



### **Karoleen Feng**

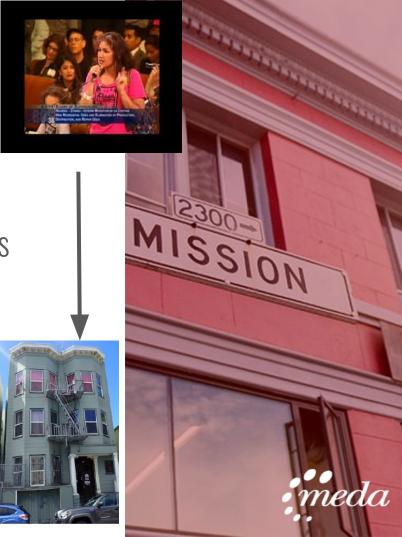
Director, Community Real Estate

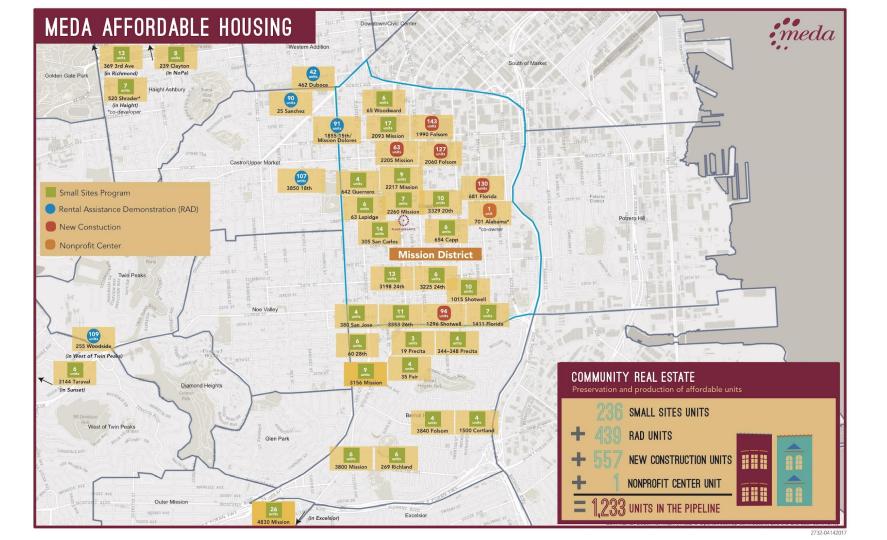
- What could co-op developer capacity look like? MEDA CRE story
- What MEDA has seen in need for co-ops
- What needs to happen for a successful program?



# What does capacity built look like?

- 2014 Community Real Estate program
   established to reverse hyper displacement
  - in Mission with Small Sites Preservation as
  - a core tool.
- 2020- in 6 years MEDA SSP team
   purchasing 6-8 properties/year = 33
   buildings across SF, esp Mission District





## **Need for Co-ops: What MEDA has seen**

#### What buildings would have been ideal for co-ops:

Buildings with 40%-50% long time tenants

-Tenants tend to have lived in the building for 10+ years with limited personal savings/assets from rent control over time. They can contribute to the purchase.

#### **Building size**

- Tend to be approached by tenants in 4-8 unit buildings because the tenants can organize more easily and more at risk of eviction/buyout

Buildings with a diverse mix of tenants in income, age and race

- Eg Clayton - with African American teachers and seniors.

Eg Folsom with artists, bakery back of house and tech contractors.



### What needs to happen for a successful program

MEDA's learnings from San Francisco's only active preservation program i.e. **Small Sites Program:** Acquisition and rehabilitation of existing apartment buildings, totalling between 4-25 homes.

- Invest in developer/stewardship capacity as a long-term partnership: Model of non profit developer fees to fund project and asset management team only works if MOHCD approves a consistent project pipeline.
- **Underwrite building NOT as a tax credit building:** Smaller buildings are where many families live and the financial model for the building and developer/owner has different risk/reward.
- Streamline marketing and leasing process: Vacancies sit for 6 months or more because of current guidelines
- **Build shared evidence pool:** Share historical data on operations revenue/expenses for robust modelling
- **Iterative learning:** SSP worked in earlier years because of willingness to innovate and learn from cohort.



### **KEY INGREDIENTS**

Partnering with committed
Developers/Stewards who will grow the model

Tapping into resident assets for alternative financing source

Model for local financial investment in program capacity and buildings in this high-cost market



## **LONG-TERM IMPACT**

1

Alternative anti-displacement strategy

3

