1	[Supporting California State Senate Joint Resolution No. 8 (Caballero) - Disabled Adult Child Benefit]
2	
3	Resolution supporting California State Senate Joint Resolution No. 8, introduced by
4	Senator Caballero to urge the President and the Congress of the United States to
5	amend specified provisions of the federal Social Security Act to allow recipients of
6	disabled adult child benefits under the act to continue to receive those benefits upon
7	marriage.
8	
9	WHEREAS, An individual with a physical or mental condition that arose before 22
10	years of age, and that very seriously limits the person's ability to engage in substantial
11	employment activity, may qualify for the childhood disability benefit through the social security
12	earnings record of a retired, disabled, or deceased parent; and
13	WHEREAS, This benefit provides funds and insurance coverage that provide critical
14	support for many disabled children; and
15	WHEREAS, Children with disabilities receiving the childhood disability benefit may
16	continue to be covered into adulthood as adult disabled children if they still qualify as disabled
17	under the social security disability standards after reaching adulthood; and
18	WHEREAS, The childhood disability benefit for adult disabled children is also known as
19	the disabled adult child (DAC) benefit, and an adult whose disability arose before 22 years of
20	age may receive the DAC childhood disability benefit through their retired, disabled, or
21	deceased parents' social security earnings record; and
22	WHEREAS, The DAC benefit provides funds to cover basic living expenses and health
23	insurance coverage that is critical for disabled adult children, as it covers necessary, and often
24	costly, medical care needed to live with a disability; and
25	

WHEREAS, For adults who have been disabled from a young age and receive the
DAC benefit, access to health insurance coverage through the federal Medicare and Medicaid
programs continues to be vital, because other types of insurance do not cover the necessary
medical services, personal attendant care, durable medical equipment, therapies, and other
services that are often required for individuals with significant disabilities; and

6 WHEREAS, Under the federal Social Security Act and policy, recipients of the DAC
7 benefit have their benefits terminated upon marriage, unless an exception applies; and

8 WHEREAS, Because recipients of the DAC benefit who marry may only continue to 9 receive their benefits if they marry an individual who is also receiving the DAC benefit, Social 10 Security Disability Insurance (SSDI), or certain other categories of social security benefits, this 11 policy creates a substantial barrier to marriage for younger interabled couples; and

WHEREAS, The federal Social Security Act and policy currently provide that individuals
who receive DAC may lose their access to Medicaid, operated as Medi-Cal in California, if
they are deemed to have certain assets or income; and

WHEREAS, Loss of DAC benefits, including Medicare and access to Medi-Cal, is
simply not an option for most disabled adults, as they depend on their insurance coverage to
survive; and

WHEREAS, Many DAC benefit recipients do not marry their life partners because they
 cannot survive without their benefits, and are therefore unable to enjoy the fundamental right
 to marry and are unable to exercise their religious beliefs with regard to marriage; and

21 WHEREAS, Individuals who are disabled later in life after participating in the workforce, 22 potentially for as few as one and one-half years of work, may be eligible to receive SSDI; and 23 WHEREAS, SSDI recipients who receive benefits on their own work record do not face 24 termination of coverage upon marriage, yet DAC benefit recipients do face termination of 25 coverage upon marriage; and

1 WHEREAS, Many DAC benefit recipients participate or have participated in the 2 workforce and pay or have paid social security and Medicare payroll taxes; however, due to 3 flaws within current policy, these individuals are not allowed to receive SSDI benefits on their 4 own record once they choose to receive the DAC benefits; thus, recipients of the DAC benefit 5 may face substantially inadequate support compared to someone disabled later in life that 6 receives SSDI based on their own work record; and 7 WHEREAS, The discrepancy in the treatment of marriage on benefits between adults 8 who are disabled as children versus those who become disabled as adults and who have had 9 the opportunity to participate in the workforce for at least one and one-half years prior to

10 developing a disability, is plainly unequal treatment; and

WHEREAS, Articles 3, 5, and 7 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of
Persons with Disabilities recognizes that all persons are equal under the law and that
individuals with disabilities should be guaranteed equal protections of the laws without
discrimination; and

WHEREAS, Article 23 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with
Disabilities speaks clearly to the fact that the freedom of people with disabilities to marry and
form families is an issue of fundamental human rights; and

WHEREAS, Senator Anna Caballero (SD-12), introduced Senate Joint Resolution No.
8 on July 8, 2021, to urge the President and the Congress of the United States to amend
specified provisions of the federal Social Security Act to allow recipients of disabled adult child
benefits under the act to continue to receive those benefits upon marriage; and
WHEREAS, Adults who were disabled as children should have the right to marry
whomever they wish without having their DAC benefits terminated; now, therefore, be it
RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors hereby supports California

25 State Joint Resolution No. 8 and urges the California State Legislature to pass this Resolution

to ensure that adults who were disabled as children should have the right to marry whomever
they wish without having their DAC benefits terminated; and, be it

FUTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the President and Congress of the United States to amend Section 402(d)(1) of Title 42 of the United State Codes and any other necessary statutes to allow recipients of DAC benefits to continue to receive those benefits upon marriage; and, be it FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Bord of Supervisors herby directs the Clerk of the Board to transmit copies of this Resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to the Majority Leader of the Senate, the California State Legislature, and to the sponsor, Senator Anna Caballero.