsored by nine US Senators, including Senator Alex Padilla of California; and 26
16	members of Congress; and
17	WHEREAS, The bill has been endorsed by more than 360 organizations, including the
18	School Nutrition Association, American Federation of Teachers, National Education
19	Association, Service Employees International Union, Food Research and Action Center,
20	Hunger Free America, UnidosUS, Children's Defense Fund, and National Action Network; and
21	WHEREAS, The USDA estimates that nationwide, there are 12 million children in the
22	United States who were food insecure in 2020; and
23	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force has reported that, prior to
24	the pandemic, one in four San Franciscans were at risk for food insecurity and one in ten
25	Californians; and

1	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force also has reported that, prior
2	to the pandemic, Black and Latinx Californians experienced much higher rates of food
3	insecurity, with 29% of those households food insecure; and
4	WHEREAS, Families with children experienced higher rates of food insecurity across
5	all race and ethnic demographics, at a third or more of Black and Latinx households; and
6	WHEREAS, Hunger in children leads to potentially profound impacts on immediate and
7	long-term physical and mental health, impaired development of language and motor skills,
8	increased behavioral challenges, and decreased academic achievement; and
9	WHEREAS, The Centers for Disease Control emphasizes the connection between
10	nutrition and school performance and reports that school meals result in healthier diets and
11	significantly improved nutrition and leads to more stable attendance, lower detention and
12	discipline rates, and higher academic scores; and
13	WHEREAS, Public schools began providing school lunches on an ad hoc basis in the
14	early 20th century, in response to concerns about children being malnourished, and were
15	supported philanthropically; and
16	WHEREAS, The first US law about school lunches was the National School Lunch Act
17	of 1946 to provide federal subsidies to public schools to provide low-cost or free school
18	lunches to qualified students; and
19	WHEREAS, In 1969, the Black Panthers broke new ground by creating the Free
20	Breakfast for School Children Program in Oakland, which quickly spread to more than 35
21	cities across the country; and over the next 11 years, served tens of thousands of children,
22	planting the seeds for significant expansion of federal funding for school meals in the 1970s;
23	and
24	WHEREAS, In 2011 the United States Department of Agriculture started a program
25	called Community Eligibility Provision (CEP), which represented an initial step towards

1	Universal Meals by qualifying schools and districts to serve breakfast and funch at no cost to
2	all enrolled students without collecting individual household applications; instead, using a
3	formula based on the percentage of students receiving other needs-based assistance to
4	reimburse schools; and
5	WHEREAS, While SFUSD has maximized participation in Community
6	Provision, eligibility depends on a concentration of poverty within individual schools, and only
7	25 out of 136 SFUSD schools were able to participate pre-pandemic; and
8	WHEREAS, Across the country, nearly 30 million children in this country rely on free or
9	reduced-price lunch and, in San Francisco, 53% of SFUSD's 52,000 K-12 students qualify for
10	free or reduced priced meals; and
11	WHEREAS, During the COVID-19 pandemic, SFUSD shifted its on-site meals to Grab
12	& Go Distribution and Door to Door Delivery and distributed over 7,000,000 breakfast, lunch,
13	snacks and suppers; and
14	WHEREAS, In order to do this, SFUSD received waivers from the federal government
15	which increased funding; and
16	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to counter hunger, especially in communities of
17	color, by developing and supporting strategies that promote food sovereignty, including
18	eliminating the shame and stigma that are barriers to people accessing the food they need;
19	and
20	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to use a food sovereignty-focused approach to
21	counter food insecurity that looks at the entire food system from production through
22	distribution; the role of land, food production, and distribution in local, state, and national
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24	appropriate food; and

1	WHEREAS, The American Rescue Plan includes nutrition assistance for some children
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3	WHEREAS, The US Department of Agriculture waivers during the pandemic have
4	made free meals available to all SFUSD students, but only through June 2022; and
5	WHEREAS, The Universal School Meals Program Act would permanently provide food
6	for all children throughout the school year regardless of income and removes stifling barriers
7	such as stigma, applications, and paperwork, now; therefore, be it
8	RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco
9	supports the enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021; and
10	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
11	Francisco urges its local federal elected officials, including Speaker of the House Nancy
12	Pelosi and Senator Dianne Feinstein, to add their names as co-sponsors of this urgently
13	needed law; and
14	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
15	Francisco directs the Clerk of the Board to send a copy of this Resolution to the federal
16	representatives representing San Francisco.
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City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Resolution

File Number:	210616	Date Passed: June 08, 2021
	porting enactment of the last legislators to co-spons	Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 and urging San or the bill.
June (08, 2021 Board of Superv	risors - ADOPTED
	Ayes: 11 - Chan, Han Stefani and Walton	ey, Mandelman, Mar, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai,
File	No. 210616	I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on 6/8/2021 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.
		Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board
	Unsigned	06/17/2021
L	ondon N. Breed Mayor	Date Approved
forth in Section 3.103	of the Charter, or time	, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set e waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board
<u>An</u>	a caciale	06/17/2021
	ngela Calvillo k of the Board	Date



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June 28, 2021

The Honorable Dianne Feinstein United States Senator 331 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 284-21

Dear Senator Feinstein:

On June 8, 2021, the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco adopted Resolution No. 284-21 (Supporting the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021), which was enacted on June 17, 2021.

The Board of Supervisors directs the Clerk of the Board to forward the following document to your attention:

• One copy of Resolution No. 284-21 (File No. 210616)

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact the Office of the Clerk of the Board at (415) 554-5184, or by e-mail: board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org.

Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

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1	[Supporting the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021]
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3	Resolution supporting enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021
4	and urging San Francisco federal legislators to co-sponsor the bill.
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6	WHEREAS, On May 7, 2021, Senator Bernie Sanders (I-VT) and Congressional
7	Representative Ilhan Omar (D-MN), along with Senator Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY) and
8	Representative Gwen Moore (D-WI) introduced the Universal School Meals Program Act of
9	2021; and
10	WHEREAS, The Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 would permanently
11	provide free breakfast, lunch, dinner, and a snack to all school children regardless of income,
12	eliminate school meal debt, and strengthen local economies by incentivizing local food
13	procurement; and
14	WHEREAS, At introduction, the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 was
15	cosponsored by nine US Senators, including Senator Alex Padilla of California; and 26
16	members of Congress; and
17	WHEREAS, The bill has been endorsed by more than 360 organizations, including the
18	School Nutrition Association, American Federation of Teachers, National Education
19	Association, Service Employees International Union, Food Research and Action Center,
20	Hunger Free America, UnidosUS, Children's Defense Fund, and National Action Network; and
21	WHEREAS, The USDA estimates that nationwide, there are 12 million children in the
22	United States who were food insecure in 2020; and
23	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force has reported that, prior to
24	the pandemic, one in four San Franciscans were at risk for food insecurity and one in ten
25	Californians; and

1	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force also has reported that, prior
2	to the pandemic, Black and Latinx Californians experienced much higher rates of food
3	insecurity, with 29% of those households food insecure; and
4	WHEREAS, Families with children experienced higher rates of food insecurity across
5	all race and ethnic demographics, at a third or more of Black and Latinx households; and
6	WHEREAS, Hunger in children leads to potentially profound impacts on immediate and
7	long-term physical and mental health, impaired development of language and motor skills,
8	increased behavioral challenges, and decreased academic achievement; and
9	WHEREAS, The Centers for Disease Control emphasizes the connection between
10	nutrition and school performance and reports that school meals result in healthier diets and
11	significantly improved nutrition and leads to more stable attendance, lower detention and
12	discipline rates, and higher academic scores; and
13	WHEREAS, Public schools began providing school lunches on an ad hoc basis in the
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15	supported philanthropically; and
16	WHEREAS, The first US law about school lunches was the National School Lunch Act
17	of 1946 to provide federal subsidies to public schools to provide low-cost or free school
18	lunches to qualified students; and
19	WHEREAS, In 1969, the Black Panthers broke new ground by creating the Free
20	Breakfast for School Children Program in Oakland, which quickly spread to more than 35
21	cities across the country; and over the next 11 years, served tens of thousands of children,
22	planting the seeds for significant expansion of federal funding for school meals in the 1970s;
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24	WHEREAS, In 2011 the United States Department of Agriculture started a program
25	called Community Eligibility Provision (CEP), which represented an initial step towards

1	Universal Meals by qualifying schools and districts to serve breakfast and funch at no cost to
2	all enrolled students without collecting individual household applications; instead, using a
3	formula based on the percentage of students receiving other needs-based assistance to
4	reimburse schools; and
5	WHEREAS, While SFUSD has maximized participation in Community
6	Provision, eligibility depends on a concentration of poverty within individual schools, and only
7	25 out of 136 SFUSD schools were able to participate pre-pandemic; and
8	WHEREAS, Across the country, nearly 30 million children in this country rely on free or
9	reduced-price lunch and, in San Francisco, 53% of SFUSD's 52,000 K-12 students qualify for
10	free or reduced priced meals; and
11	WHEREAS, During the COVID-19 pandemic, SFUSD shifted its on-site meals to Grab
12	& Go Distribution and Door to Door Delivery and distributed over 7,000,000 breakfast, lunch,
13	snacks and suppers; and
14	WHEREAS, In order to do this, SFUSD received waivers from the federal government
15	which increased funding; and
16	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to counter hunger, especially in communities of
17	color, by developing and supporting strategies that promote food sovereignty, including
18	eliminating the shame and stigma that are barriers to people accessing the food they need;
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20	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to use a food sovereignty-focused approach to
21	counter food insecurity that looks at the entire food system from production through
22	distribution; the role of land, food production, and distribution in local, state, and national
23	economies; environmental stewardship; and community leadership to ensure culturally
24	appropriate food; and

1	WHEREAS, The American Rescue Plan includes nutrition assistance for some children
2	during the out-of-school summer months this year; and
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4	made free meals available to all SFUSD students, but only through June 2022; and
5	WHEREAS, The Universal School Meals Program Act would permanently provide food
6	for all children throughout the school year regardless of income and removes stifling barriers
7	such as stigma, applications, and paperwork, now; therefore, be it
8	RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco
9	supports the enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021; and
10	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
11	Francisco urges its local federal elected officials, including Speaker of the House Nancy
12	Pelosi and Senator Dianne Feinstein, to add their names as co-sponsors of this urgently
13	needed law; and
14	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
15	Francisco directs the Clerk of the Board to send a copy of this Resolution to the federal
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Resolution

File Number:	210616	Date Passed: June 08, 2021
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June (08, 2021 Board of Superv	risors - ADOPTED
	Ayes: 11 - Chan, Han Stefani and Walton	ey, Mandelman, Mar, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai,
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		Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board
	Unsigned	06/17/2021
L	ondon N. Breed Mayor	Date Approved
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June 28, 2021

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21	WHEREAS, The USDA estimates that nationwide, there are 12 million children in the
22	United States who were food insecure in 2020; and
23	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force has reported that, prior to
24	the pandemic, one in four San Franciscans were at risk for food insecurity and one in ten
25	Californians; and

1	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force also has reported that, prior
2	to the pandemic, Black and Latinx Californians experienced much higher rates of food
3	insecurity, with 29% of those households food insecure; and
4	WHEREAS, Families with children experienced higher rates of food insecurity across
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10	nutrition and school performance and reports that school meals result in healthier diets and
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6	Provision, eligibility depends on a concentration of poverty within individual schools, and only
7	25 out of 136 SFUSD schools were able to participate pre-pandemic; and
8	WHEREAS, Across the country, nearly 30 million children in this country rely on free or
9	reduced-price lunch and, in San Francisco, 53% of SFUSD's 52,000 K-12 students qualify for
10	free or reduced priced meals; and
11	WHEREAS, During the COVID-19 pandemic, SFUSD shifted its on-site meals to Grab
12	& Go Distribution and Door to Door Delivery and distributed over 7,000,000 breakfast, lunch,
13	snacks and suppers; and
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15	which increased funding; and
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17	color, by developing and supporting strategies that promote food sovereignty, including
18	eliminating the shame and stigma that are barriers to people accessing the food they need;
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Resolution

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June 28, 2021

The Honorable Jackie Speier United States House of Representatives 2465 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 284-21

Dear Congresswoman Speier:

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Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

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22	United States who were food insecure in 2020; and
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24	the pandemic, one in four San Franciscans were at risk for food insecurity and one in ten
25	Californians; and

1	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Food Security Task Force also has reported that, prior
2	to the pandemic, Black and Latinx Californians experienced much higher rates of food
3	insecurity, with 29% of those households food insecure; and
4	WHEREAS, Families with children experienced higher rates of food insecurity across
5	all race and ethnic demographics, at a third or more of Black and Latinx households; and
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7	long-term physical and mental health, impaired development of language and motor skills,
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9	WHEREAS, The Centers for Disease Control emphasizes the connection between
10	nutrition and school performance and reports that school meals result in healthier diets and
11	significantly improved nutrition and leads to more stable attendance, lower detention and
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13	WHEREAS, Public schools began providing school lunches on an ad hoc basis in the
14	early 20th century, in response to concerns about children being malnourished, and were
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17	of 1946 to provide federal subsidies to public schools to provide low-cost or free school
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20	Breakfast for School Children Program in Oakland, which quickly spread to more than 35
21	cities across the country; and over the next 11 years, served tens of thousands of children,
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6	Provision, eligibility depends on a concentration of poverty within individual schools, and only
7	25 out of 136 SFUSD schools were able to participate pre-pandemic; and
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12	& Go Distribution and Door to Door Delivery and distributed over 7,000,000 breakfast, lunch,
13	snacks and suppers; and
14	WHEREAS, In order to do this, SFUSD received waivers from the federal government
15	which increased funding; and
16	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to counter hunger, especially in communities of
17	color, by developing and supporting strategies that promote food sovereignty, including
18	eliminating the shame and stigma that are barriers to people accessing the food they need;
19	and
20	WHEREAS, San Francisco seeks to use a food sovereignty-focused approach to
21	counter food insecurity that looks at the entire food system from production through
22	distribution; the role of land, food production, and distribution in local, state, and national
23	economies; environmental stewardship; and community leadership to ensure culturally
24	appropriate food; and

1	WHEREAS, The American Rescue Plan includes nutrition assistance for some children
2	during the out-of-school summer months this year; and
3	WHEREAS, The US Department of Agriculture waivers during the pandemic have
4	made free meals available to all SFUSD students, but only through June 2022; and
5	WHEREAS, The Universal School Meals Program Act would permanently provide food
6	for all children throughout the school year regardless of income and removes stifling barriers
7	such as stigma, applications, and paperwork, now; therefore, be it
8	RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco
9	supports the enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021; and
10	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
11	Francisco urges its local federal elected officials, including Speaker of the House Nancy
12	Pelosi and Senator Dianne Feinstein, to add their names as co-sponsors of this urgently
13	needed law; and
14	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
15	Francisco directs the Clerk of the Board to send a copy of this Resolution to the federal
16	representatives representing San Francisco.
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City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Resolution

210616 Date Passed: June 08, 2021 File Number: Resolution supporting enactment of the Universal School Meals Program Act of 2021 and urging San Francisco federal legislators to co-sponsor the bill. June 08, 2021 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED Ayes: 11 - Chan, Haney, Mandelman, Mar, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton File No. 210616 I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on 6/8/2021 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco. Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board Unsigned 06/17/2021

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set forth in Section 3.103 of the Charter, or time waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective without her approval in accordance with the provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board Rule 2.14.2.

London N. Breed

Mayor

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

06/17/2021

Date

Date Approved